ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,
BY
E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE RATE OF
A WEEK,
OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE,
AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

GREAT SOULS ARE ALWAYS LOYALLY SUBMISSIVE, REVERENT TO WHAT IS OVER THEM; COLT SMALL MEAN SOULS ARE OTHERWISE.—Carlyle.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 152; days to come, 213.

—Beginning to-day the local factories close Saturdays at noon.

—A large tree on Park avenue near Seventh street blew down to-day and severed the electric light wires in its path.

—The people seem to appreciate the use of gasoline stoves, and Pierson, the hardware man, is selling about three a day.

—The Rev. D. W. Skellenger, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Dunellen, will lead the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday evening. In addition to the boys' choir it is expected that there will be an unusually large number of male voices to make the meeting of interest to all.

—The Union county Board of Freeholders at their meeting last week Thursday appointed Mr. F. A. Dunham, of Plainfield, engineer of the county roads under the new law. This is a very responsible position, and on his wisdom will greatly depend the success of constructing the stone roads.—Rahway Democrat.

—Next Saturday, June 8th, the Crescents, of Plainfield, will play the first of their series of four games on the West End grounds. The Crescents have engaged Stanley, a deaf mute, to pitch for them, and there is but little doubt that they will come up prepared to wipe out their five defeats of last year.—Somerset Democrat.

—There were 135 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 140 in the preceding week and 123, 110, 159 and 161 in the corresponding weeks of 1888, 1887, 1886 and 1885 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States from January 1st to date is 5,044, against 4,511 in 1888.

—An item has been going the rounds of the papers to the effect that every New Jersey would pension all her soldiers who were confined in Southern prisons during the war of rebellion. This is incorrect, as no State pensions soldiers; that is a matter exclusively done by the United States. A resolution was passed by our Legislature, however, asking our representatives in Congress to vote for such a measure in Congress.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Sinclair Stuart, of Park avenue, Plainfield, has been granted a patent on a separator.

Miss Carrie Rose impersonated Texas on the stage at Music Hall Memorial Day, Mr. Wm. Addis represented the crowned victor, and Mr. Wm. C. Smith took the part of the defender of the Union.

Mr. Orson C. Green, formerly of Plainfield, but now of Alfred Centre, N. Y., is erecting a handsome brick block in Alfred Centre. Mr. Green is the postmaster of the town, which is noted for its University.

The graduating class of the Columbia College Law School, of which Mr. Herbert W. Bell, of this city, is a member, held its hold their commencement at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York city, June 12th, at eight o'clock.

Several enterprising Plainfield ladies will take cottages at Asbury Park this Summer. Among those who will entertain their friends at this old but delightful resort are Mr. Miss Smith, Mrs. R. W. Runyon, Mrs. J. R. Trusdl and Miss Rocap.

Fifty-Nine Runs in One Game.

Among the base-ball games played Decoration Day was one which resulted as follows:

GREEN BROOKS.	Runs.	Outs.
John Vreeli	7	1
Daniel Force	6	2
S. Sterling	6	2
E. Leonard	5	3
W. Thiers	4	4
T. Vandyke	4	4
M. Mills	3	2
W. Rose	4	3
W. Wykoff	11	21
Total	41	21

YOUNG CRESCENTS.	Runs.	Outs.
C. Suttphen	3	1
R. Sofield	3	2
L. Chase	3	3
H. Conover	9	3
J. Suttphen	6	3
Ulrich	3	3
W. Sutphen	3	3
C. Smith	1	3
Scribner	1	3
Total	15	21

No attempt was made to keep a more complete score. Tallying the runs and outs kept two men busy.

IMPROVING THE COUNTY ROADS.

Sixteen Feet Is the Width of the Pavement.

The $5,000 bond of Mr. F. A. Dunham, the Union County Road Engineer, with Messrs. E. R. Pope, J. A. Hubbard and Chas. E. Hall as sureties, was presented at the meeting of the Board of Freeholders Wednesday, and Mr. Dunham was instructed to proceed with the work of paving, under the direction of the following committee:

For the road from Elizabeth to Rahway—Freeholders Wood, Howard, Wright, Thompson and Kleinhans.

For the road from Elizabeth to Plainfield—Freeholders Kyte, Vanderbeek, Pierson, Hoagland, Van Sant and Donahue.

For the road from Elizabeth to New Providence—Freeholders Roll, Wheley, Doty, Brisant and Jones.

The width of the pavement was made by resolution sixteen feet.

The Better Way.

"Come take a glass! come take a glass!"
Convivialist exclaims,
As now his cheek and now his eye
With fiery fervor flames.
Let not your lips repeat the call,
But rather let them say
"Come take a bowl! Come take a bowl!
At the Olympia."

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done By Religious Societies To-Morrow.

[Sunday after Ascension.]

WHEN A MAN LIVES WITH GOD HIS VOICE SHALL BE AS SWEET AS THE MURMUR OF THE BROOK AND THE RUSTLE OF THE CORN.—Emerson.

Meetings will be held at Reform Hall at 9:15 and at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Charles F. Swain, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will speak on temperance in the Friends' Meeting-house on Fence street, at the usual hour o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

At the Methodist Episcopal church, services will be held at 10:30 and 7:30, with preaching by the Rev. F. G. Hamlin, D. D. Sunday-school, will meet at 9:30, and the Epworth League at 7:45.

Regular services will be held in the Park Avenue Baptist church in the morning, with preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Asa Reed Mills, at 10:30 o'clock. Subject, "Seeking the Things Above."

The fourth Unitarian service will be held in Mr. Shepard's music store, Front street, at 3 p. m. The Rev. James H. Bixby, Ph. D., will preach. Subject, "Liberal Christianity the Need of the Times."

The First Church of Christ will hold service in Reform Hall at 10:30 a. m., with preaching by the Rev. J. R. Chamberlain, at 12 m. There will be a memorial feast. At 2.30 p. m. Sunday-school will meet. All will be welcome.

"How Can Fault Justification by Faith Agree with Jesse's Justification by Works?" This will be the subject at the meeting-room, No. 4 Front street, over the Dime Savings Institution, in the evening at 7:30. All are invited to attend.

In the Trinity Reformed church the Communion Service of Memorial Day will be repeated at 10:30 a. m. In the evening at 7:45 the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schaeck, will preach on the subject, "Spiritual Life and Circumference; or, the Hidden and Outward in Our Lives."

PLAINFIELD'S PUBLIC LIBRARY.

A Special Meeting of the Directors.—The Librarian's Report.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Public Library held May 29th, there were present Messrs. Mills, Thompson, Babcock, Baldwin, Yates and Stillman.

The minutes of the meeting of May 1st were read and approved.

The treasurer made his annual report, on the condition of the Library June 1st, 1888, which on motion was ordered to be printed in report to the Common Council.

On motion the bill of Moffat & Robie of $378.07 for books was ordered paid out of the general fund and was included in the account passing June 30th.

The following bills were ordered paid out of the general fund and were charged to the account of the year:

Insurance for three years on building and books, $90; Miss Adams, salary for May, $50; Mr. Odell, janitor, $30; Mr. Wm. H. Williams, periodicals, $1; W. H. Williams, periodicals for two months, $12.50.

The annual report of the librarian was read, approved and ordered on file.

It was moved that the Library Committee be instructed to have the by-laws of the Board of Directors, as published in large type of chapter 6 of the laws of 1888, relating to the institution of free libraries, and to the establishment thereof, and to the powers and duties of boards, and to the penalties for offering a reward of ten dollars for information leading to the detection of persons so offending, be posted in the Library.

On motion it was ordered that $5,000 additional insurance be taken out on the books in the library. Adjourned.

WM. M. STILLMAN, Secretary.

The Librarian's report for the year ending May 29th read as follows:

Volumes on accession book May 31st, 1888	7,027
Volumes added by purchase	383
" " gift	273
" now in Library	7,908
Number of papers received, 18, estimated value per annum, 20.	
Cash received from fines	$169.21
" " subscriptions of non-residents	21.00
	$190.21

Circulation—	
Fiction	11,220
Juvenile	5,140
Biography	697
Travel	670
Philosophy	69
Religion	230
Sociology	262
Philology	23
Science	400
Useful Arts	163
Fine Arts	251
Literature	1,197
History	783
	19,949

Visitors to the building, 27,864.

EMMA L. ADAMS, Librarian.

A JAPANESE WEDDING.

A Highly Successful Entertainment at Dunellen.

[Correspondence of The News.]

DUNELLEN, N. J., May 31st.—The Japanese wedding which was given in the Presbyterian church Thursday evening was a great success. Not at any other entertainment in the history of Dunellen has there been such a crush. The house was packed with people to overflowing. The performances were faultless. Miss May Harrold, the "star of the evening," deserves great credit for her part in it, ably did she play the role assigned her. Mrs. Carpenter's chorus of young masters and misses was excellent. Mrs. Carpenter was also the accompanist, and both she and the young people showed considerable talent in brought out. RENUS.

BREATHES THROUGH A SILVER TUBE

The Operation of Tracheotomy Performed on a Horse.

A valuable horse on A. D. Thompson's Riverside Stock Farm was rescued from suffocation yesterday morning by the operation of tracheotomy, performed by Dr. E. P. Voorhees, of this place. This makes the fifth time the operation has been performed at Mr. Thompson's establishment, and each time it has been followed by successful results. Among the number operated on was a valuable trotting horse, in whose case the operation was delayed on account of his value, and on account of Mr. Thompson not being acquainted with the results it would follow. The horse died, and great was the grief that it was necessary to do something to prevent immediate suffocation. Consequently a tracheotomy was opened and a silver tube was inserted. Recovery was rapid and complete.

POLICE NEEDED IN THE BOROUGH.

The Row Thursday and the Results to Ladies.

There are but two licensed taverns in North Plainfield and the proprietors are as careful as men can possibly be to prevent disturbance and at the same time sell liquor, the sale of it is ninety-nine out of every one hundred cases. Notwithstanding the care exercised, however, it is a significant fact that the only disturbances of the peace and good name of the borough since no license has ruled Plainfield have been in connection with these places. One day two young men, one of whom, sober was trying to lead homeward the other, who was intoxicated, entered Blatz's Hotel, where a large crowd of men of all ages had congregated in the bar-room. Both young men, because of their intoxicated condition, were ejected. They wandered along Greenbrook road, and the drunken one, overcome with liquor, sat down on the sidewalk against a fence in front of a beer bottler's. The bottler ran out with a spade and struck the prostrate man several blows with the flat side of the blade, to drive him away. He finally got up and, recoiling him angrily as he was being coaxed away by his sober friend. This was kept up so vehemently that finally the intoxicated young man in resentment desired to return to fight. The sober friend had a tussle with him to prevent the fight, and this took place in the bar-room crowd, who were not content with jeering to urge on the row, but would not allow unprotected ladies to pass even on the opposite side of the street without going out of just to their insulting remarks. Not a Marshal was visible, although they usually are around. Every one of the record ought to have been arrested and fined or imprisoned.

If Common Councilman Thompson had secured or more good citizens of North Plainfield Marshals without pay, men who can command respect, the borough would greatly aid in teaching such gangs in the future that they cannot insult ladies passing on the streets or disturb the peace of the community. Every one of the gang Thursday ought to have been arrested.

Mr. Blatz informs the beer-bottlers for the trouble. He says that foolish fellows buy beer by the bottle to be drunk off the premises. They drink it there, get themselves intoxicated or quarrelsome and then visit one of the two houses in the borough and injure them by what they expect that it was. There they got intoxicated.

Marshal Pangborn, who is, by the way, an excellent officer, says the same, and the anger of the beer-bottler on Greenbrook road above referred to is thus accounted for. He feared that his law-abiding license might be revoked if the drunken man were found on his premises, consequently that he had been sent there from the hotel.

But whatever may be the difference between the two hotels, the town and its officers are the public peace must be maintained, and ladies passing along the street must be protected from insult. Let the Marshals be as active as congregated at Blatz's Hotel Decoration Day, even if it is necessary to appoint every loafer around the borough a special constable.

Had this been already done everyone of the gang might have been easily arrested before they got out of the borough. Chief Marshal Pangborn is perfectly willing to co-operate to maintain the public peace and make it so expensive for those who violate it that one lesson will last a lifetime.

A TALE OF TWO TARRIERS.

An Exciting Chase by a Belated Man and His Dog.

As the 9:43 train was pulling out of the Northwestern station Thursday night two belated passengers were seen making strenuous approaching through the surrounding gloom. They were evidently in the employ of a common and his dog. On they came, and away went the train towards Plainfield. Finally the foremost passenger, a tall, lank specimen of the last car, the man grasped the rail, the dog being a close second. "Jump, Quad!" shouted the man, and the dog gracefully hurled himself and made a beautiful leap that landed him squarely and safely on the platform, where it was congratulated by the passengers to follow, the intelligent animal greeting him with a sort of a tit-was-a-close-call-but-we-got-there-just-the-same wag of the tail.

It is said that this dog, which is a great traveler, has saved his master many a dollar in carfare changes. His method is stealthy to board the train on the side opposite the conductor or any train-man who would be apt to detect his presence, and under the seats and there remain quietly until his destination is reached. The prominence of the cow-boys suggested in this, and it surely cannot be said that he has ever been known to give this little "snap" away to the Company.

A Somervillian Squeak.

The Somerset Democrat waits on the Summer breeze this gentle sqhyr for the West End Base Ball Club of Somerville:

The Plainfield nine have done up in fine style Saturday by the Newark Youth Ward Athletic Club, the score being 11 to 2. They are proving a formidable club indeed and will not feel so bad when the West Ends wipe the diamond up with them.

The Democrat must send his News better. The Crescents have played seven games this season, and of these have won five. The only "scene" was for victorious over the Plainfielders have been the Rutgers and the Newark Youth Wards. The Crescents have not yet reached that stage of the proceedings when they expect to be used as a dune-ag for the opposing nine. This is a good dog; but boldface is a better one. The West Ends may be making an error in counting their chickens unhatched.

Dragged Him Through the Mud

A coachman for Mr. Samuel Allen was driving along Central avenue, near the railroad bridge, on the afternoon of May 24th, when the shafts strike the horse's heels and causing a runaway. The coachman was thrown out, dragged through the mud and severely injured, the carriage was broken and the horse was injured.

—Somerset county has 230 civil war pensioners, receiving quarterly payments of $10,650. Union county has 351, receiving $10,989 every three months.

FRANCIS EDER
DRAMATIC
COMPANY
SOCIAL CLASS
Entertainment at Board Brook Hall on the evening of
Friday, June 7th.
Highly delightful programme.
Tickets, 15, 25 and 35 cents. Young people should all attend. 1-3t

A VISIT TO WAR-TIME SCENES.

A Plainfielder's Journey to Old Battle-Fields.

[Correspondence of The News.]

Memorial Day is an occasion of sad remembrances to those who realize its import. The thoughts of many are carried back to the days of conflict, the scenes recalling the days of enlistment, the journey to the front, camp scenes, the marches, the battles, the charges, the shouts, the rattle of musketry and the loud of artillery. Sometimes by rumors of days of pain in hospitals, and sometimes by the sad news of death of all are the visions of the once joyous, but now sorrowful remembrances, in days, the recalled scenes of the past. Then the reverse arms and the final volley. Ah! many a poor soldier was buried by comrades, was deprived of even this tribute.

It will interest some of our veterans who took part in the desperate fights of Fredericksburg and the Wilderness to learn of the present appearance of these localities to-day. The writer recently visited the battle-fields of Fredericksburg and Salem Church, and also Marye's Heights, where a portion of Howard's division crossed the canal-bridge and made a charge on the rifle-pits of the rebel sharpshooters, and from whence, under the guidance of an ex-Confederate participant in the fights, the ground was traversed by the writer hereof. In private yards are remains of trenches and pits. The buildings are battle-scarred, and on one nearly the entire front is full of shot-holes. It is said that not one building in Fredericksburg escaped. We traversed our inability, from lack of time, to visit Chancellorsville and Falmouth, where the Federal forces gave no long encampment, but repeatedly threw their lines forward to the enemy.

Marye's Hill (pronounced Maree's by the Virginians), the scene of one of the most desperate charges of the war, is covered with the stately Marye mansion. Adjoining it to the south is Willis Hill, which has been covered by artillery, and is now owned by the National Cemetery. The Stars and Stripes float over the graves of fifteen thousand soldiers, gathered from the battle-fields of the Wilderness, Chancellorsville, Culpepper and Fredericksburg. It has been buried. Many of the headstones mark the graves of sons of New Jersey, and many are marked "Unknown." Some fond loved one sent home in a nameless grave. The dear one who marched away, never to return,—who was seen to fall in the battle-smoke, and who was never heard of more—sleeps in this silent bivouac of the dead.

To appreciate the desperate nature of this conflict, one must stand upon this hilltop, and view the ground between it and Fredericksburg. Federal forces in close plain below. We picture a beautiful display of a solid mass of blue, with gleaming steel, as advanced by the glorious Stars and Stripes, the red of the Zouaves and the green and golden fan of Ireland (Meagher's Irish brigade). They advanced in columns of brigade, a dense living mass, only to be swept away by the relentless torrents of fire from the heights. Six charges, as we were told by our guide, were made into this semi-circle of artillery, faced by the sunken road and stone wall, in and behind which are two thousand and five hundred Confederate infantry. Over five thousand brave men, in blue, fell in these charges. The sunken road still starts the heart of the hill. Federal dead is gone, and it has been used to build the gate-house of the National cemetery. It seems remarkable that on this hill, where the fiercest fighting took place, and where every inch of ground was fiercely fought, the Federal dead are now buried, and that the stone wall, a great factor in defeating the Federal forces, is still intact. The fences, and reporters are not what they once were. At Fredericksburg the "plank road and Orange turnpike" are the only roads. The former, in this junction, a line of improvement runs several miles parallel to and finally crosses the Rappahannock. The latter is the main road to the way, looks as it but thrown up yesterday. Fredericksburg is covered partly by modern houses, and is made from the wrecks of the neighboring town, the stumps of which dot the ground. Many of the old brick walls appeared their forms that one is not apprised of this time that has elapsed until he finds that the battle-scars are still visible. In the wilderness, which is a dense growth of scrub oak and underbrush, the writer was conducted to the spot where Gen. Wadsworth fell mortally wounded. Here, too, are the remains of breastworks, and the ground is covered with the trees of the second growth. Many of the trees are still standing, and the writer hereof plucked a bullet from one of them. Many of the trees are still standing, and the writer hereof plucked a bullet from one of them. Many of the trees are still standing, and the writer hereof plucked a bullet from one of them.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 70c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes running from 10c up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North avenues.

N. B.—Exclusive Rooms for Plainfield. 5-11-tf

PRIZES

AT THE OLYMPIA.

The residents of Plainfield and North Plainfield making the highest score in any game where two or more are bowling during the months of JUNE, JULY and AUGUST at the Olympia Alleys will receive the following prizes:

1st—14-carat solid gold, hand-engraved watch, chronometer balance, American movement.

2d—Solid silver burning-case watch, chronometer balance, American movement.

3d—Silk Umbrella, solid gold handle.

4th—Solid gold initial ring.

5th—Opera glasses, accessorette boxes.

6th—Pair of bowling shoes.

OPPOSED TO CITY WATER-WORKS.

Reasons Why the Public Supply Should Be by Corporation.

To the EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—It seems to be generally conceded that it is for the best interests of the city of Plainfield to grant a franchise for water-works rather than to attempt to build the works itself.

Upon this point I do not think this is not only one of the very best conditions a city can keep in but it is one of the most attractive things that a person coming to our neighborhood can see.

The experience of other cities shows that the building of water-works by the city is more expensive than buying all the water it wants from private corporations. The latest reports of all of the water-works in this State covered by the cities show that the average cost for fire-plugs to the cities is about $130, which as I understand, four times as much as Plainfield would be obliged to pay for them by the contract now under consideration by the cities here. The cost is that of several years after the works have been completed, when it is of course much less than it is during the first years of the works, on account of private consumers having been continually increasing and there replacing the public fire-plugs which has to pay.

Then, too, the original works are constantly demanding a new outlay for pumps, engines, etc.; and another point to be considered is the public worth of this kind of pump the direct for all kinds of "plugs." From "rights" I believe that Plainfield is exceptionally free, and nothing would be gained by the city of Plainfield and Falmouth, where the Federal forces gave no long encampment, but repeatedly threw their lines forward to the enemy.

Marye's Hill (pronounced Maree's by the Virginians), the scene of one of the most desperate charges of the war, is covered with the stately Marye mansion. Adjoining it to the south is Willis Hill, which has been covered by artillery, and is now owned by the National Cemetery. The Stars and Stripes float over the graves of fifteen thousand soldiers, gathered from the battle-fields of the Wilderness, Chancellorsville, Culpepper and Fredericksburg. It has been buried. Many of the headstones mark the graves of sons of New Jersey, and many are marked "Unknown." Some fond loved one sent home in a nameless grave. The dear one who marched away, never to return,—who was seen to fall in the battle-smoke, and who was never heard of more—sleeps in this silent bivouac of the dead.

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Died.

HOWARTH—In Plainfield, N. J., Thursday, May 30th, Sarah W., wife of John Howarth.

Funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at two o'clock from the residence of Leonard Demarest, No. 3 Plainfield avenue. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment at Hillside cemetery.

JENKINS—May 31st, 1889, Joseph B. Jenkins, age 76 years.

Funeral Monday, June 3d, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the residence of J. N. Jenkins, corner Sixth and Washington streets.

SOMETHING NEW IN PLAINFIELD;

to take place in Stillman Music Hall,

Monday, June 3d,

when a GRAND

Athletic Exhibition

is to be given under the auspices of the PLAINFIELD ATHLETIC CLUB. Lovers of sport will have a chance to see something good in their own city. Everything will be first-class. Among the participants are Mike Cushing, Hugh Boyle, Dominick Fitzpatrick, Joe Farrell, John J. Lavin, and a host of others from out of town. Besides these representatives of games and sports.

HOTEL NETHERWOOD

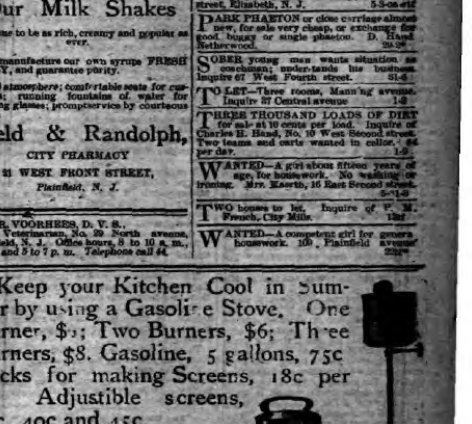
NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

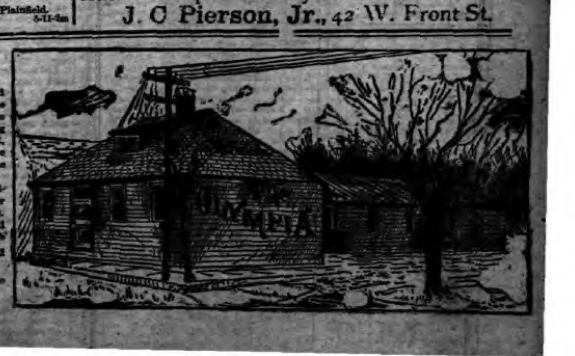
Frank E. Miller.

Keep your Kitchen Cool in Summer by using a Gasoline Stove. One Burner, $5; Two Burners, $6; Three Burners, $8. Gasoline, 5 gallons, 75c Sticks for making Screens, 18c per set Adjustible screens, 35c, 40c and 45c.



Screen Doors, $1.25, each; do. put up complete, $2. 4-quart Gem Ice cream Freezers $2.25 each. Cedar Tubs, 65c, 75c and 90c. Refrigerators cheap and everyone warranted.

J. C Pierson, Jr., 42 W. Front St.



Our Nearest Fishing-Ground.

Hook and Line, "a weekly journal of local fishing news", is a new publication issued from 10 Warren street, New York city. In its line it is "local fishing grounds" the locality nearest to Plainfield is Round Brook, which receives the following mention:

"Raritan River near station; black and striped bass, pickerel and perch; black bass most numerous; five inches and over; small crabs are used as bait; August and September best; hotel, $1.50 per day or $7 per week; guide, $1 per day; boats, 50c per day. Before the dam is the best water for fishing. The shad is son etimes taken here on the artificial fly."

Coal-a-Word-Column.

A BARGAIN in choice real estate. Three new six-room houses. Third street, near Grant avenue, well rented, for sale. This is an opportunity seldom offered to anyone looking for a good paying investment. Apply to F. B. Martin, No. 40 East Fifth street, or rent estate agents. 5-31-eod

A YOUNG English girl, with good references, wishes a situation as nurse or nurse-maid girl. Call at No. 131 Somerset street. 5-31-3t

A PARTMENTS to let.—Inquire 32 Madison avenue. 5-24-tf

DOG LOST—From 16 Franklin place, a small pug puppy; light color and brown face. Reward given for her return. Wm. G. Anderson.

DESIRABLE house, eleven rooms, all improvements, 313 Somerset street. Inquire of F. M. French, City Mills. 4-15tf

FOR headaches Dr. Dam's Remedy.

FOR SALE—Two bay horses suitable for carriage or working team. Is. Hershiser, No. 31 Somerset street. 5-10tf

FOR SALE, cheap, a good work horse. Owner has no use for him. Apply at No. 131 Somerset street. 29-3t

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 805, Plainfield. 29tf

GIVES 'EM AWAY—Denton, the Hillside avenue florist, gives away every five dollars' worth of plants sold one dozen geraniums two fuchsias or one ever-blooming rose. Highest stage to Greenbrook, 25 cents. 1-3

LOST—On Saturday last, a plain gold ring. Return to No. 7 West Second street and receive reward. 31-3

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage. Apply to R. V. Lindsbury, 681 Front street, Elizabeth, N. J. 5-3-eod

PARK PHAETON or close carriage almost new, for sale very cheap, or exchange for good buggy or single phaeton. D. Hand Nefsey. 5-29-3t

SOBER young man wants situation as coachman; understands his business. Inquire 67 West Fourth street. 31-3

TO LET—Three rooms, cleaning sweeping. Inquire 87 Central avenue. 1-3

THREE THOUSAND LOADS OF DIRT for sale at 10 cents per load. Inquire of Charles D. Bland, No. 10 West Second street. Two teams and carts wanted in cutler, $4 per day. 1-3t

WANTED—A girl about fifteen years of age, for housework. No washing or ironing. Mrs. Kneeto, 16 East Second street. 5-7-tf

TWO horses to let. Inquire of F. M. French, City Mills. 13tf

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. 105, Plainfield avenue. 22tf

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 5 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

J. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

"The Rose of Flame."

Miss Anna Reeve Aldrich has been painting the universe red, figuratively speaking. She has published a volume of verse that takes the prize chrome in a display of poems of passion. The lady calls her book "The Rose of Flame, and Other Poems." There certainly is a great amount of flame about them, more flame than rose.

Young as she is, this new poetess of passion is a connoisseur of kissing; she describes kissing in all phases and at all temperatures. Now the osculatory performance is cold and dead and very tame, and again there is in it the breath of twenty-seven blast furnaces of a July afternoon. Here are some of the flaming reports:

And in her mouth he felt a kiss of flame,
You seared both eyes with kisses,
That your hands are blinded, go.

I would kiss and kill you, could I find you.

He seems to have made good his escape, however, and it was high time for him to go.

My kisses drowned me.
And was it we who fiercely kissed?

asks Anna. We give it up. If a young lady has kissed so many men in her time that she can't remember them, or separate them one from another in her mind, we submit whether it is quite the thing to ask the public who they are. We don't know, and wouldn't tell if we did know. We have our opinions of people who kiss and tell, anyhow. And we recommend her, if she wants to be kissed again, to say nothing about it. It isn't nice in a young lady to blab like that.

Her verses are not very original, to tell the truth. *They are in the same vein* as a certain rare and famous poem. Algernon Swinburne is said to have stolen from the same poem, written generations before Anna was born. We would not wish to accuse her of plagiarism, but really, now, what shall we say to the starting likeness of sentiment between her verses and the following?—

A baboon married a monkey's sister;
Smacked his lips and then he kissed her,
Kissed so hard he raised a blister.

Great Columbia.

The London Spectator pays its compliments to the United States in a style to gall our vanity uncommonly. We are fast becoming the greatest nation in the world. No other country would think of attacking us, any more than it would think of attacking a neighboring planet. We are out of the calculation of other nations. In case of attack our coast would bristle with torpedoes, and protectionists would be rather glad to see importations stopped. Our navy is increasing so rapidly as to be the subject of special reports to maritime powers. We have *already warned European countries* off from "any state lying south of us," though it be 4,000 miles off. Finally The Spectator says:

There are children alive who will see, or at all events have seen, the "North American Republic" with a population of 200,000,000 and the means of raising £300,000,000 a year; and the idea of insuring the sanity of such a power is as regards us as the idea of fighting Russia would be, say, by Italy or Spain. America could be met only by a confederation of Europe, which, without some great change of circumstances, would be impossible, or possible only if all Europe felt it too dangerous to put up with the treatment now pouring on it was receiving.

Giordano Bruno.

Feb. 7, 1600, Giordano Bruno, the Italian enthusiast and free thinker, was burnt at the stake on the Campo Dei Fiori, at Rome, for heresies. His ashes were, by official order, scattered towards the four quarters of the globe. His name was in universal execration. But his writings remained behind, and a powerful living influence on such minds as those of Spinoza, Leibnitz, Lessing and Goethe.

This May, 299 years after his death, a magnificent monument is unveiled to Giordano Bruno on the Campo Dei Fiori, at Rome, on the very spot where he was burned. It was designed by one of his own fellow countrymen, Ettore Ferrari, a famous sculptor. It will be one of the beautiful monuments in Rome. Strangers *will come from all nations to gaze* on and admire the enduring marble features. So the world changes.

In Berlin and Hamburg experiments are being made with india rubber pavements. They have given great satisfaction, although necessarily rather expensive. They are a boon to persons afflicted with tender feet. The india rubber pavement is not injured by heat or cold and is not slippery when wet.

In New York city 15,000 children are turned out of the public schools because there is not room for them. In several eastern cities there is inadequate school house accommodation, and some of the schoolhouses are as disgraceful and overcrowded as the tenement houses.

It is claimed that by an invention called the "port-electric system," mails and newspapers can be sent between Boston and New York in less than an hour, or at the rate of five miles a minute. A car will be propelled by electricity over an elevated track.

AN AWFUL FLOOD.

A Pennsylvania City Entirely Submerged.

OVER 200 LIVES LOST.

The Conemaugh River Thick with Dead Bodies.

SURVIVORS CLINGING TO DRIFT.

A Rescued Boy Tells the Story of the Drowning of His Family.

Johnstown Literally Wiped Out—Houses by the Scores Swept Down the River with Their Occupants Clinging to Them. Other Villages Submerged and Many Bridges Carried Away—Through Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad Stopped. Disastrous Floods in the Susquehanna and Juniata Rivers—Disastrous Floods Elsewhere.

PITTSBURG, June 1.—A telegraph operator in the Pennsylvania railroad signal tower at Sang Hollow, twelve miles below Johnstown, says that seventy-five dead bodies have floated past him down the river from Johnstown.

It is stated that the reservoir above Johnstown broke and the water deluged the town, sweeping away houses by scores and drowning probably hundreds of people.

Wires are down, and no communication can be had with Johnstown. No trains are running east of Blairsville, twenty-five miles west of Johnstown, and there will be no trains through to the east for some time.

The city of Johnstown is situated in the southwest corner of Cambria county, Pa., seventy-eight miles east of Pittsburg, at the junction of the Conemaugh river and Stony creek. It contained a population of about 7,000 souls, and had several extensive works.

Over 200 Bodies Counted.

Later—Pennsylvania railroad officials in *Pittsburg state that they have advices that* over 200 dead bodies have been counted floating down stream at Johnstown alone, while all along the line many additional lives have been lost. Job stores are described as wholly submerged, only two houses being entirely above the water line.

A special train left Pittsburg with Pennsylvania railroad officials, newspaper men and telegraph operators on board. A telegraph office will be opened at the nearest available point to Johnstown.

Fleeing to the Mountains.

GREENSBURG, June 1.—Reports from Johnstown are to the effect that hundreds of lives have been lost. Houses have been carried away bodily. People fortunate enough to escape are flee ng to the mountains.

Eighty-five persons were seen floating past a point near New Florence, clinging to driftwood.

All the buildings along the Conemaugh, between New Florence and Johnstown, have been carried away. The railroad bridges have been destroyed.

It is stated that the roofs of only two houses in Johnstown are visible above the water.

Johnstown Nearly Wiped Out.

BRADDOCKS, Pa., June 1.—Telegraph wires are down, and no news can be had from Johnstown. News received here by the Pennsylvania railroad officials corroborates the statement that Johnstown is nearly wiped out. The signal tower operator, Hogle, at a low state that up to 8 o'clock they had counted 119 persons floating past on wreckage, some alive and some dead. They rescued a boy, name unknown, who said he and his father, mother, brother and two sisters were swept away with their home. He was the only one saved. Hogle says that the cries were in it when it was carried over the new stone railroad bridge at Johnstown. The house went to pieces then, and he thinks all were drowned.

The alarm of danger seems to have reached Johnstown about 1 p. m. The railroad officials at once began carrying people out of town, some on regular schedule trains, others on hastily improvised specials.

Superintendent Pitcairn happened to be in the vicinity and took charge of the work. He says he finally came down like a tidal wave sweeping everything before it.

The Biggest Flood Since 1863.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., June 1.—The biggest flood since the memorable one of '63 is now on its way down the west branch of the Susquehanna river. Advices from points south of here this morning indicate great damage has been done by high water, and what may follow no one can predict.

A great volume of water has fallen in this part of the country during the past few days and all the streams are badly full. Telegraphic, telephonic and railway communication are seriously interfered with. Numerous washouts are reported all along the Pennsylvania road north of here.

At Clearfield the water is rising at the rate of eighteen inches per hour. A half dozen bridges have been swept away, and the streets of the town are overflowed. The people are running about in boats. The boom at Caledonia and at Curwensville have broken, and it is feared that the one at Lock Haven will break before morning. Lumbermen here fear that in the latter event the Williamsport boom will not stand the strain, and that 225,000,000 feet of logs, valued at over $5,000,000, will be carried away on the flood.

The river is rising rapidly here, and by morning it will probably be twenty feet above low water mark. The Beech Creek railroad has already suspended trains that will aggregate $50,000. The entire valley is torrential, and the present outlook is anything but encouraging.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Cut in Two.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—At the office of the general manager of the Pennsylvania railroad it was stated that all the wires of that company west of Wilmore, a station on the Pittsburg division twenty-five miles west of Altoona, had been down since 9 a. m., and consequently the information in regard to the break west of that place is very meager. Enough has been learned, however, to indicate that the rush of water has swept everything in their section. At Broad street station the following bulletin for the information of trave s was posted about 5 o'clock:

On account of other interruptions to telegraphic communication in the western part of this state, the following list of stations have been damaged, but to what extent cannot be ascertained until the result reaches the office. The report is still coming, and it is thought the stations will be greatly damaged.

Laid Up in Altoona.

The Chicago limited express, which left New York at 9 o'clock; the fast line, leaving there at the same hour, and the train leaving that city at 6 o'clock, are all laid up in Altoona.

At 10:30 a dispatch was received by General Manager Pugh from Conductor Wilmore, from the conductor of the east bound New York and Chicago limited, which left Pittsburg at 7 o'clock, saying the train was held up and all were well on board. Mr. Pugh inferred from this that the limited was laid up somewhere west of Lilly's. The conductor reported that the bridges at Conemaugh were all swept away, and expressed the opinion that all the bridges between South Fork and Johnstown would be swept away. The Chicago and New York day express and all other east bound trains are supposed to be held up between Crabtree and Pittsburg. When Mr. Pugh was shown a copy of the press dispatch from Blairsville announcing the breaking of the dam near Johnstown, he said that this report confirmed a dispatch received from Wilmore, which said that a rumor had reached the Pennsylvania railroad operator there that the South Fork dam had been washed away and the waterworks carried away the Wood tipple and destroyed the Pennsylvania Fork station, and also a portion of an east bound freight train. The telegraph operator who was in the tower managed to escape, but several of the train hands are reported to have been drowned.

An Immense Body of Water.

The reservoir or dam at South Fork, which is said to have burst with such terrible results, is described by a gentleman acquainted with the locality in which it was situated to be an immense body of water, formerly used as a reservoir for the Pennsylvania canal. It has been owned for several years by a number of Pittsburg men, who used it as a fishing ground. The man who gave this information said that he had previously received a dispatch announcing the dam was broken, but did not believe the report, as he had no doubt that the damage and loss of life was fully as great as indicated in the despatches. The gentleman was called to meet reporters, who reported the safety of his train, also said that a report had reached him of the breaking of the dam.

First Word from the Head Rush.

General Manager Pugh said that he could not understand what was meant when he received dispatches announcing damage to the tracks at Lilly's. "Such a thing has never been heard of before," said he, "and nothing short of a waterspout could have caused such damage. Lilly's is a mining town of about 600 or 700 inhabitants. For the water to rise high enough to obstruct the passage of trains is unprecedented. A dispatch just received by me says that the water is rushing over the tracks at a height of at least five feet above the road bed, and this, I say, could be brought about by nothing short of a waterspout. I have no doubt, if our operator at Sang Hollow said he saw the bodies from Johnstown floating down the river as reported, that it is true, as his tower is located right on the bank of the river."

Two Women Drowned.

TYRONE, Pa., June 1.—The Juniata river has overflowed its banks at this place, and flooded the southern portion of the city, causing great damage. People had to be removed from their homes in vagons. All of the railroads centering at Tyrone are greatly damaged. One man is reported drowned at Cunningsville. A dispatch from Clearfield says three persons were drowned there while endeavoring to escape from the flooded district.

Mines Washed Out.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., June 1.—The heavy rain of the past thirty-six hours has caused great damage. Several mines in this vicinity have been forced to suspend, and many are washed out. No trains have arrived on the Lehigh Valley road since noon, a bridge west of Sayre at Black creek having been washed away. Points on the Reading road and branches show great damage. The trains are all late.

Heavy Rain at Williamsport.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., June 1.—There has been an incessant downpour of rain since Thursday morning. Reports from up the river indicate a heavy flood, especially at Clearfield and Simmesahoning.

A Lightning Bolt.

CARLISLE, Pa., June 1.—A heavy rain and wind storm prevailed here. A lightning bolt badly damaged the First Presbyterian church and seriously injured Mary Kelly, of Springfield, and a colored domestic, name unknown.

Railroad Tracks Submerged.

PITTSBURG, June 1.—An extensive landslide is reported at Lillis Station. The water is said to be ten feet deep over the Pennsylvania road's tracks.

IN VIRGINIA.

The Water Rising a Foot an Hour in the James River.

LYNCHBURG, Va., June 1.—There is a great flood in the James. The river is now reported [illegible] five feet and rising a foot an hour. Many of the factories and machine shops on the river front are flooded, and considerable damage has been done. The river is higher than it has been since 1871.

Fifteen Hours of Rain.

STAUNTON, Va., June 1.—The storm of Tuesday in the north has reached here Thursday, and continued till this morning. For fifteen consecutive hours rain fairly poured down, accompanied by a strong wind. Much wheat has been blown down and damaged.

IN WEST VIRGINIA.

Property Swept Away and a Heavy Loss of Life Feared.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., June 1.—A heavy rain caused a flood in the tributaries of the Kanawha river. The Chesapeake and Ohio railroad bridge over Cabin Creek was carried away, and also the bridge of the Coal river road millions of dollars' worth of timber and railroad ties swept away. It is feared that a portion of the city will be submerged. The river is still rising. The thermometer registers 86 degs.

The heavy rains for the past twenty-four hours have caused a washout on the Ohio river road, into Richmond, between the Richmond and Petersburg road. No trains left Richmond on any road except this one. The people in the lower portion of the city are leaving their houses and chattels to more elevated places. A tremendous freshet in the James river is expected.

Rejected All the Bids.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The secretary of the treasury has rejected all the bids received for the construction of a public building at Troy, N. Y., because the appropriation for this purpose is not large enough to cover the lowest bid.

Held in $20,000 for Trial.

BOSTON, June 1.—William B. Dodge, cashier of the Manufacturers' Insurance company, has been arraigned charged with embezzlement. He pleaded not guilty and was held in $20,000 for trial.

GOOD-BY BUCKET SHOPS.

The Stock Exchange Cuts Off the Ticker Service.

CURSES BOTH LOUD AND DEEP.

It May Be the Death Knell to the Consolidated Exchange Also—What the Effect Will Be—A Big Gambling Field Closed Up.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The governing committee of the Stock Exchange rang school bells this morning, and the fight against the bucket shops and the opposition exchange by ordering the "tickers" out of the building. The action caused much excitement on the "street." For years the exchange has endeavored to control the quotations which the bucket shops and the Consolidated Exchange from using them as a basis on which to trade. Two companies, the Gold and Stock and the Commercial, have supplied the quotations.

The amount of dollars have been spent in litigation, the cases being fought step by step from one court to another.

Trade Opportunity at Last.

Recently the Stock Exchange tried to shut out the Commercial company, which supplies the Consolidated Exchange, but the courts decided that this would be discrimination, and held that if they furnished the company with quotations they were equally bound, under existing contracts, to supply the other. But Judge Andrews, in a decision handed down two weeks since, held that there was no law to compel the exchange to furn ish any telegraph company with quotations. This was regarded by the Consolidated Exchange members had long sought for.

Intense Excitement.

A meeting of the governing committee of the Stock Exchange was called to meet yesterday at 1:30 p. m. Every member present in the city was in attendance. It was decided not to renew the contracts with either of the ticker companies. This was a simple but effectual way of shutting both the ticker companies out of the exchange. At 3 o'clock Vice Chairman Morse read the brief announcement that the governing committee had decided not to renew the ticker companies' contracts, and that provision had been made to supply members with quotations. For five minutes the excitement was intense. It was victory after years of defeat, and the cheering was vociferous. In less than two minutes every ticker, and every wire connecting therewith, was taken down.

What the Effect Will Be.

Today the only telegraphic communication from the exchange was by the regular telegraph companies, and parties outside New York had to depend upon regular messages from their New York brokers for prices. It is a blow to the bucket shops, and will also cripple the consolidated stock.

It is understood that on Monday a new corporation will take charge of the distribution of the quotations by a ticker service, but bound by iron clad contracts to furnish only members of the stock exchange.

Muttered Curses Loud and Deep.

The effect of the action of the regular exchange on the members of the Consolidated was striking. They could find no words strong enough in which to condemn the older organization, and the language they used was vigorous and sulphuric. They gathered in groups on New street and Exchange place, and gazing up at their magnificent new building muttered curses loud and deep. The Consolidated Exchange of late has fallen off greatly and the price of seats in that exchange has declined very much. Today a seat was offered for $300, but not for sale, while the bucket shops, from the Reading road and branches show great damage. The trains are all late.

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IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

The President's Cousin Passed Away Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The president had a pleasant little surprise in store for the members of his cabinet. Shortly before the meeting adjourned he announced that the funeral of his cousin, Mrs. Lucy Webb Hayes, would be celebrated in the time spent after the meeting. Secretary Blaine had some business to attend to and could not wait, but the other members, Postmaster General Wanamaker, Secretaries Noble, Windom and Miller remained for the ceremony. Besides these and the president and Mrs. Harrison, there were present Mrs. and Mrs. McKee, Private Secretary Halford, "Baby" McKee and a few personal friends. Dr. Scott, the good-natured old colored janitor, performed the marriage ceremony. There were four generations present—Dr. Scott, Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. McKee and her children. The ceremony was entirely informal, and was performed according to the particular church ritual. The baby was called after her mother, Mary, with the addition of "Lodge," a family name.

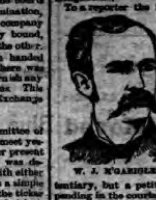
"BOODLER" M'GARIGLE SURRENDERS.

He Said He Was Half of Canada and Wanted to Live in Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Ex-Warden of Cook County Hospital McGarigle, who jumped his bail of $5,000 in fugitive from justice in Canada, walked into Judge Shepard's court and gave himself up.

McGarigle was accompanied by Francis Adams, his attorney, and Station Attorney Longbocker.

To a reporter the fugitive said: "I came back because I am half of Canada and wanted to live in Chicago."



W. J. M'GARIGLE.

McGarigle was allowed to plead guilty to a charge of conspiracy, and was fined $1,000 at once imposed.

When McGarigle had to Canada only two years ago, he was under sentence of two years in the penitentiary, but a petition for a new trial was pending in the courts. After his departure the petition for a new trial in his case and that of Ed McDonald were denied. McDonald's case went before the supreme court and the decision of the lower court was reversed. The action of Judge Shepard was simply the granting of a new and immediate trial to McGarigle and the imposing of a fine on his plea of guilty. The fine and costs in the case were at once paid by E. J. Lehman and McGarigle was free.

Three Assignments at Once.

CHICAGO, June 1.—G. S. Worner & Sons, of Chicago, Detroit and St. Louis, made assignments simultaneously in those cities. The firm dealt in machinery on commission. The liabilities of the Chicago house are $97,000; the assets are $113,146. Poor business is said to be the cause of the failure.

A Prominent Lumberman Dead.

GLEN FALLS, N. Y., June 1.—William H. Bloomingdale, of Sandy Hill, one of the most prominent lumbermen of northern New York, died of Bright's disease of the kidneys, aged 67 years.

Seized by the Sheriff.

MORRISTOWN, Pa., June 1.—Enos Humphries' carpet yarn factory, at Lower Merion, has been seized by the sheriff on attachments by Philadelphia parties.

Legal Notices.

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, D. Circuit Judge of the 1st Judicial District of Somerset.

In matter of application for election to fix license fee at $500 in the borough of North Plainfield.

Application by a petition signed by at least one-fifth of the legal voters, voting at the last election held in said borough for Governor, of the borough of North Plainfield in the county of Somerset, that the said fee be required to be granted by the Court of Common Pleas of said county, and that I, the undersigned, William J. Magie, Circuit Judge in and for said county of Somerset, assign forth the merits of said petition, and that I will, on a certain sum of money named and specified in the said petition, to wit, the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) be charged and paid for license fee for Retail Liquor Ship. Daily Press and published in the city of Plainfield, and which newspaper has a bona fide circulation extensively in the borough of North Plainfield; I do hereby on this twenty-seventh day of May, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, order that the seventeenth day of June next be and is hereby appointed by me for the time, and the court house in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Somerset, for the place when and where I will consider said application, and that notice thereof be given to the Daily Press PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS and of the time and place when and where the same will be heard be given by publication of a copy of said order in the Daily Press PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS and Courier-News, a newspaper published in said borough of North Plainfield, at least twenty days previous to the said seventeenth day of June next, which notice is hereby declared sufficient.

WM. J. MAGIE,
Circuit Judge.

A true copy.
WM. A. SUTPHIN, Clerk.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

Special Notices.

BARGAINS.

In wagons, carts, furniture, plows, harrows, cultivators, and everything in the line of Farming Implements, call on or address E. P. Wells, West street, South Plainfield.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE BAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 27c each.

* * *

Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 35c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 12c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying is the largest in the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Chellies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 25c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $3.00 to $5.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

THE BEE HIVE

WHITE DRESSES.

Children's White Dresses, sold 98c, 25c.
" " " " with two rows Hamburg insertion, 49c.
Children's Fine White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $3.
We have a specialty of Misses' White Dresses from $1.25 to $5.
Children's Crinkle Seersucker Dresses, 25c.
Boys' White Flannel Suits and Jackets, 25c.

JERSEYS. JERSEYS.

Black Jersey, Coat Back, 50c. Colored Jerseys, with fancy vest front, 69c. White Jerseys, with plaited vest front, 75c. White Jerseys, newly fit $1.50, $1.85 and $2.

MITTS.—Children's Silk Mitts, 12c and 25c. Ladies' Silk Mitts in Lace and Jersey, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.—Children's gauze vests, in size 16, 18 and 20 inches, 10cts. Ladies' gauze vests, 25c. Swiss ribbed vests, 15c, 25c and 35c. Men's gauze vests, 25c. Men's fancy ribbed vests and drawers, 45c and 50c. Men's Balbriggan vests and drawers, 25c and 35c. Men's Jean Drawers, 35c and 45c. Boys' Jean Drawers, 44c. Boys' Knickerbocker Jean Drawers, 50c.

Louis Callman,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors. P O Box 1256.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit. Everybody knows that *they are the best.* Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received!

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New Designs, Largest Assortment, Best work

For Least Money

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20, 21 and 23 SOMERSET ST.

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KNAPP'S ROOT BEER EXTRACT

ORIGINAL

and most complete manufactory of its kind. Knapp's Extracts 1 to 6 gallons. Full directions are on each bottle, which is sufficient for 5 gallons.

HOME DRINK!

For the PEOPLE. Price 25c.

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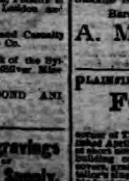
And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Binding and Mining Co., Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.



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PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWERS,

Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers,

Hardware, Plumbing, Tinning.

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18 East Front street.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP.

[illegible] Iron Fronts, Columns, Railings, Iron Bedsteads and Sash Weights. We are prepared to [illegible] Steam Engines, Boilers, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Gearing, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Cider Mills, Presses, Hydraulic Rams, Pumps, Water Wheels,

BURDETTE'S PHILOSOPHY.

HIS RAIN-IN-ON.

While the Indian delegation was feeling around Washington the president said to Old-Man-Afraid-of-the-Blossmatin, "Why does the great chief have shoves strung?" And the grim old warrior answered the great father sternly, "To keep his wig-warm."

AT FLOOD TIDE.

"Noah was correct," was the pensive remark of the last of the antediluvians, as he sat on the sharp edge of a rock and reluctantly laved his shrinking feet in the rising tide; "and still there would be a Gloom, and there's no delugeon about this." And as he chuckled hoarsely over the base remark, a pterodactylesophagusrian, floating near by with a view to picking up anything that might happen, remarked that a fellow couldn't be expected to stand everything, and, opening a mouth somewhat longer than his entire body, took the humorist in out of the wet.

TOO MUCH PREPARATION.

A Brockton man has spent forty years working on a plan for a railroad across the Isthmus of Panama. And a man in Pittsburg has been working twenty-two years at another one. Neither plan is yet completed. Too long, that's the trouble. One of these days a man who has been too busy to think much about it will get up and put a strip-railroad across the isthmus before he finds out that he has to have a plan. That's the way these things are frequently done.

A SAD BLUNDER.

Whitegoods awakens suddenly in the night, sees a figure in his room, fires and brings the intruders down. Dying robber falters, with labored accent: "You fired just in time; another minute and I would have cut your throat." Whitegoods, shuddering with remorse: "And you're only a burglar, then? By George, old man, I'm awfully sorry; why didn't you speak? I thought it was an advertising solicitor."

HERE WE ARE AGAIN.

Well, sir, time comes round and round and round, doesn't it! We see by the papers Mrs. Langtry is 36 again.

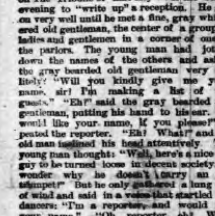
YOU CAN'T ALWAYS TELL.

What various sorts of fools one meets in this pilgrimage. Now, here is a couple of people in Stamford have gone and named their first baby Methuselah, when the little fellow isn't ten days old. But hold on a bit; we apologize. Who can tell what may happen? Little did Enoch dream, when he named his first born Methuselah, how appropriate was the name.—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

Asked for His Name.

A wicked, wicked story is told by The Chicago Mail, to the effect that a new reporter on The Tribune of that city went the other evening to "write up" a reception. He got on very well until he met a fine, gray whiskered old gentleman, the center of a group of ladies and gentlemen in a corner of one of the parlors. The young man had joined down the names of the others and asked the gray bearded old gentleman very politely: "Will you kindly give me your name, sir?" Dignified silence. "Will you, sir?" "Eh!" said the gray bearded old gentleman, putting his hand to his ear. "I would like your name, if you please?" repeated the reporter. "Eh! What?" and the old man fastened his head attentively. The young man thought: "Well, here's a nice old guy to be turned loose in decent society. I wonder why he doesn't carry an ear trumpet?" But he only gathered a lung full of wind and said in a voice that startled the dancers: "I'm a reporter, and would like your name." "Oh, reporter, eh? Want paper?" "The Tribune. Will you give me your name?" The old gentleman stroked his gray whiskers tenderly, looked at the reporter calmly, and said quietly: "Joseph Medill."—New York Tribune.

"Dressed to Kill."



—Life.

The Future Generation.

The sweet girl graduate and the bumptious boy graduate are with us again. We are glad to meet them and shake hands with them across the chasm of time. We are glad to hear once more their plans for giving down trodden woman her proper sphere in life, and for solving within a few months all the social problems. We sympathize with them most heartily; for a happy experience has taught us what a blissful thing it is to know so much. We are glad to see that gratitude we should be ashamed of them, and predict for them failure in the coming struggle with the world. As it is, they are our hope, and they give us fresh courage.—Albany Express.

A Great Scheme.

Mrs. Oldrich—I was very sorry to miss you last week, dear. I thought I had hit upon your day to be at home. Have you changed it? Mrs. Newcome—Oh, no! I have no regular day. Mrs. Oldrich—But your card says Thursday. Mrs. Newcome—Yes; isn't it convenient? I noticed them at the stationer's. They're such a neat reminder. I have packs for every day in the week, so that folks will remember just what day I called.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

His Grand Destiny.

"You have spent eight years in college, three at a theological school and two in the study of theosophy, and yet you do not intend to enter the ministry. May I ask what special career you are fitting yourself for?"

"I am studying for marriage with a Boston girl," replied the scholastic enthusiast, his voice tremulous and his dark, melancholy eyes lighting up with an eager, aspiring gleam.—Chicago Tribune.

Not a Bull's Eye.

Hicks to Briggs, who has had a day out at target practice—Did you hit the bull's eye, old man?

Briggs—No; it was a cow, I believe. At any rate it cost me a hundred dollars to fix it up with the fellow who owned the critter.—Boston Transcript.

Blind and Strawberries.

When the angels made shad
The devil was mad,
For it seemed such a feast of delight;
So to mix the account
He jumped in the stream
And stuck in the bones out of spite.

When the strawberry red
First blushed in bed,
The angels looked down and were glad;
But the devil, 'tis said,
Dirty rascal, hid his head,
For he'd used all his bones on the shad.
—Baltimore Daily News.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W. RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts., All goods Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturday our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m. RICE & CO. Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

LAING'S HOTEL. J. B. Miller & Bro. PROPRIETORS. Front street opposite Madison avenue. A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

TUNIS J. CAREY 31 WEST FRONT STREET, all kinds of Second-Hand FURNITURE including CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES, Bought and Sold. I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with business and promptness.

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Don't spoil your Feet with CHEAP SHOES! Wear a Pair of Burt & Packard "Korrect Shape." Dooms & Van Arsdale, 22 W. Front St., Plainfield, N. J.

B. T. BARNES ICE CREAM Delivered EVERY DAY in the week. Opposite P. O.

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added Hats and Caps to my large stock of CLOTHING GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets Overalls, etc. O. M. DUNHAM'S 14 WEST FRONT ST., next door to Post Office.

The Fidelity and Casualty Co Nos. 214 and 216 Broadway, N. Y. CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550.21 Issues SURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employees of Banks, Railroads, Express Cos., also Administrators, Guardians, etc. Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES covering all accident features. Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies at low rates. OFFICERS: WM. H. RICHARDS, President. GEO. F. SEWARD, Vice-President. ROBT. J. HILLAS, Secretary. EDWARD C. SMULFORD, Opp. Railroad Station. AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD { JOS. T. VAIL.

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For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy at A. VANDERBEEK, 97 PARK AVE. PIANOS TUNED

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A.CO. Messenger Service B. & O. Telegraph Co Money Transferred by Telegraph Park avenue, W. TEP, Manager.

Window Screens and Door Screens fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At 30 SOMERSET STREET.

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JOS. SATTELE, PIANO-MAKER, Patent Backgear, on pushing action. Also Pianos at reduced prices. Six Octave Pianos, $125. Call on S. J. Sattele, 214 Front street. Do you want your Piano and Organ tuned or repaired? Give me a call. Do you wish a new or second hand Piano? Call on me when I can suit you. SATTELE Piano Maker, 214 East Front street.

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READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY. Best three-hooped large clear Cedar Tub $1.35 and down. Kindling wood, clear pine and selected lobs from 15c up. Hickory paper pails 24c; brooms, scrub brushes, mop sticks and step boards in large assortment and very low; tin and wooden ware in endless variety and at astonishing figures. Plain house clothes pin, 50. Glass nuts of four pieces; sugar bowl, butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, several styles, only 25c. Elegant water or lemonade set of six goblets two quart pitcher and heavy glass tray, 60c. Glass sauce dishes, six styles, 10 cents dozen Large white tea wigs and entry combs at half-price. Popular Novels, Electric Series, only 10c. J. C. ALLEN, 44 W. Front street.

NOTICE. The books of the Overseer of the Poor, containing a list of the applicants for aid, can be seen at the office of said Overseer at Stillman Block, No. 5, EAST SECOND STREET. By order of Pot'r.

K. A. Koss, 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Sash, Blinds, Doors, Mouldings, Newels, Balusters, Stairs and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Leave orders at factory.

R. V. Saums, Carpenter and Builder, Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bound Brook. P. O. Box, 1238. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given. Plainfield, N. J. Specialty —First-Class work. Interior Hard Wood Work.

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No Chemicals.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa is Absolutely Pure, and It is Soluble.

To increase the solubility of the powdered cocoa, various alkalies are employed, most of them being based upon the action of some alkali, potash, soda or even ammonia. Cocoa which has had these alkalies added to it is known as Dutch cocoa, usually be recognized at once by the distinct alkaline reaction of the infusion in water.

W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa is manufactured from the first steps to the last by perfect mechanical processes, no chemical beating used in its preparation. By one of the most ingenious of these mechanical processes the greatest degree of fineness is secured without the sacrifice of the attractive and beautiful red color which is characteristic of an absolutely pure and natural cocoa.

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JACKSON & CUDDEBACK, Counselors and Solicitors of Patents, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second st.

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PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.28, 5.56, 6.20, 6.50, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.30, 10.37, 11.45, 1.08, 2.08, 3.08, 4.08, 5.03, 5.45, 6.35, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 P. M. Sundays, 5.28, 6.20, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.30, 10.37, 11.45 A. M., 1.08, 2.08, 3.08, 4.08, 5.03, 5.45, 6.35, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 P. M. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 A. M., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 P. M. 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 P. M. Sundays, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 A. M., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 P. M. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.35, 6.05, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 A. M., 12.10, 1.10, 2.10, 3.10, 4.10, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10 P. M. Sundays, 9.10 A. M., 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10 P. M. Leave Somerville at 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 A. M., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15 P. M. Sundays, 9.15, 10.15 A. M., 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15 P. M.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.38, 6.09, 6.30, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.30, 10.37, 11.45, 1.08, 2.08, 3.08, 4.08, 5.03, 5.45, 6.35, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 P. M. 12.01 A. M. Sundays, 6.30, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.30, 10.37, 11.45 A. M., 1.08, 2.08, 3.08, 4.08, 5.03, 5.45, 6.35, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 P. M. 12.01 A. M. Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 A. M., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 P. M. Sundays, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 A. M., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 P. M. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.35, 8.05, 9.05 A. M., 2.05, 4.20, 5.20 P. M. Sunday at 5.20 P. M. Leave Easton at 7.30, 10.30 A. M., 2.30 P. M. Sunday at 5.30 P. M.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

1.10 A. M.—For Boston, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Scranton. Sundays 8.45 A. M. for Easton.

2.05 P. M.—For Flemington, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 9.05 A. M. For Flemington, High Bridge, Pittstown, Lambertville, Trenton, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Wyoming, Binghamton, Elmira, Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge, Canandaigua, Bath, Hornellsville, Easton, 6.04, 8.30 P. M. For Flemington, High Bridge, Pittstown, Lambertville, Trenton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. On Sundays at 6.33 P. M.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 8.00, 9.00 A. M., 2.05, 3.55, 4.00 P. M. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 7.10 and 9.00 A. M. For Port Amboy 7.10, 7.30, 9.00, 11.15 A. M., 2.05, 4.00, 6.05 P. M. Sunday, 7.10 and 9.00 A. M.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 1.00, 5.25, 8.30, 10.50 A. M., 2.00, 4.00, 5.25, 6.40, 8.30 P. M. Sundays at 1.00, 8.30, 10.50 A. M., 2.25, 6.40, 8.30 P. M.

For Philadelphia at 1.00, 5.25, 8.30, 10.50, 11.50 A. M., 2.00, 4.00, 5.25, 6.40, 8.30, 11.50 P. M. Sundays at 1.00, 8.30, 10.50 A. M., 2.25, 6.40, 8.30, 11.50 P. M.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.00, 5.25, 8.30, 10.50 A. M., 2.00, 4.00, 5.25, 6.40, 8.30, 11.50 P. M. Sundays at 1.00, 8.30, 10.50 A. M., 2.25, 6.40, 8.30, 11.50 P. M.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt. I. M. CLEMENT, Gen. Supt.

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NEW YORK MAILS.

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SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.00 A. M., and 4.00 P. M. ARRIVE—9.50 A. M., and 6.30 P. M.

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Arrive at 8.10 A. M. Office open from 9.00 A. M. to 10.30 A. M. Mail closes at 7 P. M.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 A. M. and closes at 7.00 P. M. Saturdays closes at 8.00 P. M. Open every evening until 9.30. No crowders of lock boxes.

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W. Invite Everybody to call in and examine our fine assortment of new goods. We are always pleased to show our goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.

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and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by DR. GRIFFEN, will cure Constipation Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Worst Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Sciatica and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Business hours for Ladies 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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H. N. Spencer, 70-72 Roosevelt Pl. Grocer and Seedsman, A full line of Groceries, Provisions, Produce etc. White Granite, Yellow, Rock, Bloom, Harrison and Gloucester. A full assortment of reliable Field, Garden and Flower Seeds. Seed Potatoes, Cedar Bean poles, etc. Great variety of plants in season.

Smalley Brothers, 129 Somerset street, Meat Market. Orders delivered in all parts of Industry. Telephone No. 16.

Desirable Building Lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Bonnie Brae and Madison Addresses R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mailler, East Liberty street. Call and see them. 5-1 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth, Life Insurance, procured in any responsible company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials Coal and Masons' Agents for the Solgen Pacific Cement. Office Madison avenue. Fifth street.

Wm. Claassen, Barber and Hairdresser, Ladies' and Children' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving Parlors, 15 East Second street, next to No. 6 W. Front street.

Jules Boutes, de Paris Ladies' Hair Dresser, and Hair Cutter. Ladies and gentlemen's hair dressed in the latest fashion. Hair Goods in the State. No. 4 West Front street.

T. E. Morgans, Newsdealer, Stationery, etc 97 1-2 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES

Educational.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Miss Sterling and Miss Newton's School for Girls, La Grande avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS. The Elliott Hoag will open on Sept. 16th a school for boys. Applications received until June 15th at No. 21 Central avenue. Circulars address, "The Kenwood," Asbury Park, N. J.

ELOCUTION. Lessons in Elocution, class or private. Terms reasonable. Miss Alberta F. Q. Box 1264.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE. Mrs. J. L. Anderson desires a limited number of pupils in singing, at her residence on Front street, opposite Plainfield avenue. Thoroughly qualified to prepare voices for church or the best of concert work. Mrs. Anderson will furnish pupils to practice daily at her room, free of charge, if desired. Call before 10 o'clock or after 4 o'clock. Send box 442 P. O. New York. Address, P. O. Box 992.

PETER L. CONDIT, Teacher of violin and cornet. Call at Jacob Brokaw's piano store, 17 East Front street. Music furnished for parties and wedding. 4-5-1y

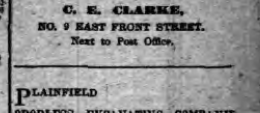
MISS BERTHA MATTHEWS, M. Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her residence or pupil's. Terms reasonable. Leave orders at Cox's Stationery Store, P. O. Box 1288

Jobbers Cards

John P. Emmons, Successor to Runyon Bros. Mason and Builder, Jobbing Promptly Attended to. Corner of Washington avenue and Front Plains. P. O. Box 826.

"The Butterfly" is the name of the best Summer Corset, THIN, COOL, GOOD SHAPE, CHEAP. To be found at the store of C. E. CLARKE, NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET. Next to Post Office.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



JONES & CO. Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 606. Telephone call 59.

JOHN JOHNSTON, dealer in BEST QUALITY COAL YARD AND OFFICE SOUTH AVENUE, P. O. Box 1407! Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE HOTEL CITY HOTEL, Corner of Park and Second street, only three minutes from the depot. J. E. BEERBOWER, Prop. Good accommodations; heated by steam; billiard-room attached.

ESTABLISHED 1868. D. W. LITTELL, "PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND SANITARY PLUMBER. Having passed the examining board of Master Plumbers of this city, I am now fully prepared to do all kinds of first class plumbing. Orders left at my residence, 17 Somerset street, or at Plainfield Hardware Co.'s store, 27 West Front street, will receive prompt attention. Call and see me. 4-5-1y

GIVEN AWAY 10 days only. A Fine $60 SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $3 hat or over. Eugene M. Laing No. 2 PARK AVENUE.

PAINTERS. Woolston & Buckle 97 NORTH AVENUE. Painters and Paper Hangers. WALL PAPERS, PAINTS Brushes

BURDETTE'S PHILOSOPHY.

HIS HAIR-BRUSH.

While the Indian delegation was loafing around Washington the president said to Old-Man-Afraid-of-the-Blemmahs, "Why does the great chief have eleven wives?" And the grim old warrior answered the great father sternly, "To keep his wig-warm."

AT FLOOD TIME.

"Noah was correct," was the pensive remark of the last of the antediluvians, as he sat on the sharp edge of a rock and meditatively raved his shrinking feet in the rising tide; "he said there would be a deluge, and there's no deluguon about this." And as he chuckled hoarsely over the bass remark, a pterydactylomorphagarius, floating near by with a view to picking up anything that might happen, remarked that a fellow couldn't be expected to stand everything, and, opening a mouth somewhat longer than his entire body, took the humorist in out of the wet.

TOO MUCH PREPARATION.

A Brockton man has spent forty years working on a plan for a ship railroad across the Isthmus of Panama. And a man in Pittsburg has been working twenty-two years at another one. Neither plan is yet completed. Too long; that's the trouble. One of these days a man who has been too busy to think much about it will get up and put a ship-railroad across the isthmus before he finds out that he has to have a plan. That's the way these things are frequently done.

AN OLD MEMBER.

Whitegoods awakens suddenly in the night, sees a figure in his room, fires and brings the intruders down. Dying rubber falters, with labored accent: "You first fast in him; another minute and I would have cut your throat." Whitegoods, shuddering with remorse: "And you're only a burglar, then? By George, old man, I'm awfully sorry; why didn't you speak? I thought it was an advertising solicitor."

HERE WE ARE AGAIN.

Well, sir, time comes round and round and round, doesn't it! We see by the papers Mrs. Langtry is 36 again.

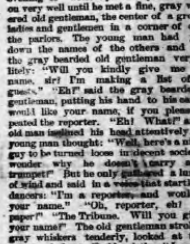
YOU CAN'T ALWAYS TELL.

What various sorts of fools one meets in this pilgrimage. Now, here is a couple of people in Stamford have gone and named their first baby Methuselah, when the little fellow isn't ten days old. But he'll do as a baby apologize. Who can tell what may happen? Little did Enoch dream, when he named his first born Methuselah, how appropriate was the name.—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

Asked for His Name.

A wicked, wicked story is told by The Chicago Mail, to the effect that a new reporter on The Tribune of that city was the other evening to "write up" a reception. He got on very well until he met a fine, gray whiskered old gentleman, the center of a group of ladies and gentlemen in a corner of one of the parlors. The young man had jotted down the names of the others and asked the gray bearded old gentleman very politely: "Will you kindly give me your name, sir! I'm making a list of the guests." "Eh!" said the gray bearded old gentleman, putting his hand to his ear. "I would like your name, if you please!" repeated the reporter. "Eh! What!" and the old man insulted his head attentively. The young man thought: "Well, here's a nice old guy to be turned loose in society. I wonder why he doesn't carry an ear trumpet!" But he only gathered a lung full of wind and said in a voice that startled the dancers: "I'm a reporter, and would like your name." "Oh, reporter, eh! What paper!" "The Tribune. Will you give me your name!" The old gentleman stroked his gray whiskers tenderly, looked at the reporter calmly, and said quietly: "Joseph Medill."—New York Tribune.

"Dressed to Kill."



—Life.

The Future Generation.

The sweet girl graduate and the bumptious boy graduate are with us again. We are glad to meet them and shake hands with them across the chasm of years. We are glad to hear once more their plans for giving down Bradstreet-wigman her proper sphere in life, and for solving within a few weeks' time all the social problems. We sympathize with them most heartily; for a happy experience has taught us what a blissful thing it is to know so much. Were they a whit less enthusiastic we should be ashamed of them, and predict for them failure in the coming struggle with the world. But it is, they are our hope, and they give us fresh courage.—Albany Express.

A Great Scheme.

Mrs. Oldrich—I was very sorry to miss you last week. I thought I had hit upon your day to be at home. Have you changed it? Mrs. Newcome—Oh, no! I have no regular day. Mrs. Oldrich—Then your card says Thursday. Mrs. Newcome—Yes; isn't it convenient? I noticed them at the stationer's. They're such a neat reminder. I have a pack for every day in the week, so that folks will remember just what day I called.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

His Grand Destiny.

"You have spent eight years in college, three at a theological school and two in the study of theology, and yet you do not intend to enter the ministry. May I ask what special career you are fitting yourself for?"

"I am studying for marriage with a Boston girl," replied the scholastic enthusiast, his voice trembling and his dark, melancholy eyes lighting up with an eager, aspiring gleam.—Chicago Tribune.

Not a Bull's Eye.

Hicks to Briggs, who has had a day out at target practice)—Did you hit the bull's eye, old man?

Briggs—No; it was a cow, I believe. At any rate it cost me a hundred dollars to fix it up with the fellow who owned the critter.—Boston Transcript.

Shad and Strawberries.

When the angels made shad
The devil was mad.
For it seemed such a feast of delight;
So to ruin the scheme
He jumped in the stream
And stuck in the bones out of sight.

When the strawberry red
First illumined its bed,
The angels looked down and were glad;
But the devil, 'tis said,
Fairly pounded his head,
For he'd used all his bones on the shad.
—Baltimore Daily News.

THE
Leading Grocers
are
R. W. RICE & Co.
of
Duer and Emily Sts.,
All goods
Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.
NOTICE TO PATRONS.
We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our employees the time allowed by law. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m.
Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller & Bro.
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

TUNIS J. CAREY
21 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
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JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical
Carpenter and Builder
Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty —Fine Cane work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344.

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Lumber, Coal, Wood
and
MASONS' MATERIALS
PEACE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH.
Telephone call No. 129.

Don't spoil your Feet with CHEAP SHOES! Wear the Burt & Packard "Korrect Shape."
Dome & Van Arsdale, 22 W. Front St., Plainfield, N. J.

H. J. MARTIN,
20 Belmont st.
PRACTICAL NURSE
ORDERED BY ALL DR
BRANCHES.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, viz: Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jacks Overalls, etc.
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Issues SURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employees of Railroads, Banks, etc., also Executors, Guardians, etc.
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FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Ruches, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Cloak Trimming a specialty. Pinking, Steaming and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
24 NORTH AVENUE.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, call before you buy at A. VANDERBEEK'S, SPARK AVE. PIANOS TUNED

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & S. ASSO.
Messenger Service
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Park avenue. W. TEN, Manager.

Window Screens
and
Door Screens
fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At
20 SOMERSET STREET.

B. T. BARNES
ICE CREAM
Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.
Opposite P. O.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. NEW, QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near Front. 10-19tf

FINE BUTTER,
PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE,
Fancy Groceries
and the VERY BEST Imported and Domestic
Fruits, Vegetables,
etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice Call fornia Prunes, 12c per lb.
ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 70 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

Special Ads. —THE— Reported 1885
ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION
AND SUPPLY COMPANY,
P. S. KINSMAN, Gen'l Manager.
261 Liberty St., N. Y.
Offices, Real Estate Trust Co. Building.
Largest facilities for New work or Repairs.

Plainfield office, 24 North avenue. Repre sented by F. S. Dunn.

PEERLESS DYES Are the BEST

JOS. BATTELS,
PIANO-MAKER,
Patent Octagon, to which is added the Boudoir Grand Piano. Organs. Second-hand Pianos Sold on 3 to 5 years' time. Do you want to buy or sell a piano, or hire one? Call and see what I can offer. Jos. Battels Piano Maker 23 East Front street.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and
Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 18 Front St. Plain.
DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging.
P O Box 226

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
Best three-hooped large clear Cedar Tub $1.25 and down. Knotted cedar, clear pine and painted pails from 15c up. Painted market pails 30c; brooms, scrub brushes, mop stick and wash boards in large assortment, and very low prices. Hand mirrors in gold and colors and at astonishing figures. Plain lamp chimneys, 5c. Glass sets of four pieces, sugar bowl, butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, several styles, only 25c. Elegant water or lemonade set of six goblets and one pitcher, only 75c. 5-qt. Glass pitcher, 25c. Glass water dishes, six styles, 20 cents dozen. Lamps, 15c up. Whips and curry combs at half price. Popular Novels, Electric Series, only 10c. J. C. ALLEN, 44 W. Front street.

NOTICE.
The books of the Overseer of the Poor, containing a list of the names liable for aid, can be seen at the office of that officer in the Court House Block.
J. GARTLEY BOGERT,
Overseer of the Poor.

R. KOSS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Monitor Sashes Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Inside Work. Shop, 27 and 29 Somerset street. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing attended to.

R. V. Sauns,
Car enter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. Box P. O. 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Bound Brook, P. O. Box 20.
Carpenter and Builder,
25 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Manufacturers of Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

No Chemicals.

W. BAKER & Co.'s
Breakfast
Cocoa
Is Absolutely Pure,
and It is Soluble.
To increase the solubility of the powdered cocoa, certain ingredients are employed, some of them being based upon the action of some alkali, potash, soda or even ammonia. Cocoa which has been prepared by one of these chemical processes is said to be "Dutched" or cocoa by the direct alkaline reaction of the alkalies in water.
W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa
is manufactured from the first stage to the last by purely mechanical means. No chemicals are employed to effect its preparation. By one of the most ingenious of these mechanical processes the greasy portion of the bean is removed without the sacrifice of the delicate and beautiful red color which is characteristic of an absolutely pure and natural cocoa.
W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.
William C. Smith.
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 82

Professional Cards.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE,
Counsellor at Law, Solicitor, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 169 East Front street, Plainfield. 1-yr

JANSHES, SPRING PLANTS
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JACKSON & CUMMINGS,
Counsellors at Law, Proctors in Admiralty, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second st.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners of Deeds, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

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BENJ. F. MOORE
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BUTCHER,
And Dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.,
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PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET,
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Telephone Call No. 121.
Orders Called For
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NOW OPEN
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24 North Avenue,
NEW FANCY CAKE BAKERY.
French and AMERICAN
ICE CREAM and WATER ICES
Catering in all its branches.
W. J. Stephenson.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD.
Try the Brunswick Ham. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrall & Condit.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1886.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.36, 6.40, 6.55, 7.27, 7.57, 8.07, 8.26, 8.29, 8.33, 8.37, 8.50, 10.37, 11.09 A. M.; 12.09, 1.08, 1.40, 2.26, 3.31, 4.03, 4.30, 5.09, 5.40, 6.07, 6.40, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.20, 11.40, 12.00 P. M. Sunday, 5.48, 7.57, 8.07, 8.26, 8.29, 8.33, 8.37, 8.50, 10.37, 11.09 A. M.; 12.09, 1.08, 1.40, 2.26, 3.31, 4.03, 4.30, 5.09, 5.40, 6.07, 6.40, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.20, 11.40, 12.00 P. M.

Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 2.00, 3.30, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M.; 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 P. M. Sunday, 2.00, 3.30, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M.; 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 P. M. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 8.00, 9.45, 10.20, 11.20, 12.35, 2.10, 3.20, 4.30, 5.45, 6.30, 7.35, 8.45, 10.15 P. M. Sunday at 9.00 A. M.; 4.30, 5.45, 6.35, 10.15 P. M.

Leave Somerville at 6.15, 7.05, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.15, 1.30, 2.45, 3.55, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 P. M. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 A. M.; 12.15, 1.30, 2.45, 3.55, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 P. M. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.25, 6.55, 7.30, 8.00, 8.27, 9.00, 10.37, 11.09, 11.40 A. M.; 12.09, 1.08, 1.40, 2.26, 3.31, 4.03, 4.30, 5.09, 5.40, 6.07, 6.40, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.20, 11.40, 12.00 P. M. Sunday at 5.48, 7.57, 8.07, 8.26, 8.29, 8.33, 8.37, 8.50, 10.37, 11.09 A. M.; 12.09, 1.08, 1.40, 2.26, 3.31, 4.03, 4.30, 5.09, 5.40, 6.07, 6.40, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.20, 11.40, 12.00 P. M.

Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.05, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.15, 1.30, 2.45, 3.55, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 P. M. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 A. M.; 12.15, 1.30, 2.45, 3.55, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 P. M. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.00 A. M.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Manch Chunk, etc.

8.00 A. M.—For Flemington, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Easton, Phillipsburg, High Bridge, Bethlehem, Reading and Harrisburg.

9.00 A. M.—For Flemington, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamanend, Manunkachie, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

4.30 P. M.—For Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Easton, Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Reading, Scranton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Dutton, Williamsport, Tamanend, Manunkachie, Upper Lehigh, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

5.30 P. M.—For Flemington, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Easton, Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Reading and Harrisburg. On Sundays at 6.35 P. M.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 9.00, 11.05 A. M.; 2.15, 3.25, 5.05, 6.00 P. M. Sundays at 9.00 A. M. (except Ocean Grove) 4.26 and 7.30 P. M. For Perth Amboy 7.45, 11.05 A. M.; 2.15, 6.00 P. M. Sundays, 9.00 A. M.; 4.26 P. M. For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, 7.45, 9.00, 11.05 A. M.; 2.15, 3.25, 5.05, 6.00 P. M. Sundays 9.00 A. M.; 4.26 P. M.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 1.00, 5.30, 10.00, 11.50 A. M., 2.34, 4.00, 8.15, 9.40 P. M. Sundays at 12.00 A. M., 2.34, 8.15, 9.40 P. M. For Philadelphia at 1.00, 5.30, 10.00, 11.50 A. M., 2.34, 4.00, 8.15, 9.40 P. M. Sundays at 12.00 A. M., 2.34, 8.15, 9.40 P. M.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.00, 5.30, 10.00, 11.50 A. M., 2.34, 4.00, 8.15, 9.40 P. M. Sundays at 12.00, 2.34, 8.15, 9.40 P. M.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 A. M.; 1.40 and 5.30 P. M.
ARRIVE—7.00, 8.30, 11.05 A. M.; 2.30, 6.30, 9.30 P. M.

SOMERVILLE, BASKING RIDGE, MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 A. M., and 6.00 P. M.
ARRIVE—8.30 A. M., and 6.30 P. M.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 8.10 A. M. Office open from 9.30 A. M. to 10.30 A. M. Mail closes at 7 P. M.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 M.

Post Office opens at 7 A. M. and closes at 7.30 P. M. Saturdays closes at 8.00 P. M. Open every evening until 9.00 P. M. to overcare of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for the mail at the Mail Delivery Window.

Direct pouch for Newark N. J., in 9 P. M. mail.

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SAVE MONEY
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Invite Everybody
to call in and examine our fresh stock of notions. We are always pleased to show goods and quote prices. Whether you buy or not

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DR. GRIFFEN,
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Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wasting Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant. Dr. Leslie 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
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I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the force and capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed in the past during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.
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A full line of Groceries, Provisions, Fruits etc. White Granite, Yellow Rock, Bone, Salt and Limeware. A full assortment of reliable Field, Garden and Flower Seeds. Seed Potatoes, Cedar Bean poles, etc. Great variety of plants in season.

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Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Co. No. 11.

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R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Agent. Call and see them. 6-1-tf
Just above an level.

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Life Insurance,
procured in any responsible company. Office North avenue Plainfield.

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Lumber, Masons Materials
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Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Shampooing, Dyeing and Manicuring done. Entered with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 6 W. Front street. 1-21-1y

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Ladies' Hair Dresser,
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Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prior Place. P. O. Box 882.

"The Butterfly"
is the name of the best
Summer Corset.
THIN, COOL, GOOD SHAPE, CHEAP.
To be found at the store of
C. E. CLARKE,
NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.
Next to Post Office.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders entered at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 600. Telephone call 59.

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dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. Box 1497
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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CITY HOTEL,
Corner of Park and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. E. BEERBOWER, Prop.
Good accommodations; heated by steam; billiard-room attended.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER,
Having purchased the stock in trade of Mr. Littell, I am prepared to do all kinds of plumbing, gas and steam fitting in the best manner and at reasonable prices. Orders left at my residence, 7 Park place, or at the store of Littell & Co., 9 North avenue, will receive prompt attention. P. O. Box 1488.

GIVEN AWAY
10 days only.
A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 6 PARK AVENUE.

PAINTERS.
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N NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAIN NE SUPPLIES Brushes

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Pigeon English—Origin of the Term—Extending All Over the World.

The word pidgin, or pigeon, as connected with English, is a Chinaman's poor attempt to pronounce the word business. Dr. Brewer gives it—business, bidginss, bidgin, pidgin, pigeon. Pigeon English, therefore, means business English. It is a curious admixture of English, Chinese and Portuguese, and is used in all parts of the far east as a means of communication between the natives and the foreigner having nearly half a century and especially since the opening of many of the Chinese ports to European, business relations have developed to such vast proportions as to demand some simple channels that some universally understood means of communication became absolutely necessary, and pidgin or pigeon English was the result. Its employment in the coast ports, at all events, is a matter of importance both with traders and with natives, who seek situations in foreign employ, and it has become a popular medium of communication.

Already this rude form of our language bids fair not only to reach all the ports of the far east, but it is extending as a new form of speech in this country and in America and wherever else the patient, industrious Chinaman locates himself for the purpose of gain. Experts in the cost have published books and their friends with translations of English poetry into pigeon English. Two verses of Longfellow's "Excelsior" have been rendered as follows:

The sunshine dricss from chop-chop
One young man walkee, no one stop.
Hachee hachee, all same fire,
He callee sag with chop-so nice.
Topside—Golah.

He muchee solly, one piecee eye
Lookee sharp, so, all same my
He talkee large, he talkee strong,
Too muchee curio, all same gong.
Topside—Golah.

As there is an Anglo-Chinese language called pigeon English, so there is an Anglo-Indian of a somewhat similar character, called babu English, a mixture of English and Hindostan words.

The Teakee.

The theories as to the origin of the word Yankee are numerous, and the choice of one of these could be made to suit the taste of any student of the reader. Dr. William Gordon, in a history of the American war published in 1788, said it was a cant word in Cambridge, Mass., as early as 1713, and was used to denote special excellence, as a "yankee good horse," "yankee good cider," etc. He supposed it was originally a word in the college, and being taken by students into other parts of the country, was applied to New Englanders as a term of slight reproach, and gradually obtained general currency throughout New England. Thierry says it was a corruption of Jankin, a diminutive of John, which was a nickname given by the Dutch colonists of New York to their neighbors in the Connecticut settlements.

Asbury, an English writer, says it is derived from a Cherokee word "eankke," which signifies coward and slave. This epithet was bestowed on the inhabitants of New England by the Virginians for not assisting them in a war with the Cherokees, and they have always been held in derision by it. Another theory, and one which is regarded the most probable, is that of Mr. Heckewelder, that the Indians, in endeavoring to pronounce the word English or Anglais, made it Yengees, or Yangees, and this originated the term. There is no doubt that the name was given by the Indians to the English colonists; from them it was adopted by the British, who applied it generally to New Englanders only. Europeans subsequently applied it to all people of the United States, and during the war the southerners dubbed all inhabitants of the northern states by the epithet, but it originally belonged solely to native New Englanders.

Velocity of Ocean Waves.

The velocity of waves is said to depend primarily upon the power and continuance of the wind, but it is greatly modified by and bears an ascertainable relation to their magnitude and the depth of water over which they travel. It has been calculated by Airy that a wave 100 feet in breadth, and in water 100 feet deep, travels at the rate of about 15 miles an hour; one 1,000 feet broad, and in water 1,000 feet deep, at the rate of 46 miles; one of 10,000 feet in breadth, and in water 10,000 feet deep, will sweep forward with a velocity of not less than 154 miles an hour. Bache stated, as one of the effects of an earthquake at Simoda, on the island of Nipbon, in Japan, that the harbor was first emptied of water, and then came in an enormous wave, which again receded and left the harbor dry. This occurred several times. The self-acting tide register at San Francisco, which records the *rise of the tide upon cylinders turned by clocks*, showed that at that place, 4,800 miles from the seat of the earthquake, the first wave arrived *12 hours and 16 minutes after* it had receded from the harbor of Samoda. It had traveled across the broad ocean of the Pacific at the rate of 475 miles per minute. Dr. Scoresby found the traveling rate of the Atlantic waves to be 32.67 English *miles per hour.*

Struggle of the Sexes.

In 1880 there were some 50,000,000 people in the United States, and, according to the first males than females. That was only because more males were born; the females live the longest. Of the centenarians 1,400 were men and 2,007 were women. The boys start out nearly a million ahead and are in the majority till the sixteenth year, when the girls are a little more numerous. Sweet sixteen is a numerous age anyhow. After that, first one and then the other is in the majority, the girls gradually gaining after thirty-six and, leaving the men far behind after seventy-five. To balance this longevity of the females, in almost every state a few more boys are born; not many more, but almost always a few.

This is nothing to see at once, but census gives thousands and hundreds of thousands of boys and girls under 1 year old, there are, with one or two exceptions, always a few hundred more boys, and only a few hundred more. In only six of the forty-nine states and territories are more girls born, and in those states they are very slightly in excess. Upon direct examination, these exceptions are Arizona, Delaware, Florida, Louisiana, Montana and North Carolina.

A Model Man.

Several years ago an artist of Dresden persuaded a locksmith there to give up his trade and become an artist's model. It was a good thing for the locksmith, who is now the famous "muscle man of Dresden," whose magnificently developed body makes him probably the most renowned model in the world. In order to preserve for future artists an exact duplicate of his extraordinary figure the director of the Royal Saxon Porzellanfabrik at Meissen recently invited him there that a cast from life might be taken of the upper part of his body. It is said that "this muscular development is so complete and detailed that even the keen and slightest action of every muscle stands forth spectacularly, and his whole body looks as if it were woven together or plaited like basket work. He seems here as in a marble that they feel to the touch as if they were carved in wood."

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Some Handy and Choice Things to Take Care Provided for This Season.

Delicate china and fine glassware possess a personal charm for the housewife, and they are now so inexpensively made that even limited purses may afford their pretty show to set forth the plainest fare in tempting fashion.

The old style of complete dinner or tea sets of many pieces exactly alike in decoration having given place to course sets entirely dissimilar in design and ornamentation, there results a most pleasing variety in the appointments of dishes during the progress of a meal. There is such great variety in the assortments of dealers that every taste may please, and not anything that has the intrinsic merit of beauty may be considered in fashion. Some distinctive features, however, are noticeable in this season's goods, among which Good Housekeeping mentions the following:

The newest colors, as seen in samples of pieces for exhibition at the Paris exposition, are shaded rose, English red, a rather warm tone, blue and green, each varying in that in a single piece, from the lightest hue to the deepest, richest shades; a cool, lobster green, the exact shade of the uncooked lobster; a deep, rich royal blue, called blue de four, or "furnace blue," very expensive and therefore very much sought; and lastly, the delicate cream, rose and light greens, with unglazed mat finish, of rare beauty, and most likely to be chosen by art lovers.

The decorations of nearly all, except the most finish colors, are in metal, and the designs vary from very unconventional.

Dainty oyster plates for ladies' luncheon parties are in rose color, with four shells, instead of five. Oyster soup tureens may be said, in passing, have a small, rather deep saucer shaped plate instead of the broad dish or deep bowl so long in use.

For salads and entrees there are old, graceful designs in china of the finest finish, the wide, straight sides being seen in all the large dishes. A very handsome set of salad bowl and plates, of a delicate rose color, with the dull mat finish which imparts to this color a peculiarly melting effect, and decorated with a spray of wild roses in gold which were dropped carelessly upon the beautiful surface. Of almost equal beauty were the similar sets in English red and faint sea green.

The newest breakfast coffee cups are ribbed, with straight sides, rather taller than formerly, but on the whole considerably smaller, and have small saucers, to accommodate the numerous other dishes in the matter of space. These same cups are used for tea as well, the low, shallow teacup finding less favor this season, and the after dinner coffees are similar in all respects, but of more elegant designs and altogether more fascinating in appearance than ever before. Chocolate cups are both round and square and increasing in height. The taller ones are quite French, and the Parisienne likes to have a long stick in the center of the pot with which to stir the fragrant beverage.

Duster Baskets.

Bags or baskets for holding a dainty, soft duster are popular where a lady frequently dusts her own particular *bits of china* or very delicate nicknacks. A great many are made with a pretty, fancy silk basket, profusely lined with muslin to stiffen it. Take the handkerchief, with a point downwards, clasp it near the lower corner and also the upper, allow the upper to fall over, as a pointed flap, join up the edges of the handkerchief below it and up the center to form the bag. Tie a bow where the upper and lower corners are grasped, and the whole thing is done. The upper bow has a loop at the back of it to hang the bag to the nail *in the wall.* Sometimes a wall basket is used, with a square piece of brocade plush or a fancy silk handkerchief *arranged over it, as described above.* The duster is kept in the basket, and the flap conceals it.

A Screen for Summer Use.

The light and airy looking screen shown is the cut is one particularly attractive and serviceable for summer cottage use. The frame is of bamboo, but a home made article might be gotten up much the same Japanese style and made to look well.

SCREEN IN JAPANESE STYLE.

The upper parts of the *frame* are draped with Japanese silk. The pocket in a figured silk of the same material, and lined with a background deep gold colored velvet. The palm leaf fan is painted in dead gold and the partially closed fan is painted in Watteau style. The cords that ornament the sides, top and bottom are gold and crimson.

A Delicious Cold Dessert.

Strawberries, raspberries or blackberries may be used for the following tempting dish. Soak half a package of gelatine for *two hours* in a half cupful of cold water. Wash a quart of strawberries and add half a cupful of sugar to them. Boil half a *cupful* of sugar gently with a cupful of water for twenty minutes. Add the berries and cook a minute. Add the gelatine to the boiling syrup and take from the fire immediately, then add the berries. Set the whole in a pan of ice water and beat five minutes. Add the whites of four eggs and beat till the mixture begins to thicken. Put into molds and set away to harden. Serve with cream and sugar.

Strawberry Shortcake.

The strawberry shortcake is made with sour milk as follows: To two teacupfuls of sour milk add a teaspoonful of soda, then three-fourths of a teacupful of butter or lard, partly melted, and enough flour to make a soft dough. Roll in two thin cakes, large enough to fill the pan in which they are baked. When they have baked split them and butter them while hot. Lay most of the cake on a plate, spread with strawberries and sprinkle with sugar, then put on the other half, then more strawberries and so on.

Orange Cream.

Orange cream represents a delicacy concocted with the juice of six oranges, one-fourth of a pound of white sugar, one pint of boiling water and six eggs. Beat the yolks, add sugar, orange juice and water, and stir over the fire until it thickens. When cool, beat the whites and mix with the yolks; put into custom glasses and cook one hour in a kettle of water, which is allowed to boil. Remove from the fire and when cool set away to harden. Serve with cream and sugar.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

THINGS SAID AND DONE BY PROGRESSIVE MEN AND WOMEN.

The Full Snow Excavator Which Has Been Submitted to Three Months' Tests on the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad at Oswego, N. Y.

The accompanying illustrations, taken from photographs and appearing originally in Science, show the device known as the full snow excavator, at rest and at work.

FULL SNOW EXCAVATOR.

Following is a brief description of some of the distinctive features of this excavator:

1. The diagonal arrangement of the bladed cone, so that its apex is at the lower right hand corner of the hood, while the base is at the upper left hand corner, is one of its distinctive and important features. By this arrangement the curved blades of the cone operate directly upon and slice off the face of the snow bank, from side to side of the hood, without any direct resistance whatsoever, except that of the straight sides of the hood.

2. The curvature of the blades is much greater toward the apex of the cone than toward its base, so that their first contact with the snow the blades operate as an auger, As the velocity of the cone in its revolutions increases toward its base, by reason of its increasing diameter, the centrifugal force generated is correspondingly increased; so that the snow gathered in by the curved blades is thrown out without the necessity of fan blades, other than the blades of the cone itself. Thus the snow is sliced off and discharged in one operation, by means of a single mechanism, the absolute simplicity of which is considered a valuable feature.

3. It is impossible, the company claims, to choke the hood or blades of the cone with snow. It always forces out the snow in a consolutely clean, with its blades free from snow.

FULL SNOW EXCAVATOR IN OPERATION.

4. The power to operate the bladed cone is supplied by an 800 horse power engine, containing 220 8 inch flues. The engines consist of two 18 by 24 cylinders.

5. The snow may be thrown to either or both sides of the track without reversing, and, in fact, changed from one to the other without stopping. To quote from The Engineering News, "there is no choke direction of revolution, no reversal of valves, and no closed box to hold snow, back of the mechanism which first attacks it."

The Finest Kind of Varnish Work.

The finest kind of varnish work, such as the wooden work of harps, is, according to Decorator and Furnisher, thus performed: The wood is covered with about six layers of white hard varnish and allowed thoroughly to dry between each; this entirely fills up the pores of the wood. The face is then rubbed quite smooth with fine glass paper. Then ornamental painting is then done, after which about eight or ten coats of varnish are laid on, and at every third coat the varnish is rubbed with fine glass paper to remove the brush marks.

When all the varnish has been put on and has become hard, the surface is rubbed with *fine pumice stone powder and water* or woolen rags; the work is allowed to stand for a day or two, and is then polished with yellow tripoli and water, being rubbed with a sponge and dried with wash leather. The varnish is now touched at a few places with *the finger smeared with fine rotten stone* and oil, which is then thoroughly rubbed all over with the ends of the fingers; clean wheat flour is dusted over the work, and also well rubbed in with the fingers; finally, after the removal of the flour the surface is slightly rubbed with a silk handkerchief, which completes the work.

A Curious Race.

A curious race, vouched for by our English correspondent, has recently been generally witnessed in Westphalia, the contest being between pigeons and a number of bees, the respective owners of which had wagered their fortunes that their favorite could fly three miles and a half, and a dovecot which happened to be near a hive was selected as the winning post. It was found no easy matter to mark the bees so as to make their identity unmistakable, but the difficulty was at last surmounted by rolling them in flour previous to starting them on their journey. This, while making them easily recognized on their arrival, probably retarded their flight; but, nevertheless, and though the pigeons were looked upon by the majority as the more likely winners, the race resulted in a victory for the bees; the first bee arriving at the post twenty-five seconds before the first pigeon, and three other bees before the second.

International Exhibition Congresses.

The following dates are given in Science of some of the international exhibition congresses, which will be held in London: Technical education, July 8 to 12; bibliography of the exact sciences, July 16 to 23; chemistry, July 29 to Aug. 3; ballooning, July 31 to Aug. 6; physiology, July 31 to Aug. 3; hygiene, Aug. 4 to 11; higher education, Aug. 5 to 10; physiological psychology, Aug. 5 to 10; geography, Aug. 6 to 11; horticulture, Aug. 10 to 17; criminal anthropology, Aug. 10 to 17; primary education, Aug. 11 to 19; horticulture, Aug. 16 to 21; prehistoric man and remains, Aug. 16 to 23; electricity, Aug. 16 to 31; chronometry, Sept. 3 to 9; mines and metallurgy, Sept. 9 to 13; applied mechanics, Sept. 16 to 21; meteorology, Sept. 19 to 28; steam navigation, Sept. 26 to 27; military medicine and infantry, Sept 26 to 28, and hydrology and climatology, Sept. 30 to Oct. 13.

Vegetable and Animal Charcoal.

Vegetable or wood charcoal is made by burning wood with only a limited supply of air. It is principally carbon, with a small amount of mineral matter, which forms the ash when it is burned. Animal charcoal, or bone black, is formed by heating bones in a closed vessel. It also consists of carbon, but contains in addition a large proportion of phosphate and carbonate of lime, and other mineral constituents of the bones.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

The Remarkable Experiences of a Patient Under the Influence of Ether.

An interesting instance of the very peculiar dreams or visions sometimes resulting from the inhalation of sulphuric ether, which have been termed the "anesthetic revelation," is related by a correspondent of the London News, who took ether for a surgical operation. He says:

I felt that the life was quitting my extremities and concentrating itself at the center of my body, leaving nothing but *inert matter outside.*) A moment came when the last conscious wag of the tongue was possible, and with it I said, "Good-by." I was fully conscious that I was about to launch into an unknown sea. The complete log book of that cruise is certainly not in my memory, but *I find some faint traces of it.*

I seemed to be in the presence of a multitude of persons who were being arranged by some mystical agency in a series of long rows or ranks, like soldiers drilling. In some inexplicable way this drill work was identified *with the great work of God,* and his purpose in creating the universe. It was a passive subject of certain evolutions in which I was placed for a short time in one class or rank, and then for a short time in another. Mr. N. had much of the same feeling as I had here and there, and Mr. B., the noted almanac maker, stood by, with pencil and paper, full of intense calculations and mathematical inference of the results of each of these evolutions.

The stake that was involved in these movements was nothing short of the everlasting settlement of the question of the human race and the casting out of evil. The spirit that pervaded the whole movement was that of intense care and precision and enthusiastic bursts of rapture, applause and laughter followed each successive arrangement.

Regularly and rapidly a certain crisis approached. Just at this stage of the proceedings two lines of verse were put into my mind, one of which terminated with "Ha, ha, ha," and the other with "Hurrah, hurrah," and I thought it my duty to myself to finish the whole performance by repeating this doggerel.

I wondered much at the arrangement, but said I would obey. I made the first words or two of it. Instantly the whole drama of the universe broke in upon my spiritual vision like a lightning flash. I was conscious that when I should finish the last hurrah, the work of the world and the universe, so far as it had anything to do with evil, would be finished, and my efforts would be joined by those of untold millions, surging up from the hearts of the redeemed of the human race. You may be sure that I gave that last hurrah with an emphasis. There is no room, and no way to that. But it was scarcely out of my mouth before consciousness returned.

I was after wards told that my trance lasted about twenty minutes.

Motorpathy.

In the treatment of infantile paralysis, Bernard Roth, M. C. S., Eng., has used motorpathy with great success, employing the massage movements of kneading, circular friction, rolling and then stroking (Swan) and where a muscle is still under the control of the will, if it be ever so slight, fivefold exercise is brought into requisition, the alternate contraction and relaxation of the muscle proving most efficacious. To these he adds a course of light gymnastics as the patient begins to regain control over the muscles. He affirms that if there be left even a small amount of voluntary power left, some improvement should be seen in a month, and a marked improvement by the end of three months.

Gum Chewing.

Dr. De Armond reports the case of a patient cured of dyspepsia by chewing gum for an hour or more after every meal and swallowing the saliva. The nature of the trouble was that, after meals and until digestion was completed, the patient had pains in his stomach, a feeling of faintness more discomforting than painful, and a constant tendency to eructation of food.

To Prevent Scars from Burns.

In the healing of burns and scalds, where there is danger of contracting scars, rub the new skin several times a day with good sweet oil. Persist in this rubbing until the skin is *soft and flexible.*

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE

A Graceful Interchange of Courtesies by the Families of an Affianced Couple.

Families about to be allied by marriage often experience a certain amount of difficulty and hesitation in initiating acquaintanceship. It not infrequently happens that a bride-elect is not introduced to some members of the bridegroom's family until the wedding day; but this is generally the case in regard to the more distant members of the kindred. Parents, brothers and sisters, uncles and aunts, should, if possible, make her acquaintance as soon as the engagement is announced.

In most cases the bridegroom's family should take the first step in this direction, and any warm feeling of cordiality or coolness displayed on their part is likely to give rise to "strained relations" in the future, especially if the bridegroom's family is more wealthy or in a higher social position than that of the bride. When the reverse is the case, however, and the bride's family possess those advantages in a marked degree, the advances must still come from the bridegroom's family, even if they are not received with any degree of pleasure and the feeling is allowed to be too apparent that the daughter is making a "bad marriage." These advances, graciously made, have all the same end, to please the bridegroom and to pronounce upon the bride.

The family opinion is given by a call of congratulation, of welcome, followed by a call on her mother and herself, or she is invited to spend a few days with the bridegroom's parents, which is considered by the bride-elect to be somewhat of a trying ordeal, especially if the family circle is a large one. The bridegroom is not called upon to run the gauntlet of the family opinion in the first ceremony manner. He is generally on the best of terms with all the members of the bride-elect's family before she occupies this position towards him. He is thoroughly at home in her home, having been welcomed and feted and made much of by all related to her, more especially by her mother, and even if his position from a money point of view is not everything that might be wished, yet, as the bridegroom-elect of one of the daughters of the house, he is a person to be considered and studied. The brothers regard him as one of themselves; the sisters approve of him on many grounds, and he enjoys a halcyon time, to make it all it all.

Very often the bride elect is equally at home with the bridegroom's family. He is perhaps a school or college friend of one of her brothers, or the son of an old family friend, or the son of a neighbor, or the son of one of the partners in her father's firm, or, otherwise, there is a connection or connection. Thus there are no preliminaries to be got through, no awkward moments to pave at a first introduction, and she knows that she will shortly be received into the bosom of her peers, so to speak, while after the first surprise, which usually follows the announcement of an engagement, the relations on both sides accept it as a matter of course.

Window Shades, Hollands, Fringes, etc. We can now prepared to do a first-class business in all the branches. We have in stock a complete assortment of goods pertaining to this department, and can execute orders for shades at very short notice. Ready-made shades, 36in. wide, on sale from 50c up.

OLD CARPETS made over and relaid. Carpets cleaned by the Summer system by steam. Feathers renovated and made into mattresses. Furniture upholstered. Parties desiring to purchase carpets will find it to their advantage to call at the warerooms of W. & J. Sloane of New York, in charge of this department; we will guarantee to save them 25 per cent.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St.

Furniture. Bedding and Upholstery.

THE PEOPLE SAY our line of BABY CARRIAGES alone is worthy of a visit to our warerooms WAREROOMS. Secure, we will explain the merits of the ROBEY PATENT SETTLEMENT OF THE DISPUTE, and will be pleased to show you the handsomest line of FURNITURE CARRIAGES anything in Central New Jersey. Whether you want to buy or not we will be pleased to have you call. No trouble to show goods. Our motto: "The BEST GOODS at LOWEST PRICES."

GARRET Q. PACKER,

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT,

1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICE, and, judging from the many orders which we have had during the season, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1879.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages.

TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA

of the different styles of FOOT WEAR for Summer we invite you to look at our windows

The shoes you see there are leaders, and we keep them in stock.

DOANE & VanARSDALE,

22 West Front Street,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,

ALL QUALITIES,

ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET.

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? These good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Lawns! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 8 1-2 Batistes and Percales at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 20c and 25c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists, 49c to $1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 19c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 30c 39c, 47c and up wards.

PARASOLS! Whew! you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest Silk at $2.97. In stripes and plain Satins we have all sizes at $1 and upward. A bargain in Black Gros Grain Parasols 23, 39 and 49c.

FANS! A neat little Fan for 3c and 7c; Fine Feather Fans, 75c to $1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to **MOOK BOTTOM** on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 26c; and extra heavy Ingrains 35c, 40c and 50c. All wool Two-ply Ingrains, 55c; Genuine home-made Rag Carpets, 35c, 40c and 45c. Fancy Matting, 12 1-2c upwards. An inspection of all seasonable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

Crane's Hat Store,

as

19 PARK AVENUE.

Trunks! Trunks!

Valises, etc.

BIG STOCK.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BECKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

Terrill & Cole,

successors to Ford & Stiles

UNDERTAKERS AND

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

No. 39 East Front street, Plainfield

M. N. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole

Telephone call 44.

Fresh Garden Seeds,

Garden Tools,

RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,

Cutlery, etc.

N. H. & J. J. HRIDELOFF,

13 Somerset street,

THE BEES AND

the people swarm to

Howell, the Grocer

for the correct thing in

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES.

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,

NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot.

Telephone Call 30.

BEWARE

of the many so-called

Black Stockings

Are the Ones

The ones bearing the "S. & A." brand guaranteed to give SATISFACTION, or

Money Refunded

Ladies' Hose from 25c to 50c. Children's from 30 to 60 cents. I am the sole agent for these in Plainfield.

H. A. POPE.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 30 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 320.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 982. North Plainfield, N. J.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made.

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 8, Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MUSIC HALL FURNITURE STORE. GIVE US A TRIAL. 1889 NEW GOODS POWLISON & JONES, 34 - W. FRONT ST. - 34

KENNEY

IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE, ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAY'S

City Livery Stables,

54 West Fourth street.

Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J.

Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

46 New York Prices. Studio, 22 West Front street. Steamer for drawing and oil painting.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, JUNE 3, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, A NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

KNOWLEDGE, WHEN WISDOM IS TOO WEAK TO GUIDE HER, IS LIKE A HEADSTRONG HORSE THAT THROWS THE RIDER.—Quarles.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 154; days to come, 211.

—The Plainfield Bowling Club will meet to-night.

—The Plainfield policemen are now happily attired in their new Spring suits and helmets.

—The Directional Committee of the Y. M. C. A. will meet this evening at nine o'clock.

—There will be a mothers' meeting in Rescue Hall at four o'clock Tuesday afternoon. All are invited to attend.

—The Plainfield Camera Club will hold their regular monthly meeting at their rooms, on Park avenue this evening.

—Fred. Clark while intoxicated broke the door of his father's store Saturday night and was arrested and fined $5. His father paid the fine.

—This is the date for the regular June meeting of the Plainfield Common Council, and Board of Education. The Council will probably take some action in the matter of water-works.

—Reader: Do you wish to contribute towards the relief of the Johnstown sufferers from the effects of the most terrible flood known in this country. If so, THE NEWS will be glad to receive, record and forward yours among contributions from Plainfield.

—Reform Hall was packed to the utmost last evening to hear Bishop McNamara speak on temperance. He was frequently applauded, and his Irish wit provoked much laughter. He has an announcement in our advertising columns about a meeting this evening.

—"Lions in the Path" in Judges XIV:5-6—will be the subject at the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-night. The Rev. D. W. Skellenger, of Dunellen, will lead. The singing will be conducted by the boy choir and other male voices. All men will be welcome.

PERSONAL.

Rector Slimpson, of the Church of Our Saviour, Netherwood, will soon remove his residence from Elizabeth to Plainfield.

The handsome cane voted for at St. Joseph's fair was donated by Miss Virdon, of Somerset street, and was won by Mr. Joseph Biszz, the proprietor of Blake's Hotel.

The Rev. John C. Bliss, D. D., a former pastor of the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church, with Mrs. Bliss will be present at the ground-breaking exercises of the new chapel Tuesday evening.

The funeral services of the late Wm. Washington at the Methodist Episcopal church yesterday afternoon were attended by a throng of people. They were in charge of the colored Knights Templar, Cyprus Commandery, No. 6, of this city, of which Israel Jones is Eminent Commander. They were very impressive. The funeral procession crowded the streets.

A pleasant company assembled at the residence of Mrs. Dey, 192 Broadway, Friday evening, to welcome Miss Lydia Tooker, the celebrated Brooklyn soprano singer; and Mr. Walter S. Dolsone, of the same city, who made a flying visit to Plainfield. Miss Tooker is at present the soloist in the Church of the Sacred Heart, New York city. The selections rendered by each lady were very pleasing, especially the solo "It Was a Dream." Mr. Dolsone is an accomplished musician, being the author of several compositions, the latest being his "Inaugural March", dedicated to President Harrison. Miss Annie Hagen, of Plainfield, performed several difficult instrumental selections. She is a young lady, and her friends think that she has a bright career before her as a pianist. At about eleven o'clock a collation was served, after which the guests dispersed, expressing themselves as having passed a delightful evening of song and music. Among those present were Mrs. E. Dey, Miss Dey, Mr. and Mrs. Hagen, the Misses Hagen, Mrs. N. Du Bay, Mr. J. Barton Kline and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Lyons, and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Andrews, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH FAIR.

Prizes Won by Persons Ticket-Holders.

The fair at Seengerbund Hall for the benefit of St. Joseph's church, North Plainfield, closed Saturday evening, when the following prizes were awarded:

Gold watch—Miss Lizzie Gavin, who raised $401.60. Miss Bridget Connolly was second, Miss Maggie Daly third and Miss Ella Mullen fourth.

Gold-headed cane—Mr. Jos. Biszz, $422.50.

Mr. James Keegan was second.

Gold ring—Miss Nellie Begley.

Silver watch—Master John Leahy.

Barrel of flour—Mr. Wm. Thomas.

Ton of coal—Mr. David Barry.

Cord of wood—Mrs. Patterson.

Clock—Miss Bridget Connolly.

Fancy cushion—Miss C. Hart, of Bound Brook.

Fancy work basket—Mr. Jas. C. Keegan.

Toilet set—Miss Lizzie Vosselman.

Picture of the Sacred Heart—Miss Maggie Conway.

Beautiful lamp—Mr. Gerry Powers.

Table—Mr. Patrick Nugent.

Chamber set—Mr. Henry Hanrand.

Honor roll picture—Father Freeman.

One hundred pounds of flour—Father Freeman.

Barrel of crackers—Mr. John J. Keeney.

Foot ball—Mr. James Kelley.

Tea set—Miss Annie Corbin.

Lounge—Miss Mary O'Neil.

Silver cake basket—Miss Joyce.

Life of the Blessed Virgin Mary—Mr. John O'Reilly.

The fair's net profits were about $1,200.

Our Sixth Anniversary and Gifts to Our Readers.

We celebrate to-day the beginning of the sixth year of the existence of THE NEWS by presenting to each of our readers as a souvenir a map of Plainfield and surroundings for a distance of over twenty-five miles, based on official surveys to 1889. The map is about twenty-one inches square, and is provided with suspension rings so that it may be hung up ready for reference. There is no other map published which will be quite so complete, or give as much useful information. The map has been prepared at much expense, and to prevent it from becoming creased or soiled it will not be folded in and sent in the usual way with the paper; by carrier or mail, but separately by special messenger delivered at the dwellings of our readers. To accomplish our purpose it will require about 3,000 maps, one for each dwelling, and it will take some days to complete the delivery as proposed. Be sure that you are not missed.

The map includes Elizabeth, the county seat of Union county; New Brunswick, the county seat of Middlesex county; Somerville, the county seat of Somerset county; Morristown, the county seat of Morris county; the Oranges, Railway, Westfield, and all contiguous localities, including every hill or mountain, river, stream, lake or swamp, to the ocean. It gives the height of each street of Plainfield above sea level, and the same of the other localities. It shows all the railways, and roads for driving or rambling, and distances, the map being drawn to scale. It gives the latitude and longitude, and, in brief, all the information one is likely to want or could expect in a map covering so large an area. We mention a few of its excellencies that our readers may fully realize how costly a gift we make them to help advance the interests of our locality, while commemorating the successful career which has been the good fortune of THE NEWS for the past five years, probably unequaled in any place in this country, no larger and not a county seat, a circumstance which alone makes it possible for us to make a gift, the like of which has probably never been equaled by any daily news paper in any country on the face of the earth. But there is only one Plainfield, and one

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

THROWN FROM HIS HORSE.

Mr. Conger Seriously Injured on Park Avenue.

Mr. W. J. Conger, of Manning avenue, North Plainfield, was thrown from his horse on Park avenue at a quarter before seven o'clock this morning and received injuries of his side and a severe cut above his eye. He was carried into Stelle's drug-store, where Dr. E. W. Hodges was summoned. He first attended to Mr. Conger and Conger's family physician, who applied leeches and other remedies. Mr. Conger was able to be taken to his home suffering with concussion of the brain.

Mr. Conger was a few months ago admitted to the firm of Scheplin & Co., succeeding Scheplin, Baldwin, Tweedy & Co., the extensive wholesale grocers, Washington street, N. Y. As he was in delicate health his physician advised him to go horseback riding every morning, and it was while following this advice that he met with the accident. He says that it occurred so quickly that he does not know what startled his horse, but that he regarded as a most gentle animal, never addicted to shying.

This makes the third recent serious accident of this kind in Plainfield. Several weeks ago Mr. Franklin Smith was thrown from Mr. Will Titchener's horse and narrowly escaped death, and the sad affair of Mr. Frank Van-Buren is still fresh in the public memory.

To Stop Obstructing Sidewalks

The merchants of North Plainfield are arranging to have some steps taken to change the present method of police protection in the borough. They say that ladies will not go out shopping evenings through the crowds, who, like those in Saturday evening, will so completely block up the sidewalks, especially about one of the saloons. Councilman Smalley is a prominent sufferer by the evil, it is said, and stood, lay the matter before Council at the next meeting. When the ordinance was framed it was to keep the streets clear was asked why to allowed such crowds to obstruct the sidewalks to which the reply was "Oh, we're running this still". That kind of "running", however, is not what people usually pay policemen for, and in view of the several regrettable disgraceful rows there are sufficient reasons why it should not be tolerated at all. With some responsible head such things might be easily prevented, or those who willfully violate any ordinance intended for the preservation of the public peace be made to pay dearly enough to make them disinclined to commit the offence a second time. Obstruction of public thoroughfares is an offence of this character.

Will Prey Somewhere Else.

Three tramps were evidently being supplied from a beer-bottler's, on a vacant lot on Somerset street Saturday evening. One of the tramps boarded the train for Dunellen. The other two got into a fighting mood, and it was while quarrelling with each other that they aroused the attention of Officer Marshall. Brothers and Conard, who arrested them and lodged them in the lock-up, where they were held over night. On condition that they forthwith get out of the borough Mayor Cooley released them yesterday morning, to save the borough the expense of keeping them.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	7 P. M.	10 P. M.	Mean.	Rain.
1. Saturday	66	68	69	71	71	97	69
2. Sunday	65	68	69	71	72	73	69
3. Monday	65	68	74	72	70		

THE CONVERTED Catholic Evangelist, WILLIAM MILLER, of Brooklyn, will speak with Bishop McNamara and staff this evening at Reform Hall. All are welcome. Admission free. 1-2

Our Now is the Time to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the Seaside or Mountain We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of GOOD LINEN PAPER and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 25c. This is a bargain. These boxes contain one quire of paper and envelopes from 10½ up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain. A. W. RAND, 24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

YE THIRSTY! Frosted Cream Soda in all flavors is OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL. In the way of SUMMER DRINKS. STRAWBERRY fresh from the fruit, is excelled by none. BANANA SHERBET AND Turkish Sherbet are Original with us. Try them. Our Milk Shakes continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever. We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity. Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for customers; running fountains of water for cheating glasses; promptservice by courteous clerks. Field & Randolph, CITY PHARMACY 21 WEST FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

STRAWBERRY AND ICE CREAM FESTIVAL under the auspices of the LADIES' AID SOCIETY of the M. E. Church, to be held in Vincent Chapel, Thursday and Friday evenings, JUNE 6th and 7th. Admission, 10c. Good Music. 2-2

FRANCIS EDER DRAMATIC COMPANY SOCIAL CLASS Entertainment at Round Brook Hall on the evening of Friday, June 7th. Highly delightful programme. Tickets, 15, 25 and 35 cents. Young people should all attend. 1-3

Mother Goose with her distinguished family and friends will visit the KITCHEN GARDEN SCHOOL TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 11th, at eight o'clock, in the W. C. T. U. rooms, 72 West Front street. The children Invite the Public to meet this distinguished dame. Admission, 25c; children under 12 years, 15c. 3-3

HOTEL NETHERWOOD NETHERWOOD, N. J. Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening. Send for circular. Frank E. Miller.

E. H. VOORHEES, D. Y. S., Veterinary Surgeon, 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64.

PRIZES AT THE OLYMPIA. The residents of Plainfield and North Plainfield making the highest scores of any gentleman two or more days bowling during the months of JUNE, JULY and AUGUST at the Olympia Alleys will receive the following prizes:

1st—14-carat solid gold, handengraved watch, chronometer balance, American movement.

2d—Solid silver hunting-case watch, chronometer balance, American movement.

3d—Gent's heavy, solid gold bangle.

4th—Solid gold initial ring.

5th—Opera glasses, aluminum bound.

6th—Pair of bowling shoes.

BUSY WORKERS' PRIZES.

ANNIVERSARY AWARDS TO INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL PUPILS.

Another Year of Successful Educational Work for the Warren Mission Chapel.—An Interesting Review by the Secretary.

The sixteenth anniversary exercises of the Warren Mission Industrial School were held in the chapel Saturday afternoon in the presence of a large gathering of the pupils and their parents. Mrs. F. H. Gardner, the Superintendent, presided. She read the report of the school eight years; and during her presidency the average number of pupils on roll has been increased from 100 to 200, the average attendance from 68 to 151, and the number of classes from 13 to 28. Of this growth each year has had its appointed share, but the twelve months ending on the 31st ult. has been the banner year. With a regular session of forty-seven Saturdays the average attendance of 151. The highest attendance was 176, Feb. 9th, 1889; and the lowest 77, April 27th, which was a very rainy day.

There are 21 pupils who have not been absent from one session of the school, and 33 who have missed only one.

We have had 25 regular classes during the year, and each one as far as possible has been supplied with a regular teacher or substitute. At times we have felt the need of more teachers, but we want to thank those who have added so much in helping to carry on this good work.

During the year we have sold 300 garments. Of these 80 have been made by the pupils of the school and 976 by our friends the "Cut and Sew" societies, to whom and to whom we extend our most grateful thanks. We have sold 321 handkerchiefs, and awarded 226 for the roll of honor.

Trusting that after our Summer's rest we may be ready again to take up this good work, this report is respectfully submitted.

JEAN B. MURRAY, Secretary.

After the reading of this report prizes were awarded as follows:

FIRST PRIZES.

[Handsome portfolios, for attendance at at every session during the year.]

Mattie Pearson, Lida Pangborn,
Laura Coddington, Lena Seward,
Ella Coddington, Cora Young,
Joseph Hatch, Ella Hatch,
Lena Myers, Emily Bostwick,
Matilda Moraller, Ella Cook,
Aggie Jones, Maud Clark,
Annie Myers, Mamie Teller,
Katie Myers, Lena Cooley,
Minnie Fisher, Nellie Wyckoff,
Mollie Feller, Hattie Mosly,
Gladie Pearson, Lizzie Wood,
Edith Clark, Fannie Conn,
Gussie Snasie, Ida Mowrey,
Minnie Gulick, Hattie Wyckoff,
Edith Fisher.

SECOND PRIZES.

[Silver napkin rings for being present at every session of the year except one.]

Mamie Koller, Bessie Petersen,
Bertha Wilcox, Mabel Wilcox,
Ivy Magnus, Carrie Hoffman,
Rachel Emmons, Louie Koler,
Carrie Myers, Nellie Clark,
Celia Dyson, Miriam Wilcox,
Grace Huff, Mamie Ortsman,
Etta Huff, Emma Petersen,
Addie Cutsell, Carrie Cline,
Josie Feller, Ella VanNest,
Nellie Hoppe, Katie Hoppe,
May Squires, Annie Feller.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

For overhanding—Jennie Devine, age five years.

For hemming—Mamie Devine, age six years.

For running—Lillie Zeiss.

For stitching—Lillie Zeiss.

For gathering—Maud McCracken.

For overseaming—Lottie Clark.

For felling seaming—Ella Seaman.

For darning—First, Gertie Kitchen; second, Ida Mohring.

For garment—Miriam Wilcox.

In addition to these prizes two were awarded for successful competition in a question match, in which nine girls entered. To these ninety-five inquiries were propounded, and the only one remaining standing to the last were Lena Cone and Linda Stafford, both of whom were presented with a mantel clock.

The school will be reopened in October.

The County Roads Certificate.

In pursuance to notice Mr. C. D. Ward, the Union county attorney, made application to Judge VanSyckel Saturday morning for a certificate setting forth the amount and value of the real estate in the county for the year 1889, and also the total amount of the county debt, as required under the act empowering the Board of Freeholders to improve public roads.

County Collector Wood testified that the total assessed value of the real estate is $52,997,975, and the debt $980,000. Judge VanSyckel granted the petition.

This action includes the approval of the issue of the $150,000 bonds for the road improvements.

SOMETHING NEW IN PLAINFIELD; to take place in Stillman Music Hall, Monday, June 3d, when a GRAND Athletic Exhibition is to be given under the auspices of the PASTIMES ATHLETIC CLUB. Lovers of sport will have a chance to see wonderful feats well performed by local talent. Everything will be free from foul play. Among the talent coming are Miss Cushing, Hugh Boyle, Dominick Fitzpatrick, Joe Farrell, John J. Lavin, and a host of others from out of town, besides home representatives of games and sports.

TO PREVENT CRUELTY.

A Brief Sketch Concerning Man's Humanity to Animals.

To the EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The writer having been precedently identified in the formation of a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in a neighboring city in this State, and familiar with its past and present successful work, begs to congratulate the people of Union county on the recent organization of a kindred society within its confines and with its headquarters at Plainfield. No stronger or more convincing argument could be adduced of the expediency, feasibility, beneficient results and ameliorating benefactions of such humanitarian associations established especially in behalf of the "helpless creation of the Almighty", than the happy and prosperous work of the large number of these associations now in operation, and their yearly increase in this country and in foreign lands. Laws have been enacted in thirty-seven States and Territories of our Union for the protection of animals, and since the organization in 1866 of the American Society, the pioneer society in this country and founded as generally known in the city of New York by the deeply-regretted philanthropist, Henry Bergh, some seventy or more other societies have sprung into existence in different sections of the Union, British America, South America, the West Indies and Mexico. To advocate the cause, six societies publish each an interesting monthly quarto paper adapted to both young and old. The parent society, the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, was founded in England some fifty odd years ago through the sole instrumentality of Richard Martin, whose name and deed should be enshrined among the philanthropists of the world. In the wake of the Royal Society followed from time to time the present two hundred and ten societies situated in different parts of the European continent, as well as those in India, Africa, Australia, Tasmania and the South Seas. In 1888 one society awarded an annual prize of $200 to the principal of the school who has been the most distinguished for the number of pupils who have united to the principles of the protection of animals.

Hence compels our closing this cursory sketch with a few statistics of the past operations of the American Society, which will be found interesting and of large magnitude. During 1888 the American Society, with headquarters at New York, prosecuted 901 cases in the courts, resulted in 774 convictions; suspended 1,749 disabled animals from work, humanely destroyed 2,453 horses disabled past recovery, removed from the streets in its ambulances 695 disabled horses, and investigated 3,000 complaints. During the same year the Pennsylvania Society, with headquarters at Philadelphia, prosecuted 1,000 cases, resulted in 900 convictions; different classes of 2,271 animals were remedied by warning and advice; drawing of humane sermons; 1,000 disabled horses and mules were suspended from labor; and 128 animals were taken in its ambulances. The total number of cases acted on was 11,391. The animals removed in the ambulances were valued by their owners at $16,724.

If this compilation of facts and figures should strike the eye of any reader of THE NEWS in the residents of Union county in behalf of the brute creation, and increase the membership of this new society, the object of the writer and hope of the writer will have been accomplished. C.

FANWOOD, N. J., June 3d, 1889.

Two Wayward Girls.

The parents of two young Plainfield misses sought out Chief of Police Tunis J. Carey at eleven o'clock last night and reported that the girls, who had been sent out on an errand, were missing. Chief Carey started to search, found the twain asleep in a carriage in a dark alley-way. They said that they had been skylarking on the river bank, and that when they left they feared to go home and intended sleeping in the carriage all night and reporting in the morning that they had been at a friend's home.

Let Us Be First To Help.

Common Council ought to take some action this evening expressing the sympathy of the people of the city of Plainfield for the Johnstown sufferers, and make the sympathy practical by a contribution which we are sure the Common Council, as the representatives of citizens, would not object to pay. It would be a mere trifle divided among us all, but would do much good at this time.

NEW BOOKS AT THE LIBRARY.

An Interesting List of Additions During May.

During the past month the number of books at the Plainfield Public Library has been increased by the addition of the following:

Abbott—Defense of the U. S. Soldier.
Adler—German and English Dictionary.
Alger—Julius Bolton.
Anglave—Electric Light.
Anglave—Gas Generator.
Arnold—Cities of the United States.
Atkinson—Electric Lighting.
Baker—Transverse Strains.
Baldwin—Steam Heating.
Ball—Experimental Mechanics.
Baltz—A Strange Story.
" Bureaucracy.
" Over Nicotiana.
" Count Bothe.
" Count Paul.
" Country Doctor.
" Duchess de Langeais.
" Louis Lambert.
" Magic Skin.
" Modeste Mignon.
" Two Brothers.
Bancroft—Chimney Construction.
Beaumont—Mineralogy.
Bayles—House Drainage.
Beard—Cooks, Waiters, Bells.
Bellamy—Blindness in the Confederate Navy.
Bowser—Analytic Mechanics.
Brooks—Steam Heating.
Bryce—American Common wealth.
Bunce—Don't.
Burrell—Building Construction.
Byrne—Handbook for the Artisan.
Carhart—Plane Surveying.
Church—Colour.
Clark—Rule, etc., for Mechanical Engineers.
Coffin—Watching to Victory.
Custer—Tenting on the Plains.
Dyrenforth—Moleculator.
Eggleston—History of the United States.
Fiske—Critical Period of American History.
Fitzgerald—Boston in Literature.
Fowler—Elements of Sewing.
" Heat.
" Diamagnetism.
Urquhart—Electric Light.
Warner—On Horseback.
Wight—Public Health.
Wilson—Steam Boilers.
Wolf—Windmill, a Prime Mover.
Wright—Metals.
Young—Stories of American History.
Youmans—Correlation of Forces.
" Culture Demanded by Modern Life.

Editor Shepard to Speak.

The anniversary of the Children's Home will be celebrated Thursday evening of the Trinity Reformed Church. It is expected that Col. Elliot F. Shepard, editor of The New York Mail and Express, will speak.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 27c each.

This a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 25c cheap at 50c.

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 12c. Send down for one of them.

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Chalies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 35c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $3.50.

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

This a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in flouncings.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

HORRORS UPON HORRORS.

Pestilence and Starvation Threaten the Survivors of Flood and Fire.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 3d, (Special.)—The horrors of the deluge are on the increase, and pestilence and famine threaten the survivors of the flood and fire.

The dead bodies lying all about give a fearful stench of putrefaction.

The partly-burned ruins near the bridge are still smoking.

Since 10 o'clock last night the fire engines have been busy.

Water has been constantly thrown on the burning ruins, though there has come a remonstrance from numbers of physicians against extinguishing the flames.

The physicians claim that it is better that the bodies of the dead should be destroyed by the flames than that the mass of putrified flesh shall be left to threaten horrors of pestilence after the horrors of flood.

From the banks many charred remains are plainly visible, as the receding waters retreat to-day, up to about 4 feet.

Beneath almost every log or beam a skull or a blanched remnant of rib or limb marks all that is left of life's hopes and dreams.

Coffins are coming by thousands from Pittsburg and elsewhere.

About three hundred victims have been buried to-day, up to date.

1,000 bodies have been accounted for.

The estimate of 10,000 dead, made last night, is not too high.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A YOUNG Protestant girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress, with good reference. 23 Hall Park House. 3-3

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 23 Madison avenue. 5-18-4w

DESIRABLE house, eleven rooms, all improvements. Six minutes from depot. Inquire of P. M. Brown, City Mills. 4-15d

DOG LOST—From 16 Franklin place, a small pug puppy; light color and brown face. Reward given for her return. Wm. G. Anderson. 3-3

FOR SALE—A Hambletonian colt, 16 hands high, 5 years old, very stylish, and perfectly broken for either saddle or harness; sound in every respect, not afraid of cars; an elegant ladies' horse; also a phaeton and harness nearly new. Address J. F. Brown, 133 Fulton street, Elizabeth, N. J.

FOR SALE—Two bay horses suitable for carriage or working team. L. Hermiser No. 81 Somerset street. 3-1-3d

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 697, Plainfield. 2-3d

GIVES 'EM AWAY—Denton, the Hillside avenue florist, gives with every five dollars' worth of plants sold one dozen pansies, four hundred asters, one hundred pinks. Right stage to greenhouse, 15 cents. 1-3

SOBER young man wants situation as coachman; can handle his business. Inquire 67 West Fourth street. 31-6

TWO houses to let. Inquire of P. M. French, City Mills. 1-3d

TOILET—Three rooms, Manning avenue. Apply to Charles H. Reed, No. 16 West Second street. Two teams and carts wanted in cellar. $4 per day. 1-3

WANTED—A situation as coachman and gardener. Address "A. P." care Evening News. 3-3

WANTED—A girl to do tailor work. Call at 19 Dunellen Terrace.

WANTED—A girl about fifteen years of age, for housework. No washing or ironing. Mrs. Kneeth, 16 East Second street. 5-31-3

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. 109 Plainfield avenue. 2-3d

THE BEES AND the people swarm to Howell, the Grocer for the correct thing in FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES, CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES. FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC., NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot. Telephone Call 30.

Whipped Cream Soda a new wonder From the Wild West A rich and delicious drink. All flavors. REYNOLDS' PHARMACY, Park and North avenues. N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 5-21-2m

10,000 SOULS DEAD

Johnstown's Ruins Filled with Corpses.

HORRORS GROWING HOURLY

Great Suffering Prevails Among Those Who Survive.

JOHNSTOWN'S BUSINESS LOSSES.

Awful Sights Witnessed by Those Who Were First on the Spot.

THE FLOOD IN VIRGINIA.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Adds Its Quota to the Disaster.

Two Thousand Bodies Taken from the Conemaugh River, and Still Many Thousands of People Are Missing—The Ruins of the Viaduct on Fire and There Is No Hope of Ever Rescuing the 2,000 Corpses Imprisoned Under the Debris. Virginia's Great Floods—The Calamity Far Surpasses Any Unfortunate Catastrophe That Has Ever Occurred in This Country—Rascals Meet with Swift Vengeance.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 3.—A scene of horror such as probably was never before seen by human eye met the gaze of the party of newspaper men—the first to reach the devastated city—when they clambered down the mountain side back of what was once Johnstown. It was just daybreak, and each glint of light breaking through the night shades opened up some new scene of the awful dragged to view.

The site of the city is still submerged, the viaduct below with its acres of debris forming a dam which holds the waters in. Human bodies seem to be everywhere. Practically nothing remains of Johnstown.

Debris 100 Feet High.

Every building in the city has either been entirely carried away by the raging waters or so damaged as to ruin it completely. Whole streets are swept clear of every trace of habitation. Down at the viaduct the debris is heaped up nearly 100 feet high. Frame buildings, brick buildings, cars, furniture and everything conceivable is in the huge mass.

Here and there a human body can be seen, white arms and limbs, rigid in death, stick out everywhere. The accounts published of the awful calamity, far from being exaggerated, have not appreciated the terrible reality of this greatest tragedy of the age.

The Work of Rescue.

After the first party of explorers came many others, bringing shifts, ropes, axes and other articles for the work of rescue. It was not long before the labor of gathering in the bodies of the victims was begun.

A temporary morgue was established, where were strung down the mountain side, and a short time before noon the devastated district was again in communication with the outside world.

A corps of operators of the Western Union Telegraph company began to send out messages to Pittsburg at 11 o'clock.

Over 5,000 to 10,000 Perish.

From the best information obtainable at this hour it would seem that the total number of lost will not fall below 5,000 and it may go over 10,000. To add to the terrible catastrophe it is feared that many of those who escaped to the mountains have perished from starvation and hunger. Those who ran to the hillsides at the approach of the water are no doubt pressed for food.

They had to camp in the bushes, and the women and children suffered greatly from hardship, besides the half-crazed with anxiety over the fate of friends and relatives.

The water is now receding slowly. When the viaduct is cleared off the debris which chokes the arches the real state of affairs can be ascertained.

The eastern end of Main street, through which the waters tore most madly and destructively, and in which they left their legacy of wrecked houses, fallen trees and dead bodies in a greater degree than in any other portion of the city, has been cleared and the remains of over fifty taken out of the portion cleared. All over the town the searchers have been busily engaged, and as soon as a body is found it is placed on a litter and sent to the morgue, where it is washed and placed on a board for several hours to await identification.

Sad Scenes at the Morgue.

The morgue is the Fourth ward schoolhouse, and it has been surrounded all day by a crowd of several thousand people. At first the crowd was disposed to stop those bearing the stretchers, uncover the remains and view them, but this was found to be a terrible remedy of great delay, but also of scenes of agony that not even the bearers could endure nor the thousands calmly stand up under. Now a line is guarded by a file of soldiers with fixed bayonets in charge of a sergeant, and the people are forced aside until the morgue is reached.

The corps of Western Union Telegraph operators was lost last Friday evening. Among them were Mrs. Ogle, manager, who for twenty-five years has acted as official reporter of the Pennsylvania road, and her daughter Minnie, also a well known operator; also Misses Gorman and Watkins and three messenger boys who were unable to escape from the building.

A Wake of the Flood.

It is thought by many that fully 2,000 persons were burned to death in the debris at the bridge here. The Pittsburg Fire company announces that they will rebuild their plant at once. The work of burying the dead is proceeding rapidly, and necessarily in a hasty manner, as decomposition has set in in most cases.

The total number of bodies recovered in the Conemaugh valley up to midnight was about 2,000. Only one-quarter of these have been identified, and it is doubtful if half of those recovered will ever be recognized.

The most awe-inspiring scenes of this day of horror was the finding of the body of a little babe in the water near Stony Hollow. It was a child of the flood, having been born in the water. Near by was floating the body of its mother.

There were no dry eyes among the party of rescuers that tenderly laid the bodies on a rough litter to be borne away to the already overcrowded morgue.

JOHNSTOWN'S LOSS.

The Business Portion of the City Entirely Obliterated.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 3.—Vice President and Director James McMullan of the Cambria Iron company, says their loss has been well nigh incalculable, and that it will be allowed into their revenues they are not daunted nor discouraged, but will begin the work of clearing up the ruins of their mills, preparatory to rebuilding and resuming work at once. They will also immediately rebuild the Gautier iron works, which was obliterated by the flood. This is the opinion of all the others. A dozen of the business men said: "True pluck survives. Our pockets are light, but, if nothing more happens, all of us will be in business again."

The central portion of Johnstown is as completely obliterated as if it had never had foundations. The river has made its bed upon the site of the dwellings and a vast area of sand gravel and furrowed grounds marks the old channel. It is doubtful if it is possible ever to reclaim what was once the business portion of the city. The river will have to be returned to its old bed in order to do so, and that is an engineering feat hardly possible.

The only accumulation of debris extending from 800 to 1,000 feet along the south shore of the Conemaugh and immediately above the bridge is now in complete possession of the flames, and will be until the arrival of further relief crews Pittsburg, so that another gang is added to those who had hoped to be rescuers in the case of their friends and relatives from the debris.

The magnitude of the horror increases with the hours. It is believed that not less than 10,000 of the dwellings and stores lie under the mass of debris in the triangle of ground that the Conemaugh cut out of the bank between the river proper and the Pennsylvania railroad bridge. Each is the greatest funeral pyre in history. The victims were not upon it, but were parts of its horrible construction. Whole houses were washed into the apex of the triangle. Hen coops, pig sties, stables, the refuse of the gutter, the contents of sewers, whole lumber yards, hoops upon hoops of logs composed the mass. When the upspring of a cook stove ignited the mass and the work of cremation began it was a costly sacrifice to the demon of the flood, a living, literal breast of fire. The sunset arose in a huge funnel shaped cloud, and at times it changed to the form of an hour glass. At night the flames lit up the misty remnant of morning.

The effect upon the living, ignorant and intelligent, was the same. That vesume of smoke, with its dual form, produced a feeling of awe in many that was superior in most cases to that in the awful moment of the storm's wrath on Friday afternoon. Hundreds of people were regarding the smoke and wondering if it forbode another visitation more dire than its predecessor.

It was with a feeling of absolute loathing that all people approached a scene to find nothing but a mass of ashes, calcined human bones, stoves, old iron and other approximately indestructible matter, from which only a light blue vapor was curling.

Gen. Hastings took precautions to prevent the extension of the fire to another huge pile, a short distance away, and this will be searched for bodies.

The work of burying the dead has begun and has been kept up all day. The brutality of the days of exposure and subsequent exposure in the water has tended to hasten decomposition in scores of cases, rendering instant interment necessary. Bodies are being buried as rapidly as they are identified. The work of undertakers in embalming the dead has rendered it possible to keep all those embalmed two or three days longer, but this is only available in cases where identification is dubious and no claimants appear at all.

The cars sent out from Pittsburg with provisions for the living were hastily cleared in order to contain the bodies picked up identified for interment in suburban cemeteries and graveyards handy to the city.

A party of searchers saw two men robbing the body of a woman. The thieves were caught. In one of their pockets was found a lady's ear, entire, sliced from the head with a sharp knife.

In the ravine was a sparkling diamond. The captors placed ropes around the necks of the villains and strung them up to the nearest tree, where they left them. Then they cut them down and buried them.

C. L. Dick, ex-mayor of Johnstown and several citizens, while patroling that part of the city known as the "Point," discovered a party of Huns looting the houses and robbing the dead. The parties had no time with them, but Dick fired his revolver at one of the plunderers and shot him dead. He fell into the river and no further attention was paid to his remains. The city is guarded by over 300 soldiers.

A special train of twelve cars loaded with provisions for the sufferers has arrived.

Conemaugh, Woodvale, Kernville, Cambria City and other surrounding towns in the flooded district are as badly off as Johnstown.

At Conemaugh the inhabitants of the low lying portion of the town have been literally wiped out of existence. At Woodvale the percentage of death is even greater than that at Johnstown.

PARTIAL LIST OF THE DEAD.

Names of Those Identified at Sang Hollow and Johnstown.

SANG HOLLOW, June 3.—Among the bodies of the dead lying here many are so mutilated and distorted as to be beyond recognition. Several of the others have been identified. Some of the names of those who have been recognized are:

John W. Parson, wife and child; Aubrey Parsons, child; Mrs. Joseph Smith and child; John Henderson and two children; Miss Frank, daughter of John Frank; James Lightner, wife and sister; Margaret Lightner, Mike Lauther, Agnes Bridges, Louis Weigand and wife, Lizzie Howe, John Liebtenwalter, Mrs. Andrew Leonard, Mrs. Cush, Miss Katzenmeyer, Miss Bromley, Mrs. Carolina Pubeck, John Kurtz, Jacob Lightner, John Lightner, Dennis Carroll, Samuel and Rose Hawthorne, Mrs. Joseph Smith and three children, Peter Kitzmeyer and family of five, Mrs. and Mrs. Leonard, Mrs. H. E. Ogle, Western Union telegraph operator; Miss Minnie Ogle, Miss Grace Gorman, Miss Watkins, Miss Minnie Black, telegraph operator, Mr. Rodgers, Willis Caliber, Catharine Dewling, Miss Shore, Mrs. Lebrecht, Miss Fisher, Cherie Stevens, Emma Bridges, Mrs. Tabor, Mrs. Dowling, Chris Craig, Mrs. Mary Murphy, John Tobin's baby, David Pelsing, Miss Klein's baby, Miss Murphy, John Tobin, Augustus Leonard, Francis Caliticus, wife and two children; Henry Dietrich, wife and one child; Mrs. Knerr's daughter.

At the St. Cloud hotel are thirty-two bodies, one being that of a child born in the water. One body was found near the Johnstown bridge whose rings bore the initials "P. C. to G. C."

At St. Columbia's Catholic church there are upwards of fifty bodies.

The authorities at Johnstown have published the following list of the identified dead:

Charles F. Butler, assistant treasurer of the Cambria Iron works; Emil Young and George Randolf, Beaver Falls, Pa.; Harvey Barber, Jones Mariba, Conemaugh; J. G. Dee, Pittsburg; Mrs. A. J. Stone, R. D. Bolridge, Mrs. Mary Bolridge, Mrs. George Woodward, Jacob Whitely, Frederick, Kate Lauffer, Robert Baldwin, P. McNally, Frank Dimond, William Pascoe, T. McAubury, John Stadner, W. L. Davis, Mrs. Dreisinger, Miss Harrington, Charles Mann, Mrs. John Spray, John Anderson, C. H. Wilson, Mrs. A. M. Jones, M. Little, of Sewickley, the three Misses Hamilton, Charles Wilson, John Andrews, Mrs. McCune, Miss Bessie Hamilton, Mrs. Hamilton, Miss Gardner.

These represent only a small portion of the bodies sent to the morgue.

The following are under treatment at the hospital: Mrs. Hettie Bechrie, Phil and Mattie Leeberger, Bonheim and Maurice Newman, John Murphy and Sam Long.

All the above are residents of Johnstown. The only outsider is P. J. Doner, of Woodvale.

It is astonishing to find how small a number of bodies have been found in the city. Practically it was death or nothing with the demon of the flood. It is true that not a few escaped, but they got off almost unhurt.

RAILROAD PASSENGERS SAFE.

List of Those on the Chicago Express Known to Be Alive.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—For the first time in forty-eight hours communication was had with Johnstown at 9 o'clock last evening at the Pennsylvania railroad office in this city. The superintendent at Altoona says that the Atlantic express leaving Pittsburg at 9 a. m. Friday, and the Chicago New York limited (eastbound) which left Pittsburg at 7:10 on Friday morning, and the Seashore express, which left Johnstown at 10:30 Friday morning, and long trains on Saturday afternoon. All the passengers on those three trains are reported to be well. Altoona sends the following list of passengers on the day express from Chicago, which was caught in the flood at Conemaugh, who are known to be safe:

William Henry Smith, New York; Edward Lyon, Boston; Mrs. J. W. Latta and daughter Edith, Philadelphia; Elizabeth Hosmer, Wrightsville, Pa.; Mrs. Mary L. Cowan, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Sharon, Mich.; Mrs. M. H. Smith, Broadway, New York; Mrs. William T. Sergeant, Massachusetts; H. S. Jackson, Philadelphia; Estelle J. Kitterdge, Philadelphia; Daniel Hamphries, Indianapolis; Mrs. Clara DeWitt and child, Dennison, Ind.; John Laughery, wife and three children, Columbus, Ohio; Mrs. Maggie Muhleney, Indiana; Mrs. Ella Garber, Aurora, Ill; Mrs. A. S. Lippincott, Philadelphia; Mrs. Dimond and child, Philadelphia; Mrs. Fanny Murphy and child, Dennison, Ind.; Harriet Sinckbridge, Curwensville; Mrs. G. W. Starkey and child, Chicago; Annie E. Hamilton, Jersey City, N. Y.; Mrs. Paris Shick, husband and daughter; Miss Simpson, C. E. McClure, Chicago; Mrs. Gallon and daughter, Pittsburg; Lizzie R. Hunter, Pittsburg; Mr. Lowe and son, Pittsburg, George Lees, Pittsburg; Uriah Carroll, R. E. Vaughn, Landisville, Pa.; F. H. Hersey, R. A. Hagan, New York.

The following are passengers on the day express are said to have been drowned at Conemaugh:

Mrs. J. W. Brady, Chicago; Miss Margaret Patrick, Pittsburg; William Sheller, Newark, N. J.

The following list of persons at Altoona is sent. It is known to comprise some of those on the two sections of the day express which was caught in the flood at Conemaugh, and is also thought to be partly made up of those who reached Altoona by other southbound trains:

E. Kane, Miss Grace, Mary E. Moran, Bridget Sullivan, Philadelphia; J. N. Newcomb and wife, New London; Mrs. C. H. Leopard, Carrie B. Arber, Malloa, Iowa; A. H. Brown, Jersey City; William Stewart, Pittsburg; J. C. Fiorelli, Tyrone; Henry C. Powis, Bangor, Me.; Clara Cobb, Brooklyn; Charles J. Burbridge, Allen Proctor, Morris Ely, Camden, N. J.; E. M. Leopard, New York; Miss Alexander Shick, John L. Fine, Reading, Pa.; W. Woodyear, W. E. Wa, John R. Mahon, Philadelphia; E. H. McCullough, wife and daughter, Philadelphia; W. L. Winston, Chicago; Mrs. and Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Matilda Allen, Philadelphia; John Carr, Jersey City; Emily Jones, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.; Ingrim Mahood, Mary Wilkins, Woodbury, N. J.; H. Walsh, Philadelphia; A. Silverson, Mrs. Ellen Cox, Honesdale, Pa.; Priscilla Stateorth, Philadelphia; Frank Patand wife, Trenton, N. J.; Mrs. Rice, Monroeville, O.; Mrs. Sherman, Nantucket, R. I.; George Sawyer, Bristol, O.; Mr. Chandler, R. C. Yonn, New York; Alice Allyanan, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Mrs. Bell, survivor at one of the plunderers and shot him dead. He fell into the river and no further attention was paid to his remains. The city is guarded by over 300 soldiers.

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Setting the Action to the Words.

The following is a extracted from an address by the Bishop of Peterborough (Dr. Magee) to a class of candidates for ordination:

"Most of you," he said, will do well to avoid action in the pulpit. I shall never forget a raw boned curate I once had, with hands like legs of mutton. I can see him still preparing for a grand peroration, and leaning over the pulpit, with outstretched dandient palms, as he exclaimed, 'Paws, me brethren, paws!'"—London Exchange.

A Sensible Suggestion.

Restaurant Proprietor (to waiter)—Well, John, is the noon rush all over?

Waiter—Yes, sir.

R. P.—Well, lets you and I go out somewhere and get something good to eat for dinner.—Boston Courier.

Had an Object.

"My friend," he said, as he entered a shoemaker shop on Gratiot avenue, "I should like to sing you a song."

"How much you charge?"

"Not a red cent."(

"Vhas it a nice song?"

"Very nice. I am sure you will be pleased with it."

"Vheil, go ahead."

The man drew a long breath and started off. It was an awful noise. It was intended to lift the shoemaker right off his bench. It did so, and after the first verse he said:

"Maype you hat some object?"

"I have an object, sir. While I don't charge anything for singing, I do charge twenty-five cents to stop."

"I see; vheil, I vhas going down to Springwells for dis afternoon. While I vhas gone you to come in, I make you pay forty cent to get out."

And he stepped out and locked the door, and for two hours the itinerant talked with an inquiring public through a broken pane of glass, and freely acknowledged that they were better games than his.—Detroit Free Press.

A Bad Case of Triolet.

We have our opinion of triolets in general and of this one, by William Wallace Cook, in particular:

When I am dead I do not care
To lie in state 'neath gaudeless stone
My soul will not be lying there.
When I am dead I do not care
For marbles cold. Just make my lair
A grave, with brambles overgrown.
When I am dead I do not care
To lie in state 'neath gaudeless stone.

Indeed, if we were to express our opinion of triolets in general, and of this one in particular, it would run somewhat thus:

Don't fret your gizzard, Willie, dear,
Since we have read your triolet.
We'll raise no stone above your bier,
Don't fret your gizzard, Willie, dear,
But just lie down without a tear
And let us, if we can, forget.
Don't fret your gizzard, Willie, dear,
For we have read your triolet.
—Washington Post.

Our Idiomatic English.

Miss Langham (reading an American paper)—What a strange country yours is, to be sure, Mr. De Yank!

Mr. De Yank (of Boston)—I don't think it much stranger than yours. But why?

"Well, this paper gives an account of a game of baseball (I think they call it), and it says that 'Chumpy saw a red hot ball coming for him in center field, but he promptly froze to it.'"—Lawrence, Mass., American.

To Proper Costume.

Boston Swell—I understand, Miss Bangor, that you had a Maypole celebration in your town this spring.

Maine Girl—Yes, and I was queen of the May.

Boston Swell—You must have looked charming. What did you wear?

Maine Girl—A Mackintosh and rubber boots.—Burlington Free Press.

The Wanderer's Reason.

First Tramp—Goin' in that house over there, pard?

Second Tramp—I tried that house last week. I ain't goin' there any more.

First Tramp—'Fraid on account o' the dog?

Second Tramp—Me pants are.

First Tramp—Pants are what?

Second Tramp—Torn on account o' the dog.—Detroit Free Press.

A Competent Man.

Cowboy—Say, you! Do you run this engine?

Locomotive Engineer—Yes. What can I do for you?

Cowboy—I want a situation as cow catcher. I've been on a ranch for the last ten years.—Boston Herald.

They Want More Room.

It is rumored that the dudes of Dearborn avenue are going to petition to have that thoroughfare widened so that they may promenade on it in their Sunday trousers without causing inconvenience to vehicles in the street.—Chicago News.

A Suggestion.

Mrs Golightly (to eminent musical critic)—What do you think of the new opera, Mr. Crochet?

Eminent Musical Critic—Well, it wouldn't be bad if somebody would set it to music.—Pick-Me-Up.

A Sore Sign.

When a girl holds her breath a moment and then says sweetly, "Oh, no, smoking is not at all disagreeable to me, Mr. Price," you may be sure that Mr. Price is not at all disagreeable to her, whether smoking is or not.—Somerville Journal.

Fixed on Higher Things.

"Wife, you are too vain about that dress. You should fix your mind on something higher."

"I have, dear—on a $20 bonnet I saw in a window to day."—Harper's Bazar.

Come to Stay.

A Kansas paper is not certain about it, but is of the opinion that The Peking Gazette has come to stay. It has just celebrated its 1,000th birthday.

THE
Leading Grocers
are
R. W. RICE & Co.
of
Duer and Emily Sts.,
All goods
Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m. RICE & Co.
Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

LAING'S HOTEL,
J. B. Miller & Bro.
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

TUNIS J. CAREY
51 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw.
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical
Carpenter and Builder
Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Modern and First-Class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1044.

NOTICE.
The books of the Overseer of the Poor, containing a list of the applicants for aid, can be seen at the office of the undersigned in Bullder Block.
J. OAKLEY HOOPER,
Overseer of the Poor.

B. T. BARNES
ICE CREAM
Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.
Opposite P. O.

Special Notices.

BARGAINS!
$5 to wagon carts, furnitures, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farm Boss wagon. John P. Wells, Duer street, North Plainfield.

$12 Photo Engravings
Water Supply,
40 Page Catalogue
KALAMAZOO KILLER
Kills Rats, Mice, Cockroaches, Water Bugs, Ants, Bedbugs, Flies, Mosquitoes, Waterbugs, Roaches

THE A. A. I. AND S. W.

A HISTORY OF ONE OF THE LEADING LABOR ORGANIZATIONS.

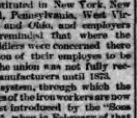
The Old Order of United Sons of Vulcan. Steady and Solid Growth of the Present Universal "Combination" by Which Wages Are Determined.

The Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers will begin its annual convention at Pittsburg on Tuesday, June 4. The nucleus, from which sprung this powerful, thoroughly disciplined and well regulated trades union, was formed thirty-one years ago by a few ironworkers in the city of Pittsburg. There had been attempts at organization in the trade prior to this time, and considerable action against reductions of wages had been taken in some of the departments, the very bitter strike of 1850, which was lost by the workmen, being noteworthy; but until the formation of the "United Sons of Vulcan," on April 22, 1858, no really formidable combination was instituted. The "Sons of Vulcan" received its membership in puddlers, but its ideas were broader than any that had preceded it, and after three years of indifferent existence it began in 1861 a steady and rapid growth, which made it, in one year, strong enough to assert its power.

In September, 1862, the first "National Forge" was organized at Pittsburg, and branches were instituted in New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Kentucky and Ohio, and employers were thereafter reminded that where the wages of the puddlers were concerned there was an organization of their employes to be consulted. But the union was not fully recognized by the manufacturers until 1874.

The conference system, through which the yearly wages scales of the iron workers are now arranged, was first introduced by the "Sons of Vulcan" in 1865, when in February of that year the first regular and thorough scale of prices was made. As time passed, strikes and lockouts were resorted to by both sides to enforce and resist demands, as the conferences were not always satisfactory to all employers, and it was not always possible for the committees themselves to agree.

In the meantime other branches of the trade, known as finishers, heaters, rollers, roughers, hookers, etc., formed organizations, until prior to the amalgamation of all, in 1876, there were the four distinct trades unions in the rolling mills, namely—the "United Sons of Vulcan," the "Associated Brotherhood of Iron and Steel Heaters, Rollers and Roughers," the "Iron and Steel Roll Hands' Union" and the "United Nailers." Each had its separate charter, its separate officers and its own method of doing business, each peculiar to itself, and although all were working under the same roofs and for the same firms, for the complete subjection of one front all the other departments, so far as trade matters were concerned, was the condition.



PRESIDENT WEIHE.

Impressed with the necessity for the unification of all in one grand union, without regard to branches in the business, the members of the Columbus (O.) lodge of Iron and Steel Roll Hands began the agitation of the subject of the amalgamation of all the workers in the iron and steel rolling mills, and in the fall of 1875 the three local unions in the Columbus rolling mills formed a temporary amalgamated association.

During the two years that followed this action by the men at Columbus several conferences were held by representatives from the various unions in most of the important cities, and constant effort was made by the thinking men to secure for the craft generally what Columbus had effected.

While this agitation for better organization was going on among the men the employers were taking steps to break the influence of the unions, and in April, 1874, the first "ironclad" in that trade was introduced. The "ironclad" was still a pledge, in writing, that the retained employe or the applicant for work has severed his connection with the union and will not again become a member—under penalty of discharge. The manufacturers succeeded, in some places, in breaking up the unions; but this only made the active men more determined to strengthen and protect their organization, and the movement for amalgamation was hastened.

On Aug. 1, 1876, the three national unions of the iron trade met in Pittsburg, in different halls, with the intention that they should wind up their affairs, adjourn sine die, and then all the delegates assemble in one convention and form the new organization of the craft for the United States. This programme was carried out, and on Aug. 4, in what was then known as "Emerald hall," on Sixth avenue, Pittsburg, Pa., the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel workers was formed.

The officers elected were: Joseph Bishop, president and secretary; Edward McGinness, treasurer, and one vice president for each of the eight districts into which the territory was divided, as follows, respectively: James Penney, David Reese, William H. Morris, John A. Flute, John J. Roderick, John Jarrett, Edward Reilly and John Morrissey. The first grievance for the first year were: David A. Plant, William Martin and John Siebert. When the association met in

SECRETARY MARTIN.

Columbus O., in August, 1877, it showed a remarkable growth for the first year of its existence, and it has steadily increased in membership and influence during the thirteen years of its existence. The total membership in 1880, the date of report, was 3,500; there are at present 16,000 members in good standing on the roll books of the association. The only strike lost by the association was that for advance in wages, which occurred in the summer of 1882.

Strikes are seldom resorted to, as by the conference system through which representatives of the different mills meet each month or of the association and arrange the scale every summer, the occasion for them is done away with. The printed scale under which the iron mills are now operating is a pamphlet nearly 100 closely printed pages, so numerous are the divisions and sub-divisions in the industry.

Since the organization of the Amalgamated association but three men have served it as president, one as secretary and two as treasurer. Joseph Bishop, of Pittsburg, was president from Aug. 4, 1876, to Aug. 1, 1882. John Jarrett, of Sharon, Pa., was elected for four terms, concluding with Oct. 1, 1886. Since then William Weihe, of Pittsburg, has been chosen by each succeeding convention, and is at present serving his sixth term.

William Martin, of Columbus, O., was appointed secretary in August, 1876, was elected at the Youngstown, O., convention, in 1878, has been re-elected at every convention since, and is now serving his eleventh term. Edward McGinness, of Youngstown, also first treasurer, served until August, 1887, when he was succeeded by Shepard Bevan, of Pittsburg, who has held the office ever since.

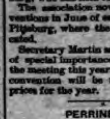
The association now holds its annual conventions in June of each year and always in Pittsburg, where the general office are located.

Secretary Martin says he knows of nothing of special importance to be brought before the coming convention. The chief work of the convention will be to consider the scale of prices for the year.

PERRINE-FOLSOM.

The Marriage of Mrs. Cleveland's Mother Took the World by Surprise.

The recent marriage of Mr. Henry E. Perrine and Mrs. Emma C. Folsom, the mother of Mrs. Cleveland, has not been announced, and took the world by surprise. The bride



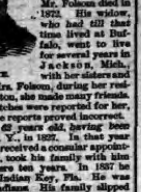
MR. PERRINE.

was a widow, having been married in 1868 to Oscar Folsom, at the time a law partner of Grover Cleveland. Mr. Folsom died in 1872. His widow, who had still their home in Buffalo, went to live for several years in Jackson, Mich., with her sister and

a brother. As Mrs. Folsom, during her residence in Washington, she made many friends. A number of matches were reported for her, but in all cases the reports proved incorrect.

Mr. Perrine is 62 years old, having been born at Sodus, N. Y., in 1827. In that year his father having received a consular appointment to Nassau, took his family with him and remained there ten years. In 1837 he helped to settle Indian Key, Fla. He was killed there by Indians. His family slipped through a hole in the cellar wall and escaped in turtle yawl boats. The widow went to Buffalo, where her son was educated, and studied law.

In 1846 Mr. H. E. Perrine went to California, the gold fever having broken out. He went first to Coloma, and had an encounter with Digger Indians. From there he went to San Francisco, then a mining town. But he failed to make a large fortune, and returned to the east with $11,000, with which he mastered the shipchandlery business in Buffalo. He married Miss Caroline S. Hall, of New York, and in 1854 removed to Brooklyn, but again went to Buffalo, and failed after the panic of 1873. Then he established a settlement at Perrine, Fla., but not receiving promised assistance, he concluded to return to the north. Since his last return to Buffalo he has been secretary of the Cemetery association.



THE BRIDE.

He Can Quote the Scriptures.

There lives in this country an old negro preacher who is very illiterate, doesn't know a single letter of the alphabet, and yet manages to relate, he can from that to the easy passage of Scripture in the book of St. John; and the strangest part of it all is that this is the only book in the library which he can read. We don't know how to account for this unless it is that he has memorized the entire book, and the constant use of one Testament for years and years has so imprinted it on his mind that he readily recognizes the contents of each page. He cannot read in any other Bible except his own.—Warrenton (Ga.) Clipper.

The Gallaudet Monument.

One of the most beautiful places of artistic workmanship, and one which most appropriately fills the niche for which it is intended, is the statue to be soon unveiled at Washington, erected to Thomas H. Gallaudet, LL. D., the founder of deaf mute education in America. In the early part of this century Gallaudet took an interest in a little girl who was a deaf mute and taught her an alphabet of signs. In the picture he is represented sending this child—Alice Cogswell—who is standing by his side.

A convention of deaf mutes and those interested in their education will be held at Washington at the time of the unveiling of the statue. The last convention was held in New York four years ago. At that convention it was voted to raise a fund for the statue. *Over $12,000* was contributed, and two years ago a contract for its design and construction was made with Daniel C. French, of Concord. The date of unveiling is fixed for June 26.

Dr. Gallaudet was graduated from the Andover Theological seminary in 1814, and became interested in teaching Alice Cogswell at Hartford, his work attracted the attention of a number of citizens of that place. Gallaudet soon afterward went abroad to learn the art of teaching deaf mutes. In 1816 he returned, and funds having been raised, a school was opened. This institution which, from a small beginning, gradually enlarged, remained under Dr. Gallaudet's care for fourteen years. From this school, the first in the United States, there have sprung forty. In no country in the world is so much care devoted to deaf mutes as the United States. Dr. Gallaudet died in 1851. His sons have since been engaged in carrying on the work he began by their father.

THE GALLAUDET MONUMENT.

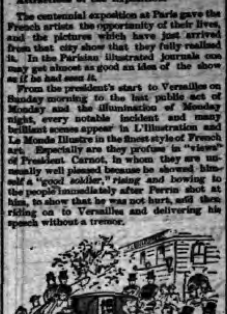
THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

IT OPENED BEFORE THE EXHIBITORS WERE HALF READY.

A Reception at the Start—A Disappointed Contractor Shouts at President Carnot. Inspiring Scenes at Versailles—Leading Attractions of the Exposition.

The centennial exposition at Paris gave the French artists the opportunity of their lives, and the pictures which have just arrived from that city show that they fully realized it. In the first place the buildings surrounded on every hand by gardens can only part almost as good an idea of the show *as if he had seen it.*

From the president's start to Versailles on Sunday morning to the last public act of Monday and the illumination of Monday night, every notable incident and many brilliant scenes appear in L'Illustration and Le Monde Illustre in the finest style of French art. Especially are they profuse in "views" of President Carnot, in whom they are unusually well pleased because he showed himself a "*good soldier,*" rising and bowing to the people immediately after Perrin shot at him, to show that he was not hurt, and then riding on to Versailles and delivering his speech without a tremor.



THE SHOOTING.

The occasion was indeed inspiring. The day was just a hundred years from that on which the states general met in the same hall—in what is now known as the Hotel des Menus Plaisirs—and on the very spot Bailly erected a bronze tablet commemorating the event. In the noted Hall of Mirrors, in presence of his ministers, foreign ambassadors, dignitaries and a splendid assembly he reviewed the events of a hundred years.

To those Americans who fancy that progress is confined to new countries, the statements of M. Carnot will be a revelation. President Carnot's oration would have come in the form of an amazing revelation. It is beyond question that the general condition of the French people has improved more in a century than that of Americans; but this is because the condition of the French was so very bad in 1789, and the revolution is surely more justified by its results. The French cultivators own two-thirds of the soil of France; three-fourths of the movable capital is in the hands of his middle classes; the average wealth is almost as great as in America, and the aggregate is rapidly increasing in spite of such blunders as the Panama canal scheme. Finally, President Carnot concludes that this condition is the best of guarantees for the permanency of the republic, for while there is doubt as to many political maxims, there is one that is certain—that a free government can never be maintained where the masses are desperately poor.

All the reports from Paris agree in a great disappointment: the exhibition is not half complete. In at least half the space there is only vacancy, and Great Britain is the only nation to begin with a fair section. The visitors will soon have their complete, but the necessary work greatly mars the enjoyment of the first fortnight. The crowd in attendance is roughly estimated at half a million,

OPENING THE EXPOSITION.

and it was observed that nearly all of them were Parisians. Situated in the centre of one of the main entrance way and in the Eiffel tower.

So much has been published of the Eiffel tower that it is only necessary here to say that its girth at the foot is a fifth of a mile, that the tower proper is 956 feet high and that at that level begins the campanile and rises to the lantern, 984 feet high, above which is only the peak. The electric light in the lantern is a marvel in itself, and the rays streaming out from it are represented as wonderful beyond the power of description.

Another attraction is the great champagne tun—the largest in the world—manufactured by E. Belleroche & Co., of Epernay, famous makers of Epernay, from Hungarian oak. Its capacity is equal to 200,000 bottles, or 800 hogsheads. It is twenty-five feet in height and of equal diameter. Weighing forty tons, the steel bands encircling it alone weighing three tons. It was drawn from Epernay to Paris in ten days by twelve yoke of oxen. Over the head of it is a bronze, elegantly carved to represent an allegorical group—La Champagne offering a bunch of grapes to Britannia, with the coat of arms of the principal European powers around. The mammoth tun stands in the palace of alimentary products, with a tasting stall and reception room, and during the fete is filled with champagne of the choicest vintage.

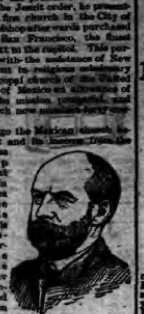
The Parisian papers reluctantly admit that at least half of the exhibitors are behind time, and so the opening crowd of the 6th of May, Turkish and Oriental departments generally are not up to the standard necessary for effective pictures. The Mexican and Brazilian sections are also far behind, and what unfinished, but are being rapidly filled; so the views herewith presented are only on the line of those to which the Parisian illustrated papers have been devoting so much space at President Carnot and his address are, of course, the great features with the French, and the president is now at the very height of his popularity. Anything he may do will take a friendly interest in the views here reproduced.

It is related of Bryant that when he read Percy Bysshe Shelley's poems for the first time he exclaimed: "Splendid! splendid! Nothing like it ever written in the English language before. A world of it."—Harper's Magazine.

BISHOP RILEY'S CHURCH.

It Was Started on the Protestant Episcopal Church in Mexico.

In 1869 the Rev. E. Chauncey Riley, a clergyman of the Episcopal church, went to Mexico to engage in missionary work. He founded and finally mailed the church of Jesus, and was finally made a bishop in recognition of the work he had accomplished as a missionary to Mexico. Bishop Riley is a friend of Bishop Harris, and when the president confiscated the property of the Jesuit order, he presented Riley with a fine church in the City of Mexico, and also the convent property purchased by the convent of San Francisco, the finest building there next to the capitol. This purchase was made with the assistance of New Yorkers and others in sympathy with their work. The Episcopal church of the United States gave that of Mexico an allowance of $40,000 a year, the mission being regarded as the Mexican church, now in process of segregations.



BISHOP RILEY.

Several years ago the Mexican church became independent and its connection from the United States was cut off. Bishop Riley spent a great deal of his time in the United States trying to raise means for his church, but in the attitude of independence of the organization in the United States has labored under a great disadvantage, being opposed by the very men who had secured his elevation to a bishopric. Not long ago a Philadelphia paper called The Standard and the Cross printed the following advertisement:

WANTED.

Contributions to aid the Christian work in Mexico are most promptly needed, and can be mailed to the address of Bishop E. C. RILEY, Care of J. P. Heath, 104 Fifth avenue, New York.

To our Christian Friends:

As there is a regular monthly expense in connection with the work, a regular monthly income is needed to meet that expense. We therefore specially ask for regular monthly contributions to be handed to the treasurer, or mailed to him every month, or quarter, or whenever they can. It will do great good. Remember, every little helps.

E. CHAUNCEY RILEY.

Immediately underneath this appeal appeared this notice:

CHURCH WORK IN MEXICO.

The position of the Protestant Episcopal church toward the work in Mexico is indicated by the following statement of the presiding bishop and others, recognizing the work:

"We, the undersigned, hereby express our cordial approval of the mission in Mexico, and believe it to be a most effective work for reform in Mexico should send their contributions to William G. Boulton, Esq., No. 128 Madison avenue, New York.

"We are compelled to believe that funds contributed for this purpose will certainly be instructive, to say nothing more.

J. WILLIAMS, Presiding Bishop, etc.
A. N. LITTLEJOHN, Bishop of Long Island.
W. C. DOANE, Bishop of Albany.
H. C. POTTER, Bishop of New York."

Bishop E. C. Riley is therefore wholly unauthorized to solicit subscriptions.

This brings up the question as to whether the independence of the Mexican church is desirable, or only exists in the imaginations of the missionary bishop and his churchmen. Will contributions come in, or will the United States bishops succeed in cutting off the supply.

Marked in a White Oak Tree.

"M. S., 1779," is the inscription cut upon an old white oak tree near the residence of Mr. E. H. Ogletree, in this county. We are told that it was cut on there by "Mason Stewart" during the year above mentioned, and the tract of land now owned by the Ogletree family was granted Mr. Moses Stevens by the government. Mr. O. has the chain of title from way back to that date. We notice one of the old seals that was made of wax and was so old that the dates can scarcely be seen on it. The printing is antique, and is far behind the work that is turned out nowadays by amateur printers.—Crawfordville (Ga.) Democrat.

The La Salle Institute.

The corner stone of what is to be one of the most important institutions of learning in Chicago was laid with great ceremony in that city recently. It is to be called the De La Salle institute, after John Baptist De La Salle, the founder of the Christian Brotherhood. A magnificent building, four stories in height, is now in process of erection. It is on the corner of Thirty-fifth street and Wabash avenue and has a total frontage of 220 feet. In architecture it will be distinguished rather by massive simplicity than by ornament.

It will be four stories in height, and built of Bedford stone. The school will comprise twenty-four class rooms, and will accommodate 600 pupils. Especially, more if necessary. The institute is intended as a commercial and industrial, as well

LA SALLE INSTITUTE—ANOTHER ANGLE VIEW.

as a general educational, school for boys. It will be under the management of the Christian Brothers, of Chicago, of whom Brother Athelem, portrayed in this cut, is one of the leading spirits.

The order was founded in the *seventeenth century by Frere De La Salle*, the presiding priest of the abbey of Rheims, one of the most ancient and most revered incumbents in connection with the church. Since it was founded its fame immemorial celebrated their association to the throne. Here De La Salle, the genius of this rich and famous parish, and in the year 1680 evolved his ordinance, gave the proposals to charity and established the Christian brotherhood, that survives in a highly developed form to this day.

De La Salle's idea was solely to found a college of teachers—a school for the thorough education of young men as teachers. The Christian Brothers are thus the best of the Catholic normal schools in the world. Since De La Salle died the order which he organized and set in action has expanded and established itself in every Christian country on the globe.

Window Shades, Hollands, Fringes, etc. We are now prepared to do a first-class business in all its branches. We have in stock a complete assortment of goods pertaining to these lines and can execute orders for shades at very short notice. Also, a large assortment of Window Blinds, wide, on sale from 30c up.

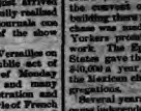
OLD CARPETS made over and re-laid. Carpets cleaned by steam. Feathers renovated and made. J. S. Hoagland, 107 Somerset street, formerly with W. & J. Sloane of New York, is in charge of this department; we will guarantee all work done A No. 1.

CARPETS!—Don't buy a carpet of any kind until you have examined our LARGE and ELEGANT STOCK and pressed yourself on our Spacious Low Prices. We can save you money on Carpets!

ABSOLUTE Pure Black Leather Hose, 10c, worth 15c to 20c, and extra quality for 25c, worth 35c; all sizes. Extra fine 50c Cashmere Hose at 35c, children's do. at 25c; Ladies' Pure Silk Gloves at 50c, the 65c grade, 4-button, at 40c; Pure Silk Mitts at 25c and 35c; Ladies' Kid Gloves at 50c; Pure Kid Gloves at 75c; Perfect Kid Gloves at $1 in all the new shades as usually sold for 25c. Our $1.65 Kid Gloves for $1.25, for a few days; Ladies' Balbriggan Hose at 15c, worth 18c, or two pair for 25c; Ladies' Fine Ribbed Vests at 18c; Ladies' Extra-quality Gray Vests at 25c, a good bargain; all sizes. Ribbons, Laces, Trimmed Skirts, 50c, 75c, 90c, $1.25, $1.40), $1.75, $2; Men's Gauze Shirts, 35c, 50c, 65c and 75c.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.



THE BOPLE SAY our line of BABY CARRIAGES alone is worthy of a visit to our commodious WAREROOMS. Where we will explain the merits of the McKEE PATENT RUB, be with illustrated. And it is a fact that our stock of FURNITURE SURPASSES anything in Central New Jersey. Whether you wish to buy or not we pleased to have you call 22 to. No trouble to show goods. Our motto: "The BEST GOODS at LOWEST PRICES

GARRET Q. PACKER,

FURNITURE.
SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT,
1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICE, and, owing to the very generous trade which we have had during the past month, we have a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.
FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1879.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages.

TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA

of the different styles of FOOTWEAR for Summer we invite you to look at our windows The shoes you see there are leaders, and we keep them in stock.

DOANE & VanARSDALE,
22 West Front Street,
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE

L. M. FRENCH,
FINE CARRIAGES,
ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES.
Our repair department is excelled by none.
18 and 18 SOMERSET STREET.

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? these good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Lawns! A good one for 6c, a better one for 8c and the 4-4 Batistes and Swisses at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 25c and 35c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists, the best for $1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 19c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 39c, 49c and upward.

PARASOLS! Now is you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest Silk at $2.97. In stripes and plain Satins we have all shades at $1 and upward. A bargain in black Satin Sun Umbrella at $2, $2.50 and $3.97.

FANS! A large line at 10c, 15c, 19c, 25c and 39c. Fine Feather Fans, 49c to $1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to SHOE BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 25c; and extra-heavy Ingrains 30c, 45c and 50c. All wool Two-ply Ingrains, 55c; Gobelin Reversible Rag Carpet, 35c, 40c and 45c. Fancy Mattings, 12 1-2c upward. An inspection of all seasonable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

Crane's Hat Store,
19 PARK AVENUE.
Trunks! Trunks!
Valises, etc.
BIG STOCK

L. HEYNIGER,
81 & 83 Somerset St.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I have in stock all the choice brands of beer, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILSBURY and ROCK. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality, PRICES LOW.

H. HEIGENER'S books constantly on hand. Also, a variety of WOODEN WARE.

Terrill & Cole,
successors to Ford & Stiles
UNDERTAKERS AND
PRACTICAL EMBALMERS,
No. 20 East Front street, Plainfield
H. H. TERRILL, GEO. W. COLE
Telephone call 41.

Fresh Garden Seeds,
Garden Tools,
RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,
Cutlery, etc.
N. H. & J. J. HEIDELOFF,
13 Somerset street,

NO. 43 NORTH AVENUE.
Edw. C. Mulford,
BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE
EDINBURGH
North American of Philadelphia, Phenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.
Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accident and Life Insurance Co.
And Agent for the sale of Stock of the Spring Meadow and Milling Co., (River Mead of Colorado).
MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

BEWARE
of the many so-called
Black Stockings
The ones bearing the "S. & A." brand
Are the Ones
guaranteed to give SATISFACTION, or
Money Refunded
Ladies' Hose from 25c to 50c. Children's from 10 to 60 cents. I am the sole agent for them in Plainfield.
H. A. POPE.

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,
and 23 Park avenue.
P. O. Box 259.
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
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Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

James H. Pope,
Carpenter & Builder
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
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All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

Joseph Krewson,
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Furniture Express
51 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made of
Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
25 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Berg.
Everything necessary in the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

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NEW GOODS
GIVE US A TRIAL.
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34 - W. FRONT ST. - 34

KENNEY
IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE. ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAY'S
City Livery Stables,
64 West Fourth street.
Telephone call 126. Plainfield, N. J.
Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Tilsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

PICTURE
FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWER'S
64 New York Prices, Studio, 25 West Front street. Strainer for drawing and stipplating.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

A Proclamation by the Mayor.

Mayor's Office, Plainfield, N. J., June 4th, 1889.

The harrowing news of the loss of life and the destitution and suffering caused at Johnstown, Pa., by a devastating flood, arouses the sympathy of all for the survivors of the terrible disaster.

Believing that the citizens of Plainfield are anxious to contribute to the relief of the sufferers, I suggest that they immediately make their donations. Subscription papers will be found at all the drug stores in the city and at the railway station. Money may also be sent to me, to Mr. J. K. Myers, Chairman of the Finance Committee of Common Council, or to Mr. John W. Murray. I also recommend that collections be taken at all the churches next Sunday for that purpose. Donations of clothing will also be received at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

JOB MALE, Mayor.

[Mr. J. K. Myers will be Treasurer of the Johnstown Relief Fund. It is understood that the idea of calling a public meeting may not be carried out if the work of securing subscriptions continue satisfactory without it.]

Sufferers' Express Goes Free.

Office of the United States Express Company, Plainfield, N. J., June 4th, 1889.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The recent disaster at Johnstown, Pa., which has resulted in tremendous loss of life and property, in consequence of which many are left homeless and destitute, has led General Superintendent C. E. Topping, of this Company, to direct me to receive and forward all matter, freight or money, destined to the relief of the Johnstown sufferers, free of charge. Our drivers will pick up any such matter promptly. Anyone who may take advantage of this opportunity is assured that his donations will be distributed to the best advantage.

A. E. KENNEY, Agt. U. S. Ex. Co.

IF THERE BE A PLEASURE ON EARTH WHICH ANGELS CANNOT ENJOY, AND WHICH THEY MIGHT ALMOST ENVY MAN THE POSSESSION OF, IT IS THE POWER OF RELIEVING DISTRESS. —Lacon.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 155; days to come, 210.

—Lord Wolseley was born fifty-six years ago to-day.

—To-morrow will be Pledge Day with the Band of Hope. A meeting will be held at 73 West Front street at 4 p. m.

—The furniture stores of Plainfield will be closed each evening except Saturday at seven o'clock during the Summer.

—The members of the Plainfield Council of the Royal Arcanum will meet Monday evening to extend help to their afflicted brothers at Johnstown.

—The Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. are reminded that Mr. H. Melander will give one of his interesting "Chalk Talks" at their devotional meeting Thursday evening. Other boys are invited.

—Rumors are afloat that in a brawl in a house near the Potter Press Works Sunday night a woman was wounded in the throat. The matter has not been reported to the police; and the story, if it is true in any particular, has been greatly exaggerated.

—The first of a series of weekly lectures will be delivered to-night by Mr. F. W. Grant on the second and third chapters of the Revelations at the meeting-room, No. 6 East Front street, over the Dime Savings Institution, at 7:45 o'clock. Admission will be free.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Jos. S. Powlison, of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, started this morning for a week's visit to Pluckamin, N. J.

Mr. George A. Chapman, of West Eighth street, was elected a Manager of the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday.

Mr. R. H. Monaghan, formerly of Miller's pharmacy, Plainfield, is now in charge of R. B. Cusick's drug store at Asbury Park.

Among the governmental appointments issued Saturday was that of Mr. Wm. H. Manning, to be postmaster at South Plainfield.

Mrs. J. B. Truell, of Central avenue, will leave for Asbury Park Thursday to spend the Summer. The "Kenwood" will be opened June 12th.

Mr. Leo Daft, of Putnam street, lectured before the pupils of Rodman Seminary on "Electricity" last evening. The pupils were accompanied to Mr. Daft's laboratory by the principal, Mrs. R. C. Dingee, and her assistants.

Mrs. Wm. H. Moore and Mrs. G. W. F. Randolph left last evening for Chicago. Mrs. Randolph will go to Norwalk, O., to attend her father's golden wedding anniversary. Mrs. Moore will visit her brother, Mr. Chas. E. Hoxap, of Englewood, Illinois.

Funeral services over the remains of Abraham B. Hartpence, who died yesterday at his home in Evona, will be held at the Plainfield M. E. church Thursday afternoon at three o'clock. Plainfield Lodge, No. 44, I. O. O. F., will attend in a body.

Mr. Albert Winter, formerly of the firm of Schepflin, Baldwin, Tweedy & Co., Plainfield, was married to Miss Adaline M. Benson at the residence of the bride's sister on Fifth avenue Saturday afternoon. Among those present at the wedding were Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Pitts, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Winter, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Whitney, Mrs. J. E. Myers and Miss Lilian Fritts, of Plainfield. Mr. and Mrs. Winter will sail for Europe in about two weeks, to be gone until October.

North Plainfield's School.

A meeting of the North Plainfield school voters will be held this evening to consider the matter of erecting a new school.

To Break Ground for the Chapel

The exercises and reception attending the breaking of ground for the new chapel of the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church will be held this evening.

AID FOR JOHNSTOWN SUFFERERS.

Ready Contributions Flow Into "THE NEWS" Fund.

The following contributions in response to our appeal toward the relief of the Johnstown sufferers are hereby acknowledged:

H. G. Runkle	$25.00
T. W. Morrison	10.00
C. H. Caldwell	20.00
A. D. Cook & Bro	30.00
Joseph Bleiz	10.00
Mulford Bell	10.00
C. Jenkins, M. D.	10.00
VanBlargan & White	10.00
Stephen Allen	5.00
Craig A. Marsh	5.00
Carney Bros	5.00
Daniel Adams	5.00
Field & Randolph	5.00
F. C. Langhorne	5.00
Louis Cook, D. S	5.00
F. S. Wells	5.00
G. W. Endicott, M. D	5.00
C. J. Morgan	5.00
Harry D. Morrison	5.00
J. B. Miller	5.00
Geo. Allen	5.00
J. D. Spicer	5.00
John H. Jackson	5.00
Daniel Adams	5.00
J. Frank Hubbard	5.00
John Johnson	5.00
Louis Cook, D. S	5.00
Mantz Bros	5.00
Schwed Bros	5.00
Chas. Fisher	5.00
Wm. M. Stillman	5.00
W. B. Arrington	5.00
C. H. Griffen	4.00
Doane & VanArsdale	3.00
C. D. Farson, Jr	3.00
J. Hazniger	3.00
H. F. Coriell	2.00
H. Hand	2.00
Garret O. Pack	2.00
Harry Werner	2.00
John P. Dunham	2.00
John J. Kenney	2.00
L. M. French	2.00
Thomas Jones	2.00
R. A. Ross	2.00
R. B. Carter, Fanwood	2.00
C. H. Ayres	2.00
W. W. Coriell	2.00
W. L. Carse	2.00
Geo. Gilbert	2.00
Edward Campbell	1.50
Edward B. Daly	1.50
E. L. Lindsley	1.50
Charles Smith	1.00
Fraser, Putnam	1.00
Harvey Dunn	1.00
Jas. A. Martin	1.00
Joseph C. Smith	1.00
J. Hyerson	1.00
Jeremiah Manning	1.00
Louis McIntosh	1.00
Mrs. Dunn	1.00
Samuel Wakefield	1.00
Wm. A. Woodruff	1.00
W. A. Coddington	1.00
Wm. L. Gavett	1.00
Frederick Lamont	.50
Lin Woolley	.50
Poor Cuss	.27
S. E. F	.25
Total to the hour of going to press	$215.02

We trust that every one will feel like giving something, however small, for small amounts help to make large ones; and he gives twice who gives promptly. The calamity in the loss of life and property is most appalling, and immediate contributions are imperatively needed.

The City Council last evening authorized its Finance Committee to call a public meeting of citizens to raise contributions. This is good, but it will take time. We will be glad meanwhile to receive contributions to help the matter along. Never in our history has calamity appealed more to our sympathies.

The Cambria Iron Company, of which Mr. S. H. Jacobus, of East Front street, is a large stockholder, will contribute $30,000 to the relief of the sufferers, despite their own large losses.

PUBLIC SCHOOL MATTERS.

The Coming Commencement. Prize Competitors.—'79's Gift.

At the June meeting of the Board of Education last evening every member was present—President Kirkner and Messrs. Babcock, Hurlbut, Murray and Wadsworth.

Several bills were ordered paid, among them that of Geo. M. Angleman for $50, for grading and repairing the Irving school grounds. A rise was made in the salaries of several of the teachers. The Secretary, Judge Wadsworth, was instructed to have printed programmes and tickets for Commencement.

An artistic bit of penmanship was exhibited in the shape of a diploma drawn by Mr. Wm. H. Smith, whose design was readily adopted. From it handsome lithographs will be made. Of this lot of diplomas some will go to members of the training class and some to members of the graduating class.

Committees to award several of the Commencement prizes were appointed as follows: Composition—Mr. Samuel Huntington. Mr. H. P. Talmage and the Rev. Dr. J. F. Taylor.

Penmanship—Mr. Wm. M. Smith, Mr. J. Evarts Tracy and Mr. S. A. Glenn.

Mathematics—Mr. Wm. M. Stillman.

The Secretary was instructed to advertise for bids for one hundred and fifty tons of coal.

Other matters—such as rearranging the seats in a room at the Washington school, flying a flag from the top of the building, and heating the High School by steam heat—were referred to various committees.

At the meeting next month the Class of '79 will present a gift to the High School.

Last Night at Music Hall.

Stillman Music Hall was engaged at a rental of $50, and a license fee to the city of $10, for an exhibition of athletic sports by amateurs, for the benefit of a crew out in Bound Brook, who had furnished satisfactory credentials. When the bills were posted the Music Hall Association discovered for the first time that there was to be boxing. The men who rented the Hall were taken to task for concealing that feature, but it was found impossible to cancel the contract for the rental of the Hall. Extra policemen were then engaged, and the performers were warned that if any hard hitting or other disorderly conduct were observed the performance would be immediately stopped by the police. Promises were given that their injunctions would be strictly followed. It may be said to the credit of the performers that they kept their promises to the letter. Whatever objectionable occurred was in the audience, and the audience was repeatedly warned from the stage that the exhibition would be stopped at once if any of the spectators became disorderly.

RELIEF FOR JOHNSTOWN

THE QUEEN CITY READY TO AID THE STRICKEN PEOPLE.

Common Council Provides for a Public Meeting.—"A Test from the Almighty on Our Charity."—Other Business Transacted by the Board.

The piteous appeals for aid coming from the stricken people of Johnstown are to be given prompt response by the people of New Jersey's Queen City, and last evening Common Council provided for the speedy holding of a public meeting to establish a relief fund for the sufferers from flood and fire, from threatened pestilence and famine.

Other important business transacted by the "Board of City Fathers" was the acceptance of the resignation of City Judge George P. Sydam and the election of his law-partner, Mr. Wm. M. Stillman, to fill his place.

In the matter of Street Railways Mr. Leo Daft reported that the sample car would be on exhibition in Plainfield in a few days; and concerning Water-Works and Sewerage the Committee made known the fact that they would be able to present the details of an important step in advance at the next meeting, which will be held Monday evening, June 10th.

Last night's session of Common Council was the tenth meeting of the year. President J. B. Dumont tapped with the gavel at exactly 8:30. Those present were Councilmen Dumont, Dunham, Jenkins, Marsh, Moffett, Myers and Newhall. Councilmen Erickson, Gallup, Squires and Watson were absent. City Clerk O. B. Leonard read the minutes of the meeting of May 6th and they were approved as read.

WANTS TO RENT CITY OFFICES.

A communication from Chas. H. Hand was read. He submitted plans of a building now being constructed by him on Second street containing steam-heated rooms which he desires to rent for Council Chamber and city offices for $100 per month. The matter was referred to the Committee on Streets.

CROSSWALKS AND A BETTER ROAD.

To the Committee on Streets were referred three petitions: From I. L. Miller, Job Male and others, for a stone walk across Ninth street on the south side of Broadway; from C. M. Goddard, Wm. G. Brett, O. T. Waring and others, for a walk across Third place on the north side of Ninth street; and from E. H. Sayre and others, for the laying of a top-dressing of crushed stone on Elm place, for which the property-owners would build a stone curb.

NO FRANK BUILDINGS ALLOWED.

E. H. Holmes petioned for privilege to erect a frame coal-shed on Madison avenue opposite the Stevens Lidgl Works. The petition was referred to the Committee on Fire and Buildings, who reported adversely, and the petition was denied.

TO BUILD WATER-WORKS AND SEWERS.

Emil Wollman and G. F. Fuller petitioned for a franchise to construct, build and operate a system of water-works and sewerage in Plainfield. The petition was referred to the Committee on Water, Printing and Stationery, as was also a communication from Wm. M. Sandford, Dr. J. T. Fritts and others, urging Council to expedite matters in granting franchises to build water-works, a sewerage system and a street railway.

THE ELECTRIC CAR NEARLY DONE.

A letter was read from Leo Daft stating that the shell of the electric car for the sample car for his proposed electric street railway was done to the manufactures, Messrs. Brill & Co., of Philadelphia, who have found Mr. Daft's pattern something considerably out of the ordinary run and who have been perfecting the car accordingly, as they could understand its peculiarities. It will reach Mr. Daft's factory in Plainfield about June 5th, and the work of attaching a storage battery will then proceed. In a few days it will be here on exhibition. Mr. Daft's letter was referred to the Committee on Streets.

LICENSES GRANTED AND BILLS PAID.

The following license-applications were presented, referred to the Committee on Licenses and subsequently granted:

Hackmen—Henry Hansen, Frank Day.

Peddlers—H. B. Harbrodt, D. Lindsey, Kendell Mfg. Co.

Carmen—L. V. Coddington, Wm. Perrine, John Kiley.

Those bills were read, referred to the proper committees and, later, ordered paid:

Swift, $21.10; Wm. Stillman, $125; W. C. Smith, Treasurer Winfield Scott Post, $20; John Adams, $9; John Hann, $23; Geo. Kotz, $10.50; ——— Motley, $7.50; John Heffernan, $15; L. H. Bigelow & Co., $16.80; Thomas Melville, $75; Holden & Co., $23; George M. Angleman, $115.50; $50; John H. Angleman, $17.20; Plainfield Electric Light Co., $673.41; M. Powers, $94.84; O. R. Leonard, $63.75.

Police—Thomas McCue, $60; F. J. Plasted, $60; Wm. Gilmore, $60; F. Lynch, $60; G. W. Grant, $60; T. J. Carey, $110.05.

Fire Department—John Albert, $6; Wm. Hickey, $6; Marsh & Co., $13.62; George Conover, $41.66; Engine Company No. 2, $23; Plainfield Gas Light Co., $8.35; Joseph Cooey, $26.83; Wm. Carstens, $8; T. O. Dunne, $42.85.

Support of the Poor—Various claims amounting to $535.87.

HELP FOR JOHNSTOWN.

A letter from ex-Councilman John W. Murray was read as follows:

To the Common Council of the City of Plainfield.

Gentlemen:—Our citizens have been horrified the last few days by the reports that have reached us from an adjoining State of loss of life and property by flood and fire and of suffering that calls loudly for help from the survivors.

This terrible disaster calls for our prompt action and we should be given an opportunity, Almighty as a test of our charity.

With the fullest enjoyment of all that makes life pleasant, property ought to be more ready than the citizens of Plainfield to urge forward and extend a helping hand to the unfortunate.

I would suggest that you appoint a committee to issue a call for subscriptions or to call a meeting of citizens, as your body may decide. The meeting could be held in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association. JOHN W. MURRAY.

The letter was referred to the Finance Committee, with instructions to call a public meeting of citizens to raise a fund for a public meeting as proposed. The desire was granted.

A FINANCIAL MATTER FOR MR. MARSH.

An Alley Leonard reported that he was disinclined to audit a bill of Mr. T. W. Morrison for advertising because he understood that Mr. Morrison ought to have been appointed to serve as a ten days' interval, whereas they had been published twice within one week. The bill was referred to Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh for his opinion.

[This would seem to the weekly papers also, for Mr. Clerk doesn't wish them disputed, his brother-in-law is a prospective customer. It is not known to us that he has ever objected to placing them before. The bill in question has been in his possession a month, during which time he had abundant opportunity to call upon Corporation Counsel on any technical point; but he did not see fit to do so, for reasons best known to himself. The bill was presented to Council and laid at the previous meeting of Council. The Clerk apparently seems to have been laboring hard for some months past to further his own interests. We shall devote more attention to the matter later on; to-day's session of his business was entirely too short to allow him time to discuss it, but defer at present for want of space.]

SOME ODD BALANCES.

Tax Collector John Johnson reported that his collections to May 1st had been $216.05, of which $167.45 went to the Board of Education and $451.25 to the general fund of the city.

Treasurer Alex. Titsworth reported the following balances-on-hand:

General fund, $600.13; fire, $94.53; poor, $110 49; interest, $1,318.57.

Both reports were received and filed.

WHAT WE DO FOR THE POOR.—BETTER SHELTER NEEDED.

The quarterly report of J. Oakley Nodyne, Overseer of the Poor, was read, received and filed. It showed the following:

Amount paid out for provisions, $221.75; number of applicants for provisions, 84; for coal and wood, 23; for rent, 28; number of families on the roll at the beginning of the quarter, 52; number dropped, 6; added, 2; added, 1; now on the roll, 49.

Mr. Nodyne reported also that during the protracted illness of Judge Boylan Mayor Male, himself and Overseer Nodyne had visited the poor-house and, in company with Mr. Nodyne and himself, had conducted the examinations of applicants. The report concluded with a suggestion that the poor must be provided with shelter in a manner different from that of the present.

FIRE DEPARTMENT MATTERS.—FOURTH OF JULY PROTECTION.

Chief Engineer T. O. Doane for the Board of Engineers presented a list of the officers recently elected by the several companies. The elections were confirmed.

The Chief reported that the addition and repairs to Engine House No. 2 were nearly completed; that the alterations at the hook and ladder house were finished; that the apparatus was in good order and that the bells were in excellent condition. He recommended that the schools of Zephyr, Hook and Ladder Truck No. 1, be painted at a cost of not over $25, that the first floor of the house be repainted for a sum not more than $60 and that the usual arrangements for extra precaution the Fourth of July be made. The report was received and filed and a resolution was unanimously adopted authorizing the customary vigilance and expense for the Fourth.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY'S SPLENDID CONDITION.—DIRECTORS RE-ELECTED.

The report of the Plainfield Public Library for the year was received and filed. The Directors' report was read by President Job Male and Treasurer J. B. Dumont, gave the following totals:

Receipts, $4,942.92; expenses, $3,347.10; disbursements, $2,515.45; balance-on-hand, $625.65.

Receipts from subscriptions, $716.34; disbursements, $320.37; balance on-hand, $397.97.

Number of books in the Library, 7,000 volumes. Added during the year by purchase, 393; by gift, 273. Number of periodical card holders, 1,467. Number of visitors during the year, 30,000.

Mayor Male presented a list of nominations for members of the Public Library Board of Directors, which were unanimously confirmed as follows:

Terms to expire July 1st, 1891—J. Evarts Tracy, Alex. Titsworth, Dr. F. Taylor.

Terms to expire July 1st, 1892—Augustus C. Baldwin, Joseph W. Yates, Wm. M. Stillman.

TO CAPTURE CULPRIT DOGS AND DELINQUENT TAX-PAYERS.

Mayor Male appointed John R. Naylor as dog-catcher, vice Hopkins, suspended. He entered he at Mr. Naylor's residence, 15 Lake street. The nomination was confirmed and Naylor was sworn in.

The nomination of Robert Walker, janitor of the Irving school, to be a special policeman, and Constable Gallup, to deputize Night Watchman W. Nash to be a special policeman and as the officer to receive and exact delinquent taxes were confirmed.

Later in the evening a resolution prevailed fixing Mr. Nash's bond at $1,000 and his fees for collecting the delinquent taxes at one per cent. on the first $2,500 and two per cent. on the balance.

CITY JUDGE SYDAM RESIGNS.—WM. M. STILLMAN ELECTED.

A communication was received from City Judge George P. Sydam tendering his resignation and requesting that it take effect immediately. It was tabled awhile, but subsequently the resignation was accepted and Council proceeded to elect his successor. Mr. Myers nominated Wm. M. Stillman, Judge Wadsworth seconded the nomination and the nomination and the Councilmen balloted with Messrs. Moffett and Jenkins as tellers. Mr. Stillman received six votes and Mr. Coddington one. Mr. Stillman was declared elected.

NEWS COMING FROM WATER-WORKS.

Mr. Myers was the only member of the Water Committee present. He said that the Committee would be able to report at the next session of the Council, whether it should be a regular or a special meeting.

WHERE SIDEWALKS MUST BE CURBED.

Mr. Marsh presented an ordinance providing that within that section of the city bounded by Front street, Central avenue, Seventh street, Grandview avenue and the river all sidewalks must be curbed by the property-owners under the direction of the Street Committee; that curbing must be of blue-stone four inches thick and sixteen inches deep unless otherwise authorized by Council.

The ordinance was referred on its second reading and was ordered engrossed and advertised preparatory to a third reading.

COAL-SHEDS AND BUILDING PERMITS.

A second ordinance presented by Mr. Marsh went through the same course. It is intended to govern the management of all vaults and coal-sheds under sidewalks in front of coal-cellars under sidewalks in particular. It provides several penalties for property-owners who allow vaults to become unsafe in any way a menace to public safety. One section provides that when a building operation are in progress a passageway on the sidewalk must be maintained to the width of five feet, of the sidewalk is over twelve feet wide; or to its full width, if less than five feet.

ALL SPRINKLERS MUST NOW BE LICENSED.

The ordinance compelling all street-sprinklers to take out licenses came up for its second reading and was adopted on its third reading.

AN EMERGENCY ORDINANCE.

On motion of Mr. Marsh the vote by which the ordinance regulating the regulations concerning the erection of buildings and bonds lost was reconsidered, and the motion to adopt was lost. An appropriation of $1,000 for the general fund, $500 for the fire departments and $500 for the poor, the first two amounts from the Fire Relief Association fund and the third from the National Bank. Adjourned at 10:20 to continue the session next week Monday evening.

SCOTCH PLAINS' SCHOOL

$17,000 TO BE RAISED ON BONDS FOR A NEW BRICK STRUCTURE.

This Represents the Major Portion of the Total Cost.—A Handsome Site Chosen.—The Old School Property Exchanged in Part Payment for the New.

[Correspondence of The News.]

FANWOOD, N. J. June 4th.—At last night's meeting of the voters of the Scotch Plains Public School District, it was unanimously decided to erect a new school building, and Mr. A. D. Shepard, Dr. J. C. Coles and Mr. Jas. O. Cottrell were appointed an advisory committee to act with the Trustees.

The site chosen for the new structure is the old Doctor Force lot, a portion of which will be purchased from Mr. Warren Acker-man, Mr. Shepard and Dr. Coles, who have agreed to accept the old school house and lot in part payment, with $1,000 in cash as the balance. The new site fronts on Park avenue, and its dimensions are 132 feet front by 200 feet deep.

To pay for the new building $17,000 are to be raised on $300 bonds, two bonds to be paid each year.

The new school house is to be a plain, substantial brick structure, with brick or stone trimmings, designed to contain not less than five rooms, some of which shall have seating-capacity for less than forty children, and two of which shall have capacity for not less than sixty. The ceilings shall be not less than twelve nor more than fourteen feet high. The building shall contain two stories in height and shall have not less than two entrances.

At last night's meeting, when all these details were decided on by resolution, Mr. George R. Nichols was Chairman and Mr. D. F. Hall Secretary.

The resolutions were all adopted unanimously except the one fixing the appropriation and providing for bonds. This was voted for on a secret ballot which resulted in 101 ayes and 48 nays.

C.

TO FLY 300 MILES.

Plainfield Carrier Pigeons To Compete for a Valued Prize.

The Plainfield Homing Club yesterday shipped in the Club-house eleven birds to be flown from Lovingston, Va., 300 miles distant, in a prize competition. The race will be entered by birds from various cities in this section of the country, and the owner of the carrier making the best average speed will be awarded a valuable imported set of English china ware presented by the importer, Mr. Verrinder, of Jersey City, who is an enthusiastic member of the Homing Federation.

The Plainfield history was held on Philadelphia to be countermanded, and to-day were shipped to Lovingston, from whence they will be flown Wednesday morning, if the weather permit. If there be storms or adverse winds the birds will be held until a fairer day.

Each member of the Federation is entitled to fly three birds. The race will be flown under Federation rules and management and must occur before June 10th.

Railroad Trains Running.

Mr. Edward Nelson, ticket agent at the North avenue railroad station, has received from the headquarters of the New Jersey Central Railroad Company orders to review the selling of tickets over the Philadelphia and Reading and Baltimore and Ohio route to points south and west of Baltimore, traffic having been resumed through the flooded districts.

FRANCIS EDER

DRAMATIC

COMPANY

SOCIAL CLASS

Entertainment at Bound Brook Hall on the evening of

Friday, June 7th.

Highly delightful programme.

Tickets, 15, 25 and 35 cents. Young people should all attend. 1-9d.

STRAWBERRY AND ICE CREAM

FESTIVAL

under the auspices of the LADIES' AID SOCIETY of the M. E. Church, to be held in

Vincent Chapel,

Thursday and Friday evenings,

JUNE 6th and 7th.

Admission, 10c. Good Music. 3-4t

HOTEL

NETHERWOOD

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank E. Miller.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North Avenues.

N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 28-11-8m

BAPTISTS MEET IN PLAINFIELD.

The 46th Anniversary of the East New Jersey Association.

The opening session of the forty-sixth anniversary of the East New Jersey Baptist Association was held in the Park avenue Baptist church this morning.

The Association is composed of churches in Jersey City, Newark, Elizabeth, Paterson, Red Bank, Westfield, Plainfield and other places in this part of the State.

The delegates were called to order by the Rev. Dr. G. W. Nicholson, of Jersey City, who was Moderator of the last meeting. The church had been very prettily decorated by the ladies, assisted by Mr. L. Baysinger, and the pulpit was covered with flowers. Besides the delegates there were present many visitors from other associations and churches.

After the Rev. Dr. G. W. Clark had led in prayer and the congregation had sung "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name" the Committee of Arrangements for the present meeting was announced. It is composed of the Rev. Asa Reed Dills, Chairman, the Rev. A. A. Myers and Deacon Wm. Bowne and Mr. E. Belger Sutphen.

The following were appointed as a Committee of Nomination and permanent officers the Rev. William Rollinson, Mr. William White and Mr. C. P. Wood.

The address of welcome followed. It was delivered by the Rev. Asa Reed Dills, pastor of the Park avenue church, and in a few well-chosen words cordially greeted the visiting ministers and laymen.

The following nominations, made by the Committee, were unanimously confirmed:

Moderator—Rev. G. W. Nicholson, of Jersey City.

Standing Clerk—Oliver B. Leonard, of Plainfield.

Assistant Clerk—C. Edgar Sutphen, of Newark.

The congregation then sang "Rise! Ye the Ye that Binds" and the visiting brethren from other associations were invited to seats in the meeting.

After reading of the Scriptures and prayer by the Rev. J. H. Parks, of Scotch Plains, the Rev. Joseph Barsse, of Fairmount church, Newark, He chose as his text Hebrews VII: 24-26, and delivered a very thoughtful and impressive discourse.

At the conclusion of the sermon the Moderator appointed a long list of standing committees, and the letter from the Park avenue church was read, after which the session adjourned until this afternoon.

The session this afternoon was preceded by the annual meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society.

At the session this evening the Rev. William Rollinson, of Rahway, will deliver an address.

There will be a morning and an afternoon session to-morrow, when the Association will adjourn.

Died.

HARTPENCE—At Evona, June 3d, Absalom B. Hartpence, age 57 years.

Funeral services will be held at the M. E. church Thursday afternoon at three o'clock.

Members of Plainfield Lodge, No. 44, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at their rooms at 1:30 o'clock to attend the funeral. 1*

Special Notices.

1105.—The members of Plainfield Council, 711, R. A., are hereby notified to attend the regular meeting of said Council Monday, June 10th, at 8 p. m., for action in regard to our afflicted brothers of 401 at Johnstown is highly necessary.

ALBERT AARON W. HAND, Regent.
H. A. THORNE, Secretary. 4-5d

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 99c each.

* * *

Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 23c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling any extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 38c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 13c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 35c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular lowprices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are here to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $3.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find [our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

Field & Randolph,

CITY PHARMACY

31 WEST FRONT STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

BLOWING UP THE DEBRIS.

Dynamite Used to Clear Away the Wreckage.

Johnstown, Pa., June 4th. (Special.)—The number of bodies thus far recovered is 2,203.

The jam of the debris at the Pennsylvania Railroad bridge is to be blown up by dynamite.

This debris covers an area of 1,350 by 400 feet, and under the wreckage are supposed to be the bodies of 2,000 people.

There is no possible way of recovering any of these corpses, nor freeing the river of the ghastly burden, and hundreds of men spent the morning vainly searching the still amoldering ruins for some trace of missing relatives or friends.

Pittsburg gets her water supply from the Conemaugh, and she fears that the decomposed bodies will breed a pestilence.

This afternoon she sent 2,000 men to work on the ruins.

Mr. Conger Not Out of Danger.

Mr. Wm. A. Conger, of Manning avenue, North Plainfield, who was thrown from his horse yesterday, is not yet out of danger. He is suffering a great deal from pain in the head, but the report that he exhibits symptoms of brain fever is said by Dr. Probasco to be unfounded.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A YOUNG Protestant girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress, with good references. Address E. Dole, 4-5d

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 52 Madison avenue. 5-16-tf

BOY WANTED at Denton's grocery. 4-3

COW FOR SALE—A young Jersey cow, fresh, giving very rich milk. Call at 158 West Seventh street. 4-3

DESIRABLE house, eleven rooms, all improvements. Six minutes from depot. Inquire of P. M. French, City Mills. 4-15tf

DOG LOST—From 16 Franklin place, a small pet puppy; light color and brown face. Reward given for her return. Wm. G. Anderson. 3-8

FIRST-CLASS laundress wanted in private family on Monday and Tuesday throughout the Summer. Reference required. Address, this week, Mrs. Whitridge, Plainfield.

FOR SALE—Two bay horses suitable for family or delivery team. L. Hedger No. 81 Somerset street. 5-10tf

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 666, Plainfield. 3-6d

GERMAN girl wants situation as child's nurse. Inquire at Smith's greenhouses, Scotch Plains.

GIVES 'EM AWAY—Denton, the Hill-Crest house florist, gives away with five dollars' worth of plants sold one dozen pansies, two fuchsias or one ever-blooming rose. Hurry up, they're going fast. 4-4

LOST—A black silk sash, between Mr. Oliver's residence, church and 36 Park avenue. Finder please return to 36 Park avenue.

SITUATION wanted by a man to do gardening and make himself generally useful. Can furnish best of references. Address Thomas Flavell, HOOK NEWS office, New Brunswick, N. J.

SOBER young man wants situation as coachman or gardener; has beards. Inquire 67 West Fourth street. 31-6

TWO houses to let. Inquire of P. M. French, City Mills. 1tf

WANTED—Furnished room. Good location. Private family. References exchanged. Address Stewart, Plainfield post-office. 4-4

WANTED—As nurse for a baby, a girl not younger than eighteen; one willing to assist with chamberwork; Protestant preferred; references required. Call at 34 Washington avenue, North Plainfield. 4-2

WANTED—Situation by an English girl as chambermaid and waitress. Good reference. Call 22 Richmond street. 4-2

WANTED—A situation as coachman and gardener. Address "A. F." care EVENING NEWS. 3-5

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. 109 Plainfield avenue. 29tf

Mother Goose

with her distinguished family and friends will visit the

KITCHEN GARDEN SCHOOL

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 11th,

at eight o'clock, in the W. C. T. U. rooms, 73 West Front street. The children

Invite the Public

to meet this distinguished dame. Admission, 25c.; children under 12 years, 15c. 3-6

YE THIRSTY!

Frosted Cream Soda

is all flavors is

OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL

in the way of SUMMER DRINKS.

STRAWBERRY

fresh from the fruit, is excelled by none.

BANANA SHERBET AND

Turkish Sherbet are Original

with us. Try them.

Our Milk Shakes

continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.

We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.

Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for customers; running fountains of water for cleaning glasses; prompt service by courteous clerks.

Field & Randolph,

CITY PHARMACY

31 WEST FRONT STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

D. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,

Veterinary Surgeon, 29 Second avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44.

WATERS SUBSIDE.

But They Leave Behind Them a Scene of Indescribable Woe.

JOHNSTOWN IS NO MORE.

The Conemaugh Valley Swept Clean by the Torrent.

DANGER OF PESTILENCE.

A Mass of Putrefying Bodies That May Breed Disease.

VULTURES IN HUMAN FORM.

Rifling the Dead Bodies for Relics and Booty.

The Town Is Under Martial Law—Armed Men Patrol the Streets and Have Orders to Kill Any Man Found Stealing from the Dead—The Awful Scene at the Railroad Bridge—Acres of Smouldering Debris in Which Hundreds of Corpses Are Lodged—Twenty-two Hundred Bodies Have Already Been Recovered—Misery Is City of the Dead.

JOHNSTOWN, June 4.—The time has not yet come to write the story of the disaster that has turned the sparkling Conemaugh that rippled so pleasantly through the beautiful valley into a river of horror in a valley of death. No man, nor any corps of men, with every facility that can be devised, will ever be able to write a story that shall fully tell of the awful woe that has fallen in the valley one vast charnel house, twenty miles long and half a mile wide, and that has stained the bright mountain stream a color that not all the water that can flow between now and eternity can ever wash out. With the hope for obtaining information, and for sending it after it is obtained, that are the best that can be had here now, it is impossible to give more than a vague idea of the awful desolation that is universal from Conemaugh dam to far below Johnstown. To write a volume is but to glance at the subject. To write a page would be but to skirt lightly over its points, and a whole tome would not contain a summary of all there is to tell. This much alone is certain, that, whatever has been written is too weak to adequately express the awe of the extent of the disaster, and that the horror of the calamity is bound to increase daily for some time yet. Explorations of the valley beyond Johnstown, which are being pushed to-day, account not even a good estimate of the total number of lives lost can be made.

The Survivors Are Destitute.

The list of the dead will be far up into the millions, but no one thinks of that. The tale of the dead is bad, but the tale of the living is bad, too, and it must have attention. There are as many of them as of the dead, and they are hard pressed for food, clothing and all the necessaries of life. Their locality must be provided for to-day, not for a week, but for months. They are as destitute of all that goes to support life, except the bare breath in their bodies, as are the very dead whose lifeless bodies line the banks of the Conemaugh for miles. Their ordinary means of earning a livelihood are gone, with the rest of the town, and there is not a stick for one family to burn. But there must be money to pay the workmen. Food for the immediate necessity of thousands of people is itself in course of coming in from every side, and there is enough to relieve their wants. What the situation is for people further up the valley is unknown here, but there might be a question of their existence enough for the absolute necessity of the time is also coming in, but the people cannot be maintained in idleness for long, and money must be had them to feed and keep them at work is absolutely necessary. The committee in charge has concluded at the very outset to ask for the least possible amount of charity and the most work. They ask for money first and most, and their character is such that there need be no hesitation in sending it to them. Clothing is necessary. There is work in cleaning up and rebuilding to last every able bodied man here for six months, and it will be at least a month before the organization of keeping men at work can be realized from their labor. The generous heart of the country is dependent upon to furnish the means of keeping these men at work for at least that long, for no one can tell yet how great will be the task of recreating the town.

The Scene of the Disaster.

Johnstown, seen from the bluff opposite the railroad tracks, at a point directly above the Pennsylvania railroad bridge, is as though the North and East rivers were high bluffs instead of channels lower than the land, and the lower end of Manhattan Island was a deep valley, ending in a massive stone bridge with half a dozen low arches at the point of the bluffs, where the North and East rivers meet, as lower New York lies on the island. At about the place where the postoffice stands in New York it stands in the valley here. It is the point where the Stony Creek and the bottom of the unseen valley, at the right, entered the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Where the great stone bridge that spanned the river flows. Stony creek enters through the other gap. Johnstown filled all the triangular space between the two bluffs and the mountain range at the point they lay in their valley side. The houses in the gaps are mostly built well up the mountain side in the triangular plain, nearly or quite as large as the work in the city proper, and all of the better houses were on a level little above that of too streams. Some were built on made ground. Some distance up the gap on the left of the unseen bluff, on the facing of it, and the shed above the bridge, more mountains rise, apparently completely closing the gap. In reality the gap here turns off to the left, and is the Conemaugh valley proper.

The Course of the Deadly Torrent.

It was with an impulse to the right side of the mountain, therefore, that the great mass of water came down the Conemaugh river. Its straightest drive of the first current against a high bluff and was turned south toward the bridge. It was a mass of water with a front nearly four high and an eighth of a mile wide, that evidently was of great theft its first sweep did little damage on either side. It had so far as a large brick building remains standing, but ruined. It is all that is left of one of the biggest wire mills and stamping works in the country. Immediately above the bridges are the works of the Cambria Iron company. The buildings are still standing, but they are pretty well ruined, and the machinery, with which they were filled, is more nearly destroyed or damaged almost beyond repair. High up on the hill at the left and scattered up on other hills in sight are many dwellings, both well to do and of a superior grade, especially, and looking as bright and fresh now as before the awful torrent wiped out of existence everything in the valley below them.

This is Johnstown and its immediate vicinity as nearly as words can paint it. It is a single feature, one section out of fifty miles of horror to describe through the entire lovely valley of the Allegheny. What is true of Johnstown is true of every town for miles up and down. The desolation of one town is the desolation of every town. The horrors in one of them may differ from another; but it is desolation and death everywhere—desolation so complete, so relentless, so awful that it is beyond the power of man who have not seen it—death in forms more varied, more painful, and more horrible than were ever before conceived the most atrocious torturer of the Inquisition. Many have been burned to death and many have been frozen to death, but to be scalded to death, to be drowned, to be crushed to death, to die with the water surging about their faces while fire burned their limbs, a death that scores suffered after the flood heaped them with its victims by the bridge.

Where the Bridge Stood.

There is one thing even those who have been longest here and who have plunged deepest into the horrors that fill the valley as unspeakable as they have been not yet begotten, and that they say they never can forget—that is the shrieks of the victims whose fate it is not to die by fire and water, when the pitiful sound filled the valley at this point for hours above the roar of the flames and the din and smash of the debris laden torrent. Hundreds were rescued. Hundreds died within sight of men who would almost have given their own lives to save them.

The Number of Victims Never Be Known.

The news about the disaster will probably never be known, for the reason that the flood and fire have so scattered the victims through such a wide extent of territory that no record can be made of the Pennsylvania railroad. The Pennsylvania railroad is mostly of stores and other large brick buildings that are completely wrecked, though not swept away. The bridges on the higher ground are unharmed; but down toward the edge they fade away by degrees of completeness in their wreckage into the yellow level of the huge tract over which the night's whirlpool swept. Off out of sight, in Stony Creek gap, are fringes of houses on either side of the muddy flat.

A Bare Waste Where Once a City Stood.

This flat is a peon iar thing. It is level and uninteresting as a patch of waste ground. Too poor to grow grass, there is nothing to indicate that it is anything else or better than what it is. It is as clean of debris and wreckage as though there had never been a building on it. In reality it was the centre of population of the valley. Buildings, both dwellings and stores, covered it thickly. Its streets were paved, and its sidewalks of substantial stones. It had street car lines, gas and electric lights, and all the other improvements of a substantial city of 15,000 or 20,000 inhabitants. Iron bridges spanned the streams, and the buildings were of substantial character. Not a brick remains, not a stone nor a stick of timber in all this territory. There are not even humnocks and mounds to indicate where the wreckage is piled to covered with a layer of mud. There was a deep valley, ending in a massive stone bridge with half a dozen low arches at the point of the bluffs, where the North and East rivers meet, as lower New York lies on the island. At about the place where the postoffice stands in New York it stands in the valley here. It is the point where the Stony Creek and the bottom of the unseen valley, at the right, entered the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Where the great stone bridge that spanned the river flows. Stony creek enters through the other gap. Johnstown filled all the triangular space between the two bluffs and the mountain range at the point they lay in their valley side. The houses in the gaps are mostly built well up the mountain side in the triangular plain, nearly or quite as large as the work in the city proper, and all of the better houses were on a level little above that of too streams. Some were built on made ground. Some distance up the gap on the left of the unseen bluff, on the facing of it, and the shed above the bridge, more mountains rise, apparently completely closing the gap. In reality the gap here turns off to the left, and is the Conemaugh valley proper.

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Eight Acres of Burning Ruins.

It is almost impossible to conceive the extent of the disaster. An area of eight or ten acres of the borough is a mass of ruins, and to a depth of forty feet with death and horror borne from the resident centre of Johnstown. In each of these houses it is estimated there were from five to ten persons. This estimate is accepted as data upon which to estimate the number that perished on the spot, and it the data be correct, the bodies that lie between these rules must number into the thousands.

The scenes at the lower end of the city is beyond description. The bulk of the dead, and where the most are to be found. The streets are one sickening, foul smelling mass of wood and debris, and the fire department is working for bodies has only lately begun. The latest estimates put the loss of life at 10,000 to 12,000.

Baltimore and Ohio Conductor Frank McDonald witnessed the first awful crash against the stone bridge. He said when he first saw the flood it was thirty feet high, and gradually rose to as large a force. Above the bridge it was only fairly begun. The latest estimates put the loss of life at 10,000 to 12,000.

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The Directory Will Tell the Tale.

Just one month ago the work of taking a census of the living in the valley was completed, and showed exactly 20,000 people claiming residence in Johnstown. The book is now in the printers' hands at Altoona. An exact copy will be kept at the office of the directory, make a new canvass of the city, and in this manner ascertain, to a reasonable degree of certainty, the number that met death in this terrible disaster.

A regular hospital has been opened on Bedford street. Dr. Foster, of Pittsburg, is in charge; Dr. Alex. R. McCandless, the sheriff, is in charge of the morgue. Both have perfected divided into regular hospital corps and placed in charge of the various departments. A drug store has been opened in the rear of the hospital, containing a large quantity of surgical supplies.

Railroad workmen will probably have the honor of finding the first charred and ghastly bones of an infant from among the smoking debris, and, wrapping them carefully in a newspaper, carry them away with a look of triumph on their faces. It is on the side where the dead almost outnumber the living some frightful deeds have been perpetrated by the human fiends who have come here. An old bandanna kerchief from about the head of a dead colored woman. Another removed a shoe from an old, gray haired man whose mangled corpse was found dangled in a tree, while still another possessed himself of the sheet which was thrown over the remains of a child, leaving the body on the street for any thing else that they covered the surface of the earth has vanished as utterly as though it had never been there. The ground was swept as clean as though a mighty scraper had been dragged over it again and again. Not even the lines of the streets can be even remotely traced.

"I have visited Johnstown a dozen times a year for a long time," said a business man. "And I know it thoroughly, but I haven't the least idea now of where I stand. I do that I can't even tell the direction the streets take run."

His bewilderment is hardly greater than that of the survivors themselves. The wonder about in the mud for hours trying to find the spot where the house of some friend or relative used to stand. It takes a who is used to locate the site of their friend's home with any reasonable certainty.

That Awful Charnel Heap.

All this is horrible to see, more horrible than it can be told, but the worst of all is the worst is unlook. The smoke that hovers over the wreckage by the bridge, and floats in light blue clouds over the scene, is heavy with the nauseously smelled. It is the putrifying flesh of human beings that cause the odors at which every newcomer here shivers with horror. Those who have been here long don't mind it; they are used to it, and there are more matters than smells to attend to. The cruel whirlpool that pounded four square miles of buildings into wood did not spare the people. Their bodies were ground beneath the pressure of the awful millstone of the flood, as were the brick and the motor of the buildings. They were torn limb from limb, heaped together, torn apart, scattered and mingled in the mass as were the timbers and boards of the lumber yards. Finally they were lodged at that solid mass of sixty acres of debris along with the ruins of their homes, wedged in as tightly as though human flesh were as hard as brick, wood and iron. There they are, those that have not been burned in the fire that levelled the whole mass or that were not carried above the top of the bridge by a rush of the flood. How many there were cannot be told. Scores of bodies have already been removed from along the edge of the area where the debris is piled up by the beginning. The fire has kept men off, and now that the rain and the Pittsburg firemen are subduing the flames it is found that the debris is packed so closely that it is hopeless to attempt to penetrate it except by beginning at the edge and working into it. That work will take weeks. Many bodies have been pulled out where they were on the surface, but even those cannot all be gotten out. The body of a boy has lain all day beside the iron frame of a locomotive on the top of the bridge, a plain sight, but beyond reach.

A most serious feature of the lodging of this mass of stuff against the bridge is that all the water in the Conemaugh and of Stony creek has to pass through it on its way to the Allegheny and to the water supply sources of Pittsburg. The bodies in the mass are stored up, pointing to still another more offensive than that of their resting, and the danger to the health of localities below the disaster is believed to be immediate and serious.

Scenes of Horror.

Of the rest of Johnstown, and the collection of towns within sight of the bridge, no more is to be said. They are, to a greater or lesser extent, gone, as Johnstown is gone. Far up the gap through which came the flood

Recovering the Dead Bodies—Scenes in the Charnel Houses.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 4.—To give some idea of the immense quantity of water in the volume of water from the lake struck Conemaugh, it is only necessary to state that it took the roundhouse, with twenty-seven engines in it, the machine shops, a train of twenty passenger cars, including four Pullman cars. One train of passenger cars on the track was full of passengers. The conductor and engineer ran ahead of the train warning the passengers to flee for their lives. Some started and a portion remained and went down. How many perished is not known.

The track, depot, freight house and coal sheds are entirely washed away. The main water on the south bound track is left as it was saved in a miraculous way, by two or three engines washing against the train and the bridge. They were torn loose from it, but did not close until the car was passed. The mail was not even wet.

Unearthing the Dead.

During the morning the first attempt was made to unearth the dead from the debris. A gang of 300 men was put to work and began moving the debris around the mill. At almost every step dead bodies are being uncovered. Some are those of women. Near Pennsylvania railroad station house, where they are being placed in coffins and are laid on the floor for identification. One of the bodies is that of a boy about seven years old. A telegraph operator who was heard from in the city only a moment before the flood struck the building.

From the banks many scarred remains of victims of flames and flood are plainly visible in the burning debris at the viaduct, as the receding waters momentarily give up their dead. Thousands almost every log or timber has been a ghastening shall or the bleached remnants of ribs or limbs mark all that was mortal of human beings. The funeral pyre that Sunday night the fire engines have constantly played on the burning ruins. At times the fire seems almost extinguished, but fitful tongues of flame leap up from some hidden quarter. The sensation of the day was the united remonstrance of the physicians against the extinguishment of the burning wreck. They say that as long as the fire burns the anxious searchers seems heartless, that hundreds, if not thousands, of festive and decaying bodies lie beneath this mass of burning rubbish.

Say the Flames Should Do Their Work.

"It would better be," they say, "to permit nature's greatest scavenger its full sway to do its work in peace than to have the decay the horde of putrifying bodies that lie beneath this debris. There can be but one result. Days will elapse before the debris can be sufficiently cooled to permit the recovery of those bodies, and long ere that every corpse will be a putrid mass, yielding

Rush Hindrances.

Rush Hindrances, sergeant of the First brigade, says that the hospital corps is ready to go as soon as the order is given. Major Hastings, state that his regiment is ready to do duty on relief corps.

Governor Beaver has arrived and is in consultation with Gen. Hastings, who is at Johnstown, and giving necessary instructions.

STORIES OF SUFFERING.

Terrible Tale Told by a Dying Man—Experiences of Survivors.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 3.—At 4 o'clock last night, George Irwin, a resident of Millville, Pa., was found in a field, discovered in a dying condition in a clump of bushes just above the tracks of the Pennsylvania railroad about a mile below Johnstown. He was stretched out by the railroad near the track below, his tongue extended from his mouth, and he gasped as if death was at hand. He was given stimulants and he was in a degree revived and told the following story:

"I was visiting friends in Johnstown, Friday, when the flood came. We were submerged without a moment's warning. I was taken from the window of the house in which I was then a prisoner by Mr. Hay, the brought, I believe, to Johnstown. Nothing and was not rescued. I clung to a log until I struck the Cambria iron works, when I caught on the roof of the building. I remained there all night, and was then swept off and knocked again from my position by a piece of raft. I floated on top of this until I got down here and I stuck in an apple tree. I saw and heard a number of other unfortunate victims, what swept by me, appealing for some one to save them. One woman and two children were floating along in apparently safety, when they struck the corner of a building, and all went down together, and I would rather have died than have been compelled to witness that sight. I have not had a bite to eat since Friday morning, and as heaven is my judge, I don't feel hungry. I am afraid my stomach is gone, and I am about done for."

He was taken to a hospital by several soldiers and sailors who rescued him.

A Terrible Experience.

PITTSBURG, June 4.—Thomas D. Williams, his brother, wife and infant child, who lived in Johnstown, have come to their relatives here. Friday morning the water was in the lower part of their house. Some of their neighbors urged them to go to the mountains with them, but on account of Mr. Williams' poor health they thought the awful till danger was more apparent. The water rose slightly. They moved to the upper part of the house, but kept marking the advance of the water. At 10 o'clock they went to the rush they saw it was at a standstill.

Suddenly they heard great shrieking and a rush of some mighty force. Looking out they saw a vast volume of water and coming upon them. The partition of the house separated and lodged on one side. Upon the other part were Mr. and Mrs. Williams. They were precipitated by the floating debris, and passed by people in the same condition as themselves.

They finally drifted to a brick house which had withstood the force of the deluge. Mr. Williams broke in the window, meanwhile securing a safe hold of his child by grasping its clothing in the teeth. The child was dead. Up out of the materials in the house Mr. Williams and his brother and half a dozen persons from the water got in. Saturday night and Sunday they were on a raft and brought them to the mountains. Their own clothing was in shreds, but in this house they found sufficient to cover themselves.

Lost His Life While Saving Others.

A Times Johnstown special says:

While tossing down Main street my attention was attracted by a woman on a roof whose facial expression told of a broken heart. Being asked what she lost, she said: "The kindest hearted husband that ever graced a home could still be with me had he not sacrificed his life in the rescue of others. For ten minutes before the dreadful torrent came down upon us he had been carrying people from the houses around to the roof of the second floor of our own house. He crossed the street the seventh time to rescue a lady, but failed to return. That is all I know. My heart will break, and my life will be a sad one." Mrs. Lindsay, the widow of the most prominent wall paper man of Johnstown and the daughter of Mr. Lodwig, the wholesale liquor dealer.

APPEALS FOR AID ANSWERED.

Hundreds of Thousands Quickly Raised to Relieve the Sufferers.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—At a special meeting of the board of directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company a subscription was unanimously made of $100,000 in aid of the sufferers by the recent flood at Johnstown and other points upon the line of the road. To this is in addition to the $5,000 subscribed by the company at Pittsburg. Before the meeting adjourned the members of the board and the executive officers of the company present contributed individually an additional $5,000 to be expended through the committee on finance.

In pursuance of the call issued by the Continental Permanent Relief association in the private office of Mayor Fitler, the place was begun by prominent gentlemen, who contributed $1,000 each. Within an hour the money received in so short a time as that handed in checks, drafts and cash by his honor, and he announced to those present that the total amount up to 4 o'clock amounted to $148,522.93. This is exclusive of the funds collected and dealt by the Pennsylvania railroad and Cambria Iron company. The various exchanges held meetings to take action on the Johnstown calamity. The churches in portions of the city are to remain open all day to receive donations of clothing, bedding, etc., and the mayors of the city are to receive contributions of money.

New York's Share of the Good Work.

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STORIES OF SUFFERING.

Terrible Tale Told by a Dying Man—Experiences of Survivors.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 3.—At 4 o'clock last night, George Irwin, a resident of Millville, Pa., was found in a field, discovered in a dying condition in a clump of bushes just above the tracks of the Pennsylvania railroad about a mile below Johnstown. He was stretched out by the railroad near the track below, his tongue extended from his mouth, and he gasped as if death was at hand. He was given stimulants and he was in a degree revived and told the following story:

"I was visiting friends in Johnstown, Friday, when the flood came. We were submerged without a moment's warning. I was taken from the window of the house in which I was then a prisoner by Mr. Hay, the brought, I believe, to Johnstown. Nothing and was not rescued. I clung to a log until I struck the Cambria iron works, when I caught on the roof of the building. I remained there all night, and was then swept off and knocked again from my position by a piece of raft. I floated on top of this until I got down here and I stuck in an apple tree. I saw and heard a number of other unfortunate victims, what swept by me, appealing for some one to save them. One woman and two children were floating along in apparently safety, when they struck the corner of a building, and all went down together, and I would rather have died than have been compelled to witness that sight. I have not had a bite to eat since Friday morning, and as heaven is my judge, I don't feel hungry. I am afraid my stomach is gone, and I am about done for."

He was taken to a hospital by several soldiers and sailors who rescued him.

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Suddenly they heard great shrieking and a rush of some mighty force. Looking out they saw a vast volume of water and coming upon them. The partition of the house separated and lodged on one side. Upon the other part were Mr. and Mrs. Williams. They were precipitated by the floating debris, and passed by people in the same condition as themselves.

They finally drifted to a brick house which had withstood the force of the deluge. Mr. Williams broke in the window, meanwhile securing a safe hold of his child by grasping its clothing in the teeth. The child was dead. Up out of the materials in the house Mr. Williams and his brother and half a dozen persons from the water got in. Saturday night and Sunday they were on a raft and brought them to the mountains. Their own clothing was in shreds, but in this house they found sufficient to cover themselves.

Lost His Life While Saving Others.

A Times Johnstown special says:

While tossing down Main street my attention was attracted by a woman on a roof whose facial expression told of a broken heart. Being asked what she lost, she said: "The kindest hearted husband that ever graced a home could still be with me had he not sacrificed his life in the rescue of others. For ten minutes before the dreadful torrent came down upon us he had been carrying people from the houses around to the roof of the second floor of our own house. He crossed the street the seventh time to rescue a lady, but failed to return. That is all I know. My heart will break, and my life will be a sad one." Mrs. Lindsay, the widow of the most prominent wall paper man of Johnstown and the daughter of Mr. Lodwig, the wholesale liquor dealer.

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THE BEE HIVE

WHITE DRESSES.

Children's White Dresses, sash'd, yoke, 25c, with two rows Hamburg insertion, 49c.
Children's Lawn White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $5.
We make a specialty of Misses' White Dresses at $1.50 to $5.
Children's Crinkle Seersucker Dresses, 25c.
Boys' Wales, Plaited Fronts and backs, 25c.

JERSEYS. JERSEYS.

Black Jersey, Cool Back, 90c. Colored Jersey, with silk ribbed front, 75c. White Jerseys, with plaited vest front, 75c. White Jerseys, new styles, $1.50, $1.85 and $2.

MITTS.—Children's Silk Mitts, 15c and 25c. Ladies' Silk Mitts in Lace and Jersey, 15c, 25c and 50c.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.—Children's gauze vests, in size 16, 18 and 20 inches, 10cts. Ladies' gauze vests, fine ribbed, at 15c, 25c and 35c. Men's gauze vests, 25c. Men's summer merino shirts and drawers, 50c and 75c. Men's Jean Drawers, 50c and 75c. Men's Jean Drawers, 44c. Boys' Knickerbocker Jean Drawers, 35c.

Louis Callman,

28 WEST FRONT STREET.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES, ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors. P. O. Box 1396.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit. Everybody knows that they are the best. Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received!

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

AS USUAL

At ALLEN'S,

The Stationer,

You can find a large line

EASTER GOODS

in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND, REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Front street and Park avenue

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT R. COOK

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER

and **COAL,**

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 61.

REFRIGERATORS,

PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWERS,

Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers, Hardware, Plumbing, Tinning.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 East Front street.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Somerset streets. Established April 1, 1869. We are prepared to make Castings, Patterns, Models, Machinery, Iron Fronts, Columns, Sidewalk Lights, Coal Hole Covers, Gratings, Sash Weights, Stable Fittings, Hitching Posts, Lawn Settees, Vases, Flower Stands, Iron Fences, Iron Railings, Iron Stairs, Iron Bedsteads, Cots, Cribs, Wire Mattresses, Wire Cloth, Wire Screens, Wire Guards, Wire Work of every description, Brass Castings, Brass Work of every description, Brass Bedsteads, Brass Railings, Brass Fittings, Brass Valves, Brass Cocks, Brass Globes, Brass Gauges, Brass Pumps, Brass Steam Traps, Brass Whistles, Brass Oilers, Brass Lubricators, Brass Pipe Fittings, Brass Pipe Unions, Brass Pipe Bends, Brass Pipe Elbows, Brass Pipe Tees, Brass Pipe Crosses, Brass Pipe Nipples, Brass Pipe Reducers, Brass Pipe Caps, Brass Pipe Plugs, Brass Pipe Valves, Brass Pipe Cocks, Brass Pipe Globes, Brass Pipe Gauges, Brass Pipe Pumps, Brass Pipe Steam Traps, Brass Pipe Whistles, Brass Pipe Oilers, Brass Pipe

TRULY POLITE.

"Naughty boys," said Johnny's mother, "oh are rude to one another; but I hope that you'll remember curious manners are not right; And wherever and whatever your surroundings, will endeavor to be, scrupulously, cheerfully and consciously polite."

"That I will," said Johnny sweetly, and he kept his word completely, and said "Please," and "Beg your pardon," in a way that's seldom heard and "Allow me," and "Excuse me"—oh, is really wonderful how one to enumerate his phrases as they occurred.

As a youth and as a man, he still adhered unto the plan he had so earnestly adopted as his gentle rule of life,

And was often deferential when it wasn't quite essential, as for instance to his servants and his children and his wife.

When his business up and bursted, and his creditors were worried, with civility he told them he regretted such an end;

And at his wife's downing with a courtesy surprising, he responded, "Dead, I thank you!" to the question of a friend.

What I write is but a sample of the daily, bright example which he set, to show how life by proper manners may be greased,

Would that we might see another one so mindful of his brother, but alas! he isn't born, and John, alack! is long deceased.

—Mrs. George Archibald.

A Sensible Agent.

An agent who had made a study of human nature stopped at a gate on Second avenue the other day and asked of a small boy digging plantains out of the grass:

"Bub, is your mother home?"

"Yes, sir."

"Changed hired girls within a week?"

"No, sir."

"House cleaning all done?"

"Yes, sir."

"Got her new spring bonnet?"

"She has."

"Children well?"

"Yes, sir."

"Father go away good naturel this morning?"

"He did."

"Then I guess I'll ring the bell and try to sell her a picture."

She took two, and asked him to call in a day or two with a $7 family Bible.—Detroit Free Press.

The Offense Unpardonable.

"Waldonia," said her mother, "your little playmate, John Lawrence Tickiowell, has not been here for some time. Have you and he quarreled?"

"I have intimated to him, mamma," replied the little Boston 7-year-old, "that I cannot associate with him any more. I can overlook his habit of putting his napkin under his chin at dinner," continued the little girl, wiping off her spectacles thoughtfully, "for in minor matters of this kind it is customary among the intellectual to permit some latitude; but he told me a fortnight ago he was tired of beans for a steady diet."—Chicago Tribune.

A Startling Possibility.

A bright little lad sitting by his father's side in a pew of the Green Ridge Presbyterian church, Sunday morning, was given a coin to put upon the collection plate. No sooner had he deposited the coin than in a loud whisper and excited manner he asked: "Papa, have you saved any circus money?" A smile broad enough to go over a large section of pews was compelled by the circumstances.—Scranton Truth.

Natural Uneasiness.

The stranger in New York city was talking earnestly and excitedly to the hotel clerk.

"I am a remarkably heavy sleeper," he said, "and often lie in bed hours and hours after everybody else is up. Promise me," he entreated, as his face grew pale with fear, "that if I should happen to sleep till noon tomorrow you will not let any of your city physicians undertake to perform an autopsy on me!"—Chicago Tribune.

The Stupid Drummer.

Member of Firm—How do you like the looks of the new drummer I have engaged?

Partner—To tell the truth, he looks awful stupid.

"That's his strong point. He has such a stupid look that the customers will give him orders out of pure sympathy."—Texas Siftings.

Depends on Circumstances.

"How much land do you own around your house?"

"Well, when I bought it I paid for 5,000 feet, but whenever I try to run a lawn mower all over it I conclude I must have got about five acres."—Baton Herald.

Wanted a Mender.

Griggs—Since I left the parental roof I have accumulated about 200 pairs of socks, which with a little mending would be as good as new. Who do you think I could get to mend them?

Briggs—A wife would be cheapest.—Texas Siftings.

Line Forms on Right.

An old lady in Vermont who had been maintained for years by charitable acquaintances, but was about to be taken to the poorhouse, fell heir last week to $30,000. Old ladies receive a subscription at this office.—Oil City Blizzard.

Culture's Reign.

Mrs. Highfeather—Has the Browning club reached your town yet, Mr. Bascom?

Mr. Bascom—No, he hain't yet; but we've got a young hoss by the name of Fetlocks that'll beat him to shucks, I'll bet.—Burlington Free Press.

Misapplied Slang.

"Cut it short!" said an annoyed patron to a talkative barber. "All right!" said the salesman swept by the board, the port side of a pet mustache.—Evening Wisconsin.

Would Like to Try.

Biabbins during a conversational lapse—Do you ever snore, Miss Mabley?

Miss Mabley (yawning absent mindedly)—No, but I'd like to.—Chicago Herald.

A Mild Request.

Collins (to McCann, the foreman)—Say, John! wud you plase let me lef ax Murphy, behind me, if shwing his shtage sideways!—Judge.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W. RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts., All goods Reasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m.

RICE & CO.
Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller & Bro.
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT
Permanent Boarders Table at Reasonable Rates.

TUNIS J. CAREY
31 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

KEEP COOL.
1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at
WERNER'S
MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

B. T. BARNES
ICE CREAM
Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.
Opposite P. O.

Special Notices.

BARGAINS! In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin Iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Elmer street, North Plainfield.

I WISH TO INFORM the lady customers that I have added Hats and Caps to my large stock of CLOTHING GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Goods Under wear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
14 WEST FRONT ST. next Bell's Hotel

The Fidelity and Casualty Co
Nos. 214 and 216 Broadway, N. Y.
CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550.21
Issues SURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employees of Railroads, Banks, etc., also Administrators, Guardians, etc.
Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES containing all modern features.
Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies of approved forms.
OFFICERS:
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AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD { JOS. T. VAIL, EDWARD C. MULFORD. Opp. Railroad Station.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dyeing and Infants' Class a specialty. Pleating, Bleaching and Framing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot, Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
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Ice Cream Dealer,
24 NORTH AVENUE.

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PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A.CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph
Park avenue. W. TEE, Manager.

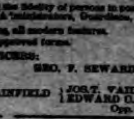
Window Screens
and
Door Screens
fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At
30 SOMERSET STREET.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near Penn. 10-15tf

FINE BUTTER,
PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE,
Fancy Groceries
and the VERY BEST Imported and Domestic
Fruits, Vegetables,
etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice Cali fornia Prunes, 15c per lb.
ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLY COMPANY, F. L. KENNARD, Genl Manager. 261 Liberty St., N. Y.
Complete Outfits for Electric Light and Power. Lowest Estimates for Fine Work or Repairs.

Plainfield office, 20 North avenue. Supervised by F. S. Dunn.
PEERLESS DYED



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Patent Sticking, as made, Mason & Hamlin Organs, Lowest Prices. Call on 216 Front street.
Your Piano and Organ tuned or repaired. Give me a call. Do you wish to buy or rent? Call and see what I can offer. JOS. SATTELL Piano Maker 33 East Front street.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Front in Place.

DEALERS IN
Blue Stone Flagging.
P. O Box 333

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY. Best Cedar Mop Sticks, large clear Cedar Tub $1.25 and down. Knotted cedar, clear pins and painted tubs from 15c up. Eureka Clothes Wringers, $2.50; lumber, mop stick and wash boards in large assortment and very low; tin and wooden ware in endless variety and at astonishing figures. Plain lamp chimneys, 5c. Glass sets of four pieces; sugar bowl, butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, several styles, only 50c. Elegant water or lemonade set of six goblets two quart pitcher and heavy glass tray, 65c. Glass meats dishes six styles, 10 cents down Lamps, 15c up. White and fancy combs at half-price. Popular Novels, Electric Series, only 10c. J. C. ALLEN, 64 W. Front street.

L. A. Rheaume,
Lumber, Coal, Wood
and
MASONS' MATERIALS
PEACE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH.
Telephone call No. 139.

K. A. KOBB,
Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenter and builder, he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at short notice. Satisfaction cheerfully rendered. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums.
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. Shop 21 East Front, Rear Building, attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Evans, P. O. Box 288.
carpenter and Builder,
Estate established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street.
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Manufacturers of all Kinds.

CARPETINGS.
W. & J. SLOANE
Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the
Spring Trade.
MOQUETTES, from $1.25 per yd. upward. BODY BRUSSELS from 85c per yd. upward TAPESTRY from 50c per yd. upward. INGRAINS, from 40c per yd. upward.
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Fine Groceries,
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PLAINFIELD.

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1895.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 3.26, 5.56, 6.46, 8.02 (6.17 to 6.48, 8.02, 8.33, 8.56, 9.32, 10.27, 11.05 a. m., 12.02, 1.26, 2.26, 3.16, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.23, 5.56, 6.25, 6.46, 7.15, 8.02, 9.25, 10.25, 11.59 p. m. Sundays, 3.26, 8.30, 9.08, 11.26, p. m. 12.02 night. Express trains, 5.56, 8.02, 8.33, 9.32, 10.27, 11.05 a. m., 2.26, 3.16, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.23, 6.25, 6.46, 7.15, 8.02, 9.25, 10.25, 11.59 p. m. Sundays, 8.30, 9.08, 11.26 p. m. 12.02 night. Leave New York at 9.00, 9.40, 10.40 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.40, 4.00, 4.40, 5.00, 5.40, 6.00, 6.40, 7.45, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sundays, 1.00, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday, 3.00, 6.30, 9.30 p. m. 12.00 night. Express trains, 9.00, 9.40, 10.40 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.40, 4.00, 5.40, 6.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 8.07, 9.05, 10.00, 10.50, 11.50, a. m., 1.44, 3.20, 4.36, 5.42, 6.36, 7.32, 8.34, 9.47, 10.50, 11.58 p. m. Sundays, 7.10, 8.07, 9.05, 10.00, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 1.44, 3.20, 4.36, 5.42, 6.36, 7.32, 8.34, 9.47, 10.50, 11.58 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 6.15, 7.10, 7.50, 8.45, 9.40, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.45, 2.25, 3.41, 4.47, 5.47, 6.41, 7.37, 8.39, 9.52, 10.55, 12.03 a. m. Sundays, 7.50, 8.45, 9.40, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.45, 2.25, 3.41, 4.47, 5.47, 6.41, 7.37, 8.39, 9.52, 10.55, 12.03 a. m. Sundays at 5 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 6.46, 8.02, 9.17, 9.32, 10.27, 11.05, a. m., 12.02, 1.26, 2.26, 3.16, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.23, 5.56, 6.25, 6.46, 7.15, 8.02, 9.25, 10.25, 11.59 p. m. Sundays, 8.30, 9.08, 11.26 a. m., 12.02 night. Express trains, 5.56, 8.02, 8.33, 9.32, 10.27, 11.05 a. m., 2.26, 3.16, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.23, 6.25, 6.46, 7.15, 8.02, 9.25, 10.25, 11.59 p. m. Sundays at 5 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.10, 7.50, 8.45, 9.40, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.45, 2.25, 3.41, 4.47, 5.47, 6.41, 7.37, 8.39, 9.52, 10.55, 12.03 a. m. Sundays at 5 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 7.56, 8.07, 9.05 a. m., 1.44, 3.20, 4.36, 5.42, 6.36 p. m. Sunday—at 6.15 a.m.; 5.35 p.m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
7.56 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 8.07 a. m.—For Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 9.05 a. m.—For Easton, Phillipsburg, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 10.50 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Lebanon, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburgh, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West. 11.50 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc. 1.44 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Delaware, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Binghamton, Elmira, Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West. 3.20 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc. 4.36 p. m.—For Flemington, 6.36 p. m.—For Easton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. On Sundays at 6.35 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 7.56, 8.07, 9.05 a. m., 1.44, 3.20, 4.36 p. m. Sundays, Seaside Camp Ground at 8.07 and 9.05 a. m. For Perth Amboy 7.56, 8.07, 9.05 a. m., 1.44, 3.20, 4.36, 6.36 p. m. Sunday, 8.07 and 9.05 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at 1.00, 5.25, 8.30, 10.00, 11.20 a. m., 2.15, 4.00, 6.00 p. m. Sundays at 1.00, 5.25, 10.00 a. m., 2.15, 6.00 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 1.00, 5.25, 8.30, 10.00, 11.20 a. m., 2.15, 4.00, 5.25, 8.00, 11.55 p. m. Sundays at 1.00, 5.25, 10.00 a. m., 2.15, 6.00, 11.55 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 1.00, 5.25, 10.00, 11.20 a. m., 2.15, 4.00, 5.25 p. m. Sundays at 1.00, 5.25, 10.00 a. m., 2.15, 6.00 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
I. H. CLEVELAND, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 and 10.30 a. m.; 1.45 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.30, 11.05 a. m., 12.30, 6.30 p. m.
SOUTH PLAINFIELD, BARTLEY, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.30 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 8.30 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to over one of book lovers.
Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Delivery Window.
Direct postal for Newark N. J., in 2 p. m. mail.

ESTEY
SAVE MONEY
by purchasing one of the Estey Pianos. Do not be induced to pay more than the Estey Piano is worth. The Estey Piano is unsurpassed in quality of tone, elasticity of touch, and durability. The Estey Piano is sold at a reasonable price, and on easy terms of payment. Every Piano is fully warranted for six years. Second-hand Pianos taken in exchange. Pianos to rent. Pianos tuned. Correspondence solicited.
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Invite Everybody
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and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
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Constipation
Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Worst Complexions, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
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BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the form of capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to retain those my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed, as me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.
Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD
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at reasonable rates.
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 5 and 6 o'clock p. m. 1-25-1y

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W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

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A full line of Groceries, Provisions, Produce etc. Wines, Canned Vegetables, Fruits, Relishes and Glassware. A full assortment of reliable Field, Garden and Flower Seeds. Seed Potatoes, Cedar Bean poles, etc. Great variety of plants in season.

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Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

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can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerville, within a short walk of
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. G. Mulford Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 6 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,
Life Insurance,
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Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
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Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Reliable Wheeler Grates. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser,
Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty Shaving 10 cents 12 shaves $1.00. Hairdressing, Shampooing and Singeing. Hair cutting 25 cts at No. 5 W. Front street.

Jules Boutes, de Paris
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
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No 14 West Front street.

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SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
The Misses Gardner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, LeGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
The Misses Horsp will open on Sept. 16th a school for boys. A few pupils received until Oct. 15th at No. 32 Central avenue. Summer address, "The Kenwood", Asbury Park, N. J.

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Lessons in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Albert, P. O. Box 1000.

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Mr. Wm. A. Anderson, teacher a limited number of pupils in singing at his residence, Front street, Plainfield. Field avenue. Thoroughly qualified to prepare voices for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Anderson will personally assist pupils in study of her system, free of charge, if desired. Can refer to many of our best local and New York singers. Address, P. O. Box 998.

PETER I. CONDE,
Teacher of violin and concert. Call at Jacob Bruckers piano store, 17 East Front street. Music furnished for parties and wedding. 4-5-1y

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1000

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Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
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is the name of the best
Summer Corset,
THIN, COOL, GOOD SHAPE, CHEAP.
To be found at the store of
C. E. CLARKE,
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Next to Post Office.

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QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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CITY HOTEL,
Corner of Park and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. E. BEERBOWER, PROP.
Good accommodations; heated by steam; billiard-room attached.

ESTABLISHED 1868.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC AND SANITARY PLUMBER.
Having passed the examining board of Master Plumbers of New York, I am able to offer to the public the very best of practical plumbing at reasonable prices. Shop and residence 19 and 21 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. 4-27-1y

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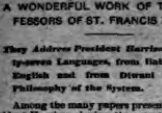
Painters and Paper hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAIN TS, BRUSHES Brushes

A POLYGLOT MARVEL.

A WONDERFUL WORK OF THE PROFESSORS OF ST. FRANCIS XAVIER.

They Address President Harrison in Twenty-seven Languages, from Babylonian to English and from Diwani to Dutch. Philosophy of the System.

Among the many papers presented to President Harrison during the recent New York centennial the most remarkable, whether for the lettering displayed, the sentiments expressed, or the fineness of its execution, was that of the College of St. Francis Xavier. It was presented by the fathers in a body on the evening of April 30, after the banquet, and consists of a commemorative ode to



BABYLONIAN.

"The Land of Babylon to Washington, the Father of His Country, America."

Washington and congratulations to the United States in twenty-seven languages—African-Arabic, true Arabic, Algerian, Assyrian, Babylonian, Carshoony, Celtic, Diwani, Ethiopic, Egyptian (the present dialect), Greek, Keltic, Latin, Syriac, and several modern languages.

Such an achievement of course attracted the attention of scholars, and many hundred copies of the paper have been called for and are in the hands of critical examiners, specialists in the several languages, yet no error has so far been discovered. Among the fathers employed at St. Xavier's it is, of course, necessary to have some familiar with each of the languages used by men liable to be stranded in the great city of New York, to the end that each may make confession, and if need be receive the last rites of the church in his own language. In addition there are scholars who each have a specialty—one devotes his spare hours to the ancient Babylonian with its stenciled letters; another to the old cuneiform Assyrian; and it is believed that St. Xavier now has men capable of reading any manuscript or inscription that may yet be unearthed from the long buried cities of the Orient.

ASSYRIAN.

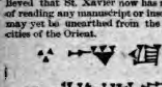
"Assyria to Washington, the Father of His Country, America."

Nor is this so improbable as at first appears, for it is found by long research that *man in all his writings has ever been governed* by certain general principles; he is by some as yet mysterious law of his nature compelled to have regard to the form of the vocal organs and the natural sequence of ideas, even in his writings. Therefore, certain forms convey similar ideas in many languages, though the ideas be expressed in different words. Thus S, or some modification of it, is often a reference to the serpent or the thing sound made by it, while B and V (interchangeable in some languages, as among children) suggest strength. So the learned fathers can proceed on established lines; but that they should have mastered such ancient scripts so far as to write poetry in them, and this poetry a literal translation of a prescribed English stanza—this is, indeed, a triumph of intellect.

The English sentence to be rendered was:

O, Washington, thy name like music falls
Over all our land of freedom and of peace;
To heard in busy mart, in festive halls,
No tongue its praise to sing will ever cease.

In addition to translating this, the fathers added other sentences, some of which *we reproduce, both in the original and in* English. Of the Oriental tongues, the Diwani, or purely literary Arabic, and the

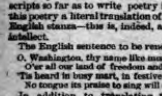


ECCLESIASTICAL ARABIC, SYRIAN IDIOM.

"Were I to use the waters of the sea for ink, the heavens for paper, to write a tribute of great finale, my efforts would fall short of what is thy due, O Washington."

Syriac, seem most compact, the Babylonian and Assyrian most diffuse. In each of the latter, four long lines, including about 150 characters, are necessary to express the equivalent of two very short lines in English; and as each of the wedge shaped characters was made by pressing a modling tool upon the clay before it was baked, it is evident that writing was a serious business in Assyria. Probably they did not make long speeches. Curves Arabic and Carshoony (the secret or sacred writing of the Maronites) are remarkably compact, there being some 200 lines and dots in a space two inches long and half an inch wide. In fact all forms of the Arabic, and all the African and Asiatic modifications of it, look like a swarm of bees, when held a little ways from the eye.

When we come to the Ethiopic, however, we at once see that we are on another line; for the old Ethiopic is supposed to be the original of the Phœnician, Greek, Latin and Chinese of the future, and by most Europeans. Here again we see the operation of that mysterious law above referred to: All the Orientals seem impelled by some inherent force to fine lines and dots and filmy tracery, while the Europeans tend towards blocks and squares and straight lines, each letter standing out by itself with a sort of defiant aggressiveness. Similarly the old mining shafts lately reopened in Spain are known to be Roman if they are square, but Moorish if they are round, and in place of the massive



ESKIL.

"To George Washington after one hundred years. His country with grateful remembrance."

squares in northern buildings one finds in Saracen lands that mass of lattice work, arches, curves and traceries to which is applied the general phrase of "Moorish."

One other thing may be noticed. The writers have been extremely careful to avoid political bias; each supposed Oriental or European prince, be he proper character. The Spanish address, for instance, calls not

the people of the old world and the new to observe.

QUE LISERAD.

No es licencia y no es usual,
a point the reader can easily translate for himself. It is a modernish statement that this polyglot address of the fathers of St. Xavier's will attract attention as long as any address of its occasion. St. Xavier's college in the present form dates from the troublous times of some forty years ago, when the original school building was burned. Soon after the college added the development of the present college, which is now furnished with magnificent buildings. The fac-similes used in this article are from the centennial number of The Xavierian, a handsome periodical issued by the students of the college, the centennial edition being No. 6 of Vol. VI. The St. Xavier also contains the best Latin productions of the students and much other matter of interest.

EX-SECRETARY BAYARD'S FIANCE.

Miss Mary Willing Clymer, Daughter of Dr. Meredith Clymer.

Not much surprise was created by the authoritative announcement of the matrimonial engagement between ex-Secretary of State Bayard and Miss Clymer, of Washington. Numerous preternaturally sharp eyed society women of the capital had scrutinized it last winter; in fact, during the last two years of President Cleveland's administration.

Mr. Bayard is 51 years old. He lost his wife and a brilliant daughter in quick succession, but he has a large family of grown children. His daughters are distinguished for their intellectuality, and were remarkably successful in the social exploits of their fame in the United States senate and a member of President Cleveland's cabinet. Mr. Bayard, by the way, is the fifth member of his family who has occupied a seat in the United States senate.

Miss Clymer is the only daughter of Dr. George Clymer, for many years surgeon in the navy; the granddaughter of Admiral Shubrick and the great-granddaughter of George Clymer, who was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, as well as one of the framers of the Federal constitution. Dr. Meredith Clymer, the distinguished physician of New York city, is a member of the same family. Miss Clymer lives with her mother in a beautiful mansion on Connecticut avenue in Washington, where she was born, thirty-nine years ago. She is an accomplished woman of literary tastes, and has travelled extensively. She is a decided blonde and acknowledged by all to be beautiful, but not more distinguished by personal beauty than by queenly dignity. She has a graceful, slender figure and dresses in exquisite taste. She is an accomplished horseback rider and in that respect will be a fit companion for the ex-secretary in his favorite exercise and amusement.

MISS CLYMER.

IN THE INDIAN TERRITORY.

The First United States Judge—Guthrie's Mayor Signs.

James M. Shackleford, the first United States judge of the Indian territory, was born nearly sixty-two years ago in Lincoln county, Ky. After obtaining his elementary education at private schools he was sent to Stanford seminary. He then completed his education under the tutorship of the celebrated Kentucky educator, James P. Boyce, of Springfield. Shackleford served in the closing year of the Mexican war, and studied law on his return home. He was admitted to the bar thirty-five years ago, and continued an extensive practice until the outbreak of the civil war, when he organized the Twenty-fifth regiment, Kentucky infantry, which he commanded at the battle of Fort Donelson, after which he was compelled, on account of failing health, to resign the office of colonel of the regiment. He was authorized by President Lincoln, in 1863, to raise a cavalry regiment, and two weeks after he had 1,500 men mustered. He ordered him, from among whom he selected the requisite number to form the Eighth Kentucky cavalry, of which he was commissioned colonel. For three years he served with distinction, one of his exploits being the capture of Gen. John H. Morgan during the latter's raid through Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio in 1863.

JAMES M. SHACKLEFORD.

In the East Tennessee campaign he commanded with marked ability the cavalry brigade, Army of the Cumberland, of the Army of the Ohio. In January, 1864, having lost his wife, leaving four infant children to be cared for, he resigned his place in the army. In the same year he located in Evansville, Ind., and resumed the practice of law. He was one of the Republican electors for the state of Indiana in 1880. In 1882 he was one of the Republican electors for the state at large, and was made chairman of the electoral college which cast the vote of Indiana for Harrison and Morton.

The mayor of the town of Guthrie—the Oklahoma town which sprang up like magic when the territory was opened—is Col. D. B. Dyer, formerly of Kansas City, and he is a hustler from away back. He is classing out the gamblers and other rough characters as rapidly as he can conveniently. Dyer is manager the New York pickpockets, and his strong individuality commands respect from even the toughest citizens.

D. B. DYER.

To Stop Snoring.

"It's a singular fact," said a well known merchant today, "that the worst case of snoring can be stopped, by a low whistle. You don't believe it? Well, there's my office boy asleep over on old box. Hear him snore? Of course you do. The dead could hear him. Now listen." The merchant gave one quick, low whistle and the fog horn accompaniment ceased instantly, although the lad still slumbered. "What are you doing?" then asked the man of business, as he roused his subtitute with a shake. "Nothin'," was the instant reply of the youngster. "I was jest hearin' a feller outside a whistlin like blazes."—Albany Journal.

STRAY BITS.

Baron M. Waterbury's society circus in New York cost him about $30,000 for a one night stand.

Los Angeles, Cal., last year shipped away 3,000 tons of fruit, and imported from the east 7,031 tons of beer.

The Chinese laundrymen of Pittsburg, Pa., bleach their clothes with chloride of lime, and the garments soon rot away.

C. F. Brown, of Malvern, Pa., has just taken the first drink of water since October last. He can go without water all winter.

At a sale of Bristol China the highest priced specimen was a jug, sauce by Champion which sold for £45. Its last previous sale was for £39.

A gold crown worth $25,000 has been sent to Vienna by the ex-Hungarian ex-Queen Ex-Ayres. It is to be placed on the coffin of the late Crown Prince Rudolf.

The Philadelphia Call remarks that "the downtown bobtail cars should bear the legend: 'Drop a nickel in the slot and see how much faster you could have walked home.'"

Dr. Agnew says that a healthy woman can kill herself in about a year by horseback riding, and all other physicians would probably agree with him if they didn't want patients.

A highway robber compelled George Falmouth, of Indiana, to sign a check on a bank for $30,000, but George would have signed one for $75,000 just as gracefully. He isn't worth over $3 all told.

The returns for accidents on the railways of the United Kingdom during the year 1888 are interesting. Eleven passengers were killed and 364 injured, as against 23 passengers killed and 538 injured in 1887.

Professor Paul d'Ence, whoever he is, says he can cause a thunderstorm and a fall of rain in any district on two hours' notice, and that he can have the shower stop in fifteen minutes or continue half a day.

M. Adolphe d'Assier has made a special study of the great cosmatic cycle. He says that the next ice period will reach its greatest height in the year 11,750. It is a little early yet to begin laying in coal.

A negro in Rankin county, Miss., who had stolen a mule, was given the option of going to the penitentiary or receiving a hundred lashes on the back. He choose the latter, taking the punishment like a stoic.

In the quaint old Anglican church of Capel-le-Ferne, near Dover, there is no provision made for lighting it at night, and at the evening service those who attend are in the habit of bringing candles and lamps along with them.

A New York pilot says that if one sailing craft can sneak past another in distress without being signaled she will do it nine times in ten. It costs the owners money to feed rescued people, and they don't encourage humane actions.

The winter in Iceland has been unusually severe. When, the other day, the first portion of the season broke through the ice floes and reached Reajkjavik the first question asked by the natives was whether Prince Bismarck was still alive.

The superintendent of a Louisville employment agency urges boys who desire to take up trades to learn cooking. He has found that there is a great scarcity of good male cooks and only in Louisville, but also in every city in the United States.

A Pennsylvania hunter found a cave in the mountains the other day which contained, as he estimated, four tons of solid honey, but the bees pitched into him and stung him a score of times and ran him off before he could arrange to gather, pack and ship.

St. Peter's at Rome is to be further enlarged, it by reason of the elements. At present the cornice running around the nave and aisles is merely a canvas imitation, but Pope Leo intends to replace it by real mosaic, according to the drawings made by Raphael, Bramante and Michael Angelo.

Garden and Forest quotes this simple method of testing the quality of a pear: Write a name with pen and ink upon the dry skin of the fruit. If the ink is quickly absorbed, leaving clear, sharp lines, the quality of the fruit is good; if the skin does not absorb the ink quickly, and the lines are blotted, the quality is inferior.

Here is an item from the Choctaw, Ala., Herald: We are requested to say to the men of this place that on the tap of the bell at the church on Saturday evenings, before the second and fourth Sunday in each month, they are solicited to attend and assist the young ladies in cleaning the lamps and church for services the next day.

The ways of auctioneers in different parts of the world vary greatly. In the United States and England the seller bears the expense of the sale, but in France the purchaser bears the cost, 5 per cent. being added to his purchase. In Holland it is still worse, the buyer being required to pay 10 per cent. additional for the expenses of the sale.

The quality of roof slates, says a German trade journal, can be easily tested by carefully weighing samples, then putting them for a quarter of an hour into boiling water that is fairly free from lime, saltpeter and ammonia, on reweighing the slates these will show the greatest increase in weight are the most capable of resisting deterioration.

Legal Notices.

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Circuit Judge in and for the County of Somerset.

In matter of application for election to fill vacancy in the office of Mayor in the borough of North Plainfield.

Application by a petition signed by at least fifty (50) of the legal voters of said borough, that an election be held for the purpose of electing a mayor of the said borough of North Plainfield in the county of Somerset, on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1889, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 7 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, for the purpose of electing a mayor of said borough of North Plainfield to fill the vacancy in the office of mayor of said borough of North Plainfield, caused by the resignation of Wm. A. Schomp, Jr., and to serve for the unexpired term of said office, which vacancy will exist on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1889, and that notice of said election be given by the clerk of said borough of North Plainfield, by posting copies of the order in five of the most public places in the said borough of North Plainfield at least two weeks prior to the said seventeenth day of June next, which methods I deem proper and necessary. W. J. MAGIE,

A true copy. Circuit Judge.

WM. A. SCHOMP, Clerk.

CARRIAGES

New Designs, Largest Assortment, Best work

For Least Money

Excelled by none

Holman & Ryerson's

99, 91 and 93 SOMERSET ST.

Carriage Materials,

Harness

and Horse Goods

J. V. F. RYERSON

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

DEALER IN

Gasoline Stoves,

Refrigerators,

Screen Doors,

etc.,etc ,etc.

42 West Front St.

INSURANCE

Isaac Brokaw.

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

30 DUKE STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

THE BEES AND

the people swarm to

Howell, the Grocer

for the correct thing in

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES.

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,

NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot.

Telephone Call 30.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 25c. This is a bargain. There are other house containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up, rough or smooth, ruled or plain.

A. W. RAND,

34 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

Window Shades, Hollands, Fringes,

etc. We are now prepared to do a first-class business in all its branches. We have in stock a complete assortment of goods pertaining to this department, and can execute orders for shades at short notice. Ready-made Shades, 50c. wide, on sale from 25c up.

OLD CURTAINS made over and re-laid. Carpets taken up for Summer, and laid again. J. B. Stickle, practical upholsterer, formerly with W. & J. Sloane of New York, is in charge of this department; we will guarantee all work done by him. Remember the place, 126 Park Row's Block, as our stock of Furniture has expanded our LARGE and HANDSOME STOCK and pooled yourself on our Special Low Prices. [illegible] We can save you money on Carpets!

ALMOST FREE! Ladies' Hose, 12c, worth 19c to 20c, and an extra quality for 9½, worth 25c, will not stain; Extra fine Silk Taffeta Gloves at 39c, children's do. at 25c; Ladies' Pure Silk Gloves at 50c, 69c and 98c; Pure Silk Mitts at 25c; Ribbons, Satin Edge, 3c; Silk Elastic, 6c; Gloria Parasols, finished, reserve at 29c, the same as usually sold for 50c. Our $1.65 Kid Gloves for $1.25, for a few days; Ladies' Belgian Hare Muffs at 19c, worth 39c; Ladies' Fur Capes, $1.98, worth $3.50; Ladies' Extra-quality Canes Vests at 35c, as good as usually sold at 50c; Fancy Flannel Shirts, 39c, 50c, 99c, $1.25, $1.49, $1.75, $2; Men's Gauze Shirts, 25c, 39c, 49c and 50c.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St Edsall's.

Furniture Bedding and Upholstery.

THE "BOPLE SAY" our line of BABY CARRIAGES alone is worthy of a visit to our commodious WAREROOMS, where we will explain the merits of the MORRIS PATENT SHOCK HUB, be with illustrated. And it is a fact that our stock of FURNITURE SURPASSES anything in Central New Jersey. Whether you want to buy or not we will be pleased to have you call on us. No trouble to show goods. Our motto: "The BEST GOODS at LOWEST PRICES."

GARRET Q. PACKER,

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT,

1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICE, and to serve the numerous trade which we have had during the past season, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1879.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages.

TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA

of the different styles of FOOTWEAR for summer we invite you to look at our windows

The shoes you see there are leaders, and we keep them in stock.

DOANE & VanARSDALE,

22 West Front Street,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,

ALL QUALITIES,

ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET.

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? These goods are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Lawns! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 4-4 Bastines and Percales at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 39c and 25c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists, 49c to $1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 19c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 39c, 50c, 75c and upward.

PARASOLS! Wow! you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest Silk at $2.97. In stripes and plain Satins we have all shades at $1 and upward. A bar gain in Black Satin Gloria Parasols at $1, $1.49 and $2.97.

FANS! A neat little Fan for 3c and 5c; Fine Feather Fans, 75c to $1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to ROCK BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 25c; and extra heavy Ingrains 35c, 45c and 50c. All wool Two-ply Ingrains, 60c; Genuine homespun Rag Carpets, 35c, 40c and 45c. Fancy Mattings, 12½ 15c and upward. An inspection of all reasonable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

at

Crane's Hat Store,

19 PARK AVENUE.

Trunks! Trunks!

Valises, etc.

BIG STOCK

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, DUNWELL, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of HECKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

Terrill & Cole,

successors to Ford & Stiles

UNDERTAKERS AND

PRACTICAL EMBALMERS,

No. 39 East Front street, Plainfield

H. S. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole

Telephone call 44.

Fresh Garden Seeds,

Garden Tools,

RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,

Cutlery, etc.

N. H. & J. J. HEIDELOFF,

13 Somerset street,

NO. 46 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North American of Philadelphia, Phœnix of London, Queen of Liverpool, Continental of New York and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Mining and Milling Co., Silver Mine of Colorado.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

BEWARE

of the many so-called

Black Stockings

"The ones bearing the 'S. & A.' brand

Are the Ones

guaranteed to give SATISFACTION, or

Money Refunded

Ladies' Hose from 25c to 50c. Children's from 50 to 75 cents. I am the sole agent for them in Plainfield.

H. A. POPE.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 33 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 329.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N. J.

All kinds of work. 35 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer[illegible] once is made

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 28 Third street corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MUSIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE.

1889

NEW GOODS

GIVE US A TRIAL.

POWLISON & JONES,

34 - W. FRONT ST. - 34

KENNEY

IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE, ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAY'S

City Livery Stables,

34 West Fourth street.

Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J.

Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

34 New York Prices, Studio, 32 West Front street. Strainer for drawing and oilpainting

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

A Proclamation by the Mayor.

Mayor's Office, Plainfield, N. J., June 4th, 1889.

The harrowing news of the loss of life and the destruction and suffering caused at Johnstown, Pa., by a devastating flood, arouses the sympathy of all for the survivors of the terrible disaster.

Believing that the citizens of Plainfield are anxious to contribute to the relief of the sufferers, I suggest that they immediately make their donations. Subscription papers will be found at all the drug stores in the city and at the railway station. Money may also be sent to me, to Mr. J. K. Myers, Chairman of the Finance Committee of Council, or to Mr. John W. Murray. I also recommend that collections be taken at all the churches next Sunday for that purpose. Donations of clothing will also be received at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

JOB MILES, Mayor.

[Mr. J. M. Myers will be Treasurer of the Johnstown Relief Fund. It is understood that the idea of calling a public meeting may not be carried out if the work of securing subscriptions continues satisfactory without it.]

Sufferers' Express Goes Free.

Office of the United States Express Company, Plainfield, N. J., June 4th, 1889.

To the EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The recent disaster at Johnstown, by which it has resulted in tremendous loss of life and property, in consequence of which many are rendered homeless and destitute, has led General Superintendent C. E. Topping, of this Company, to direct me to receive and forward all matter, freight or money, destined to the relief of the Johnstown sufferers, free of charge. Our drivers will pick up any such matter promptly. Any one who has also advantage of this opportunity is assured that his donations will be distributed to the best advantage.

A. E. KENNEY, A. T. U. S. Ex. Co.

HE GIVES TWICE WHO GIVES QUICKLY.—Anon.

WHEN THERE ARE TEN THOUSAND LIVES AT HAZARD WE MUST WORK TO SUCCOR THEM.

DOING GOOD IS THE ONLY CERTAINLY HAPPY ACTION OF A MAN'S LIFE.—Sir Philip Sidney.

WE ARE NEVER MORE LIKE GOD THAN WHEN WE ARE DOING GOOD.—Calvin.

OF GREAT RICHES THERE IS NO REAL USE, EXCEPT IT BE IN THE DISTRIBUTION; THE REST IS BUT CONCEIT.—Bacon.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 156; days to come, 209.

—The W. C. F. U. will hold their meetings hereafter at 4 o'clock instead of at 3 o'clock, at their rooms.

—The newly-elected Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. will meet to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—After June 10th the furniture stores of Plainfield will be closed each evening except Saturday at seven o'clock during the Summer.

—The work of removing the old dwelling on the Boone homestead to the Washington avenue front of the property was begun to-day. The house will be thoroughly remodeled.

—The special public meeting relating to the proposed new school building or addition to the present school building in North Plainfield has been postponed until Tuesday, June 11th.

—Dr. Kimbell, the chiropodist, who met with success when here last year, has an announcement in another column to-day. He intends to give the proceeds of his business next Friday, June 7th, to the Johnstown Relief Fund.

PERSONAL.

Among those attending the wedding of Miss Alice Rose to Mr. Frank Cavender in Brooklyn yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. Jas. C. Field, of this city.

The love of friends of Mr. James McGee, of North Plainfield, will regret to learn that he has been confined to his home a week past with nervous prostration.

Dr. M. S. Simpson, of West Fifth street, who has been treating chronic nasal and throat diseases with success fully, though not a specialist in that line, has a card in the professional column.

The Rev. Mr. Lowe, who is erecting the handsome brick building at the corner of North avenue and Peace street, for business purposes, has purchased the adjoining property on Peace street, and yesterday gave contracts for a three-story-25-feet-front-brick building there also, making a beginning of stores on that street now all dwellings to Front street.

Mr. Judson Bonnell, who recently married a daughter of the New York flour merchant, Mr. Thompson E. F. Randolph, has purchased for $6,675 the house and lot occupied by the late John D. Evered, at No. 103 East Front street. The purchase was made through the New York Real Estate Exchange. Mr. Bonnell contemplates extensive improvements which will greatly add to the beauty of the property.

JOHN H. TIER ACQUITTED.

Ice-Cream as Victuals May Be Sold Sunday.

The case of John H. Tier, who appealed from the decision of City Judge Suydam fining him $5 for selling ice-cream Sunday, was tried before Judge McCormick and a jury at Elizabeth this morning, and resulted in his being acquitted of the charge of violating the city ordinance.

Mr. Tier testified that he sold the delicacy as victuals and as he would sell any other article of food to either permanent or transient guests. This testimony was not denied, and the Court charged that if it were true he could not be punished.

The case was submitted to the jury without either counsel addressing them. This was by mutual consent.

The city raised several questions of law on which the Court granted exceptions to enable the Supreme Court to pass on the same if Common Council order the case carried up.

Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh appeared for the city, and Messrs. J. H. Jackson and L. V. Lindabury for Mr. Tier.

A Barn Burned by Lightning.

The barn of John Wendell, of Sterling, was burned to the ground by lightning this morning. Mr. Wendell met with a similar loss about two years ago.

A GENEROUS PEOPLE.

PLAINFIELD'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO JOHNSTOWN SUFFERERS.

Mayor Male Telegraphs $1,000 for the City.—THE NEWS Fund Increased to $607. With Other Subscriptions To Follow.—Various Sums in Mr. Myers's Hands.

The people of Plainfield are responding nobly to the appeals for aid coming from the sufferers of Johnstown.

To-day Mayor Male telegraphed to the Mayor of the stricken city to draw on him at sight for $1,000. This sum is not yet in the hands of Councilman Myers, who is Treasurer of the Relief Fund for Plainfield, but from the way subscriptions are pouring in it is probable that more than this amount will soon be raised.

THE NEWS fund has grown—with the addition of contributions from the Scott Press and Fond Machine Tool Works—to $627, and as the forms are being put to press other subscriptions are coming in.

The work of recording the names and amounts of the contributors at the Potter Press Works could not be concluded in time for publication in to-day's NEWS. The list will appear to-morrow, when a detailed report from the Fond Works, received too late for to-day, will also be published.

The City's Fund.

Among the sums received by Mr. Myers in response to Mayor Male's proclamation published in yesterday's NEWS are the following:

Jas. Male, Mayor	$250.00
Samuel Milliken	250.00
Mrs. Samuel Milliken	50.00
Jas. T. Cowperthwait	100.00
Amount forwarded in advance by Mayor Male	$1,000.00

"THE NEWS" Fund.

FOND MACHINE TOOL WORKS.

Total..... $127.85

SCOTT PRESS WORKS.

Walter Scott.....	$50.00	John Kelly	.50
A. W. Wessels	1.00	Andr. Heffron	.25
W. R. Northup	1.00	Ernest Houster	1.00
F. R. Memplin	.50	Elmer Youngblood	.50
D. S. Popp	1.00	F. Lockman	.25
L. H. Brown	.50	Jas. McCarthy	.50
C. H. Allen	.50	Edw. Randall	.25
A. Vanzile	.50	Thos. Brennan	.25
D. C. Allen	.50	G. A. Morehouse	.25
John Wilson	.25	Geo. Carpenter	.50
Jas. Carson	.25	Jas. Pierson	.50
R. Enstrom	.50	Chas. Palmer	.25
C. Wagner	.25	A. Kahnmann	2.00
Geo. Pine	.50	H. Harpencus	.50
Geo. Rogers	.50	Frank Reilly	.50
Jas. Bowden	.50	Edw. Randall	.25
M. Wunderlick	.50	Thos. Cardener	.50
Robt. Rials	.50	Robt. Johnston	1.00
Jas. Van Winkle	.50	C. W. Smith	.50
C. Belknap	.50	W. J. Gloak	1.00
C. Bectelo	.10	Jas. Stephenson	.50
E. R. Stelle	1.00	Jas. Stelle	.50
F. W. Hand	.50	E. F. Randolph	.50
H. A. Hungerford	.50	H. B. York	.50
H. A. Ten Eyck	.50	D. G. Gloak	.50
C. J. Robertson	1.00	And. Jackson	.25
J. Sperling	.50	W. Van Winkle	.50
A. Bartine	.50	Jas. McKinnon	.50
John Kerr	.50	Wm. Wilson	.50
Edw. Wood	.25	Wm. Julius	.50
W. F. Oliver	1.00	Geo. Compar	.50
H. Boyd	.50	Jas. Bey	1.00
Theodor Tuttle	.50	Ed. Hann	.50
Thos. J. Todd	.50	Wm. Anderson	.50
Jas. Mullin	.25	A. Craig	.50
Stephen R. Hope	.50	Geo. McCusker	.25
Ed. Wolverton	.50	W. A. Millaird	.25
And. Wilkie	.50	Wm. Feagan	.25
And. Miller	.25	F. Wendell	.25
H. Ackerman	.25	Stiles	.50
Jas. Smith	.50	Wm. Newmiller	.50
C. Loughlin	.50	Chas. McCann	.50
Henry Wormer	.50	John Killbride	.25
Alfred Dixon	.50	Edw. Connor	.25
Geo. Sack	.50	Patrick Conley	.50
Jos. Engbaum	.50	Edw. Conelly	.50
Walter Engbaum	.50	H. Tompkin	.50
Chas. Belknap	.50	L. Burr	.25
Theo. Belknap	.50	Henry Prosher	.50
C. H. Myers	.50	Hall	.25
L. Collins	.50	Jas Keenan	.50
Chas. Stephens	.50	Jos. Guerier	.50
Harry Heffron	.25		

Total..... $106.50

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. G. Runkle	$25.00
Mrs. Chas. Potter, jr.	20.00
T. W. Harrison	30.00
C. D. Baldwin	20.00
A. D. Cook & Bros	30.00
Wm. Cook & Sons	10.00
G. W. Endicott, M. D	10.00
Joseph Bate	10.00
Mrs. H. Clark	10.00
Mulford Estil	10.00
O. L. Jenkins, M. D	10.00
Van Schaurch & White	10.00
Woolston & Buckle	10.00
A. D. Button	5.00
Craig A. Marsh	5.00
Carney Bros	5.00
Daniel C. Adams	5.00
Field & Randolph	5.00
F. C. Laughorne	5.00
F. S. Wells	5.00
Edgerton & Wilcox	5.00
G. W. Morrison	5.00
H. Newton Spencer	5.00
Chas. Sack	5.00
Harry D. Morrison	5.00
Joseph A. Patterson	5.00
J. B. Miller	5.00
J. C. Allen	5.00
D. B. Hubbard	5.00
John E. Jackson	5.00
J. G. Miller	5.00
Joseph Hubbard	5.00
John Johnson	5.00
Louis Bros	5.00
Schwed Bros	5.00
Wilson Wales	5.00
Wm. M. Stillman	5.00
W. R. Codington	5.00
H. H. Griffin	4.00
Dozet & VanArsdale	3.00
J. C. Pierson, Jr	3.00
E. Hopkins	3.00
H. F. Coriell	2.00
C. H. Hand	2.00
Geo. Q. Hall	2.00
James O'Brien	2.00
John F. Emmons	2.00
Wm. Hetherington	2.00
L. M. French	2.00
Fowlinson & Jones	2.00
A. Bow	2.00
F. B. Carter, Fanwood	2.00
F. O. Doane	2.00
J. Carey	2.00
W. W. Coriell	2.00
W. I. Clarke	2.00
Wm. F. Jones	2.00
A friend	1.50
Edward Campbell	1.50
Edward B Daly	1.50
P. L. Lieberson	1.50
Wm. Schwarzbarn	1.00
Charles Smith	1.00
Fred Bohnaker	1.00
Frank Lyons	1.00
George Fairchild	1.00
Harvey Dixon	1.00
Jas. Martin	1.00
James Daly	1.00
Joseph G. Reiti	1.00
L. Ryerson	1.00
Jeremiah Manning	1.00
Louis Mcintosh	1.00
P. L. VanAlstine	1.00
Mrs. Elizabeth Hapenny	1.00
Mrs. Dunn	1.00
Samuel Wakefield	1.00
T. O. V	1.00
Wm. A. Cockrell	1.00
W. A. Coddington	1.00
Wm. L. Gavett	1.00
Frederick Lund	.50
Lin Woolley	.50
Poor Cuss	.27
S. E. F	.25
Total	$283.62
Grand Total	$607.97

Plainfield Contributors.

The Western Union Telegraph Company has directed that all messages of contributions for the relief of the Johnstown sufferers be sent free of charge.

The Babcock and Wilcox Company of New York, of which Mr. George H. Babcock, of Eighth street, is President, sent $1,000 to the Johnstown sufferers Monday.

Mr. Richard A. Hilleaas, of Plainfield, contributed $100 yesterday through their New York office toward the relief of the Johnstown sufferers. Mr. Potter will make further contribution to-morrow, with his employes.

Among the subscriptions credited by the New York papers this morning as having been received by the Johnstown Relief Committee of the consolidated exchanges from citizens of Plainfield. The Tribune acknowledges the receipt of $6 from "three sisters".

A large wagon-load of clothing in bundles, boxes, barrels and trunks was shipped free from Plainfield to Johnstown by the United States Express Company this afternoon. Some of the contributions were received through the Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Ernest O. Chamberlin, formerly of Madison avenue, and for many years one of The New York Sun's special correspondents, is chief of The Sun's corps now at Johnstown. Besides sending graphic letters and dispatches to the New York office each day he is prominent in the work of relief for the surviving sufferers.

Mayor Male had Mr. T. O. Doane, the Chief of the Fire Department, and First Assistant Chief Eugene Lake, at work to-day in the noble work, and they have been indefatigable in their efforts. They visited Schopplin & Co.'s, the oil-cloth works and the carpet factories and the Plainfield Hosiery Co., and already been sent to The News, nor arranged for through us.

Among the first to visit our office yesterday with a contribution of $5 was Mr. Harry Werner of West Front street, who was instantly attracted by the liberal spirit of growth had manifested in the charitable work and determined to build. This spirit of growth had reached even the station. He built larger free than he used to, and that led to the enlargement. In retrospect one could see this steady growth all through the church's history; the years were marked by a series of concentric rings. It all reminded one of the Songs of Degrees of the Scriptures, and from the closing words of the final song he would quote:

"The Lord hath made heaven and earth bless thee out of Zion."

Following the doctor's speech came singing by the congregation, who united in the following hymn:

I love Thy kingdom, Lord,
The house of Thine ancient rest,
The church our blest Redeemer saved
With His own precious blood.

I love Thy church, O God:
Her walls before Thee stand,
Dear as the apple of Thine eye,
And graven on Thy hand.

For her my tears shall fall,
For her my prayers ascend:
To her my cares and toils be given,
Till toils and cares shall end.

A very pleasant feature of such affairs as this—said Mr. Richards—is the renewal of the evidences of unity among the churches. A clerical gentleman recently sought one of the local Presbyterian churches and was invited to the other by a caboose who supposed that it didn't matter any difference and that one would be equally at home in both. Each church is at present engrossed with building enthusiasms, and at the end of the year both congregations will feel satisfied that sufficient enterprise has been developed and sufficient consecration retained for the work which will have grown. Its chapel and built a church, and the other will have kept its church and built a chapel.

The Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketcham, pastor of the First church, who was then introduced, extended hearty congratulations to his sister-church for their achieving new triumphs out of adversity and declared that a new chapel would in time have been erected anyhow, for it was needed, but the flames that had destroyed a portion of the former edifice no doubt had kindled their zeal and developed their purpose. He rejoiced to see such impressive attached to the Sabbath-school and such willingness to contribute towards expanding the work which was really the foundation of the church.

After a chorus by the choir, led by Mr. E. C. Pierson, Mr. Richards read a message from the Ladies' Home Missionary Society of the church, which had a meeting this morning at nine o'clock.

The regular morning session was preceded by a short service of prayer and praise.

The committee on resolutions presented a long report, which was adopted.

The Rev. Dr. J. B. Singleton, of the South Baptist church, Newark, preached a doctrinal sermon on the "Cross of Christ", which was listened to with marked attention.

The Peddie Memorial church, Newark, was selected as the next place of meeting.

The pastor and the Baptist church were thanked for their hospitality and kindness to the delegates.

The session this afternoon closed the meeting of the Association.

The various sessions have been attended by 155 delegates, representing 37 delegates.

The Association was organized and held its first meeting in this city in 1842. Since then its has met here five times, in 1868, 1856, 1871, 1880 and this year. Among its Moderators have been the Rev. Dr. Yerkes and the Rev. Dr. Lowrie. Dr. A. D. Lansdell has been Standing Clerk of the Association since 1866.

THE PASTOR'S PICKAXE.

IT STRIKES FIRST BLOW FOR THE NEW PRESBYTERIAN CHAPEL.

Ground-Breaking Ceremonies at the Crescent Avenue Church.—Messrs. M. B. Newhall and J. W. Murray Handle Spade and Shovel.

The sun is the only thing that the Rev. W. R. Richards, of Crescent avenue Presbyterian church, ever winks in a left-handed manner, and though he does not of necessity use that valuable implement many times a day he can strike with it a sure blow from the left shoulder that he can from the right. In the ordinary matters of his life right hand does the most work, but when it comes to the power of his sermons and of the successful growth of his church are not surprised that he should prove ambidextrous and occasionally give his reserve hand a chance for exercise.

Among the sons of the family of sons is the pick, a big, husky youth of sixteen summers, whose life is from his birth devoted to clearing the way that others may increase in progress. Last evening the pastor and the pick renewed an acquaintance that had never been closely intimate, and both together concentrated their forces in breaking the first cold stroke towards the erection of a new edifice for the Sunday-school of Mr. Richards's church.

The ground-breaking ceremonies were held in a large tent at the rear of the church, on *the spot to be occupied by the new extension of the edifice.* There was a large attendance, and the occasion was one of much felicitation.

At eight o'clock the exercises were begun by a piano duet by Miss Utter and Miss Alice Holmes, after which the Rev. Mr. Richards offered prayer, giving thanks for the blessings which had been showered on his people.

In a few pleasant words he then introduced the Rev. Dr. J. C. Bliss, who was pastor of the church from 1857 to 1885, and who responded with a happy speech reminiscent of the days of forty-five years ago, when eighty-six members of the First church organized into a second congregation and erected a plain white building with Corinthian columns and green blinds, on Cherry street, now Park avenue, at the corner of Front, in the midst of great elm trees. The Sunday-school pupils at that time had to pay down into a deep, dark basement, where they were provided with stiff-backed, comfortless benches. From the start the new congregation had manifested a spirit of advance, of enlargement; and by the fourth of July, 1860, they had enlarged the church edifice, and then they were busy in copying their present costly home and had cleared away that old-time ornament, the mortgage. Furthermore, they had promised, when they paid the last dollar of their debt, "never to do so again", and it was gratifying to note how completely and resolutely they had won with which they had subscribed in advance for the cost of the new chapel as soon as it had been determined to build. This

Even while the telegrams were being sent and The News forms were going to press the amount was growing steadily.

Many Plainfielders whose names we would have seen with pleasure on our lists are already among the generous contributors for the relief of the sufferers at Johnstown. Yesterday the New York Exchanges, of which several Plainfielders are members, raised a purse of $24,000. Among the contributors are Mr. Jacob Kirkner, President of the Consolidated Board of Brokers, and Messrs. James and Henry McGee, of North Plainfield.

THE EAST NEW JERSEY BAPTISTS.

The Rev. Mr. Dills Chosen to Preach Next Year.

The afternoon session of the East New Jersey Baptist Association yesterday was presided over yesterday by the annual meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society connected with the Association. Only regular routine business was transacted.

The Moderator called the delegates to order at two o'clock, and the letters from the various churches showing the progress of the work since the last annual meeting had been read, been an increase of 610 in membership and a decrease of 461, making a net gain in membership of 149. Among the churches which had been collected for benevolent objects $16,609.74.

Short addresses were made by representatives of the various societies connected with the denomination, and reports were presented by each society.

A collection amounting to $238.23, for the Baptist Old Ministers' Home, concluded the session.

The evening session was preceded by a short service of prayer and praise.

An historical sketch of the North Baptist church of Jersey City was read, and a few remarks on Peddie Institute were made by Dr. Clarke.

The address of the evening was given by the Rev. R. W. Dorsey, of Emmanuel church, San Francisco, in which he spoke of the work and the needs of the church in California.

A committee was appointed to confer with the Church Extension Board of the Association, and the Rev. Asa Read Dills was appointed to preach the introductory sermon on the opening of the next session.

The Ladies' Home Missionary Society of the Association held a meeting this morning at nine o'clock.

The regular morning session was preceded by a short service of prayer and praise.

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He thereupon seized the pick and struck four true blows, loosening the earth along the line marking the wall of the new *chapel is to stand. Councilman H. B. Newhall* and ex-Councilman John W. Murray then set to work with spade and shovel, and in a moment a neat excavation, representing the beginning of the chapel was completed, amid the applause of the people.

At this stage Mr. Pierson, leader of the choir, took the floor.

There is a time—he said—for work and a time for rest; a time for labor and a time for refreshment. We have had our work with pick, spade and shovel, and possibly in listening to addresses; and now we shall have our reward.

Ice-cream, strawberries and cake were then served by young ladies of the church, both in the tent and in the partly-burned chapel. The unsightly scars of the fire in the pavilion had been hidden from view by beautiful decorations, and the walls were gay with Japanese hangings, fans and lanterns. At one end was a bower of evergreen, where roses and other blossoms were on sale; and at the other was a long table loaded over by two fair Rebeccas.

Musical refreshments had been served more music was rendered, parties lately pleasing being a soprano solo by Mrs. J. K. Myers, a tenor solo by Mr. H. E. Simpson, and a duet by Misses Alice Holmes, with a violin obligato by Mr. Alfred Holmes.

During the evening Mr. Roger F. Murray became an auctioneer pro tempore and after some terrible good-humored dickering sold Mr. Richards's gavel to Mr. W. Murray for $7.25, the shovel to Mr. Leo Daft for $5.25, *and the spade to Mr. C. W. Hilleaas for $4.50.*

FLASHES FROM FANWOOD.

A Pastor's Voluntary Service.—A Coming Event.

[Correspondence of THE NEWS.]

Fanwood, June 5th.—Last Sunday afternoon the Rev. Wm. Maxwell Riley, rector of All Saints church, North Plainfield, held services in the school house in New Providence. These were said to be the first Protestant Episcopal services ever held in that pretty hamlet. There were over one hundred present, and because of the interest manifested by the worshipers the services will be continued until further notice. The extra voluntary clerical labor on the part of the worthy rector of All Saints church meets with hearty commendation. It will in no wise conflict with the regular Sunday morning and evening services in his own church.

Tickets are now on sale for a lawn party to be held at the residence of Mr. Charles Ryle, Fanwood, Wednesday, June 12th, from 3 to 9 p. m., on behalf of the parish debt of All Saints church. Judging from the number of tickets already sold, there is much interest manifested in the matter, the affair will prove one of the great events of the season.

The United States Express Company collected, free of charge, all packages for the Johnstown sufferers from their office in this place as well as from other localities. C.

COMMENCEMENT AT RUTGERS.

The Completed Programme for the College on the Raritan.

[Correspondence of THE NEWS.]

New Brunswick, N. J., June 5th.—The programme of Commencement at Rutgers has been completed. The exercises will open with the baccalaureate sermon, to be preached Sunday evening, June 16th, by the Rev. Dr. Richard S. Storrs, of Brooklyn. Entrance examinations will be begun Monday, and in the afternoon the Class Day exercises will be held in the College Campus. In the evening the Glee Club will give a concert in Kirkpatrick Hall. The annual meeting of the Board of Trustees will be held Tuesday morning, June 18th, at 10 o'clock, and at the same hour the Alumni will meet in Kirkpatrick Chapel. Among the matters for election of officers and representatives in the Board of Trustees and will be delivered by the Hon. Charles D. Winfield, of Jersey City, whose subject is "Public Opinion". The annual collation is to be held in the afternoon, followed by an address by the Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, of New York. Commencement proper will occur Wednesday, June 19th. Exercises will be held in the morning. The President's reception is to come in the evening, and will be followed by the Junior hop, which will close Commencement.

STRAWBERRY AND ICE CREAM

FESTIVAL

under the auspices of the LADIES' AID SOCIETY of the M. E. Church, to be held in

Vincent Chapel,

Thursday and Friday evenings,

JUNE 6th and 7th.

Admission, 10c. Good Music. 3-4*

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North Avenues.

N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 5-11-3m

R. A. ROSS,

No. 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, invites carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds,

and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box 1238. Jobbing attended to. Best of references personally on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,

Residence Evans. P. O. Box 550.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

CRANFORD RIVER CARNIVALS.

Planning for Scenes of Fairy-Land and Sports of Venice.

Cranford, N. J., June 5th.—The River Improvement Association of Cranford will open the season of 1889 this week Saturday afternoon, at three o'clock, when an open air address on the banks of the picturesque stream which flows through this beautiful village will be delivered by Maj.-Gen. Egbert L. Viele, ex-President of the New York City Park Commission, after which the first regatta of the Summer will be held.

There will be races by single and double sculls, canoes and tubs, besides other interesting contests. The start will be made from Boothout's dock, near the Falls.

It is the intention of the Association to give three regattas and several Venetian carnivals during the present season.

These carnivals have for years attracted thousands from miles around by the brilliant display of pyrotechnics and the fairy-like scene of several hundred boats and canoes gayly bedecked with Japanese lanterns of every conceivable color and shape.

The Regatta Committee extend a cordial invitation to all lovers of aquatic sports living in Plainfield and other neighboring places who may desire to participate in the second and third regattas. All communications in relation to visitors' races should be addressed to H. C. West, Secretary of the River Improvement Association, Cranford, N. J.

Should the weather of Saturday prove stormy the regatta will be postponed until the next clear Saturday.

PROSTRATED BY LIGHTNING.

Two Peddlers and a Horse Stunned by Electricity.

Charles Hich, a strawberry peddler, of Newark, with an assistant was traveling along the road between Cranford and Westfield this morning, on the way to Plainfield, when he was overtaken by the thunderstorm which visited this city before daybreak. They were shielding their way carefully along when a flash of lightning blasted a tree by the roadside and prostrated both of the men and their horse. The men were unconscious some time and when they recovered they had much difficulty in arousing the horse. They finally were able to proceed, after repairing the harness, which had been torn by the shock.

Special Notices.

1105.—The members of Plainfield Council, 711, R. A., are hereby notified to attend the regular meeting of said Council Monday, June 10th, at 8 p. m. Action in regard to our official visit of 401 of Johnstown is highly necessary.

Attest: AARON W. RAND, Regent.
H. A. THORNE, Secretary. 4-5*

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty.
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 4-5-1y

DR. E. KIMBELL

THE

GREAT SPECIALIST

Commenced his second visit in Plainfield this morning. Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 8 to 8. Parlors, 9 to 9.

☞ Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances.

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the Cary House, Plainfield, for a FEW DAYS ONLY.

People who desire the services of a skilful

CHIROPODIST

are urged to call without any delay, as his engagements in Trenton are positive.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.

☞ Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The Doctor's method of taking off corns has been the most aggravating foot troubles radically and permanently cured and suffer nothing from this treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK, OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 13,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials, in "Dr. Kimbell's Guide," we feel impelled to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

From J. B. Probasco, M. D.: I have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in removing corns, and heartily recommend him to the afflicted.

J. B. PROBASCO, M. D.
41 East Front street.

From J. T. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL to the public as a chiropodist. J. T. FRITTS, M. D.
26 Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face. MRS. THEO. TUTTLE.
1 Plainfield, May 30.

From John A. Beerbower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet of painful corns.
JOHN A. BEERBOWER.

☞ With pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.
MISS ALICE M. FOWLER.
30 Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cures the worst cases in ten days. Try it.

☞ All bad cases solicited.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

FROM 12,000 TO 15,000 DEAD.

The Latest Estimates from the Stricken District.

Johnstown, Pa., June 5th. (Special.)—The registry of the survivors of the flood now shows nearly ten thousand names, and the best estimates on the total loss of life puts the number of the dead at from twelve thousand to fifteen thousand.

A DAM OF STRAW.

That's What They Say There Was at Conemaugh.

Johnstown, Pa., June 5th. (Special.)—A mine-owner at Conemaugh says that the dam whose bursting resulted in this horrible disaster was principally of shale and clay, and that straw was used to stop the leaking *water while it was being built.*

Others decry, be it as a heap of mud and loose stone.

BITS OF BOWLING NEWS.

The Plainfield's Club House.—A Summer Rest.

The Plainfield Bowling Club held their regular monthly meeting at the Olympia Alleys Monday evening. Two new members were elected, making the total membership eighty-nine.

The matter of building a Club House was discussed at considerable length, and a committee was appointed to canvass the Club and to make a report at the next meeting.

At the close of the meeting a merry match game was played between the following members of the Club:

Leggett	121	Hubbard	133
Haynes	88	Emerson	126
Sanders	108	Rogers	134
Haven	157	Jones	106
Suthpen	101	Day	135
Teel	136	Hockridge	71
Total	719	Total	605

The Cleveland Comets have given up the alleys until September 1st, when they will reorganize.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 52 Madison avenue. 5-18-tf*

BOY WANTED at Denton's nursery.

COW FOR SALE.—A young Jersey cow, fresh, giving very rich milk. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 4-3

DESIRABLE house, eleven rooms, all improvements. Five minutes from depot. Inquire of P. M. French, City Milk. 4-15tf

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 600, Plainfield. 5tf

SOBER young man wants situation as coachman; understands his business. Inquire 07 West Fourth street. 31-6

TWO Jersey cows. Inquire of P. M. French, City Milk. 12tf

UPRIGHT PIANOS for sale, or rent cheap, 93 East Front street. 5-tf.

WANTED—Furnished room. Good location. By family. Reference exchanged. Address Steward, Plainfield post office. 4-4

WANTED—As nurse for a baby, a girl about fifteen years of age—one willing to assist with chamber work. Protestant preferred; reference required. Call at 34 Washington avenue, North Plainfield. 4-3

WANTED—Situation by an English girl as chamber-maid and waitress. Good references. Call 29 Richmond street. 4-3

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. 109 Plainfield avenue. 29tf*

Mother Goose

with her distinguished family and friends will be at the

KITCHEN GARDEN SCHOOL

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 11th,

at eight o'clock, in the W. C. T. U. rooms, 72 West Front street. The children

Invite the Public

to meet this distinguished dame. Admission, 25c; children under 12 years, 10c. 3t*

HOTEL NETHERWOOD

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank E. Miller.

YE THIRSTY!

Frosted Cream Soda

in all flavors is

OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL

in the way of SUMMER DRINKS.

STRAWBERRY

fresh from the fruit, is excelled by none.

BANANA SHERBET JAND

Turkish Sherbet are Original

with us. Try them.

Our Milk Shakes

continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.

We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.

Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for customers; running fountains of water for cleaning glasses; prompt service by courteous clerks.

Field & Randolph,

CITY PHARMACY

21 WEST FRONT STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK,
OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE,
AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Greeley's Unpublished Letters.

Some documents of much historic value have been given to the public by Mr. Charles A. Dana, of The New York Sun. They consist of thirty-three private letters written by Horace Greeley to Mr. Dana. At that time Dana was managing editor of The Tribune. The letters refer largely to the conduct and policy of the paper. They range over the years 1853 to 1859. All but three are written from Washington. Greeley was there as the correspondent of his own paper.

He seems to have disliked Washington, and speaks of it as "this hole." In his first letter he says: "Living here is horribly dear for those who have to see people." This sounds strange, because in our time Washington is the cheapest large city to live in in the United States. In the letters crop out the same honesty of purpose, the same broad views, which gave to the pledgehammer blows of The Tribune editorial page. He says of one of the paper's hirelings:

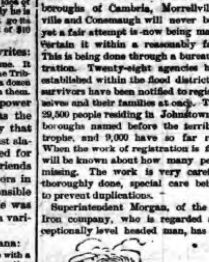
As to old Mellen, I think we may as well let him have his $30 a week for a few weeks yet, though I can't see him. I wouldn't mind his help if I could. He is a good writer, and I like to see keeping his mouth shut, but tells everybody he is going to leave The Tribune, but doesn't go to Rome, etc. He annoys me to the amount of $10 per week at least; but let him wait a little.

Of Washington and congress he writes:

I hate this hole, but am glad I have come. It does me good to see how those who hate the Tribune much fear it yet more. There are a dozen here who will do better for my eye being on them.

Their hatred of families at once. There are 29,500 people residing in Johnstown and the boroughs named before the terrible catastrophe, and 9,000 have so far registered. When the work of registration is finished, it will be known about how many persons are missing. The work is very carefully and thoroughly done, special care being taken to prevent duplications.

Superintendent Morgan, of the Cambria Iron company, who is regarded as an exceptionally level headed man, has returned



THE BRIDGE OF DEATH.

from a tour of the entire flooded district. He declares that nearly above 15,000 persons are now alive where 29,500 lived and had their being before the flood.

Adjt. Gen. Hastings maintains that the death list may not exceed 6,000, and of this number he thinks 3,000 bodies will never be recovered.

Mr. McConnaughy, the chief of the bureau of registration, said that he is convinced that the number who perished is fully 10,000 or more.

More Bodies Found Opposite Nineveh.

Three hundred more bodies have been found opposite Nineveh. This makes 700 bodies found at that place.

Adjt. Gen. Hastings states that he wishes to deny stories published to the effect that the militia, which is handling the dead, are rifling here since Saturday. Says he:

"These reports are utterly devoid of truth. Every one knows there is no truth in these statements, but the people away from here have no means of obtaining information only through the newspapers. I think the e is enough truth to tell here without publishing false and sensational stories."

More Grave Diggers Needed.

What is needed here now more than anything else is grave diggers. Hundreds of bodies are lying around, and there is no one to dig graves. During the morning fifty funeral processions passed to the cemetery. It was not an unusual sight to see two or three coffins carried along, one after another, followed by a number of mourners in the same procession. It is impossible to secure wagons or conveyances of any kind, consequently all the funeral processions are on foot.

William Gaffney perform d a very pitiful duty during the morning. On his father's grave, his wife's and his fourteen relatives, among them his wife and family. He got a man to take his deceased relatives to the grave, and he dug his own and buried them. In speaking of the matter he said:

"I never thought that I could perform such a sad duty, but I had to do it, and did it. No one has any idea of the feelings of a man who acts as undertaker, grave digger and pallbearer to his own family."

The saddest sight to be seen on the river bank was the case of Mr. Gilmore, who has lost his wife and family of five children. Over one hundred dead bodies of his loved ones passed the river bank looking for his family. He insisted on the firemen playing a stream of water on the place where the last body floated by, but he could not regain one of his family were supposed to lay. The fireman, recognizing his feelings, played the stream on the place for several hours. Finally one of the firemen picked up a child's skull, evidently that of a child. This stirred the old man up and he exclaimed:

"That is my child! There lies my family! Go on and quit the work!"

The workmen continued, and in a few minutes they came to the remains of the mother and three children. The heads were completely blown off, but there was enough of their clothing left to recognize them by. What was left was picked up, coffined, and the old gentleman followed the men who carried them away.

Unclaimed Dead.

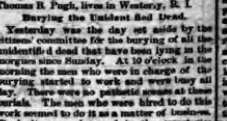
Fourteen bodies remain unclaimed at the Cambria City morgue and two at Morrellville. At the Pearlville school house the eight is a set of bodies and they are completely decomposed.

Gen. Hastings has appointed his assistant, Maj. A. L. Spangler, to organize the following departments of distribution: Food and meats, clothing, tinware, flour, coffee, sugar and tobacco. Each of these will be placed in a special department, including Kernville, Woodvale, Cambria City, Morrellville, Conemaugh and other towns, and in each of these three assistants will distribute the necessaries to the worthy. This scheme will enable those in charge to give to all who are needy and prevent imposition. The principal depot is at the Pennsylvania passenger station. A portion of the platform has been wired off, and large tables, filled with all kinds of good, substantial food, are spread, and these are arranged along the whole length of it. Police are on guard, not only to repress the eager crowds, but also to prevent the obtaining of tickets, save by those who are entitled to them. Those in charge of the burying started to work and were busy all day. There were no pathetic scenes at these burials. The men who were hired to bury the dead seemed to do it as a matter of business. The bodies were interred in the cemeteries nearest the places where they were found. About noon the procession of fifty coffins was seen going up the hill above the railroad. There was not a mourner present, and the sight was a ghastly one to behold.

It is thought that several of the bodies in the different graveyards, as there were few graves dug until yesterday morning, and no implements to dig them with, the large department of grave digging was at Pittsburg, and they were immediately put to work digging graves. Altogether about 200 bodies were taken to the different cemeteries yesterday.

Twenty, Perhaps Forty, Perished.

It is now definitely settled that at least twenty, and perhaps forty, persons were lost on the two sections of the day express that



AS THE RECEDING FLOOD LEFT JOHNSTOWN.

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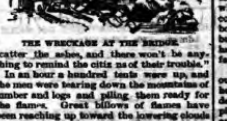

THE WRECKAGE AT THE BRIDGE.

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In an hour a hundred teams were up, and the men were tearing down the mountains of lumber and logs and piling them ready for the flames. By 2 o'clock this work had been reaching up toward the lowering clouds all day, and now the streets are possible to all parts of the city, although the debris left by the flood is scattered, and it will it be for several days. There will be clear ground next Monday between Johnstown and Cambria, which Johnstown people may again build and again grow rich and great. Some philosophic residents have even come to regard the flood in the light of a blessing in disguise, for it has cleared away many lives from the earth, they would think it was absolutely so. Johnstown is sure to rise again. The action of the Cambria Iron company in this matter is significant. The company has already decided that they will have money will rebuild at their own expense, and those who have no money, but have good property, will borrow the money from them. There is no mortgages on any real estate to speak of. The city owes nothing, in fact is in splendid financial shape. Those who have money and desire to invest in private citizens at good interest, or invest it in bonds issued to pay for new bridges, build logs, streets and whatever may be needed in a place of this kind, can do well to remain here and speculate. The population lost will be replaced by people who will be want d in the Cambria iron works and new factories that will be started in the city.

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AMONG THE DEAD.

Scenes and Incidents in the Streets of Johnstown.

GRAVE DIGGERS WANTED.

Bereaved Fathers Obliged to Bury Their Families Themselves.

DYNAMITE IN THE DEBRIS.

It Fails to Separate the Mass of Wreckage Above the Bridge.

Many More Bodies Have Been Recovered, but They Lie Untortured and Menace the Health of the Living—It Is Now Reasonably Certain That from Twenty to Forty Passengers on the Railroad Trains Caught in the Flood Perished. In All, About 8,500 Corpses Have Been Brought to Light—The Fourteenth Regiment Has Been Called Out to Do Police Duty—Relief Funds Are Reaching Magnificent Proportions and Everything Possible Is Being Done for the Comfort of the Survivors.

JOHNSTOWN, PA., June 5.—While the total loss of life at Johnstown and the surrounding boroughs of Cambria, Morrellville, Kernville and Conemaugh will never be known, yet a fair attempt at how being made to ascertain it within a reasonably fair limit. This is being done through a bureau of registration. Twenty-eight agencies have been established within the flood districts, and all survivors have been notified to register themselves and their families at once. There are 29,500 people residing in Johnstown and the boroughs named before the terrible catastrophe, and 9,000 have so far registered. When the work of registration is finished, it will be known about how many persons are missing. The work is very carefully and thoroughly done, special care being taken to prevent duplications.

Superintendent Morgan, of the Cambria Iron company, who is regarded as an exceptionally level headed man, has returned

THE BRIDGE OF DEATH.

from a tour of the entire flooded district. He declares that nearly above 15,000 persons are now alive where 29,500 lived and had their being before the flood.

Adjt. Gen. Hastings maintains that the death list may not exceed 6,000, and of this number he thinks 3,000 bodies will never be recovered.

Mr. McConnaughy, the chief of the bureau of registration, said that he is convinced that the number who perished is fully 10,000 or more.

More Bodies Found Opposite Nineveh.

Three hundred more bodies have been found opposite Nineveh. This makes 700 bodies found at that place.

Adjt. Gen. Hastings states that he wishes to deny stories published to the effect that the militia, which is handling the dead, are rifling here since Saturday. Says he:

"These reports are utterly devoid of truth. Every one knows there is no truth in these statements, but the people away from here have no means of obtaining information only through the newspapers. I think the e is enough truth to tell here without publishing false and sensational stories."

More Grave Diggers Needed.

What is needed here now more than anything else is grave diggers. Hundreds of bodies are lying around, and there is no one to dig graves. During the morning fifty funeral processions passed to the cemetery. It was not an unusual sight to see two or three coffins carried along, one after another, followed by a number of mourners in the same procession. It is impossible to secure wagons or conveyances of any kind, consequently all the funeral processions are on foot.

William Gaffney perform d a very pitiful duty during the morning. On his father's grave, his wife's and his fourteen relatives, among them his wife and family. He got a man to take his deceased relatives to the grave, and he dug his own and buried them. In speaking of the matter he said:

"I never thought that I could perform such a sad duty, but I had to do it, and did it. No one has any idea of the feelings of a man who acts as undertaker, grave digger and pallbearer to his own family."

The saddest sight to be seen on the river bank was the case of Mr. Gilmore, who has lost his wife and family of five children. Over one hundred dead bodies of his loved ones passed the river bank looking for his family. He insisted on the firemen playing a stream of water on the place where the last body floated by, but he could not regain one of his family were supposed to lay. The fireman, recognizing his feelings, played the stream on the place for several hours. Finally one of the firemen picked up a child's skull, evidently that of a child. This stirred the old man up and he exclaimed:

"That is my child! There lies my family! Go on and quit the work!"

The workmen continued, and in a few minutes they came to the remains of the mother and three children. The heads were completely blown off, but there was enough of their clothing left to recognize them by. What was left was picked up, coffined, and the old gentleman followed the men who carried them away.

Unclaimed Dead.

Fourteen bodies remain unclaimed at the Cambria City morgue and two at Morrellville. At the Pearlville school house the eight is a set of bodies and they are completely decomposed.

Gen. Hastings has appointed his assistant, Maj. A. L. Spangler, to organize the following departments of distribution: Food and meats, clothing, tinware, flour, coffee, sugar and tobacco. Each of these will be placed in a special department, including Kernville, Woodvale, Cambria City, Morrellville, Conemaugh and other towns, and in each of these three assistants will distribute the necessaries to the worthy. This scheme will enable those in charge to give to all who are needy and prevent imposition. The principal depot is at the Pennsylvania passenger station. A portion of the platform has been wired off, and large tables, filled with all kinds of good, substantial food, are spread, and these are arranged along the whole length of it. Police are on guard, not only to repress the eager crowds, but also to prevent the obtaining of tickets, save by those who are entitled to them. Those in charge of the burying started to work and were busy all day. There were no pathetic scenes at these burials. The men who were hired to bury the dead seemed to do it as a matter of business. The bodies were interred in the cemeteries nearest the places where they were found. About noon the procession of fifty coffins was seen going up the hill above the railroad. There was not a mourner present, and the sight was a ghastly one to behold.

It is thought that several of the bodies in the different graveyards, as there were few graves dug until yesterday morning, and no implements to dig them with, the large department of grave digging was at Pittsburg, and they were immediately put to work digging graves. Altogether about 200 bodies were taken to the different cemeteries yesterday.

Twenty, Perhaps Forty, Perished.

It is now definitely settled that at least twenty, and perhaps forty, persons were lost on the two sections of the day express that

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A great number of subscriptions under $100. As soon as available, the money subscriptions were the latter quantities of food and clothing donated by scores of merchants throughout the city. Just at the close of the meeting an effort was made to secure the services of Gen. Hastings, but the latter declined, on the ground that he had not the time to do so. The majority of Mines' White Dresses from $1.25 to $3.

Children's Crinkle Seersucker Dresses, 25c. Boys' Waists, Plaited fronts and backs, 25c.

JERSEYS. JERSEYS.

Black Jersey, Coat Back, 50c. Colored Jerseys, with fancy vest front, 69c. White Jerseys, with fancy vest front, 75c. White Jerseys, new styles, $1.50, $1.65 and $2.

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Louis Callman,
38 WEST FRONT STREET.

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$10 Ten Dollars $10
Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit. Everybody knows that they are the best. Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received.
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L. A. Rheaume,
Lumber, Coal, Wood
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MASONS' MATERIALS
PEACE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH.
Telephone call No. 12a.

THOUSANDS HOMELESS.

Hundreds of Houses Carried Away at Williamsport.

CONSIDERABLE LOSS OF LIFE.

Late Reports Show that the First News of the Damage Done by the Floods Was Not Exaggerated—No Suffering at Lock Haven.

WILLIAMSPORT, June 5.—The homes of the poor people situated on the river have been carried away with all they possessed. Thousands of people are homeless and without anything but the clothes upon their backs. Provisions are scarce. Dead animals and all kinds of filth are strewed upon the streets, and grave fears are entertained that disease will arise. Five million dollars is a low estimate of the loss on lumber alone. Other losses will be larger.

The surrounding country has suffered just as badly. Booms, bridges and villages have been swept away and the loss of life has been considerable.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., June 5.—The terrible destruction to life and property throughout the Juniata valley by the flood cannot yet be approximated. In this city the inhabitants were forced to flee for their lives at midnight Thursday, and by daybreak the sidewalks of the houses were visible above the running waters. The water rose thirty-five feet above low water mark, being still four feet higher than the last great flood of 1847.

All the bridges crossing the stream at this point were washed away. Their loss alone will approximate $300,000.

To add to the sufferings of the people Huntingdon merchants raised the price of everything they had to sell. Four persons of drowning are reported in the immediate vicinity of this city, though whole families living along the Raystown branch, whose homes were swept away, are still missing. Along the Raystown branch more than fifty farm houses were swept away.

Lock Haven Heard From.

PHILADELPHIA, June 5.—Superintendent Pettit, of the Pennsylvania railroad, made his way to the edge of the city of Lock Haven. He saw some of the principal citizens, and they say there is no suffering. All the houses have been moved out of water in them, and the mud is still remaining in the streets and houses. Only one person is known to have been drowned at Lock Haven, but several lives are reported lost at Mill Hall, a town about four miles from Lock Haven.

Lives Lost in New York States.

CORNING, N. Y., June 5.—The loss by the flood in Steuben county is estimated at $1,000,000. "In the rush for safety here a boy named O'Brien was drowned. Nearly all the streets between the river and hillside was under water, and the damage to farms is enormous. From Ansonia, Pa., to Jersey shore, on the Fine Creek division, the railroad track is reported washed away for fifty miles. It is reported that eighteen bodies have been found between Stokedale junction and Ansonia.

The loss of property is enormous. At least 15,000,000 feet of logs have been swept away and all the bridges are gone. Weston, Fortwilliam and Eldred were submerged. A report comes from further up the river that several lives have been lost.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY
We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.
* * *
We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 27c each.
* * *
'Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.
* * *
They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.
* * *
This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 50c cheap at 50c.
* * *
A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 19c. Send down for one of them.
* * *
The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 5c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 35c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.
* * *
The La Touca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $3.50.
* * *
Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.
* * *
'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in flouncings.

THE BEE HIVE
WHITE DRESSES
Children's White Dresses, embd, yoke, 25c. Children's fine White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $3.
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Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers
Hardware, Plumbing, Tinning.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
23 East Front Street.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
Machine Shop

The next United States census will give statistics of the recorded indebtedness of corporations and individuals.

HE WASN'T SORDID.

But He Thought Six Months Long Enough to Wait.

I had been sitting in the shade of a fence corner for a quarter of an hour when a farmer came along with an ox team and invited me to ride with him. I was only fairly seated when he said:

"Sad thing happened back there about six months ago."

"Indeed!"

"Yes; that 'ere blamed ox shied at a paper in the road and run us into a ditch and tipped the wagon over.

"Yes."

"Martha was along. Crushed the gizzard right out of her, and she was dead when I picked her up. Funeral cost me $40. I was just looking at the bill. Had a coffin with six silver plated handles. Ever lose your wife?"

"Never."

"Awful sad thing. How there, Buck! She had two unmade dresses in the house, which were left on my hands. Guess I'll get shot of them, however—open it will. Whoa! Now, yaller ox! Undertaker said we could scrape along with four handles to the coffin, but I told him to make 'em an even half dozen. Paller can't afford to be small about those things. Say, you know what belongs to manners, eh?"

"I hope so."

"Guessed you did, even if you are afoot. I want to ask you how long a widower has to wait before taking another. There's no law, yer know, but a sort of custom. Is it a year?"

"Some wait a year."

"And some only three or six months?"

"I've heard of a second marriage within a week or two."

"Too soon—a leetle too soon," he answered, as he stroked his thin whiskers. "Looks too sordid and grasping, you see. Neighbors would probably talk, too. Couldn't complain about his sparing a cent, could they?"

"I should think not."

"That's twenty-four weeks or 168 days, you see. Nothing sordid about that, eh? It's coming on the 'front week."

"What? Your marriage?"

"Jest's it. Bin engaged five days now, and it's to come off next Wednesday. Her name is Feebe. Awful hard to get up airy and keep hustling all day. Don't say nuffin' to her ever since the day of the funeral, but you needn't mind telling it. Folks is going to say, you know. Git up, you lazy beast! Say, I want to ask bout another thing."

"What?"

"Hasn't got Martha' any tombstone yet. Have to git one, won't I?"

"Why, yes."

"If I didn't they'd say I was sordid, wouldn't they?"

"They might."

"Would you put a lamb or a dove on it?"

"That's just as you feel."

"Has it got to read: 'Martha, the first and most beloved wife of Aaron Snyder?'"

"Not necessarily."

"Kin I jes put on: 'Erected to the memory of Martha Snyder, who died April 2, 1887?'"

"Why, yes."

"And have it quietly taken up and set up, and not let on to the other. I see. Nothing sordid about Feebe, but sich things grind, you know. Do you take the cross road? Well, good day. Glad we met. Second some six months was long enough, but I kinder wanted an outside opinyun. Had six handles, you remember, but the neighbors might call me sordid and shut us out on quilting bees and corn huskings."—New York Sun.

A Request Complied With.

For pure cheek, here is a letter from New York. An architect of Boston wishes to have heard writes from New York to say that he has removed to more commodious and permanent quarters, and asks us to please note the change of address. A notice of this kind is generally looked upon by a newspaper as an advertisement, still we have much pleasure in acceding to the architect's request and beg to state that Mr. Blank has removed his offices from No. —— street to No. ——.—Detroit Free Press.

Destroying a Fine Moral.

Uncle Cleaverwater (noted temperance apostle, on a visit to his nephew, looking out of parlor window)—What a fine building that is across the way!

Nephew—Yes, yes; but the owner built it out of the blood, the aches and groans of his fellowmen; out of the cries of crying children and the woe of wailing women.

Uncle C.—Ah! A rum seller, of course! Yes, yes!

Nephew—O, no; he's a dentist.—Toronto Grip.

A Successful Struggle.

"Charlie stayed pretty late last night, didn't he, Lil?" asked Sister Kate the next morning.

"Yes," said Lil, sleepily, "we were trying the pigs in clover puzzle till nearly eleven o'clock."

"And did you get the pigs in the pen, Lil?" asked Kate, eagerly.

"No, we didn't; but I got my finger in this solitaire diamond ring."—Somerville Journal.

Samson as the Tragedian.

"After all," remarked the student of Scripture, "Samson was the greatest dramatic actor who ever lived."

"How do you make that out?" queried the listener.

"Why, no one," explained the speaker, "ever brought down the house as he did."—Chicago Globe.

Perfectly Willing.

Wife—I wish you would push this baby carriage a little way.

Husband—Well, I will, if you will carry the baby.—Boston Herald.

Easily Kept Clean.

The young king of Spain's nursery must probably have little trouble in keeping him clean since he is himself the Castile's hope.—Hotel Mail.

The Moral Lesson.

Mrs. R.—Why, professor, what is the matter?

Professor Von Spielem (angrily)—Madame, I spend you have not your hair dye morning to ashtain to der young lady vot is der difference between you whole rest and you half rest, and she still tells der half rest you I say der whole rest!

Mrs. R.—Why, Elsie, I am surprised. Why don't you do as the professor tells you? You know you have plenty of time.—Life.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W. RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts., All goods Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from Jane lab to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Sunday evenings to themselves. Saturday our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m. RICE & CO. Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

LAING'S HOTEL. J. B. Miller & Bro. PROPRIETORS. Front street opposite Madison avenue A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

TUNIS J. CAREY 31 WEST FRONT STREET, all kinds of Second-Hand FURNITURE including CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES, Bought and Sold. I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

KEEP COOL. 1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE Clothing House, 30 West Front street.

B. T. BARNES ICE CREAM Delivered EVERY DAY in the week. Opposite P. O.

Special Notices.

BARGAINS: In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows, Quit! Note the improvements on the Perrin Iron wagon. John S. Wells, Bank street, North Plainfield.

$12 Photo Engravings of Water Supply, and 40 Other Engravings of KALAMAZOO KILLER. Sent Free. Address

H. J. MARTIN, 20 Rosewood st. PRACTICAL HORSESHOEING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added Hats and Caps to my large stock of CLOTHING GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Coats, Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jacks Overalls, etc. O. M. DUNHAM'S 16 WEST FRONT ST. Hat's Hats

The Fidelity and Casualty Co Nos. 214 and 216 Broadway, N. Y. CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550 21

Issues SURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employees of Railroads, Banks, etc., also Administrators, Guardians, etc.

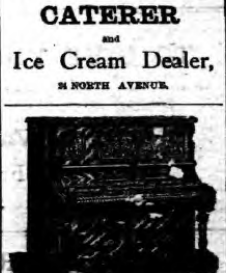
Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES containing all modern features. Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies of approved forms.

OFFICERS: WM. M. RICHARDS, President. GEO. F. SEWARD, Vice-President. ROBT. J. HILLAS, Secretary. JOS. T. WAIL, EDWARD C. MULFORD, Asst. Secretaries. AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD: Opp. Railroad Station.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn, FASHIONABLE MILLINER, latest shapes of Bonnets and Hats FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS, Feathers, Velvets, Ribbons, Ruches, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Stamping and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled while you wait. 14 West Front St.

GEO. CONOVER, FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS Furniture Moved to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks. Pianos Moved with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

Wm. J. Stephenson, CATERER and Ice Cream Dealer, 24 NORTH AVENUE.



For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, &c. Call before you buy at A. VANDERBEEK, PARK AVE. PIANOS TUNED.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO. Messenger Service B. & O. Telegraph Co Money Transferred by Telegraph Park avenue. W. TEE, Manager.

Window Screens and Door Screens fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At 30 SOMERSET STREET.

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM. Breaks up completely and purifies the blood. MORE QUICKLY Sulphur Vapor Baths Fifth street, near Grace. 10-15tf

FINE BUTTER, PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE, Fancy Groceries and the VERY BEST Imported and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice Cal Evaporated Prunes, 12c per lb. ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN, Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 72 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

JOS. BATTELL, PIANO-MAKER, Patent Stringer, 72 Broadway, Room 5, Arion Building, New York. Prices, Sold on $7 to $10 per month. Do you want a piano. Do you wish to buy or rent? Call and see what I can offer. JOS. BATTELL Piano Maker and Dealer.

JOS. T. VAIL, Real Estate and Fire Insurance, LOANS NEGOTIATED, Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 12 Front St. Place.

DEALER IN Blue Stone Flagging, P. O. Box 92.

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY. Best three-bowed large steel Cedar Tub $1.98 and down. Knotted collar, silver pine slid painted tubs from 15c up. Rookie paper pails 24c; brooms, scrub brushes, 5c up 2 thick and wash boards in large assortment and very low; tin and wooden ware in endless variety and at astonishing figures. Plain lamp chimneys, 5c. Glass cuts of four pieces, sugar bowl, butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, several styles, only $2.00. Ice Cream freezer or lemonade set of six goblets two quart pitcher and heavy glass tray, 90c. Glass sauce dishes, six styles, 50 cents dozen. Lamps, 10c up. Whips and curry combs at half-price. Popular Novels, Electric Series, only 10c. J. C. ALLEN, 44 W. Front street.

Now is the Time to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the Seaside or Mountain We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of GOOD LINEN PAPER and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 50c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of fine linen envelopes from 10c up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain. A. W. RAND, 24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1344.

THE BEES AND the people swarm to Howell, the Grocer for the correct thing in FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES, CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES. FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC., NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot. Telephone Call 30.

William C. Smith, Practical Mason and Builder, All orders promptly attended to. Residence, Grant street, corner Liberty. P.O. Box 87.

Professional Cards.

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinary Surgeon, No. 39 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone Call 46.

WILLIAM G. H. REE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Mercantile Avenue, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y

PANSIES, SPRING PLANTS and trees, shrubs and grapevines at Gleason's, No. 18 West Front street. Mrs. Lindsay's Intelligence office, same place. 4-15-3m

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counselors at Law. Office, Mercantile Building, Jersey City. Residence, Somerville Place, corner of York avenue and Second st. Plainfield.

CLARKE & REED, Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Notaries Public, etc. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1y

C. DUNHAM, Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer. No. 7 Park Place, Plainfield. Office hours from 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Special attention given to collections, conveyancing and the settlement of estates.

CHARLES E. PEARCE, Counselor at Law, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Office with Clarke & Reed, Plainfield, N. J.

Electric Construction AND SUPPLY COMPANY. F. S. KINSMAN, Gen'l Manager. 27 Broadway, rm. 12. Electric Lighting for Towns, Factories, Isolated Buildings for Any work or Business.

Plainfield office, 24 North avenue. Buggy painting by F. S. Dunn.

PEERLESS DYES

BENJ. F. MOORE (late of Moore Bros.) BUTCHER, and Dealer in FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc., Corner PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call No. 111. Orders Called For AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

NOW OPEN at 24 North Avenue, NEW FANCY CAKE BAKERY. French and AMERICAN ICE CREAM and WATER ICES Catering in all its branches. W. J. Stephenson.

NEW STORE. Barkalew & Dunn, Fine Groceries, 18 North Avenue, PLAINFIELD. Try the Brunswick Hams. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrall & Condit

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY. Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:48, 6:40, 6:55, 7:30, 7:57, 8:30, 9:05, 9:35, 10:05, 10:35, 11:05, a. m., 12:05, 12:35, 1:05, 1:35, 2:05, 2:35, 3:05, 3:35, 4:05, 4:35, 5:05, 5:35, 6:05, 6:35, 7:05, 7:35, 8:05, 8:35, 9:05, 9:35, 10:35, 11:35 p. m. Sundays, 1:35, 2:35, 3:35, 4:35, 5:35, 6:35, 7:35, 8:35, 9:35, 10:35, 11:35 p. m. Express trains, 7:57, 8:30, 9:05, 9:35, 10:05, 10:35, 11:05

WOMEN'S WORK.

What can a helpless female do?
Shoot the cradle and take and brew;
Or, if so cradle your fate afford,
Rock your brother's wife's for your board;
Or live in new rooms with an invalid cousin,
Or sew shop shirts for a dollar a dozen?
Or please some man by looking sweet,
Or please his by being a Miss Tribune to eat,
Or please him by asking much advice,
And thinking whatever he does is nice,
Visit the poor or be nursed by the rich,
Doctor the sick who can't pay a physician;
Save men's time by doing their praying,
And other odd things of a similar sort?
But if you presume to carry employments,
Reserved by them for their special enjoyments,
Or if you would vote when a child you wouldn't,
Or earn money fast when they say you couldn't,
Or learn to do things they'd proved were above you,
You'll hurt their feelings and then they won't love you.

—Journal of Woman's Work.

HOW SHE CONQUERED.

A Young Wife Unconsciously Wins the Love of Her Husband's Family.

George Paul, a young civil engineer, while surveying a railway in the Pennsylvania hills, met a plain, lovable little country girl, and married her. After a few weeks he brought her home to his family in New York, and left her there while he returned to camp. Marian had laid many plans to win the affections of her new kinsfolk. She had practiced diligently at her music; she was sure they would be pleased to hear her stories of her beautiful sister and her brother, she imagined their admiration of her new blue silk gown and its pretty trimmings.

But the Pauls, one and all, were indifferent to her music, her family and her gowns. They gave "George's wife" a friendly welcome, and then each went on his or her way, and paid no more attention to her.

After the first shock of disappointment Marian summoned her courage.

"If I have nothing to give them they have much to give me," she thought, cheerfully.

She listened eagerly while Isabel sang, and her smiles and tears showed how keenly she appreciated the music. She examined Lonisa's paintings every day with unflagging interest, discussed every effect, and was happy if she could help any one of the colors or sprayers the canvas. She questioned grandma about her neuralgia, advised new remedies, or listened unwearied to the account of old ones day after day.

When Uncle John, just returned from Japan, began to describe his adventures Marian was the only auditor who never grew tired and interrupted him." After a two hours' lecture, in which her part had been a dumb, bright faced listener, Uncle John declared that George's wife was the most intelligent woman he had ever met.

When George came home the whole family was loud in her praises. She was a fine musician; she had unerring taste in art; she was charmingly witty and lovable; but George soon saw that she had won them unconsciously: not by displaying her own merits, but by appreciating theirs.

This is a true story in fact, but the truth of its meaning is repeated wherever a woman is found who has the intangible quality called "charm." She may be deformed or pock marked, but will win friendship and love by the lack of self consciousness by her quick sympathy with others.

Many an unattractive girl would save herself much anxiety and vain effort at her entrance into the world of society if she understood that it was made up of individuals, each of whom desired to find not the beauty, wit or talent of others, but the cordial recognition of their own.

If you can honestly forget yourself and take an interest in others, you will soon find yourself surrounded by hosts of friends; but if you dishonestly affect this interest, you will deceive no one. Your dullest companion will recognize you as a snob and a toady.—Youth's Companion.

Won His Bride with a Bullet.

"All's well that ends well" is the exclamation in which the worthy country people who crowded the Cher-maine court would doubtless have indulged had they studied in the vernacular the productions of the immortal Bard of Avon.

The prisoner was a young man—Benoni by name—who, unable to melt the heart of a fascinating maiden, Sylvine Gaudion, the pride of their little village, by repeated offers of marriage, one day revenged himself on this coy beauty by firing at her with a gun which he had borrowed from an obliging friend.

Posted behind a hedge, Benoni took aim at the girl as she was wandering down a rustic lane "fancy free." Fortunately, however, he missed her, but, curious to relate, the shot took effect in a very *different* manner, and from that hour the fair Sylvine relented.

On his return home Benoni was seized with an illness which kept him for full two months between life and death. When, however, he began to recover, the first person whom he saw at his bedside was the object of his flame, who had calmly repeatedly, and had only forgiven him, but persuaded her father to stand on the sole condition that he should be acquitted at the trial. Sylvine pleaded so warmly for her lover in court that the jurymen waxed lenient, and she and Benoni were united in the bonds of wedlock.—Paris Cor. London Telegraph.

A Montana Aristocrat.

"Now, Judge, what am I going to do 'bout my alimony?" asked a Dakota woman who was suing her husband for a divorce.

"What property has your husband?" asked the judge.

"Property, judge! Why he's the best off man in the county. He's got fourteen spike dill dawgs, three fiddles, two game roosters, six shotguns, four breastpins all washed in gold, two rifles, a pet coon, a tame fox and a good brass rag. If I couldn't get alimony off o' a man that rich there ain't no justice in this country."—Drake's Magazine.

Sugar's History.

A history of sugar was written in 1790 by Dr. Mosely. It states that sugar when first introduced into every country was used only medicinally. Pliny, the naturalist, leaves no room for doubt on this point. Even in Arabia, in the time of Avicenna (A.D. 980-1038), though sugar was an article of commerce from the east, there is no record of its being used for dietetic or culinary purposes for several centuries after ward. It was chiefly owed to make nauseating medicines pleasant to take.—*Scientific American.*

Plant Flowers in Cans.

Not long since we called on a farmer whose wife is a passionate lover of flowers, and had the finest geraniums we ever saw outside of a greenhouse. When asked the secret of her success she replied: "It is because I grow my plants in tin cans, and I place holes in the bottom of them to carry off the water, as they do in porous pots; in the tins I only water two or three times a week, while in pots they must be watered twice a day, and my plant will thrive if under water half the time.—Washington Star.

Louisiana has five newspapers controlled and owned wholly or in part by women. The most prominent is Mrs. E. Richardson, the sole "boss" of The New Orleans Picayune.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

A Story of Will Carleton.

A correspondent at Holland, Mich., sends the following: "A good story is related about Michigan's poet, Will Carleton. The teacher in one of the district schools of Grand Rapids, Mich., has been accustomed to read to her pupils selections from various English and American authors. She has required them to learn the date of the author's birth, his works, etc. A short time ago one of Carleton's productions, 'Betsy and I Are Out,' was read, in which it came to pass that the date of the author's birth the teacher and scholars were all stuck. Several authorities, various book stores and encyclopedias failed to throw any light on the subject, and as a last resort it was decided to write to the author himself. Accordingly a letter, signed by six of the girls, was sent. Shortly afterward an answer was received giving the required information. But the date of the letter is what caused the laugh. Mr. Carleton believes in the strict observance of the Sabbath and is always conscientious in regard to it. The postmark on the envelope shows that the letter was mailed on his way home from church, but the date on the inside is of the next day, Monday. He had to all appearances strictly kept Sunday, but the postal clerk gave him away with one wicked brand of the stamp on the outside. The letter and the envelope have both been framed and hung up in the school room, a subject for a Sunday school lesson. Mr. Carleton was born at Hudson Mich., Oct. 21, 1845."

Silence on Top.

Very few persons, unless they have had charge of a squalling baby or lived next door to a family in which the girls take music lessons, are aware of the power and beauty of silence. Unfortunately the great majority of mankind rejoice in excessive gabble and a superfluity of noises.

There are silences so full of meaning that they seem to be inspired. There is, for instance, the silence of contempt, when a theatre manager or a railroad magnate refuses to shell out complimentary tickets, that withers with magnetic scorn its unfortunate victim.

There is a silence that is eloquent of sorrow unutterable, when, for instance, the dude who has, with his young lady, partaken copiously of ice cream, and then, alas! too late, discovers that he has left all his money in his other pants.

There is a silence of joy when, with countenance all aglow with gratifying emotion, the lucky journalist discovers a dime in his last year's vest.

There is a silence of disappointment when the relaxed frame, the downcast eyes, the mournful visage, say all too plainly he has bet on the local team and it has been whitewashed.

There is a silence of the deep joy of love, of which arbitrary words fail to give the expression, and of which eye beams and hand clasps and caresses are the true language. In such "eloquent silence" Adam welcomed Eve to the joys and beauties of paradise, which are now obsolete outside of Chicago, Ills.—Texas Siftings.

Russian Gallants.

As humanity does not live by brains alone, the young officers of the Guards play the most prominent role in the ballet, and if they do not shine by their refined culture, they take their revenge by their gallantry. In this social function they give proof of that passionate folly and princely prodigality which Mme. de Staël immortalized by saying: "The desire of the Slav would set a town on fire." You may still see grand sejgneurs, true sons of Potemkin, playing with the impossible in order to satisfy the caprices of the lady of their heart. One will telegraph for a car load of roses from Nice, another for a celebrated orchestra from Warsaw.

The following story is told of a gentleman poet who died a few years ago: He was talking in the presence of a lady of a Kirghese musician whom he had met during a journey beyond the Ural, in the steppe of Orenburg —one of those camel drivers who play their antique Asian melodies on long reed pipes. The lady expressed regret at never having heard these harmonies of the desert. The poet immediately wrote for this Kirghese to be sent from the other end of Russia, and then dispatched him to play before the lady. —Harper's Magazine.

Dickens and His Breastpin.

In Frith's "Reminiscences" in the chapter on Charles Dickens, we come upon an anecdote which indicates that in the singulars loud raiment which the novelist wore in his country on his lecturing tours he thought he was adapting himself to the American taste. "Before Dickens' last visit to America a banquet took place in his honor. It was very numerously attended, the chair being filled by the late Lord Lyttton. The night before the dinner a party of friends at Dickens' met and dined at Wilkie Collins', our object being to wish Dickens a quiet God speed. The great writer was in great spirits. I think we were none of us in evening dress, for Dickens wore one of the large cravats which had not then gone out of fashion, and in that great coat he was a most wonderful, picturesque, strange in form, an object of inevitable attraction. Seeing that the jewel drew everybody's attention, Dickens said: 'I hope you like my pin; it is uncommon, I think. It is hardly too much to say, I hope, that there is no such pin as this in America. I have invested in it for the whole and sole purpose of pleasing my friends over the water, and I hope you all think I shall succeed.'"

A Plea for Horses.

"Jorj Spoffard," of this city, writes: "Driver, when you pity and pet and befriend your horse, 'the dumb companion of your toil,' you do that which will elevate and enable you here to glorify you hereafter. When you fully realise the truth of this statement you will have no use for blinders, check reins or cruppers. Every one must know that they are always cruel, and nearly always utterly useless. The common headstall is a very cruel thing by reason of its weight and the sharp corners of its straps, which chafe, irritate and usually gall the horse's head near the bottom of the ears. Any driver will feel well paid for his trouble and expense if he will give a few pennies for one and a half yards of webbing and tie its ends into the bits and let that take the place of the heavy, senseless and cruel headstall. No checked lash or fine whip is needed. Try this on a pair of horses and see which one looks and acts the more comfortable! Cruppers irritate and girdle the tail and check reins make the neck ache, and neither should be used in warm weather, when horses need all the freedom they can get for fighting off flies."—Chicago News.

They All Do It.

Visitor at Kindergarten School—Children, your teacher has asked me to say a few words to you. How shall I begin?

Pupil on the back seat—Just so they all do."—When I was a boy."—Burlington Free Press.

A wealthy beggar named Felice Viari died recently in New Orleans. She lived in an old shanty in extreme poverty, to all appearance. After her death $30,000 was found concealed about the premises—$9,000 in gold and $30,000 in gold bonds, stocks and securities.

Legal Notices.

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Circuit Judge in and for the County of Union.

In matter of application for extension to 80 days from April 20th in the borough of Elizabeth.

Application by a petition signed by at least one-fifth of the legal voters, residing at the last previous gubernatorial election in the borough of Elizabeth, in the county of Union, and which petition is addressed to the Court of Common Pleas of said county of Union, praying for the order of this Court, setting forth the desire of such petitioners that not less than 80 days from the 20th day of April, 1889, be granted as the time within which the taxes of said borough of Elizabeth, for the current year, may be paid without interest, and that the tax levied upon the property of the Elizabeth Gas Light Company, in said borough of Elizabeth, may be paid in two equal installments, the first one of which shall be paid on or before the 20th day of April, 1889, and the second one on or before the 20th day of October, 1889, and that public notice of the time and place of the hearing of said application be given by publication of this order in said two daily newspapers printed in said county of Union, called The Daily Press and The Daily Journal, for two successive weeks next before the time appointed for the hearing of said application, at least four times in each week, and also by posting copies of this order in five of the most public places in the said borough of North Plainfield at least two weeks prior to the said appointed day of June next, which methods I deem proper and sufficient. WM. J. MAGIE,

A true copy. Circuit Judge.
WM. A. SCHOMP, Clerk.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to creditors of Peter H. Bennett, grocer and butcher, of No. 44 Park avenue, in the city of Plainfield, Union county, New Jersey, that all claims against his estate must be exhibited to the subscriber for assignment, at his office, No. 38 Park avenue, Plainfield, New Jersey, under oath or affirmation, on or before the seventh day of June next, being three months from the date of the assignment, or he forever barred from coming in for a dividend of the estate; and all creditors are further notified that a list of the claims against the said Peter H. Bennett will be filed with the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Union at the expiration of the said three months, when exceptions thereto may be filed by any person interested.

Dated April 10, 1889.
W. R. CODDINGTON, Assignee.
4-10-cow

NOTICE OF ORDER.

To Heirs at Law, Next of Kin and Somerset County Surrogate's office. Creditors of Josephine A. Bovey, deceased. Notice is hereby given that on the eighth day of April, A. D. 1889, on the application of Catherine A. Otitz, as Acting Executor of Josephine A. Bovey, deceased, to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the said decedent, under oath or affirmation, and present the same to said Acting Executor within nine months from the date of said order; and in default thereof any such creditor should be forever barred of his or her action therefor against the said Acting Executor. ABM. T. HUFF, Surrogate.

CARRIAGES

New Designs, Largest Assortment, Best work

For Least Money

Excelled by none

Holman & Ryerson's

20, 21 and 22 SOMERSET ST.

Carriage Materials;

Harness

and Horse Goods

J. V. F. RYERSON

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

DEALER IN

Gasoline Stoves,
Refrigerators,
Screen Doors,
etc., etc., etc.

42 West Front St.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Window Shades, Hollands, Fringes,

etc. We are now prepared to do a first-class business in all its branches. We have in stock a complete assortment of goods pertaining to this department, and can execute orders for shades of every description at short notice. Factory and store, 26 and 28 Park place.

OLD CARPETS made over and re-laid. Carpets, Rugs, etc., prepared for Summer against moths. J. H. Brokaw, practical upholsterer, formerly with W. & J. Sloane of New York, is in charge. Telephone connection.

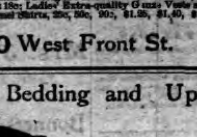
LACE CURTAINS.—Don't buy a carpet of any kind until you have examined our LARGE and HANDSOME STOCK and posted yourself on Our Special Low Prices. We can save you money.

CHEAP DRESS GOODS.—Don't forget to call and see our 10c. Dress Ginghams.

ABSOLUTE Fast Black Ladies' Hose, 12c, worth 18c to 20c, and an extra quality for 25c, worth 35c, will not stain; Extra-fine Silk Taffeta Gloves at 39c, children's do. at 25c; Ladies' Fine Silk Gloves, 4-button length, at 50c, do. do. do. at 75c; Misses' do. do. do. at 39c and 50c, extra cheap; Brilliant Lisle Gloves at 25c; Real Lisle Frenchfinished, same as usually sold for 50c. Our \$1.69 Kid Gloves are \$1.25, for a few days; Ladies' Ball Scarfs, worth 15c, now 10c, per pair, for 25c; Ladies' Fine Ribbed Vests at 18c; Ladies' Extra-quality Gauze Vests at 35c, as good as usually sold at 50c; Fancy Flannel Shirts, 39c, 50c, 90c, \$1.39, \$1.49, \$1.79, \$2; Men's Gauze Shirts, 39c, 50c, 75c and \$1.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.



THE 'EOPLE SAY our line of BABY CARRIAGES alone is worthy of a visit to our commodious WAREROOMS, where you will explain the merits of the McKEEN PATENT HUB, be with illustrated. And it is a fact that our stock of FURNITURE SURPASSES anything a Central New Jersey. Whether you want to buy or not we will be pleased to have you call us. No trouble to show goods. Our motto: "The BEST GOODS at LOWEST PRICES

GARRET Q. PACKER,

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT, 1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICE, and, owing to the very generous trade which we have had during the past season, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1870.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages.

TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA

of the different styles of FOOTWEAR for Summer we invite you to look at our windows

The shoes you see there are leaders, and we keep them in stock.

DOANE & VanARSDALE,

22 West Front Street,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? these good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics for the season. Dress Lawns! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 4-4 Bleached and Percales at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 25c and 35c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists, 49c to \$1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 19c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 39c 49c, 67c and upward.

PARASOLS! Whew! you should see them! We have them in black from 59c up to the finest Silks at \$7.50. Gents' Umbrellas—we have all shades at \$1 and upward. A bargain in Black Satin-lined Percaline at \$2, \$2.49 and \$3.97.

FANS! The best little Fan for 5c and 10c; Fine Feather Fans, 75c to \$1.

In our Millinery Department the best Dress Trimmings, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to ROCK BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 25c; and extra-heavy Ingrains 35c, 45c and 50c. All wool Two-ply Ingrains, 55c; Genuine home-made Rag Carpets, 35c, 40c and 45c. Fancy Mattings, 12 1-2c upward. An inspection of all unmentionable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

at

Crane's Hat Store,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Trunks! Trunks!

Valises, etc.

BIG STOCK

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, SONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSEDALE. The latter is my specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of GRAIN and Feed constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

Terrill & Cole,

successors to Ford & Sadler

Dealers in all kinds of

COAL

Plainfield Station

No. 32 East Front Street, Plainfield

N. H. Terrill, Geo. W. Cole

Telephone call 45

Fresh Garden Seeds,

Garden Tools,

RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,

Cutlery, etc.

N. H. & J. HEIDELOFF,

13 Somerset street.

NO. 48 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North America of Philadelphia, Phœnix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accident and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Smelting and Mining Co., Silver Mines of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

BEWARE

of the many so-called

Black Stockings

The ones bearing the 'S. & A." brand

Are the Ones

guaranteed to give SATISFACTION, or

Money Refunded

Sold by leading dealers throughout the country. I am the sole agent for them in Plainfield.

H. A. POPE.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,
and 38 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 220.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered wagon. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. *Piano moving a specialty.*

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 260. North Plainfield, N. J.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made)

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to and packed in the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New-ark avenue, opposite the parsonage. Always at home. Calls answered day or night.

MUSIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE.
1889
NEW
GOODS
GIVE US A TRIAL.
POWLISON & JONES,
34 - W. FRONT ST. - 34

KENNEY

IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE. ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAYS

City Livery Stables,

34 West Fourth street.

Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J.

Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices, Studio, 28 West Front street. Sketches for drawing and oil painting

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

A Proclamation by the Mayor.

Mayor's Office, Plainfield, N. J., June 4th, 1889.

The harrowing news of the loss of life, suffering and destruction and suffering caused at Johnstown, Pa., by a devastating flood, arouses the sympathy of all for the survivors of the terrible disaster.

Believing that the citizens of Plainfield are anxious to contribute to the relief of the sufferers, I suggest that they immediately make their donations. Subscription papers will be found at all the drug stores in the city and at the railway station. Money may also be sent to me, to Mr. J. K. Myers, Chairman of the Finance Committee of Common Council, or to Mr. John W. Murray. I also recommend that collections be taken at all the churches next Sunday for the purpose. All manner of clothing will also be received at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. JON MALE, Mayor.

[Mr. J. K. Myers will be Treasurer of the John Storm Relief Fund. It is understood that the idea of calling a public meeting may not be carried out if the hard work of securing subscriptions continues satisfactory without it.]

Sufferers' Express Goes Free.

Office of the United States Express Company, Plainfield, N. J., June 6th, 1889.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The recent disaster at Johnstown, Pa., which has resulted in tremendous loss of life and property, in cons-quence of which many are left homeless and destitute, has led General Superintendent C. E. Topping, of this Company, to direct me to receive and forward all matter, freight or money, destined to the relief of the Johnstown sufferers, free of charge. Our drivers will pick up such matter promptly. Anyone who may take advantage of this opportunity is assured that his donations will be distributed in the best advantage.

A. E. KENNEY, Asst. U. S. Ex. Co.

PUSH IS THE WORD FOR A WORLD AS FULL OF WORK AS THIS IS.—ADON.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 157; days to come, 209.

—The Methodists will hold a strawberry festival in Vincent Chapel this evening.

—A regular meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle Club will be held at the Club House Monday evening, June 10th, at eight o'clock.

—The Children's Home anniversary is to be celebrated in Trinity Reformed church this evening. Col. Elliot F. Shepard is expected to deliver an address.

—We think that dear little Plainfield's purse for the Johnstown sufferers will within a few days reach $2,000, if it does not already exceed that amount in cash alone.

—The New Jersey strawberry has come to market, and now the most delicious samples of this most delicious fruit may be had in abundance. There is no strawberry like the Jersey strawberry.

—The boys of the city are invited to the illustrated "Chalk Talk" to be given by Mr. H. Melander at the devotional meeting of the Young Men's Auxiliary at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at eight o'clock.

—A number of the unfortunate men and women who survive the Conemaugh calamity have become insane under their terrible affliction—having lost their families, homes and everything else but their own lives.

—This is the way The Elizabeth Journal puts it: "A circus will take from five to ten thousand dollars out of this city in a single day. How much will the sufferings of the stricken people in the Conemaugh valley take out of this city?"

—All are cordially invited to attend the informal meeting for Christian Conference to be held this evening at the meeting room, No. 6, East Front street, over the Dime Savings Institution, at 7:45. "Eternal Punishment" is the subject to be considered.

—The Rev. J. W. Chadwick, of Brooklyn, will preach the next sermon in the Unitarian course Sunday at 3 p. m., in Mr. Shepherd's music rooms. Mr. George D. Patten, of 27 La Grande avenue, has been chosen as treasurer to receive contributions to meet the expenses of these meetings.

—His Honor Mayor Male, our Grand Old Man, now eighty-two years of age, and THE NEWS are racing to try to get the first $1,000 raised for the sufferers. His account is $757, with the Carpet Company to be added; ours is $872, with the Potter Press Works to hear from and help us out, and whatever else may come in.

PERSONAL.

A lawn party was held at the residence of Mr. William Potter, of Mt. Pleasant, last evening. The hours were passed enjoyably by a large number present.

Mr. S. R. Struthers, Secretary of the Home Building and Loan Association of Plainfield, has an interesting article of three columns on "Discount Not a Profit: A Valuation of Shares" in the current issue of The Building and Loan News.

Mr. J. S. Scott, who has been made dictator in the Conemaugh Valley for the relief of the Johnstown sufferers, is a brother-in-law of Mr. S. H. Jacobus, of East Front street, who says that Mr. Scott is one of the grandest of men, and that a better selection could not have been made.

Mr. Robert G. Smith, who will be graduated from Stevens Institute of Technology this month, delivered a second lecture on "Locomotives" before the students of the Plainfield Public Schools yesterday. The High School classes were his auditors. Last week he lectured before the primary pupils at the request of Miss Belkley. His talks were a delightful combination of entertainment and instruction.

Miss Kittie May Shafer, of Westfield, the youthful stenographer and typewriter who was recently graduated from Packard's Business College of New York and who is now employed in the law-offices of Jackson & Coddington, has been engaged to report the famous DeSaul will case. Miss Shafer is not yet sixteen years of age, but her friends think that she will soon be so expert as to become a Court stenographer and reporter.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	7 P. M.	10 P. M.	Highest.	Lowest.
1. Saturday	66	68	68	70	71	73	65
2. Sunday	65	68	68	71	71	73	65
3. Monday	66	68	68	70	71	73	65
4. Tuesday	66	68	68	70	71	73	65
5. Wednesday	66	68	68	70	71	73	65
6. Thursday	61	64	66	68	70	70	61

THE JOHNSTOWN FUND.

THE QUEEN CITY CONTRIBUTIONS GROWING EVERY HOUR.

Two Thousand Dollars To Be The Lowest Mark. Generous Hearts and Willing Hands Shower Gifts to Relieve Their Stricken Neighbors' Sufferings.

Still the money comes rolling in from every section of Plainfield to assist in the work of relieving the sufferings of the survivors of the recent terrible disaster at Johnstown, and still the inhabitants of New Jersey's Queen City will continue their contributions until the distressed people shall have become again independent of outside aid.

Detailed reports of the various subscriptions are given below:

The City's Fund.

Mr. Samuel Milliken, jr., of Central avenue, who is a personal friend of Gov. Beaver, of Pennsylvania, received last evening the following dispatch in response to his telegraphic advice to draw on the Treasurer of Plainfield's Johnstown Relief Fund for $1,000:

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 5th, 1889.

To SAMUEL MILLIKEN, jr.:

In the name of our suffering and distressed people thanks for the very generous contribution from the citizens of Plainfield. It is gratefully appreciated and will be judiciously administered. Have to-day drawn as requested on J. K. Myers for one thousand dollars at sight thereof. D. HASTINGS BRAVER, Treasurer of our Relief Fund.

JAMES A. BEAVER, Governor.

Among the sums received by Mr. Myers in response to Mayor Male's proclamation are the following:

Job Male, Mayor	$250.00
Samuel Milliken	250.00
Jas. Cleveland	100.00
Mrs. Samuel Milliken	50.00
J. W. Murray	50.00
Isaac W. Tyler	10.00
A. B. Boers	5.00
A. W. Poste	5.00
C. A. Hazlett	5.00
Carl Kaerth	5.00
F. G. Mead	5.00
Miss M. L. Hotchkiss	5.00
Ten of King's Daughters	5.00
W. R. Richards	5.00
Cash	2.00
Mrs. Isaac Miller	2.00
Annie McGrath	2.00
Anna W. Miller	1.00
Mrs. S. R. Struthers	1.00
Mr. Manard Mosher	1.00
Total	$757.00

AT REYNOLDS'S PHARMACY.

A. D. Holmes	5.00
Cash	5.00
Cash	2.00
Cash	1.00

AT THE RAILROAD STATION.

E. V. Lorton	2.00
Wm. Thompson	1.00

AT SHAW'S PHARMACY.

E. J. Shaw	1.00
Mrs. A. B.	1.00

AT U. S. EXPRESS OFFICE.

Alice M. Fowler	5.00
Grand Total	$787.00
Amount forwarded in advance by Mayor Male	1,000.00

"THE NEWS" Fund.

We have not yet received any response to the telegram sent two days ago, authorizing the Mayor of Johnstown to draw on us for $311.52 the first day's contribution of the people of this locality to THE NEWS, for the Johnstown sufferers. This fund was started without the knowledge of any other fund, and to get the quickest possible relief to the sufferers. There appears to be some question as to who is Mayor.

We are doing our utmost now to get the fund up to $1,000 independent of what merely for distinction is called the city fund. The funds will in the end be combined, if thought best; but at present it is considered that we can accomplish more good, under the circumstances, by keeping them separate.

We want every one who can to help us. Several prominent ladies of Plainfield and North Plainfield have kindly consented to do so by visiting every house. Be ready for them. Do not detain them, but give what you can afford, to make their work as light as possible, for it is considerable of a task on their strength, which, except to relieve such appalling distress, they could not be induced to undertake.

The list of contributions from the Potter Press Works is awaiting the return of Mr. Potter from New York, as it is desired that he head the list for his employes. It will probably be completed in time for publication to-morrow.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Previously acknowledged	381.02
Mrs. James F. Randolph	50.00
Major J. C. Craig	25.00
Newton Smalley	5.00
V. Sasma	2.00
Wm. C. Smith	2.00
Mrs. Dreier	1.00
Rudolph Laureat	1.00
Richard Stewart, jr.	1.00
Thomas Cleaver, Scotch Plains	1.00
Mrs. Thomas Cleaver	1.00
Mamie Chapman	.50
Total	$480.52

FROM SCHEPPLIN'S MANUFACTORY.

From Scheppin & Co	$68.00
From employees	41.10
Dexter O. Tiffany	5.00 $71.10

FROM THE MACHINE.

George Belcher	2.00
Patrick Keely	1.00
August Hoffman	1.00
Dennis O'Brien*	2.00

*Previously acknowledged as Jas. O'Brien.

FROM THE SCOTT PRESS WORKS.

Previously acknowledged	$105.00
Alex. Steuart	.25
Daniel Livingston	.25
A. B. Thomas	.50
Wm. Crook	.50
Alfred Leivers	.50
Chas. Jones	.50
David Jones	.25
John Vessellier	.25
Total	$108.50

POND MACHINE TOOL WORKS.

A. C. Stebbins	10.00	Martin Hendson	.50
D. W. Fond	10.00	C. Reagan	.50
L. B. Morgan	3.00	A. Thomas	.25
J. H. Gumaer	3.00	J. Wagner	.50
G. E. Greenleaf	3.00	M. Reagan	.50
Thomas Lea	3.15	D. H. Miller	.50
W. F. Bartlett	3.00	H. Dawson	.50
C. F. Henrickson	3.00	P. McCoy	.50
H. M.	2.00	H. Reagan	.50
A. Hoffman	2.00	C. Reagan	.50
G. W. Morston	1.00	E. Coffey	.50
L. C. Batson	1.00	W. Scribner	.50
S. W. Stanton	1.00	W. Scribner	.50
C. E. Teel	1.00	M. J. Kennedy	.25
Wm. Ramsey	1.00	D. Crowley	.50
Jos. Clement	1.00	J. Sparrow	.50
C. Jensen	1.00	M. McCousis	.50
L. Sebofield	1.00	W. Prior	.50
C. Lefferson	1.00	H. Sherman	.50
R. Higham	1.00	W. Mahew	.50
A. McCardell	1.00	C. Ashworth	.50
W. B. Bethany	1.00	W. Walker	.50
Max Hanson	1.00	J. F. McCloshy	.50
Cash	1.00	T. Stevens	.50
O. Jensen	1.00	J. Quarford	.50
C. Hansen	1.00	J. Pruny, jr.	.25
F. Bentzen	1.00	J. Pruny, sr.	.25
C. H. Lefferson	1.00	F. Kuzinowski	.25
W. F. Bartlett	1.00	J. Traynor	.50
G. H. Batchler	1.00	J. Cooper	.50
Lindsay	1.00	Jno. J. Kelly	.50
W. Gallagher	1.00	W. H. Connets	.50
M. Gallagher	1.00	J. Cooper	.50
W. Donn'dson	1.00	E. Tompkins	.50
J. Pouney	1.00	H. Seadon	.25
J. Donn'dson	1.00	C. Thompson	.50
J. Kline	1.00	J. Quarford	.50
H. W. Tatman	1.00	J. Pruny, jr.	.25
C. H. Vanger	1.00	J. Pruny, sr.	.25
J. Henry	1.00	F. Kuzinowski	.25
S. A. Doty	1.00	M. Otis	.25
W. W. Ely	1.00	J. Cooper	.50
Thos Burrows	1.00	E. Krutsck	.25
A. Gibson	1.00	C. Fulton	.25
C. Rose	.75	N. Ellis	.25
H. Smith	.50	A. Walling	.25
J. Nelson	.50	J. Walker	.25
C. Hansen	.50	A. McGinnis	.25
C. F. Palmer	.50	Lewis Morgan	.25
J. Gudelan	.50	M. Tuthill	.25
J. Habenan	.50	J. H. Bolsterli	.25
S. F. Chrystas	.50	R. J. Godfrey	.25
H. Hamilton	.50	C. Hoffman	.25
J. G. Ross	.50	C. Burns	.25
P. Christie	.50	W. Gutteridge	.25
T. Christie	.50	W. Gibbs	.25
S. Clanston	.50	H. Craig	.25
J. Gallagher	.50	W. Whitaker	.25
T. C. Stebbins	.50	A. Hall	.25
H. A. Mears	.50	T. Fox	.25
C. Foster	.50	W. P. Brown	.25
J. H. Foster	.50	G. E. Lewis	.25
G. McDougall	.50	S. Cooky	.25
W. G. Hamberg	.50	J. Hamberg	.25
A. G. Wheeler	.50	R. Evans	.25
F. Britton	.50	H. Von Middlebe	.25
J. Bell	.50	worth	.25
F. Winston	.50	J. Foose	.25
J. A. Brandt	.50	J. Smoker	.25
J. W. Smith	.50	J. Hamberg	.25
J. Johnson	.50	R. Gray	.25
J. Higgins	.50	A. Chellstrom	.25
A. J. Petersen	.50	R. Hamberg	.25
T. Fox	.25	S. McTyre	.25
J. J. O'Conner	.50	C. Clifton	.25
J. C. Thompson	.50	O. Smith	.25
J. Daws	.50	W. Booth	.25
T. Winsper	.50	J. McDougall	.25
T. Fenton	.50	C. Wembladt	.25
W. Kay	.50	O. Hanson	.25
W. Young	.50	J. J. Inflese	.25
H. G. Hoddicott	.50	T. Keating	.25
J. Kaisby	.50	C. L. Lindmyer	.25
C. Hill	.50	C. Applegate	.25
F. Blackman	.50	J. Keating	.25
R. George	.50	Fulton	.25
J. Eads	.50	J. Thompson	.25
K. Bowden	.50	G. Craig	.25
N. VanWinkle	.50	P. Hanson	.25
B. D. Young	.50	J. Hamberg	.25
C. Ericson	.50	O. Brownell	.25
W. B. Harrell	.50	A. Brokaw	.25
W. F. Young	.50	C. VonMiddlebe	.25
H. TenEyck	.50	worth	.25
A. E. Rogers	.50	H. G. Adams	.25
T. Farrell	.50	C. O. Wynsky	.25
T. Bumbaugh	.50	J. McCarley	.25
W. Magus	.50	O. McCarty	.25
H. Larrabee	.50	W. Wilmot	.25
M. C. Keys	.50	J. Hallwell	.25
W. Walker	.50	J. H. Hazlinsd	.25
A. McKesky	.50	P. Newell	.25
W. Stewart	.50	J. Dixon	.25
G. C. Polhemus	.50	J. Gallagher	.25
F. Vanderbur	.50	H. Gallagher	.25
S. Flynn	.50	D. Driscoll	.25
W. J. Smith	.50	J. McKeigh	.25
J. Mahon	.50	H. McKeigh	.25
J. McInnes	.50	Ed. Taylor	.25
H. Traynor	.50	J. Wade	.25
F. Neuland	.50	A. Heaton	.25
N. G. Tingley	.50	Jas. Mohan	.25
F. H. Carter	.50	E. Kean	.25
P. G. Kline	.50	S. T. Tall	.25
G. Cohen	.50	W. Fisher	.25
C. E. Butt	.25	J. Kilpatrick	.10
A. Barrows	.50		
C. E. Butt	.25		
Total			$156.50

MISCELLANEOUS.

Miscellaneous	$230.52
Food Tool Works	156.50
Scott Press Works	108.50
Schepplin's manufactory	71.10
Hackmen	6.00
Grand Total	$572.62

Mrs. E. L. Goddard acknowledges the receipts of new and second hand clothing, and the sum of $5 forwarded to the Mayor of Johnstown and Williamsport, the United States Express Company sending them free of charge.

Chief Engineer T. O. Doane, who kindly volunteered his assistance to us yesterday, at our request visited the carpet manufactory of Scheppin & Co. in relation to the matter, but those at the office were unable to inform us of the amount to-day. We understand that it has been furnished to another paper, possibly through inadvertence.

Contributors of Clothing.

The United States Express Company is hourly receiving packages and boxes of clothing and bedding, and the kind-hearted necessities for free transmission to the Johnstown sufferers. Many of these come through the agency of the Young Men's Christian Association and some were gathered directly from the houses. The list of contributors includes the following:

The Charity Circle of the King's Daughters, the Mission Band of the Congregational church.

Mrs. E. L. Goddard, Miss C. E. Clarke, Mrs. G. W. Edwards, Mrs. Thomas Moss Johnson, H. D. Mosher, Mrs. H. B. Nowhall, Mr. H. B. Nowhall, Mrs. Monroe, C. G. Hamberg, C. Thorp, Schwed Bros., A. Hastie, A Friend,

The Rev. Edward Love.

THE GRACE CHURCH CHOIR.

To Appear in Surplices Trinity Sunday.

The alterations at Grace Episcopal church to provide for the new robing room and stalls of the choir have been completed, but the appearance of the singers in surplices is unavoidably postponed until Trinity Sunday, June 16th.

The choir contains twenty-eight voices.

FOR PLAINFIELD PHYSICIANS.

Their Co-operation Wanted in Census-Taking.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The publication in your valuable paper of the accompanying letter to the medical profession will aid the Census Office in one of its most important and difficult investigations.

A WORD TO FARMERS.

It is equally important to the country that the returns in relation to farm products and live stock shall be full and correct. The enumerator, in the house-to-house visit set for June, 1890, is constantly met with the fact that farmers keep no books and hence returns are not infrequently guess-work. The census year begins June 1st, 1889, and ends May 31st, 1890. If farmers throughout the country would note this fact and keep account of the products of their farms during the census year it would be of material aid in securing reliable returns for the Eleventh Census.

ROBERT P. PORTER,
Superintendent of Census.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
CENSUS OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1st, 1889.

TO THE PHYSICIANS of the United States, various medical associations and the medical profession will be glad to learn that Dr. John S. Billings, Surgeon U. S. A., has been selected to take charge of the report on the mortality and vital statistics of the United States as returned by the Eleventh Census.

As the United States has no system of registration of vital statistics, such as exists in all other civilized nations for the purpose of ascertaining the actual movements of population, our census affords the only opportunity of obtaining an approximate estimate of the birth and death rates of much the largest portion of our people. It is only supplied with any satisfactory system of State and municipal registration.

To vest the Census Office, during the month of May this year, will issue to the medical profession throughout the country a "Physician's Register" for the purpose of obtaining more accurate returns of deaths in the Eleventh Census than it is possible to make. It is earnestly hoped that physicians in every part of the country will cooperate with the Census Office in this important work. The record should be kept from June 1st, 1889, to May 31st, 1890. Nearly 30,000 of these registers were distributed, but not returned to the office in 1880, and nearly all of them were used for statistical purposes. It is hoped that double that number will be obtained for the Eleventh Census.

Physicians not receiving registers can obtain them by addressing a postal card to the Census Office, and, with the register, an official envelope which requires no stamp will be furnished for their return to Washington.

If all medical and surgical practitioners throughout the country will lend their aid the mortality and vital statistics of the Eleventh Census will be more accurate, more and complete than they have ever been. Every physician should take a personal pride in having this report as full and accurate as it is possible to make it.

It is hereby promised that all information obtained through this source shall be held strictly confidential.

ROBERT P. PORTER,
Superintendent of Census.

EAST JERSEY BAPTISTS GO HOME.

The Rev. Dr. Yerkes To Preach a Doctrinal Discourse.

The closing session of the East New Jersey Baptist Association held in the Park avenue church yesterday afternoon was presided over, in the absence of the Moderator, by the Associate Clerk, C. Edgar Sutphen, of Newark.

The Treasurer's report was audited, and the Committee on Obituaries made a report.

The Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes, of the First Baptist church, was appointed to preach the Doctrinal Discourse at the meeting next year.

The anniversary was then brought to a close by singing "God be with you till we meet again".

Knocked Down With a Picket.

Robert Skinner, who drives the light truck of Engine Company No. 2, with his assistant, was returning from the borough last evening when the two became involved in an altercation which Mr. Skinner alleges resulted in his being knocked down with a paling torn from the fence of Lefkine & Hummer.

Sergeant Hyland investigated the affair; but Special Marshal Pangborn, who did not see it, drove the two out of the borough.

Special Notices.

1105.—The members of Plainfield Council, 711, R. A., are hereby notified to attend the regular meeting of said Council Monday, June 10th, at 8 p. m. Action in regard to our afflicted brothers of 401 at Johnstown is highly necessary.

Attest, AARON W. RAND, Regent.
H. A. THORNE, Secretary. 4-5*

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
No. 30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty.
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

YE THIRSTY!
Frosted Cream Soda
in all flavors is
OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL
in the way of SUMMER DRINKS.
STRAWBERRY
fresh from the fruit, is excelled by none.
BANANA SHERBET JAND
Turkish Sherbet are Original
with us. Try them.
Our Milk Shakes
continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.

We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.

Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats; suggestive pictures; fragrance of flowers. Specialties for cleaning glasses; promptness by competent clerks.

Field & Randolph,
CITY PHARMACY
[illegible] WEST FRONT STREET, [illegible]
Plainfield, N. J.

DON'T KILL THE BIRDS.

The Cruelty-Prevention Society To Issue This Edict.

The Plainfield Society for the prevention of Cruelty to Animals will among other things soon provide for the punishing of persons who destroy the lives of song-birds. The law in this matter provides that "no person shall at any time within this State catch, kill, trap or expose for sale, or have in his possession after the same has been caught, killed or trapped, any night hawk, whip-poor-will, sparrow, crow, meadow lark, skylark, flicker, martin, swallow, woodpecker, robin, oriole, red or cardinal bird, cedar bird, wren, tanager, cat bird, blue bird, snow bird, tern, gull, or any insectivorous or song bird, not generally known as a game bird".

The law also forbids destroying the nests or taking the eggs of any such birds, as well as game birds, also catching, killing, buying or selling any such birds for the purpose of preserving or stuffing the same, as an article of ornament or apparel. The penalty for the latter offence is a fine of fifty dollars; for the two others $5 for each one. The only bird excepted is the English sparrow.

BUGS AND BUTTERFLIES BEWARE.

Ramblers To Visit Plainfield and Its Environs.

The Hill and Dale Club, which is composed of young ladies and gentlemen of New York city, Elizabeth and other places, will visit Plainfield Saturday and under the direction of Miss Julia R. Bentley, principal of the Public Schools, will proceed on a rambling expedition for flowers and insects to Wetumpka Falls, through Washington Valley, to Washington Rock, to Dunellen and back to Plainfield. A Plainfield knight of the cameo will accompany the Club and will imprint on his sensitive plates various views of beauty with the ramblers as the prominent feature.

BOWLING FOR PRIZES.

The Highest June Record So Far Is 223.

The Olympia Bowling Alleys are now open to the public every week-day evening except Mondays and Thursdays.

The present cool weather keeps the Alleys alive with bowlers; but, strange to say, even the best are having a streak of misfortune and are making poor scores.

The highest scores thus far made and recorded on the June-July-August prize list are as follows:

Chas. Keenon	223
Al. Ayres	208
L. VanAlstyne	197

Married.

CLUM—WILSON—In Plainfield, June 5th, 1889, at the residence of Wm. H. Clum, New street, by the Rev. Cornelius Schaick, Mr. Peter VanSteender Clum and Miss Mary A. Wilson, both of this city.

VAN SINDERN & WHITE SAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 37c each.

* * *

Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

We have received twenty Children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 33c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 35c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 13c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c., Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 35c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $5.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

HOTEL NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, St. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.
Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank E. Miller.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

WHAT ARE THESE TROOPS FOR?

Armed Men Ordered To Go to Johnstown.

PITTSBURG, June 6th. (Special.)—The Leader announces in a special that Adjt.-Gen. Hastings has ordered Battery B to Johnstown at once.

The Eighteenth Regiment has also been ordered to get under arms and be prepared to leave for Johnstown at a moment's notice.

The orders have given rise to wild rumors, but nothing definite is yet known here as to the trouble.

Work Among the Ruins.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 6th. (Special.)—The terrible work among the ruins is going on steadily.

Dead bodies are revealed at every stroke of the pickaxe.

Progress is made but slowly on the jam at the railroad bridge.

—During the remainder of the week Mrs. Adams, of No. 5 East Front street, will sell hats, trimmed and untrimmed, and flowers, at a great reduction.

STRAWBERRY AND ICE CREAM
FESTIVAL
under the auspices of the LADIES' AID SOCIETY of the M. E. Church, to be held in
Vincent Chapel,
Thursday and Friday evenings,
JUNE 6th and 7th.
Admission, 10c. Good Music. 3-5*

R. A. ROSS,
No. 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds,
and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona, P. O. Box 1220. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,
Manufacturer Evona. P. O. Box 350.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,
Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

KEEP COOL.
1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at
WERNER'S
MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

DR. E. KIMBELL
THE
GREAT SPECIALIST
Commenced his second visit in Plainfield this morning. Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 7 p. m.

Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances.

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for A FEW DAYS ONLY.

People who desire the services of a skillful
CHIROPODIST
are urged to call without any delay, as his engagements in Trenton are positive.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.

Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, aged person or child can with the most agreeable feelings, have himself cordially and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK, OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 15,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following from Plainfield citizens:

From J. B. Professor, M. D.: I have had personal experience with Dr. KIMBELL'S skill in removing corns, and heartily recommend him to the afflicted.
J. B. PROFESSOR, M. D.
240 East Front street.

From J. T. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skillful Chiropodist.
J. T. FRITTS, M. D.
20 Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face.
MRS. R. TEE BYRS.
Plainfield, May 23.

From John A. Beerhower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my Corns in one treatment.
JOHN A. BEERHOWER.

DR. with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.
Miss ALICE M. FOWLER.
20 Madison avenue.

DR. Kimbell's remedy for foot odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and arm-pits seems like wrong in effect. 25c. a box.
Alldeal cases solicited.

TWO PLAINFIELDERS SAFE.

Major Paul Returns from the Johnstown District.

Major J. C. Paul, of Broadway, who is a Superintendent with the Pullman Palace Car Company, and who was supposed to be among the drowned during the Conemaugh flood, arrived home to-day, to the great delight of his friends. He is the first arrival in Plainfield from the land of desolation. He contributed liberally at Altoona, and again to THE NEWS fund.

While near the scene of the Johnstown disaster he met Mr. Franklin Smith, the civil engineer, of Plainfield, who was on his way to the West. The Major says that Mr. Smith is safe and has gone on to his destination.

Mr. Smith is the gentleman who recently escaped drowning by being thrown from Mr. Will Tickelson's horse.

Cent-a-Word Column.

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 82 Madison avenue. 5-15-6*

COW FOR SALE—Alderney Jersey cow; fresh; gives very rich milk. Call at 106 West Seventh street. 5-5

DESIRABLE house, eleven rooms, all improvements. Six minutes from depot. Inquire of F. M. French, City Mills. 4-12tf

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 604, Plainfield. 24tf

SOBER young man wants situation as coachman; understands his business. Inquire of W. Boyd, 4 North street. 31-6

TWO PROTESTANT sisters want situations together—one cook, washer and ironer; other chambermaid, waitress. Also competent woman wants situation; good references. Call McElhoe's office, 207 Broad street, Elizabeth, Friday, 10 to 5 o'clock.

TWO horses to let. Inquire of F. M. French, City Mills. 12tf

UPRIGHT PIANOS for sale, or rent cheap. 28 East Front street. 5 tf.

WE HAVE a considerable amount of money to loan on bond and mortgage. Baydam & Stillman.

WANTED—A place as chambermaid or waitress by a Danish girl. 2 Bank place.

WANTED—Furnished room. Good locality. Private family. References exchanged. Address Stewart, Plainfield post-office. 4-4

Whipped Cream Soda
a new wonder
From the Wild West
A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.
REYNOLDS'
PHARMACY, Park and North avenues.
N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 5-11-6m

Now is the Time
to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the
Seaside or Mountain
We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of
GOOD LINEN PAPER
and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 25c. This is a bargain. These are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c. up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.
A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
24 NORTH AVENUE.

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
Pail, best three-hooped large clear Cedar Tub $1.25 and down. Standard color clear paper pail 25c; broome, scrub brushes, mop stick and wash boards to large assortment, all very low; also brooms, brooms in assortment variety and at astonishing figures. Plain lamp chimneys, 5c. Glass sets of four pressed sugar and butter dishes, spoon holder and spoon holder, several styles, only 25c. Elegant water or lemonade set of six goblets, two quart pitcher and beaver plate tray, 60c. Glass sauce dishes, six styles, 10 cents dozen. Lamps, 15c up. White and curry combs at half price, very low. Lead lead pencils, 5c. per dozen. J. C. ALLEN, 44 W. Front street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
THIS NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

American Machinery in Paris.

One-third of all the space in the machinery hall in Paris is occupied by American inventions. The hall itself is the largest building ever enclosed under one roof, being over a quarter of a mile long. The power required to run the machinery in this huge building is four times as much as was supplied to the French exhibition of 1878.

One of our supposed model machines is a contrivance for salting and coloring dairy butter. But as Europeans do not use salted butter and do not like it, the French have invented an equally skillful contrivance for taking the salt all out again. Both machines are on exhibition, and the spectator can take his choice.

The exhibit of American inventive genius at Paris is certainly wonderful. We have not, however, advanced very greatly in the number of agricultural implements since 1878. Other nations have enough up several of our mechanical ideas and improved on them till they sometimes surpass the original designs. American ideas, in one form or another, pervade the machinery of all nations in the exhibit. Margaret Sullivan writes. This is especially true of steam engines, machine tools, metal working, making paper bags and wood working machinery.

America is the only country except Great Britain that shows improvement in printing machinery. For all nations, the electrical inventions are the most numerous and interesting.

In this field it is gratifying to know that three American inventors hold the first place. They are Edison, A. Graham Bell and Professor Elihu Thomson. The last is a new name, but one which will become probably as familiarly known as either of the other two. Professor Thomson has discovered how to amalgamate metals by electrical process. Metals that will fuse in no other way yield to his process, which promises very important results.

At the Paris exposition Edison has 493 inventions, representing most of his discoveries. His display covers 9,000 square feet.

The American phonograph is the wonder and delight of European visitors. There are phonographs which answer back to the sons and daughters of each nation in their own language. In electrical inventions it is interesting to note that the French tend especially to pure science while Americans occupy particularly the field of industrial arts.

The Dissecting Propensity.

Following the case of Mind Reader Bishop comes from Paris the story of a man who died in a strange way at Chantilly, near Paris. Physicians examined him and pronounced him dead. They prepared for an autopsy. The supposed dead man was stretched upon the table, and the dissecting knives were used. One or two strokes had been given, when suddenly the subject sat upright, opened his eyes, looked around him an instant, and fell back dead indeed. He had been in a cataleptic trance. The touch of the sharp instruments had in the same instant brought him back to consciousness and destroyed his life.

Of course the dissecting table, with all its ghastly accompaniments, is necessary to give students a knowledge of surgery and anatomy. But it may also be that familiarity with dissecting rooms seems destined to some extent in the minds of physicians the sacred regard for the human body, living or dead. It was not quite without reason, perhaps, that butchers were forbidden by the old English law to sit on a jury that tried a man for his life.

It is, perhaps, quite true also that many an armless or legless veteran goes crippling through the world today, whose limb might have been saved had army surgeons been a little less hasty in performing amputations. At any rate, it is to be hoped that recent events will tend to make doctors restrain their dissecting instincts until the propriety and necessity of autopsy cannot possibly be called into question.

Middle aged and elderly people will yet live to make the tour of Africa for pleasure. The scream of the locomotive along the Congo will ere long send the dwarfs, the demons and the spooks of the African jungle cowering back to their lairs. The Congo railroad around the cataracts will be 364 miles long and will cost $5,000,000. It will start at Matadi, the head of navigation on the lower Congo, and will take its way around the cataracts to Stanley Pool. Belgium is to build the road, and it will be four years in construction. Work is expected to be commenced this fall.

The Times-Democrat and many prominent citizens of New Orleans have been endeavoring for months to persuade the voters of that city to pass an ordinance levying an annual tax of three mills for drainage. It is claimed that, once thoroughly drained, New Orleans will be one of the most healthful cities in the Union. But the ordinance was voted down.

WHOSE FAULT?

Is Anybody Responsible for the Johnstown Disaster?

DIGGING OUT THE DEAD.

Work Slowly Among the Ruins Still Goes On.

DANGER OF DESTITUTION.

Poor Facilities for Handling Supplies of Food and Clothing.

Another Day Does Not Lessen the Estimate of Lives Lost, and from 12,000 to 15,000 Is Now Given as the Probable Number of Dead—The City Is Now in Charge of the Militia—Cool Weather Welcomed as a Preventative of Disease. The Supply of Drugs Exhausted—Men Who Are Willing to Work Are the Only Class of People Wanted.

JOHNSTOWN, June 6.—The startling reports that have been sent out, saying that the South Fork dam was built principally of dirt and shale, and that the sluiceways provided for the escape of surplus water were kept closed by the South Forks Fishing club, have given rise to the question:

"Who is responsible?"

"It was a piece of carelessness. I might say criminal negligence," said Adjt. Gen. Hastings to a correspondent, when asked why it was that such a standing menace to lives and property as the lake should have been allowed to remain in existence for so many years.

"John Fulton, of the Cambria Iron works, told me that some time ago he examined the dam and then pronounced it unsafe; but this did not cause the managers to take any precautions against such a disaster as has befallen the people here."

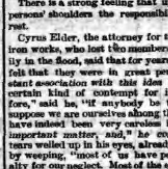
There is a strong feeling that upon certain persons' shoulders the responsibility should rest.

Cyrus Elder, the attorney for the Cambria Iron works, who lost two members of his family in the flood, said that for years people had felt that they were in great peril, but constant association with this idea had bred a certain kind of contempt for it. "Therefore," said he, "if anybody be to blame, I suppose we are ourselves among them, for we have indeed been very careless in this most important matter, God's sake forgiven us."

As tears welled up in his eyes, already reddened by weeping, "most of us have paid the penalty for our neglect. Most of the experts who have examined the dam pronounced it entirely safe."

The following is a list of members of the South Fork Fishing club as far as ascertainable:

H. C. Frick, Louis Clark, E. A. Meyers, W. T. Dunn, W. A. McIntosh, Col. E. J. Unger, Henry Holdship, John R. Jackson,



THE CONEMAUGH VALLEY.

Frank Bissell, John A. Harper, Oliver McAintock, William K. Woodwell, Joseph R. Woodwell, Durbin Horne, Hillery J. Brunt, Alex. Caldwell, Benjamin Craft, Frank Semple, John W. Chalfant, Earnest Schartz.

The officers are: Col. E. J. Unger, president; Col. J. J. Linvenstine, vice president; Lelch Irwin, treasurer; E. A. Meyers, secretary.

That a rigid investigation will be demanded and holders of property defrauded by those who have conversed with the people upon the subject, and that there will be an endeavor to fix the responsibility or blame, if any there be, and to put a stop to any tendency to whitewash matters is almost equally certain.

THE DAY IN THE STRICKEN CITY.

Cool Weather a Blessing—Recovering the Bodies—Incidents.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 6.—In the midst of this scene of death and desolation a relenting Providence seems to be showing a subduing influence. Six days have elapsed since the great disaster, and the temperature still remains low and chilly in the Conemaugh valley. What it is yesterday and to-day in the ordinary June weather of this locality from two to three days are sufficient to bring an unattended body to a degree of decay and putrefaction that would render it impossible to prevent the spread of disease throughout the valley, the inestimable benefits of this cool weather are almost beyond appreciation. The thousands from the half mile of debris above the bridge are but little more offensive than yesterday, and should the present temperature continue for longer it is possible that hundreds of bodies may yet be recovered from the wreck in such a state of preservation as to render identification possible. Many have been found in the interior, will be roasted and charred in such shapeless masses as to preclude all chance of recognition by their nearest relatives.

The Work of Clearing Up the Flood.

The work of cleaning up the wreck and recovering the bodies is now being conducted most systematically. Over 300 men are at work in the narrow confines of the valley, and each little gang of twenty men is directed by a foreman, who is under orders from general headquarters.

Under rubbish is gone over and the bones and scattered articles of value recovered the debris is piled up in one high mass and the work applied. In this way the valley is rapidly assuming a less devastated condition.

In twenty-four hours more every mass of rubbish will probably have been examined and the investigation will be confined to the smoking wreck above Johnstown bridge.

Ghastly Finds.

The Keystone hotel, a large frame store here, has been pulled to places. Three more wreck will undoubtedly yield up a large number of bodies.

The bodies of a woman and three children have been taken from the debris in front of the First National bank. The woman had a babe children clasped in her arms.

At the Johnstown shaft, on the east side of the river, everything is quiet, yet considerable work is being done. This is the chief commissary station, and yesterday morning 2,000 rations were issued to workers, and about 600 families were furnished with provisions. Five car loads of clothing were distributed, and now almost every one is provided with clothing.

Corps of workmen who were searching the ruins near the Methodist church have found 100 additional bodies.

The first body taken from the ruins was that of a boy named Davis, who was found in the debris near the bridge. He was badly bruised and burned. The remains were taken to the undertaking rooms at the Pennsylvania railroad station, where they were identified as those of Willie Davis. The boy's mother has been making a tour of the differ ent morgues for four days, and was almost crazy from the sights she had witnessed.

18,000 Have Registered.

At the different registration places 18,000 residents of the devastated district had registered as alive and well. The total population of the flooded district was about 40,000 or 50,000. There are hundreds of people waiting around the offices to have their names placed on the list of saved. It is thought that by night at least 85 per cent. of the survivors will be registered.

The best estimates on the loss of life, based on the registry of living and the unofficial poll, put it at from 12,000 to 15,000.

The fact that the Pennsylvania railroad men, physicians, engineers and railroad men, is that from 1,000 to 1,500 of the bodies will never be heard from.

The Supply of Drugs Exhausted.

The supply of drugs for treatment of patients at the Cambria hotel has been exhausted, and teams sent over the country to secure all that could be had. The Pittsburg

JOHNSTOWN FROM THE BRIDGE.

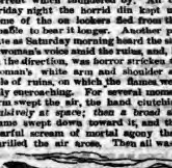
phia relief corps brought on a good supply. Of this it has been discarded. Thirty persons have been sent to Pittsburg hospitals.

Several large delegations of laborers with tools have arrived and are doing effective work. There are the only kind of men that are wanted or needed. Thirty doctors arrived from Philadelphia yesterday morning in charge of Dr. Forbes. The doctors were thanked for their willingness to help, but their services were declined, from the fact that there are but few sick to care for.

W. H. Devore has been given charge of the impromptu emblazing establishment in the Pennsylvania railroad station by Benjamin Lee, secretary of the state board of health.

A Night of Horrors.

An eye witness of the horrible scenes in and about the stone bridge of the railroad during Friday night and Saturday states that nothing in fact or literature will ever obliterate the horrors of that night after the ruins had taken fire. Dore's wonderful imagination would be incapable were he to attempt to depict anything more fearful in its accumulation of horrors as this showed. At all times during the night the moans and shrieks of souls in the fearful torrent of flame could be heard above the roar of the flames and the booming torrent which thundered by. All through Friday night the horrid din kept up until some of us on the bridge were driven almost unable to bear it longer. Another party as late as Saturday morning heard the shriek of a woman's voice amid the ruins, and, looking in the direction, two of the party saw a woman's white arm and shoulder amid a pile of ruins, on which the flames were rapidly surrounding. For several moments the fearful scream of mortal agony that ever thrilled the air arose. Then all was silent.



DERRICK ABOVE THE FATAL BRIDGE.

and the wave of fire swept on, crackling as if in glee at what it had done.

Two New York State Men Missing.

John Aird, of Cohoes, N. Y., and John Don, of Troy, N. Y., both traveling men, passengers on the ill-fated Pittsburg train from Pittsburg, have not been accounted for.

Danger of Destitution.

Director James B. Scott reports some danger of destitution, owing to the slow way in which provisions are coming in. There are at least sixty car loads of provisions and other supplies en route but west two and Pittsburg, but the wagon roads are impassable. Bridges and tunnels them with sufficient rapidity. Owing to the lack of bridges to get across the stream between Johnstown and Conemaugh, Superintendent Story, of the Pennsylvania railroad, has done something the work of separation, which is being pushed with great rapidity.

At the American club headquarters relief committees from all parts of the country are in session. Gen. Hastings, of the state militia, is in command, and Mr. McCauly was immediately sent to that point for a conference with the local committee on way and means of getting forward goods of all kinds, and especially provisions.

Reports from Morrellville, three miles below Johnstown, are that there is plenty to eat, but a lack of clothing for men and other much comforts. Altogether seventy dead bodies were taken out Monday near the point.

Ten work of removing the debris is pushed as rapidly as possible. The majority of carcasses made them to leave here for petty offenses, such as stealing from private houses and refusing to work. There is no doubt, however, to some of all precautions, that the cause of the flood have been studied by a number of prominent engineers, and other remedies.

In spite of Director Scott's statement that there is enough to feed the men now here, Capt. Jones, in charge of supplies, is constantly crying for more. On Saturday 2,000 more, and 1,600 more were coming from Pittsburg. He has plenty for them to eat, but not enough cooking utensils. As all the tents that have been erected are already filled, he will take no more for the present, as he is building shanties and repair vacant but things.

News from Mineral Point.

Mineral Point, continuing about 225 residents, is situated about seven miles west of Johnstown. It has since last Friday been completely cut off from the rest of the world and until The Pittsburg Times reporter managed to get into the place by working his way along the bed of the stream it was uncertain whether any one had escaped. The loss of life was not nearly so large as it would have been had not the most of the people left their homes some time before, owing to the reports of the dam being liable to break at any moment. Out of a total of thirty-four houses in the place only seven are left standing. The reason they were not taken was that they were situated some distance up the mountain out of the flood's reach. Not a single wagon or horse is left in the place, and for days and perhaps weeks to come the people will be going through the mule taking rooms when we saw the remains of her boy being brought in. Sorrow and grief had overpowered her and seemed to have lost her mind. She caused quite a scene by her actions, but calmed down after a while, and stated that she had lost her husband and seven children at the flood. Also that this was the first one of the family that had been recovered. She said she had not slept a wink since Saturday and had visited the different morgues at least 100 times, and was almost crazy from the sights she had witnessed.

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BURDETTE'S PHILOSOPHY.

WE CAN'T HAVE EVERYTHING WE SEE.

"Yes, ma'am," said Trampleton, as he gratefully took from the outstretched hand of the woman a large, moist slab of pie, nestled like Marleon onyx, and embossed with heavy incrustations of lava, "yes, I have seen better days, but just as I have seen better clothes; other people and 'em." He paused for her reply, but she bowed her head silently, and he, regarding the pie with a cautious movement of the throttle, lifted his hands to heaven with an agonizing gesture and passing on, was never again seen so more.

THE PARADOX OF LAUGHTER.

A man ought to have some regard for the fitness of things, even when he quotes a proverb. But he hasn't. That's why it makes a good sucker so howling mad when a paper-hanger who has been six days papering three sides of a hall bedroom, answers his reproof by saying that "Rome wasn't built in a day." It wasn't built by a hired man, either. The fact that it ever was built proves that.

SHE HAD TO WALK THE PLANK FOR THIS.

Young Forecastle, who has been aboard only three days before he committed some act of insubordination, for which the captain gave him an awful dose of the rope's end, said the old man's blight was worse than his barque.

HARD ON THE KNIVES.

A dog down in Pennsylvania swallowed the baby's rattle the other day. It hasn't affected the dog seriously, but it's awful wearing on the people of the house. Every time the dog moves it sounds as though a rattlesnake was after you, and the result is that about two-thirds of the time everybody in the house is either climbing up on a chair or jumping down from one.

OUT ON FLY.

"George, I called to see you this morning and the maid said you were out." "Yes, sonie, I am sorry that I was." "But you were not; for I saw you sitting at the window as I came away." "Yes, that's just it; the maid did not specify; she only knew I was out. Sometimes I am staying out, sometimes walking out and sometimes looking out. She was stupid not to say which."

DEPRAVITY IN HIGH PLACES.

Queen Marguerite of Italy plays the violoncello. By the most desperate exertions and constant vigilance on this part of the royal family the matter has been kept secret for a long time, but it has leaked out at last. On account of the respectability of the queen's connections we suppress her last name.

A L'OUTRANCE.

"I see," said the man with the newspaper, "that a French journalist has been killed in a duel." "At last!" exclaimed the man reading the time card. "Yes; died of old age waiting for the other fellow to come." "Well, the French are terrible fighters when they make a business of it."

EXPATRIATED.

Particular Boarder—This fish, waiter—Truthful Waiter (promptly)—Was killed this morning. Particular Boarder (approvingly)—You did right to kill it. Truthful Waiter (inquiringly)—Yes, sir. Particular Boarder (firmly)—Should have been ashore so long it had forgot how to swim, and would have drowned if ever it went to sea again.

THAT'S ALL THAT SAVES THIS POEM.

The "elocutionist" has hid his light under a bushel so long as he can. He is now determined to let his light shine, to lift up his voice and spare not and to magnify his office for all it is worth and to let his light so that he doesn't sell a clam. A Chicago elocutionist, discussing the elements of a successful recitation, speaks of "other pieces like 'Mother and Child,' 'Darius Green,' and like productions of no great literary merit that produce marvelous effects when well rendered." Often wondered what kept those mediocre jingles alive so long, when some of my own finest efforts, worthy to go ringing down the echoing aisles of the copy dummy, stranded on the shingly beach of the cold and sullen W. R. Hi's the "reading" that has rescued Mrs. Browning and Poe from the insatiate maw of that relentless monster, O. B. Lirion, Sr.—Robert J. Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

Lessons of Experience.

Anxious Mother—My son, that young lady you admire knows nothing about housework.

Son—Well, mother, you know you don't either.

Tree, my son. Your father's brother, however, married a girl who did, and the money she saved was invested in real estate, and they are now living in a brown stone palace."

"Oh, well, his fortune couldn't all have come from that."

"Maybe not, maybe not; but your father and I are living in a rented house, and one of our old servant girls owns it."

A Incorrect Diagnosis.

A business man and financier of the first rank in Boston is so absentminded that he occasionally forgets to go to his dinner. His customary hour for this meal—when he remembers it—is 2 o'clock. The other day, quite absorbed in business, he worked steadily on until 4 o'clock, and then began to have a quite natural sense of emptiness and yearning in his stomach.

"Dear me," he said, musingly, applying the fat of his hand to his waistcoat, "I wonder what I ate for dinner that disagrees with me?"—Boston Transcript.

Where They Fell.

Caller (at a potograph gallery)—That is a grand picture of the centennial parade; every face perfect.

Photographer (proudly)—Yes, it is an instantaneous picture of the troops on the march—best I ever took.

Caller—Yes, every motion appears to have been caught; the marching troops, waving flag, galloping horse, rushing crowds—but what are these blurred spots on the grand stands?

Photographer (sadly)—I don't know, but I guess they are babies.—Puck.

Strength in Unity.

"Which do you love most, your papa or your mamma?"

Little Charlie—I love papa most.

Charlie's Mother—Why, Charlie, I'm surprised at you. I thought you loved me most.

Charlie—Can't help it; mamma; we may have to stick together.—Texas Siftings.

His New Horse.

"Say, mister, why don't you let him eat for a sarsh'lite hoss?—Life.

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We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Sunday afternoon to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m. RICE & Co.
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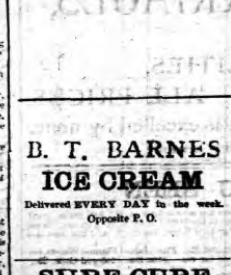

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PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
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For Phillipsburg, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 8.45 a. m., for Phillipsburg, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 5.45 p. m., for Phillipsburg, Manunka Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg. On Sundays at 6.35 p. m.
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For Philadelphia at 5.46, 8.00, 9.05, 10.10, 11.20 a. m., 12.05, 2.40, 4.30, 5.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays at 8.00, 9.05, 10.10, 11.20 a. m., 12.30, 2.40, 3.40, 4.30, 5.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 5.46, 9.18, 11.20 a. m., 2.40, 5.30, 6.45, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays at 9.18, 11.20 a. m., 2.40, 5.30, 6.45, 9.30 p. m.
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is the name of the best
Summer Corset,
THIN, COOL, GOOD SHAPE, CHEAP.
To be found at the store of
C. E. CLARKE,
NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.
Next to Post Office.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Imported Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 606. Telephone call 99.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. Box 1467
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on sale.

Buy Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, W PARKAYE.
PIANOS TUNED

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph
Park avenue, W. TER, Manager.

GIVEN AWAY
10 days only.
A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or cover.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 1 PARK AVENUE.

PAINTING.
Woolston & Buckle
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTS, OILS, CUTTLERY
Brushes

WOMAN AND HOME.

TRANSFORMING A ROOM INTO A COZY ARTISTIC RETREAT.

The Way to Be Happy—His Loyal Wife. What Women Are Doing—Carrying Americanisms in England—A Lady Physician on Lacing.

Bare, square rooms without a cozy nook are painfully common in the country. A writer in Decorator and Furnisher tells how she transformed such a room into the coziest retreat possible, and one that is within the financial reach of any one who has the plain room and a will to do.

With in my main room I put corner shelves in the northwest corner, leaving space for a couch between them; shelves above all the doors and windows. The top corner shelf (which was deeper than those beneath it) and all these shelves I furnished with a railing made of spools, about three inches apart and supported by a pocket stick finished with a wooden button mold, through all of which I drove a nail that held them firmly in place. In the upper part of windows and doors I had grill frames, made of molding, fitted. The grills I made of thin strips of wood woven together and fastened to the frames.

The mantel decided the color of the wood work, which I was sorry to have black walnut. I made a hot dye with brown diamond dye to match it in color, and stained all the wood work and floor with it. The wood work I finished with oil, the floor with beeswax and turpentine, and both were satisfactory. I could find no suitable paper at the little store, but finally got some of the very cheapest brown backed wall paper and put it on wrong side out, putting glue in the paste to lessen its stickiness.

The frieze was of lighter brown, almost cream. This I decorated by laying pressed ferns, grasses and leaves on the paper in such a manner that they appeared to be growing naturally from the bottom when the frieze was in place.

I then resorted to the very inartistic spatter work, long since confined to outer darkness by modern art workers. Here diamond dye and brown powder again served my purpose—light blue at the top shading gradually into darker, and then brown at the bottom. Here and there I painted a butterfly in bronze, and touched up my work with bronze paint, etc. A narrow molding at the top and a wider picture molding at the bottom completed my wall finish; the ceiling I had tinted a light cream color.

My next step was to paint with a little peacock blue running through it. Of this I made a large square rug, leaving a margin of polished floor two feet wide all around it.

At the windows I hung long sash curtains of cheese cloth. From the lower edge of the grill short curtains of pongee, embroidered with leaves in brown; tassels of brown crewels.

The portieres are all of dull blue serge, embroidered in bold designs, each different, of dogwood, or other well varicolored branches of maple and chestnut.

The couch beneath the corner shelves is an old haircloth sofa, draped with an embroidered blue serge portiere, and hidden, concealed by long curtains falling from a pole attached to the upper shelf. Luxurious cushions, filled with odorous hay, covered with blue denim, over which are thrown work covers, makes this corner a cozy one.

A Woman's Loyalty.

I well remember a visit to the New Hampshire state prison at Concord, which I made a few years ago in company with several friends. One little incident of that visit made a vivid impression on my mind. In the horse cars with us, on our way to the prison, sat a quiet, sad faced little woman. She was neatly and plainly dressed, and had a certain air of refinement about her which proclaimed her to be a lady. She came into the prison guard room with us and was at once shown to the warden's private office. A moment later, as I stood looking out through heavy barred windows, across the stone paved prison yard, at the plain, gloomy looking stone buildings containing the workshops, the door of one of them opened and an officer holding in his hand a heavy revolver stood out upon the granite steps.

A moment later a tall, finely formed man, clad in the black and red suit of the prison, gazed out in front of him. As he came slowly across the prison yard I saw that his face was a handsome and an intelligent one. There was something in his appearance and bearing which, despite his prison garb, proclaimed the training and the instincts of a gentleman. I watched him as he came up the steps to the guard room, and a moment later, through the partly open door of the warden's office, I saw him step up to his wife, the little woman who had been our fellow passenger, and who threw herself into his arms with a passionate love. That man who was chained to the cot from curious eyes all further sight of that interview. I looked again across the prison yard, but there was a mist before my eyes that seemed to shut off everything.

Later I learned that the man was a forger. "He came from a good family, I believe," said the warden, in answer to my inquiry. "That little woman is his wife. She has been true as steel to him through it all. She's one of the best behaved men in the prison, and will get a pardon on account of circumstances on that account. He has two years more." Somehow I couldn't help feeling that when that man came out from prison he would go to that little woman and, with her help, lead an honest life. Any community which would deliberately add one pang to those already endured by that woman, would be worse than heathen.—Augusta (Me.) Journal.

Tight Clothing.

A young lady a few weeks ago applied to a physician for treatment. She suffered from continual headache, and had done so for years, and she had other troubles. The physician examined her thoroughly, and satisfied herself the physician was a woman as to the causes of the patient's maladies.

"I cannot treat you," said the doctor, "unless you will follow my instructions implicitly. But if you promise to do so, I think your health will improve immediately, and will soon be entirely restored."

The patient promised entire compliance with the instructions of the physician.

"The first thing for you to do is to take off your corsets, or wear such as will be bought that your vital organs will not be at all compressed even when you take a full breath. Then accept all your clothing from your shoulders, and have no clothing hang from your hips. Procure a pair of low heeled shoes about two sizes larger than you wear now. Give up drinking tea and coffee, and for about two weeks, at least, you may omit the stimulus, but only for a few days. Eat nourishing food at regular intervals, and go to bed early and get your sleep out. Walk to and from your place of business so as to get all the exercise possible for you in the open air."

A little medicine was given the patient for some local trouble, but treatment was relied on for the main difficulties. She did exactly as her physician told her.

In a few days she was free from headache, and in a few weeks she was enjoying a degree of health up to that time entirely unknown to her. She found she was able without check from tight clothing to do its work; her lungs had full play, and could purify the blood without hindrance from corset laces; the abdominal organs no longer crowded down upon the delicate organs below them, performed their functions without interfering with any other organs of the body; sluggishness gradually gave place to the step of the young woman, color came to her face, light to her eye and cheerfulness born of good health.—Exchange.

Hints to Housekeepers.

To remove stains from cups and saucers, scour with powdered bath brick and soap.

Wash the hair in cold sage tea; it will keep the hair from falling out.

Tea or coffee stains will come out at once if they are taken immediately and held over a pail while boiling water is poured upon them.

If so unfortunate as to scorch the bosom of a shirt while ironing it, hang in the sun, and it will be drawn out in a few hours.

Carpets will look much brighter after sweeping if dipped with a damp cloth.

Oilcloths should never be washed in hot soapsuds; they should first be washed clean with cold water, then rubbed dry with a soft cloth in milk. The same treatment applies to a stone or slate hearth.

A few drops of ammonia in a cup of warm rain water, carefully applied with a wet sponge, will remove the spots from paintings and chromos.

Don't leave lettuce in water after it is washed, as it soon wilts, but place in a cool place and sprinkle with water.

Salt sprinkled on any substance burning on the stove will stop the smoke and smell. Salt thrown upon baking fowls in the pan of broiling chops or ham will cause the blaze to subside.

To keep knives and forks in good condition when not in use, dust the blades and forks with finely powdered quicklime and keep them wrapped in flannel.

Dry buckwheat flour, if repeatedly applied, will entirely remove the worst grease spots on carpets or any other woolen cloth, and will answer as well as French chalk for grease spots on silk.

For varnished paints save some tea leaves for a few days; then steep them in a tin pail for half an hour; strain through a sieve and use the tea for cleaning the paint. The tea acts as a strong cleansing and makes the paint nearly equal to new in appearance. It will not do to wash unvarnished paints with it.

Remove the irons when the ironing is done, and never let them stand on the stove, where steam and grease will be sure to settle on them.

Pieces of cheese-cloth make the very best kind of dusters. Hem the edges and have a large enough supply so that one set can be washed each day.

Rules for Happy Wives.

There is an abundance of literature on marriage extant and the young girl or the old girl either who has promised to take care of some unhappy bachelor need not fear to undraw the charge of his wardrobe, his dinners, his babies that are to be and—his temper. There is plenty of light on the path.

It will be her own fault if she is not happy. Here to be happy though married is an art for her easily compressed into a small space, convenient for framing.

She must smile, always smile. If her head throbs and her back aches, if baby is cross or cook disagreeable, she must still smile so long as her husband is around. She must always be in neat attire when he comes home, even though "the girl" has left her and she can hardly drag her tired limbs about. And she must smile.

She must feed her husband well and smile when he finds fault with the cooking or her judgment in marketing. She must make home attractive, for no married man is bound to stay at home if another place is more attractive to him. She must not cross his will, but if she desires anything must gain it by policy and smiles. Candor and explicit expression are never to be used with a husband. The pleasant fiction that he is master might be disturbed, and the married man is notoriously easy to "upset."—St. Louis Globe.

She must be superior to the need of recreation and exercise, if there are babies in the house, and to the idea of pranks for her efforts to please. She must never be from home when he returns from his labor. She must have no friends, and recognize no relation in children. And she must smile.

A few more rules might be added, but the above are enough to show the engaged maiden how easy it is to have a happy home.—New York Telegram.

How to Make Marriage a Success.

By observing as closely as possible the following "lots" the number of homes "to let" will be materially decreased.

Let each allow the other to know something.

Let each consult the other's feelings.

Let each realize the fact that they are one.

Let the husband frequent his home, not the club.

Let his lately "to soon man" wait till next day.

Let his latch key gather unto itself rust from misuse.

Let him speak to his wife, not yell "Say!" at her.

Let him be as courteous after marriage as before.

Let him confide in his wife; their interests are equal.

Let him assist her in beautifying the home.

Let him appreciate her as his partner.

Let her not worry him with petty troubles.

Let her not narrate Mrs. Next Door's gossip.

Let her not fret because Mrs. Neighbor has a sealskin.

Let her make home more pleasant than the club.

Let her dress as tastefully for him as strangers.

Let her sympathize with him in business cares.

Let her home man love and rest, not noise and strife.

Let her meet him with a kiss, not a frown.

Americano-Mania.

The adoption of foreign "fads" being by no means peculiarly an American conceit, it is with no small degree of astonishment that your vital organs will not be at all compressed even when you take a full breath. Then accept all your clothing from your shoulders, and have no clothing hang from your hips. Procure a pair of low heeled shoes about two sizes larger than you wear now. Give up drinking tea and coffee, and for about two weeks, at least, you may omit the stimulus, but only for a few days. Eat nourishing food at regular intervals, and go to bed early and get your sleep out. Walk to and from your place of business so as to get all the exercise possible for you in the open air."

A little medicine was given the patient for some local trouble, but treatment was relied on for the main difficulties. She did exactly as her physician told her.

In a few days she was free from headache,

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

STYLES THAT ARE APPROVED IN NEW YORK, PARIS AND LONDON.

Riding Habits Worn by Fair Equestrienne. Outfits Designed for the Summer Season and Country Wear—Silk Underwear and Negligee Garments.

During the summer season and for country wear, fine diagonal cloths in light gray shades and in dust colors, will be much worn for riding habits. The outfit, as made for New York's fair equestrianne, according to London fashionables in the metropolis, is the habit, of three pieces—bodice, skirt and trousers. These are all made from one piece of cloth, and instead of any fanciful trimmings in the way of braiding, the edges are simply stitched or else finished with cord in tailor fashion. The underwear is a very short corset with cover, and a long merino or silk garment reaching to the knees. The long top boots are tipped with patent leather, and the gloves are of glace kid, double stitched and short wristed, and are preferred quite large on horseback. The silk hat is just worn, but round crown Derbys of felt are seen in morning rides. The high white linen collar may have a scarf of the color of the habit, but the bosom is more often omitted, as all jewelry is objectionable for equestrianes.

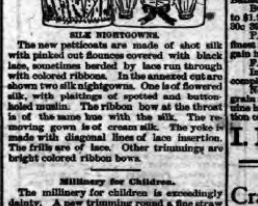
AN ENGLISH RIDING HABIT.

Summer habits of tweed or light diagonal are sometimes made with a "step collar" notched like that of a man's coat, or else cut open slightly square like a clergyman's collar. Still others have a white pique or cloth vest set in, with the habit fastening over it in the middle, and the vest showing only at top and bottom. With the step collar a white scarf such as men use is worn and a scarf pin of the habit goods. Buttons are put in the center are on habits of all kinds, those of Melton for the park as well as those for the country. Hunting habits to be worn in rough country roads are of the strongest English Melton, and have a gay vest of red cloth provided, as well as a white one to make them useful on other occasions.

Very young girls fond of the habit seem have habits of blue or dust colored tweed or diagonal cloth made up with the narrow short skirt precisely like those worn by ladies, but the bodice for their slight, undeveloped figures is often laid in lengthwise plaits, and sometimes a belt defines the waist. Caps with visors, in favor with these young riders, are made of cloth like the habit or of corduroy, or else they wear Derby felt hats. Their long hair is worn in a single hanging braid tied with ribbons a few inches above the end, or else it is plaited in two slender braids and coiled round and round close against the head in the English coil such as ladies wear when riding. In the cut is shown an English habit which, as will be seen, is almost if not quite identical with the New York outfits.

Silk Lingerie.

The cream and pale pink and blue silk underwear for ladies, and the numerous little garments for children, are well worthy of inspection.



SILK NIGHTGOWN.

The new petticoats are made of shot silk with pinked out flounces covered with black lace, sometimes borded by lace run through with colored ribbons. In the annexed cut are shown two petticoats, one having a flounce of flowered silk, with plaitings of spotted and buttonholed muslin. The ribbon bow at the throat is of the same hue with the silk. The remaining gown is of cream silk. The yoke is made with diagonal lines of lace insertion. The frills are of lace. Other trimmings are bright colored ribbon bows.

Millinery for Children.

The millinery for children is exceedingly dainty. A new trimming round a fine straw or a soft hat is what is called drooping roses, a band formed of rose leaves, the petals themselves elongating into long bands of falling petals. Hats are much crumpled at the back and no rose would seem to be allowed. Hats are high, though some of the straws have only satin crowns piled up with ribbon and other trimming. For young children caps made of long strips of narrow ribbon, or work. Long strips of narrow ribbon, or work. Long strips of narrow ribbon, or work. Long strips of narrow ribbon, or work.

Fashionable Headdresses.

The newest headdresses consist chiefly of perforated straw, a little open work and considered lace and an organy, all tastefully arranged together. One in salmon color and green was particularly successful. Also a dead gold lace model, twisted into fantastic shapes over torra cotta silk, and a charming little Alsatian bow of vieux rose, arranged on a foundation of velvet in a deeper shade. The various embroidered and lace headbands to be seen here are extremely pretty for various occasional purposes. These make charming bandeaux, and, gracefully arranged down the side of a bodice, are effective.

A French firm have succeeded in applying electricity to the art of tanning leather in such a way as to accelerate the process

Window Shades, Hollands, Fringes,

etc. We are now prepared to do a first-class business in all its branches. We have in stock a complete assortment of goods pertaining to this department, and can execute orders for shades at very short notice. Ready-made shades in Opal, Silk, and Lace, from 25c up.

OLD CARPETS made over and relaid. Carpets, Mattings, etc., prepared for Summer against moths. J. H. Stickle, practical upholsterer, formerly with W. & J. Sloane of New York, is in charge of this department; we will guarantee all work done by him.

SCARLET RUBBER, Ladies' Hose, 10c, worth 15c to 20c, and an extra quality for 25c, worth 35c, will not stain; Ladies' fine Silk Taffeta Gloves at 25c, children's do. at 15c; Ladies' Pure Silk Gloves at 50c, 75c, 87c, 97c, 98c, 99c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.50, cheaper. Brilliant Lisle Gloves at 25c; Real Lisle Finished Gauze at 37½; Ladies' Silk Mitts for 15c; Our 61c Kid Gloves are the best 50c Kid Gloves in the market; Ladies' Silk Mitts, only 25c; Ladies' Fine Ribbed Vests at 15c; Ladies' Extra-quality Gauze Vests at 25c, as good as usually sold at 50c; Fancy Flannel Shirts, 75c, 90c, 98c, \$1.35, \$1.40, \$1.75, \$2; Men's Gauze Shirts, 25c, 35c, 40c and 50c.

HANDSOME STOCK and posted yourself on our Special Low Prices. ☞ We can save you money on Carpets.

ABSOLUTE LIST of Ladies' Hose, 10c, worth 15c to 20c, and an extra quality for 25c, worth 35c, will not stain; Ladies' fine Silk Taffeta Gloves at 25c, children's do. at 15c; Ladies' Pure Silk Gloves at 50c, 75c, 87c, 97c, 98c, 99c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.50, cheaper. Brilliant Lisle Gloves at 25c; Real Lisle Finished Gauze at 37½; Ladies' Silk Mitts for 15c; Our 61c Kid Gloves are the best 50c Kid Gloves in the market; Ladies' Silk Mitts, only 25c; Ladies' Fine Ribbed Vests at 15c; Ladies' Extra-quality Gauze Vests at 25c, as good as usually sold at 50c; Fancy Flannel Shirts, 75c, 90c, 98c, \$1.35, \$1.40, \$1.75, \$2; Men's Gauze Shirts, 25c, 35c, 40c and 50c.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

Furniture Bedding and Upholstery.

THE ! BOPLE SAY our line of BABY CARRIAGES alone is worthy of a visit to our commodious WAREROOMS, where we will explain why. ☞ EASY PAYMENTS, if you call us. No trouble to show goods. Our motto: "The BEST GOODS at LOWEST PRICES."

GARRET Q. PACKER,

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT, 1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICED, and, owing to the very generous trade which we have had during the past season, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1870.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages

TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA

of the different styles of FOOTWEAR for Summer we invite you to look at our windows The shoes you see there are leaders, and we keep them in stock.

DOANE & VanARSDALE,

22 West Front Street,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES, ALL QUALITIES, ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? these good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Also the LAWNS! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 4-4 Bastiste used for 12½c, at 19 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! Whew! you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest Silk at \$1.25. Children's and Ladies' Ratine we have in all shades at 91 and upward. A bar Bastiste used for 12½c, at 19 1-2c.

PARASOLS! Whew! you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest Silk at \$1.25. Children's and Ladies' Ratine we have in all shades at 91 and upward. A bar

FANS! A neat little Fan for 3c and 7c; Fine Feather Fans, 75c to \$1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to ROCK BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 25c; and extra heavy Ingrains 30c, 40c and 50c. All Wool Carpets, 85c; Geometrics home-made Rag Carpets, 35c, 40c and 45c. Fancy Mattings, 12 1-2c upward. An inspection of all unsaleable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

at

Crane's Hat Store,

19 PARK AVENUE.

Trunks! Trunks!

Valises, etc.

BIG STOCK

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BUCKEYE'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

Terrill & Cole,

successors to Ford & Stiles

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS,

No. 20 East Front street, Plainfield.

M. R. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole.

Telephone call 66.

Fresh Garden Seeds,

Garden Tools,

RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,

Cutlery, etc.

N. H. & J. J. HEIDELOFF,

13 Somerset street.

NO. 42 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North America of Philadelphia, Phenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, Hanken and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accident and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Mining and Milling Co., (Silver Mine) of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BONDS AND MORTGAGE.

BEWARE

of the many so-called

Black Stockings

The ones bearing the "S. & A." brand

Are the Ones

guaranteed to give SATISFACTION, or

Money Refunded

Ladies' Hose from 25c to 50c. Children's from 20 to 60 cents. I am the sole agent for these in Plainfield.

H. A. POPE.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET.

and 35 Park avenue.

P. O. Box 320.

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EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Pianos moving a specialty.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON!

Undertakers and Embalmers.

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 28 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the duties of an undertaker on hand. Telephone call No. 34.

MUSIC HALL **FURNITURE STORE** **1889** **NEW GOODS** GIVE US A TRIAL. **POWLISON & JONES,** 34 - W. FRONT ST. - 34

KENNEY

IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE, ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAVIS

City Livery Stables,

54 West Fourth street.

Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J.

Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Tiswerth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

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of all Kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

34 New York Prices. Studio, 25 West Front street. Gardner for drawing and oil painting

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

OVER $21 00 SUBSCRIBED

CITY AND "NEWS" SHAKE HANDS, EACH WITH THEIR THOUSAND.

The Potter Press Works Respond Nobly and Swell the Johnstown Fund.—Other Subscriptions Make a Gratifying Total for Mr. Myers's Treasury.

The people of Plainfield are still giving generously to assist in the work of relieving the sufferings of the survivors of the late terrible disaster at Johnstown, and the total amount of money subscribed in New Jersey's Queen City now amounts to over two thousand dollars, of which one-half has been contributed through THE NEWS.

Plainfield's Johnstown fund now stands as follows:

The City's Fund.

Previously acknowledged	$757.00
VANDEVENTER AND CO.'S CANNET WORKS.	
F. L. B.	1.00
J. Neagle	1.00
M. C.	1.00
L. M. S.	1.00
G. W. S.	1.00
A. Stamm	1.00
E. E. Sn	1.00
R. Alexander	.50
R Alexander, jr.	.50
M. Brandon	.50
H. Maloney	.50
S. Kerr	.50
Rose Noppit	.50
M. Doyle	.50
T. G. Dr	.50
Katie Meehan	.50
Mary Kaley	.50
Wm. Vanderveer	.50
T. Mc	.50
L. M. R	.50
Florence Dibble	.50
Annie Townley	.50
L. C. K	.50
M. G. C	.50
Katie Meehan	.50
M. Doyle	.50
Mary Kaley	.50
Wm. Vanderveer	.50
T. Mc	.50
L. M. R	.50
Florence Dibble	.50
Annie Townley	.50
L. C. K	.50
M. G. C	.50
Mrs. W. Stout	10.00
Mrs. E. C. Howard	10.00
Rowland Cox	10.00
A. M. Fowler	5.00
Cash	2.00
E. G. Mulford	5.00
M. L. H	2.00
J. C. Clarke	.25
Grand Total	**$1,061.25**

"THE NEWS" Fund.

The following dispatch was sent from Plainfield this afternoon:

PLAINFIELD, N. J., June 7th, 1889.

GOV. JAMES BEAVER, Harrisburg, Pa.

Draw on Councilman J. K. Myers, of Plainfield, Union county, for $1,061.25, contributions of our people to THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS fund for relief of sufferers by Johnstown flood. Please acknowledge. This includes $311.50 which I telegraphed to "Mayor of Johnstown" last Tuesday, but which was not been called for. This independent of the $1,000 telegraphed you from Mayor Male, of Wednesday.

T. W. MORRISON.

Previously acknowledged	$872.62
Potter Press Works	125.00
Chas. Potter Titsworth	10.00
George C. Mahon	10.00
Eli Long	5.00
E. B. Smith	5.00
Isaac Scribner	5.00
Mrs. H. Soles	5.00
W. H. Moore	5.00
Geo. F. Edwards	2.00
J. C.	2.00
James Conneely	2.00
James Hardy	2.00
H. R. N.	1.00
John Goodwin	1.00
Geo. Sheppard	1.00
J. E. Dunn	1.00
Mr. John Lindsay	1.00
Mrs. John Lindsay	1.00
Peter	1.00
William H. Lodlow	1.00
Elsie Hulst	.50
Frankie Blair	.50
Hillaire Blair	.25
Jas. O'Neill	.25
Poor Woman	.25
Grand Total	**$1,060.62**

The names of the contributors of the Potter Press Works fund were not received in time for publication to-day but will appear in THE NEWS to-morrow.

Their Very Great Need.

In response to the dispatch forwarded by the editor of THE NEWS to the Dictator of Johnstown the following has been received:

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 6th, 1889.

T. W. MORRISON:—

Thanks for donation and promise of more. Are in very great need of same.

J. B. SCOTT, Director.

Two Orphans From Johnstown

In accordance with the decision reached yesterday by the committee of the Children's Home the following dispatch was forwarded from this city to-day:

PLAINFIELD, N. J., June 7th, 1889.

TO THE HON. JAMES A. BEAVER, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

The Children's Home Association of Plainfield, New Jersey, will, if necessary, receive at once two orphan children from Johnstown.

MRS. HORACE KIRKBALL, President.

A Charity for the Sufferers.

Theatricals will be given under the management of Mrs. Geo. Wharton Edwards at Seminary Hall Thursday evening, June 13th, at eight o'clock, for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers.

A BLIND MAN RUN OVER.

Probably Fatal Injuries by a Runaway Horse.

A horse owned by Mr. Bloom, of Washington St., bolted, ran away on Somerset street this afternoon, and coming down Madison avenue ran over John Moore, a blind man, of Chatham street, cutting Mr. Moore's head and injuring him so seriously that he had to be taken to his home. The horse took to the sidewalk at Martin's blacksmith shop and passed there with a sulky to which it had been attached. It continued on through to North avenue, where it was caught.

Chris. Moore, who was driving, was thrown out and also injured.

R. Mr. Moore is seventy-five years of age.

THEIR MAGIC BAT FAILED.

How a "Rondeced" Wagon-Tongue Lost a Game of Ball.

It is Thursday afternoon, and the green field opposite Blate's Hotel on Somerset street is alive with dashes of a sort entirely different from the gentle flowerlets that grow amidst the grasses. Gentlemen and ladies whose complexion approaches that of polished ebony have secured a field-day, and, with a full complement of youthful enthusiasm who have given bond to yell vociferously for the local team, they have congregated in the presence of a select circle of guests invited from the paler-visaged people to indulge in the delights of a game of base-ball.

There is a picket nine in the field, stalwart residents of New Jersey's Queen City; and pitted against them is a team from Somerville. Each player's costume includes a pair of gray knickerbockers, a natty flannel shirt and a jaunty cap. The Somervillians' stripes are white and yellow, and the girls remark "How handsome!" "How sweet!" The stripes of the Plainfielders are white and blue, and the maidens murmur "How enchanting!" "How divine!"

"Play ball dere!"—the umpire cries, and while a burn of excitement fills the atmosphere the man in the box pitches. Skillful curves puzzle and evade the wily batsmen. Fouls go skimming through the air, demolishing grocery wagons, robbing Mr. James Babbett of a job by knocking the life out of a vagrant dog, demoralizing spectators who have recklessly exposed themselves in the fury of the storm, and leaving the catcher on a lively run during which he executes several dances with variations over the prostrate body of the patient umpire, who has an impediment in his facility for transmitting himself instantaneously to a spot further removed from the scene of action.

The sides go in and out. The players do noble service to their nine and to their country by tangling their feet in the grass so that the flies they catch shall not bear them to a loftier world and reaching valiantly for every ball, by dashing from base to base in a mixed circles amid the clamor of the multitude, by exploring apple trees and barbed wire fences for lost balls, and by subduing the score-keeper into keeping a correct tally of their runs.

Somehow or other the Somervillians have gained a lead and are keeping it. The eighth inning for the Plainfielders has arrived, and they have only fourteen runs to their opponents' twenty. Each man selects his bat preparatory to do or die. Two of them eventually die, pro tempore. The umpire secures a new grip on the clay pipe and vows that now—now and forever—justice shall prevail. The Somervillian pitcher notes the resolute expression on the countenances of the determined men. His nerves play him strangely, and his curves go wildly inward, towards the batsmen. A hot time. A patent medicine advertisement in blue and black all over Mr. TenEyck's face and adds a phrenological bump to his cranium. A liner from the box seeks out Mr. Carey's centre of gravity, and Moss transforms himself into an inverted U and goes to his base in the dust. The Ambulance Committee carry the wounded to a sequestered spot where gentle breezes are wont to blow, and the people crowd around to keep off the drafts. While the patients are submitting to an improvised baptising and are magnificationary hope is entertained at 4:30 that they are living, the Vigilance Committee transport the guilty pitcher to centre field, where ball after ball is sure to circulate and make life a burden to him. Another man is put into the box, and the game proceeds.

When the Plainfielders' three outs are out and the Somervillians are ready to take their ninth and last innings it is discovered that Plainfield is ahead by the score of 23 to 20; and the alarming announcement is made that the Somervillians' pet bat, the pride of their hearts, the success of their games, the back of their lives, has vanished. Atrabiliousness is abundant, and discord reigns.

"What's dat wagon-tongue bat!—dat bat with the black ring around it?"

"Who done took dat bat?"

"Dat's all right: I seed it tooken, but I ain't sayin a word."

"Dere's wher it laid—an' 'taint dere no more. Hain't nobody been 'round it but youse blue-striped fellars."

These were the voices of the Somervillians.

"Say, dere, I say, come off!"—the umpire interjects.—"Play ball dere. Play ball an' have less guff!"

"We don't play ball nohow tell we gets dat bat!"—one of the players cries. "Dat ball's a wiouin' card. It's made of a wagon-tongue an' it's got a black ring round it. How'd ye spose we'd 'rive at de 'sultant dat bat?"

At this point the missing article is found in an adjoining field of grain.

"Who is dat?—Who got it dar?"

"Hoodooed! Dat's it! Dere ain't nobody left the field an' carried it away."

"Excelsior!"—a shriek of horror greet the awful word. A sudden shiver seizes the player, and his face is seen to blanch. The game proceeds, but wearily; and soon the end is reached with the following result:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Plainfields	0	2	1	3	4	4	0	9	0	23
Somervilles	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	20

"Don't we have no cheerin'?"—a player shouts,as the people begin to disperse.

"Hush 'muf!"—comes the chorus.—"What's our name?"

"We's de Centrals: we is. T'roe cheers for de Centrals!"

The cheers are given with a will.

Mean while the score-keeper, assisted by Mr. Chas. Kline, the umpire, is busy on the following positions:

PLAINFIELDS	Runs	SOMERVILLIANS	Runs
Dunmar	2	S. Vandercourt	3
Schenck	2	Jackson	3
Randolph	2	1 Kline	3
TenEyck	1	1 Rodgers	0
Martin	2	2 Kline	3
Cuff	3	2 R. Vandercourt	3
Carey	2	3 Babcock	3
Harris	3	3 Hall	3
Nelson	3	4 C. Vandercourt	3
Total	23	Total	21

In due time the victory is celebrated over a keg of beer.

The "Y's" Help Young Men.

A tennis tournament, to be participated in by a half dozen members of the Y. W. C. T. U., for the benefit of the Y. M. C. A. building fund, will be held at the residence of Mr. Isaac W. Rushmore, 132 West Seventh street, to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

THE CHILDREN'S HOME.

AN INTERESTING ANNIVERSARY IN TRINITY REFORMED CHURCH.

Eighteen Months' Work Reviewed by Rector Colesky.—An Address by Col. Shepard.—The Home To Adopt Two Johnstown Orphans.

There was a large attendance at the anniversary of the Plainfield Children Home in the Trinity Reformed church last evening, and renewed interest in the work of the institution was manifested.

After devotional exercises conducted by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck had been held the report of Mrs. N. E. Kimball, President of the Association, was read by the Rev. C. L. Goodrich. It covered a period of eighteen months, from December, 1887, to June, 1889, and evidenced a steady growth in the usefulness of the Home. Among cases cited which it could not reach, however, were several appalling in their wretchedness. At one house in the heart of the city there were three children in a condition as degraded as though in the heart of Africa or China, dragging out a miserable existence with a drunken, brutish father whose wife is supported in her poverty by the city. Another case calling for urgent action was that of a three-year-old boy, the offspring of sin and shame, deserted by his father, and a burden on the hands of his mother, who is a servant girl. Its only inheritance is a frail body crippled by disease, because of which the Home cannot make room for it, as it has no isolated building for such cases, and which the Muhlenberg Hospital cannot receive, as it has no children's ward. These things bring helpless perplexity, in the midst of which the Home needs increased assistance.

The report mentioned other shameful things which its officers have discovered, among them cases of infants being trained by brutal mothers to drunken lives by the use of gin, etc. Some of these, rescued, had been among the forty on the roll during the year, and some had been placed in good homes outside of the institution.

Mrs. Kimball for the Association extended thanks to Mr. J. H. Pollion, to the children of the Church of Our Saviour at Nesherwood, to the West End Literature Club, to the King's Daughters, to Drs. Rushmore, Murray, Long and Thickston, to the Muhlenberg Hospital, to Messrs. H. P. Reynolds and Field & Randolph, to the editors of the local newspapers, to C. S. Gates, to the Rev. Edward Love and to others for favors of the past. She also paid a glowing tribute to the memory of the late Mrs. Sorrell, who bequeathed $1,000 to the Home.

The Rev. W. R. Richards read the Treasurer's report, giving the following figures:

Mrs. E. J. Sorrell's bequest, December 1st, 1888, to January 1st, 1889—Receipts, $5, 1111.09; disbursements, $2,283.57; balance-on-hand, $833.52.

Miss Ella Sorrell's report, from January 1st to June 1st—Receipts, $2,978.32; disbursements, $2,144.80; balance-on-hand, $833.52.

Total receipts of the reports came as addressed by Col. Ezra P. Shepard, proprietor of The New York Mail and Express, who read a paper on behalf of Mrs. Mary E. Dr. K. P. Ketcham, Chairman of the evening.

Col. Shepard had visited the Home during the day and had been thoroughly pleased with its workings.

He had noticed one interesting thing which he thought all the benevolent and charitable institutions to follow, and that was that the Home sends its children to the public schools and gives them a thorough education without causing the double expense to tax-payers of providing private instructors.

Dr. Kimball announced that as a result of a suggestion of Col. Shepard the Managers had determined to adopt two of the hundreds of Johnstown orphans. There was some fitch about their legal right to do this, but "where there's a will there's a way" and the Home is crowded to the "will" and already the plans had been perfected.

A collection for the Home was then taken. Col. Shepard contributing liberally.

During the evening several beautiful solos—including "When Thou Art Nearest" and "I Remember"—were rendered by two ladies who modestly desire that their names be not published.

BASE-BALL TO-MORROW.

A Good Game Scheduled.—Crescents in Bad Shape.

Plainfield base-ballists are not so sanguine as they have been over the prospect of a victory for the Crescents in the contest with the Elizabeth Athletics to-morrow afternoon. It is feared that Gatsley, the pitcher of the Sinking Battery, will be unable to participate in the game. He is ill with a bad cold, and Cornwell's fractured nose is not yet thoroughly healed; Ditts cannot play; and Scott, the Woodbridge orphan, whose assistance has been sought, and who would be a valuable acquisition, will be prevented from joining the Plainfielders.

The Crescents are going forth, however, confidently dauntless; and those who want to witness their game will join them on the 3:08 afternoon train.

The Crescents' grounds in Plainfield are to be used to-morrow afternoon by the Buttermilks, an expert nine of New York, and the Plainfield Crescents will be out. Captain is Sam. Allen. It is expected that this game will be a good one.

Nicholson and Joyce will be the Chatham battery.

The Butternuts come from a club of sixty members.

The Chatham base-ball nine of North Plainfield will play the Twilight Juniors of Scotch Plains at the Crescent grounds in the Y. M. C. A. grounds to-morrow morning.

LATER.—GATSLEY WILL PLAY.

A dispatch received this afternoon states that Gatsley and his catcher will positively play to-morrow.

ODD LADIES ENTERTAIN.

A Night of Merriment in Warren Chapel.

Mizpah Lodge, No.1, United Order of Independent Odd Ladies, conducted in Warren Mission chapel last evening an entertainment which was attended by large audiences.

A novel feature of the affair was a burlesque "Wedding Ceremony," performed by Rev. Mr. Hughes and Rev. Mr. Hazard over "Alvira Simmons, of Vermont", and addressed by "Belva Lockwood, of Kalamazoo". The ladies appeared in antique costume and caused much merriment.

Mr. John Cairney, who holds so much popularity in Plainfield, favored the audience with recitations, and Miss Runyon, of Dunellen, also rendered several selections.

Other participants were Mr. Gee, Mr. Hazard and Mr. Davis, of Elizabeth, and Mr. Walters, of Plainfield.

The "Upper Building," a farce with eight characters, and violin and cornet solos by Messrs. Goode and Barton were given during the evening.

GYPSIES AT VINCENT CHAPEL.

They Form a Part of a Very Successful Festival.

An interior elegantly superb in its construction and finish had its beauty enhanced last evening when the Ladies' Aid Society of the Plainfield M. E. church held a strawberry and ice-cream festival in Vincent chapel. A flood of light from scores of jets shone over a brilliant scene, including antiques and pretty beauties attended by a host of vivacious and charming young ladies.

As one entered the place his attention was first attracted by the flower booth, the work of Mr. Isaac Pangborn. From within its cool shade came the fragrance of many beautiful flowers, and presently appeared the Misses J. Louise Pangborn, Bessie Rockom, Tillie Sperry, Annie Teale, Blanche Cortelyou and Katie Mahon, who were in charge, were kept thoroughly busy. In the church parlor at the rear of the flower booth there was a steady growth in the sunshine of berries and of lemonade. The "Gypsies" were attired in the romantic costume of one realm about, but the quaint garb served not to disguise the features of Miss Daisy Mitchell, Miss Minnie French, Miss Clara Steiner, Miss Millie Ferguson, Miss Alice Cornell, Mr. Chas. Hurlbut, Mr. Albert Martin, Mr. Clifford Mabie, or Mr. Frank French.

The other booths were ranged across the sides of the chapel and were attended as follows:

Candy and fruit stand—Mrs. S. I. Mitchell, Mrs. Baker, Miss Laura Baker, Miss Lily Cheesman and Miss Ella Smith.

Fancy table—Mrs. McNaughton, Mrs. J. W. Jackson, Mrs. C. VanVliet, Mrs. C. C. Cokefair, Miss Mary Hall.

Refreshment table—Mrs. G. H. Burgess, Mrs. R. R. Fairchild, Mrs. O. L. Stebbins, Mrs. John Chandler, Mrs. D. S. Roberts, Mrs. D. D. Davis, Mrs. Valleau, Mrs. Edward Whitter, Mrs. Spicer, Mrs. S. Jackson, Miss Mamie Van Nest and Miss Miss Baker.

The chapel was well filled last evening, but the ladies have prepared for a still greater number for to-night.

A NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

An Exciting Runaway Adventure in the Notch.

Mrs. George Lewis, of Mountain avenue, North Plainfield, had a narrow escape from death yesterday afternoon. She started on a drive to Plackamin and was passing through the Notch near the stone-crusher when a runaway horse owned and driven by a Mr. Baldwin came dashing towards her. The roadway was very narrow, and in an endeavor to avoid a collision with Mrs. Lewis's horse and buggy he drove into a heap of stone, but not before Mrs. Lewis's horse had been struck and had thrown its occupant to the ground, inflicting only near the verge of the cliff, at whose foot lie rocks which means death to any who fall upon them.

Just as the horse and its driver were in imminent peril a colored man rushed out, seized the horse by the bridle, and by great effort he had led the animal away from the edge of the cliff and brought it to a standstill. Mrs. Lewis's horse had been struck and had thrown its occupant to the ground, inflicting only near the verge of the cliff, at whose foot lie rocks which means death to any who fall upon them.

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"In our work of building"—says the Doctor —"we have followed one plan which I would recommend to others. At the outset we determined to let not one stone of the building be done with out the consultation and advice of the architect, Mr. Oscar Teale; and when the church door shall be thrown open nothing will be revealed that has not passed under his closest scrutiny. In selecting a carpet his voice was made chief, because there were red birch pews, rose window, and dark oak settings to match. In choosing a pattern for the beautiful chandeliers which have just been hung his ideas prevailed. In arriving at a conclusion as to what the embellishment of the organ front should be he decided were our models. He even had him draw the plans for the pulpit chairs and Communion table, though we might have procured them ready-made at lower rates. The result is that every part of the entire structure, its decorations and furnishings, are in perfect harmony; and the completed work is not the masterpiece of art, a marvel of architectural harmony."

When the church has been dedicated and thrown open for worship the congregation will branch out into various new lines of work. A special feature to be the result of the school will be the training of choirs for services of song at frequent intervals, occasional concerts, and an organ recital. The recital will be given some time during the Summer or Fall. Those church-members who for years have looked forward to the possession of a new organ will be gratified to hope that the famous Eddy, of Chicago, would render a recital, but as yet no artist has been chosen.

During the work of building and while the congregation have been worshiping in the chapel at the rear of the property, the Building Committee have been at work on the plans for the new church.

Help us Get up a Concert for the Sufferers.

We have made application to Mr. Craig A. Marsh, Manager of the Stillman Music Hall, Newark, for the use of the hall for the entertainment by local talent for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers. Mr. Marsh has kindly consented to bring the matter before the Directors to-night.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 158; days to come, 207.

—The regular June meeting of the North Plainfield Borough Council will be held this evening.

—THE NEWS will give free advertisement of every entertainment given for the benefit of the Johnstown fund.

—At the Bee Hive, No. 34 West Front street, can be seen a nice line of ladies' fine white dresses; and the proprietor, Mr. Callahan, says they cannot be surpassed in Plainfield, in either quality or price. Anyone desiring to purchase a white dress would do well to examine his stock. Here also can be found a fine assortment of children's white suits.

—Another local daily paper is copying the lists of Johnstown contributions from THE NEWS failed to do full justice to them. The amount we published was what we had up to the time of going to press. The larger amounts we reported yesterday were received afterwards. Our esteemed contemporary will of course avail itself of the first opportunity to rectify its mistake. It is also to error in respect to the amount received up to yesterday by Mr. Myers, which it puts at 1,413.37, while in reality it was but a little more than half that sum, as reported in THE NEWS.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Wm. Hammond, formerly with the Warner Clothing House, has gone to Kansas City.

Mrs. L. V. Martin and family, of the corner of Fourth street and Park avenue, started to-day to spend the Summer at Lake Chautauqua.

Miss Harriet W., daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth P. Newton, of Plainfield, was married Wednesday evening to Dr. Arthur Somerville. The ceremony was held in St. Mark's church, St. Albans, Vt.

An hundred people attended the seventh anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. W. Fitzpatrick in Piscataway Township last evening, and a merry time resulted. Mr. and Mrs. Fitzpatrick were married in the house.

Mr. Osmond Townsend, of Washington Park, left yesterday for an outing in New York State. It is understood that Mr. Townsend has quietly gone to the Adirondacks for a few days' fishing. Being a man of infinite patience and steady determination, it is fair to presume that there will be a plethora of fish for him on his return. Mr. Townsend is said never to fish for gudgeons.

THEIR JUBILEE AT HAND

PRESBYTERIANS ABOUT TO SING THEIR SONG OF REJOICING.

The Front Street Church and Its Dedication Ceremonies.—A Three Days' Thanksgiving.—A Building Idea.—Song-Service.—Organ Recitals and 4 concerts.

The new First Presbyterian church on East Front street will be dedicated Tuesday evening, June 25th. The ceremonies will be begun at eight o'clock and will include an address by the Rev. Dr. Charles L. Thompson, Moderator of the last Presbyterian General Assembly, and pastor of the Madison avenue church in New York city.

The church edifice is very nearly completed, only a few minor details remaining to be perfected.

The $6,000 Midmer organ—the finest in the State—has been placed in position, and the work of decorating the pipes is now in progress. These decorations will not be too elaborate, but will add a softness to the richness of the instrument's appearance. Next week Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday will be devoted to the last work.

The evening following the dedication—Wednesday, June 26th—the Society of Christian Endeavor of the church will conduct services in behalf of themselves and of the Sunday-school. Prominent workers of the Society in general will participate.

There will be no Thursday evening exercises, as June 27th is the date set for the public school Commencement, but Friday evening, June 28th, will be devoted to the Plainfield churches' celebration of the local Presbyterian event. Every evangelical minister in the city has been invited to attend. The Rev. W. R. Richards, pastor of the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church, will preside.

Concerning the erection of the new structure, a conversation between the Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketcham, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, may not be malapropos.

"In our work of building"—says the Doctor —"we have followed one plan which I would recommend to others. At the outset we determined to let not one stone of the building be done with out the consultation and advice of the architect, Mr. Oscar Teale; and when the church door shall be thrown open nothing will be revealed that has not passed under his closest scrutiny. In selecting a carpet his voice was made chief, because there were red birch pews, rose window, and dark oak settings to match. In choosing a pattern for the beautiful chandeliers which have just been hung his ideas prevailed. In arriving at a conclusion as to what the embellishment of the organ front should be he decided were our models. He even had him draw the plans for the pulpit chairs and Communion table, though we might have procured them ready-made at lower rates. The result is that every part of the entire structure, its decorations and furnishings, are in perfect harmony; and the completed work is not the masterpiece of art, a marvel of architectural harmony."

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JUDGE STILLMAN'S FIRST CASE.

A Man Fined for Neglecting To Tie His Horse.

John Smith, a driver for Mr. Vooht, the baker, left his horse and wagon in front of the middle of the street this morning and was arrested by Policeman Patrick Lynch for obstructing travel. Judge Stillman fined him five dollars.

Mr. Lynch is keeping a sharp lookout for violators of the ordinance which says that all of horses on the streets, and a local sporting man who raced with a bicycle on Second street yesterday will soon come to grief for fast driving.

Wetumpka Lodge Election.

At the semi-annual election of officers of Wetumpka Lodge, No. 1901, of Knights of Honor, held last evening, the following were chosen:

Dictator, John H. Doane; Vice Dictator, David Boatiker; Assistant Dictator, H Gayle; Reporter, Rose Hastings; Financier, A. C. Force; C. J. Fayal; Treasurer, J. C. Pierson, Sr.; Chaplain, C. P. Wheeler; Guide, Frank W. Conner; Guardian, Chas. H. Stout; Sentinel, Peter Devereaux; Trustees, P. M. Bartsedale, John E. Stewart, R. V. Lorton.

We Have No Time to Bother With Them Now.

To "THE DYING NEWS":—I was present at a little social gathering of ladies, and of course the principal topic of conversation was the tenement-house question, and reference made to the noble spirit of THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS in promptly taking an active part in soothing consolations and also the generous response of our citizens to its call. A friend present asked if we had seen an article in The Daily Press in reference to the matter. As we none of us took the paper a person was sent out to find one if possible. After a diligent search it was found and read. General regret was expressed that a person existed who could use so terrible a sarcasm at a season of sorrow as to thrust at a supposed enemy. What a cruel, malignant, cowardly spirit to mock poverty! *He cannot be a gentleman.* Ans. [illegible]

"Descend to the vile Earth from mimes he sprung."

Unwept, unhonored and unsung."

Last night that the person responsible has lately entered into the holy bonds of marriage. Now I have always been led to think that newly-married people were at peace with themselves and all mankind, and that everything was color de rose. I hope that if this is an exception the influence of a good woman will effect a reformation.

One of MANY INDIGNANT WOMEN.

[Several similar letters have been received. They know not what they do.—ED.]

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

SEATTLE IN ASHES.

Stupendous Losses, from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000.

SEATTLE, W. T., June 7th. (Special.)—The city of Seattle, which yesterday was one of the most prosperous of the growing towns on the Pacific coast, is to-day a mass of smoking ruins.

Everything is gone, the entire business portion of the city as well as a large portion of that devoted to residence, and thousands of families are homeless and their property a complete wreck.

The losses are estimated from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000.

[Several Plainfielders recently made their homes in the devastated city.]

BISHOP McNAMARA,

The Converted Priest, again addresses PROTESTANTS AND CATHOLICS

to Reform Hall to-night at 7:45 o'clock, and closing early. Text: "Do of Good Comfort." All welcome. Admission free.

DR. E. KIMBELL

THE GREAT SPECIALIST

Commenced his second visit in Plainfield this morning. Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 8 a. m. till 7 p. m.

☞ Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances. ☜

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the CITY HOTEL, Plainfield, for 2 FEW DAYS ONLY.

People who desire the services of a skilful

CHIROPODIST

are urged to call without any delay, as its expenses in this city are heavy.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.

☞ Ladies often make up parties of from two to five and call on the Doctor. Even the most timid lady, aged person or child can have the most aggravating foot troubles relieved painlessly and cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK, OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 18,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

From J. B. Probasco, M. D.: I have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in removing corns, and heartily recommend him to the afflicted.

J. B. PROBASCO, M. D.
41 East Front street.

From J. T. Fithe, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skilful Chiropodist.

J. T. FITHE, M. D.
23 Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face.

MRS. E. T. THE STON.

From John A. Beerbower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet in one treatment.

JOHN A. FOWLER.

I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.

MISS ALICE A. FOWLER.
80 Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cures the worst cases in ten days. Try it.

All bad cases solicited.

YE THIRSTY!

Frosted Cream Soda

is all flavors is

OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL

in the way of SUMMER DRINKS

STRAWBERRY

fresh from the fruit, is excellent by soda.

BANANA SHERBET AND

Turkish Sherbet are Original

with us. Try them.

Our Milk Shakes

continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.

We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.

Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for customers; running fountain of water for cleaning glasses; prompt service by courteous clerks.

Field & Randolph,

CITY PHARMACY

THE WEST FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty, Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m.

Cents-Word-Column.

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 20 Madison avenue. 5-18-6p

DESIRABLE house, eleven rooms, all improvements, 25 minutes from 6-29 Inquire of P. M. French, City Mills. 4-26tf

FOR SALE—Road cart, almost new. Inquire of Mr. C. T. Pond, 109 West Seventh street.

FOUND—Tortoise-shell comb. Owner may obtain property by calling at this office.

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. C. G. Box 666, Plainfield.

SEVEN hundred loads of good soil for sale, 20 cents per load. Chas. H. Herd, 10 Madison avenue.

TWO houses to let. Inquire of P. M. French, City Mills. 12tf

UPRIGHT PIANOS for sale, or rent cheap. 93 East Front street. 5-12

WANTED—Colored man who understands care of horses and cow and to do general work around house. No garden. Apply 72 East Sixth street.

WANTED—Furnished room. Good location. Private family. References exchanged. Address Steward, Plainfield post-office. 4-5

SCHOOL MEETING!

Notice is hereby given to the legal voters of School District No. 28, North Plainfield, Somerset county, N. J., that a special school meeting thereof will be held at the school house, on Tuesday evening, June 11th, 1889, at eight o'clock, for the purpose of considering plans for a new school building, on the present school property, and of authorizing the Trustees to erect a new school building on said property, and to purchase the lots and fences, and to heat and furnish said school building.

The question will also be submitted of voting money therefor and issuing the money thereof to be necessary is Twenty Thousand ($20,000) Dollars of which Fifteen Thousand ($15,000) Dollars is required for the erection of the Building, Outhouses and Fences, and Four Thousand ($4,000) Dollars for Heating and furnishing said building.

Also the question of authorizing the Trustees to issue bonds in the corporate name of and under the seal of the District, in such sums and in such amounts, and payable at such times as said meeting may direct to defray the cost of erecting, heating and furnishing said building, and of erecting outhouses and fences.

By order of the Board,

JAS. MCGEE,
GEO. H. BROWN, D. C.,
Trustees of School District No. 28.

North Plainfield, N. J., May 21st, 1889.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North avenues.

N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 5-11-6m

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 25c each.

* * *

'Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and is Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 35c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 19c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. Fine at with 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 35c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $3.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

Special Notices.

A FULL ATTENDANCE of the members of Union No. 125 of Carpenters and Joiners is requested at its usual regular meeting, Tuesday evening, June 11th, at 7:45 p. m., as business of importance will be transacted. 7-3p

1105.—The members of Plainfield Council, 711, R. A., are hereby notified to attend the regular meeting of the council on Monday, June 10th, at 8 p. m. Action in regard to our afflicted brothers of 901 at Johnstown is highly necessary.

Attest: AARON W. RAND, Regent.
H. A. THORNE, Secretary. 4-5t

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.
W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The Perfect Fuel.

Certainly before many years the rattling of the coal cart and the fuming of the ash cart along the streets of great cities will be things of the past. The present demand is for fuel gas, and the cry for it goes up through the length and breadth of civilization. *It is bound to come.*

Let us have two things and we shall have perfection to a small extent at least. Those two things are, gas for cooking and heating, and electricity for lighting. The gas used in illumination is not generally suitable for fuel. Where natural gas is used as fuel two sets of pipes are generally needed, the second set for the illuminant.

Gas fuel must be had where natural gas is not. Various small towns have *been experimenting with a view of ob*taining a cheap and successful manufactured fuel gas. A company at Lynn, Mass., is selling it at fifty cents per thousand cubic feet. At that price it is said to be cheaper than coal. But the bright little town of Jackson, Mich., seems to have reached the best results. In 1887 fuel gas was first made there from coal slack and crude oil. It was sold at thirty cents a thousand. The result has been very gratifying.

There are several systems of making the fuel gas, all in sharp competition. From these in time satisfactory results must be obtained. Thus far the heating power of the manufactured gas is only a little more than three-fifths that of the natural gas.

Murder Mysteries.

Years ago the Nathan murder in New York city made a sensation throughout the country. Every resource known to the detective agencies of that time was brought to bear, yet the murder remains *to this day an unsolved mystery.*

It seems not so surprising, perhaps, that the murderer of Nathan was never known. But it does seem strange that today, with all our telegraphs, telephones, rogues' galleries and rival detective agencies, there should be no less than four murders full of mystery. Two of the bloody crimes took place in Chicago, two in New York. In Chicago Tascott, the supposed murderer of millionaire Snell, is indeed known, but he has concealed himself so effectually that it seems as if only the day of judgment would reveal him. That one so well known as Dr. Cronin in Chicago could be slain and the foul deed remain undiscovered for weeks, although the body was almost in plain sight all the while, is inexplicable.

In New York, March 7, a young dry clerk, Guenther Wechsung, had his skull cloven with a hatchet, in broad daylight in the early morning, sitting in his store. No clew to the murderer has been found, probably now never will be.

Again, April 18, Mary Tobin, a respectable young lady, leaves Port Richmond, Staten Island, to go to New York, and thence to her home in Pennsylvania. Two weeks afterwards her body is found floating in the waters of New York bay. So far as known the girl had not an enemy in the world. How did she come to be dead? Not a ray of light has been thrown on the case thus far.

Will the Tobin case also join the dark procession of mysterious murders?

Corsets for West Point Cadets.

There are stories in circulation about our own first-class cadets at West Point that are truly painful. It is said they wear their gray jackets so tight that it requires a shoe buttoner to fasten them. Thus they compress the most vital parts of the human system in order to give them that wasp waist appearance considered essential to the good looks of a West Point cadet of the first class. It is said on this account that the authorities are going to change the tight gray jacket uniform to another that will not afford such temptations for the display of the human form.

Certainly old army officers have outlived any prejudices in favor of slight waists that they may have entertained when they wore gray jackets. They are not slim to an alarming degree now, many of them dipping the beam at 200. Nothing is plainer than that they do not injure their health by tight lacing. The boys, too, will get over their passion for tight jackets in time.

The lamentable lack of resources in the masculine wardrobe has meantime been made painfully apparent by the tight jacket episode at West Point. In order to give the requisite slender effect, the young men were obliged to discard all underwear except a thin knit shirt. To that they pinned collars and cuffs, and then buttoned the tight jacket over it. This, too, in the coldest weather. Nay, more, they even cut away the lower portion of the thin undergarment in order to bring the buttons together. Now, if they had only been girls, they could have just taken a stitch around the leaf just with their scarlet lace and thrown themselves as small as they desired. Then the poor boys had no corsets allotted to them in their regulation outfits. They ought to have them.

RIOT AND DISEASE.

[MORNING NEWS.]

Johnstown Threatened by New and Frightful Dangers.

SLOW WORK AT THE RUINS.

It Will Take 10,000 Men Sixty Days to Clear Them Away.

FIRE THE BEST PURIFIER.

Medical Men Still Urge Cremation of Decaying Bodies.

The Registration Scheme Leaves the Number of Victims Still Uncertain, but the Indications Are That Previous Estimates Have Been None Too Large—Fifteen Passengers and a Colored Porter Were Drowned from the Eastbound Train. Powder Called in Use in Breaking Up the Mass of Debris at the Bridge.

JOHNSTOWN, June 7.—Another day's work upon the ruins of Johnstown has shown the almost hopelessness of the task of making the site of the town safe for the present and habitable for the future. Seven thousand men with 500 teams and all the other appliances that could be used for clearing away the ruins have made hardly perceptible progress in bettering the condition of the town. The sixty acre gorge above the bridge, supposed to contain one hundred bodies or fragments of bodies, withstands stubbornly every effort to remove it. Three days' work, with the aid of dynamite and the most powerful lift ing and pulling appliances, has not cleared a space 100 feet square. The committee in charge of the financial part of the work is in despair at the enormous extent of the task before it, and has issued an appeal to the official authorities and the financial organizations of the country to designate a commission to take charge of the work.

Trouble Threatens Everywhere.

Disease consequent upon the reaction after the excitement and hardships of the past week threatens to make sad inroads into the portion of the population that still remains

CAMBRIA IRON WORKS AND ROPE BRIDGE.

alive. The condition of the ruins, filled with dead bodies, menaces a still more serious situation, which is being delayed, providentially, by the continued cool weather. Dangers hang over the unhappy town from another source. The presence of nearly 10,000 laboring men, full of stimulants at random from the idle classes in other parts of the country, and divided by race and other prejudices, threatens to lead to rioting and bloodshed beyond the power of the military now on hand to quell. Liquor has been introduced among these men surreptitiously, and trouble is feared. Very strict regulations are enforced. The whole city is surrounded by a guard of soldiers, and more troops are under orders in Pittsburg, ready to come here at once if needed. An effort is being made to cut off as far as possible, the means of entrance to the city, so as to keep away the crowds, the number of passenger trains has been reduced to the lowest possible number, and no tickets to Johnstown are sold except upon a permit from the relief committee at Pittsburg.

Supplies Rapidly Arriving.

Supplies of every sort continue to pour in from all parts of the country, and the immediate necessities of the people are liberally provided for.

The best estimate of the death list confines to place the total at from 5,000 to 6,000. As nearly as can be ascertained 2,500 to 3,000 bodies have already been recovered. The attempt to prepare an official list of the dead has been abandoned. The number of bodies found that are not in large as yesterday, but *there is no sign that the end is anywhere near.*

Only 13,000 Have Registered.

The progress of the living registered since the flood as against the previous number of inhabitants is even less than was reported yesterday. It is now ascertained that the number of names on the lists were counted *more than once and that the total number of* persons registered is not more than 13,000 out of a former population of between 40,000 and 50,000.

The lack of identification of hundreds of bodies strengthens the inference that the proportion of the dead to the living is appalling. It is argued that the friends who might identify these unclaimed bodies are themselves all gone.

"Where Are the Inhabitants?"

Another significant fact is that as large a number of those whom one meets in the streets or where the streets used to be are non-residents, strangers who have come here on the humane and creditable impulse, the question that is heard very often is, "Where are the inhabitants?" The town does not appear to-day to at present a population of more than 10,000.

It is believed that many of the bodies of the dead have been borne down into the Conemaugh river, and have been carried as well, and hence may finally be deposited by the waters hundreds of miles apart, perhaps never to be recovered or seen by man again. The official estimate of the number of the dead and missing from the eastbound trains that left Pittsburg last Friday now give the number at fifteen passengers and a colored porter of the Pullman car New Orleans. There were no losses from the first two trains.

THE DAY IN THE STRICKEN CITY.

Blowing Up the Wreck with Powder, and Burning Bodies by Dynamite.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 7.—All bodies that remained unidentified have been placed in coffins and removed to places of burial. Each body has a card with a number on it, and no one is permitted to leave a cottage unless he has an order from the adjutant general. The sightseers are debarred altogether, and the town is being policed by a strong force of soldiers. Only people who have business here. It is probable that the Registration Bureau will be ordered out, from the fact that it takes so many visitors to occupy the ground. Business will not be allowed to be put at Kernville, Millvale, Cambria City and other points.

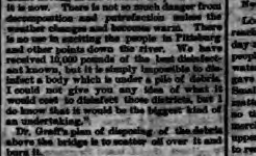
"Burn Everything," Says Dr. Grant.

Dr. Grant was given charge of the sanitary committee yesterday. Dr. Grant spoke at length on the different plans of sanitation for the flooded districts, and finally said: "There is but one cure, safe plan—burn everything. I think the cost will be about in a few hours to burn everything all over these districts. This is the surest plan to prevent any contagion or epidemic. But, understand, there is no immediate danger of epidemic as long as the weather keeps as cool as it is now. There is not so much danger from decomposition and putrefaction under the present conditions as there would be in July. There is no use in scenting the people in Pittsburg and other points down the river. We have received 10,000 pounds of the best disinfectants known, but it is impossible to disinfect a body which is under a pile of debris. I could not give you any idea of what it would cost to burn the debris, but I have no idea how that would be the biggest kind of an undertaking."

Dr. Grant's plan of disposing of the debris above the bridge is to scatter oil over it and burn it.

She Never Reached the Minderary Fields.

The baggage of Miss Annie Chinn, of Nashville, Tenn., a passenger on the day express which went through from the west to Conemaugh, has been found. She was a missionary on her way to Brazil for the Woman's Foreign Society of the M. E. church. Her watch, some money and a Greek Testament



THE WRECK ON NORTH BANK OF STONY CREEK.

were found. The effects of Miss Chinn were sent to Altoona. It is evident that many lives were lost on this train. The whole affair is a mystery.

Gen. D. H. Scott, who is in charge of the general headquarters, reports that telegrams are pouring in from all parts of the country bearing the cheerful information that whole train loads of supplies are en route for the sufferers. While there was a shortage of food and of all kinds of supplies yesterday there will be plenty for all to-day, as the railroad facilities are being bettered every hour.

ANOTHER HEROINE.

Mrs. Frank Davis and Her Terrible Experience.

STEUBENVILLE, O., June 7.—Mrs. Frank Davis and her children have arrived here from Johnstown with the body of her husband, who was employed there.

Mrs. Davis and her children went to visit him last week and stayed at the house of a friend named Hamilton, where Davis boarded. During Friday water came into the house, and all were busy moving things to upper floors.

When the deluge came they were in the third story and the house was carried against a brick block and held fast. Explosion after explosion of dynamite followed the blast of gunpowder, the ominous coming so close together that they might also be taken for the continuous discharge of heavy guns. An opening 400 feet long, which runs back in some places fifty feet, was made during the afternoon.

Eight thousand men are now at work clearing away the debris on the island. Gangs have come in from Hollidaysburg, Hazelton and other places as they have been reported for duty. They were put to work at once, most of them without any breakfast. The feeding of the workers is one of the greatest difficulties of the present moment. Supplies are plentiful enough, but there is no way of cooking and serving them to such an army of people. A gang of several hundred men struck yesterday morning at bread and cheese and promised more substantial aid as soon as the stoves and cooking utensils now on the cars can be unloaded.

Fire Is the Best Purifier.

Still more men are needed; at least 2,000 more and they will likely be here today. Superintendent Flinn estimates that it will take 10,000 men sixty days to clear away the wreck. At this rate it will require $1,000,000 to pay for the wreck. This does not include the other expenses; $5,000,000 will not be enough to put Johnstown in shape for rebuilding.

Four hoisting engines have been started at the east end stone bridge, and the work of clearing away the debris at that place is begun. Several hundred men are at work on it and the channel is gradually being cleared. The work is very slow, however, as the rock is very difficult of manipulation. Better time will be made after the gorge of logs has been fairly started. It was reported yesterday that a number of identifications had been made by men taken from the ruins alive, and after considerable trouble resuscitated and given over in charge of his father. It has since been learned that his name is Eddie Schoffer, Jr.

Superintendent Bradbinger, of the Grand View cemetery, says he must get to need of 200 pairs of rubber gloves. The bodies that are brought there for interment are so badly decomposed that it is becoming exceedingly dangerous to handle them without gloves, with any regard to safety.

They May be Alive.

It is thought not improbable that there are some people alive to-day in the houses left standing along the lower part of the town, where the laborers have not been able to penetrate as yet.

The officers of the Quaker Steel Company have decided to resume now the work of rebuilding the plant at once. Yesterday morning several hundred men of all employes reported for duty on the 7 o'clock train. Commercial Agent Bush's last item to work at once clearing away the sand preparatory to relaying the foundations. All the old men that can be found will be employed, and several hundred new ones brought on as soon as possible.

At noon yesterday the borough of Johnstown had no adjoining boroughs, or what is left of them, practically possessed martial law. Asst. Gen. Hastings says he has not issued a martial law, yet the people are so quiet, and no one is permitted to leave a village unless he has an order from the adjutant general. The sightseers are debarred altogether, and the town is being policed by a strong force of soldiers. Only people who have business here. It is probable that the Registration Bureau will be ordered out, from the fact that it takes so many visitors to occupy the ground. Business will not be allowed to be put at Kernville, Millvale, Cambria City and other points.

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MORE TALES OF DEATH.

Twenty-Eight Drowned in the Vicinity of Lock Haven.

WITHOUT FOOD OR CLOTHING.

Stories of Terrible Destitution Come from the Crescent Nail Works and Morris. At Williamsport the Loss of Life Was Not as Great as Reported.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., June 7.—The flood reached here Friday evening and by Saturday morning the whole town was inundated, people going around in boats. The highest water was at noon Saturday. The houses gave way, letting millions of logs adrift. Small buildings were upset, and the drifting matter injured many dwellings. There was no loss of life, but the losses of the manufacturers and merchants are heavy. People took to the upper parts of their houses, or if they feared to remain in their houses went in boats to the court house. The water was from five to twelve feet deep.

The city is now in a muddy and dilapidated condition.

James Guilford was the only person drowned here, but twenty-eight were drowned in the vicinity. Most of the bodies have been recovered.

Persons along the river have suffered great loss of crops, barns, dwellings and live stock.

The Damage Will be Millions.

The damage in this county will reach into the millions. The reservoirs of drinking water are ruined, but river water is being utilized, and it is a struggle. At Renovo there is no gas or electric light. Aid is being received and people are beginning to recover their hopefulness.

If no further comes soon there will be great danger of sickness. A number of manufactories have resumed work, but the lumber industry is temporarily paralyzed.

In Williamsport and Vicinity.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., June 7.—Although there is no further peril from hunger have been dissipated by the arrival of supplies, the river is now down to seven feet at Sunbury.

The body of Calvin Miller, who has been missing since the Maynard street bridge went down, has been found at Montoursville, four miles below here. Tails makes only two lives lost at the Maynard street bridge, instead of the large number which was falsely reported as having been drowned there.

Morris a Total Wreck.

Morris, Tioga county, is a total wreck, and word has been received from the Crescent Nail works, on the Northern Central railway, that that place has been nearly all washed away. The water was up to the roofs of most of the houses.

The clothing which has been called for is badly needed, as so many have lost all but what they had on, that being wet and no chance afforded to dry it. Some large mills are still idle, but the homeless for cash and freight cars, and improvised shanties are used by others. The tents will be extremely few that they could not be obtained in time to get them erected today.

Born in a Sawmill.

A child was born in a sawmill occupied by homeless people, the mother being wholly without the accommodations and help the committee yesterday found a sick woman in a distressing condition on the second story of a building filled with debris. She was there without fire or other comforts. The ladies are now organizing with a view of affording the relief so sorely needed in cases of this sort. Many of the homeless people in dry goods were flooded that the chances of obtaining underclothing here is quite poor.

Tax Philadelphia and Reading Company to Governor Hill has proved to be more than a gift. They have got as far as Halls, below Montoursville. The long trestle work in the east end of this city, which was carried away, is rebuilt, a force of 400 men being at work on it.

A Verdict Against Mrs. Maybrick.

LONDON, June 7.—The proceedings of the coroner's inquest on the body of Mr. Maybrick have been brought to an end by the jury rendering a verdict of wilful murder against Mrs. Maybrick. One of the witnesses, a chemist, who testified, swore that before Mr. Maybrick's death he found in Mrs. Maybrick's trunk and found a glass chocolate box in her room which also contained arsenic.

Governor Hill Signs the Fassett Bill.

ALBANY, June 7.—Governor Hill has permitted the Fassett prison bill, so called, to become a law. The governor has signified his intention to sign a number of bills relative to Greater New York, including the city's incorporating the Vassar Orphan asylum; making wages of laborers on public works a first lien; giving the city control of payment of wages; the Yates peace bill; relative to registration of trade marks.

Balfour on the Land Question.

LONDON, June 7.—Mr. Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, in a speech at Portsmouth, said that further dealing with the Irish land question would be necessary. He announced an Irish local government measure. At a Nationalist meeting in Belfast a letter was read from Mr. Gladstone rallying Protestants on the subscription of their ancestors at Londonderry.

Russia's Desire for Peace.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 7.—A semi-official denial has been made of the report, which caused a fall in prices on the Berlin bourse, that Russia was actively engaged in mustering her troops. The Journal de St. Petersbourg says the report is absolutely groundless, and reasserts that Russia's desire is for peace. The report originated in the report to stock speculators.

The "Tickers" Tick Again.

NEW YORK, June 7.—As a result of the conference between the governors of the Stock Exchange and the Western Union Telegraph company, the "tickers" have been restored. It is now believed business in Wall street will take a fresh start and develop a strange market.

A Town Blotted by Boodlers.

MOBILE, Ala., June 7.—A special to The Register from Spanish Fort says that the residents of that place have been deprived of the town. Loss, $700,000; insurance, $60,000. A vigilance committee is looking for the boodlers.

The Brewers Will Take Concessions.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Counsel for the Hilles report, that the overture for a compromise of the Stewart will now come from the contestants. The terms of the proposed settlement are not yet made public.

Cleveland Ready to Resume.

CLEVELAND, June 7.—The Bank of Commerce has announced its readiness to pay depositors in full, and will resume business on Monday next.

An Omaha Bank Failure.

OMAHA, June 7.—The Bank of Douglas county, Neb., has failed, with liabilities of $60,000 and upwards, with nominal assets. The failure is attributed to bad loans and management.

Legal Notices.

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Circuit Judge in and for the County of Union.

In matter of application for election to go into effect at $50 in the borough of North Plainfield.

And now, to wit, on reading and filing the petition of the undersigned voters, setting forth that previous petitions were presented to Governor Abbett and the boards of chosen freeholders of the county of Somerset, whereby boundaries were established for the County Court of Common Pleas of said county, and that the petitioners are residents of the borough of North Plainfield, in the county of Union, and that the boundaries of said borough of North Plainfield are not the same as the boundaries established by the said previous petitions, and that the said

Then the World Turned 'Round Again.

He entered a tobacco store on Grand River avenue with a handkerchief pressed to his jaw, and was at once an object of solicitude.

"I've been there," said number one, "and I can feel for you. Try peppermint tea."

"I'll always put on a bag of hot salt," said number two. "Have cured the worst kind of case inside of two hours."

"Rosh!" exclaimed number three, "electricity will stop the toothache two minutes. I'll never fool with any other remedy."

"Gentlemen," said number four, as he put his finger into his mouth to feel of an old stump, "there's nothing like laudanum for this toothache. It comes from an exposed nerve. Laudanum deadens the sensibility of the nerve. I've used it with success a hundred times."

"I never'd advise a man to waste time fooling around," said number five. "Let him go straight to the dentist and have it pulled out. It takes pain, of course, but in five minutes you are over it forever."

"I've had eleven pulled out," said number six, "and I'll sooner take slavery more than suffer with toothache for one hour. I'll go with you, Smith."

"Where to?" innocently asked Smith, as he pointed to the bandage.

"To the dentist's. Haven't you got the toothache?"

"Oh, no. Every one of my molars is false. I always carry my handkerchief that way when thinking deeply. Much obliged, gents. What will you smoke—at your own expense?"—Detroit Free Press.

Not for Fish.

Between Greensboro' and Salisbury the locomotive broke down and we lay for three hours while repairs were being made. There was a small lake near by, and the colored gent put his fishing tackle, hunted up a frog for bait, and tried his luck. He fished that pond lengthways and sideways and up and down and across for two hours and a half, and he was still at it when a white man came through the woods and stopped and inquired:

"Had any luck?"

"Not a bit."

"Fishing for fish?"

"Of course."

"Just to pass the time?"

"Yes."

"Then it's all right."

"Suppose I wasn't fishing just to pass the time?"

"Then I'd feel it my duty to tell you that this lake was drained off last week and every blessed fish scooped out. This 'ere water came in from the last rain."—Detroit Free Press.

A Wasted Effort.

Adolph (much in love, but very near sighted)—Ah! she sees me coming and waves me a welcome.

Biddy (washing the window)—Phwat ails the dude on the outside? Shure he'll get some hot wather over him if he thrys mashin' me.—Life.

Hated Monotony.

"Maude," he said, with a quivering quaver in the vowel sounds, "Maude, three weeks ago to-night I asked you to marry me."

"You did."

"And you said 'no.'"

"That was my answer."

"Two weeks ago to-night I asked you the same question."

"I remember."

"And you made the same reply."

"I did."

"A week ago I asked you to be my wife, and you said 'no' again."

"I did."

"You have had another week to think the matter over, and I called to see whether you had arrived at any other conclusion."

She reflected a moment, and then said gently:

"Harry, I recognize the fact that sometimes I have answered you in precisely the same way. There has been nothing monotonous about you to relieve the similarity. Then, after another pause, she said, still more softly:

"Harry, I should hate very much to be considered monotonous."—Merchant Traveler.

A Woman of the World.

A pretty fan was presented to a little girl 4 years of age, and she, wishing to show her new treasure, hung it on her finger and held it out at arm's length. A lady, on entering the parlor, was attracted by the peculiar attitude of the little girl, and finally said to her: "Isn't it very fatiguing to hold out your arm in that way so long?" Said little Miss in answer, with a deep sigh, "Isn't it always fatiguing to be elegant?"—Wide Awake.

A Doubled Dose-ick.

"Gracious!" exclaimed Mrs. Duckwoods, "the paper says that the fashionable ladies in N' York have 'a d'oleum tea.' They must get awful hungry afore bedtime."—Harper's Bazar.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W. RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts., All goods Reasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 9 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m. RICE & CO. Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

LARSON HOTEL. J. B. Miller & Bro. PROPRIETORS. Plane street opposite Mallory streets A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

TUNIS J. CAREY 31 WEST FRONT STREET, all kinds of Second-Hand FURNITURE including CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES, Bought and Sold. I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

J. C. Pierson, Jr., DEALER IN Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators, Screen Doors, etc., etc, etc. 42 West Front St.

B. T. BARNES ICE CREAM Delivered EVERY DAY in the week. Opposite P. O.

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM. Brushe up tonight and cotch and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S Sulphur Vapor Baths Fifth street, near Peace. 10-15nf

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added Hats and Caps to my large stock of CLOTHING GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Gents' Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Overalls, etc. O. M. DUNHAM'S 45 WEST FRONT ST. Hat's Hats cleaned by P. B. Dunn.

The Fidelity and Casualty Co Nos. 324 and 326 Broadway, N. Y. CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550.21 Issues SURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employees of Railroads, Banks, etc.; also Administrators, Guardians, etc. Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES covering all accidents. Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies of approved forms. JOSEPHENE: WM. M. RICHARDS, President. GEO. S. COLT, Vice-President. ROBT. J. HILLAS, Secretary. AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD { JOHN T. VAIL, EDWARD C. MULFORD Opp. Railroad Station.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn, FASHIONABLE MILLINER, latest shapes of Bonnets and Hats FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS, Feathers, Velvets, Fashion Notions, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Jewelry. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Stamping and Perforating. Ostrich Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice. 14 West Front St.

GEO. CONOVER, FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS. Furniture Moved to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks. Pianos Moved with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

Wm. J. Stephenson, CATERER and Ice Cream Dealer, 26 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE. Isaac Brokaw, REAL ESTATE and Fire Insurance, 20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Special Notices.

BARGAINS in wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farwell Iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Iron street, North Plainfield.

L. A. Rheaume, Lumber, Coal, Wood and MASONS' MATERIALS PEACE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH. Telephone call No. 120.

R. A. ROSS, 21 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS, Carpenter and Builder, Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING, Residence Evans. P. O. Box 809. Carpenter and Builder, 20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD, Madison avenue and Third street, Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Orders of all kinds

FINE BUTTER, PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE, Fancy Groceries and the VERY BEST Imported and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice California Prunes, 10c per lb. ESTEE & CO. TAYLOR & AUBURN, Grocers and Dealers in Table Supplies, 70 Broadway, corner Third street.

THE ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLY COMPANY, 261 B'way, N. Y. Electric Railways, Lighting Plants, Motors, Annunciators, Electric Bells, Telephones, Burglar Alarms, Gas Lighting, Speaking Tubes, Electric Clocks, Watchmen's Time Detectors, Electric Call Bells, Electric

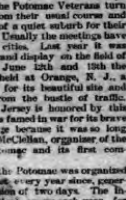
VETERANS CELEBRATE.

THE SOCIETY OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Its Coming Reunion at Orange, N. J. How the Corps Has Superseded the State as a Point of Identity and Pride—Interesting History.

The Society of the Potomac Veterans turn aside this year from their usual course and seek the seclusion of a quiet suburb for their annual reunion. Usually the meetings have been in the great cities. Last year it was celebrated with grand display on the field of Gettysburg. On June 12th and 13th the meetings will be held at Orange, N. J., a suburb renowned for its beautiful site and for its isolation from the bustle of traffic. The state of New Jersey is honored by this visit because it was famed in war for its brave soldiers, and Orange because it was so long the home of Gen. McClellan, organizer of the Army of the Potomac and its first commander.

The Society of the Potomac was organized in 1869 and has met every year since, generally holding a session of two days. The interest in the reunions grows each year, for the older the veterans become the merrier they grow, and the more disposed to rally around the social camp-fire. The headquarters of the society have been from the start in New York city, and the managing officers have always been accessible to visitors and the society has prospered with its one annual session, growing in numbers and importance each year. The membership



BADGE OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

embraces soldiers who served east of the Alleghenies, and this includes many who at one time belonged in the Army of West Virginia, the Army of the James, all who served in the Gettysburg campaign, and the armies and detachments along the Atlantic coast.

The reunion in 1888 at Gettysburg was the largest ever attempted by the society, and it sprung from a desire to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the great battle of July, 1863, on the field. The fact that this field was in the north and centrally located made the plan proper and feasible, and resulted in a gathering unusual in the history of army reunions.

At the Gettysburg meeting Maj. Gen. J. L. Chamberlain was made president, and will preside at the reunion exercises at Orange.

Gen. Chamberlain is a type of the civilian volunteer of 1861-65. He was professor at Bowdoin college when, under a leave of absence entered the army as lieutenant colonel of the Twentieth Maine infantry.

With his regiment he performed good service at Gettysburg, engaged in the Round Top-

GEN. CHAMBERLAIN.

and in the advances on Richmond, under Grant, as colonel of the Twentieth Maine, he led a brigade, and in the early assaults on Petersburg was wounded at the head of his command. For this Gen. Grant made him brigadier general on the spot, and the appointment at Washington and the senate confirmed the appointment. On resuming active service in 1865, Gen. Chamberlain led two brigades of the Fifth corps in the Appomattox campaign until Lee's surrender. His battles numbered over a score, all in the Army of the Potomac, during which he received six wounds. Since the war he has been governor of Maine three times, and now lives in New York city. The other officers of the society are Col. H. C. King, secretary; Col. Samuel Truesdell, treasurer, and Gen. George H. Sharpe, corresponding secretary.

The exercises at Orange will occupy two days. On Wednesday, June 12, the society will be called to order at 1:30 p. m. to listen to an address by Gen. Cortlandt Parker, of New Jersey. An original poem by the well known Will Carleton will be certain to result in the lenthening of the veterans, and at the end of the supplied talkers of the society will be heard. The business meetings of the society follow the exercises and the annual election follows. The annual dinner of the society will be held in the rink, and in the evening a banquet will be spread at the Academy of Music.

On the second day, Thursday, June 13, the veterans will make an excursion up the Hudson to West Point and be spectally welcomed by the superintendent of the Military academy, Gen. Oliver O. Howard. Gen. Parker served in the Potomac district during the war, and in 1865 commanded the Ninth army corps as successor to Gen. Burnside. As a distinguished member of the society he will extend the courtesies of West Point to his old comrades.

The opportunity of seeing West Point under such circumstances will be a pleasure to old soldiers. The necessary restrictions at the military post make it impossible to grant privileges to promiscuous excursionists, and West Point, aside from the beauty of location, is an object of interest that will bear the closest attention and study of a day's visit. This excursion will consume a day and close the reunion of 1889.

A feature of the reunions of the Society of the Potomac, which is of special interest to the members, is the separate reunions of the survivors of the different corps. There are now nine of these corps societies in the Army of the Potomac society, the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth, Ninth, Twelfth, Nineteenth and Signal corps. A full set of officers is elected and correspondence is had throughout the year, when letters of the corps all over the Union. In this way relics, items to be placed in

WILL CARLETON.

the corps archives, and historical manuscripts are secured and arranged for preservation. A soldier nowadays is pleased to take an old corps member by the hand, even though he be a total stranger. The little device of a corps badge first adopted to prevent confusion in the field, has become a token of recognition to be hailed by the passing stranger. In the field there was the spur in the corps of status, and in any presidential gathering of soldiers the officers of the same state sought out each other's company. Now state lines have been obliterated by the changes and migrations of twenty-five years, and the veterans no longer look down to what was before the war but what was during the war. The corps were composite, having regiments of several states. Now the rally would be the corps and not the state. At every meeting of the Army society the men

A VIEW AT WEST POINT.

bers of the corps assemble early in the morning at separate headquarters and hold a reunion of several hours. Other meetings are held during the year for social and historical purposes.

The roster of corps presidents for 1889 is as follows: First corps, Maj. E. P. Halstead; 2d, Gen. Francis C. Barlow; 3d, Gen. Daniel E. Sickles; 5th, Gen. Fitz John Porter; 6th, Gen. Calvin E. Pratt; 9th, Col. R. H. I. Goddard; 19th, Gen. N. W. Day; signal corps, Gen. Jesse Merrill.

The places of meeting of the corps societies at Orange will be conspicuously posted at the hotels and elsewhere, and the comrades will assemble by corps at 10:30 a. m., having a three hours' session before the meeting of the army society.

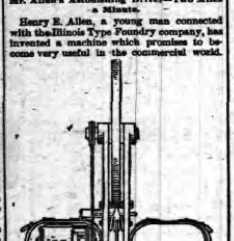
The gathering of the Potomac veterans at Orange is due to the invitation of the municipal authorities, the New England society and prominent soldiers of the state. The hotel accomodations are not extensive, but arrangements will be made for private boarding to accommodate all who intend to remain over night. New York can be reached in one hour and by frequent trains, and the excursion of the second day to West Point will be made from New York city. By arrangement with railways fares will be reduced from all points to New York and over the local roads to Orange.

The society headquarters at Orange will be at the Park hotel.

AN ELECTRICAL MAIL.

Mr. Allen's Astonishing Driver—Two Miles a Minute.

Henry R. Allen, a young man connected with the Illinois Type Foundry company, has invented a machine which promises to become very useful in the commercial world.



SECTIONAL VIEW.

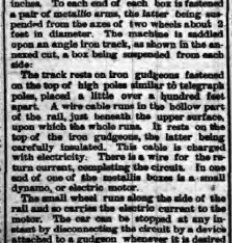
For the want of a better name, he calls it an electric transmitting device, and its mission is to convey small packages, letters, newspapers and important documents from place to place in an almost incredibly short time.

The machine itself is very simple, and consists of two elliptically shaped metallic boxes, 4 feet long, placed parallel with each other. The diameter of these boxes the long way of the ellipse is 9 inches, and the short way 5 inches. To each end of both box is fastened a pair of metallic arms, the latter being suspended from the axes of two wheels about 2 feet in diameter. The machine is saddled upon an angle iron track, as shown in the accompanied cut, a box being suspended from each side.

The track rests on iron gudgeons fastened on the top of high poles similar to telegraph poles, placed a little over a hundred feet apart. A wire cable runs in the hollow part of the rail, just beneath the upper surface, upon which the whole rests. It runs on the top of the iron gudgeons, the latter being carefully insulated. This cable is charged with electricity. There is a wire for the return current, completing the circuit. In one end of one of the metallic boxes is a small dynamo, or electric motor.

The motor wheel runs along the side of the rail and so carries the electric current to the motor. The car can be stopped at any instant by disconnecting the circuit by a device attached to a gudgeon whenever it is desired to make a station, on the same principle as that employed by a telegraph operator in "tapping the wires" or disconnecting.

The whole machine will weigh about thirty-five pounds, and the metallic boxes will contain about as much cubic space as a bushel measure. It is expected thought it can be operated at the rate of two to two and one-half miles a minute. The cost of construction



PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

will be in the neighborhood of $600 a mile. Of course it will not be useful in conveying gold and silver, the danger of robbery would be in these would be danger of the contents being stolen unless the route were closely guarded. This would hardly be practicable. An idea of the invention is that it will prove very useful in conveying stereotype plates to country newspapers. It will also be useful in conveying letters, checks and proxies very useful to city dailies. Mr. Allen expects to form a company to operate a line between Brooklyn and New York city.

Armory Brown, of Clayton county, Ga., has a boy 4½ years old that he has educated. He will not let an adult or on the large end, but when it is put down it immediately turns up on the small end. It makes no difference to what position it is placed, it will turn itself. It stands on the small end.

COMMENCEMENT DAYS.

HOW AND WHY THE FUTURE LOOKS SO BRIGHT TO THE COLLEGE BOY.

A Picture True as to Some Only—Modesty Comes of Experience—Sweet Girl Graduates—Boss Boy Graduates—Youthful Enthusiasm a Blessing.

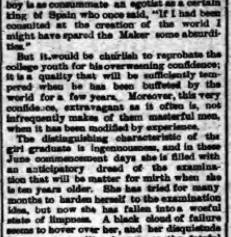
NE often hears college bred men talk mellowly of the years they spent in construing Horace and playing football. Most of them, now engaged in lives of earnestness, acquiring that part of man's education which is not to be gained within college walls, find a certain tender pleasure in recalling the days when they were comparatively verdant, so absolutely confident that meteoric careers awaited them as soon as they stepped forth from their alma mater and displayed their glittering diplomas to a wondering world. For a college lad is the incarnation of hope—the personification of unreasonable faith.

To his penetrative twilight it seems that for seven dispensations of years this earth has been ensrounded by a spirit of *ne nighedabbons*, and is now fruitlessly laboring on an unfinished job, left incomplete by Mary it college boy is as consummate an egotist as a certain king of Spain who once said, "If I had been consulted at the creation of the world I might have spared the Maker some absurdities."

But it would be churlish to reprobate the college youth for his overweening confidence; it is a quality that is sufficiently well tempered when he has been buffeted by the world for a few years. Moreover, this very confidence, extravagant as it often is, not infrequently makes of them masterful men, when it has been modified by experience.

The distinguishing characteristic of the girl graduate is its ingenuousness. In the commencement days she is filled with an anticipatory dread of the examination that will be matter for mirth when she is ten years older. She has toiled for many months to harden herself to the examination like, but now she has fallen into a woeful state of limpness. A black cloud of failure seems to hover over her, and her despiednds increases to positive horror as the fateful day draws nigh.

As last the day comes; after it is all over the girl cannot conceive how she managed to



TEARFUL ADIEUX.

The college lads are not so wrought up over the separation. "Devilish glad to get away from the rookery" is an expression frequently heard. If you were to ask them "why?" they would say that it was because the old lady is all right and all that sort o' thing, but that they want to get into the genuine swish—"plunge we in time's tempestuous flow." They talk grandly about what "a man" ought and ought not to be expected to do—in short, are riding very high horses indeed. They are very good friends with each other, but consider it a right inconsistent with their dignity, "See you in town," or "Drop you a line when I get home," is what they say, but if they happen to meet five years later they take a vast deal more pleasure in talking of their school days than do the whilome sweet girl graduates.

CLARENCE L. CULLEN.

HE WILL TURN THE WORLD OVER.

get through safely, and in after life she rejoins but a vague, hazy idea of the day's events. She dare not look at the crowd of friends who are watching her closely; she feels that she is very red in the face and that her accents are painfully awkward; she imagines, while reading her essay, that her voice is harsh and unnatural; while she is playing her selection on the piano ("Robert is Diable" or the aria in "Il Trovatore," which she has practiced hour after hour for many months, to the tremendous discomfiture of her older brothers) she is certain that she is performing with no expression whatever and that her fingers are like chunks of lead; in short, she feels dazed, half hypnotized, and when she has at last emerged into the clear, cold light of normal reason she is thoroughly convinced that she has made a spectacle of herself, and feels miserably sure that she has done nothing of the sort. She has simply shown how deliciously simple she really is; and there is no resemblance between a graduate and a finished product. The chief point of difference is this: the bloom of simplicity is rubbed off by experience; awkwardness is a cringing quality, and is rarely got rid of. The girl is ready for the fray.

And then the commencement rose show off better by contrast on a ground of white. A collection of girl graduates looks like a large, lush Chinquapin bouquet.

The "boy graduate" is full of exuberance on graduation day. He is far from being abashed by the undisguised admiration of his fellow-lads, and assumes a style that of course. He does not flutter and shrink and look woefully cut up while reading his essay; he rolls the more turgid parts around in his mouth, and somehow he manages to get that he thinks is bound to have a tremendous effect; he looks up for the approving glances of the listeners. He is crude, of course; but he is going to blow his way in the world as a battering ram attacks a fortress, and shows many refreshing signs of inbred power. His enthusiasm is a blessing. It will carry him over many a rough road before he is much older.

When the commencement is over and the time arrives for the girl graduates to part from each other to go to their respective homes, they are all very much dejected and exceedingly damp about the eyes. They have become so thoroughly used to each other, have, in fact, buckled into young womanhood together, and the separation is not easy. They vow to write to each other every day, and make promises to visit each other which they will afterwards find entirely impossible to fulfill. Their sad, pastoral friendship, kiss each other good-by, and the wrench is over. They keep up a desultory correspondence for a while, and it is not long before their school days are but a memory. Many of them never see each other again, and all of them, five years after their graduation, have acquired such a new point of view that they look back to the commencement and marvel at how "ridiculously absurd" they must have been.

FRANK WOODRUFF. DAN COUGHLIN.

Two of the Indicted Men.

Here are portraits of Frank Woodruff and Detective Dan Coughlin, indicted at Chicago on the charge of having been connected with the murder of Dr. Cronin. Woodruff, it will be remembered, was arrested for horse stealing, and at first told a story, which he afterward denied, that he helped Dr. Cronin's and certain other unnamed men in the disposition of the remains of a woman. Later he con-

fessed that it was Dr. Cronin's body that was found. Coughlin is the man who, it is claimed, ordered the now famous white horse.

A Song Writer's Neglected Grave.

There is a little green mound and humble marble slab in a secluded corner of Otterbein cemetery, about twelve miles north of the city, which marks the grave of the author of that famous ballad, "Darling Nellie Gray." A visitor to the spot learns from the inscription on the stone that it is the last resting place of Benjamin Russell Hanby.

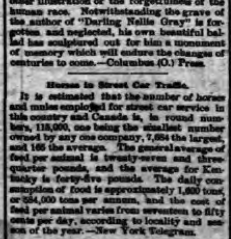
The seclusion of the tomb, the neglect shown it by all save a few relatives, and the general ignorance of its location, form another illustration of the forgetfulness of the human race. Notwithstanding the grave of the author of "Darling Nellie Gray" is forgotten and neglected, his song has world-wide fame and has sculptured out for him a monument of memory which will endure the changes of centuries to come.—Columbus (O.) Press.

Horses in Street Car Traffic.

It is estimated that the number of horses and mules employed for street car service in this country and Canada is, in round numbers, 118,000, one being the smallest number owned by any one company, 7,834 the largest, and 166 the average. The general average of feed per animal is put down at seventeen and one-quarter pounds, and the average for Kentucky is forty-five pounds. The daily consumption of feed is approximately 1,800 tons, or 654,000 tons per season. And the cost of feed per animal varies from seventeen to fifty cents per day, according to locality and season of the year.—New York Telegram.

Commissioner Carlos French.

Ex-Congressman Carlos French, of Connecticut, who has been elected to succeed W.



CARLOS FRENCH.

H. H. Hart as a member of the Democratic national committee, was born in Burlington (now Seymour), Connecticut, fifty-four years ago. He was graduated at Gen. Russell's school, in New Haven. He was a member of the Fifteenth congress, and served on the Invalid pensions and claims committees. He was a member of the Connecticut house of representatives in 1860 and 1865.

Window Shades, Hollands, Fringes,

etc. We are now prepared to do a first-class business in all its branches. We have in stock a complete assortment of goods particular to this department, and can execute orders for shades at very short notice. Ready-made shades, 36in. wide, on sale from 35c up.

OLD CARPETS made over and relaid on short notice. Special bargains in Summer carpets at a discount of 10 per cent. Our upholsterer, formerly with W. & J. Sloane of New York, is in charge of this department; we will guarantee all work done in a No. 1 manner.

REMNANTS! Remnants! Remnants! Remnants

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

A. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE NEWS IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

A Proclamation by the Mayor.

Mayor's Office, Plainfield, N. J., June 4th, 1889.

The harrowing news of the loss of life and the destitution and suffering caused at Johnstown, Pa., by a devastating flood, arouses the sympathy of all for the survivors of the terrible disaster.

Believing that the citizens of Plainfield are anxious to contribute to the relief of the sufferers, I suggest that they immediately make their donations. Subscription papers will be found at all the drug stores in the city and at the railway station. Money may also be sent to me, to Mr. J. K. Myers, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Common Council, or to Mr. John W. Murray. I also recommend that collections be taken at all the churches next Sunday for that purpose. Donations of clothing will also be received at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

JOB MALE, Mayor.

CHEER YOUR HEART; AND LET DETERMINED THINGS TO DESTINY HOLD UNBEWAILED THEIR WAY.—Shakespeare.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 159; days to come, 206.

—There will be a meeting at the W. C. T. U. rooms, 73 West Front street, at 7:30 o'clock to-night.

—The Chatham nine of North Plainfield defeated the Twilight Juniors of Scotch Plains this morning by the score of 13 to 7 on the Y. M. C. A. grounds.

—Howard Woolston's nine, of North Plainfield, defeated Willie Thiers's nine at base-ball this morning on the Washington avenue grounds by the score of 9 to 0.

—Shad fishing in the Raritan river has about ended. The season will close next Monday. The fish caught this year has been of excellent flavor, though none too plentiful.

—Dr. Kimbell, the celebrated chiropodist, is meeting with great success at the City Hotel, and to give all a chance to be cured he will operate to-morrow from 10 a. m. till 4 p. m.

—"The busy merchant" is to-day the heading of Edsall's advertisement, which will be interesting to all in need of goods in his line. He says that he is keeping the best line of goods of the kind in this part of the State and that his prices are "right."

—Mr. Joseph A. Robinson will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday evening. Topic: "Doing God's Will, and to What It Leads"—John VII: 17; Mark III: 35; I John II: 17. Good singing and short talks. All men welcome.

—Howard Cronch, a New Brunswick lad whose age is fifteen years, felt bigger than a man the other day. He ate ten half a pound of dried apples and having drunk four glasses of iced water. His stomach swelled to an enormous size, and his life was saved only by the use of powerful emetics and restoratives.

—There were 201 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 135 in the preceding week and 146, 185, 189, 164 and 175 in the corresponding weeks of 1888, 1887, 1887, 1885 and 1885 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States from January 1st to date is 5,345, against 4,659 in 1888.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Geo. P. Suydam, City Judge, is still seriously ill. He is at present at his brother's home in Millstone.

The Rev. Edward Riley, rector of Burlington College, N. J., will officiate to-morrow at All Saints church, Scotch Plains.

Among the newly-familiar sights of the Plainfield streets is that of equestrian Marshall Duckworth and his fiery steed.

Mr. W. A. Conger, of the firm of Schepflin & Co., is gradually recovering from the injuries he received recently by being thrown from his horse on Park avenue.

Mr. L. Warren Randolph, of Field & Randolph's City Pharmacy, has at home a charming little garden which has now produced a floral rarity in the form of a double rose, with only two stems but two perfect centres. The blossom is on exhibition at his store.

Mr. J. A. Powlison, of the firm of Powlison & Jones, left this city to-day to visit his brother at Springfield, Mass., and to attend the closing exercises of the School for Christian Workers next Tuesday evening, when his brother will be graduated. He will also visit Boston while away.

Miss Bertha Potts, a daughter of the late George H. Potts, President of the National Park Bank, and a sister of Mr. W. Rockhill Potts, of Plainfield, was married Tuesday evening to Prof. James L. Greenleaf, of the School of Mines, Columbia College. Mr. Rockhill Potts gave the bride away.

The Bound Brook Chronicle this week devotes considerable space to interesting temperance addresses delivered by Mr. and Mrs. George M. Angleman, of Plainfield, in Voorhees Hall, Bound Brook, last Sunday. Mr. Angleman is styled "a veteran in the fight for temperance, and an able worker", while Mrs. Angleman is spoken of as "a graceful lady and convincing speaker".

PLAINFIELD PIGEONS.

They Make Good Time in the Lovingston Race.

Eleven Plainfield pigeons were flown to-day in the prize race from Lovingston, Va., 300 miles distant. The race was entered by birds from various cities in this section of the country, and the owner of the carrier making the best average speed will be awarded a valuable imported set of English silverware presented by the importer, Mr. Verrinder, of Jersey City, who is an enthusiastic member of the Homing Club.

The Plainfield birds were released at seven o'clock this morning, and returned as follows:

To Mr. Richard Stevens's loft—8 p. m. Record, 1,286 yards per minute.

RELIEF FOR JOHNSTOWN

PLAINFIELD STILL AT WORK TO AID THE SUFFERERS.

A Good Suggestion for Music Hall Concert.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Your suggestion in this morning's issue of a grand concert for the Johnstown sufferers must and will receive, I think, the hearty endorsement and co-operation of all our citizens.

As a stockholder in the Stillman Music Hall I say "Yes, and amen!" to your suggestion, and will cheerfully grant the free use of the Music Hall.

Let the choirs of our various churches as well as volunteers be kindly urged to consolidate, and under the leadership of Mr. Mosher or Mr. Thomas we shall have a concert of local talent unsurpassed by that of any foreign.

At a reasonable admission fee one cannot but think that the Hall would be crowded to overflowing.

In this connection let me suggest that as our noble contributions of $2,000 (of which The Evening News furnished $1,000) and others thus far have gone to the relief of Johnstown and vicinity alone, the next $1,000 be sent to Gov. Beaver for the relief of the destitution for Johnstown and Williamsport. The valley of the West Branch has suffered fearfully, and the cities of Williamsport and Lockhaven are in distress perhaps equal to those of Johnstown and vicinity.

Gov. Beaver has control of the state statistics, and the distribution of our funds may be safely left to his discretion.

Let our charity be broad, as well as free.

June 7th, 1889. M.

Acting on the above suggestion from one of the most generous contributors to the fund the following call was issued to secure the cooperation of both the gentlemen named.

The officers and Directors of Music Hall Association have offered any assistance in their power toward rendering the movement a success, and we expect the hearty cooperation of all who possess the ability to give concert as quickly as possible for the relief of the sufferers we propose that the concert take place Saturday evening, the proceeds to go exclusively to the relief fund, and that the price of admission, and we are sure that there will be no lack of volunteers from among our highly-cultivated local talent to make the event a success. We will endeavor to have the programme ready to publish Monday, if Messrs. Mosher and Thomas can prepare it by that time.

The Use of Music Hall Donated.

Office of the Music Hall Association,
Plainfield, N. J.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The Board of Directors of Music Hall Association of Plainfield by unanimous vote direct me to request that the use of Music Hall be donated for the proposed entertainment to be given in aid of the Johnstown sufferers.

Yours respectfully,
CRAIG A. MARSH, Secretary.

Words Are Inadequate.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 8th, 1889.

To J. K. MYERS, Plainfield, N. J.:

Have made out statement for $1,049.13, contributions of the citizens of Plainfield to THE EVENING NEWS fund for the relief of the sufferers by the Johnstown flood. Forward Jacob C. Bowberger, Treasurer. Words cannot commence to measure our gratitude.

JAMES C. BEAVER, Governor.

Boundless Thanks from Governor Beaver.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 8th, 1889.

T. W. MORRISON:

Boundless thanks for all your citizens have done. Draft for $1,049.13 made; draft on J. K. Myers as authorized. Supplemental telegram increasing amount also received.

JAMES A. BEAVER, Governor.

Contributions of Clothing.

In addition to donations of food, clothing and household necessities already acknowledged as having been contributed by Plainfield ers to the relief of the Johnstown sufferers, there have been sent through the United States Express Company well-laden boxes and barrels from the Seventh-Day Baptist church, Judge John Ulrich, S. B. Underhill, Mrs. Schnitheis, Mrs. Harte and Mrs. Wheeler.

The Orphans Are Cared For.

In response to the dispatch sent from Plainfield yesterday that the management of the Children's Home were ready to adopt two orphans of the many at Johnstown the following telegram has been received:

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 7th.

MRS. HORACE KIMBALL: Children from Johnstown will be cared for by Children's Aid Society of Philadelphia. Thanks for your offer of help.

JAMES A. BEAVER, Governor.

No Time To Stop for Grammar.

The following letter has been received by Mr. Samuel Milliken, jr., of Central avenue, Plainfield:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER.
HARRISBURG, Pa., June 6th, 1889.

MY DEAR SIR: I am directed by Governor Beaver to acknowledge the receipt of your pleasant letter of the 5th instant, relating to your subscription of $1,000 for the Johnstown sufferers, and to express his regret that the present agravated nature of things through-out the State prevents his making personal reply. There was no need of apology for the grammar. There are "times when there is no man's souls", and at such times grammatical rules must take a back seat.

Very truly yours,
JOHN LOCKHART,
Secretary to the Governor.

Mr. Sam'l Milliken, jr., Plainfield, N. J.

Where To Leave Contributions.

Any articles for the Johnstown sufferers left at the Relief rooms, corner of Madison avenue and the Second street, will be promptly forwarded.

HOW THE FUND STANDS.

Treasurer Myers Reports a Total of $2,280.87.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Please print the following statement of the Johnstown Relief Fund:

Received up to June 6th	$974.00
Citizens	1,049.13
N. J. Central	5.00
Charity Circle King's Daughters	40.00
A. M.	10.00
Mary E. Whitney	20.00
J. W. Yates	100.00
S. B. Dimmock	5.00
Cash	5.00
E. L. Morris	2.00
Cash	1.00
Sympathizer	1.00
Cash	25
J. E. Clarke	1.00
A Servant Girl	10.00
Cash	2.00
Plainfield Evening News Fund	1,000.00
C. J. Ames	10.00
M. L. S.	2.00
Rowland Cox	10.00
Patrick Lynch	1.00
Total	$2,280.87

This amount is in the City National Bank, subject to drafts of $1,000 and $1,049.13.

J. K. MYERS,
Treasurer City Fund of PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS Fund Plainfield, June 7th, 1889.

ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS.
[Through THE NEWS.]

J. B. B	5.00
Albert Enander	2.00
Katie Pennock	1.00
Jewel	.50
A. B. Dunlap	10.00
Grand Total	$2,299.37

FROM THE POTTER PRINTING PRESS WORKS.
[Acknowledged in scale in THE NEWS fund yesterday.]

C. Potter, Jr.	$25.00	Cash	.50
W. D. Randolph	.50	Chas. Meyer	.50
H. Cornelius	.50	A. B.	.50
Tom Lyons	.25	Asa Merrell	.50
Wm. Monsell	.50	Thos. McHugh	.50
M. Nugent	.50	Thos. Nicholls	.50
Neil Scott	1.00	H. R. Mathews	.50
Tom Fitzgerald	1.00	A. Mattox	.50
John Fitzgerald	.50	Cash	.50
Larry Bray	.50	D. Madden	.50
Geo. W. Dean	.50	Chas. McIntosh	.50
Chas. Mitchell	.50	Fred Morris	.50
J. Carthy	1.00	J. Montgomery	.50
Jas. Kelley	.50	Cash	.50
Jos. Galbraith	1.00	Wm. Newman	.50
Pat Bray	.50	Dave Nuttall	.50
Pat Carroll	.50	H. Overbaugh	.50
J. B. Higgins	.25	Jas. Patterson	1.00
G. E. Stillman	3.00	Fred Postoe	.25
Jas. Bray	.50	Wm. Pumpkit	.50
John Stafford	1.00	J. Porter	.25
A. McMeeking	.50	Wm. Peebles, Jr.	.25
T. B. Brown	.50	Brent Palmer	1.00
D. Rockfellow	.50	J. C. Randall	.50
C. Rockfellow	.50	W. H. Rogers	.50
Jas. Rockfellow	.50	Chas. Rhodes	1.00
Wm. Lesbey	.25	J. C. Reid	.50
Francis Carver	.50	Frank Scott	.50
Jas. Conway	.50	Jas. Sharkey	1.00
R. P. Higgins	.50	Frank Shattle	.50
John Allen	.50	C. F. Smith	.50
Thomas Allen	1.00	J. J. Stanley	.50
A. Andrews	1.00	Jas. Stace	.50
Jas. Anderson	.50	F. L. Stillman	.50
J. Arders	.50	Geo. Shuck	.50
Jos. Bird	.50	M. Schuck	.50
Geo. Bird	.50	Bert Sutphen	.50
Geo. Bolt	.50	Arthur Scott	.50
Jos. Brown	1.00	Ed. Salt	.50
Jas. Brickley	.50	Wm. Sweeney	.50
M. Becker	.75	E. W. Titsworth	.50
Tom Bird	.50	Geo. Titsworth	2.00
Jas. Bushby	.50	Jas. Vester	.50
Jas. Bushby	.50	Frank Whitley	.50
Thos. Calen	.50	J. Whitehead	.50
John Cronin	.50	Chas. Wolfenduff	.50
T. Chamberlain	1.00	Geo. Zeist	.50
T. Chamberlain, sr	1.00	M. L. Clawson	.50
J. Duckworth	.50	Wm. Wagner	.50
Chas. Durier	.25	M. Hubner	.50
Geo. A. Dell	.25	Robt. Gottheil	2.00
Louis DeLamar	.50	Frank E. Smith	.50
Jas. Evans	.50	Chas. P. Rogers	1.00
John Evans	1.00	A. T. Gallup	2.00
J. J. Ellsworth	.50	Chas. Hoffman	.50
Wm. Goeller	.50	J. Chamberlain	1.00
J. Grieb	.50	Ed. Tuck	1.00
Chas. Grieb	.50	H. Harmony	.50
R. Hanrahan	.50	Wm. Kitchen	.50
T. Hanrahan	.50	Robt. Bell	.50
J. Hance	.50	Sam Warner	1.00
J. M. Hawkins	.50	Jos Walk	.50
Cash	.50	Chas. Hoffman	.50
Jas. Herce	.50	Ed. McCann	.50
Robt. Jackson	.50	Jesse Smith	.50
Jas. Johnson	.50	Jas. Johnson	.50
Thos. Kane	.50	A. Dauey	.50
Robt. Kinney	.25	Robt. Parker	.50
Jas. Kinney	.50	Jas. Parker	.50
W. R. Larkin	.50	John Gordon	.50
J. Little	.50	W. Chamberlain	1.00
T. W. Lee	.50	Cash	1.00
A. McClelland	.50	Cash	.75
Harry McLean	.50	John Griffin	.50
Robt. Mitchell	.50		
Total			$125.00

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

"Sunday! Sunday!
SEAR THROUGH SORROW, WRONG AND RUTH,
IN THY BREAST THE DEW OF YOUTH,
ON THY LIPS THE SMILE OF TRUTH.
—Longfellow.

The Workers' Training Class of the Y. M. C. A. will meet as usual at 9 a. m.

Meetings will be held in Reform Hall at 9:15 a. m. and at 4 p. m. All are welcome.

At the First Baptist church the subject of the sermons by the pastor will be, both morning and evening, "The Johnstown Calamity". In the morning a collection will be taken up for the sufferers.

"Pulling from Grace: What Is It?" This question will be answered by Mr. F. W. Grant at the meeting room, No. 6 East Front street, over the Dime Savings Institution, at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

The W. C. T. U. will conduct interesting evangelistic services at 79 West Front at 4 p. m., preceded by a short song service led by the C. C. Male Choir. All are heartily welcome and cordially invited.

The First church of Christ will hold a meeting in Reform Hall, at 11 a. m. Mr. Cleaver will speak on "The Disasters at Johnstown and Scottdale and Their Lessons"; At 12 m., "In Memory of Him"; at 2:30 p. m. Bible school.

Services will be held in the Methodist church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. There will be no evening service at the Second church. Dr. Brice, Presiding Elder of the Elizabeth District. At the morning service a collection will be taken up for the Johnstown sufferers.

Instead of the regular preaching service to-morrow morning in the Park avenue Baptist church the Sunday-school will unite with the church in observing Children's Day. An appropriate exercises prepared by the Baptist Publication Society for the day will be given. All are welcome.

The services at the First Presbyterian church will be conducted by the pastor, the Rev. K. C. Peterson, D. D. The morning service will be held at 10:30 a. m., with Communion. There will be Sabbath-school and Bible study at 3 p. m. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor will meet at 4:15.

The usual Sunday school service at the Warren Mission will be held at 2:30 o'clock. After the opening the mission will take their classes for the study of the lesson until three o'clock, at which time services consisting of praise and prayer conducted by the children and addressed by appropriate pastors to Children's Day will be conducted. The evening service beginning at 7:30 o'clock will be in the nature of a rally, with an address to the young by Mr. W. D. Murray. All the friends of the Mission are invited.

NEW BOROUGH FIREMEN

THE NUCLEUS OF A COMPANY ARRANGED BY COUNCIL.

Other Business Transacted at the Regular June Meeting.—Chief Engineer Martin To Get a Salary.—Shall Willow Ave. Be Macadamized?

The regular June meeting of the North Plainfield Borough Common Council was held last evening, making the third session of the present membership.

Those present were Mayor Cooley and Councilmen Bockie, Emmons, McGee, Needham and Smalley.

Councilman Bateman was absent.

Borough Clerk Jas. K. Arnold read the minutes of the last meeting, May 3d, and they were approved as read.

The petition presented at the last meeting asking that Willow avenue be macadamized, from Somerset street to the line leading to pay one-half of the expense providing it should not exceed $1,000, was withdrawn; and one was substituted asking the $1,600 limitation.

The Committee on Streets were referred a petition for a walk across Orchard place at the junction of Willow avenue and a communication from Mr. J. J. VanDeventer relative to the advisability of the widening of the extension of Clinton avenue between Somerset street and the Green Brook bridge.

Several applications for peddler's and owner's licenses were presented, referred and subsequently granted.

Tax Collector H. N. Spencer reported $70.85 as the total amount of 1888 taxes collected by him, which he paid over to Mr. Arnold; reported a balance-on-hand of $20.94. Both reports were received and filed.

The following bills were ordered paid after having been audited by the proper committees:

Jas. Mundy, $1.30; Jas. Hanly, $20.43; A. M. Griffon, $13.75; A. C. Johnson, $9.84; John Babcock, $63.30, $7.45; W. C. Marshall, $67.25; $3.75, and $1.50; Globe Gas Light Company, $267.88, $297.88; Plainfield Steam Laundry, $2.73; A. Hoffman, $7.00; Wm. L. Force & Bro., $42.80; T. McDonald, $26.75; Newton B. Smalley, $9.23; Wm. Keyes, $2.85; Jas. Farrow, $1.50.

Mr. McGee for the Fire, Water and Lamps Committee reported that $1,500 had been borrowed of the First National Bank, and that the Committee were in favor of granting the petition for another light on Deer street, that the Chief Engineer reported that the fire apparatus had been overhauled and put in good working order at an expense of $6.38, that for $25 a fire alarm box was built at the rear of the engine house for bulky supplies which hitherto have littered up the stable, that a new lock and twenty-four new keys had been ordered for the engine house entrance, and that the Chief recommended that the matter of procuring a fire company be pushed more rapidly, that a janitor be appointed at a salary to keep the engine house in order generally, and that a partition be erected to separate the stable and its fumes from the rest of the building.

The reports of the Committee and of the Chief Engineer were received and filed.

Mr. Needham for the Committee on Licenses and Marshals reported that the present lookup was inadequate, having only two cells, and recommended the erection of a new one. The Marshals had complained to him that citizens without authority had frequently interfered with the duties of the police force, and that the Committee desired to enter their objection against any one interfering with the Marshals or in any way directing to them when unauthorized by the Chairman of the Committee.

Mr. Smalley for the Committee on Streets and Public Health reported various road improvements, including the macadamizing of Somerset avenue at an expense of $2,125, at the rate of $2.50 per square yard. The Marshals had complained to him that citizens without authority had frequently interfered with the duties of the police force. The macadamizing of Jackson avenue was threequarters completed, and would probably cost about $800. A road-roller had been purchased for $281.97. The grading of Willow avenue, from Somerset to Bound Brook, would be very much out of grade, would cost $200.

Mr. Needham, for the Committee on Printing, reported that the Committee had issued a complete renovation of the Council Chamber, including papering and kalsomining and the purchase of 50 chairs from the old Warren Engine Company, at a cost of $127.72.

The reports were received and filed.

There were resolutions offered and adopted:

By Mr. McGee—That the Mayor and Clerk be authorized to draft a warrant for $87.50, interest due July 1st, 1889, on Fire Department bonds.

By Mr. McGee—That a crosswalk be laid on Orchard place in compliance with the petitions.

By Mr. Emmons—That A. I. Smalley be made a special marshal, with pay of 25 cents an hour when on regular duty.

By Mr. McGee—That the Collector of Taxes be required to furnish bonds of $10,000.

By Mr. Smalley—That $600 be borrowed in anticipation of taxes for use on the streets.

By Mr. Smalley—Authorizing the payment of work done on the streets when certified by the Street Commissioner.

By Mr. Emmons—That twelve badges, twelve keys for the borough books and twelve pair of nippers be purchased, for the marshals.

By Mr. Bockie—That a crosswalk be laid at the intersection of Deer street and Park place.

By Mr. McGee—That Edmund D. Andrews, C. H. Fairchild, H. J. Martin and Howard H. Wilson be appointed to membership in the Fire Department and be made the nucleus of a Fire Company.

By Mr. McGee—That the Chief Engineer of the Borough Fire Department be paid $100 for his services for the year ending April 15th, 1890.

By Mr. Emmons—That another call be built to the borough pound.

The $10,000 bond of Tax Collector H. N. Spencer, with Wm. C. Smith, Chas. Day and I. Brokaw as sureties, was presented and referred to the Committee on Laws and Ordinances.

Mr. Smalley reported the receipt of $300 from property-owners on Jackson avenue as their share of the expense of macadamizing.

After considerable discussion which at one time became very warm and during which it was stated that there probably would not be money left from the appropriation sufficient to macadamize Willow avenue, Mr. Emmons presented a petition, which was adopted, providing that Willow avenue be macadamized if it should be found that the Committee had or can raise money.

An ordinance was presented to include scissors-grinders and other itinerants among those required to pay a license fee. It was passed to its second reading and was laid on the table.

Adjourned.

CLOSING DAYS OF SCHOOL.

Last Night's Reception at Rodman Seminary.

A select audience attended a delightful reception at Rodman Seminary last evening, and the closing day of the school year for Plainfield's young ladies was most happily.

The first number on the programme was a play, "The Expected Visitors", in which Miss Lizzie Malthy, Miss Florence Johnson and "Sadie", Miss Alice Schoonmaker, of "Setauket", Miss Jennie Schoonmaker, and of "Brooklyn", Miss Sophie Gray, of Miss Bertha MacDonald and Miss Brower who took the parts of "Cornelia" and "Evangeline", the visitors.

Following the play was a recitation, "Pepa's Letter," very prettily rendered by Miss Mary Collier, and which came as a tableau, "City and Country Courtship", in the Miss Anna Teale was the maiden, Miss Fred Smith, the country swain, Miss Lizzie Malthy the city miss, and Mr. Benney, of New York, the metropolitan beau.

When the colored lights of the tableau had again grown dim came "Buttercups and Daisies", which was finely rendered by Miss Freeman, who was very warmly applauded.

Another tableau, "The Farewell of Louis XVI to his Family", was then presented, and so beautiful was it that the audience demanded another view of the scene. The king was Mr. Chas. Mabie, with Miss Bowyer as queen; and the daughter was Miss Jennie Schoonmaker, while Miss Florence Johnson as prince. Miss Anna Daft was Madame Elizabeth, and Masters Robert Davis and Linn Edwards appeared as grand pages. All were attired in court costumes, and Miss Johnson looked a veritable Lord Fauntleroy.

"The Lightning-fiod Agent", a recitation by Master Willie Thiers, came next. It was followed by an exquisite violin solo by Miss Sophie Mabie, accompanied by Miss Dodd on the piano.

The closing tableau, "The Fortune-Teller", gave a picture of gypsy life. Miss Bertha Mac-Donald as army test appeared Miss Brower, in charming costume, presaging the future of a rich lover, completed by Miss Johnson, Miss Alice Schoonmaker, Miss Mary Collier, Miss Anna Teale and Miss Jennie Dodd.

Then came refreshments and dancing. There were ten numbers on the order.

DR. E. KIMBELL
THE
GREAT SPECIALIST
Commenced his second visit in Plainfield this morning, and will form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 8 a. m. till 7 p. m.

Special flavors shown people in moderate circumstances.

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Dental parlors at the CITY HOTEL, Plainfield, for A FEW DAYS ONLY.

People who desire the services of a skillful
CHIROPODIST
are urged to call without any delay, as six engagements in Trenton are positive.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and favorably known after examinations, which are always free.

Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The total bill in any such case is small, and they have the most aggravating feet troubles relieved and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 18,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following from Plainfield people:

From J. B. Probasco, M. D.: I have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in removing corns, and heartily recommend him to the afflicted.

J. B. PROBASCO, M. D.
41 East Front street.

From J. T. Fretts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skilful Chiropodist.

J. T. FRETTS, M. D.
28 Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face.

MRS. B. TEN EYCK.
Plainfield, May 29.

From John A. Beerbower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet of bunions.

JOHN A. BEERBOWER.

I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.

MISS ALICE M. POWLISE.
30 Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cures the worst cases in ten days. Try it. All bad cases solicited.

HOTEL
NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.
Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank E. Miller.

YE THIRSTY!
Frosted Cream Soda
is all flavors is
OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL
in the way of SUMMER DRINKS.
STRAWBERRY
fresh from the fruit, lej excelled by none.
BANANA SHERBET AND
Turkish Sherbet are Original
with us. Try them.
Our Milk Shakes
continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.
We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.
Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for customers; running fountains of water for cooling glasses; prompt service by courteous clerks.
Field & Randolph,
CITY PHARMACY
81 WEST FRONT STREET,
Plainfield, N. J.

PROPERTY CHANGES HANDS.

A List of Recent Borough Real Estate Transfers.

Among the recent real estate transfers recorded in the Somerset county Clerk's office are the following:

May 31st.—Wm. and Mrs Wm. R. Clarkson, to Wm. Sandy, Jacob W. Fairchild and Nicholas Perrine, property in North Plainfield $21,000; Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Chaffee to E. R. Taylor, property in North Plainfield $2,000; Mr. and Mrs. Isaac S. Norris to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Spencer, property in North Plainfield $1,500; Mr. and Mrs. Christian Nelson to Ignatz Boesen, property in North Plainfield $3,700; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hyde to Philip Gose and Augusta Maher, property in North Plainfield, $1,000.

Prepared for Plainfield Rose.

About thirty laborers arrived at Bound Brook yesterday to begin the work of laying the pipes of the county line into Bound Brook. Mr. John King has been busy a week past carting the pipes along the route to Chimney Rock. The balance of the stock is being gradually bought up, and it is expected that Bound Brook will be supplied with pure spring water from the mountain at early date.

Contractor Hillpot will have the mee begin Monday to lay the pipes. In ordering the fire-hydrants the Committee of Mrs. Chas. Hyde the nozzles made of such a standard that the hose of the Somerville and Plainfield fire department will fit them, and consequently be able to connect with the local department hose in case it is needed.

A Run of 100 Miles.

Fifty cyclists passed through Plainfield this morning, halting for breakfast at a local hotel, on the way to Philadelphia on the annual Century Run. Many of the wheelmen were among them, besides a lady and a gentleman on a tandem-safety.

SCHOOL MEETING!
Notice is hereby given to the legal voters of School District No. 28, North Plainfield, Somerset county, N. J., that a special school meeting will be held at the school house, on Tuesday evening, June 11th, 1889, at eight o'clock, for the purpose of considering plans for a new school building on the present school property, and of authorizing the Trustees to erect a new school building on said premises, with outbuildings and fences, and to heat and furnish said school building.

The question will also be submitted of voting money therefor. The money thought to be necessary is Twenty Thousand ($20,000) Dollars, of which Sixteen Thousand ($16,000) Dollars is required for the erection of the Building, Outhouses and Fences, and Four Thousand ($4,000) Dollars for Heating and furnishing said building.

Also the question of authorizing the Trustees to issue bonds in the name of and under the seal of the District, in such sums and in such amounts, and payable at such times, as said meeting may direct to defray the cost of erecting, heating and furnishing said building, and of erecting outhouses and fences.

By order of the Board.
H. S. MERRELL,
JAS. MCCREE,
GEO. P. BRUE,
Trustees of North Plainfield School District No. 28.
North Plainfield, N. J., May 21st, 1889.

Special Notices.

A FULL ATTENDANCE
of Carpenters and Joiners is requested at its next regular meeting, Tuesday evening, June 11th, at 7:45 p. m., as business of importance will be transacted. 7-2*

1105.—The members of Plainfield Council, 711, R. A., are hereby notified to attend the regular meeting of said Council Monday, June 10th, at 8 p. m. A full vote is requested, as our afflicted brother of 401 at Johnstown is highly necessary.

By order of ALBON W. RAND, Regent.
H. A. THORNE, Secretary. 7-2*

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.
WE NEED ROOM
Prices Only Reduced
Summer Furniture.
Greatly Reduced
GARRET Q. PACKER.

QUITE ENGLISH.
A Man's Patent Leather Piccadilly Last is all the rage for street wear; we have them.
Also Ladies' Patent Leather Tip Button Piccadilly Last, that is very neat.
We can show you a large assortment of Tennis Boots, Oxford Ties, (colored and black) now, as we had them made to our special order. Later on the assortment diminishes naturally would with us, as we keep our goods moving. We live in an age of progress.
DOANE & VanARSDALE,
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,
22 West Front Street,

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"
Conducts his business on correct principles; keeps his store well stocked with the newest and most fashionable goods, and treats his patrons with the utmost politeness and marks his wares at the LOWEST PRICES. This is "our motto".
NOW THEN! in order to give the "ad" a little real telling effect, and show you that we mean business, we have selected a few of the many attractions we now offer:
SILK AND WOOL UMBRELLAS, gold tipped handles, for rain or sun, 24 inch at $1.25; 26 inch at $1.50; 28 inch at $1.75. They are worth better than $1 50 and look just as well.
Our $4.45 Satin Coaching Parasols for $3.75. New line of White Wool Jerseys handsomely braided at $1.75 and $2. Our 50c Ladies' Black Hose for 39c. Our 45c Ladies' Black Ribbed Hose for 29c. Children's Black Hose, 5 1/2 inches 30c to 45c; were 37 and 50c. Four nobby Pique scarfs for Gents at 25c. Flannel Pompon Hats. Flannel Shirts. Handkerchiefs at $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75. Men's Veiling for Veils at $1, $1.15 and $1.50.
SPECIAL ON CARPETS! Lining given in free with carpets bought to June 20th. Curtains, Portieres, etc.
Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

The High School Wins Again.

The High School team again defeated the Leal School team in a closely-contested game of base-ball on the Y. M. C. A. grounds yesterday. The score was as follows:

LEALS.

	R.	P.O.	B.H.	A.	E.
Murray, r. s	1	1	1	1	0
Bamford, 3b., ss	1	0	0	3	0
Metlee, 1b	0	13	0	0	3
Dederick, l. f	1	0	1	0	0
Stewart, p	0	0	0	2	0
Erickson, c., 2b	1	3	1	1	4
Burrough, 2b, c	0	1	1	4	1
Wadsworth, r. f., c	2	5	0	0	0
Mahon, r. f., c. f	2	0	0	0	0
	10	23	4	11	8

FOURTH CLASS.

	R.	P.O.	B.H.	A.	E.
Langlon, c	0	5	0	2	0
Miller, 1b	1	10	0	1	4
Sheppard, p	2	3	1	12	0
Fleig, 3b	1	4	1	0	3
Laing, l. f	1	1	1	0	0
Spicer, r. f	2	0	0	0	2
Reed, 2b	0	0	0	3	1
Rand, c. f	0	0	0	2	0
Stover, s. s	2	1	1	3	0
	11	27	3	4	10

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Leals	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	7—10
High School	1	5	2	0	1	0	0	3	1—11

Earned Runs—High School, 2; Leals, 1. Second-base hits—Sheppard and Erickson; Struck out—By Sheppard, 12; by Stewart, 5. Time of game—1 hour and 45 minutes. Umpire—Mr. Peter Winn. Scorer—J. C. Sutphen.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A BARGAIN in choice real estate. Three new six-room houses on Third street, near Grant avenue, well rented, for sale. This is a rare opportunity for a person who is always looking for a good paying investment. Apply to F. R. Martin, No. 49 East Fifth street, or rural delivery No. 2. 6-4

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 92 Madison avenue. 5-18-tf*

COW FOR SALE—A young Jersey cow, fresh, giving very rich milk. Call at 159 West Seventh street. 5-4

DESIRABLE house, eleven rooms, all improvements. Six

[MORNING NEWS.]

THE BROKEN DAM.

Two Experts Declare That It Was Poorly Built.

A MASS OF CLAY AND DIRT.

There Was No Center Wall to Add Stability.

It Has Been Decided That the Only Way To Prevent an Epidemic of Disease Is To Burn the Ruins of the City—Warm Weather Causes an Almost Unendurable Stench—A Woman Rescued Alive After Six Days of Exposure and Starvation. *Incidents of the Day.*

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 8.—"Are the horrors of the flood to give way to those of the plague?" is the question that is now agitating the valley of the Conemaugh. The day opened warm and almost sultry, and the stench that assails one's senses as he wanders through Johnstown is almost overpowering. Sickness, in spite of the precautions and heroic labors of the sanitary authorities, is on the increase, and the fears of epidemic grow with the hour.

"It is our impression," said Dr. T. L. White, assistant to the state board of health, "that there is going to be great sickness here within the next week. Five cases of malignant diphtheria were located yesterday on Bedford street, and as they were in different houses

CROWD AT THE SUPPLY TRAIN.

they mean five starting points for disease. All this talk about the dangers of epidemic is not exaggerated, as many suppose, but is founded upon that experience. There will be plenty of typhoid fever and kindred disease *here within a week or ten days, in my opinion.* The only thing that has saved us thus far has been the cold weather. That has now given place to summer weather, and no one knows what the next few days may bring forth. Even among the workmen and attendants there is already discovered a great tendency to diarrhea and dysentery. The men are living principally upon salt meat and there is a lack of vegetables."

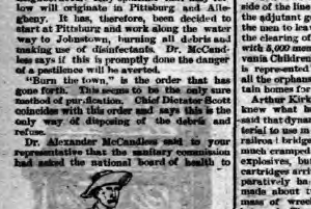
Sanitary Precautions.

Sheriff McCandless has been appointed chief to J. V. Patton, superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio road, and William Flinn has been appointed chief of the entire working force. He has 1,000 men at his disposal.

At a meeting held by Dr. Lee, of the state board of health, and Sheriff McCandless, of Pittsburg, with the approval of J. B. Scott, it was decided to establish the sanitary headquarters at Pittsburg. Dr. McCandless said there was little danger of an epidemic originating here, as every precaution had been taken and the inhabitants were not dependent on river water to slake their thirst. There are plenty of springs in the immediate neighborhood. Any epidemic that may follow will originate in Pittsburg and Allegheny. It has, therefore, been decided to start at Pittsburg and work along the water way to Johnstown, burning all debris and making use of disinfectants. Dr. McCandless says it this is promptly done the danger of a pestilence will be averted.

"Hence," said he, "is the order that has gone forth. This seems to be the only sure method of purification. Chief Dictator Scott coincides with this order and says this is the only way of disposing of the debris and refuse.

Dr. Alexander McCandless said to your representative that the sanitary commission had asked the national board of health to



ON GUARD.

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A Case of Fever.

There has been much discussion concerning the strength and method of construction of the dam through which the death dealing torrents of water forced their way and swept down on and around Johnstown. As a result of an examination completed yesterday by two expert engineers, A. M. Wellington and T. F. Rowland, assistant and associate editor of The Engineering News, of New York, will perhaps remove all faith in the assertions heretofore so strenuously insisted upon, that everything possible had been done to make the structure safe.

Mr. Wellington states that the dam was in every respect of very inferior construction and of a kind wholly unwarranted by the engineering practices of thirty years ago. Both the original and reconstructed dams were of earth only, with no inner wall, but only ripped up the sides there is much of the old part is standing intact, while adjacent parts of the new work are wholly carried off. There was no central wall of puddle or masonry either in the new or the old dam. It has been the invariable practice of engineers for thirty or forty years to use one or the other in building high dams of earth. It is doubtful if there is a single other dam or reservoir in any other part of the United States of over fifty feet high which lacks this central wall. The reconstructed dam also bears evidence of great ignorance or carelessness in having been made nearly two feet lower in the middle than at the ends. It should have rather have crowned in the middle, which would have counteracted the overflow if it should occur at the ends instead of in the centre.

A Supply Train Stopped by Hose.

Thursday the first through supply train on its way over the mountains. Word of the outrage was sent in to Kearnsville. A number of militiamen camped on the hillside above Kearnsville started in pursuit. They came across a crowd of Huns and chased them through Kearnsville up over the hill, but failed to catch them. Trains will be guarded hereafter.

During the fire at Parson's woolen mill a seemingly organized gang of vandals robbed a number of private houses and carried off nearly all of the valuables. The thieves, who were not Hungarians, as reported, were seen by a number of people, but were so badly frightened by the fire that they were powerless to interfere or to give an alarm. The body of Rev. Lichenberger has been recovered. The body of Dr. Lee was taken from the river at Wheeling. His wife was rescued.

Words of Relief.

A cry for relief has come from the borough of Woodvale for 600 destitute people who are without food. A car load of provisions has been sent up and distributed.

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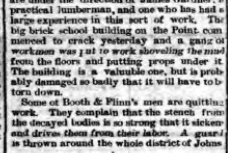

SUFFERING CHILDREN AT JOHNSTOWN RELIEF.

in the road and broken nearly every bone in the body of the unfortunate. It was impossible to identify the corpse, and it was taken to the morgue and orders issued for its burial.

So overwhelming is the shock that the undertakers often hurriedly perform their task of washing a body and preparing it for burial and then retreat to the yard to await the arrival of the next ghastly find. In some cases it is necessary to inter a body within a few hours, for the odors are terribly offensive and reveal days. Every possible opportunity is afforded for identification. *One body found was that of a girl about 17 years old,* who was perfectly preserved in a block of ice and put into a jelly. Two men and a woman were taken from in front of a store on Main street.

He Had Stolen $15,000.

Thursday night a private of Company E captured a man who had been prowling through the wreckage. In his pockets were found $15,000 worth of notes and drafts, many of them negotiable.

Work has been begun on the ruins of the Hurlburt house. Of the fifty-six guests at the hotel only eighteen are known to have escaped and only nine bodies have been recovered.

Alexander B. Campbell, a New York detective, who is acting under Gen. Hastings, has returned from a trip to the country, where he located thirty-six barrels of flour. Teams and men were sent out to bring them in. The house of Mrs. Mills and the house of Jacob Stutzman, Mr. Cambell says, *are stocked with enough provisions to last them months.* He also located a number of cases and only nine bodies have been recovered.

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SEATTLE'S BIG FIRE.

Thirty-one Blocks in the City's Center Consumed.

SEVERAL LIVES REPORTED LOST.

Fire Fighters from Neighboring Places Joined Forces with the Local Department, but Were Powerless to Prevent the Destruction—A Loss of $20,000,000.

SEATTLE, Wy. T., June 8.—The city is a picture of blackened, charred and smoking desolation. Business houses and homes by the hundreds have been laid in unsightly ruins, and all through the night, and with the glare of wholesale destruction, hundreds of people wandered about homeless and penniless. Several lives are reported to have been lost in the fanning of walls, but in the confused state of affairs no particulars can be obtained. The stricken city is being guarded by the militia and extra police, who afford protection to property from looters of thieves and vandals, who at the first confusion began to steal and plunder. One hundred arrests have already been made, and it is said that two more were lynched. The loss will aggregate $20,000,000.

From the initial point the fire spread north and south, a distance of one mile. Every newspaper, hotel, telegraph office, railroad depot and wharf in the city was totally destroyed. The entire water front, including all wharves and docks, coal bunkers and railway tracks, the wholesale quarter and everything south of Union street and west of Second street, and reaching around to the gasworks and above Fourth street, on Jackson, was completely wiped out. It is safe to say that the total loss to the city in buildings alone is easily $10,000,000, and all personal losses will probably reach $30,000,000.

The most grave privation felt among the *poor classes is nearly every restaurant and* grocery in the city was consumed by the fire. The burned district, comprising sixty-four blocks, now smoldering in the ashes of a fire-swept area, and reaching around to the gasworks and above Fourth street, on Jackson, was completely wiped out. It is safe to say that the total loss to the city in buildings alone is easily $10,000,000, and all personal losses will probably reach $30,000,000.

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In Penn's Valley and along the line of the Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont railroad the worst damage in the county was done.

Millheim was under water to a depth of *three feet, and being very low* sustained severe damage, every business house losing at least one-half of its stock.

At Coburn the waters spread over the entire town, and in some places by actual measurement were thirty feet deep. To add to the horror of the situation the flood occurred during the night. Famished who had not time to take to the hills climbed on the tops of houses. Over a foot deep in places of refuge topple and themselves fall into the foaming cauldron of seeming certain destruction. There were drowned a Mrs. Simon Pierce and two children. But no fatal loss is to be mourned for prompt assistance scores would have perished. At one place thirty-five persons were pulled from the foaming torrent, and many others succeeded in effecting a landing for themselves. Simon Pantust was in Cameron county at the time, and being a stalled of the fate of his family he started for home. In crossing the Susquehanna river the boat fell in and was drowned, and thus the entire *family perished.*

Not One Good House Left Standing.

In Coburn there is not one good house left standing. Individual losses cannot be enumerated, but the total loss will aggregate fully $300,000. The valley is strewn with all kinds of dead animals. The Lewisburg railroad from Coburn to Lewisburg, a distance of forty-five miles, is a complete ruin, only fifteen miles of track yet remaining. It will be before it can be repaired in fit for travel.

At Philipsburg no damage worth mentioning was done.

Bellefonte has been completely isolated ever since last Friday. No mails have reached here in that time and telegraphic communication was not restored until today. The Pennsylvania railroad is now running trains on all its branches as far as repaired, but valley in a few days better arrangements will be made, although it may be months before the service will be complete.

Another Great Dam May Give Way.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 8.—A special dispatch to The Herald from Olean says: The largest artificial body of water in the united States is situated 783 feet above Olean. It is said to be liable to give way at any moment. It would flood the Allegheny valley canal, but it is now merely a sportsman's paradise. It is condemned by public sentiment and the state superintendent of canals. Mr. Bradley, a resident of Olean, residing in Cuba, Hinsdale, Olean and Allegany. In fact the whole Genesee valley has protested against the maintenance of the reservoir, as it is a menace to people and is liable to sweep them into chaos, as did the Johnstown reservoir, at any time.

The reservoir is one-third larger than the Conemaugh reservoir, and there is no reason why it should not be abolished by the state at once. Some ten years ago this dam burst, letting out millions of water and flooding the valley for a distance of 100 miles.

Chasing Weasel at Williamsport.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., June 8.—The supply of clothing here is extensive and the contributions are greatly needed. Up to date the cash contributions from outside places amount to $5,000. Several car loads of provisions on the way have been sent to *Lock Haven,* Crescent and Cogan Valley by order of the mayor, as they could reach those places sooner, and being need there being fully as great as here.

A Tragedy on a Railroad Train.

LONDON, June 8.—A schoolmaster, named Keeling, boarded a train on the Northwestern railway at Birmingham, together with his wife, when a young woman named Lester, the principal of a school in the city, also got on the train and proceeded far, Keeling shot his companion and threw her out of the window of the compartment in which the pair had been assigned. Keeling then finished his bloody work by shooting himself dead.

Engineer Rourke's Bravery Rewarded.

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CENTRE COUNTY'S LOSS.

The Flood Came at Night and Did Frightful Damage.

SCORES OF FARMS SWEPT CLEAN.

The Bald Eagle Valley Laid Waste for Seventy Miles—Millesburg, Milheim, Coburn and Other Places—Everything was Inundated—Reports from Other Points.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., June 8.—In all the history of central Pennsylvania there has never been known such high water or never have they been attended with such disastrous results as that of the last day of May and 1st of June.

In 1865, and again in 1876, Centre county had it cold, but this time the water in this place was two feet higher than on the previous occasion.

Bellefonte is built prin cipally upon hills, but notwithstanding that fact, the water overflowed the lower streets and filled the lower parts of houses. The damage at Bellefonte will be very slight, but in the Bald Eagle valley $500,000 will not cover the damages. From the upper end of the valley, at Tyrone, through its entire length down to Lock Haven, the water it spread over the entire valley almost a mile in width and from three to fifteen feet in depth. As a result we have a rich, fertile valley blooming with the promise of beautiful crops, there now is nothing but a barren waste, dotted every here and there with huge piles of stones and debris, the remains of buildings and fences. Not a single building torn to splint rs and piled up by the relentless flood.

Not One Farm Escaped.

In all that stretch of valley for a distance of seventy miles there is not one farm uninjured. The Bald Eagle Valley railroad was washed out more t an half of its length, but since then has been partially repaired, and there are trains running into Bellefonte over that road.

In Miles burg the water filled the houses to a depth of from three to six feet, and great damage was done. No lives were lost, however. The iron bridge at that place was washed away, and the Millhall bridge at the lowest end of the valley was destroyed. The low, independent of the railroad through this valley, is estimated at $500,000.

In Penn's Valley and along the line of the Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont railroad the worst damage in the county was done.

Millheim was under water to a depth of *three feet, and being very low* sustained severe damage, every business house losing at least one-half of its stock.

At Coburn the waters spread over the entire town, and in some places by actual measurement were thirty feet deep. To add to the horror of the situation the flood occurred during the night. Famished who had not time to take to the hills climbed on the tops of houses. Over a foot deep in places of refuge topple and themselves fall into the foaming cauldron of seeming certain destruction. There were drowned a Mrs. Simon Pierce and two children. But no fatal loss is to be mourned for prompt assistance scores would have perished. At one place thirty-five persons were pulled from the foaming torrent, and many others succeeded in effecting a landing for themselves. Simon Pantust was in Cameron county at the time, and being a stalled of the fate of his family he started for home. In crossing the Susquehanna river the boat fell in and was drowned, and thus the entire *family perished.*

Not One Good House Left Standing.

In Coburn there is not one good house left standing. Individual losses cannot be enumerated, but the total loss will aggregate fully $300,000. The valley is strewn with all kinds of dead animals. The Lewisburg railroad from Coburn to Lewisburg, a distance of forty-five miles, is a complete ruin, only fifteen miles of track yet remaining. It will be before it can be repaired in fit for travel.

At Philipsburg no damage worth mentioning was done.

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Legal Notices.

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Circuit Judge in and for the County of Somerset.

In matter of application for election to fix license fee at $500 in the borough of North Plainfield.

Application by a petition signed by at least one-fifth of the legal voters, voting at the last previous gubernatorial election in the borough of North Plainfield in the county of Somerset, that the license fee required to be granted by the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Somerset to Thomas Williams, William J. Magie, Circuit Judge in and for said county of Somerset, according to the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, be increased from not less than a certain sum of money named and specified in said petition, to wit, the sum of one hundred and seven hundred dollars ($500) be charged and required to be paid by the said persons to be granted to sell spirituous, vinous, malt or brewed liquors or any of them, by less measure than one quart at the time of sale in the borough of Plainfield, and it appearing to me on the hearing of said application, that the petition of the county of Somerset at Somerville in the place and borough of North Plainfield at least two weeks prior to the said seventeenth day of June next, which petition I have perused and carefully considered.

A true copy. W. J. MAGIE.

WM. A. SCROMP, Clerk.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

Organized 1855. —THE— Incorporated 1889.

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A. KINGSLEY, Gen'l Manager.

82 Liberty St., N. Y.

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New Designs, Largest Assortment, Best work For Least Money

Excelled by none

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20, 21 and 22 SOMERSET ST.

Carriage Materials,

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and Horse Goods

J. V. F. RYERSON

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 25c. This is a bargain. There are other l oses containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up. Rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.

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24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

H. J. MARTIN,

Successor to

PERSONAL BOOKS,

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WHITE DRESSES

Children's White Dresses, embd'd, yoke, 25c.

" " " with two rows Hamburg insertion, 40c.

Children's Fine White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $2.

We make a specialty of Misses' White Dresses from $1 to $3.

Children's Crinkle Seersucker Dresses, 25c.

Boys' Waists, Plaited fronts and backs, 25c.

JERSEYS, JERSEYS.

Black Jersey, Coat Back, 50c. Colored Jerseys, with Coat Backs, 60c. White Jerseys, with plaited vest fronts, 75c. White Jerseys, new styles, $1.50, $1.85 and $2.

MITTS. Children's Silk Mitts, 10c and 25c.

Ladies' Silk Mitts in Lace and Jersey, 15c, 25c, 37c and 50c.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.—Children's gauze vests, in size 16, 18 and 20 inches, 10cts. Boys' gauze vests, 12½, Twin ribbed vests, 15c, 25c and 35c. Man's gauze vests, 25c. Man's Summer merino shirts and drawers, 50c and 75c. Man's Balbriggan vests and drawers, 39c and 50c. Men's Jean Drawers, 39c and 45c. Boys' Jean Drawers, 44c. Boys' Knickerbocker Jean Drawers, 35c.

Louis Callman,

36 WEST FRONT STREET.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

92 and 94 floors. P O Box 1288.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit. Everybody knows that they are the best. Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

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At ALLEN'S,

The Stationer,

You can find a large line

EASTER GOODS

in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc!

22 EAST FRONT STREET.

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INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Front street and Park avenue

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A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER

and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 23.

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PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWERS,

Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers

Hardware, Plumbing, Tinning.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 East Front street.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

MACHINE SHOP

Mr. Buenos Ayres.

A Boston shoe manufacturer on a recent trip in the south exhibited some samples of shoes to a dealer. The latter objected to the color of the sole. The manufacturer explained that the soles were made from the best Buenos Ayres leather. "Well, Mr. Buenos Ayres may be a good tanner, but I don't fancy his leather."—Shoe and Leather Reporter.

A Lover of Justice.

"Where did you get that cake, Annie?"

"Mother gave it to me."

"She's always a-giving you more'n she does me."

"Never mind, Harry; she's going to put mustard plasters on us to-night, and I'll ask her to let you have the biggest."—Life.

The Old Man Was Disappointed.

Uncle Peter went to see a ball game last Saturday. It was his first view of such a contest in ten years, and he looked somewhat disappointed as the innings rolled off with machine like promptness, but he said nothing until he was on board a homeward bound car. Then his nephew addressed him:

"What do you think of it, uncle?"

"That was a baseball game, was it?"

"Of course it was. Why do you ask that?"

"And they call that playing?"

"Certainly."

"Nobody punched nobody else from one end to the other?"

"No, indeed."

"And the umpire wasn't kicked off the field?"

"That is a rare diversion nowadays."

"And the whole eighteen men didn't huddle together in a bunch and jaw every time a man was called out?"

"Oh, no."

"And nobody didn't steal the best bats and make off with the spare ball?"

"That is impossible under the present arrangement."

"And the whole thing didn't wind up in a free fight?"

"You saw that it didn't."

"I know that I saw it didn't, and I also know a game of real baseball when I see it, and that combination croquet party that we paid $2 to look at is no more like the real games they used to play than an amateur minstrel show is like genuine fun.—Charlestown Enterprise.

Ready to Take His Medicine.

"Did I ever say all that?" he asked despondently, as she replaced the phonograph on the corner of the mantelpiece.

"You did."

"And you can grind it out of that machine whenever you choose?"

"Certainly."

"And your father is a lawyer?"

"Yes."

"Maud, when can I place the ring on your finger and call you my wife?"—Merchant Traveler.

Bound to Kill Them Somehow.

"Mary, said the sick man, feebly, "those yowling cats annoy me terribly. Can't they be reached by a shot gun or something of that kind?"

"No," replied his wife; "they are on the flat roof of the adjoining house."

"Mary," exclaimed the invalid again, after a pause and his face grew hard and pitiless —"throw some of these medicines up on the roof!"—Chicago Tribune.

The Usual Disappointment.

Omaha Youth—I've called for my new spring suit.

Average Tailor—Sorry, but it is not finished.

Omaha Youth—Why, you said you would have it done if you worked all night.

Average Tailor—Yes, but I didn't work all night.—Omaha World.

Couldn't Use Him.

Electrician—So you want a job, do you?

Stranger—Yes, sir. I saw your advertisement, and thought I'd call.

Electrician—What was your last business?

Stranger—I was a street car conductor, but during the strike I lost my place.

Electrician—I'm sorry, my man, but we have no use for non-conductors in our business.—Judge.

Learning Fast.

Visitor—Well, Tommy, how are you getting on at school?

Tommy (aged 9)—First rate. I ain't doing as well as some of the other boys, though. I can stand on my head, but I have to put my feet against the fence. I want to do it without using near the fence at all, and I guess I can after awhile.—Yankee Blade.

Why He Smiled.

Smith—De Binks, why that satisfied smile? You don't look like a man who has just been fined $10 and costs for fast driving.

De Binks—Why, man alive, I just sold that old nag of mine for $150 more than he was worth. Did it on the strength of the fine. Who wouldn't smile!—Kearney (Neb.) Enterprise.

An Urgent Message.

Valet ringing up the doctor at 11:30 p. m.) —Councilor M——— sends his compliments and desires you to come to him at once.

Doctor (in dishabille)—Good gracious! What is the matter with him?

Valet—He wants a fourth hand for a rubber of whist.—Humoristische Blaetter.

Getting There Gradually.

He—Do you read the current fiction of the day?

She—Not very extensively, I am ashamed to say. However, I did wade through "Robert Elsmere," and I intend to read this "Pigs in Clover" that everybody is talking about.—Burlington Free Press.

Mr. Quickwit Signalizes.

Mr. Quickwit to Mrs. Coeruair, who is profusely bedecked with imitation diamonds) —Madame, you remind me of an open faced watch.

Mrs. Coeruair—How so? To, to, to!"

Mr. Quickwit—Your crystal is so prominent.—Jeweler's Weekly.

Literature in Chicago.

Eastern Man (in Chicago)—Collecting subscriptions for the Browning club, eh? What do you need a fund for?—to rent a hall?

Chicago Youth—No, we have a hall; but we want to raise money enough to buy two copies of Browning and a billiard table.—New York Weekly.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W. RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts.,

All goods Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m. RICE & Co., Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

LAING'S HOTEL, J. B. Miller & Bro., PROPRIETORS. Front street opposite Madison avenue A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

TUNIS J. CAREY 31 WEST FRONT STREET, all kinds of Second-Hand FURNITURE including CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES, Bought and Sold I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

No Chemicals. W. BAKER & Co.'S Breakfast Cocoa Is Absolutely Pure, and it is Soluble.

To increase the solubility of the powdered cocoa, various expedients are employed, most of them being based upon the action of some alkali, potash, soda or even ammonia. Cocoa which has been prepared by one of these chemical processes, can usually be recognized at once by the disagreeable alkaline aspect of the infusion in water.

W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa is manufactured from the first stage to the last by perfect mechanical processes, no chemical being used in its preparation. By one of the most ingenious of these mechanical processes the greatest degree of fineness is secured without the sacrifice of the attractive and beautiful red color which is characteristic of an absolutely pure and natural cocoa.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

J. C. Pierson, Jr., DEALER IN Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators, Screen Doors, etc., etc., etc. 42 West Front St.

CARPETINGS. W. & J. SLOANE Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the Spring Trade

MOQUETTES, from $1.25 per yd. upward. BODY BRUSSELS from 85c per yd. upward TAPESTRY from 55c per yd. upward. INGRAINS, from 40c per yd. upward. Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention. BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH ST. NEW YORK CITY.

Terrill & Cole, successors to Ford & Stiles UNDERTAKERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS, No. 39 East Front street, Plainfield. M. N. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole Telephone call 44.

Wm. J. Stephenson, CATERER and Ice Cream Dealer, 24 NORTH AVENUE.

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BARGAINS! In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farwin Iron wagons, at John F. Wells, Rea's street, North Plainfield.

L. HEYNIGER, 81 & 83 Somerset St., NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality, PRICES LOW. A full line of HICKEY'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

L. A. Rheaume, Lumber, Coal, Wood and MASONS' MATERIALS PEACE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH. Telephone call No. 124.

R. A. ROSS, 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Yard Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS, Carpenter and Builder, Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evons. P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

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FINE BUTTER, PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE. Fancy Groceries and the VERY BEST Imported and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice California Prunes, 12c per lb. ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN. Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties. 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street

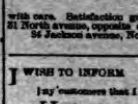
SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S Sulphur Vapor Baths Fifth street, near Peace 10-15tf

WEAR THE BURT & PACKARD "Kortect Shape." FORREST SHAPE IT CONFORMS TO SHAPE OF FOOT. If you want perfection in fit, with freedom from pinching and rubbing, ask your dealer for the $3 Burt & Packard Shoe. If he cannot supply you, send to us. Illustrated catalogue free. Mention this paper. BURT & PACKARD, Boston, Mass. All styles in Hand and Machine Sewed, Opera and Common Sense, at one uniform price, $3.00. Sold by Packard & Field, Somerset, Bates, Packard & Yan Arsdale, 22 W. Front St., Plainfield, N. J.

HEAD HOW TO SAVE MONEY. Best three-looped large clear Cedar Tub $1.25 cash delivered. Knotted fence, chest pine and painted tubs from 15c up. Eureka pail or pail's 24 tacoons, retails 10c. Best thick and wide butter in large assortment and very low; tin and wooden ware in all new variety nice at astonishing figures. Plain large chinaware, 5c. Glass sets of four pieces sugar bowl, butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, several styles, only 25c. Elegant 8-pc or 9-pc decorated set of six goblets two quart pitcher and berry glass tray, 60c. Glass spice dishes, all styles, 3 cents across. Glass fruit jars, pints 40c per doz. Extra quarts 50c per doz. Pint Mason, Electric Seals, only 10c. J. C. ALLEN, 16 W. Front street.

GEO. CONOVER, FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS. Furniture Moved to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks. Pianos Moved with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added Hats and Caps to my large stock of CLOTHING GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jacks Overalls, &c. O. M. DUNHAM'S 45 WEST FRONT ST., next Burt's Shoe Store.



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FIT FOR A KING! KNAPP'S ROOT BEER EXTRACT IS THE ORIGINAL and most concentrated preparation of its kind. It has twice many 1-2 gallons, Full directions are on each bottle for making a delicious, refreshing and wholesome HOME DRINK! Buy the ORIGINAL and best. Price 25c. 50c. and $1.00. DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS.

12 Photo Engravings or Water Supply and 40 Pages, Catalogue of mammoth stock of KALAMAZOO KNITTER 32 styles of Machines, Yarns, Etc. Kalamazoo Knitting Machine Co., Kalamazoo, Michigan.

Window Screens and Door Screens fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At 30 SOMERSET STREET.

THE BEES AND the people swarm to Howell, the Grocer for the correct thing in FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES, CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC., NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot. Telephone Call 30.

William C Smith. Practical Mason and Builder all orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grove avenue. P. O. Box 86.

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Second streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

Professional Cards.

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44.

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P. A. DURHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 2 Park avenue. Office hours from 10 to 12 and 2 to 4. Residence, 1 Grove avenue. Orders may be left at Packard & Field's, Somerset, Bates. Plans and estimates furnished.

OGDEN & TRAER, Counselors at Law, Front Room, 2nd story, corner of Park avenue and Front street. Entrance on Front street. Plainfield, N. J.

ESTEY SAVE MONEY by purchasing an Estey Piano. Do not decide what piano to buy until you have inspected the Estey. The Estey is not sold by agents, but direct from the factory to the home, thereby saving the purchaser the dealer's profit. Every piano warranted for six years. The Estey Piano has improvements found in no other piano, and is conceded by all musicians to be the most perfect piano made. Write for catalogue and price list. Estey Piano Co., Brattleboro, Vt. Warerooms, 46 Adams street, Chicago, Ill. Estey Piano Co., 915 Broadway, New York. Estey Piano Co., 149 Tremont street, Boston. Estey Piano Co., 1004 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. Estey Piano Co., 817 Market street, San Francisco. Estey Piano Co., 1228 Main street, Richmond, Va. Estey Piano Co., 1 Bank street, Cleveland, O. Estey Piano Co., 1 Bank street, Cleveland, O. Estey Piano Co., 1 Bank street, Cleveland, O

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Yachts That Have Raced for the American Cup.

The queen's cup, which was given by the royal yacht squadron in May, 1851, for a race around the Isle of Wight, was won by the schooner yacht America, now owned by Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, but whose principal owner at that time was Commodore J. C. Stevens, of the New York Yacht club. The America's hull was designed by George Steers, at Greenpoint, and registered in custom house tonnage at 170 tons. She carried no foretopmast and displayed no boom on her foresail. She started in the queen's race on Friday, Aug. 22, 1851, and held it against fourteen crack British yachts, completing the run of eighty-one miles, despite the loss of her jibboom, eight minutes in advance of the cutter Aurora. The cup then came to this country, and has remained here ever since. Contests for it took place in 1870, 1871, 1876, 1881, 1885, and 1887, the American yachts coming off victorious in every instance.

In 1870 the Cambria came over the seas and was beaten and beaten soundly by the old America, Dauntless, Magic, Idler, Silvie, Maggie Phantom, Alice and Halcyon all making better time. In 1871 the Livonia came over and tried her mettle with the Columbia, who took her handsomely the first time by 22m. 10s., and the second by nearly 8 minutes. In the third trial she was defeated, owing to the loss of her sailing master and the breaking of her steering gear. A few days after the keel schooner Sappho defeated the Livonia twice, once by 18m. 21s., and again by 25m. 22s. The next race was in 1876, when the Canadian yacht Countess of Dufferin came down to try for the cup. The Madeline defeated her in fine shape, first by 10m. 59s., and again by 22m. 18s. The Canadian made a second trial in 1881, with the centerboard sloop Atalanta. She was beaten both by the Mischief and Gracie, the latter's margin of safety being respectively 23m. 36s., and 38m. 54s.

In 1885 the Genesta made the attempt and was beaten by the Puritan, of Boston; first race, 8m. 54s.; second race, 6m. 5s.; Genesta, 5h. 22m. 24s.; second race, Puritan, 5h. 3m. 54s.; Genesta, 5h. 4m. 52s. The Gaintes entered for the cup in 1886 against the Mayflower, Puritan and Priscilla. Time allowance of 42 seconds, Mayflower, 5h. 26m. 41s.; Galatea, 5h. 38m. 43s.; second race, Sept. 11, Mayflower, 5h. 29m. 25s.; time allowance 18m. 9s. English (or Scotch) blood being now up, the Thistle made in 1887 the desperate effort to regain the cup. The Volunteer was built to defend it, and defend it she did, 2?, Volunteer, 4h. 53m. 18s.; Thistle, 5h. 12m. 41½s., being allowed 5 seconds and being beaten by 19 minutes and 29½ seconds, or a little over 2½ minutes in a race of 30 nautical miles. In the second race, Sept. 20, the Volunteer 5h. 42m. 50½s. beat the Thistle 5h. 54m. 44s. by 11 minutes and 47½ seconds. The Red, White and Blue sailed from New York to London in the early summer of 1866 and was subsequently on exhibition at Paris. She was ship rigged, 38 feet long, and carried three men.

Queer Epitaphs.

The Boston Transcript has been publishing some oddities in the way of epitaphs lately Here are a few specimens:

When I was like you.
In years not a few,
On the ocean I toil'd.
The tide flow I have broil'd,
In Greenland I've shiver'd,
Now from Saratoga driver'd,
Captain Old Death,
I surrendered my breath,
And now I do snag
As a boat in a crag.

Copied from New England Palladium, Boston, Friday, Oct 4, 1805, was found in Waddington church yard, England, in memory of William Richard Phelps, late boatswain of H. M. S. Invincible; died April 21, 1779.

The following epitaph is copied from a village burying ground near An Sable Chasm, N. Y.:

Silly Thomas is here, and that's enough.
The candle is out, alas the snuff.
Her soul's with God, you need not fear.
And what remains is interred here.

The following quaint rhyme may be found on an ancient tombstone in Wrentham:

A tub of water for the fish
Not knowing it would take her breath,
But oh, alas! the fatal sting
Did prove to her a sudden death.

This was taken from a churchyard in Yorkshire, England, on a woman who sold earthenware:

Beneath this stone lies Catherine Gray,
Changed from busy life to lifeless clay;
By earth and clay she got her pelf,
And unto clay she turned to clay herself.
Ye weeping friends, let me advise—
Abate your grief and dry your eyes—
For what avails these sighs and cries?
Who knows but in a score of years,
In some old potsherd or bowl or pan,
She in her shop may be again?

Origin of Fruits.

Cherries were known in Asia as far back as the Seventeenth century. Garlic came to us first from Sicily and the shores of the Mediterranean. Asparagus was originally a wild sea coast plant, and is a native of Great Britain. Nectarine received its name from nectar, the principal drink of the gods. The tomato is a native of South America, and it takes its name from a Portuguese word. Greengage is called after the Gage family, who first took it into England from a monastery in Paris. Parsley is said to have come from Egypt, and mythology tells us it was used to adorn the head of Hercules. Apples were originally brought from the east by the Romans, and the bible is responsible for the Great Britain. It is a curious fact that while the names of our animals are of Saxon origin, Norman names are given to the flesh they yield. The onion was almost an object of worship with the Egyptians 2,000 years before the Christian era. It first came from India. The cantaloupe is a native of America, and so called from the name of a place near Rome, where it was first cultivated in Europe. Before the middle of the Seventeenth century tea was not used in England, and was entirely unknown to the Greeks. The word biscuit, French for "twice baked," because, originally, that was the mode of entirely depriving it of moisture.

Lord Bute's Residence.

The largest and costliest private mansion in the world is that belonging to Lord Bute, called "Montstuart," and situated near Rothesay, England. It covers nearly two acres, is built in the Gothic style, the towers and balconies are built of stone. The immense tower in the center of the building is 120 feet high, with a balcony around the top. The halls are constructed entirely of marble and alabaster; all the rooms are finished in mahogany, rosewood and walnut; the fireplaces are all carved marbles of antique designs. The exact cost of this fairy palace is not known, but it has never been estimated at less than $5,000,000.

A Big Ferryboat.

The largest ferryboat ever constructed was named the Solano, and is now in use daily conveying cars across the Straits of Carquinez, between Benecia and Port Costa. The Solano is 459 feet long, 106 feet wide and 30 feet depth of hold. She has eight steel boilers, four rudders and a tonnage of 2,841 tons. On her decks are four railway tracks, with capacity for forty-eight ordinary freight cars and two locomotives, or twenty-eight passenger coaches of the largest build.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Hanging Pictures, Staining Floors and Other Practical Household Matters.

Marring the walls of rooms with nail holes where pictures are to be hung is prevented by putting up a gilt or plain wooden molding all around the room at a distance of seven inches from the ceiling, according to the height of the walls. The molding comes just below the frieze or top border of the wall. If it is not gilt it may be painted to match the woodwork of the room. If the walls are painted instead of papered the molding may be painted of darker or contrasting color. The pictures on the walls are suspended from the molding by means of small brass fine wires that come for this use. Fine picture wire should be employed in place of the old fashioned cord, which catches dust, and is liable to become rotten or moth eaten and to give way under the weight of heavy pictures.

Stained and varnished floors are favored by many people, and any one who feels a reluctance to put down again for the season a hot and dust giving carpet, will do well to try the following plan, which a good housekeeper says she has used successfully: "At first I had all rough places planed off. Then I took some cherry stain, bought ready mixed in a tin can, and put it on the floor with a wide paint brush, rubbing it in carefully in the grain of the wood. I put on two coats of the stain. When the last coat of stain was dry I varnished the floor with spar varnish, which is harder than most varnishes and does not scratch so easily. I put on two coats of this, letting the first dry hard before applying the second. The floor stands wear very nicely and looks well if repolished once a year. I keep it clean by washing off with tepid water."

It is best not to cover the floor of closets with woolen carpeting, for, as they are dark and quiet, moths and other vermin are more likely to collect there. Straw matting or oilcloth is more easily kept in order. Even heavy brown wrapping paper is not a bad substitute in closets little used.

To clean and remove stains from marble the following is useful:

Mix powdered pumice stone, one part of pumice stone and one part finely powdered chalk; sift through a fine sieve and mix with water; rub it well over the marble and wash off with soap and water. Polish the marble with a piece of flannel or old felt.

To wash draperies or curtains of art muslin successfully, lay them in cold water to soak the worst of the dirt; then wash in tepid water with good soap, but no soda; rinse through cold water with a little salt if the colors are not perfectly fast, and dry quickly; fold before they are quite dry and iron lightly with a not too hot iron.

To prepare a whitewashed wall for papering, scrape off as much as possible of the whitewash and sweep or rub the wall well to remove all dust; then with a whitewash brush give the walls a coat of sizing in solution of half a pound of glue to about three gallons of water), and when this is dry hang the paper with paste in the usual way.

A Household Pest.

Those who have not already done so will now be taking their annual precautions against bugs in beds or seeking to get rid of them. Dr. C. V. Riley, government entomologist, tells in Good Housekeeping the best methods of accomplishing this work, and a part of his timely advice is here given as of great value to housewives:

Benzine must be our strongest weapon. Finely sprayed with a hand atomizer, it will penetrate the minutest cracks and is sure death to the insect in all its stages, including the egg. It is a certain remedy, and, used thoroughly, will destroy every bug in a house. Kerosene is almost as good and a little more lasting in its effects. Many preventives have been advised, but none are permanent. One of the best of formulas for a substance which when put on the cracks in the bedstead or the wall is one ounce corrosive sublimate, half a pint of alcohol and one-quarter pint spirits of turpentine.

There are always beginners and inexperienced persons to be informed, otherwise it would be supererogation to advise the housewife to pay particular attention to the belongings of new servants and even to the baggage of refined and cleanly guests who come from the south or west, and have stopped on the way at hotels. Should a fact that little of a practical nature can be written of this insect that experienced housekeepers will not know already. It may not be out of place, however, to say that the bedbug has been found in the woods under the bark of trees, and that, therefore, in country houses in certain localities the occasional presence of the bug is not necessarily a mark of uncleanliness.

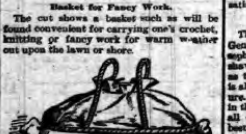
It may be well to state that there exist other allied bugs which possess much the same odor as the bed bug, but are much severe than that of the true bedbug. The blood sucking conenose is one of these. It is found in the country all the way south as New Jersey and Illinois, but does not habitually breed in such localities. Its colors are black and red.

Plain Omelet.

Put a good plain omelet beat up three or four eggs with one dessert spoonful of parsley finely minced, and pepper and salt to taste. Put a piece of butter the size of an egg into a frying pan; as soon as it is melted, pour in the omelet mixture, and, holding the handle of the pan with one hand, stir the omelet with the other by means of a spoon. The moment it begins to set cease stirring, but keep on shaking the pan for a minute or two; then turn the whole, spoon and all, the omelet and keep shaking the pan until the under side of the omelet has become of a golden color. Turn it out on a hot dish and serve.

Basket for Fancy Work.

The cut shows a basket such as will be found convenient for carrying one's crochet, knitting or fancy work for warm weather out upon the lawn or shore.



A CONVENIENT WORK BASKET.

This basket is of rattan, and very handsome, being covered with green cloth studded with daisies, either appliqued or embroidered, and edged with curd of a deeper shade than the cloth. The lid is fit to match, with handles and bows corresponding.

Ice Cream Cake.

One cupful of sugar, one and a half cupfuls of flour, one-half of a cupful of corn starch, the whites of four eggs beaten stiff, one-half cupful of butter, one cupful cupful of milk, one and a half teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Bake in layers and spread with boiled icing.

Rhubarb Cream Pie.

Stew rhubarb as for sauce, and sweeten well. For each teacupful of this sauce stir in two teaspoonfuls of corn starch, mixed smooth, and the yolks of two eggs. Bake with under crust only, and cover with a meringue of the whites of three eggs.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

DEVOTED TO THE POPULAR SCIENCE NEWS OF THE TIMES.

Description of the Walking Fish Found in the Waters of Brazil—A Curious Way of Separating an Apple Into Two Oddly Shaped Pieces.

The singular animal represented in the engraving (from *La Nature*) is the Malthe Vespertilio, a fish found in the waters of Brazil, but not which, instead of swimming as it is only able to crawl or hop at the bottom of the water. Like the frogs, it is able to leave the water for a short time, and seek its food upon the land, where its peculiar powers of locomotion are very useful.

THE WALKING FISH.

The engraving gives a side view of the animal about one-third of the natural size, and also a view of the lower or ventral surface, showing how the fins have been modified into organs resembling the limbs of the higher animals. The head is very large and is provided with a bony proboscis, at the end of which are the nasal orifices. All the upper part of the body is covered with bony plates, like those of the sturgeon, and a comparatively slender tail terminates in a thick, fleshy fin. A few projecting spines upon the back are all there is left of the usual dorsal fin.

The most remarkable modifications, however, are those of the pectoral fins situated farthest forward on the body. We find them here diminished in size, and terminated by an enlarged, fleshy mass, which shows no trace of fin rays. The ventral fins, also small, are in fact, transformed into little feet, their original adaptation to swimming purposes having entirely disappeared. The ventral or posterior fins are even more modified, and resemble more closely the hind legs of a frog than the swimming members of an ordinary fish. The anal fin also, as shown in the view of the fish from below, instead of projecting outwardly, is flattened horizontally against the body of the animal, and is thus a further aid to locomotion.

Curious Way of Cutting an Apple.

An apple may be cut into two separate pieces of a most peculiar shape, with the aid of a simple trick, Popular Science News tells how to do this. The illustration shows the lines to be followed. It will be noticed that two cuts are made, at right angles to

SEPARATING AN APPLE.

each other, through half the circumference of the apple, and then two more cuts of one-quarter the circumference. Finish the process, and divide the fruit into the two pieces represented, which can easily be put together or separated, and will puzzle the uninitiated as to just how they were made.

Canned Goods—Adulterated Foods.

Of fifty-five samples of canned goods analyzed by Dr. William K. Newton, but one was found not up to the standard. Of 121 samples of milk forty-three were not as required by law. Adulteration of milk is now practically confined to the large cities, the general milk being excellent. Of 623 articles of food analyzed 303, or 48.64 per cent. were adulterated or below the legal standards. Of twenty-four samples of ground coffee examined eight were pure and sixteen were adulterated. The adulterants were roasted and ground peas, beans, wheat and chicory.

Notes and News.

Columbia college has established a course of electrical engineering.

The difficulty of obtaining pure brandy of any finely minded, and pepper and salt to taste. Put a piece of butter the size of an egg into a frying pan; as soon as it is melted, pour in the omelet mixture, and, holding the handle of the pan with one hand, stir the omelet with the other by means of a spoon. The moment it begins to set cease stirring, but keep on shaking the pan for a minute or two; then turn the whole, spoon and all, the omelet and keep shaking the pan until the under side of the omelet has become of a golden color. Turn it out on a hot dish and serve.

Shaving the Face.

The first reference to shaving is found in Genesis, xli, 14, where it is set forth that Joseph, on being summoned before the king, shaved himself. There are several directions as to shaving in Leviticus, and the practice is alluded to in many other parts of Scripture. Egypt is the only country mentioned in the Bible where shaving was practiced. In all other countries such a custom would have been ignominious. Herodotus mentions that the Egyptians allowed their beards to grow when in mourning. So particular were they as to shaving at other times that to have neglected it was a subject of reproach and ridicule, and whenever they intended to convey the idea of a man of low condition or slavish habits the artists represented him with a beard.

Unlike the Romans of a later age, the Egyptians did not confine the privilege of shaving to those born without, but obliged their slaves to shave both beard and head. The priests also shaved the head. Shaving the head became fashionable among the Romans about 300 B. C. According to Pliny, Scipio Africanus was the first Roman who shaved daily. In France the custom of shaving the head was introduced by Louis le Debonnaire, young and beardless. The Anglo-Saxons wore their beards until, as the Conquest, they were compelled to follow the example of the Normans, who shaved. From the time of Edward III to that of Charles I beards were universally worn. In Charles II's reign the mustache and whiskers only were worn, and from after the time of Queen Anne shaving became general throughout Europe.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Some Facts About the Many Sudden Deaths Attributed to Heart Failure.

Professor Darling, of New York, in a paper on heart disease, which has for one object the correction of the popular misapprehension that there is but one form of this disease and that invariably fatal, states that the trouble is not so common as is generally believed, and that even he failed to recognize it when it did exist.

After long experience and special study Dr. Darling concludes that cardiac disease is not necessarily fatal; that many grave forms are entirely recovered from; that enlargement of the heart is not in itself a disease; that with such valvular defects as developed in childhood, patients have been known to live to be aged men and women, and that with a large majority of these supposed to be suffering from disease of the heart, that organ is in reality perfectly sound and, if affected at all, is suffering secondarily to functional disturbances of organs remote from the heart, and which are capable of proper hygienic measures.

Dr. Darling divides heart troubles into two classes. The first of these, valvular disease, is common to all periods of life. A person suffering from valvular disease is crippled, but, according to Dr. Darling, if the nutrition of this heart be good, by avoiding hallucination and adopting an occupation that does not require great physical strain, by living on a level, as it were, life may be prolonged in comfort for many years.

Heart disease of the second form are, save in exceptional cases, the direct results of hereditary influences or of indiscretions in life, and by proper knowledge and precautions can, in the majority of cases, be avoided; or, if already established, be checked in their progress.

The predisposing causes of this form of disease are long continued mental work, and such indiscretions as the habitual use of wine or excess in the eating of food liable to produce gout, such as beef, mutton and veal-acid, which bring about conditions of the digestive organs, especially of the liver, that results in the changes which cause the heart to fail long before it should.

The author asserts that the forms of heart disease which kill so suddenly, and which do not give the premonitory symptoms, are the presence of a specific poison in the blood, arise in nearly every instance directly from a pathological condition due to certain derangements of the liver.

Conceding liver disturbance to be the primary cause of premature wearing out of the heart, two questions arise: What method of life will prevent these disorders? and, if they exist, how shall life be so regulated as to avoid sudden death? The answer to the first question is: discreet life, temperance in all things, particularly the avoidance of the habitual use, even in moderation, of stimulating drinks, and the ingestion of too much meat. In answer to the second are quoted Dr. George Harley's rules: (1) Take exercise without fatigue, (2) nutrition without stimulation and (3) amusement without excitement.

The Summer Vacation.

The great thing when you go for a change is—to get it. If you are tired bodily and mentally, what on earth is the use of a wild stampede through miles of picture galleries and scores of cities? You are not in a fit state to appreciate all the information you are passing through, you only become twice as jaded. Then if only families would not think it necessary to take their change in droves!

"Father" and his eldest son, to do them justice, fully realize the fallacy of this idea, and do their best to keep both the time and locale of their holiday; as far as may be, independent of the grand family move; but mamma and the girls and children seem indissolubly bound together; and yet if mother would only now and again take a thorough change, what a good thing it would be, not only for herself, but for her family. She would return to her work with renewed energy, and a fund of new ideas; while the others, left to themselves, would learn to appreciate the sympathy and management they had learned from its invariable presence, to take as a matter of course.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

A New Field of Usefulness for the Best Man at Coming June Weddings.

Though brides have all seasons for their own (always excepting May, the unlucky month, and Friday, the unlucky day), during "the month of roses," might almost be called also "the month of weddings," so popular is it as a time for entering the matrimonial state. Nature, fresh verdure and colorless blooms, smiles upon the ceremony and may be expected to furnish pleasant days for the wedding journey. It is therefore timely to mention that, while of late it has been the custom in some circles to keep secret, even from the most intimate friends, the destination of a bride and groom starting on their honeymoon, a still newer feature has been instituted recently by putting all such details in the hands of the best man. This is an English fashion, and it is hoped that the young couple should not be asked to concern themselves with such mundane details as tickets and trunk checks, and that the best man should relieve them of all care on the subject by telegraphing ahead for lodgings, securing seats in the train, looking after the luggage, and even deciding where they are to go.

Of course a discreet best man will by judicious and artful investigation discover from the young people their joint predilections in the matter of scenery, etc., and the duty will not be a take of sending them upon a sea voyage if the lady is not a good sailor, or of booking them for a mountain excursion if the young wife has left the completion of her trousseau for Paris shopping. It is taken for granted that the best man will familiarize himself with the route, with the prices and the general outline of their plans before he makes his decision, but in some cases he has planned quite independently of these, and the result has been a grand success through the very novelty and unexpectedness of the trip. When the carriage comes after the reception and the pair have taken their seats, the best man hands the groom his ticket and checks, and a time table with the place of his destination marked upon it, with the address of the hotel where rooms have been secured. This is the first knowledge the two have of the course and direction of their journey.

In any case the best man looks after the baggage and relieves the bridegroom of all annoyance and care. Should any one on the young couple whither they are flitting, such a question being considered in bad taste.

Offenses Against Good Taste.

While one may, and indeed should, be handsomely dressed at a fashionable summer resort, one must be careful to avoid undue ostentation. Some New York ladies, anxious to obtain a social footing, have failed because of their offenses against good taste in wearing jewels that were too striking, as well as in other matters. It goes without saying, that a person already within the charmed circle is allowed more latitude than would be granted to an outsider. What is only eccentricity in our friends often appears to us almost a crime in a stranger.

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT, 1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICE, and, owing to the very general trade which we have had during the past season, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

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Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET.

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c! these good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Lawns! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 4-4 Batiste and Percales at 12½c and 15c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 39c and 25c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists, 69c to $1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 19c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 39c, 49c and upward.

PARASOLS! Whew! you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest silk at $2.97. In stripes and plain Satins we have all shades at $1 and upward. A bar gain in Black Satin-lined Parasols at $2, $2.49 and $3.97.

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How come down to BOOK MUSLIN OR CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 35c, and extra heavy Ingrains 35c, 45c and 50c. All wool Ingrains, 65c; Genuine home-made Rag Carpets, 35c, 40c and 45c. Fancy Mattings, 12 1-2c upwards. An inspection of all seasonable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

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* * *

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* * *

Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 38c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 35c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 12c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 35c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $3.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

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RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,

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Are the Ones

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Ladies' Hose from 35c to 50c. Children's from 10 to 60 cents. I am the sole agent for them in Plainfield.

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Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made)

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Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty. Saddle Is

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IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE, ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAY'S

City Livery Stables,

54 West Fourth street.

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Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

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FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices, Studio, 20 West Front street. Sunbeam for drawing and oil painting

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

LET A MAN DO ALL THE GOOD HE CAN, AND WHEREVER HE CAN, HE WILL NEVER DO TOO MUCH FOR HIS OWN HAPPINESS OR THE HAPPINESS OF OTHERS.—Bentham.

JOTTINGS.

—*Days of 1889 past, 161; days to come, 204.*

—There will be a mothers' meeting in Reform Hall Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock. All are welcome.

—No more gratifying condition of public sentiment could be demonstrated than the generosity and sympathy that the Johnstown disaster has evolved.

—Mr. J. C. Pierson, jr., of 42 West Front street, offers one-third of his cash sales this week Tuesday and Wednesday for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers.

—Among the items in the list of city contributions for the Johnstown fund, Saturday, was one for "Cash, $10" which should have read "James Lancey, $10".

—The Plainfield Diamonds were beaten by the New York Buttermilks on the Crescent base-ball grounds Saturday. The score was 8 to 1. The visitors made no runs in the last six innings.

—Several young men sought refuge from yesterday's sweltering heat at Glenside Park, where they spent the day in the shady groves with a refreshing dip in the cool waters of the Deserted Village.

—*The annual meeting of the* Plainfield Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children will be held at the rooms of the Republican Association, over the City National Bank, East Front street, this evening at eight o'clock.

—Andrew Jackson, seventh President of the United States of America, died June 8th, 1845. The forty-fourth anniversary of his death occurred last week Saturday, and to-day THE NEWS devotes considerable space to a *timely review of his extraordinary career.*

—The Young Alerts defeated the Young Giants at base-ball Saturday by the score of 13 to 11. In the sixth inning the game stood 11 to 11. The battery of the young Alerts was L. Chase and M. Brokaw; that of the Young Giants was Seffern and Dodge.

—The liberal response which the people of this city have made to *the appeal for the distressed* survivors of the great Conemaugh Valley disaster is as creditable to the spirit of human sympathy and the feeling of charity pervading the community as it is gratifying to our municipal pride.

—The bright spot to the Johnstown disaster is the universality with which the people of all ages, creeds and conditions have sprung to the work of outdoing each other in measures of relief. Money has been poured forth like water under the impulse of a heartfelt generosity and sympathy which is most creditable.

—By request of Mrs. S. J. C. Down the State President of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, the Plainfield W. C. T. U. will hold a prayer-meeting Thursday afternoon, June 13th, at four o'clock in the W. C. T. U. rooms. *The special subject of* prayer will be that Pennsylvania may be successful in passing the Constitutional Amendment June 18th.

—The Plainfield Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is providing for the punishing of those who kill song and insectivorous birds. It ought to be done in this city as well. *There is a highly creditable society* —known as the Audubon—for the protection of the birds, but this society only numbers ten members not to kill birds. There are those who would never join such a society, and when such ones kill the birds they ought to be punished.—Elizabeth Journal.

PERSONAL.

The name of Lilian Conklin, of Plainfield, appeared in The New York World's list of paroles, yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Stoddard, of New York city, are guests of Mrs. W. H. Neal, of Central avenue. Mr. Stoddard is the editor of The New York Daily Graphic.

The people of the Scotch Plains Baptist church yesterday greeted their pastor, the Rev. J. H. Parks, with renewed smiles and sincere congratulations, addressing him by his new title, Doctor of Divinity, which was conferred last week by Shurtliff College.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Rogers and family arrived here from Daytona Florida, last Thursday. *They were accompanied by Mr. Rogers's* mother, who resides in Daytona, who will spend the Summer with her son in Plainfield. Mr. Rogers was reported dead once last Summer, but he was not even ill. His cousin, C. B. Rogers, had *the yellow fever*, but recovered. Mr. and Mrs. Rogers are both greatly benefited by their sojourn in the South.

Relief for Johnstown.

The recent terrible disaster at Johnstown was the subject of sermons in the various Plainfield churches yesterday, and contributions for relief were made.

The fund now stands as follows:

Previously acknowledged	$2,390.37
ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS. [Through The News.]	
Scotch Plains Baptist church	$73.00
F. H. Martin	2.00
THE PLAINFIELD CHURCH FUND. [The result of contributions yesterday.]	
Methodist Episcopal	$180.00
Trinity Reformed	$173.65
First Baptist	170.00
Grace Episcopal	70.00
Grand Total	**$2960.02**

It is thought best to hold in reserve for future developments the project for an entertainment to aid still further the Johnstown sufferers.

POISON IN CANNED SALMON.

Dr. Newton Comments on Plainfielders' Experience.

Wm. K. Newton, State Dairy Commissioner, has had the recent issue of The Grocer as interesting article concerning the recent canned salmon poisoning case in the family of *Mr. J. C. Pierson, jr., of West Front* street.

The facts as published in THE NEWS—his eyes—were correct.

"My information was derived directly from the family and the attending physician. It appears that the canned salmon in question was bought at a store in Plainfield and was not opened until a short time after the latter served, at 7 o'clock in the evening of the 23d. The symptoms of poisoning were evident at about 11 o'clock, and varied very much in the different persons affected. One lady was very *ill* and was considerably prostrated, while the gentleman was only moderately sick. All, however, had the same symptoms, to a greater or less degree, namely, nausea, vomiting, cramps, diarrhœa and prostration. The servant, who was the only member of the household not affected by the eating of salmon, but *partook of the other articles of food* furnished at the meal.

"The evidence in these cases is very conclusive, and there can be no doubt that the salmon was the cause of the poisoning. Had I seen the article made up at the time the article was imperfectly preserved in the can. The servant stated that at the time she opened the can it was not perfectly sweet when the knife cut through the tin. The ladies said that the meat was sweet and that they noticed no odor, but that a small piece left over in the meal and placed in a closet became quite offensive in about twelve hours.

"Five persons were made ill in this case. "The canned salmon was put up on the Columbia river, Oregon."

The Grocer also calls underneath the letter *in reference to the salmon case and explains* the matter fully.

"The 'strong sound' reported by the servant"—"says The Grocer—" solves the salmon case, it being evidence, as Dr. Newton intimates, of a gas generated in the can by fermentation had started. It is well known that a decided odor is developed in the early stages of putrefaction. Consumers must exercise the same common-sense in accepting or rejecting preserved food as they would exercise in the case of ordinary food that is spoiled. In all cases reject a bulged can or the contents of any can in which the show signs of fermentation. Ordinary precaution observed in the use of canned food will cause consumers to endorse Dr. Cyrus Edson's statement that 'there is no more wholesome food than canned goods properly put up.'"

YOUNG APOSTLES OF AGASSIZ.

A Scientific Picnic Through Plainfield's Suburbs.

The Hill and Dale Club, which is a chapter of the Agassiz Association of New York, was organized last September. It is composed of young people living in Northern Plainfield, who, having a love for science and scientific investigations, prefer to make such investigations on their own responsibility. Every Saturday is devoted to excursions into the country under the guidance of some leader of recognized ability. Excursions have been made thus far this year to the quarries at Orange, to Belleville and Metuchen.

The tour of investigation last Saturday embraced a trip to *Plainfield*, where twenty young people, all of whom were under the guidance of Miss Julia E. Baldwin, the principal and superintendent of the Plainfield public schools, assembled at the latter's residence on West Front street. After they had been taken through the cabinet collections of the High School and a paper had been read on the geological formation of Plainfield, stage took the party to Wetumpka Falls, where the real work of the day was begun. The fair young feminine scientists grubbed around for worms, chased butterflies and wooed the busy wood-beetles, all in the interest of entomology. The boys busied themselves with the mosses on rocks of the Falls, and trudged along the road through Washington Valley to Washington Rock, on the crest of the Blue Ridge Mountains, gathering flowers and plants by the way.

The special result of the trip was a collection of one hundred and five different species of flowers from Washington Rock. The party walked to Dunellen, where the cars were boarded for the home trip.

Mr. Robt. G. Smith, of Broadway, went with the Club as an invited guest, and at various points his photographic camera was put to good service.

Not the Same.

To prevent any misunderstanding, we wish to say that the plates of our copyrighted map of the city of Plainfield and the borough of North Plainfield, sold at the price of $500, for which for an edition we have donated to the Y. M. C. A., to help them raise funds for their new building, from the proceeds by the sale of copies thereof, is entirely distinct from the also specially prepared map, equally valuable in its way, which we have in preparation, and to our readers as a souvenir to commemorate the beginning of the ninth year of THE NEWS. Said map is about 22 inches square. Either one gives more information than was ever given before in any map of the city. And, we are sure that *almost every one will want* THE NEWS Y. M. C. A. map after receiving THE NEWS and Plainfield and surroundings. THE NEWS Y. M. C. A. map was prepared from official records, private plans and personal surveys of W. F. A. Dunham, now surveyor for the Union county roads, whose *reputation for accuracy as a surveyor is alone* sufficient guarantee of the value of the work, which was prepared under the personal direction of the editor of THE NEWS.

We make this announcement because we understand from one of the Y. M. C. A. officers that people might become confused and suppose that both maps were the same.

THE HORSE'S HOOF CUT HIS HEAD.

A Serious Runaway Accident on Park Avenue.

Mr. Harry Campbell, of Park avenue, was driving his handsome family carriage Friday when his horse took a notion to run away. After speeding in reckless fashion some distance he shied quite suddenly, threw Mr. Campbell and fell, throwing Mr. Campbell forcibly out to the ground. The horse was on his feet again in an instant and ran until caught near the residence of Mr. E. L. Finch. Mr. Campbell had his forehead severely cut just above the eye, and his body painfully bruised. He was taken to Dr. Fritts's office, where his wounds were dressed.

Had Mr. Campbell not had a firm hold of the reins when the animal fell he probably would have been thrown several yards. As it was, he fell directly behind the horse. It is supposed that *the cut* was caused by the creature's shoe.

Holy Cross Anniversary.

The twentieth anniversary of the opening of the Holy Cross church in North Plainfield and the first anniversary of the Sunday Choir were celebrated yesterday. The attendance at the various services was very large.

$250 for Our Hospital.

The $500 recently appropriated under a new law, by the Union county Board of Freeholders, for charity hospitals, will be divided between the Elizabeth general hospital and Muhlenberg Hospital of Plainfield.

ASSISTING THE HOSPITAL.

Ladies Who Are Active in a Noble Charity.

At the annual meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary to the Board of Muhlenberg Hospital, held May 31st, the following officers were elected:

President—Mrs. M. E. Edgerton.
Vice President—Mrs. F. O. Herring.
Secretary—Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson.
Treasurer—Mrs. H. D. Burlingham.
Auditors—Mrs. R. Cox and Mrs. W. E. Lowe.

The election was followed by the reading of the annual report by the Secretary, Mrs. Tomlinson, who presented an interesting review of the year's work.

During the year there had been one death—that of Mrs. John Taylor Johnston, whose name was first on the roll-call in 1875, and who was an associate member of the Board from its organization.

There are now forty-five active and seven*teen associate members*, making an increase of seven over last year's report.

The fees of the increased membership amply provide for the support of the free bed established at the beginning of the year.

In June, 1887, Miss Mary White instituted a chain-system for raising money for the Auxiliary, and at the meeting held Nov. 30th, 1888, she reported that including the donation from the children's fair held at Mrs Henry E. Howell's, April 19th, 1888, to that time $1,000 had been added sufficient to make a total of $700, which has been presented to the Governors of the Hospital as a part of the much needed for diseases that cannot be admitted to the general ward. This addition will be furnished by the Auxiliary when completed.

The annual report of the Treasurer, Mrs. *R. D. Burlingham, also was read. It gave* these figures:

Balance on-hand May, 1888, $286.06; receipts $1,103.14; disbursements, $1,119.14.

Balance-on-hand May, 1889, $221.96.

AN AFFAIR TO BE MEMORABLE.

Every One of Man's Eight Senses To Be Gratified.

The grove and lawn of Mr. George H. Babcock, on Eighth street, are being strung with *electric wires and lamps by Mr. F. E. Kins*man in preparation for an entertainment to be given there Wednesday afternoon and evening. This promises to be something quite out of the usual order. The affair is given to the entertainment, fete champetre des cinq sens, smacks something of a foreign air, and it is expected that some foreign dishes will be heard on the occasion; but that in the whole it will be the product of Yankee ingenuity one need not quite make a prediction. A portion of the decorations will consist of several booths, in which one will not only find good, but of his five senses duly administered to but will have several senses not included in that classical number gratified; as, for instance, the sense of beauty, the sense of enjoyment and the sense of satisfaction. The ladies of the Seventh-Day Baptist church have a well-earned reputation for doing such things grandly, and doubtless all who go will find themselves well treated. Ladies are invited, as the proceeds are to be devoted to the extension of the proposed new chapel, for which Architect Teale is now preparing plans.

RACING ON A GOOD TRACK.

Opening the Season at the Gentlemen's Driving Park.

The first races of 1889 on the grounds of the Gentlemen's Driving Park Association were trotted Saturday afternoon.

Two heats were trotted between Nate Robbins's colt and Gen. Wyman's bay gelding "Harry". The colt won the first heat in 2:53, and the racer won the second in 2:52.

John Osborne's black mare and Mr. Hayes's brown horse "Andy" trotted one heat, "Andy" winning in 2:56.

Compton C. Vail's "Betsy Bobbets" trotted a mile to road-wagon in 2:46.

The track is now in better condition than ever before. Mr. Charles Brewer, who has charge, is determined to furnish every facility for splendid trotting and for breaking the record of the records.

There will be trotting every Saturday afternoon during the season.

Children's Day at the Churches.

Children's Day was prettily observed at various Plainfield churches and at Warren Mission chapel yesterday, in most cases appropriate exercises prepared by the denominational Publishing Societies being rendered. The larger portion of the observances consisted of singing. All of the pulpits were beautifully decorated with flowers.

JERSEY'S MEN OF WAR.

The Number of Our Pensioners and Men at the Front.

There are in New Jersey 9,036 persons who are carried on the pension rolls, and they receive annually from the Government $1,104,- 516. New York has the largest number of any one county, where there are 1,196, and they receive every three months $27,093, while *are sixty-four almost every one will want* THE NEWS Y. M. C. A. map after receiving THE NEWS and Plainfield and surroundings. The following statement shows the number of pensioners in each county of the State and the total amount of the quarterly payment paid to them:

County.	Pensioners.	Amount.
Atlantic	212	$7,291
Bergen	108	2,981
Burlington	1,196	40,260
Camden	716	22,178
Cape May	125	3,940
Cumberland	585	14,355
Essex	1,196	27,309
Gloucester	494	15,113
Hudson	1,196	19,552
Hunterdon	208	5,720
Mercer	758	20,221
Middlesex	1,196	27,309
Monmouth	567	17,193
Morris	1,196	27,309
Ocean	243	5,034
Passaic	404	12,061
Salem	271	7,191
Somerset	380	10,650
Sussex	182	4,467
Union	1,196	16,999
Warren	377	8,166

The following *facts*, which have been officially verified, relating to the part borne by New Jersey in the war, are worth considering, containing, as they do, much useful information in a compact form:

The population of the State in 1860, or just prior to the breaking out of the war, was 672,- 035, and the vote cast for President at the November election, campaign of 1860, 387,125. Taking these figures as the basis, it can be seen how well New Jersey did her part in the struggle, for she furnished to the army and navy 76,- 814 men. Of this number 67,101 were volunteers and 8,708 substitutes. The personal service men were 951, and commutations from drafted service was paid for in the case of 4,- 154. The number of men in the field who received bounty was 40,191. To these soldiers the United States paid as bounty $7,350,000, and the local bounties amounted to the very larger sum of $26,909,000. New Jersey paid out more money as local bounty than Massachusetts, which has better State had almost twice as many bounty soldiers.

The proportion of white soldiers who enlisted in New Jersey for the white population was one to nine; proportion of colored soldiers to colored population, one to twenty-one.

CRESCENTS IN HIGH GLEE

THEY SCORE FIRST BLOOD OVER THEIR ANCIENT ENEMY.

The West Ends Dumbfounded and Their Pitcher Paralyzed by Plainfield's Exhibition Genuine Base-Ball Playing.—The Home Team Breaks Several Records.

The base-ball players of the West End Club of Somerville were rendered a surprise party by the Plainfield Crescents Saturday afternoon. There was a large attendance; and among the guests were many Plainfielders, who report having had a delightful time.

Ever since the West Ends came out victorious over the Crescents at the end of last season's games they have been boasting that *him* they would have in "wiping up the diamond" with the Plainfielders this year, and last Saturday was the date they had set for transforming the doughty Queen City nine into an unrecognizable mass.

They made a mistake, however, in their calculations, and when Saturday's contest was brought to a close in the midst of the last innings of the Crescents, who had to stop playing to catch their train home, the score was 7 to 1 in the Plainfield's favor.

The game was the best the Crescents ever played. They hit so hard that life became a burden to Harkins, the crack West End pitcher, and they fielded so well that the West Enders' usual batting celebrated in their efforts to bat.

It was found necessary to put Coulon on second base, as Manny was no one else to fill that position. He did his usual good work.

Lee and Potts also played a good game. Demarest got himself into the old time swing and played ball for all that he was worth. Townley, Sample and Bedell did well; Messrs. Bradley and Cadmus acquired fairly, although there was considerably grumbling on both sides. It is thought by many than Bradley "roasted" Lee and Condon on strikes.

CRESCENTS.

	R.	In.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Lee, 3b	0	0	0	2	3	0
McMurray, lb	0	0	0	9	1	1
Townley, r.f., l.f	0	1	0	0	0	1
Sample, l.f	0	1	0	1	0	0
Demerest, c.f	0	1	0	4	0	1
Condon, ss	0	1	0	3	3	0
McLoughlin, r.f., l.f	0	1	0	2	1	0
Haydon, c	0	1	0	9	1	1
Dills, s.s	0	1	1	1	0	1
	7	10	6	27	16	5

WEST ENDS.

	R.	In.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Cartonnell, ph	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bowman, c.f., s.s	1	2	1	0	0	0
Kelley, 3b	0	2	0	1	1	0
Harkins, p	0	0	0	1	17	0
Bergen, c	1	1	0	13	2	2
Conklin, lb	1	0	0	8	0	1
Sullivan, r.f	0	0	0	0	0	0
Frellinghuysen, r.f	1	2	1	0	0	1
Major, s.s., c.f	0	1	1	0	1	1
	4	12	3	25*	24	6

*One man out when winning run was made.

Time of game—Two hours. Runs earned—Crescents, 2; West Ends, 1. Left on bases—Crescents, 12; West Ends, 3. Hit by pitched ball—McMurray and Carbonnell. Struck out—By Harkins, 5; by Bedell, 1. Left on bases—Crescents, 12; West Ends, 3. Two-base-hits—Harkins, 1. Passed balls—Bergen, 1; Wild pitch—Harkins, 1. Umpires—Bradley and Cadmus.

BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Crescents	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	4—7
West Ends	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Condon plays second so well that it may be that he will be kept there, as that is a weak spot of the team. Haydon is a good catcher and can throw better, *and so the Crescents will* get two good men. When they get Geo. Cadmus they will be prepared to play the Bergen Points or the Rahways.

The Plainfielders held high carnival over their victory, and after dark Bradley paraded the streets with brooms and a band.

"Whether There Be Prophecies They Shall Fail."

[From THE NEWS of June 1st.]

The Somerset Democrat waffs on on the Summer breeze this gentle zephyr for the West End Base Ball Club of Somerville:

"The Plainfield Crescents were done up in fine style Saturday at Elizabeth Park, South Ward athletic Club, the score being 21 to 3. They are growing accustomed to defeat and will not find so easy work for West Ends wipe the diamond up with them."

The Democrat must read THE NEWS better. The Crescents have played ten games this season and of these have won five. The only teams that far victorious over the Plainfielders are the Elizabeth Athletics and the Newark Tenth Wards. The Crescents have not yet reached that stage of the proceedings when they can say that they have been "done up" for diamond. "Brag is a good dog, but holdfast is a better one." The West Ends may be making a sad error in counting their chickens unhatched.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.
	M.	M.	M.	M.	M.	M.	M.
1. Saturday	69	68	68	71	72	72	69
2. Sunday	65	69	68	71	77	75	69
3. Monday	69	65	68	74	79	77	69
4. Tuesday	69	68	68	74	79	77	69
5. Wednesday	61	61	65	73	78	68	61
6. Thursday	61	61	65	73	78	68	61
7. Friday	65	68	68	70	78	77	69
8. Saturday	69	68	68	70	78	77	69
9. Sunday	69	70	71	74	81	80	79
10. Monday	44	72	76	84	82	79	79

SCHOOL MEETING!

Notice is hereby given to the legal voters of School District No. 38, North Plainfield, Somerset Co., N. J., that the annual school meeting will be held at the school house, on Tuesday evening, June 11th, 1889, at eight o'clock P. M., for the purpose of considering plans for a new school building, on the present school property, and of authorizing the Trustees to erect a new school building on said premises, with outbuildings and fences, *and to* heat and furnish said school building; also, to consider what sum shall be appropriated of voting money therefor. The money brought to the meeting will be limited to Twenty Thousand ($20,000) Dollars, of which Sixteen Thousand ($16,000) Dollars is required for the erection of the building, Fifteen Hundred and Fifty and Four Thousand ($4,000) Dollars for Heating and furnishing said building.

Also, for authorizing the Trustees to issue bonds in the corporate name and under the seal of the District, in such sums and for such time as they may think advisable, as said meeting may direct to defray the cost of erecting, heating and furnishing said building, and of erecting outhouses and fences.

By E. CARROLL,
JAS. MCGEE,
GEO. P. BROWN, D. C.,
Trustees of School District No. 38, North Plainfield, N. J., May 21st, 1889.

STEAM WATER-WORKS FOR FANWOOD

An Interesting Budget of News from Our Lively Neighbors.

[Correspondence of THE NEWS.]

FANWOOD, June 10th.—To keep pace with Fanwood's rapid growth the Land Improvement Company has placed steam power in place of the present wind motor for furnishing the residents with a full and constant supply of the pure and unexceptionable water for drinking and other domestic purposes.

* * *

Should the largely-signed petition recently forwarded by the residents of this section to the Postmaster-General, asking a re-consideration of the present order of the fourth postmaster, Mr. James Ritchie, of Scotch Plains, be refused, Mr. Ritchie will retire with the esteem and best wishes of his large circle of warm friends.

* * *

These remarks are entirely free of any disparagement towards the newly-appointed postmaster, Mr. Hezekiah Hand, who has exercised during the past three or four years, duties as assistant to Scotch Plains in a satisfactory manner.

* * *

It is pleasing to note that Mrs. Wm. Maxwell Elder's fine Solfere Stockade for aiding the furnishing of All Saints church, Scotch Plains, netted the handsome sum of $160. In this connection honorable mention is due Mr. George Bates for his indefatigable and invaluable services in assisting Mrs. Elley towards making the affair successful in every and otherwise a most gratifying success.

* * *

In addition to Mrs. Walter Mann's recent enrichment of All Saints church, Scotch Plains, by a costly brass lectern memorial, they lady has presented to the church a beautiful altar cloth and dossi, also crimson silk plush hangings for the reading desk and lectern.

* * *

The better and more accessible educational facilities now assured to Fanwood, and the *new and decidedly more convenient post-of*fice, which will be ready for business during the early part of the coming month, will prove very important factors in the future growth of the place, the present outlook of which is certainly broadening and brighter than that of any other suburb contiguous to the the great metropolis.

* * *

The general business of the Scotch Plains post-office during Mr. Ritchie's incumbency about four years has increased some thirty per cent.

* * *

A new tennis court been laid out by the courteous and gallant members of the Fanwood Club. This, with other athletic and graceful exercises, is largely appreciated and enjoyed by the ladies of this place and the surrounding section.

C.

—The North New Jersey Baptist Association, which is composed of fifty-one churches, will hold its annual meeting at Morristown June 12th and 13th.

DR. E. KIMBELL

THE

GREAT SPECIALIST

Commenced his second visit in Plainfield this morning. Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 8 a. m. till 7 p. m.

☞ Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances. ☜

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the DR. KIMBELL HOUSE, Plainfield, for 6 FEW DAYS ONLY.

People who desire the services of a skilful

CHIROPODIST

are urged to call without any delay, as his engagements in Trenton are positive.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and *invariably known after examinations*, which are always free.

☞ Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The more, the merrier, says he, and a good time they always have at their meeting. Nervous feet troubles rectified and permanently cured and suffer nothing *from the treatment.*

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 15,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, we have submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

From J. B. Probasco. M. D.: I have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in treating corns, and heartily recommend him to the afflicted.

J. B. PROBASCO, M. D.
41 East Front street.

From J. T. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skilful Chiropodist.

J. T. FRITTS, M. D.
Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed my corns from my face.

MRS. E. TEN EYCK.
Plainfield, May 30.

From John A. Beerbower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet in one treatment.

JOHN A. BEERBOWER.

I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.
MISS ALICE M. FOWLER.
Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cures the worst cases in ten days. Try it.

All bad cases solicited.

THE MOST GENEROUS GIFT.

A Servant Girl's Princely Contribution to Johnstown.

While all have been doing wondrous things all over the land and even in Europe for relieving the woes and sorrow resulting from the recent floods in Pennsylvania, there are many cases, unchallenged, for Plainfield, the most generous which is offering for this purpose. Our readers will have noticed in the list published in THE NEWS last Saturday the modest item, "*A Servant Girl, $10*". Whereas others may have given their thousands out of princely incomes here is a poor girl giving nearly a whole month's wages, as the call of need. One feels like breaking confidence and telling her name; it was such a grand thing to do, but the public must content themselves with being told that she is from Holland and is a member of the Seventh-Day Baptist church. Surely, she "hath cast more in than all they which have cast into the treasury".

Three Months at Somerville.

Albert G. Cook and Charles Williams were arraigned before Judge Bird this morning on a charge of burglary, and, pleading guilty, were sentenced to three months at Somerville.

A New Grant Avenue Bridge.

The Board of Freeholders last Thursday authorized the construction of a new $1,000 iron bridge at Grant avenue, near Cadmus's Mill, Plainfield.

Died.

VAN NAME—In this city, June 9th, suddenly, Sarah J., wife of Henry Van Name, *in the 40th year of her age.*

Funeral services will be held from the Baptist church, Evanston, States Island, Tuesday, June 11th, at half-past two p. m.

Special Notices.

A FULL ATTENDANCE of the members of Union No. 155 of Carpenters and Joiners is requested at its regular meeting, Tuesday evening, June 11th, at 7:45 p. m., as business of importance will be transacted. 7-3t

A FETE CHAMPETRE DES CINQ SENS

will be held by the

Ladies' Society

of the

SEVENTH-DAY BAPTIST CHURCH

on Mr. GEO. H. BABCOCK'S LAWN, corner of Eighth street and Arlington avenue, next WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON and EVENING June 12th, from 4 to 10 o'clock. If the weather be unpleasant it will be postponed until Thursday afternoon and evening.

Admission, 10 cents. 3t*

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Summer Furniture. We keep up a full stock in all lines and sell all the best goods at the Lowest Prices. Call and see our large assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Dining Suits. This is your time to get a Stolen Bargain. Call and see our Baby Carriages

at Greatly Reduced

WE NEED ROOM

and have decided to get it by CLOSING OUT

GARRET Q. PACKER.

QUITE ENGLISH.

A Man's Patent Leather Piccadilly Last is all the rage for street wear; we have them.

Also Ladies' Patent Leather Tip Button Piccadilly Last, that is very neat.

We can show you a large assortment of Tennis Shoes, Oxford Ties, Polorad and black now, as we had them made to our special order. Later on the assortment diminishes but ally would with us, as we keep our goods moving. We live in an age of progress.

DOANE & VanARSDALE,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 West Front Street,

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Conducts his business on correct principles; keeps his store well stocked with the newest and most fashionable goods, serves his patrons with the utmost politeness and marks his wares at the LOWEST PRICES. This is "our motto".

NOW THEN! in order to give this "Busy" little real telling effect, and show you that we mean business, we just mention a few of the many a-tractions we now offer.

SILK AND WOOL UMBRELLAS, gold tipped handles, for rain or sun, 24 inch at $1.25; 26 inch at $1.39 and 28 inch at $1.50. Gold tipped Silver Mounted Sticks, 75c to $2.50. Best and Finest Ever Offered. Our $4.45 Satin Coaching Parasols for $2.75. New lot of White Wool Jerseys handsomely braided at $1.75 and $2. Our 50c Ladies' Black Hose for 39c. Our 45c Ladies' Black Ribbed Hose for 29c. Our 25c Children's Black Ribbed Hose for 19c. Our 19c Children's Black Hose for 12½c. Finest Quality Pique Scarfs for Gents at 25c. Flannel Tennis Shirts. Friendly's Black Silk Wrap Handkerchiefs at 25c, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75. Nun's Veiling for Veils at $1, $1.15 and $1.20.

SPECIAL CARPETS! Lining given in free with carpets bought to June 20th. Curtains, Portieres, etc.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's

Converted Catholic,

WILLIAM MILLER, speaks at Reform Hall, to-night with

BISHOP McNAMARA.

Hymns given away. 7:45 o'clock. Closing early. Admission free.

Union County Appropriations.

The total amount of appropriations made by the Union county Board of Freeholders for this year is a total of $180,000, the same as last year. This sum is divided up as follows:

Courts, $28,000; jail, $6,500; lunatics, $28,000; freeholders' expenses and salaries, $9,300; coroner, $1,400; sheriff, $2,000; printing, $1,000; advertising and printing, $2,300; incidentals, $5,500; principal on debt, $65,000; interest on debt, $10,800; charity hospitals, $500; temporary loans, $1,500; public buildings, $7,000; bridges, $17,000; total, $180,000; less sums of $20,100, making total, $160,000.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A WASHERWOMAN wants work by the day at washing. Third street, No. 76, Mrs. Snyder.

AN EXPERIENCED nurse for confinement can be found at No. 9 Plainfield avenue, for a few days. 10-6

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 32 Madison avenue. 8-15-2p

COW FOR SALE—A young Jersey cow, fresh, giving very rich milk. Call at 156 West Seventh street. 8-4

DESIRABLE house, eleven rooms, all improvements. Six minutes from depot. Inquire of E. M. French, City Mills. 4-18tf

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 935, Plainfield. 24tf

LOST—A carriage robe last Friday, between Third place and McDonald's livery. Please return to the above address and be rewarded. 10

TWO house to let. Inquire of F. M. L. French, City Mills. 12tf

UPRIGHT PIANOS for sale, or rent cheap 89 East Front street. 8-4f.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—A very fine three-story and basement house in Brooklyn for house and lot in Plainfield. Address No. 57 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 8-3

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, in a family of three. Apply 78 Washington avenue.

WANTED—74 Grove street. Woman, and girl for housework. No washing. Family go to the country for three months. 10-3t

WANTED—A good general servant who understands cooking. No washing. Wages, $12. German preferred. Address 55 East Fifth street.

WANTED—A young man who is a fair penman, understands something of book-keeping and can furnish good references. Address, giving reference and salary expected, H. J., No. 70 Somerset street, Plainfield.

WANTED—*Girl for general housework.* 11 Grove street.

WANTED—Situation by young woman to do housework in small family; willing and obliging. Good reference. 104 West Fourth street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Miller, corner of Monroe avenue and Park place. 6-10tf

[BORRIS SEWALL]

A GRAPHIC STORY.

Frank Hatton Relates His Escape from the Flood.

GOVERNOR BEAVER WEPT.

Pennsylvania Will Appropriate One Million Dollars for the Sufferers.

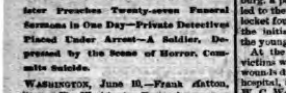
The Project Criticised by The Pittsburg Times—The Verdict of the Nineveh Jury. Good Health at Johnstown—A Minister Preaches Twenty-seven Funeral Sermons in One Day—Private Detectives Placed Under Arrest—A Soldier, Depressed by the Scene of Horror, Commits Suicide.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Frank Hatton, editor of The Washington Post, who was one of the passengers on the Chicago limited train at Johnstown, contributes to The Post a graphic description of the manner of his escape from death.

Frank Hatton's Thrilling Experience.

"When the limited pulled into Johnstown it was found that the place was flooded. Only a few minutes were wasted there, then the train moved cautiously on.

"Mineral Point was passed. From this spot on the speed of the train decreased. The



VIEW FROM PRESENT LAKE ROTTON LOOKING THROUGH SIDE OF THE DAM.

fury of the torrent, the roar of the waters seemed to intimidate the two great iron monsters that were dragging the train. Faces blanched with fear pressed against the windows of the cars.

"As great bodies of water rolled down the gorges and over the track, covering the cars with spray, terrified passenger would jump back, expecting the cars to be overturned. The speed of the train gradually decreased, and then, as if the engines had given up in despair, the train stopped. Passengers alighted to ascertain our location. It was found that we were at the south end of the bridge which spanned the Conemaugh, at the little town of South Fork, and at the point where South and North Forks come together, and near a telegraph tower. But no orders came to move forward.

"The water came down the two forks with terrible force, telling of the ruin that was being wrought above. Portions of bridges and houses, logs, pieces of furniture and all kinds of debris went tearing by and on down to the great river. Two, fifteen, twenty minutes passed, and there was no movement of the train. The rain came down from the heavens above, while the floods of the two forks roared and dashed as they joined together, making one mighty and angry river. People from the town of South Fork crossed the bridge and made their way to the passengers. Then the latter did not know of the reservoir two miles above them, which was getting ready to let loose the vast body of water which it held within its confines.

"What if the Reservoir Should Break?"

"'What if the reservoir should break?' said a citizen.

"'God help us if it does,' responded an old woman, the mother of three boys who had come out of the mines with their faces black with home-t toil.

"'Where is the reservoir?' asked the writer of an old man.

"'Two miles and a half up the South branch,' responded he, pointing in the direction.

"It needed but a glance at the topography of the country to show that should the reservoir, which was described as three miles long, one and a half miles wide, and sixty feet deep, empty its mountain of water down the sides of the gorge through which South Fork flowed, the limited express would be destroyed and all on board swept into eternity."

The Great Dam Breaks.

Mr. Hatton suggested that the train be moved down to the reservoir. The conductor first said that he had orders to stay where he was, but he finally consented to take the train forward.

"About fifteen minutes after the limited had reached the north side," says Mr. Hatton, "the engine of the freight train, which had preceded us on the south side, gave a fierce shriek and the train started for the bridge. Intuitively every one knew the dam had broken, and the water was coming.

"The bridge shrieking and
swaying
ears for the mountain of
on the fill
The two engines,
side their whistles and start-
ed without the train up the track, followed by a freight train. The noise was in the rear of the next to the last car on the limited. The roar of the water was almost deafening. In less time than it has taken to write this paragraph it had shrunk the house nearest the bridge and they were lifted high into the air and tumbled over in the surging stream. The engine of the escaping freight train, which had just crossed the bridge, hardly reached the north side when the bridge went down, and the freight cars were borne off by the rushing waters.

"Thank God, We're Saved!"

"As the passenger train fled up the track the back water up the North branch carried by it articles of furniture from the houses which, a few seconds before, were standing by the side of the train. There was great excitement among the passengers on the train, but it was soon discovered that the danger was past and a 'Thank God, we're saved!' went up from the hearts and lips of all on board.

"The limited train lay at Wilmore all night and until late Saturday afternoon, when it proceeded slowly east, reaching Altoona about 7 o'clock that evening."

THE DAY AT JOHNSTOWN.

Suicide of a Soldier—Church Services in the Open Air—Notes and Incidents.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 10.—William B. Young, aged 26, of Oakdale, a member of company C, Fourteenth regiment, committed suicide in his tent by placing the muzzle of his rifle against his left temple and pulling the trigger. Despondency caused by a slight illness, and doubtless intensified by a night's guard duty among the gloomy ruins, is the only known cause of the soldier's act. He was a farmer and leaves a widow and two children.

Father Talmey is a Catholic priest who believes that where Peter is there is the church, and that churches as well as persons can be made without stone walls. His church Sunday was under the blue sky in Patrick Mathews' side yard. The grass was his footstool and the Johns rose their anthem in the air were his censers. The Matthews residence and yard commands a view of the wrecked walls and shattered tower of St. John's and the ruined and torn parish cemetery, now filled with trunks of trees, stones, broken pillars and crosses. Before the preacher stood a pitiful remnant of his parishioners, whose attendance was a testimonial of observance of prayer and duty. Many of his listeners were moved to tears.

Identified by a Bracelet.

On Sunday of last week the body of a young lady was found near the Gartner steel works, and was buried among the unknown dead. The body is now believed to be that of Miss Elizabeth M. Bean, of Germantown, Pa. She was last seen with Miss Paulsen, of Pittsburg, a passenger on the day express. What led to the identification was a bracelet and a locket found on the body, the locket having the initials "E. M. B." on it. The father of the young lady has been telegraphed for.

At the Bedford street hospital the flood victims were received. After having their wounds dressed they were sent to the Morey hospital, in Pittsburg, with the exception of W. G. Wolf, who was sent to Philadelphia. Everything is progressing nicely, and the condition of all the patients is favorable.

Twenty-seven Funerals in One Day.

Rev. Charles A. Brugdon, the protestant missionary of the diocese of Pittsburg, attended twenty-seven different funerals in one day and gave that number a Christian burial. Another large lot of coffins were received yesterday from Pittsburg.

Private Detectives Arrested.

Horace Mann, a private detective, has come up from Philadelphia with seven of his men in response to a request from Gen. Hastings. Counterfeit policemen and deputy sheriffs, in the full panoply of a tin star and a club, were on hand to find as did Tim Sam. A pair of shears and a piece of stair banister was all that was required, and they could not be told from the genuine. Chairman Scott and Gen. Hastings issued a supply of cards to Chief of Police Hart, to be given to all officers, and told him all without them would be arrested. The chief put them in his pocket, and four of his men who couldn't show cards were arrested by Mann's men. Chief Hart got angry and ordered his men to shoot any body who interfered with them. He was thereupon arrested himself, taken before Chairman Scott and taught the limits of his authority.

Mann's men found six barrels of whisky and $500 worth or silverware hidden in some of the workmen's tents. They stove in the heads of the whisky barrels, poured it out and confiscated the silver.

Good Health at Johnstown.

The state board of health has hung out the following bulletin: "The general condition of health in Johnstown and vicinity is excellent. No epidemic disease of any kind prevails, nor is it expected that any will arise. The whole region has been divided into convenient districts and each placed under a competent sanitarian. The state board of health is prepared to meet all emergencies as they arise. The air is wholesome and the drinking water is generally pure. If the good people of the devastated district will go on as they have so nobly done during the past week in their efforts to clean up the wreckage good health will certainly be maintained."

Dr. Joseph N. Dickson, in charge of the Bedford street hospital, and Dr. T. L. Hazard, of Allegheny, keep emphatically that there is a single case of diphtheria in Johnstown or any of its suburbs. They say there is a good deal of fetid air now and then throughout the town, but that is rare y fatal and is not contagious. It

LOOKING OVER THE DEBRIS AT THE BRIDGE TOWARD JOHNSTOWN.

is something like quinsy, but a milder disease. Religious services were held at several different places throughout the city Sunday and were well attended.

The Waters Give Up Their Dead.

The waters have begun to give up their dead. Fifty bodies were recovered here, as at of them
ing in the water. Seven
of these were dragged out of the raft above
ns bridge. On the body of Chris. Keegle,
an undertaker, was found $3,100. The body
of Miss Bessie Bryan, of Philadelphia, was
dug up yesterday and positively identified. It
had been buried among the unknown.

Pennsylvania Will Give $1,000,000 to Sufferers.

Governor Beaver, so much inquired for during the last week, is here. He looked at the wreck with weeping eyes, conferred for an hour and a half with William Finn, James B. Scott, William McCreery, Gen. Hastings and others, who have borne the burden of the work of rescue and relief, and pledged $1,000,000 from the state treasury upon conditions which were satisfied at once. There will be no extra session of the legislature. A state commission, with the governor at its head, will take control of the relief work on Wednesday.

It was proposed that the state furnish $1,000,000 to Governor Beaver, to be used by him in clearing up and restoring Johnstown. In order to make the state whole, 300 citizens of Pittsburg, Philadelphia and other portions of the state have individually agreed to make up the $1,000,000 at the legislature's next session, and making an appropriation that will relieve them. This plan was unanimously agreed to. It was also arranged that Governor Beaver, Adjutant Gen. Hastings, acting for Governor Beaver, should take charge of the work of policing the valley and cleaning it up, including Johnstown and the surrounding boroughs.

Governor Beaver Interviewed.

In an interview Governor Beaver said that he had been over the entire flooded district and found the supply of water very limited, but it would soon be replenished. "I found the streams filled with debris and accumulated drift in which there is a possibility of finding bodies buried. This, with the probability that if allowed to remain they will endanger public health, having it impressed in my mind that the public interest of the state must be conserved, I ordered the debris to be removed to restore things to their normal condition. The funds which have come into my hands in such large amounts and from so many sources, from all parts of the state, and which have been imposed upon me as a sacred trust, will be expended wholly and absolutely for the benefit of individual sufferers. No part of it will be expended in work which is legitimately the domain of the state under its police powers. This I wish to emphasize, so that all contributors to the fund may feel assured that their money will be judiciously and economically expended for the benefit of suffering humanity, and not to work which should and will be undertaken by the state or municipal authorities."

AT WILLIAMSPORT.

More Bodies Found—Railroad Travel Will Soon Be Resumed.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., June 10.—The body of Jacob Jerrenger has been found in the creek, below the Dodge mill turner, by two boys, Charley Grier and Harry Houck. Jerronger was a brother of Mrs. Eddinger and resided at Newberry. He was drowned in the flood, and when the body was discovered by the boys it was floating face down with his coat over it and both arms extended. The finders will receive a reward of $50. The deceased left $2,000 in the bank.

The work of clearing up, disfecting, repairing, etc., will be prosecuted with vigor. The people here are determined to rise from the ruins and make the city more prosperous than ever.

Two boys found the mangled and decomposed body of Henry Creigher among the ruins of the Market street bridge at one of the cribs in the river, where it had lodged. Creigher was a resident of Williamsport and was 16 years old. It is supposed that he went down with the Maynard street bridge a week ago. The Pennsylvania and Reading railroad companies have been working hard and both roads are nearly ready for the resumption of through travel.

Miss Jessie Wehn's Escape.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Miss Jessie Wehn has just arrived in Washington from Johnstown, where her home, with so many others, had been swept away by the flood.

"During the evening, just before the floods swept down upon us," she said, "I was standing in my brother's store, which is in the center of the city, talking to my sister-in-law and playing with the baby. My brother was in the front of the store attending to customers when he heard the cry of fire and the alarm bells ringing the alarm. We at once ran out of the building, but before we could reach the hills the waters were upon us, and had if not been for some gentlemen in the party I would have been drowned. As it was, the waters had risen to my neck before I was pulled up out of its reach. One of the gentlemen who was talking to my brother, Mr. Rudolph, was drowned, the store was swept away, and all I saved was a light wrapper and a pair of gum shoes."

Miss Wehn says that when she was coming on to Washington she was kept going from one end of the train to the other relating her experience to others on the train. She says that the Society of the Red Cross is doing noble work at Johnstown.

Governor Beaver's Plan Criticised.

PITTSBURG, June 10.—The Times in its leading editorial very vigorously condemns the plan of relief proposed by Governor Beaver and adopted at Johnstown. The Times says the only legal way to raise the money needed, and the only way that will meet the approval of the citizens of the state, is through a relief bill passed by the legislature and approved by the governor. The course adopted at Johnstown, it contends, is not only illegal, but unbecoming the dignity of the state, but if the money is borrowed on the plan proposed, it can only be obtained by Governor Beaver's act as an individual, and the state will not in any sense be bound to repay the loan. The editorial concludes with this statement:

"Governor Beaver went to Johnstown on the principle that it is better to act late than never. Events may prove that he had better not gone to Johnstown at all."

Verdict of the Nineveh Jury.

GREENSBURG, Pa., June 10.—The jury impaneled by the coroner of Westmoreland county to inquire into the cause of the death of the 318 persons whose bodies were picked up at Nineveh have rendered a verdict that each of the victims came to his death by violence and by the flood caused by the breaking of the South Fork reservoir; and as well the aforesaid coroner as the jurors aforesaid do certify under their oaths that the said deceased died of violence caused by the action of the flood, or there is such strong suspicion of such violence or other unlawful acts as to make an inquest necessary."

THE KEMMLER APPEAL.

The Constitutionality of the Law to Be Tested.

BUFFALO, June 10.—Charles S. Hatch, attorney for William Kemmler, also known as John Hart, the wife murderer, sentenced to be executed by electricity, has filed notice of his appeal to the court of appeals. The appeal involves not only the question of the constitutionality of the method of punishment to be used, but it promises to be one of the most interesting cases in criminal history.

Mr. Hatch stated that the writ of habeas corpus will be applied for at once, probably this week. The writ will take the precedence and be heard first. The petition upon which it is applied for will be granted and will recite the facts of the case, and it will be alleged that the punishment prescribed is contrary both to the constitution of the state and of the United States, which constitutions provide that there shall be no excessive fines levied, no excessive bail demanded, or severe punishment inflicted which is cruel or unusual.

"No man having been executed by electricity, how are you going to show the punishment to be cruel and unusual?" asked a United Press reporter of Mr. Hatch.

"We expect to plainly show that the method is what we allege it to be. Under this law it is not provided who shall apply this current to the criminal. A tougher might do it. It is a barbarous method, because the prisoner does not know when he is to be killed. Again, the law says the current shall be applied until the prisoner is dead. In case the current doesn't kill the man at once. Why, it may be kept up five, ten, fifteen minutes or a week."

When asked how Bourke Cockran got in the case Mr. Hatch answered:

"When I determined to appeal this case I looked around for some one to act as counsel. Every lawyer I met, including Mr. New York is interested in the question raised in this case, and is thoroughly interested in the result of the proceedings. Mr. Cockran, of New York, and Mr. Quakran and several his services. If there is any truth in the statement that Mr. Cockran is interested in another murderer I don't know it."

The argument will be had as to the writ of habeas corpus and an opinion as to the constitutionality of the law obtained before the appeal is taken. It is believed that upon the final disposition of the question of constitutionality the appeal from Kemmler's sentence will drop out of sight.

Floods in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 10.—Reports from the surrounding country full of great damage done by the recent floods. The ground rules 20 los of life has been reported.

AFTER THE BIG FIRE.

Seattle Will Rise Like the Phœnix from Its Ashes.

The Action of the Regular Troops.

SEATTLE, W. T., June 10.—Yesterday was a strange Sunday in Seattle. The wind that had terrorized below the smoke of the smoldering ruins away allowed it to drift back again on the hills. The day was intensely hot, and fanned street, which is now the main thoroughfare, was crowded with sightseers from neighboring towns. Work is progressing on the brick buildings and every carpenter in the city is employed. Insurance adjusters are getting loss promptly. No saloons are running and splendid order is maintained. A gang of men is engaged in blowing down shaky walls with dynamite and the work of clearing off the debris is being carried on as rapidly as possible.

Throughout the burned district streets which were formerly a labyrinth will now be platted in broad straight avenues. Search in the ruins fails to reveal any bodies as yet. The firemen are positive that half a dozen lives are lost, but owing to the confusion it cannot be ascertained who are missing. Outsiders are bending all their energies to rebuilding. Offers of financial aid have poured in upon business men during the past two days. The relief fund will be thoroughly distributed among hungry, and the streets are full of hastily erected eating stands. Today every idle man in Seattle will be ordered to work. Searched, it is thought that the city will be rebuilt inside of a year.

Officers Quieted Over a Prisoner.

WASHINGTON COURT HOUSE, O., June 10.—Carter, the confidence operator, was released on $1,500 bonds, but was at once rearrested by a Pinkerton detective on a charge of swindling Daniel Keiser, of Bellefontaine, out of $4,200. Sheriff Patton served a warrant for Carter, and the court at last word the Pinkerton man and the sheriff for possession of the prisoner almost resulted in a free fight.

Theresa Astor Suicides.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Theresa Astor, wife of a cigarmaker named John Jacob Astor, committed suicide by taking a dose of carbolic acid. She claims to be a cousin of his millionaire namesake, and has frequently been "written up" as such in newspaper articles. He earns only $8.50 a week, and lives in a miserable tenement. Despondency because of poverty is given as the cause of the woman's suicide.

Through a Bridge to Death.

ALTOONA, Pa., June 10.—A west bound engine and car went through the bridge west of Petersburg and Engineer Fort and Fireman Holton were killed. A misplaced switch caused the accident.

An Official Indicted.

NEW ORLEANS, June 10.—Edwin Harris, late deputy collector of this port, has been indicted by the grand jury for the embezzlement of $4,000.

Jules Tavernier Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—Jules Tavernier, the well known artist and critic, died at Honolulu, May 15.

YE THIRSTY!

Frosted Cream Soda

in all flavors is

OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL

in the way of SUMMER DRINKS.

STRAWBERRY

fresh from the fruit, is excelled by none.

BANANA SHERBET AND

Turkish Sherbet are Original

with us. Try them.

Our Milk Shakes

continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.

We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.

Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for customers; running fountains of water for cleaning glasses; prompt service by courteous clerks.

Field & Randolph,

CITY PHARMACY

21 WEST FRONT STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

HOTEL NETHERWOOD

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant bric&stone structure with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank E. Miller.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North avenues.

N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 5-11-3m

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage.

Office, 2 Park place, Plainfield, N. J.

Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP

Fresh Garden Seeds,

Garden Tools,

RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,

Cutlery, etc.

N. H. & J. J. HEIDELOFF,

13 Somerset street.

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT,

1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICE, and, owing to the very generous trade which we have had during the past season, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our STOCK and PRICES. If you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. B. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1870.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages

L. M. FRENCH.

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,

ALL QUALITIES,

ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? these good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Lawns! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 4-4 Batiste and Percales at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 25c and 35c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists 49c to $1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 19c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 39c, 49c and upward.

PARASOLS! Where? you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest Silk at $3.97. In stripes and plain fastins we have all shades at $1 and upward. A bargain in Black Satin-lined Parasols at 98, $1.49 and $1.97.

FANS! A neat little Fan for 3c and 7c; Fine Feather Fans, 75c to $1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to ROCK BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 25c; and extra-heavy Ingrains 35c, 45c and 50c. All wool Two-ply Ingrains, 65c; Genuine homespun Rag Carpets, 35c, 40c and 45c. Fancy Mattings, 12 1-2c upward. An inspection of all seasonable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

The Fidelity and Casualty Co

Nos. 214 and 216 Broadway, N. Y.

CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550.21

Issues SURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employees of Railroads, Banks, etc., also Administrators, Guardians, etc.

Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES containing all modern features.

Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies of approved forms.

OFFICERS:

WM. M. RICHARDS, President. GEO. F. SEWARD, Vice-President.

ROB'T. J. HILLAS, Secretary.

AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD { JOS. T. VAIL. / EDWARD C. MULFORD. Opp. Railroad Station.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 37c each.

* * *

'Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Tinead Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 50c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling at extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 25c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 12c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 25c., imported to sell for 35c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $5.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every Housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Bleaching and Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

at

Crane's Hat Store,

20 PARK AVENUE.

Trunks! Trunks!

Valises, etc.

BIG STOCK

B. T. BARNES

ICE CREAM

Delivered EVERY DAY in the week. Opposite P. O.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

LOANS NEGOTIATED,

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Front St. Plainfield.

SEALED IN

Blue Stone Flagging

P O Box 622

No. 42 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford.

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North American of Philadelphia, Franklin of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accident and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Pay Streak Mining and Milling Co., Silver Mine of Colorado;

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

Legal Notices.

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Circuit Judge in and for the County of Somerset.

In matter of application for election to fix license fee at $500 in the borough of North Plainfield.

Application by a petition signed by at least one-fifth of the legal voters, setting at the number of votes cast at the last preceding election, of the borough of North Plainfield, in the county of Somerset, and state of New Jersey, for said county of Somerset, and North Plainfield, for the purpose of the said petition, and not less than a certain sum of money named and specified in such petition, to wit, the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) be charged and paid upon the license hereafter to be granted to sell spirituous liquors for the ensuing year, or any of them, by the less than retail, and it appearing that no borough of North Plainfield, and it appearing that no newspaper is published within the borough of North Plainfield, but that two daily newspapers, to wit, The Daily Press and The Daily Times, and The Daily Press are printed and published in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and circulated generally in the borough of North Plainfield, I do hereby order that the petitioners be heard on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1889, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court house in the city of Somerset, in the county of Somerset, at Somerville as the place where and the time when the court of appointment, and that public notice of said application, and of said time and place when and where the same will be heard be given by publication of this order in the Plainfield Press, a newspaper published in the borough of North Plainfield, and in the city of Plainfield, and circulated generally in the borough of North Plainfield, at least four times in each week, and also by posting copies of this order in five of the most public places in the said borough of North Plainfield, at least five weeks prior to the said appointment day of June next, which methods I deem proper and sufficient. W. J. MAGIE.

A true copy. Wm. A. SCHOOLEY, Clerk.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

Organized 1835. —THE— Reorganized 1888.

ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION

AND SUPPLY COMPANY.

P. E. BRENNAN, Genl Manager.

97 Liberty St., N. Y.

Oldest, Most Reliable, Most Enterprising, Largest Outfit for Low work or Supplies.

Plainfield office, 24 North avenue. Represented by F. S. Dunn.

CARRIAGES

New Designs, Largest Assortment, Best work, For Least Money.

Excelled by none.

Homan & Ryerson's

20, 21 and 23 SOMERSET ST.

Carriage Materials,

Harness

and Horse Goods

J. V. F. RYERSON.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

POPE LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 25c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c upward, or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON

The Georgetown Reservoir in a Dangerous Condition.

MRS. HARRISON AT CAPE MAY.

Where Blaine Will Rest—These New Army Regulations—The Trenton and Vandalia Abandoned—Who Will Be the Next Chief of the Ordnance Bureau?

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The Sunday Herald has received information from a person whose means of knowledge give credit to his statements that the distributing reservoir in Georgetown, in which is usually held a vast volume of water, is really in a precarious condition and liable to give way at any moment. This matter should be investigated, for should a break occur the result would be another appalling disaster. Previous to the bursting of the dam which caused such havoc at Johnstown the people were informed of the danger, but they laughed at the cry of "Wolf!" Let not this be repeated at Georgetown.

Mrs. Harrison Will Visit Cape May.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Mrs. Harrison, accompanied by the children of her daughter, Mrs. McKee, will set out for Cape May, N. J., one day this week to visit friends who have a cottage at that place. The duration of the visit has not been determined, but will probably extend through one or more weeks. Part of the time will be spent in the cottage of Mr. Wanamaker.

Where Secretary Blaine Will Rest.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Secretary Blaine and family will leave the latter part of the month to spend the season at Bar Harbor.

The Trenton and Vandalia Abandoned.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The Trenton and Vandalia, which were wrecked at Samoa last March, have been abandoned by the government, and their names will be stricken from the navy list. Most of the valuables of both vessels, including the batteries, have been recovered and are now en route to San Francisco on the Alameda. Admiral Kimberly and the remaining survivors are on board, and expect to reach this country about July 8.

More New Army Regulations.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—It is discovered that in the new army regulations, which the war department has been distributing, the provision for the payment of troops monthly, a reform which Paymaster General Rochester worked hard to secure, and which he has finally had adopted by the war department, has been omitted. It is said at the war department that the omission is due to the hurried manner in which the work was prepared. A sort of fatality has attended the issuing of these regulations. It took a board of officers at least two years to get them in shape. They were approved by the war department and ordered to be printed. Since then they have been run through the press twice, only to make the discovery that some important matter was left out and the matter had to be corrected accordingly.

Who Will Be Chief of Ordnance?

WASHINGTON, June 10—The second term of Commodore Montgomery Sicard, as chief of the bureau of ordnance, will expire in about three weeks. There is no precedent for appointing a bureau officer for three successive terms, and those who profess to be well informed are of the opinion that Secretary Tracy will make a new appointment. In the event of a change the most formidable applicant is said to be Commodore William M. Folger, at present in charge of the ordnance gun factory in this city. Commodore F. M. Ramsay, the commandant of the navy yard, New York; Commander R. W. Mead, commandant of the navy yard, Washington, and Capt. H. L. Harrison, president of the steel board, are among the other applicants for the place.

A TERRIFIC STORM.

Rain and Hail Do Considerable Damage in and Around Oswego.

OSWEGO, N. Y., June 10.—The worst storm of rain and hail experienced here in many years has just passed over the section of the state. The people were just gathering at a mass meeting in aid of the Johnstown sufferers, when the sky suddenly became black, and two immense clouds seemed to rise up out of the lake and bear down upon the city. The people also closed the meeting and rushed for their homes.

As the clouds approached the city they were frightful in appearance. They passed over the city three minutes apart, and the sun shone brightly between them. The thermometer fell from 66 to 50.

The hail came with terrific force, the stoneboing of all shapes and sizes. The weather observer picked up one at the signal office that measured one and three quarter inches long and five-eighths of an inch thick. Great damage was done to straw, wheat and tobacco crops, and in many fields they were utterly ruined.

The second cloud sent down sheets of rain. The streets were filled from gutter to gutter, and many cellars were flooded. The rainfall in twenty minutes was one and four-tenth inches; the heaviest in that time ever recorded here. The air was filled with electricity, and the thunder was incessant and deafening.

The Burgess yacht Merle, owned in Toronto, was driven ashore at Nine Mile Point. The crew escaped. An unknown schooner was driven ashore at Fair Haven. There is no communication with the west by rail, but the damage to crops is believed to be very heavy.

The German Baptist Conference.

STAUNTON, Va., June 10.—Sunday was a grand service day with the German Baptists encamped at Harrisonburg, Va. Trains from Lexington and Harper's Ferry brought in not less than 4,000 people. The roads leading to Harrisonburg were filled for miles with vehicles bringing in the country people. From ten to twelve thousand people were on the ground. There was not a single disturbance, although all classes of people were represented. The master of the conference is S. S. Mohler, of Springfield, Mo. John Wise, of Iowa, is reading clerk, and J. G. Moyer, verifying clerk. The sessions are held under a pavillion seating 5,000. The dining hall seats 800. Several thousand dined yesterday. D. H. Miller, of Mount Morris Normal school, Illinois, lectured on the Holy Land. The sermon at the morning service was by Rev. Mr. Moyer, principal of Mount Morris Normal school. From two to three thousand German Baptists are on the ground. To-morrow, when the business conference begins, the number will be doubled.

Two Men Go Over the Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, June 10.—"Jack" Walker, a local boatman, with Frank Berry, a friend, were out on the river some distance above the falls when they lost control of the boat, and it was swept by the current over the falls, passing almost directly in the middle of the horseshoe. The bodies have not yet been recovered.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit. Everybody knows that they are the best. Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors. P O Box 1396.

THE BEE HIVE

WHITE DRESSES.

Children's White Dresses, emb'd, yoke, 25c.
" " " with two rows
Hamburg insertion, 40c.
Children's fine White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $3.
We make a specialty of Misses' White Dresses from $1.25 to $5.
Children's Crinkle Seersucker Dresses, 25c.
Boys' Waists, Plaited fronts and backs, 25c.

JERSEYS. JERSEYS.

Black Jersey, Cost Back, 50c. Colored Jerseys, with fancy vest front, 69c. White Jerseys, with plaited vest front, 75c. White Jerseys, new styles, $1.50, $1.85 and $2.

MITTS.—Children's Silk Mitts, 15c and 25c. Ladies' Silk Mitts in Lace and Jersey, 15c, 22c, 25c and 35c.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.—Children's gauze vests, in size 16, 18 and 20 inches, 10cts. Ladies' gauze vests, 25c. Twin ribbed vests, 15c, 25c and 29c. Men's gauze vests, 25c. Men's Summer gauze shirts and drawers, 45c and 25c. Men's Balbriggan vests and drawers, 39c and 35c. Men's Jean Drawers, 39c and 45c. Boys' Jean Drawers, 45c. Boys' Knickerbocker Jean Drawers, 35c.

Louis Callman,

39 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE

Leading Grocers

are

R. W. RICE & Co.

of

Duer and Emily Sts.,

All goods

Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, in order to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until 10 o'clock p. m.

RICE & CO.

Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller & Bro.

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Penn. 10-10tf

TUNIS J. CAREY

31 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

If manufactured first-class Mattresses and will meet as Wholesale Prices, or you can be convinced by calling on Tunis J. Carey, opposite Park avenue and promptness.

Terrill & Cole,

successors to Ford & Sales'

UNDERTAKERS AND

PRACTICAL EMBALMERS.

No. 39 East Front street, Plainfield.

M. N. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole.

Telephone call 44.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

30 NORTH STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Special Notices.

BARGAINS:

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements in the Farwin Iron wagon. John F. Webb, East street, North Plainfield.

FOR

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, ROSEY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. Call and see line of BECKERS'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

L. A. Rheaume,

Lumber, Coal, Wood

and

Masons' Materials

PEACE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH.

Telephone call No. 129.

R. A. ROSS,

No. 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds,

and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Fulton avenue, near depot, Evons. P. O. Box 1238. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,

Residence Evons. *P. O. Box 850.*

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds.

FINE BUTTER,

PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE,

Fancy Groceries

and the *VERY BEST Imported and Domestic*

Fruits, Vegetables,

etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice California Prunes, 12c per lb.

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

AS USUAL

At ALLEN'S,

The Stationer,

You can find a large line

EASTER GOODS

in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc.

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER

and

COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 62.

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

Best three-hooped large Tar Cedar Tub $1.25 and down. Knotted cedar, clothpins and patent clothes line front up. Shingles per bundle 24c; broom, scrub, window stick and wash boards in large assortment and very low; tin and wooden ware in endless variety and an astonishing figure. Pails, lamp chimneys, &c. Glass sets of four pieces, sugar bowl, butter dish, cream jug and spoon holder, several styles, and the genuine water or fruit set of seven pieces, with two quart pitcher and beautiful fancy decorated dishes, at only 75 cents. Glass tumblers, 15c up. White and fancy granite at half price. Porcelain kettle, 3 quart size, only 10c. J. C. ALLEN, 44 W. Front street.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS.

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jacks Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

41 WEST FRONT ST., next Mrs. Hoe's

JOS. SATTELS,

PIANO-MAKER,

Patent Stringer, to prevent getting out of tune, Mason & Hamlin Organs, Lowest Prices. Call on 3 1-2 Quincy street, Plainfield, and see me. Do you want a fine Piano and Organ tuned or repaired? Do you want to sell one? Do you wish a bargain? Call and see what I can offer. JOS. SATTELS Piano Maker 32 East Front street.

12 Photo Engravings

or

Water Supply,

and 40 Page Catalogue of other

KALAMAZOO KILLER

Window Screens

and

Door Screens

fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. 41

30 SOMERSET STREET.

REFRIGERATORS,

PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWERS,

Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers

Hardware, Plumbing, Tinning.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 East Front street.

THE BEES AND

the people swarm to

Howell, the Grocer

for the correct thing in

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,

NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot.

Telephone Call 30.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 629

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1246.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

No. 20 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. and after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. E. VOORHEES, D. Y. S.,

Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J., can be found from 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44.

WILLIAM G. H. SEE,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y7

PANSIES, SPRING PLANTS

and trees, shrubs and grapevines at Hankey's, No. 61 West Front street. Mrs. Lindsey's Intelligence office, same place. 4-11-1y

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Counselors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Plainfield, N. J. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

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Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c. Office corner Front and Park avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

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BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and Dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.,

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

NOW OPEN

at

24 North Avenue,

NEW FANCY CAKE BAKERY.

French and American

ICE CREAM and WATER ICES

Catering in all its branches.

W. J. Stephenson.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Ham. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrall & Condit.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 6.48, 8.00, 8.47, 9.37, 10.37, 11.50 a. m., 12.56, 1.56, 3.17, 4.26, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37, 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 5.56, 7.00, 8.00, 9.32, 10.37 a. m., 12.56, 1.56, 3.17, 4.26, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37, 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m.

Leave New York at 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sundays, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 6.48, 8.00, 8.47, 9.37, 10.37, 11.50 a. m., 12.56, 1.56, 3.17, 4.26, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37, 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 5.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.30 a. m., 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 8.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.56, 3.17, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37 p. m. Sundays, 10.30 a. m., 5.13 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.40, 8.45, 11.15 a. m., 1.45, 4.05, 6.15, 7.25, 9.45 p. m. Sundays, 11.15 a. m., 6.15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 8.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.56, 3.17, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37 p. m. Sundays, 10.30 a. m., 5.13 p. m. Arrive at Easton at 8.40, 11.15 a. m., 1.45, 4.05, 6.15, 7.25, 9.45 p. m. Sundays, 11.15 a. m., 6.15 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.56 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsport, Scranton, &c. 8.00 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Mt. Pocono, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. 10.30 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Mt. Pocono, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. 12.56 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. 3.17 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Mt. Pocono, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. 5.13 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. 6.25 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. 8.37 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. 9.32 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. 10.37 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. 11.50 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, &c. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bound Brook Route.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.56, 8.00, 12.02 p. m., 1.56, 3.17, 4.26, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37, 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 7.56, 9.32, 10.37 a. m., 12.02, 1.56, 3.17, 4.26, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37, 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m. For Asbury Park, 8.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.56, 3.17, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37 p. m. Sundays, 10.30 a. m., 5.13 p. m. Arrive at Long Branch, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.30, 4.03, 6.03, 7.30, 9.30 p. m. Sundays, 11.30 a. m., 6.03 p. m. Arrive at Ocean Grove, 9.40, 11.40 a. m., 2.40, 4.13, 6.13, 7.40, 9.40 p. m. Sundays, 11.40 a. m., 6.13 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 7.56, 9.12, 9.50, 10.20, 11.20, 11.50 a. m., 12.02, 1.56, 3.17, 4.26, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37, 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 7.56, 9.12, 10.37 a. m., 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 7.56, 9.12, 9.50, 10.20, 11.20, 11.50 a. m., 12.02, 1.56, 3.17, 4.26, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37, 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 7.56, 9.12, 10.37 a. m., 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.56, 9.12, 11.20, 11.50 a. m., 12.02, 1.56, 3.17, 4.26, 5.13, 6.25, 8.37, 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 7.56, 9.12, 10.37 a. m., 9.32, 10.37, 11.50 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

I. H. CLEARMAN, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m., 1.45 and 5.20 p. m. Arrive—7.05, 8.50, 11.45 a. m., 12.30, 5.50 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m., and 4.30 p. m. ARRIVE—10.30 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK MAILS.

Arrive at 8.50 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 12.30 p. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12.30 p. m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.00 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open on Sundays from 9.00 to 10.00 a. m.

Lock Box and Drawer Rent, $1.00 per annum.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Direct postals for Newark N. J., in 2 p. m. mail.

ESTEY

SAVE MONEY

by buying from the manufacturer. Do not be induced to buy a poor piano because you are told that you can get one made for the same money. The poor piano is made to sell, and is sold by every one who can get a profit out of it. The poor piano is made to sell, and is sold by every one who can get a profit out of it. The poor piano is made to sell, and is sold by every one who can get a profit out of it

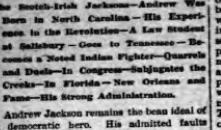
ANDREW JACKSON

Extraordinary Career of the Seventh President.

SOLDIER, SENATOR, PRESIDENT.

The Scotch-Irish Jackson—Andrew Was Born in North Carolina — His Experience in the Revolution—A Law Student at Salisbury — Removes to Tennessee — Becomes a Noted Indian Fighter—Quarrels and Duels—In Congress—Subjugates the Creeks—In Florida—New Orleans and Fame—His Strong Administration.

Andrew Jackson remains the bean ideal of a democratic hero. His admitted faults were so thoroughly those of the common people of the day that they detract nothing from his popularity, and his virtues were so thoroughly democratic that time only adds to their luster. Born of the poorest parents, he raised himself to the first station of the land by pure energy, ability and bravery.



JACKSON'S BIRTHPLACE.

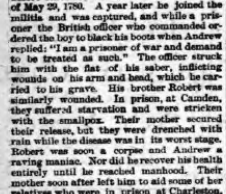
Born a British subject, he helped to achieve independence, and inflicted on England the greatest humiliation she ever suffered. It was his happy destiny to close four great states from Indian dominion, and immediately after close a foreign war, which had been a series of disasters, in a blaze of glory. After that it was vain to attempt any civil war combined against him. Clay, Webster and Calhoun, the three colossal intellects of his time, opposed him; he cru hed them all with scarce an extra effort. They exclaimed in dismay that Jackson's popularity would stand any strain.

Even his faults were democratic. His temper that of a plain frontiersman, subjected to many trials. His hatreds were thoroughly Amc can. His prejudices were such as go along with love of liberty and hatred of monopoly and class dissentions. —

HIS BIRTHPLACE.

He Lived and Died in Ignorance of the Fact That It Was in North Carolina.

Two states long disputed the honor of his birth. He always believed he was born in South Carolina. "Fellow citizens of my native state," was his address to the nullifiers in 1832. Yet, it is certain that he was born just over the line, in Union county, N. C. He was of north of Ireland stock, of the kind commonly called Scotch-Irish, and for many generations his ancestors lived near the Rock of Fergus. His parents, Andrew Jackson and Elizabeth Hutchinson, with two sons, left Carrickfergus in 1765, and settled at the Waxhaws, where the father died, and soon after Andrew was born, March 15, 1767. His life was to be one of storm and tumult; it began amid appropriately in the preliminary throes of the Revolution. His brothers, Hugh and Robert, early took an active part in the war, and Andrew himself had to fly before Tarleton after the Waxhaw massacre of May 29, 1780. A year later he joined the militia and was captured, and while a prisoner the officer in charge of it commanded ordered the boy to black his boots when Andrew replied: "I am a prisoner of war and demand to be treated as such." The officer struck him with the flat of his sword, inflicting wounds on his arm and head, which he carried to his grave. His brother Robert was similarly wounded. In prison, at Camden, they suffered starvation and were stricken with the smallpox. Their mother secured their release, but they were drenched with rain while the disease was in its worst stage. Robert was soon a corpse and Andrew a raving maniac. Nor did he recover his health entirely until he reached manhood. Their mother soon after left him to aid some of her relatives who were in prison at Charleston, contracted the fever from them and died on her way home. Thus, at the early age of 14, Andrew was an orphan. For six years he worked as a saddler and studied during his spare hours. In 1784 he became a law student at Salisbury, N. C., and received from Col. Stadl the usual practice in 1787. Almost innumerable are the stories of his wild and roistering life while at Salisbury.



THE OFFICER'S BLOW.

Even at that early day, he impressed those around him with his force of character and the direct energy of his genius. Of the quarrels and fights in which he was engaged we say that it is needless to speak. They were the vices of the time and of the country, rather than the man. Of his riding and racing and drinking, the same may be said.

GOES TO TENNESSEE.

A Lawyer, Solicitor and Successful Indian Fighter.

Meanwhile the settlers on the Cumberland had just made their lodgment near Nashville, and the valleys of the Clinch and Holston were already well settled. The citizens established a state government, named it Franklin, and elected Gen. John Sevier governor; but the region was erected into Tennessee territory, and John McNairy, a friend of Jackson, was appointed judge of its superior court. With his recommendation Jackson was appointed solicitor, or public prosecutor, for the district, and early in 1788 they started on the long and lonely ride to what is now Nashville. The gentle disposed by Jackson in guarding against Indian surprises and conducting the train through the mountains and woods; made him a noted man by the time he arrived at Nashville, where every man capable of wielding a rifle was of immense value to the settlement. No part of the west has been won from the Indians at greater cost of blood and suffering than central and west Tennessee. From the year 1780 to 1794 the Indians killed, within ten miles of Nashville, an average of three persons a month. Felix Grundy, the noted statesman of Tennessee in speaking afterwards in the senate of the United States, used this thrilling language: "If I am asked to trace my memory back and name the first impression which it received, it would be the sight of my eldest brother bleeding and dying under the wounds inflicted by the tomahawk and scalping knife. Another brother went in the same way. I have seen a widowed mother plundered of her whole property in a single night, from confirmed paupers to poverty in a moment, and compelled to toil to support her last and favored son—him who now addresses you. Sir, I need turn to no document to teach me what they suffered. They are written in my memory; a part of them upon my heart. Those of us who are here are but the remnant—the wreck of large families lost in effecting the early settlement of the west. Ask my colleague what he remembers. He will tell you that while his father was in pursuit of one party of Indians another band came and murdered two of his brothers. Inquire of yonder gentleman from Arkansas what became of his brother-in-law Oldham. He will tell you that he went out to hunt the cows and returned to his corpse, pierced with arrows from Kentucky where is his uncle, the gallant Hardin. He will answer that he was intrepid enough to carry a flag of truce to the hostile savages. They did not recognize it, and he fell. If I turn to my old classmate and friend, now a grave and potent senator, I am reminded of a mother's courage and intrepidity in the son whom she rescued from savage hands when in the very grasp of death."

Imagine the enthusiasm with which a people so circumstanced hailed Andrew Jackson, who carried his rifle in his hand when he rode the circuit, who swam rivers when ford there was none, who went long weary miles out of his way to protect lonely trains, who was always ready to assist those who were ruined by Indian raids and to fight the savages.

His companion relates that when they went to the northern part of the state, to hold court in the most distant settlement, while one part of the people planted corn another secured the woods with rifle in hand to guard against the Indian. When the girls went blackberrying a guard invariably went before them to scour the surrounding thickets. If a man went to a distant spring, another stood on the watch, with his rifle cocked and poised. Indeed, the necessities of the people had produced such peculiar habits, that when four or five men stood together and talked they did not face each other as elsewhere, but stood back to back, as they had been accustomed to do, watching for Indians or creeping Indians. It was in such a state of society as this that Jackson met Rachael Donaldson, afterward Rachael Robards, who was to become his wife.

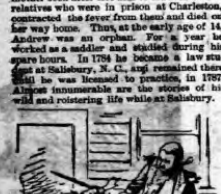
JACKSON'S MARRIAGE.

Why It Caused So Many Bitter Quarrels and Fights.

As the peculiar marriage of Andrew Jackson was matter for heated scandal in many political campaigns, and was the cause of one fatal duel, which would now be called a murder, the main facts must be given. Louis Robards, who married Rachael Donaldson, was a man of strangely jealous disposition. He finally abandoned his wife, went to Virginia, which then had jurisdiction over Kentucky, and applied for an act of the legislature to enable him to procure a suit for divorce. It was published in Kentucky and Tennessee that he had obtained an absolute divorce. Accordingly Jackson married Rachael Robards at 1791. A year later Robards filed his suit in Kentucky, alleging that his wife, Rachael, had abandoned him, and was living in adultery with one Andrew Jackson," and on that ground obtained a divorce. Jackson and his wife, believing in this fact, and the error they had ignorantly committed, were again married in 1794. We shall see, in due time, that these events led to the most unappeasable hatreds and to the tragic death of Charles Dickinson.

RACHAEL JACKSON.

In 1793 the country became prosperous, and Jackson was the owner of many thousands of lands. He was also engaged in many legal services. The same year he fought his first duel with Col. Waightstell Avery, of North Carolina. The causes of this duel were so trivial that both were heartily ashamed of it and the full particulars were never given. They exchanged shots, both missed, shook hands, and were friends ever after. About the same time he began his long feud with the gallant John Sevier, the noted warrior of King's Mountain, who fought in thirty-five battles with Indians and British, was never defeated, and, according to his men, never once lost his head in the time of action. This quarrel resulted in three affairs between Jackson and Sevier, none of which resulted seriously. In 1796, Tennessee having 77,000 people, was authorized to establish a state government, and Andrew Jackson was chosen with others to represent Nashville.



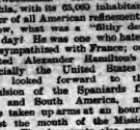
FRONTIER FIGHTS.

How Jackson Defeated a Bully with a Fence Rail.

During all those years there was naturally a great deal of drinking, racing and cock fighting, with some gambling of a less exciting kind, in which Jackson bore his full share. Jackson himself, when president, gave this account of one of his early fights to a friend in Washington: "Now, Sir, I will say some attacks you, you say that you will aim at his head with that big stick of yours. Well, sir, the chances are ten to one he will ward it off. Then I will be in a fine way before I get him down. Now, sir, you hold the stick so, and punch him in the stomach and you will drop him. When I was a young man in Tennessee there was a big bullying fellow that wanted to pick a quarrel with me, and so trod on my toes. Supposing it accidental, I said nothing. Soon after he did it again, and then a third time. He was one of the very biggest men I ever saw. As quick as a flash I snatched a small nail from the fence and gave him the point of it in the second time. Sir, it doubled him up. He fell at my feet and I stamped on him. Soon he got up savage and was about to fly at me like a tiger. The bystanders made as though they would interfere. Says I: 'Gentlemen, stand back; give me room; that's all I'll ask, and I'll manage him.' With that I stood ready with the rail pointed. He gave me one look and turned away a whipped man. So, sir, I say to you, if any villain assaults you, give him the point in his belly." As soon as the state government was organized Gen. Sevier was chosen governor. William Blount and William Cooke were chosen United States senators and Andrew Jackson the sole representative.

His life in Philadelphia, then the nation's capital, was anything but pleasant. He took back from the first members with whom Mrs. Martha Washington called "filthy Democrats." Albert Gallatin described Jackson, when he entered congress, as "a tall, lank, uncouth looking man with long locks of hair hanging over his face and a cue down his back, tied with an eelskin, his dress singular, his manners and deportment those of a backwoodsman." And at that time Philadelphia, with its 65,000 inhabitants, was the center of all American refinement.

Now, think of the "filthy democrats" of that day! He was one who hated England and sympathized with France; one who distrusted Alexander Hamilton's measures, especially the United States bank; one who looked forward to the speedy expulsion of the Spaniards from Mexico and South America, and would have taken up arms at an hour's notice to wrest the mouth of the Mississippi from Spain. The democrats also suspected that Adams and Hamilton wished to make the government a monarchy. "British guineas" was as common an expression in that day as "British gold" has been in recent discussions on the tariff.



AARON BURR.

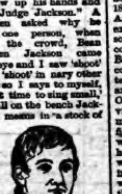
Hence, with one accord made Hamilton a scapegoat, and their party cries were: "Bank paper money!" "Over issues!" "Down with the bank!" Allied in Andrew Jackson's mind the basis of that inveterate hatred of bank paper which wrought such remarkable consequences thirty-five years later.

He had a rather close friendship with Aaron Burr. He voted against an address of thanks to George Washington, with eleven other members. Jackson's views were those of the key treaty. On the 29th of December, 1796, he made his first speech to the house on Indian affairs.

"JUDGE JACKSON."

He Prefers Tennessee to Philadelphia and Washington.

He left for home on the 3d of March, and never sat in the house again, for early the next year he was appointed United States senator from Tennessee. He reached Philadelphia in November, 1797, served until April, 1798, went home and resigned, using some very emphatic language as to his duties of legislative duties at the distant, capital. Soon after the legislature made him Judge Superior court of Tennessee, which office he held for five years. During his term in congress he made the intimate acquaintance of Edward Livingston—then Edmund Randolph's partner in the city, but soon after a resident of New Orleans, who remained a lifelong, ardent friend of Jackson, and was of invaluable service to him in the future. Here visited Nashville, Jackson received him with the most cordial hospitality, helped to make his stay pleasant, favored what was then supposed to be his wild scheme of founding a military colony in western Louisiana to be ready for a war with Spain; and in connection with John Coffee, contracted to furnish boats with supplies for the expedition. But in the meantime, becoming his duties as judge, his life was one of extra activity, mixed with the rude enjoyments of the frontier, varied by no little excitement, for with the desperate men peculiar to that state of society. Not a single decision of Judge Jackson's is on record, for the recorded decisions of the court begin with those of Judge Overton, his successor. But tradition is uniform that he maintained the dignity and authority of the bench, and that his decisions were singularly clear, common sense and approved by the bar as just. During a session of the court at a small village one Russell Bean defied the sheriff to arrest him. Nor could any one be found in the village to serve in the posse, as Bean was noted as a desperate character. "Very well," said Jackson, "summon me." It was done. Jackson adjourned the court for ten minutes, walked out, and, with pistol in hand, confronted Bean, who threw up his hands and said, "I'll surrender to Judge Jackson." "I've often been asked why he "knocked under" to one person, when he had intimidated the crowd, Bean replied: "Why, sir, when I saw one come up I looked him in the eye and I saw 'shoot' there, and there wasn't 'shoot' in nary other eye in the crowd, and so I says to myself, says I, I'll not attempt to be running small, and so I did." While still on the bench Jackson invested his surplus means in a stock of goods, with which he opened a store at a place near where the Hermitage now stands, and soon after formed a partnership with John Coffee, and here his troubles began. Not only were they involved by the contract with Aaron Burr, but also they sustained enormous losses on account of notes he had negotiated. He received in the course of time from David Allison for several thousand dollars, indorsed them and passed them over in payment for a stock of goods. Hard times came. Allison failed. The holders of the notes took the indorsers into the law. Similarly he invested heavily in land that had been sold under a decree of the court, and resold the land, giving guaranty deeds. It was found that the decree of the court, which ordered the original sale had no jurisdiction. Jackson barely saved himself from complete ruin, but by selling off his lands and negroes he kept out of the troubles with his fame and slaves and farm machinery.



GEN. JOHN COFFEE.

KILLING OF DICKINSON.

The Worst Act of Jackson's Life—A Murder?

About this time dueling was horribly common. In the principal cities of the south were clubs of duelists, in which a man took rank according to the number of times he took part in duels. As late as 1824 Harriet Martineau relates that there were fifteen duels in New Orleans one Sunday morning when she was there, and 103 between the 1st of January and the end of April. This state of affairs was only palliate, though it cannot justify, the killing of Charles Dickinson.

He was then a prominent citizen and lawyer of Nashville, a dead shot, a difficulty arose at a horse race, and Dickinson spoke to his friends in a slighting manner of Mrs. Jackson. Jones called on him, and Dickinson replied that if he had said anything disparaging to Mrs. Jackson it was when he was drunk, and they became friends for the time being. Again Dickinson, when in the company of Jackson so having "made a trip to Natchez with another man's wife." This was reported to Jackson, but in the meantime a young man named Thomas Benton became friendly to his wife's matter and Jackson struck him with a cane. Then the quarrel followed the usual course, and it was understood that they were to fight on the west bank of the Cumberland from New Orleans, whither he was then gone. On the voyage Dickinson practiced frequently with a pistol and openly boasted that he would strike the center button of Jackson's vest. An attempt was made by friends to bring about a reconciliation; but Jackson promptly replied that the words spoken of his wife rendered it forever impossible. Friday, May 30, 1806, was appointed as the day, the place a long day's ride from Nashville, near a small stream called Red Banks. Dickinson and his party reached the ground first. It was then a pleasure party of it. When they stopped for rest or refreshment Dickinson amused the company by displaying his wonderful skill with the pistol. He fired four balls into the space of a silver dollar at the distance of twenty paces. He fired at a mark time with his bullet at the same distance, and pointing to it said to the landlord of the tavern: "If Gen. Jackson comes along this road, shoot him." He had his pistols made heavy bets that he would hit Jackson within one inch of a certain button on his coat.

Jackson's party were graver, but Jackson conversed in his usual pleasant manner. They reached the ground soon after day light. Gen. Thomas Overton, an old Revolutionary soldier, served as second to Jackson, and Dr. Hanson Catlett as that of Dickinson. The latter won the choice of position and Jackson's second the office of giving the word. Jackson wore a very loose coat, which stood so far out over his breast that it concealed his slender figure. He had told Overton that he did not intend to try for first fire. Accordingly when the word "fire," Dickinson raised his pistol quickly and fired. A puff of dust flew from the breast of Jackson's coat; he laid his left arm tightly across it, but still stood erect. Then Dickinson unconsciously recoiled a step or two and exclaimed:

"Great God! have I missed him?"

"Back to the peg, sir!" thundered Overton, raising his pistol.

Dickinson recovered himself and stood at the peg with his eye turned away from his antagonist. Jackson took deliberate aim and pulled the trigger. There was no result. He looked at the trigger and discovered that it had stopped at half cock. He cocked it and fired for the proper place, took aim a second time and fired. Dickinson reeled and fell, the blood gushing from his side. The ball had passed through him, just below the ribs. Death was certain. All that day he uttered the most horrible cries and died late that evening. Jackson and his party took post distance, when the second fire was given. One of Jackson's shoes was full of blood. "What! Are you hit?" he asked. "Oh, I believe," said Jackson, "he has pinked me a little, but say nothing about it here." When they reached the steamboat place he opened his coat. Dickinson's aim had been perfect. He had sent the bullet precisely where he believed Jackson's heart to be. The bone deflected Jackson's body and the projecting coat had deceived him. The ball had broken two ribs and split off part of the breast bone. The wound healed slowly and troubled Jackson as long as he lived.

JACKSON'S DARK DAYS.

His Troubles and His Enemies at Nashville and Washington.

At this late day it is not necessary to make any apology for this horrible and disgusting affair. No popularity in the world would save Jackson a man against the odium created by such an act, and, indeed, for many months Jackson was the most thoroughly hated man in Tennessee; but in no long time the people almost unanimously came to the conclusion expressed by a friend of Jackson, that Dickinson had voluntarily entered into the quarrel to kill Jackson in the street fight. A Nashville clique, and that to render reconciliation impossible, he had shamefully slandered Mrs. Jackson, which was, with her husband, the one sin for which there was no pardon.

While Jackson was still prostrated by his wound, occurred the explosion of Aaron Burr's project, his trial, treason, and acquittal. Jackson was a witness and fell under the condemnation of the administration. A series of quarrels and troubles followed, now one is unable to tell. The outbreak of war of 1812 that Jackson received his standing. Aaron Burr, who had returned from his exile, had the honor of suggesting that Jackson was already a militia general, he commissioned by the president. Thomas H. Benton insisted upon it, and the president commissioned Jackson to raise 2,500 volunteers. They made the celebrated march, and floated down the river to New Orleans; but their short term of service prevented a fight. Before they marched again occurred his celebrated street fight with Thomas and Jesse Benton, in which Jackson was so badly wounded that he laughed for many months after. Then he was entirely recovered he took the field again in his glorious campaign against the Creeks, which must be lightly passed over here, as this is not a history of the war, except as it concerns Jackson's career not so popularly known. With 2,000 men, he entered the Creek country late in 1813.

HIS DAY OF TRIUMPH.

He Defeats the British and Indians and Becomes a Hero of the Hour.

His army destroyed the Creek town of Tallushatchee, defeated and terribly punished the Indians at Talladega, defeated them at Emuckfaw and Enotochopoco, and almost annihilated a gathering of 2,000 Creeks at Tohopeka.

Jackson ordered the execution of certain militiamen, a fact of which so much was made during his political campaigns. The power of the Creeks was completely broken, and a million acres were and the rest scattered and subdued. Weatherford, the noted Creek chief, surrendered to Jackson, and the Indian war was closed with the most complete triumph.

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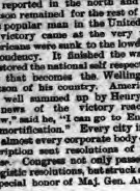

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1[illegible]4. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
AN NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,
BY W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

HURRY IS THE MARK OF A WEAK MIND, DESPATCH OF A STRONG ONE. A WEAK MAN IN OFFICE IS LABORING EVERMALLY, BUT TO NO PURPOSE; LIKE A TURNSPIKE, HE IS IN EVERYBODY'S WAY, BUT STOPS NOBODY.—Colton.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 162; days to come, 203.

—Three barrels of clothing were forwarded from Plainfield to-day through the Red Cross Society.

—A swindler who sells fifteen-cent eyeglasses for five dollars is making the rounds of New Jersey.

—The Bee Hive makes an announcement in another column to-day which will probably interest the ladies.

—A collection will be taken up at each of the four services at St. Mary's church next Sunday for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers.

—A game of base-ball on the old Crescent grounds yesterday afternoon between the Stars and the Hardinghams resulted in a victory for the Stars by a score of 9 to 0.

—The Y. W. C. T. U. will hold a reception at Miss Newton's school, at the corner of Lincoln avenue and Washington street, this evening. Each member is privileged to bring any number of friends.

"If —says an exchange—" you see a young man who is not an editor slicing the newspaper with a pair of scissors these days you may know that he is cutting out poisoned icecream mixture to shove his best girl."

—The work of the classes in gymnastics, botany, drawing and other studies was on exhibition at Miss Kenyon's Seminary this morning, and to-morrow the closing exercises of the school year will be held.

—It has been decided to bond the Dunellen School District for $6,000 with which to build a new school house on the north side of the railroad. There are now 300 scholars in the District, with school accommodations for only 250.

—Members of Post No. 23, G. A. R., are urgently requested to attend the regular encampment this evening in order that action may be taken on the circular of Department Commander Miller in relation to the Johnstown disaster.

—The second free lecture of the series by Mr. F. W. Grant on "Inspired Church History" will be delivered this evening at 7:45 in the meeting-room, No. 6 East Front street, over the Dime Savings Institution. Subject: "The Johnstons of the Church, and What Has Come of It." All are invited to attend.

—There being a great demand in the Muhlenberg Hospital for under-clothing that has been partly worn, the Ladies' Auxiliary Board desires that there should be a generous contribution. The Ladies have always met with willing responses in making an appeal, and are confident that this will not pass unnoticed. They request that donations be sent direct to Hospital or left with Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson, Secretary, No. 10 LaGrande avenue.

—Chumming for bluefish is becoming more popular every year along the New Jersey coast. A Plainfield expert in chumming advises that a sea green or an olive tinted line should be used, with a leader of piano wire, No. 12, four feet long. It is stated furthermore that the wire should be first treated by rubbing with tannic acid to take out the kink. By turning and fastening the wire at each end a loop may be formed. In one loop the tinted line should be tied, and at the other end the hook. The hook should be in water adjacent to New York, of No. 7 Limerick size. Most fishermen nowadays believe that the most alluring bait for bluefish is fresh worms, but probably the surest way of alluring bluefish to the lines of chumming fishermen is to spread over the water a "slick" of mossbunkers ground up. Having taken this precaution, and also having put a generous slice of mossbunker on his hook, the bluefisherman may expect to reap a very respectable harvest.

PERSONAL.

Mr. J. N. Jenkins, of the corner of Sixth and Washington streets, returned to-day from Bethlehem, Pa., where he has been moving buildings.

Cards are out for the wedding of Miss Kathleen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Newell, of Carleton avenue, to Mr. George Moss Kirkner, at Grace church, Tuesday afternoon, June 25th, at half-past five o'clock.

Mr. J. A. Allis, of West Fifth street, having completed a three years' course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, has been informed that his examination is satisfactory. The exercises of his class will be held in the College, at the corner of Fifty Ninth street and Tenth avenue, Thursday evening, June 13th, when the new and smiling M. D.'s will receive their hard earned and coveted diplomas.

A pretty christening took place at Evens Wick Sunday, when the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Otey was baptized at the Church of the Heavenly Rest by the Rev. Dr. J. F. Taylor. The sponsors for the occasion were Mr. and Mrs. Simon Otey, Mrs. C. Conant and Mr. C. W. Ames. A number of friends from the city were present, who at the close of the ceremonies repaired to the residence of Mrs. Conant, where a christening dinner was given in honor of Master Warren Wilcox Otey. The young lad was the recipient of many handsome presents, some in gold and silver.

Two Benighted Brothers.

[From The Flemington Democrat.]

A Delaware county man has an aversion to advertising, and as a result he has had property unleased for some time. He even refuses to put the conventional "To Let" notices on his house.—Exchange.

The man's brother lives in Flemington, but we withhold his name for obvious reasons. The sheriff will sell him some of these early days, and then his identity will become known.

THE JOHNSTOWN FUND.

PLAINFIELD'S CONTRIBUTIONS NEARING THE $4,000 MARK.

Three Thousand Dollars Already Forwarded to Gov. Beaver for the Sufferers. Suggestions Concerning the Proposed Concert.

The fund in Plainfield for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers is still growing, and with the various sources yet to be heard from it is probable that the $4,000 mark will soon be reached.

The following dispatch was forwarded to Gov. Beaver to-day:

HARRISBURG, Pa.

Gov. JAS. A. BEAVER.

Your treasurer's third draft at sight on Mr. Myers at Harrisburg, in favor of mail, for $3,000, will be duly honored, for the benefit of the Conemaugh and the West Branch Valley sufferers in your discretion. Collections have been made by contributions through THE EVENING NEWS, the city and some of our churches.

HAMILTON MILLIKEN, Jr.

Mr. J. K. Myers has received the following additions to the city fund:

Wm. Rockwell	$10.00
Collection	5.00
Cash	30.00
"	5.00
Employes of Lovell's wall-paper factory	15.25
R. B. Edgar	20.00
Cash	1.00
E. J. Harding	1.00

The following has been received by THE NEWS:

C. P. Bull	$5.00

The funds, so far as reported, now stand as follows:

City Fund	$1,312.50
EVENING NEWS Fund	1,157.12
Plainfield Relief Fund	665.35
Daily Press Fund	5.00
Grand Total	**$3,149.97**

The church fund includes, besides the amounts reported yesterday, $75 from the First Presbyterian.

THE PROPOSED BENEFIT CONCERT.

The Matter Held in Abeyance—Congratulatory Letters.

It is thought best to hold in reserve for future developments the project for an entertainment to aid still further the Johnstown sufferers. When we proposed the movement in THE NEWS of last Friday we had no particular kind of entertainment in mind.

The contributions thus far had been from such a large number of persons that we happened to meet or could readily reach, and there were many others who would, we believed, like to give through an entertainment, and those who had already given were ready in this way to give more.

We considered the kind of entertainment of only secondary consequence. The people would have accepted as heavenly whatever could be got together on such short notice to accomplish the object to get money to the relief of the sufferers in the quickest possible time, even if we had to go into the woods for screech-owls to sing and had to hire Chinamen to accompany them on tom-toms.

The Directors of Music Hall, with commendable spirit, met Friday evening and unanimously tendered us the use of Music Hall, and a correspondent from whose purse the largest individual contribution from this section came to our aid with a suggestion in a letter to have the entertainment a concert under the direction of either Mr. McCutchen or Mr. Pierson. Satisfied that this would bring out the very best local talent obtainable, we immediately communicated with both these talented gentlemen for their cooperation.

They invited the leaders of all the choirs which could be communicated with on so short notice to a meeting in the parlors of the Crescent avenue church Sunday afternoon, when they discussed the matter, and the result of their deliberations is expressed in the subjoined letter:

PLAINFIELD, June 10th, 1889.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The call for a popular concert in behalf of the Johnstown sufferers to be given in Music Hall by the choir singers of Plainfield has been brought to our notice and we have carefully considered by the undersigned, representing some of the choirs of the city.

We take pleasure assuring you of our appreciation of the noble motive which prompted the suggestion and that our hearts bleed in quiet and full sympathy with our unfortunate brothers and sisters who have been thus sadly bereft of that which life holds most dear.

While we are glad to do all in our power to assist in swelling the fund which warm hearts are pouring out for their relief, we can but feel that in view of several efforts already undertaken here for the same object, which will engage all the time and attention of a large number, it would be unadvisable to attempt a concert, which, to be worthy of so good a cause, would require more of time and labor than is at our disposal.

Heartily appreciating your untiring efforts in forwarding the "Relief Fund," and regretting our inability to respond favorably to the present call, we remain, very respectfully,

MRS. LEWIS A. PLUMB,
C. W. MCCUTCHEN,
D. E. DAVIS,
E. W. HEDGES, M. D.,
ARTHUR L. TITSWORTH,
L. B. GOODRICH,
L. A. TITSWORTH.

We have also received the following:

SOMERVILLE, N. J., June 9th, 1889.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Mme. Alterni has to drill those in two plays for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers, and she fears that her time will be so occupied and her strength so exhausted the coming week that she will be unable to do what might be needed—however much she desires to aid. If the case is urgent, and you want a reading by Tuesday next, please call on me, notwithstanding her other engagements.

Yours in sympathy,
WM. A. ALTERNI.

In addition to the foregoing we have received the following from Mr. Kellogg, the leader of the choir of the Holy Cross Episcopal church:

"The Holy Cross Choir hold themselves in readiness to help in any way the Johnstown sufferers."

It is quite evident, however, that it will not be possible to give a concert, and as money is still pouring in we can hold the movement for an entertainment in abeyance to meet any further call on the people of Plainfield and vicinity, whose generous contributions show that they have an appreciation of the awful misery of the Johnstown sufferers adequate to the emergency.

We trust that those who can will hold themselves in readiness to respond quickly if the occasion should appear to us for further contributions.

Mr. Dennis O'Brien, hackman at the station, positively refused compensation for the use of his carriage in aiding the editor of THE NEWS to get quickly to the different sections of the city to secure prompt aid for the Johnstown sufferers, besides making a liberal contribution. The first contributor was Mrs. Joseph Blatz, of North Plainfield; the youngest contributor was Master Charles Potter Titsworth, scarcely two years of age; while the contributors of the largest individual amount were Mr. and Mrs. Milliken, although the largest in proportion to her means was the servant girl referred to yesterday.

PLAINFIELD HELD OUT TO THE LAST

Two Queen City Wheelmen on the Century Run.

The second annual "Century Bicycle Run" from Orange to Plainfield took place Saturday. The start was made at 4:30 a. m., under command of Capt. L. A. Clarke, of Flushing, L. I., with seventy-eight men and two ladies, one lady on a safety bicycle, the other, Miss Welsh, of Germantown, Pa., accompanied by her brother on a tandem bicycle. Arriving at Plainfield, the cyclers were joined by Messrs. Capt. F. L. C. Martin and Wm. H. Milliken, who escorted them to the Club House, where sandwiches and milk were served in great abundance. At 7:30, after a half-hour's rest, the run was continued under command of Capt. F. L. C. Martin, through Dunellen and New Market to New Brunswick, where a short rest was taken, and where the lady on the safety bicycle was forced to withdraw on account of a breakage to her wheel. The route from the city on the Raritan was through Franklin Park, to Kingston, to Princeton to Trenton, where the party were joined by the Trenton Wheelmen, who escorted them to the Trenton House, where dinner was served, after which a photograph of the party was taken, which occasioned considerable delay. At 3:25—just 35 minutes behind the schedule time—the run was continued, seven members of the Trenton Wheelmen accompanying the cyclists a distance of ten miles to Bristol. The Captain of the Trentonians was to take command to Philadelphia, but as he was unable to do so Capt. F. L. C. Martin continued in command. At Holmesburg, which is eight miles from Philadelphia, forty-eight wheelmen representing various Philadelphia clubs joined in the run, Capt. Martin being assisted by ex-Capt. Roberts, of the Pennsylvania Bicycle Club, through to Frankford to Philadelphia, which was reached at about 7:30. Out of eighty-two starters fifty-three rode through all right, including Miss Welsh and Messrs. F. L. C. Martin and Wm. H. Milliken. On arrival at Philadelphia the party at the corners Invitation of the Century Bicycle Club, left their wheels in the large Club House and later went to the Continental Hotel, which they made their headquarters.

Sunday morning they were taken on a run by the Philadelphians through Fairmount Park, where they visited several places of interest, including Horticultural and Memorial Halls.

Most of the party returned on the 3:30 train, on which a special car was attached for them, but Messrs. Martin and Milliken continued, by invitation from the Pennsylvania Bicycle Club, who took them on another run and dined them at Belmont Mansion.

Three Handsome Residences.

Mr. James Hardy, of Somerset street, has contracted to erect three handsome dwellinghouses to be completed in the Spring.

The first is a Queen Anne for Mr. Chas. T. Kissam, of Bryona, and is to be built on Central avenue, near Ninth street.

The second is for Mr. A. Overton, of Washington avenue, and is to be erected near Mr. H. A. McGee's, on Rockview avenue.

The third is for Mr. Isaac Brokaw, and is to be built on Rockview avenue next to Mr. Overton's.

The Death of a Twin.

Mayor Cooley has had a beautiful pair of Holstein calves, about three months old, which were quite valuable. In order to promote development they were given patent feed in addition to grass. Yesterday one of them died from overfeeding, the food having proved too rich when given as prepared by the man in charge.

Two Horses' Legs Fractured.

News comes from the outskirts of the city that a sand-bank fell in on a team of workhorses yesterday and fractured two legs of one horse and one leg of the other. The driver is said to have escaped injury.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12
1. Saturday	66	65	65	69	71	71	67	65
2. Sunday	65	69	68	71	71	73	69	65
3. Monday	67	70	68	74	76	77	73	68
4. Tuesday	67	69	68	72	72	73	68	65
5. Wednesday	66	69	68	72	72	73	68	65
6. Thursday	65	68	68	72	72	73	68	65
7. Friday	65	68	68	72	72	73	68	65
8. Saturday	66	69	68	72	72	73	68	65
9. Sunday	66	70	68	74	73	76	69	65
10. Monday	67	70	68	74	73	76	69	65
11. Tuesday	70	72	77	79	80			

Whipped Cream Soda
a new wonder
From the Wild West
A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.
REYNOLDS'
PHARMACY, Park and North avenues.

N. B.—Exclusive Rooms for Plainfield.
6-11-8m

WATER AND SEWERAGE.

COUNCIL MAKING CAUTIOUS PROGRESS IN THE MATTER.

Specifications Providing for Water-Supply from Wells or the Passaic River.—Sewers to the Raritan.

The subject of providing a public water-supply and a system of sewerage for Plainfield was the only matter brought before the Common Council at their adjourned meeting last night.

Those present at the meeting were Councilmen Dumont, Dunham, Erickson, Gallup, Jenkins, Marsh, Myers, Newhall and Squires.

Councilman Watson was absent.

On motion of Mr. Marsh the reading of the minutes of the last meeting and the regular order of business were suspended, and Council proceeded to the consideration of the report of the Committee on Water, Printing and Stationery, which was presented by Mr. Newhall.

The report consisted of a form of advertising for bids for the erection of a system of water and sewage-works and a list of general specifications to govern bidders, both of which had been prepared by Mr. Rudolph Herring, of New York city.

The specifications provided that the water-supply must be from either wells or the Passaic river near Union Village, the water to be pumped into a double reservoir on either First Mountain or the Netherwood Hills, of which each compartment must be capable of containing 1,000,000 gallons, and which must have a capacity of 3,000,000 gallons. Each pump must have a pumping-capacity of 2,000,000 gallons per day. The bottom of the reservoir must be 200 feet above Park avenue and Front street and must be kept clear of all soil and vegetable matter. All streets built and to be built provided with mains, which shall be so arranged that in case of repair or accident not more than two blocks shall be shut off at one time. The street-hydrants must be non-freezing, with double nozzles to fit hose-couplings.

Those bidding for the erection of a sewerage-system must make the work of sufficient magnitude to provide for the accommodation of 30,000 inhabitants. The disposal of sewage should be by precipitation on and filtration through land on the west side of Green brook on which case sixty acres of land would have to be purchased—one acre for each 500 persons or by flow into the Raritan river below the dam at Fieldville, near Bound Brook. The sewers must have a fall of at least one-fourth of an inch per foot. Manholes must be provided at every street-intersection.

The contracting party must bear all the expense of erection and must secure a permanent right of way all along the route of the works. There must be, approximately, twenty miles of water-works, and twenty miles of sewerage in the city limits. Two per cent. of the cost of erection must be given for the city to pay its share of the expense in providing an engineer to advise in the matter and to pay for the city's other incidental expenses. A statement of the total cost of erection must be exhibited and verified together with a statement of what advance would be demanded in selling to the city twelve months after erection. Also, the city must be given the privilege of purchasing at the end of ten years. Bonds must be furnished and the work must be completed in a manner satisfactory to Council within 12 or 15 months from the date of granting the franchise or contract.

All sewers and water-mains must be furnished with tape ready for every building lot, and fixed schedules of rates must be prepared for determining the expense attached to providing families with connection with water-mains and sewers.

When the specifications had been read Mr. Newhall presented a resolution that they be referred back to the Committee for proper revising, that after such revision one hundred copies be printed for the use of those concerned and that the advertisement be published in two or more trade newspapers.

Mr. Marsh objected. He was disappointed in the report. He had expected that Mr. Herring would give more detail, specifying the size of pipes to be used, with other matters. The city had not power to grant a franchise for works outside of the city, and hence couldn't build sewers. He moved that the matter be referred back to the Committee to have eliminated that part referring to sewers and to the Passaic river and to have inserted more detail as to the size of pipes to be used and the section of ground to be covered.

Mr. Moffett seconded the motion.

Mr. Newhall said that the Committee had thought it not unadvisable to procure bids for sewers, so that the matter should be in readiness for any legislation the city might obtain next Winter. As to the Passaic River, that gave promise of a lasting uncontaminated supply, and was the water assigned to Plainfield in the report of the State Water Board. It would give a cheaper supply than wells, as the well-system would be intricate and costly. Still, the Committee heartily believed with others that the supply underneath our suburbs was pure and ample. The system proposed of having the water come from the Passaic, supply the city and flush the sewers of the Raritan seemed to have its commendable features and might merit considerable consideration. As to the size of the pipes, it was of course understood that they would be large enough to meet all requirements.

Mr. Dunham spoke in favor of both water and sewerage. The question as to having sewers, however, was, he thought, for the people to decide.

Mr. Dumont took the floor, resigning the Chair to Mr. Squires, and urged that a sewerage system was needed more than were waterworks. He, too, was disappointed in the report. He felt a hesitation about going ahead and asking for bids. The city could have a sewerage-system by paying for it, but he wanted something besides generalities to vote on. He preferred investigation to find out what further information was wanted before revision.

Mr. Marsh thereupon moved to lay his former motion on the table, which was done. He then moved that the matter be referred to a meeting of Council to be held Tuesday evening, June 21st. The motion was carried, and Council adjourned.

Germans Give to Johnstown.

The Plainfield Sengerbund and Turn Verein celebrated Pfingst Monday yesterday by holding a festival at Kellerr's Grove, on the Mountain. The proceeds will be devoted to the relief of the Johnstown sufferers.

DR. E. KIMBELL
THE
GREAT SPECIALIST
Commenced his second visit in Plainfield this morning. Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 8 a. m, till 7 p. m.
☞ Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances. ☜
Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a FEW DAYS ONLY.
People who desire the services of a skilful
CHIROPODIST
are urged to call without any delay, as his engagements in Trenton are positive.
DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.
☞ Ladies often make up parties of from two to six, and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, aged person or child can have the most aggravating foot complaint speedily and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.
MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.
During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 10,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.
From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:
From J. R. Probasco M. D.: I have had occasion to consult with DR. KIMBELL relative to removing corns, and heartily recommend him to the afflicted.
J. R. PROBASCO, M. D.
41 East Front street.
From J. T. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skilful Chiropodist.
J. T. FRITTS, M. D.
32 Park avenue.
To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my [illegible]
[illegible] R. THEVOE.
1 Plainfield, May 20.
From John A. Beerbower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet in one treatment.
JOHN A. BEERBOWER.
I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.
MISS ATTIE V. DUNHAM,
30 Madison avenue.
Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits causes the worst cases to run days. Try it.
All bad cases solicited.

Plainfield's Prize Bowlers.

The Olympia Bowling Alleys are now open to the public Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday evenings.

Last night was the Plainfield Club's regular practice night, and though the weather was very warm the alleys were crowded. No high scores were made.

The June-July-August bowling for prizes has resulted in the following scores thus far:

Charles Krewson	233
C. A. Reed	219
Ali Vail	211
H. Teel	204
H. Wallitt	200
Chas. Rogers	196
P. VanAlstyne	195

Mr. Asa Collier, proprietor of the Olympia, is not in the contest, but he has a score of 216 for June.

Next week Wednesday evening twenty bowlers will compete for prizes of two gold-headed silk umbrellas and a lignum vitæ ball.

A Girl's Brain Affected.

[Correspondence of The News.]

BOUND BROOK, N. J., June 10th.—A horse owned by Miller VanDoren, of Middlebrook, took fright at a locomotive Sunday afternoon and ran away, throwing out and severely injuring the Misses VanDorn and Miss Della Mason, who were on their way to Sunday-school.

Cora was rendered insensible. The wagon wheels ran over her head, and her brain is affected.

A FETE CHAMPETRE DES CINQ SENS
will be held by the
Ladies' Society
of the
SEVENTH-DAY BAPTIST CHURCH
on Mr. GEO. H. BABCOCK'S LAWN, corner of Eighth street and Arlington avenue, next WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON and EVENG June 12th, from 4 to 10 o'clock. If the weather be unpleasant it will be postponed until Thursday afternoon and evening.
Admission, 10 cents. 3t*

LADIES,
of course you are aware of the fact that the warm weave has struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Maybe I can suggest something that will meet with your approval; now what looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a
White Summer Suit?
and if you want such an article just drop in at
THE BEE HIVE
and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $3.50 to $10.
Then I have Children's fine White Dresses in Swiss & Cambric, from 50c to $3.
I can also show you a Blue Flannel Dress, $1.25, $1.35 and $1.50; I have just received a consignment of Blouse Suits for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at $2.15 and up. Children's Jersey Blouses, 50c and 95c.
Louis Callman,
30 WEST FRONT STREET.

HOTEL NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.
—Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank E. Miller.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.
Summer Furniture.
We keep up a full stock in all lines and sell the best goods at the Lowest Prices.
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
Only Fifteen are left. This is your time to get a modern bargain. Call and see our large assortment of
WE NEED ROOM and have decided to put it by CLOSING OUT our Baby Carriages at
$3, $3.25 and $7 PER ANYWAY.
GARRET Q. PACKER.

QUITE ENGLISH.
A Man's Patent Leather Piccadilly Last is all the rage for street wear; we have them.
Also Ladies' Patent Leather Tip Button Piccadilly Last, that is very neat.
We can show you a large assortment of Tennis Shoes, Oxford Ties, (colored and black) now, as we had them made to our special order. Later on the assortment diminishes (naturally would with us), as we keep our goods moving. We live in an age of progress.
DOANE & VanARSDALE,
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,
22 West Front Street,

For the Benefit of the
JOHNSTOWN SUFFERERS
we offer one-third of the cash sales for TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY. All goods sold at regular prices. J.C. PIERSON, JR., Hardware and House-Furnishing Goods, 42 West Front street. Telephone No. 126.

Rumors of a Poisoning Case.

A story is afloat to-day that a lad named John Hall, employed by druggist Gale, of Westfield, had put up a prescription for a Mrs. Dougherty which had resulted in her serious illness from poisoning. Communication with Mr. Gale this afternoon by telephone elicited the reply that this was the first he had ever heard of such a case and that young Hall had never put up a prescription since he had been in the store.

A Society's Generous Gift.

At the meeting of St. Mary's Total Abstinence Beneficial Society held last evening it was decided to donate $25 for the Johnstown sufferers and 50 removals, repair and register their Hall property. The Treasurer's report showed a balance-on-hand of about $400. Messrs. John Hickey, George Butcher, Peter Flynn, sr., and the President and Secretary were appointed the Executive Committee for the ensuing year.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A WASHERWOMAN wants work by the day at washing. Third street, No. 76, Mrs. Snyder. 10-6

AN EXPERIENCED nurse for confinement can be found at No. 9 Plainfield avenue, for a few days. 10-6

A PARTMENTS to let. Inquire 33 Madison avenue. 5-18-tf*

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wants situation. References. 126 South Second street.

COW FOR SALE—A young Jersey cow, fresh, giving very rich milk. Call as 126 West Seventh street. 5-4

DESIRABLE house, eleven rooms, all improvements. Six minutes from depot. Inquire of H. Nelson, City Mills. 6-1tf

FOR SALE—300 loads of manure. P. O. Box 666, Plainfield. 3m6

TWO houses to let. Inquire of P. M. French, City Mills. 12tf

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—A very fine three-story and basement house in Brooklyn for house and lot in Plainfield. Wilfred Powell, 97 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield. 5-3

WANTED—74 Grove street. Woman, cook and general housework. No washing. Family go to the country for three months. 10-3*

WANTED—A young man who is a fair penman, understands something of book-keeping and can furnish good references. Address, giving reference and salary expected, H. J., No. 30 Somerset street, Plainfield.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Miller, corner of Manner avenue and Park place. 6-10tf

I WILL SELL at public auction a part of a carload of riding and driving horses Thursday afternoon, June 13th, at 4 o'clock, at Blatz's Hotel, corner of Somerset street and Greenbrook road. Terms made known on day of sale. 11-3 JOHN J. BAKER.

MORNING NEWS.

A GREAT FUNERAL PYRE.

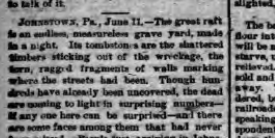
The Debris at the Bridge Ablaze at Last.

MANY BODIES WILL BE BURNED.

Surgeon General Hamilton's Report on Johnstown—There Is No Danger of Epidemic—Letters from Clara Barton—A Mysterious Receiver of Bodies.

The debris of the raft on the eastern side near the bridge was fired. This means that a number of bodies must be burned. The fire is burning slowly, and no authority is given for the measure. Gen. Hastings didn't care to talk of it.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 11.—The great raft is an endless, measureless grave yard, made in a night. Its foundation are the shattered timbers sticking out of the wreckage, the torn, ragged fragments of walls marking where the streets had been. Though hundreds have already been uncovered, the dead are coming to light in surprising numbers. If any one here can be surprised—and there are some faces among them that had never been missed. People just arriving in Johnstown say that the stench is sickening and fearful, tainting the air of the valley everywhere, while those who have worked here throughout the trying scenes have noticed it only at times and in certain places, showing that their senses are numbed. All the waters are giving up their dead and the skiffs and grapplers are in waiting for them. The red shirted lumberman, standing midway in the raft, who is called the marker and color bearer, raised his arm once to strike, but the blow never fell. If it had, it would have cut in twain the first of the bodies taken from the Point



LOOKING TOWARD THE BURNING DEBRIS.

on the morning of the tenth day. It was the remains of a woman, Emma Roth by name identified by her broken hearted husband an hour later. Dr. G. C. Brinckley, one of Johnstown's brightest and most promising physicians, was found at last in the raft near where that of the woman lay. Although but 30 years of age, his appearance when the remains were rescued was that of a man 75 years old.

Clasped In Each Other's Arms.

Others unknown were taken from the raft at all hours of the day, among them an old man with his little boy clasped in his arms. With every hour comes a salute for the hundreds yet buried there. It is the blast of dynamite. Five bodies were found under one single heap of the wreckage in the town. One of them was Kate Neary, the milliner and modiste.

One of the saddest identifications was that of Miss Blanch Harnish, of Dayton, O. She was a passenger on the day express, and her father has searched for the past three days. Some one reported her body lying near by the trestle near the Pennsylvania railroad station.

George C. Humm was a well known insurance agent. Nobody had given him a thought until his body was carried to the Presbyterian church morgue.

The Dead Are Quickly Buried.

The day is past when the discovered dead can be kept any time for identification. Frightful scenes at the morgues bear quick testimony of this. The keepers say that as soon as the bodies are opened now it becomes almost impossible to handle them, and the sooner they are buried the better. There are over fifty new faces on the slabs at the morgues, and a record shows that a week from the time morgues were established 1,493 people were buried from them who were discovered right in this vicinity. This has nothing to do with the valley or the dead of Nineveh, at New Florence and elsewhere. A great many were also buried who were not taken to these morgues.

The Peril of the Cremation Idea.

The greatest menace to the living at Johnstown is the great drift above the stone bridge. It is more difficult to clear away, fuller of animal matter, harder to approach, and more dangerous to those who have to use river water than any part of the ruins. Although at first there was a natural sentiment against the burning of the bodies, which led to the extinguishment of the fire here by Pittsburg firemen, there has been a steady change of opinion. If Gen. Hastings should order the drift fired the people would acquiesce and admit that it was for the best. This has been true in regard to the burning of dangerous buildings and piles of wreck in various parts of the valley, where the nostrils of those to whom the wind carried the smoke told them time and time again that human flesh was burning. The chloride in the ashes of the finding of a body in the drift are decidedly against its identification, and this is also an argument in favor of the cremation of the whole. The plan is to dig on the part of the river bed where the wreckage is and then soak it with oil and fire it. Now that the river is rapidly lowering this plan is entirely feasible.

The work of removing the debris above the railroad bridge was continued with a large force of men. There are now about 500 men at work, but still the progress is very slow. The men are scattered all along the shore and the debris is being burned. Another large force of men who have arrived, armed with axes, were at once set to work.

A Mysterious Receiver of Bodies.

A number of bodies have been recovered through the efforts of one man at the upper pontoon bridge on Stony creek. He is from Philadelphia and has his own staff. When a reporter asked him his name he replied: "It don't matter any difference about my name; I have come for business, and nothing else." He has ropes and hooks, and removed four bodies from an old freight car washed from the railroad bridge. He has also been at work at old trees and roots washed in at this place, and his plan of operation is to stir the roots pretty freely, and the bodies at once come to the surface. He then passes a rope under the arms and tows them to the bank, pulls them out of the water and allows them to lay there for the undertaker corps to take them to the morgue. He tells no one any real gen about his work with an apparent knowledge of what he is doing. It is thought that there are a large number of bodies yet among the debris in Stony creek.

THEY ARE STARVING.

Two Hundred People at New Florence, Nineveh and Centreville Without Food.

PITTSBURG, June 11.—The Press publishes a special dispatch from Johnstown as follows:

Two hundred people who have suffered from the flood in New Florence, Nineveh and Centreville, who are housed at Gen. Hastings' office, are starving. Many are people who have been used to all the comforts and luxuries of life before the past up waters of Conemaugh lake devastated their homes and carried away members of all families. In the distribution of supplies New Florence has been entirely overlooked. The good people of that town who have been doing all they can to make comfortable the survivors who have sought their homes for refuge from the flood are at a loss to know why the place was slighted, whether by accident or design.

The Last Pound of Flour.

The bakers have made the last pound of flour into bread, and when that is eaten there will be nothing for the poor people to do but starve unless their wants are immediately relieved. The merchants of the place have sold and given everything they had in stock away. They have stocks of staple groceries stored away, and these are being hauled over the railroads. A citizen of New Florence, in speaking of this matter, said to a press correspondent: "We want the world to know that down there. Coffee, bread and meat are all gone. Little children are crying for more food, and the unhappy parents often go without in order to feed the little ones. We have made applications for supplies, but have not got any yet. Something must be done soon, or some of us will die of hunger."

Issues From Grief.

Three more of the Johnstown sufferers have survived death only to lose their reason. Rev. Kunz, son and Mrs. Seager. The family of Rev. Kunz, a German Lutheran minister, consisted of father, mother and five children. Of these all perished except the father and one son, aged 12 years. After striving to recover the bodies of his dear one, and waiting to bury two children —all that could be found—Rev. Kunz was prevailed upon to come with his little son to this city. He was among those given refuge at the Home of the Friendless. At first he appeared merely dazed at the terrible affliction that had befallen him, but now, as the result of the agonizing strain, his mind is completely unhinged, and he chatters unceasingly in a sad, unmeaning monologue. The boy, too, has become mentally unbalanced. Altogether, it is a case that would melt a heart of stone.

A Dangerous Patient.

At the St. Francis Hospital one of the patients from Johnstown is a Mrs. Seager. She has been raving almost constantly since her arrival, and for the past two days has been almost constantly insane. Her meals have taken homicidal form and the Sisters fear for their lives. They not being in a position to attend to such cases, having none of the provisions common to asylums, the sad condition very little is known of her. In her rambling talk she has mentioned having come originally from Baltimore, and that she hadn't lived in Johnstown many months before the flood. Whether this is correct or not, of course, no one knows. It is hoped this publication may have the effect of bringing her case to the attention of friends, wherever they may be.

The condition of Mrs. Foster, one of the Johnstown sufferers, who was taken to the Mercy hospital, and who became insane from grief over the loss of her children on Friday, is unchanged. She continues to rave in a wild manner, and it is doubtful whether her mind can ever be restored. For the present she will remain at the hospital.

The Surgeon General's Report.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Surgeon General Hamilton has made a report to the president of his investigations at Johnstown and their results. The surgeon general says that there is no danger of epidemic at Johnstown; that the only danger, if any, is at the towns below Johnstown, the inhabitants of which may find their water contaminated. He suggests the boiling of the water before its use for drinking or cooking. He says that it will take about ten days to clear away the debris now in the river. He discourages the idea of burning it, as the bodies are in the water and they would not be reached by the flames. He says that money and provisions are still needed, but that the supply of clothing now on hand is adequate to all necessities. Rubber gloves, however, are needed for handling the dead.

Clara Barton Asks for Supplies.

The following message has been received here from Johnstown, Pa.:

To A. S. SOLOMON, vice president, National Red Cross, Washington:

Please ship at once three hospital tents with

CORNER MAIN AND CLINTON STREETS.

(Ruins of Hurlburt House on Right.)

flies and fixings complete and twenty-five cots. We have three hospitals which need supplies. Spread the word that the health of the valley is in charge of infectious diseases. One hospital established for this. Have half a hundred persons who have had a notice of authority with any one here, but have I heard of any. It probably could be averted by which none of us have the time to read. CLARA BARTON,

President, National Red Cross.

Letters from Clara Barton.

A. S. SOLOMON, vice president of the National Red Cross association, has received a letter from Miss Clara Barton, who went to Johnstown with the Red Cross party from this city, in which she says, under date of June 6:

The Philadelphia Red Cross followed us in two hours. They have a large force of physicians and helpers, and together we are establishing our headquarters and hospitals. The spectacle which you read are probably not described; indeed, I do not know how they could be. Destruction and death are everywhere. The piles of rubbish are full of human bodies. Yesterday three were taken out still alive. Supplies are arriving in goodly quantity and being distributed to the various centers in such manner as your would expect. It has rained almost incessantly and today; cases of mud and broken building, and dead animals are everywhere.

Under date of June 7 Miss Barton wrote:

We are fairly at systematic work. But the cure is not yet. The dead are still pinched up texts today, a fine camp and splendid work. We have put up five hundred thoroughly comfortable beds and have them filled with sufferers who have a force of nearly fifty, and it is difficult to fine with a moment of leisure. All the various commissions the military authorities are in perfect accord with us, and tender every facility and aid. The war is now getting open for steel and telegraph, and as the waiting sufferers come in I am almost moved under. The dead tattoo is deadly; there is no half way; all is fine. * * *

We have pretty good supplies of clothing, but it is on its way to-day. We have lots of bedding, and it will be needed, especially as the families try once more to do for themselves. Groceries and provisions are most welcome. Canned meats, articles for sick rooms, and the people seem too dazed to realize their loss, either of property or friends—they will wake up to this later.

The committee of the country has received a letter from P. J. Pierce, a national bank examiner, who is now at Johnstown on business connected with the Johnstown National bank. While there Mr. Pierce saw all the bank officers except the cashier, who was not arriving. He says that he thinks that the debris has been removed from the bank and an entrance made into the vault and safe. The funds and all securities were found to be intact, as were also all books, records and papers, though the latter were somewhat damaged by water. Mr. Pierce says that it will be some days before the bank can resume business.

Renovo's Distress.

RENOVO, Pa., June 11.—The days have passed since the disastrous flood swept through three-quarters of Renovo and laid waste the homes of the working people of this town.

So much has been said and written of the sufferings in other places that Renovo has been almost forgotten, except in the matter of provisions.

Sufficient clothing and food have been contributed to relieve the immediate wants of the distressed, but unless aid in the shape of money comes to them they will be unable to again build up the homes which were destroyed by the flood.

The condition of the people here is distressing in the extreme. Many of the women of the homes destroyed represent the life-time savings of workingmen, and unless outside aid comes there will be suffering and poverty such as has not yet been known.

Unaided the people are unable to start anew the building up of their destroyed homes, and Chief Burgess and citizens generally of the town have asked the United Press correspondent to make known through the press the condition of affairs at this place.

Boston Refuses to Appropriate $10,000.

BOSTON, June 11.—By a vote of 6 to 6 the board of aldermen refused to appropriate $10,000 from the city treasury for the benefit of the flood sufferers. The objections were wholly upon the grounds of unconstitutionality.

SULLIVAN TO BE ARRESTED.

It Is Probable That with Others He Will Be Charged with Cronin's Murder.

CHICAGO, June 11.—It is probable that the coroner's inquiry into the assassination of Dr. Cronin will close this evening. The jurors are almost unanimously pronounced that Alexander Sullivan, Senior Warden Beggs, Police Officer Daniel Brown, Harry Jordan and Larry Bitckley be arrested. Others may be dragged in, but as all the prisoners will be held for murder and bail will be refused.

The testimony before the coroner's jury yesterday went further to confirm the belief that Dr. O'Sullivan is not the only one suspected of being directly or indirectly implicated in the conspiracy, are trying to shield one another by giving contradictory answers to the leading questions of the coroner. Detective Mike Whelan, who traveled with Detective Coughlin after Dr. Cronin disappeared, and who was subpœnaed by Patrick Ribbon because of his strange conduct while searching for the man Smith, who drove the doctor away, was the first witness. Whelan is a first cousin of Iceman P. O'Sullivan.

Whelan admitted that he was a Clan-na-Gael and thus his number was 198. He had seen Detective Coughlin and P. O'Sullivan fighting immediately after the murder.

Chief Hubbard and Luke Dillon have ordered the arrest of a suspect who has taken refuge in New York. His name is being kept a secret for the present, because of the impossibility of the fellow eluding the detectives who are on his trail. The man's description tallies exactly with one of the three men who figured in the original murder.

Attention was first directed to him by Luke Dillon, who remembered the fellow as one of the most boisterous rooters of the brigade that ruled the Clan-na-Gael in 1882.

A Serious Railroad Wreck.

OAKLAND, Md., June 11.—Train No. 18 was wrecked a mile and a half west of this station. A heavy shower had raised Benson brook and washed out a culvert. The engineer saw the danger, but not in time to stop his train. The engine passed safely over the weakened culvert, but the tender, baggage, express and mail cars are a total wreck. The express car was stopped on the track. The following named persons were injured: William Underwood, of Lewiston, engineer, arms, legs and breast badly injured, not dangerous; R. S. Coberly, of South Unity, fireman, legs badly crushed; —— Patterson, mail agent, legs and left hand badly hurt; Mail Agent Gilbert, of Garrett, legs crushed, dangerous; Mail Agent Libby, of Portland, John broken and head cut; Roscoe Stowels, of Skowhegan, express messenger, one leg torn off and the other badly crushed. It will take two or three days to clear the wreck and repair the track.

Admiral Turner's Son a Murderer.

BALTIMORE, June 11.—Robert Turner and his brother, Edward C. Turner, went to Edward P. Turner's house at the Plains, Va., where the two Edwards got into a quarrel over a family difficulty. Edward P. was badly beaten. When the two brothers were riding away from the house Edward P. pulled out a pistol and killed Robert. Edward C. then severely shot Edward P. in the breast and left him for dead. Edward P. is a son of the late Admiral Turner, and Robert is the son of one of the most prominent citizens in Fauquier county. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of voluntary manslaughter against Edward P. Turner.

A Vein of Natural Gas Near Utica.

UTICA, N. Y., June 11.—A third vein of natural gas has been struck at Sandy Creek twice as large as the others, and having a pressure of 250 pounds to the square inch. Where the gas has been tapped and lit there are two flames burning thirty feet high.

CONDENSED NEWS.

On Sunday Kotelinski, Detroit's excommunicated priest, dedicated his magnificent new church himself. The edifice will hold 9,000 people.

Lock Haven, Pa., has appealed to the people of the United States for help in its flood affliction.

The New York grand jury has found indictments against Dru Irwin, Ferguson and Baker, the three who performed the autopsy on the body of Washington Irving Bishop, the mind reader, for violation of the sanitary laws.

Yesterday J. A. Bromley, of the Thirty-fourth district, New York, has been arrested for appropriating a check on the Tradesmen's National bank for nearly $100, and was held in $1,000 bail to answer before the general session.

The fast express on the Lehigh Valley jumped the track at Sugar Notch, near Wilkesbarre, Eight people were injured, some so badly injured, among them John S. McGrath, deputy treasurer of Luzerne county, and John Lough, principal of the Prendall, Pa., schools.

ALMOND EYED CALLERS.

Forty-eight Chinese Call on President Harrison.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

The Guilford Miller Case—Why Mrs. De La Hunt Was Not Appointed Postmistress at Cannelton, Ind.—June Returns of the Department of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—When the president went to the East room at 1 o'clock, he found himself suddenly in the midst of a colony of Chinese. Forty-eight Chinamen stood in line with their yellow, expressionless faces turned toward him. Each carried a package or parcel of some sort in his hand as if intended as an offering. Some of them had odd musical instruments of Chinese construction under their arms. They were the Sunday school class from Mount Vernon place, Baltimore. They were in charge of Mrs. Crook and Rev. A. H. Tuttle.

Late Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The president has made the following appointments: Thomas J. Morgan, of Rhode Island, commissioner of Indian affairs; Hoyt Sherman, Jr., of Utah, receiver of public moneys at Salt Lake City, Utah; Frank O. Hobbs, of New Hampshire, register of the land office at Salt Lake City, Utah; Edward Gantry, of Piute City, Minn., register of the land office at Taylors Falls, Minn.; William C. Wells, of Alabama, register of the land office at Huntsville, Ala.; Edward L. Chapman, of Great Bend, Kan., receiver of public moneys at Larned, Kan.; Charles D. Ford, of Colorado, register of the land office, Lamar, Colo.; and Benjamin F. Allen, special agent of the general land office.

An Electric Railway Patent Decision.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Patent Commissioner Mitchell, in the case of Green vs. Hall vs. Siemens vs. Field, on a motion by Hall for a review of Patent Commissioner Hall's decision in favor of Field for a patent for an electric railway, has denied the motion and reaffirmed the decision of his predecessor, Commissioner Hall, in favor of Field.

The Guilford Miller Case.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Assistant Secretary Chandler and Assistant Attorney General Fields, sitting as a court, heard the argument of counsel on a motion made by the Northern Pacific railroad to review the principles laid down in the celebrated Guilford Miller case. Mr. Macdonnell represented the Northern Pacific railroad and Messrs. Dudley, McCommon and McKnight appeared for various railroad companies. Messrs. Reddington, McElroy, Lamar and Zachary appeared for the settlers. About 200 cases, including the Guilford Miller case, are involved.

Cannelton Postoffice Case.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—A reporter of the United Press called the attention of Mr. Harrison, first assistant postmaster general, to the postoffice case at Cannelton, Ind., about which the president has been criticised because of the appointment of Mr. Zimmerman. Many persons have quoted Mr. Harrison's speech in the United States senate in 1885 in opposition to the removal of Mrs. D. La Hunt, former postmistress, from this office, and have criticised his action in failing to appoint her now when she was an applicant with Mr. Zimmerman.

Mr. Harrison said: "The president has made a memorandum directing the appointment of Mrs. De La Hunt, supposing the office to be presidential, but the appointment was really of the fourth class, and I have already appointed Zimmerman upon the recommendation of Congressman Posey, whose indorsements are usually followed in the district, knowing nothing of the desire of the president for Mrs. De La Hunt's reappointment, nor of the circumstances of the case. I am inclined to think that it will yet be changed, and that Mrs. De La Hunt will be appointed, as it was the intention of the president to appoint the Union soldier's widow to the Cannelton postoffice."

NEW YORK, June 11.—There have been two cases in this city of prostration by heat. A cigar salesman named Fox and an unknown workman were overcome in Wall street.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 37c each.

* * *

'Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear so and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 39c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 15c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c, that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Gingham at 12½.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 25c.; and 5c Whites Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.50 to $3.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper finds and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for to this season to show Flouncing and embroideries. There is an endless variety to select from and we have lower, Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

Fresh Garden Seeds,

Garden Tools,

RAKES, LAUNDRY HOVERS,

Cutlery, etc.

N. H. & J. J. HUIDEKOPER,

13 Somerset street.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 19 Front St. Plans.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging.

P O Box 893

Wm. A. Woodruff

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Front sheet and Rear Lawn Mowers.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND SHARE

FOUNDRY

MACHINE SHOP

Corner of Front and Somerset streets, (Opposite Arctic Mills.) We are prepared to do (Jobbing, Repairing and Manufacturing of Steam Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Etc. Also Iron and Brass Castings of every description made to order. Orders promptly attended to. Estimates furnished on application. Telephone connection. Address P. O. Box 1,

C. E. KNITTEN.

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Conducts his business on correct principles; keeps his store well stocked with the newest and best goods, and tries to treat his patrons with the utmost politeness and marks his wares at the LOWEST PRICES. He is now receiving a few of the many attractions we now offer.

SILK AND WOOL UMBRELLAS, gold thread handles, for rain or sun, 24 inch at $1.25; 26 inch at $1.50; 28 inch at $1.75. They will wear better than all Silk and look just as well.

Our $3.45 Satin Covering Parasols for $2.75. Best 4oc of Fitting Wool Corsets, handsomely braided at $1.25 and $1.50. Our 50c Ladies' Black Hose for 25c. Our 35c Ladies' Black Ribbed Hose for 25c. Children's Black Hose, 5 to 8 1-2 inches 20c to 45c; over 2? and 35c. Four nobby Pigeon scarfs for Gents at 50c. Flannel Tennis Shirts, nobby Black Silk Warp Henriettas at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75. Bath Vellins for Vests at $1, $1.15 and $1.50.

SPECIAL ON CARPETS! Lining given in free with carpets bought to June 20th. Curtains, Portieres, etc.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT,

1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICES and tempting to the purchaser. Having increased our facilities for manufacturing, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1879.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,

ALL QUALITIES,

ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? these good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Lawns! A good one for 5c, a better one for 7c and the best 4-4 Bolaine and Percales at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' SUITS. A good Cambric waist for 25c and 37c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists 49c to $1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 12c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 39c 50c, 67c and upward.

PARASOLS! Why not you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest Silk at $3.97. In stripes and plain Satins we have all shades at $1 and upward. A bargain in Black Satin-lined Parasols at $3, $3.49 and $3.97.

PANEL Dress Goods in the latest for the Fashion Fronts, 75c to $1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to HOCK BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 25c; and extra-heavy Ingrains 35c, 45c and 50c. All wool Two-ply Ingrains, 65c; Genuine home-made Rag Carpets, 35c, 40c and 45c. Fancy Mattings, 12 1-2c upward. An inspection of all seasonable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

The Fidelity and Casualty Co

Nos. 214 and 216 Broadway, N. Y.

CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550.21

Issues SURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employees of Railroads, Banks, etc., also Administrators, Guardians, etc.

Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES containing all modern features.

Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies of approved forms.

OFFICERS:

WM. M. RICHARDS, President. GEO. F. SEWARD, Vice-President.
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AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD { Opp. Railroad Station.

at

Crane's Hat Store,

13 PARK AVENUE.

Trunks! Trunks!

Valises, etc.

BIG STOCK

B. T. BARNES

ICE CREAM

Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.

Opposite P. O.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER.

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Frames, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

N. E. cor. NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North America of Philadelphia, Phœnix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

Also Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Reduced and Milling Co., Silver Mills, of Colorado.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

Legal Notices.

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Circuit Judge in and for the County of Somerset.

In matter of application for election to fix liquor license at $400 in the borough of North Plainfield.

Application by a petition signed by at least fifteen-fifth of the legal voters of said borough, at their previous gubernatorial election, for Governor, of the people of said borough, and of all in the county of Somerset, wherein licenses are required to be granted by the Court of Common Pleas of said county, at the next session thereof, William J. Magie, Circuit Judge in and for said county of Somerset, will, on the 25th day of June next, at the Court House in Somerville, the county seat of said county, hear the petitioners that not less than a certain sum of money named and specified in such petition for wit, the sum of seven hundred dollars ($700) be charged and held for the license to be granted to sell spirituous, vinous, malt or fermented liquors or any of them, by less quantity than one quart within such borough of North Plainfield, and if anything that no newspaper is published in such borough of North Plainfield, but that two daily newspapers, to wit, The Plainfield Evening News and The Daily Press are printed and published in the city of Elizabeth, in the county of Union, and circulate extensively in the borough of North Plainfield, do hereby give notice that on Monday the 17th day of May, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, order that the seventeenth day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. be fixed for the hearing of said petition, at which time and the court house of the county of Somerset will be the place where and when I will consider said application, and hear the petitioners in support thereof, and of the time and place when and where the same will be heard be given by publication of a copy of this order in the two newspapers aforesaid, viz—The Plainfield Evening News and The Daily Press, at least four times prior to said day of hearing, and by posting copies of this order in five of the most public places in the said borough of North Plainfield, at least two weeks prior to the said seventeenth day of June next, which methods I deem fit and necessary.

W. J. MAGIE.

A true copy.

WM. A. SCHOMP, Clerk.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

Organized 1852. —THE— Incorporated 1888.

ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLY COMPANY.

F. S. KINSMAN, Genl Manager.

39 Liberty St., N. Y.

Oldest, Largest and Most Responsible, Largest Facilities for New work or Repairs.

Plainfield office, 28 North avenue. Represented by F. S. Dunn.

CARRIAGES

New Designs, Largest Assortment, Best work

For Least Money

Excelled by none

Hollman & Ryerson's

20, 21 and 23 SOMERSET ST.

Carriage Materials,

Harness

and Horse Goods

J. V. F. RYERSON.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 15c. This is a bargain. There will be no time wasting over one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up. rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

A YOUNG FIEND'S CRIME

Otto Leuth Murders Little Maggie Thompson.

THE BODY FOUND IN A CELLAR.

The Diabolical Deed of a Cleveland Lad. The Girl Was Assaulted and Then Killed with a Hammer—Young Leuth Confesses His Guilt.

CLEVELAND, O., June 11.—Maggie, the pretty 5-year-old daughter of Jacob Thompson, of No. 34 Merchant avenue, mysteriously disappeared May 8. Detectives, constables and private citizens engaged in the search, tracing numerous clews all over the city and state, but without avail. Maggie's murdered and dismembered body was found by accident in the cellar of a house only seven doors from her home, and the crime has been definitely fixed upon a 16-year-old lad and his confession obtained.

The house in which the body was found is No. 42 Merchant avenue. Underneath are two circular cellars, one for each family, and the cellars are accessible only to the respective tenants. The building is owned by Henry Leuth, and the front part was occupied by Leuth, his wife, and his son Otto, a young man of 17.

The Body Makes Its Presence Felt.

At the time of Maggie's disappearance and for two weeks later Mrs. Leuth was in the hospital and her husband out of the city. The sole occupant of their part of the dwelling was young Otto. Two or three days before the return of Mr. and Mrs. Leuth the Sherdin, who occupied part of the house, complained to Otto of a bad smell. He explained that rats had probably died in the cellar and that a mattress up stairs was full of vermin, and he would go at once to them. He carried a mattress and feather bed into a shed, and for some days the smell was less noticeable.

The Discovery of Crime.

After the return of Mr. and Mrs. Leuth they noticed it also, and the neighbors began to complain. Sunday night the smell became intolerable, and the Sherdin joined Mrs. Leuth in insisting upon a thorough and immediate investigation of the premises. Mr. Leuth took a lamp and commenced an exploration of the cellar, and under a part of the house, beneath the floor and about midway between the wall like vaults, he discovered the naked body of a child partially covered with rags. The head and one arm were severed from the trunk. Almost paralyzed with fright, Leuth hurriedly imparted the news of his discovery to his wife and started over to the police station to give the alarm.

The body was horribly mutilated and decomposed, but every one present was confident that it was Maggie Thompson's body. The skull was found to have been broken in at the forehead in three places. One wound was over the right eye, one on the left frontal bone close by the hair and one in the left temple. The jaw was also broken and the right arm had been torn off at the elbow, but the trunk was too badly decomposed to give any further clew to the nature of the assault. All the clothing was off and had been piled upon the body.

The body was removed to the morgue, and a further examination of the premises made. A box of chloride of lime was found near where the body laid and a boy's jacket, partly eaten by the chemical. The police arrested the five occupants of the building and lodged them in the Central station. Mr. and Mrs. Leuth immediately established a complete alibi, and were released, and a rigid cross examination of all the parties was at once instituted. Otto affected to treat the whole matter as a good joke. He answered every question promptly, and declared that he had never seen Maggie in his life, and did not know how her body came to be in the cellar.

Under steady and skillful cross examination he became uneasy and wavering in his replies, and when confronted with the blood-feather bed, brought from the shed, his bravado failed and he broke down completely. Little by little the truth was wrung from him, and finally, unable to stand the strain, he expressed a willingness to make a clean breast of the whole affair.

The Story of the Crime.

Otto said that he had met Maggie Thompson near his own door and when she asked him for a button for her cloak he promised to give her one if she would go with him into the house. The unthinking child followed the young brute upstairs and there he attempted to commit her. Failing, he picked up a heavy hammer and struck the girl down. Death gave him a horrid privilege. Then he covered up the body and left the house. For a week he did not sleep in the house, and at the end of that time carried the body to the cellar.

Young Leuth is about 5 feet 7 inches tall very slender, and will hardly tip the scales at 120. His facial characteristics show neither viciousness nor mischievousness. His upper lip is thin and is lapped slightly by a somewhat thick under lip. His nose is large and straight, while his eyes are brown and small, with no indication of cunning. Since his confession he has been moaning and crying and begging for means of self destruction. He seems to realize for the first time the enormity of his crime. During the past month he frequently approached Mrs. Thompson and with seeming indifference asked if Maggie had been found.

Aside from this affair the boy had never developed any depraved instincts. He has an unusual talent for music and plays well on the violin, but has shown no taste for reading of any kind. He is closely watched for fear he may commit suicide. In the police court his demeanor was abject and cowardly. He waived examination.

A Company to Execute Criminals.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., June 11.—Application of incorporation has been issued to the American Executing Company at Chicago to execute persons who are sentenced to death; capital stock, $25,000. Incorporators, Stephen Lawson, M. E. Clear and Jacob A. E. Ilfert. The incorporators are small dealers in coal at Chicago. They claim to be acting in good faith. None of the trio has had any experience in the proposed scheme. Their idea is to employ competent executioners and upon communication with all the sheriffs in the United States guaranteeing that there will be no bungle such as characterized the Bald Knobbers' execution. Stewarts, cotton, etc., will be furnished, and also any style of apparatus—hemp or electrical, or what not.

The Jersey City Charter Case.

TRENTON, June 11.—Chief Justice Beasley, of the supreme court, has rendered his decision in the Jersey City charter case, to the effect that all of the legislation of last winter and the charter accepted by the people are entirely constitutional. A writ of ouster against the officials holding office under the new charter was ordered to be issued.

Weather Indications.

Fair; slight changes in temperature.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit. Everybody knows that they are the best. Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

24 and 24 floors. P O Box 1286.

THE Leading Grocers are

R. W. RICE & Co.

of

Duer and Emily Sts.,

All goods Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m. RICE & CO.

Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

CARPETINGS.

W. & J. SLOANE

Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the

Spring Trade.

MOQUETTES, from $1.25 per yd. upward. BODY BRUSSELS from 95c per yd. upward. TAPESTRY from 50c per yd. upward. INGRAINS, from 40c per yd. upward.

Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH ST NEW YORK CITY.

Don't spoil your Feet with CHEAP SHOES! Wear the Burt & Packard "Korrect Shape."

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller & Bro.

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Pesco. 10-12tf

TUNIS J. CAREY

81 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold

I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

Terrill & Cole,

successors to Ford & Stiles

UNDERTAKERS AND

PRACTICAL EMBALMERS

No. 20 East Front street, Plainfield

M. N. Terrill Geo. W. Cole

Telephone call 44.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

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BARGAINS in wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on 12 x Furrin Iron wagon. John F. Webb, East street, North Plainfield.

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NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour. SUCCESS, BONNY, FILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. Also of BECKWS foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

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Lumber, Coal, Wood

and

MASONS' MATERIALS

PEACE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH. Telephone call No. 120.

R. A. ROSS,

No. 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box 1239. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING, Residence Evona. P. O. Box 350.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,

Cor. Madison avenue and Third street, Manufacturers of Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Mouldings, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds.

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PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE,

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The Stationer,

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Cannel Coal

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Clear pine Bee Hives, nicely painted, hooks, stick and wedge boards in large assortment and very low; tin and wooden ware in large assortment at astonishing low prices. Plain lamp chimneys, 5c. Glass sets of four pieces, sugar bowl, butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, new cut styles, only 39c. Elegant water or lemonade set of six goblets, two quart pitcher and heavy glass tray, only 69c. Glass salt shaker, six styles, to order, 10c. Lamps, 10c up. White and fancy combs at half price. Fine Hair Brushes, Pocket Books, only 10c. J. C. ALLEN, 44 W. Front street.

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Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

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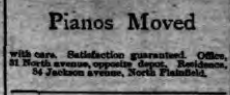

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for the correct thing in

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CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES.

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E. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44.

WILLIAM G. E. REID, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 130 East Front street, Plainfield. 1yr

PANSIES, SPRING PLANTS and trees, shrubs and grapevines at Lindley's, No. 20 West Front street. Mrs. Lindley's Intelligence office, same place. 4-11-1y*

JACKSON & GEORGESON, Counselors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc., corner of Park avenue and Second st.

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CHARLES A. MARSH, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office on Park avenue and Second street.

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Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET,

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NEW FANCY CAKE BAKERY.

French and AMERICAN

ICE CREAM and WATER ICES

Catering in all its branches.

W. J. Stephenson.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

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Try the Brunswick Hams. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 19th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.56, 6.29, 6.56, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.45, 7.15, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 11.00, a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.05, 10.10, 11.10, 11.50 a. m., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45, 5.45, 6.35, 7.55, 9.35, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday, 8.15, 9.35, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.15, 7.15, 8.05, 9.05, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.35, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.05 a. m., 12.15 noon, 2.00, 3.20, 5.45, 6.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a. m., 5.45 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. Sunday, 8.15 a. m., for Easton.

8.07 a. m. For Washington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Delton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Lewisburg, Watsontown, Milton, Northumberland, Renovo, Lock Haven, Tyrone, Bellefonte, Lewistown, Mount Union, Altoona, Pittsburg, Erie, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Canton, Akron, Mansfield, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc., 4.34 p. m. For Washington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Shamokin, Delton, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 7.01 and 9.05 p. m. For Washington, High Bridge, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, 6.00 p. m. For Flemington, 6.56 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, On Sundays at 6.35 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.46, 8.00, 11.09 a. m., 1.06, 3.23, 5.00 p. m. For Perth Amboy 7.46, 8.00, 11.09 a. m., 1.06, 3.23, 5.00 p. m. Sundays, 7.46 and 8.00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—10.50 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8.30 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 a.m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays close at 8.00 p. m. Open Sundays from 9.30 to 10 a. m. No owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Direct pouch for Newark, N. J., in 8 p. m. mail.

ESTEY

SAVE MONEY

by purchasing the best Pianos. Do not be deceived by the many false representations that are made by the Lazy Pianos. The Estey Piano is the only one that will stand in tune. The Estey Piano has the best tone of any piano, but there are many others that have a good tone. The Estey Piano has the most durable action made. The Estey Piano has the most beautiful case ever put on a piano. The Estey Piano has all the modern improvements. The Estey Piano is the only one that will stand in tune. The Estey Piano has the best tone of any piano, but there are many others that have a good tone. The Estey Piano has the most durable action made. The Estey Piano has the most beautiful case ever put on a piano. The Estey Piano has all the modern improvements. Estey Piano Co. Factory at Brattleboro, Vt. Warerooms at 915 Broadway, New York. Correspondence solicited. Address

HUDSON & PRODDOW, No. 3 East 14th Street, New York.

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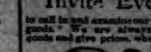
Invite Everybody

to call in and examine our fresh stock of soda goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not



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DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

13 Park avenue.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Constipation

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wasting Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Paralysis and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 62 East Second street, corner of Washington

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

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WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

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BRICK

If I am now reputed to furnish a superior quality of brick, I have doubled the force of laborers of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed upon me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD. P. O. BOX 686.

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers

68 Park Avenue.

Telephone Call at Residence 49 Madison avenue. Telephone Call at Office at Hillside cemetery

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

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under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 7 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. J. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

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H. N. Spencer, 76-78 Somerset St.

Grocer and Seedsman,

A full line of Groceries, Provisions, Produce etc. White Lead, Oils, Varnish, Paints, Stoves, Earthen and Glassware. A full assortment of reliable Field, Garden and Flower Seeds. Seed Potatoes, Cedar Bean poles, etc. Great variety of plants in season.

Smalley Brothers,

79 Somerset street,

Meat Market.

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset and Richard streets. Call and see them. Also

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mattson, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 21 East Front street.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Sniper Feed Grinder. Office Madison avenue, 71 1-2 South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Razors honed and put in order. Razors and shaving rolls, the finest hair obtainable put up at No. 5 W. Front street. 12-6-1y

Jules Boutes, de Paris

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

and Wig Maker. Ladies' and gentlemen's hair dressing in all its branches. Shampooing a specialty. 5 West Second street. 5-17-1y

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc.

27 1-2 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

Miscellaneous.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

The Misses Howell will open on Sept. 18th a school for boys. Applications received until June 19th at No. 25 Central avenue. Summer address, "The Kenwood", Asbury Park, N. J.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons, for terms, address Miss Alberta F. O. Box 1290

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE.

Mrs. J. L. Andrews desires a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence. Front street, opposite Plainfield avenue. Thoroughly qualified to prepare voices for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Andrews will prepare pupils to practice easily at her rooms, free of charge, if desired. Can refer to distinguished composers, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 982.

PETER L. CORSE

Teacher of violin and cornet. Call at Jacob Brothers piano store, 17 East Front street. Music furnished for parties and wedding. 4-9 1y

MISS NETTIE MAZAROS,

Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of reference. P. O. Box 1286.

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John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front Place. P. O. Box 982.

"The Butterfly"

is the name of the best

Summer Corset.

THIN, COOL, GOOD SHAPE, CHEAP.

To be found at the store of

C. E. CLARKE,

NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.

Next to Post Office.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 698. Telephone call 39.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. Box 1407

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

For Rosewood PIANOS, ORGANS, or Old Instruments buy at

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PIANOS TUNED.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. SOC.

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A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

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Woolston & Buckle

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTS and SUPPLIES Studio.

COLD HARBOR.

A Great Battle Fought Before Richmond a Quarter Century Ago.

INTRENCHMENTS GUARD ROADS.

Another Grand Assault by Grant's Undaunted Soldiers—Nine Union Colonels Killed — The Army Moves to James River—Sheridan's Second Raid and His Battles with Wade Hampton.

[Copyright, 1888, by American Press Association.]

There was fighting about Cold Harbor, Va., from June 1 to 13, 1864, seventy-five years ago.

The biographer of Gen. Lee, Gen. A. L. Long, of the Army of Northern Virginia, says that to Lee naturally that Pickett's division of 5,000 men joined the main army at Cold Harbor on June 1, and that this addition gave Lee 40,000 men on that field. This was the last field of the campaign of 1864 on which Pickett fought with Lee. Hoke's North Carolina division also joined here, and these two commands helped to make up the loose sustained at the Wilderness and Spottsylvania. The army which Grant had in front of Lee was not quite so large as it had been in the Wilderness, but with the reinforcement brought from Butler's army by Gen. Smith, the Eighteenth corps, it mustered on the field July 1 about 110,000 men, leading Sheridan says.

Lee had the advantage in position, for he was on the inside of an arc traversed by converging roads. He was close to his base with a well bridged river behind him and strong lines of fortifications behind that. Grant had the advantage in numbers.

Lee learned on June 1 that some of Butler's troops from Bermuda Hundred, which is on James river, a few miles south of Richmond, were marching away under orders, he told Gen. Breckinridge to check until word reached the other divisions of the army and they were brought up under Wilcox and Pickett and Pickett and Pickett

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,

S. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $2.50 PER YEAR.

BE WHO DOES NOT KNOW THOSE THINGS WHICH ARE OF USE AND NECESSITY FOR HIM TO KNOW IS BUT AN IGNORANT MAN, WHATEVER BE MAY KNOW BESIDES.—Tillotson.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 168; days to come, 926.

—The semi-annual meeting for the election of officers of the Young Men's Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this week Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

—Mr. John P. Emmons, the builder, has been awarded the masonry contract for the Rev. Edward Lewis's building to be erected on Peace street adjoining his North avenue building.

—THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS of Monday, June 3d, reached this city last evening. This is rapid transit with a vengeance. Postmaster-General Wanamaker needs to look into this question of handling mail matter. New Brunswick Home News, June 5th.

—While many varieties of Summer drinks are receiving continued attention at the hands of the local pharmacists' customers the cooling, refreshing, exhilarating root-beer prepared as it dispensed by Field & Randolph is by no means being slighted. It is said that the daily sales mount up into the gallons.

PERSONAL.

Mr. James Loughlin, of Cottage place, has accepted a lucrative position in Newark.

Among the guests at the Netherwood Hotel is Mr. R. V. Lindabury, a prominent Union county lawyer.

Mr. Frank E. Newman, a graduate of the Plainfield High School, is home from the Boston School of Technology.

Mrs. Melinda Gerhold, of Jersey City Heights, is visiting her mother, Mrs. John Sturtevant, of Richmond avenue.

Mr. Wm. C. Ayers, of West Second street, who has been so seriously ill that his family have sent for distant relatives, is now on the road to recovery.

Mrs. Adelaide Roome and her daughter, Miss Emma Roome, of New York, formerly of Washington Park, are at the Hotel Netherwood for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. P. Demarest have been visiting in Albany, N. Y., at the residence of a daughter, the wife of the Rev. C. E. Dunn, of the Fourth Presbyterian church.

Mrs. G. W. F. Randolph of Peace street, has been visiting at Fremont, O., where she recently joined in the family celebration of her father's ninetieth birthday anniversary.

Among approaching Plainfield weddings is that of Miss Alice Holmes, the accomplished daughter of Mr. Augustus Holmes, of East Fifth street, to Mr. John Faxon, of Boston.

Miss Annie Fisig, of East Front street, started this afternoon via the Red Star Line for Europe. Miss Fisig will make a tour of Germany, returning to Plainfield in October.

Mr. N. K. Thompson, one of Union county's ex-Sheriffs, who was at one time engineer of the New Jersey State Prison, has been appointed by Taxidor Ford, of the State House, as his assistant.

Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson, of LeGrande avenue, Plainfield, is President of the Union county Women's Christian Temperance Union, and as such officer will be given a reception at Temperance Hall, Elizabeth, Friday night.

Mrs. R. G. Randolph, of New York city, with her beautiful and accomplished daughter, Byrdie A., are occupying the house at No. 28 Putnam street. The late Mr. Randolph was a brother of the late Rev. Dr. Warren Randolph, so well-known in Sabbath-school work.

Mrs. Kean, wife of the Colonel, of Elizabeth, and mother of Congressman John Kean, jr., sailed yesterday for Europe, accompanied by her two daughters and by Alexander Kean, jr., the Congressman's youngest brother. They will make an extended tour of the Continent and will return in the Fall.

"The Stakes and the Best" was the poem under consideration at the meeting of the Plainfield Browning Club at the Chautauqua Room last evening. Among the members participating were Mrs. Gerhmer, Mrs. Goddard, Miss French, Miss Bulkley, Miss Stout, Miss Sutphen, Mr. Larrabee, Mr. Goodrich and Mr. Joy.

Capt. Henry Walker, who during the past few days has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Griffen, of Prospect place, North Plainfield, returned to New York to-day. Capt. Walker is an old friend of Mr. and Mrs. Griffen and is a frequent visitor at their home. His vessel is the Bayrie, which on a recent trip to Europe carried Rev. Dr. Cuyler, Mr. Mitchell, pastor of the Plainfield M. E. church. The fire which was reported from Liverpool as having made its appearance on the Clyde on the trip was readily discovered in the hold soon after leaving New York. No one, however, was aware of the danger to be apprehended, and so well was it smothered, fought and guarded that it made little progress before the other side of the Atlantic Ocean was reached, when the vessel was cleared of passengers and fire-engines were allowed to play.

VACATION DAYS AT HAND.

Closing Exercises at Miss Dreier Yoe's Seminary.

A select audience assembled at Miss Dreier-yoe's Seminary this morning to witness the closing exercises of the pupils.

The programme included a French play, "En Chine," a cantata and a tambourine drill, all of which were very pretty.

The hall was tastefully decorated with flowers and Japanese hangings.

The work of the pupils on exhibition in the various departments was inspected which was a great deal of interest.

The programme for the exercises this afternoon will be rendered in the French tongue exclusively by Mr. John Ward Stimpson.

SOL MUST PAY $1,500.

HIS DOUBLY-DIVORCED WIFE SUES TO RECOVER HER MONEY.

A Long Story of Abbreviated Wedded Bliss Told in Court—She Says He Married Her for a Financial Consideration.—The Plainfield Girl Wins.

[From The New York Herald.]

"He an' my sonddier lifed togedder at 113 Lewis street wid me trudders"—said Samuel Levy, rolling his sightless eyeballs.—"Wen I vent vay from dere, May 20th, or 29th, 1887, my brudder Max said, 'Don't go back, sure's company there.' I stayed in of store until I heerd them all come in. My brudder said, 'Mrs. Dreier, die is my brudder, too.' She took aholt of my beard an' said, 'Sol is a nice young man an' I wanter marry him ter my brudder Rachel an' get Rachel true'm toller an' a house. I'll make him nice.' I said, 'Dot's very nice,' I said, 'an' I hops day'll be lots' between dem.' So she kissed me an d' no-is."

Blind Samuel gave this version of the first step in the preliminary arrangements that resulted in the marriage of his brother to Rachel Dreier, the first visit of Mrs. Dreier to his brother's place. She saw his pictures, and exclaimed: "Mrs. Levy, you have a nice boy. I'll get married to'm gut $3,000 or $5,000 with my daughter." After seeing Sol she remarked:—"he's very nice young man." Then she said: "I'll get a wagon and carry him in her pocket. He was then married to Sol.

SHE THOUGHT HE WAS GENTEEL.

Max Levy, one of Sol's brothers, who is employed in a fashionable clothing establishment, testified that Rachel Dreier described the first visit of Mrs. Dreier to his brother's place. "She saw his pictures, and exclaimed: 'Mrs. Levy, you have a nice boy. I'll get married to'm gut $3,000 or $5,000 with my daughter.' After seeing Sol she remarked:—'he's very nice young man.' Then she said: 'I'll get a wagon and carry him in her pocket. He was then married to Sol."

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MAKE CHILDHOOD SWEET.

Wait not till the little hands are at rest
Ere you fill them full of flowers;
Wait not for the evening's slowest;
To make sweet the last sad hours;
But while in the busy household tread
Your footsteps still need your guiding hand,
Oh, fill their lives with sunshine!

Wait not till the little hearts are still
For the loving look or prayer;
But while you gently clothe a child,
The angel standeth there.
The word you would speak beside the bier
Pile sweeter for us the living ear;
O fill young lives with sweetness!

Ah, what are kisses on cold clay lips
To the rosy mouth we crave,
When our own can flee to her mother's arms
For love's tender care to-day?
Let never a worldly babble keep
Your heart from the joy each day should reap,
Clothing it with sunshine!

Give thanks, each given, for the sturdy boys,
Give thanks for the fairy girls;
With a dower of wealth the like at home
Would be more than the wealth of earls;
Wait not for death to grant love's crown,
But daily shower life's blessings down,
And fill young hearts with sweetness.

FACTS ABOUT BABIES.

A Female Physician Discusses Their Physical and Psychological Growth.

In the course of a lecture delivered in New York a distinguished female physician said that the inability of a baby to hold up its head was not due to the weakness of the neck, but to the lack of development of its will power. The act of standing was instinctive and intuitive, while facial expression and gesture were due almost wholly to imitation.

A baby's smile, she said, was the most misunderstood thing in infancy. A real smile must have an idea behind it, but the expression resembling a smile, which is so often seen on a very young baby's face, was without an idea and was due to the easy condition of the stomach or to some other physical satisfaction. The smile with an idea does not appear earlier than the fourth week. So, too, with the crying of a baby. The contortion of the features is due to physical causes. The baby sheds no tears, because the lachrymal glands are not developed for several weeks after birth.

The first pleasure of all children is to change from one condition to another by their own efforts. This is the beginning of the development of the will power, and is often attested in what has been called the "imperative intention of tears." This is not displayed until after the second or third month. A baby tests everything by its mouth, its sense of taste being the surest and most reliable guide it has.

The attention of all young children is difficult to attract, and they must attain considerable age before they begin to notice. Then colors are their favorite playthings. Fear has been known to be manifested by a baby only three weeks old, and, in all cases, the sensation is produced by sound more than by sight. Fear is not instinctive, but is slowly acquired home-are almost wholly without fear, but the children of poor and exposed parents always manifest it.

Jealousy and sympathy begin to manifest themselves in the second year. Curiosity also begins to develop here, and proves to be a self-guide throughout childhood.

A little later memory begins to appear, and the baby has the first consciousness of itself. The ego first appears as a muscular sense, and the baby can gradually learn to distinguish itself from surrounding objects. It is first the hand that is distinguished, and then the foot, and finally the whole body. Memory does not appear in the child in two years of age.

All the reasoning of children is primitive and elementary and develops slowly. Darwin noticed an association of ideas in the mind of a child when it was only five months of age. The lecturer related experiences of babies with the first view of mirrors, and showed that in many respects their conditions were similar to those of anthropoid apes and dogs under like conditions.—Boston Herald.

Gave Her Half a Crown.

A Melbourne paper is responsible for a capital story about the wife of the governor of New South Wales. "The other day," says this journal, "a destitute woman actually called at government house. He sent his card in and, waiving the footman aside, said he would 'go up and give his lordship a surprise.' As he burst over the door, the shocked looking young woman, and, in a fine old gentlemanly, gallant way, chucked her under the chin and pressed half a crown into her hand, saying at the same time, 'Show me into the presence of his lordship, my little dear.' The little dear, with an expression of astonishment, opened the door of Carrington's study and said, 'Bob, here's a gentleman to see you,' and—opening her hand—'he's given me half a crown to show him where you are.'"—Boston Herald.

He Would Not Believe.

A story is being told of a very close citizen of Washington, who went to go to Lynchburg recently. At the ticket office he was told that the fare was $1.98.

"Ten eighty," he muttered. "Did you $1.40?"

"Can't cut rates, sir. One eighty is the fare."

"Did you one fifty."

"Nope. One eighty."

"Den I'll walk."

"That is your privilege," answered the ticket agent, as he fell off dozen in a heap and had made about half the distance when he heard an engine tooting and whistling behind him.

"You needn't whistle," said he, starting to and. "I'll not guess back."—Washington Post.

The Way to Make Root Beer.

For each gallon of water to be used take sage, burdock; yallow dock, sarsaparilla, dandelion and spikenard roots, of each half an ounce, in powder; also one ounce each of wintergreen and sassafras bruised in equal proportions. When cool enough not to scald your hand beat in three tablespoonfuls of yeast, two-thirds of a pint of molasses or half a pound of white sugar. Keep these proportions for as many gallons as you wish to make. Set away to work over night. After it is fitted for it. Bottle in a jar with a cloth thrown over it to work slowly two hours; then cork and set in a cool place.—Medical Classic.

Asking Too Much.

Mr. Spouter," said the spokesman of the committee, my have called to ask you, as the best-tempered orator of Biggerville, to make presentation speech for us to-morrow evening. It will be Congressman's tenth wedding anniversary, and we are going to give him a silver surprise."

"Gentlemen," replied Mr. Spouter, with some severity, "can you expect a silver tongued orator to speak at a tin wedding?"—Chicago Tribune.

Ending a Row.

Some time ago a friend of mine, who was returning from a long tour, discovered that the train on which he was traveling did not stop at the station near which his home was. If he stayed on the train, he found that he would not be able to reach home that night. It so chanced that he knew the conductor of the train very well, and he asked him if he could not stop very near the end of the journey. The conductor said that the rules of the road would not allow him to stop the train at the way station in question, but he said that if there was any way by which the gentleman could get out where he wished to.

"After we pass ——," said my friend, naming the station at which he lived, "I will cease around and collect tickets, and you will profess to be unable to find yours. Then I shall, as the rules of the road direct, put you out of the train."

The plan worked like a charm. When the conductor came around the passenger appeared to be unable to find his ticket, and the conductor said he was very sorry, but he must have to stop the train and put him off. He, unfortunately, a passenger sitting in the next seat very cheerfully offered to pay the gentleman's fare to Pittsburg. Here was a difficulty which neither the conductor nor the passenger had thought of.

My friend, however, had the pluck to lie boldly, which saint and sinner, Jew and Gentile, rich and poor, high and low make profound obeisance.

THE GOLDEN RULE.

There are certain "bohemian" natures who still affirm that they "care nothing for society; yet they mean by this that they do not care to go into society. Such people will decline to enter the lists where misguided souls dream of "good society," and think it means agonized efforts to obtain misdemeanor cards, the power to patronize and be swallowed and swallowed.

These bohemians are in danger of going to the other extreme, and of falling under the dangerous solicitudes of middle class gentility; become stagey, coarse, abrupt, and even offensive.

As a rule these are to be equally avoided who care too much or too little for "society," which is, perhaps, but another word for conventionality in its general acceptation.

The conventional are narrow, shallow, and hence without breadth of mind or seriousness of heart. They ask never what is true, but what is popular; never what is just, but what is customary; never Gospel or law. They do not ask, Who is my brother? nor yet, How shall I serve my neighbor? They ask only, What is the fashion? Their object is pleasure; their bete noir is annoyance. They have no power to comprehend great things, yet they overestimate little things. They remind one of savages who will exchange great wealth for painted glass and to whom a looking glass is of more value than a library. Give them "a thought that would have delighted Plato" and they still require references from your tailor or dressmaker concerning your value.

The question is not how agreeable are you as an acquaintance? It is only to what houses are you invited and what is your visiting list?

When such persons pose as the arbiters of social destiny and proclaim themselves the apostles of "good society," it is not strange that we find now and then a protest such as this: "Good society is a phantom which leaves many a man of talent and virtue into a nonsensical sacrifice of self for the conversation of vigmites and the sympathy of fools."

Nonsense! Not more than that "pigmies" and fools are not good society. They may know the fine art of keeping still when they have nothing to say. They may possess the polite accomplishment of "knowing their hands and feet to themselves" and refrain from "kicking shins or punching ribs."

So long as they confine themselves to the domestic circle, to cards, setting dinners, or practicing as dummies to display the skill of tailor or modiste they "do well enough," but when they presume to say they know the truth of Josh Billings' assertion, "There is no substitute for wisdom but silence."

They can show you "a perfect poem of a dinner," or when they offer a thought it is a pose: Indian blanket of mental barbarity pitiful to behold.

The golden moment between the poor protest of the "society" satire and the "pigmy" and Sebastianism outraging all delicacy of feeling is perhaps difficult, yet is the true ideal.

The fine flower of the highest civilization is not manifested by an insolent disregard for evasive comfort. It is not mere aristocracy, nor yet a fierce intellectuality trampling in the dust every sweet flower of courtesy, every gracious grace to be blossomes as being "too puerile."

"HE SHOT THE THIRD MAN."

As the hangman always has a higher and holier power than the head, so do we prize our acquaintances not so much for what they know as what they have power to make and find.

We enjoy wit, yet if it be accompanied by carelessness or barbed with malice the wound it inflicts upon our sensibilities may destroy the pleasure of its instantaneous enjoyment.

We are pleased with learning, yet if it be linked with cynicism a cold and self centered impassibility, or an irritable desire for accuracy, it may be valueless as pabulum and sterile as a baleful egotism.

One of the finest uses of conversation is its learning of the demand of what people shall express whatever is disagreeable. This tends to check the coarse selfishness that must have its own way and indulge its own feeling without any regard for who may be hurt or blindsed thereby. It induces care also that one offend not the eye by unpleasing effects nor the ear by discordant sounds or improper language, and it compels taste by crude thoughts or ignoble sentiments.

A due regard for accepted standards cannot be other than educational in its influence and sanctions, for it is the result of the wisest judgment and knowledge and self improvement tends to civilize and Christianize the world.

Whatever makes the distinction between having merely an abundance of things and the power to collect thoughts relevant to the highest life means itself is progress, for when social conditions that shall make existence more noble and hence less difficult.

Emerson tells us that certain attributes in the character of Socrates, Jesus, Plato is was in the highest degree, and that it is "the fact in all good society."

To us these particulars would be helpful to hold the "good society" of the world in the presence of both earth and heaven. We should know how to find and keep and enjoy "good society" that is indeed the high communion of souls, the true "communion of saints."

We should come to these shadows or feast upon the husks of mere appearance.

We should find in the mockery of crying to our best beds God our Father, and we should comprehend how the good is never diverted from itself, giving over the heart and eyes of its worshipers to evil and keeping only those in the presence of the true.

The question of "What is good society and what are its requirements?" is not that we should with gracious grace of soul and spirit and delicate thoughtfulness consider, intend and fulfill the noble law:

—Agnes Leonard Hill in Chicago Times.

WHAT IS GOOD SOCIETY?

CONSIDERING A QUESTION THAT IS OLD YET ALWAYS NEW.

An Opinion as to What Should Be Known as "Good Society"—The Shrine at Which Worship Satan and Sinner, Jew and Gentile, Rich and Poor.

There are some subjects which never grow so old as to be uninteresting to tip nasses.

"Good society" is one of them. It suggests the attention of every metropolitan if no less than the vague wonder of provincial existence.

No woman is so ignorant that she does not have some sort of notion concerning a fetich which she has heard called "good society." To her this may mean only the possession of elaborate chenille and frightful "lace" curtains in the sacred precincts set apart as village "parlors." It may be something stiff and so having license to gossip about the names and talk about nothings on front piazzas or in stuffy little front rooms.

No matter about the precise definition, the term "good society" which it signifies spells disaster to which saint and sinner, Jew and Gentile, rich and poor, high and low make profound obeisance.

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THE ELECTRICAL WAY.

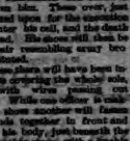
How Individuals Will Be Helped by Murderer Kemmler.

Nearly all the arrangements have been completed for the execution of William Kemmler by the electricity during the week beginning June 24. Kemmler, it will be remembered, murdered his mistress, Tillie Ziegler, in Buffalo, and he was the first man sentenced to die in the new fashion. The New York Sun details the proceedings as far as they are at present arranged. The main points of which are as follows, the execution taking place in the state prison at Auburn, N. Y.

On whatever morning shall be decided upon in the week of the execution the prisoner will be notified, and immediately after he dresses for religious consolation and farewell words will be given him. These over, just before the hour fixed upon for the execution the officer will enter his cell, and the death warrant will be read. He also will then be removed and a pair resembling scrap iron gains will be put upon him.

In the midst of these there will have been inserted a metal plate covering the whole back and connecting with wires passing over through the left shoulder. When about taking the change of shoes another will fasten the prisoner's hands together in front and will place around his body, just beneath the armpits, a stout leather strap, with a buckle resulting in in front and snap hooks projecting from each side at the back.

Another officer will place upon the back of the prisoner's head a leather sponge shoe lining cap, apparently of black rubber, made around a small metal plate in the center. It is made to look as if made by taking a rubber football and with a knife cutting out the end as the hole for a center, cutting off the end of the first piece story of hood. The cap will fit over almost the whole of the head, from the base of the brain to well toward the forehead. Inside of it, in the center about the metal plate, will be a spiral arrangement of copper wire, about five inches in diameter, and about six in length. The part of the head that it will cover. The wires, just before the cap is placed on, the prisoner's head, will be covered with sponge, which will be salt water. The prisoner will be sitting on a chair in his cell while these arrangements are being put on. This chair, not differing apparently from an ordinary one, but which is being made especially for the purpose, will be connected with wires leading to another room, and the prisoner sitting in the chair will, without knowing it, be subjected to a current of electricity too light to be felt, but heavy enough to give an expert electrician in the other room an exact measurement, by the use of what is known as the "Wheatstone bridge," of electrical resistance of the man. This will take only an instant, and will be done before the officers have the prisoner ready to move.



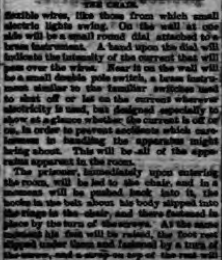
DEATH CAP.

From the cell the procession will be much as now to the execution room, where the deputies and other persons permitted by law to witness the execution will be waiting.

Near the center of the room, raised upon a small platform about eight inches above the floor, will be a chair, made somewhat like a large reclining chair. The only straight frame that forms the slanting back will be of hard wood pieces, three inches square, and will be placed to the right of the chair. A man should he in the chair his head would rest upon the back.

The seat and arms will be of plain wood and will offer no difficulties. Each upper part of the back frame on each side will be fitted with a slot, in which will slide back and forth a small arrangement with a ring in the end, and with a hole between. The rings are to receive the hooks in the back of the belt about the man's body, and the screws are to fasten the arrangement in place as the man wears the chair will meet the hooks, which will vary according to the height of the prisoner. In front of the chair will be a foot rest, something like those in a barber's shop, except that the top will be capable of being fixed, will be balanced upon a pivot to permit it to dip front or back, so that the man will be firmly upon it. The whole foot rest will be arranged to slide backward and forward, and to be secured with a screw at the point where the prisoner's feet will rest upon it.

From the ceiling over the back of the chair and over the foot rest will dangle two



THE CHAIR.

flexible wires, like those from which small electric lights are hung. The end of each side will be a small round flat attached to the brass instrument. A hand upon the dial will indicate the intensity of the current that will pass over the body. The dial will be similar to a small double pole switch, a brass instrument similar to the familiar switches used to shut off or let on the current wherever electricity is used for lighting purposes. The officer at eighteen whether the current is off or on, in order to prevent accidents which sometimes to happen if an apparatus might bring about. This will be all of the apparatus apparent in the room.

The prisoner, immediately upon entering the room, will be led to the chair, and in a moment will be seated. He will look into it, the socks in the belt about his body slipped into the rings in the chair, and there fastened in by the turn of the screws. At this moment the cap will be placed on the head, the sponge dipped under them and fastened by a turn of the screws. The sponge on top of the head will be carefully dried over the metal plate. At the same moment the two dangling wires will be fastened, one to the metal at the center of the body of the cap and the other to the metal contact on the back of the head piece. A black cloth will be pulled over the face of the prisoner, the officers will stand well back from the chair, and a signal the executioner at the dial, will turn on the current. The current of which has previously been adjusted to suit the resistance of the prisoner, as shown by the test to the electrician.

There will be a current of 1,000 volts, the name, it is said, of that used in the Westinghouse street lighting system. The resistance of the average man is known to be 1,000 ohms, and the current will be quadrupled, and a range considerably above and below that figure.

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Continues to offer extraordinary inducements in every department. Having stores well stocked with the newest and most fashionable goods, serves the purpose with the utmost politeness. Please read another list of prices this week. This is "our week" to sell a little cash talking effect, and show you that we NOW THEN! in order to give them "a call." Remember, we are not undersold by any house in the city. Our 5c Counter is full of bargains. Our 10c Counter is full of bargains. Our 15c Counter is full of bargains. Our 25c Counter is full of bargains. Our 50c Counter is full of bargains. Our 75c Counter is full of bargains. Our $1 Counter is full of bargains. Our $1.50 Counter is full of bargains. Our $2 Counter is full of bargains. Our $3 Counter is full of bargains. Our $4 Counter is full of bargains. Our $5 Counter is full of bargains. Our $6 Counter is full of bargains. Our $7 Counter is full of bargains. Our $8 Counter is full of bargains. Our $9 Counter is full of bargains. Our $10 Counter is full of bargains. Our $11 Counter is full of bargains. Our $12 Counter is full of bargains. Our $13 Counter is full of bargains. Our $14 Counter is full of bargains. Our $15 Counter is full of bargains. Our $16 Counter is full of bargains. Our $17 Counter is full of bargains. Our $18 Counter is full of bargains. Our $19 Counter is full of bargains. Our $20 Counter is full of bargains. Our $21 Counter is full of bargains. Our $22 Counter is full of bargains. Our $23 Counter is full of bargains. Our $24 Counter is full of bargains. Our $25 Counter is full of bargains. Our $26 Counter is full of bargains. Our $27 Counter is full of bargains. Our $28 Counter is full of bargains. Our $29 Counter is full of bargains. Our $30 Counter is full of bargains. Our $31 Counter is full of bargains. Our $32 Counter is full of bargains. Our $33 Counter is full of bargains. Our $34 Counter is full of bargains. Our $35 Counter is full of bargains. Our $36 Counter is full of bargains. Our $37 Counter is full of bargains. Our $38 Counter is full of bargains. Our $39 Counter is full of bargains. Our $40 Counter is full of bargains. Our $41 Counter is full of bargains. Our $42 Counter is full of bargains. Our $43 Counter is full of bargains. Our $44 Counter is full of bargains. Our $45 Counter is full of bargains. Our $46 Counter is full of bargains. Our $47 Counter is full of bargains. Our $48 Counter is full of bargains. Our $49 Counter is full of bargains. Our $50 Counter is full of bargains. Our $51 Counter is full of bargains. Our $52 Counter is full of bargains. Our $53 Counter is full of bargains. Our $54 Counter is full of bargains. Our $55 Counter is full of bargains. Our $56 Counter is full of bargains. Our $57 Counter is full of bargains. Our $58 Counter is full of bargains. Our $59 Counter is full of bargains. Our $60 Counter is full of bargains. Our $61 Counter is full of bargains. Our $62 Counter is full of bargains. Our $63 Counter is full of bargains. Our $64 Counter is full of bargains. Our $65 Counter is full of bargains. Our $66 Counter is full of bargains. Our $67 Counter is full of bargains. Our $68 Counter is full of bargains. Our $69 Counter is full of bargains. Our $70 Counter is full of bargains. Our $71 Counter is full of bargains. Our $72 Counter is full of bargains. Our $73 Counter is full of bargains. Our $74 Counter is full of bargains. Our $75 Counter is full of bargains. Our $76 Counter is full of bargains. Our $77 Counter is full of bargains. Our $78 Counter is full of bargains. Our $79 Counter is full of bargains. Our $80 Counter is full of bargains. Our $81 Counter is full of bargains. Our $82 Counter is full of bargains. Our $83 Counter is full of bargains. Our $84 Counter is full of bargains. Our $85 Counter is full of bargains. Our $86 Counter is full of bargains. Our $87 Counter is full of bargains. Our $88 Counter is full of bargains. Our $89 Counter is full of bargains. Our $90 Counter is full of bargains. Our $91 Counter is full of bargains. Our $92 Counter is full of bargains. Our $93 Counter is full of bargains. Our $94 Counter is full of bargains. Our $95 Counter is full of bargains. Our $96 Counter is full of bargains. Our $97 Counter is full of bargains. Our $98 Counter is full of bargains. Our $99 Counter is full of bargains. Our $100 Counter is full of bargains.

SPECIAL ON CARPETS! Lining given in free with carpets bought in June 1889. Carlisle, Portland, etc.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

FURNITURE

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT, 1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS! They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICED, and, owing to the very numerous trade which we have had during the past season, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1870.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages.

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,

ALL QUALITIES,

ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? these good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are acknowledged as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Lawns! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 8 1-2c. Bedding and Percales at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 20c and 25c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists, 45c to $1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 19c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 50c 69c, 75c and upward.

PARASOLS! Whew! you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest Silk at $5.97. In all shapes and sizes. Some we have all shades at $1 and upward. A bar gain in Black Satin-lined Parasols at $2, $2.49 and $3.97.

FANS! A new little Fan for 5c and 7c; Fine Feather Fans, 25c to $1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to ROCK BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 25c; and extra-heavy Ingrains 35c, 45c and 50c. All wool Two-ply Ingrains, 60c; Gobelin Brussels, 75c; Cordova, 85c, 90c and 95c. Fancy Mattings, 12 1-2c upward. An inspection of all remarkable goods it will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

The Fidelity and Casualty Co

Cor. 214 and 215 Broadway, N. Y.

CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550.21

Issues BURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employees of Railroads, Banks, etc., also Administrators, Guardians, etc.

Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES containing all modern features.

Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies of approved forms.

OFFICERS:

WM. M. RICHARDS, President. GEO. F. SEWARD, Vice-President.
ROBT. J. HILLAS, Secretary.

AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD { JOS. T. VAIL, EDWARD C. MULFORD Opp. Railroad Station.

VAN BURGHUN & WHITE SAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 27c each.

* * *

Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Under wear and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 39c regular 50c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 50c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 19c. Sped down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c.; Fine Crinckle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 25c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The Le Tours is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.69 to $5.00.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our corsetery and glove ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show the wearing materials. There is an endless variety and prices which cannot fail to please. Spencer bargains in Cheviot Seersuckers.

Crane's Hat Store, at 19 PARK AVENUE.

Trunks! Trunks! Valises, etc. BIG STOCK

B. T. BARNES ICE CREAM

Delivered EVERY DAY in the week. Orders P.O.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn, FASHIONABLE MILLINER, Latest Shapes of Bonnets and Hats FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS, Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces and Infants' Caps, Bands and Ribbons; Dyeing and Pressing, Feathers dyed, Ostrich Tips dyed to match Dresses.

14 West Front St.

NO. 42 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford, BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North American of Philadelphia, Phoenix of Hartford, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Guarantee and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Rydal Stone Planing Mill Co., Denver Mines of Colorado.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

BEWARE of the many so-called Black Stockings The ones bearing the "H. A." brand Are the Ones guaranteed to give SATISFACTION, or Money Refunded Ladies' Hose from 25c to 50c. Children's from 10 to 25 cents. I am the sole agent for them in Plainfield.

H. A. POPE.

Louis B. Coddington (Successor to Tunis J. Carey.) NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET, and 23 Park Avenue, P. O. Box 259. FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

James H. Pope, Carpenter & Builder RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE. P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N. J.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

Joseph Krewson, Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom relief upon is made Furniture Express 31 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON Undertakers and Embalmers OFFICE AND WAREROOMS, 16 WEST FRONT STREET, Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business attended to. Calls answered day or night.

MUSIC HALL FURNITURE STORE 1889 NEW GOODS GIVE US A TRIAL. POWLISON & JONES, 34 W. FRONT ST. 34

KENNEY

IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE, ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAY'S City Livery Stables, 24 West Fourth street. Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J. Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

PICTURE FRAMES of all kinds at S. E. FLOWERS at New York Prices. Studio, 19 West Front street. Headquarters for framing and all picturing.

PERRINE'S DYES Are the Best.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, JUNE 13, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.50 PER YEAR.

TO BE HAPPY AT HOME IS THE ULTIMATE RESULT OF ALL AMBITION; THE END TO WHICH EVERY ENTERPRISE AND LABOUR TENDS, AND OF WHICH EVERY DESIRE PROMPTS THE PROSECUTION.—Dr. Johnson.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 164; days to come, 201.

—From June 15th to Sept. 15th the local bard we are dealers will close their stores at seven o'clock every evening except Saturday.

—The semi-annual meeting for the election of officers of the Young Men's Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at eight o'clock.

—Among the recent transfers of real estate recorded in the Somerset county Clerk's office at Somerville is that of Mary B. and Chas. Willis to Louis Volz, property in North Plainfield, $30.

—All Christians, whatever their views, are invited to attend the meeting for Christian conference to be held at the meeting-room, No. 6 East Front street, over the Home Savings Institution, this evening at 7:45.

—The Plainfield Centrals, the base ball nine who recently inflicted an innominious defeat on the Little Giants, of Somerville, won a second victory at Westfield Monday and are visiting the Little Giants this afternoon.

—The Somerville West End Base-Ball Club will give the Crescents a return game in this city Saturday, July 27th. Two other games besides will be played with the West Ends, one August 24 and another September 7th.

—The private theatricals to be given at Mrs. Keegon's Seminary for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers this evening will be witnessed by a large audience. Every seat has been taken, and the affair will be a thorough success.

—The Unitarian course of sermons now being given in this place in Mr. Shepherd's music rooms will be continued in the evening hereafter. Next Sunday evening the Rev. H. Price Collier, of Brooklyn, will preach. The services during the Summer will be began at 8 p. m.

—The Board of Fire Engineers of Plainfield have completed arrangements for extraordinary precautions against first July 4th. Men will be stationed in the towers from six o'clock the evening of the 3d till six o'clock the morning of the 5th, and horses and apparatus will be kept in constant readiness.

—The Odd Fellows' Club to give an entertainment in Music Hall next Wednesday evening for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers. We bespeak for them the cordial support of all. The stereopticon exhibition at Music Hall will be arranged so as not to interfere with them in their worthy object.

—Freeholder Vanderbeek is busying himself with some preliminary work looking to the straightening of Green Brook somewhat from the First Baptist church, and to the future protection of its banks. The freshets have washed out a new bed for the stream, and thus Somerset county has gained quite a bit of territory, as the county line runs down the middle of the stream. Mr. Vanderbeek is looking after Union county's interest in the matter and seeks to restore the former county lines.

—It is nearing the season when Plainfielders will be drifting to other scenes for Summer pleasure. To those who seek the seashore it may not be amiss to say a word or two about the dreaded misfortune of sea-bathing. "One caught by it"—says a swimming-master—"should keep cool, lie as flat on his back as possible, and wait for a wave. With the wave he should make a vigorous stroke for the shore, and then lie still and level again until another wave will help him. In this way he can cheat the sea of a victim."

PERSONAL.

Among those who were graduated from Vassar College at Poughkeepsie yesterday was Miss Helen Bartlett Baker, of Westfield.

Messrs. Warren S. Burt and Herbert W. Peck, of Plainfield, were made Bachelors of Laws at the commencement exercises of Columbia College yesterday.

Mr. William Mosher, of West Fifth street, and Miss Flora Case, of Manning avenue, were united in marriage yesterday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Mosher left on the 3:17 train last evening on their wedding trip.

Next Sunday morning the Rev. Dr. Ketchem will preach on the subject of the revision of the confession of faith, which subject the General Assembly asked the Presbyteries to consider and report upon next year.

Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson, of LaGrande avenue, Plainfield, is President of the Union county Women's Christian Temperance Union, and as such officer will be given a reception at Temperance Hall, Elizabeth, Friday afternoon.

Cards are out at Elizabeth for the wedding next week of William Teler, of Newark, a grandson of the late Guy. Pennington, of New Jersey, and Miss Harriet Foote, a daughter of the late F. W. Foote, whose brother is the owner of The Elizabeth Daily Journal.

Neglected to Pay the Builder.

Philip Schauble, owner of the Point Hotel at the Elizabeport station of the Central Railroad, Ralph Fay, proprietor of the restaurant at the Singer Works, and Felix Brown, of the Progress Iron Works firm, are being sued in the Union county Court by Thomas Noonan, a builder, for labor which he performed in building sheds and other outbuildings at Waverly Park over a year ago. Schauble, Brown and Logan are well-known patrons of the turf, and they conceived the idea of running an opposition at Waverly to the Clifton and Gutenberg tracks for Spring and Winter racing. It is said they lost over $30,000 on the venture.

SCENES AT JOHNSTOWN.

THE FIRST PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN IN THE "VALLEY OF DEATH".

"The News" Secures Them for Public Exhibition in Plainfield.—The Imagination Outdistanced by the Reality.—Each Picture a Thrilling Story.—Prevalence of Typhoid Fever.—Their Presentation Before the People.

In order to ascertain if the devastation was really as appalling in the Conemaugh "Valley of Death" as reports made it appear, we wrote a private letter to Gov. James A. Beaver, asking him what further was needed in the matter of soliciting contributions, and the reply stated that "the devastation and loss of life throughout the State of Pennsylvania is almost incredible", and that there is little danger of charitable work being overdone. The Governor is deeply grateful to the people of Plainfield for all they have done and are doing. To reply concludes by trusting that our entertainment for the flood sufferers will be a gratifying success.

Yesterday we visited the American Press Association's office in New York, to have them help us get up something that would be creditable as a representation for our object of providing further assistance to the sufferers of the flood.

We were furnished with their valuable collection of photographic views of the Conemaugh Valley FREE OF CHARGE—a collection which alone can not be respected at any price, since the changes taking place there make such a thing impossible.

When the news of the disaster first reached New York the American Press Association telegraphed to their Pittsburg office instructing them to charter their photographers over on the spot before the enterprising New York reporters had got well started on the trains to the scene.

These views we will endeavor to have ready for a stereopticon exhibition in Stillman Music Hall early next week. We have several skillful men busily at work on the same. We expect for the good of the cause to see Music Hall thronged to the utmost, and we are sure that everybody will be highly pleased with the exhibition, even aside from the object.

But read what a prominent citizen who has seen the views says of them:

A PROMINENT CITIZEN'S OPINION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Permit me to say that nothing else that I have read or heard concerning the Conemaugh flood and its results is at all comparable in graphic power with the photographic views which enterprise has enabled you to procure. Taken on the spot so soon after the breaking of the dam, they reveal facts not open to the observation of the reporters who arrived later. While I was compelled to revise some preconceived ideas as to the nature of the devastation wrought, and to abandon others, I am bound to admit that the truth-telling camera presented a picture that surpassed that drawn by the imagination, both in realistic detail and in the imposing and solemn grandeur of the wreck.

If you can arrange to have these views mounted and exhibited by the aid of a stereopticon as you propose, you will, I am confident, profoundly interest and instruct all who are sure to throng Music Hall on that occasion. ONE WHO OFFERS TO HELP.

DESCRIPTION OF THE VIEWS.

No. 1.—View of dam looking down stream. Residences on extreme right the Summer residence of Col. Unger, President of the South Fork Fishing Club. No stones are to be seen at the break, the dam being apparently a pile of mud.

No. 2.—Conemaugh Lake looking south from the breach, which appears to be simply basin with the South Fork flowing through. Club House in the distance. The lake extends back nearly three miles from the Club House.

No. 3.—The broken dam from below, looking toward the lake, greatest breadth of gap being 30 feet, the narrow part in middle is where the dam and sluice-ways were situated when the reservoir was owned by the State. This was afterwards filled in and the surplus water was run off by a ditch at the left. The view is taken from a point a mile from the confluence of the South Fork and Conemaugh.

No. 4.—Baltimore and Ohio Passenger Station.

No. 5.—Up the Conemaugh from the mountains east of Johnstown. The few buildings in the foreground are the only ones left of the populous suburb of Woodvale. The motion of bridge in the centre is what is left of the iron bridge of the Cambria Iron Works, on which two mounted messengers were when the flood came; they escaped by riding off on shore.

No. 6.—To the heart of the city, showing corner of Main and Clinton streets, looking toward the Cambria Iron Works. The ruins to the east are of the Hurlbut House, where sixty-five out of sixty-seven people perished.

No. 7.—Same as No. 6, looking down Clinton street. The first Catholic church. This was one of the two buildings burned, in which two hundred people were burned to death after escaping the flood by climbing on the roof of the church. The fire was caused by natural gas.

No. 8.—Camp of the Relief Committee. Tents sent by Governor of Ohio. The camp is situated in what was the heart of the city.

No. 9.—Scene near the point. This was one of the residence-portions of the city.

No. 10.—No picture.

No. 11.—View of Main street, the fashionable residence-portion of Johnstown.

No. 12.—The stone viaduct of the Pennsylvania Railroad, looking down toward Kernville Mills in the distance. New bridge being built.

No. 13.—Headquarters of Western Union Telegraph Company. Also of the newspaper reporters. The people shown are the reporters and operators.

No. 14.—The Conemaugh Valley, "the Valley of death." Looking down stream. The Cambria Woolvale being where the river now flows. The building in the centre is a Classical Relic.

No. 15.—View of Millvale borough, the borough occupying space in the foreground where men are seen at work. The buildings across the river are Johnstown.

No. 16.—View of the stone bridge, and wreck resulting therefrom. Cambria Iron Works to the right.

No. 17.—Pennsylvania freight station in the foreground; Cambria Iron Works' general store to the left; Cambria Iron Works' general offices in centre.

No. 18.—View of the lower end of Johnstown. Cambria Iron Company's offices and Pennsylvania Railroad freight station to the left. Houses at the right all destroyed with four or five exceptions.

No. 19.—Upper part of Johnstown, the opposite side of the hills being the only part clean by the Conemaugh River. The space was occupied by the largest and best business blocks in the city. The extreme right is a view of the Conemaugh Valley.

No. 20.—Hillside view, Johnstown showing the part that was not reached by the water; houses in foreground nearly all floaters.

No. 21.—View of Johnstown across the stone bridge; supposed to be from 3,000 to 4,000 people buried in ruins. The debris occupies the bed of the Conemaugh River for a quarter of a mile above the bridge.

No. 22.—View across the point from the river looking toward Kernville, burning debris by stone bridge in the distance.

No. 23.—View up Stony creek; houses were floated up this nearly a mile; houses one and floaters.

No. 24.—Scene on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

No. 25.—Location of a pleasing mill; Methodist church in the background. Group of reporters.

No. 26.—Looking down Locust street. Burning bridge in the distance.

No. 27.—View on north bank of Stony creek, looking over Johnstown, with suburb in the distance.

No. 28.—View of the upper end of the Cambria Iron Works. Rope bridge built across the Conemaugh, over which the Pennsylvania Railroad tracks were.

No. 29.—View of Pennsylvania Railroad track on the bank of the Conemaugh below Johnstown.

No. 30.—General view of Johnstown from hill opposite the Cambria Iron Works, showing nearly all "floaters" that had come down from above.

No. 31.—Scene on what was one of the principal business streets of Johnstown.

No. 32.—View of the Cambria in the river above the stone bridge. Cambria Iron Works in the back ground; stone bridge cut off from the bank by the flood.

No. 33.—View of Johnstown from the hill across Stony creek, the space in the centre having been the principal business centre of Johnstown. Buildings at right nearly all floaters.

No. 34.—View looking down Main street towards the point. This was one of the principal business streets.

BASE-BALL SATURDAY.

The Crescents To Give The Montclairs a Good Game.

The opponents of the Crescents on the La-Grande avenue grounds this week Saturday will be the Montclair team, and a good game will probably be the result. Condon will pitch and Geo. Cadmus will catch.

The managers of the Crescents have provided comfortable seats on the enlarged grand stands, and the public will probably be represented by a very large audience. The people went to witness some of the wonderful playing which gave the Crescents the victory over the West Ends last Saturday.

Miss Dreier's Victory.

The full amount of damages awarded to Miss Mary Dreier, of Plainfield, in her suit against her divorced husband, Solomon Levy, Tuesday was $1,067.25, with interest and costs.

Among the unpublished facts which came out in the trial was the statement that after Levy had committed the wayward acts which led to his arrest he returned to his wife and asked her to forgive him, saying that he knew that he had done wrong to her. He then gave to her a letter which he had brought for her from France. It was here, he said, whether she married him or not, because he knew that she was good and really did not deserve her.

This was in the latter part of April. Miss Dreier says that she would not marry him again under any consideration.

No More County Physician.

At yesterday's meeting of the Somerset county Board of Freeholders a motion prevailed offered by Mr. Vance that the office of County Physician be declared dispensed with and that Dr. H. G. Wagoner be notified that his term expired May 9th was carried by 5 vots of 3 to 2.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Jones, Bullman, Wyckoff, Kirch and Staats was appointed to look into a committee from Union county. Mr. Jones of North Plainfield reported in washout at Farragut avenue bridge and damage by the abutment of the Washington avenue bridge.

Sour Grapes.

In speaking of the inglorious defeat of the West End Base-Ball Club at the hands of the Crescents last Saturday The Somerville Messenger concludes as follows:

"There was a large crowd present, and both crowd and players showed bad taste; the former in hurling insulting remarks to right the pitcher's and fielder's decisions, and the latter by general insubordination and leaving the field. As to the umpire, it must be confessed that it was not good; in fact, it was rank at times, and to the work of Cadmus (the West Ends' umpire) is due the finish ending, as well as to the serious errors of the home club, the defeat is due."

Backed by a Belmont.

A private banking company is about to be organized in Elizabeth with a capital of $100,000. The enterprise, it is rumored, is backed by one of the Belmonts. The company will be organized under the laws of the State and propose to furnish loans on call at rates discounts at a more reasonable rate than the present banking institutions. The new company, it is said, will be Elizabeth capitalists are interested, expect to be ready for business by Aug. 1st.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Saturday	65	65	69	70	71	71	67
2. Sunday	67	68	70	71	72	72	68
3. Monday	68	70	72	73	74	74	70
4. Tuesday	69	71	73	74	75	75	71
5. Wednesday	70	72	74	75	76	76	72
6. Thursday	71	73	75	76	77	77	73
7. Friday	72	74	76	77	78	78	74
8. Saturday	65	66	70	72	73	73	71
9. Sunday	66	68	71	73	74	74	72
10. Monday	67	69	72	74	75	75	73
11. Tuesday	68	70	73	75	76	76	74
12. Wednesday	69	71	74	76	77	77	75
13. Thursday	70	72	75	77	78	78	76

DUNELLEN'S GRADUATES.

Interesting Commencement Exercises by Mr. Oley's School.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEWS.]

DUNELLEN, N. J., May 13th.—The closing exercises of the Dunellen Public School were held last evening at the New Market Seventh-Day Baptist church, and though the evening was unfavorable to a large attendance the church began to be filled an hour before the appointed time, and at eight o'clock it was as full as comfort would admit. The church was prettily decorated with flowers, and an arch over the back of the stage was trimmed with evergreens, on which was the class motto "Gradatim" in gilt letters which shone resplendent. The School Trustees occupied a position on the right of the stage, the teachers on the left, while the graduates occupied the central position. The programme as published in yesterday's News was given in full and was well received by the audience. Some parts merit special attention. The orations, "The Advancement of Our Country During the Last Century", by Alfred Wilson, and "The Mediterranean Sea", by Cornelius Ryno, both showed care and were rendered well. "Leap-Frog John", by seven boys, received much applause, while "The Clock" was very prettily sung and acted by ten little girls. "The Grumbler", given in costume, was hearting applauded, as was also the solo "The Tardy Scholar", by Clarence Marlow, with the chorus of "Punctual Scholars". The "Jamboree Drill" by nine girls, all dressed in white, was well given and held the attention of all, as did also the song "Lovely Rose" by Emma Marlow. The instrumental solo, "Brilliant Waltz", by Sallie Gray, showed ability and was well executed. All performed their parts well, and a number of selections had to be repeated before the audience would be satisfied. Much credit is certainly due to Prof. Oley and his corps of teachers for the prize offered by the Trustees in behalf of the District for regular attendance during the entire year were given out by Mr. T. L. Thomas. Those receiving prizes were: Nellie Kelley, who has not missed a session of school in four years, Lillie Shultz, Walter Bodine, Mess Walters, Jonnie Tingley, Millie Gaskill, Agnes Burt, Della Duna, Alba Runyon, Bessie Wheeler, Harry Apgar, Jonnie Tingley, Fred Harold and Susie Giles. The prizes were entirely of books. The scholars had been allowed to choose the book they wished, and some chose exceedingly well, especially those that chose Harper's Young People for 1886. The diplomas were presented by the Rev. L. E. Livermore, of the Trustees. He spoke a few words to the graduates, commending them on their career so far and wishing them future success.

The exercises were closed with a chorus, "Gently Sighs the Breese", by the school.

A reception will be given this evening by the first, second and third grades, at the residence of Mrs. Marlow, to the graduates of the school.

Union County Church Workers.

The annual conference of the Union county Christian Endeavor Union will be held in the First Baptist church at Elizabeth Friday evening, June 21st. There will be present Societies from all parts of the county, and the conference will be a large and interesting one. The address will be delivered by the State Secretary of the Society, Mr. Frank B. Everitt, of Princeton. A paper on the "Pledge" will be read by Mr. A. C. Ridley, of Elizabeth, and another on committee work by a representative from Plainfield. All the Societies in the county are invited.

Rumors of a Robbery.

It was rumored about town this morning that the parsonage of the Plainfield M. E. church, which is closed during the Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell's absence in Europe, had been rifled of its contents by robbers.

An examination by the authorities this morning found the fastenings of the building still secure.

A FETE CHAMPETRE DES CINQ SENS will be held by the

Ladies' Society

of the

SEVENTH-DAY BAPTIST CHURCH

on Mr. GEO. H. BABCOCK'S LAWN, corner of Eighth street and Arlington avenue,

TO-NIGHT

from 4 to 10 o'clock Admission, 10 cents.

YE THIRSTY!

Frosted Cream Soda

in all flavors is

OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL

in the way of SUMMER DRINKS.

STRAWBERRY

fresh from the fruit, is excelled by none.

BANANA SHERBET AND Turkish Sherbet are Original with us. Try them.

Our Milk Shakes

continues to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.

We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.

Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for customers; running fountains of water for cleaning glasses; promptness by courteous clerks.

Field & Randolph,

CITY PHARMACY

NEWEST FRONT STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

CONCERT,

Vocal & Instrumental,

at

BETHEL CHAPEL,

Thursday, June 13th,

Doors open at 7:30. Concert at 8 p. m. 50c

MONEY IN THEIR FOOTBALL.

Curious Sequel to the Finding of a Roll of Bank Notes.

ELIZABETH, June 12.—What promises to be an interesting legal case was begun to-day in Union county by the filing of papers with the County Clerk in a suit for the recovery of a treasure of over $1,600, found two years ago by three boys who were strolling along the Central Railroad in the suburbs of this city. One of the lads, Willie Corcoran, espied a ball of rags lightly fastened with cord, lying alongside the track, and kicked it toward the boy nearest to one of his companions, who kicked it back. The lads played football with the bundle for some time until at last the string gave way and the rag ball fell apart, disclosing in its centre a roll of bank notes.

The surprised youngsters hastened home with their prize and gave it to one of their fathers, who, his conscience troubling him as to what disposal to make of it, resolved to consult John Keron, Chief of the New Jersey Detective Bureau. Keron took the money to the First National Bank and deposited it in his own name. He advertised in New York and New Jersey papers, telling of the find and calling on the owner to appear and prove his property. Corporation counsel for the treasure was put in, but no one could show that it properly or tell the exact amount found.

Assemblyman Marsh, as guardian of the lad who first discovered the treasure, puts in a claim for the money, and has instituted a suit against Chief Keron for the recovery of the same, and promises lawyers disagree as to what will be the outcome of the suit. Several lawyers, among them the City Attorney, think the money, no owner being found, should go to the city for the poor fund, while others think the finders are entitled to it. It is hinted that the court will likely order that the windfall be turned over to the Overseer of the Poor, to be used by him for the relief of the city paupers.

A Veteran Honored.

Commodore W. H. Sault, of the Veteran Zouaves, who is Sergeant-at-Arms of the Elizabeth District Court, gave a farewell reception to his comrades at the Zouave Armory Tuesday night and sailed to-day for England to see old friends. The Veteran Zouave Band gave Commodore Sault a serenade. At the reception Serg. William McCormick, of the Turkish Guard, was presented by the Zouaves with one of their famous bronze badges made out of captured rebel cannon. Commodore Sault was escorted to the steamer by the Veteran Zouaves and the constables of the Union County Court, who hold him in high esteem, and a presentation was made to him before the vessel sailed.

A Contested Will Case.

James McQure, Cashier of the National State Bank of Elizabeth, was yesterday appointed administrator pendente lite for the valuable estate of the late Elizabeth Smith, of Philadelphia, whose adopted daughter, Mrs. Mary A. Hagan, of Philadelphia, is contesting Mrs. Rehill's will and has objected to its being probated.

DR. E. KIMBELL

THE

GREAT SPECIALIST

Commenced his second visit in Plainfield this morning. Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 8 a. m. till 7 p. m.

Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances.

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the CITY HOTEL, Plainfield, for A FEW DAYS ONLY.

People who desire the services of a skilful

CHIROPODIST

are urged to call without any delay, as his engagements in Trenton are positive.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.

Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, aged person or child can have the most agonizing pain relieved and painlessly and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 10,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

From J. S. Probasco, M. D.: I have had personal knowledge of DR. KIMBELL'S skill in removing corns, and heartily recommend him to the afflicted.

J. B. PROBASCO, M. D.,
141 East Front street.

From J. T. Fitts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skilful Chiropodist.

J. T. FITTS, M. D.,
38 Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face.

MRS. A. THURSTON,
1 Plainfield, May 23.

From JOHN A. BOWDOVE, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet in one treatment.

CITY HOTEL, Plainfield, N. J.

I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL. MISS ANNIE M. FOWLER,
30 Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and unnatural perspiration of the feet and armpits is unfailing and cures satisfactorily.

All and cures solicited.

Some Bob Is Amusing.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Last Monday evening The Press stated that the Plainfield Common Council had determined to grant a franchise for the erection of waterworks and that it could give the name of the successful party but preferred not to because requested. The statement of The Press was a lie, and the paper failed to be called on to state the name of the firm and the name of the Councilman who had "requested that it be not disclosed". Council is put in a very false light by this piece of villainy. This matter is another illustration of the wisdom of those who transact nothing. Council has not, as intimated by The Press made a secret deal with any party. All that has been done by it in the matter of water-works has been done publicly and has been faithfully reported in your paper. It may be a good idea to let the people know that The Press has been lying again, although such an occurrence is nothing unusual for them. VARIVAS.

How a Noble Woman Viewed the Johnstown Flood.

[From The Philadelphia Press.]

"It is like a blow on the head; there are no tears; they are stunned; but, ah, sir, I tell you they will awake after awhile, and the tears will flow down the hills of this valley from thousands of bleeding hearts, and there will be weeping and wailing and no sweet balm."

That is what Clara Barton, President of the National Red Cross, said to a correspondent this afternoon as she stood in a plain black gown in the office of the Red Cross, and with the organization of the Red Cross aside, and she looked motherly and matronly, while her voice was trembling with emotion.

"You see nothing but that dazed, sickly smile that calamity leaves"—she went on—"but I see it in every face. Here is a man," and she pointed to him. "How came you here?" Something happened, he says; that he alone knows; all the rest is blank. Here is a boy. I can give you that smile, that look and say, 'Well my father, my mother, my sister' but they do not realize it yet. The Red Cross intends to be here in the Conemaugh Valley when the pestilence comes to them, and we are making ready with all our heart and all our soul, with all our strength. The militia, the railroad, the Relief Committee and everybody is working for us. The railroad has completely barricaded so as that none of our cars can be taken away by mistake."

JOHNSTOWN BENEFIT.

It is desired to Supplement the Thirty-Four Views of the

Ravages of the Flood

at Johnstown, soon to be Exhibited by Stereopticon at

Stillman Music Hall

with others which shall make a full complement of

One Hundred Scenes

To that end all are requested to forward to The News any photographs which they may have of Plainfield residences or landscapes, in order that the pictures of Happy Homes and Beautiful Scenery may be effectively contrasted with the Devastation of the

Conemaugh Deluge.

With the Aid of our Citizens it is Expected that the

Stereopticon Exhibition

and its accompanying Novel Features will afford an Entertainment of

Thrilling Interest.

The prompt Cooperation of all is requested. Remember: The Proceeds are for the Benefit of the Suffering Survivors in the Land of Desolation.

LADIES,

of course you are aware of the fact that the warm weather has struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Maybe I can suggest something that will help you. Have you seen that new Dress in Satine or Cambric, from 50c to $1. I can also show you a Blue Flannel Dress, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00. I have just received a consignment of House Suits for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at $1.25 and up. Children's Jersey Blouses, 25c and 50c.

Louis Callman,

28 WEST FRONT STREET.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit. Everybody knows that they are the best. Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

THE

Leading Grocers

are

R. W. RICE & Co.

of

Duer and Emily Sts.,

All goods

Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until eleven o'clock p. m. RICE & CO.,
Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North avenues.

N. B.—Exclusive House for Plainfield. 5-11-3m

HOTEL NETHERWOOD

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure, with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank E. Miller.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

This spring has witnessed the heaviest rainfall in April and May that has been recorded since the weather bureau was organized.

The Flag with Forty-two Stars.

Various arrangements have been proposed for the new United States flag when the four additional states come in. The present flag contains upon the blue union the thirty-eight stars arranged in five rows across the field, three rows containing eight stars each and two rows with seven stars each. In arranging the forty-two stars it has been suggested that there be six rows containing seven stars each. Another suggestion is that there be three rows containing eight stars each, as at present, and two rows with nine stars. But this would necessitate changing the proportions of the blue field, which must not be done. A third proposition is to change the arrangement of the stars altogether, and instead of in rows place them in the form of a six pointed star. This is the suggestion of the editor of The Youth's Companion.

Hammond on Ice Water.

Here are some of the charges the lively Dr. William A. Hammond brings against the deadly ice pitcher: Its contents may cause death if taken when the body is overheated. A big drink of ice water is as bad as a kick in the stomach. Americans have the poorest teeth of any people, and ice water is the cause of it. As to the stomach, a whole chamber of horrors is created in its insides by the ice water fiend. Ice water causes confirmed dyspepsia. But that is the least of its train of evils. It also produces catarrh of the stomach. Nay, there is reason to believe that it originates cancer of the stomach too. Americans are more subject to that disease than other nations are. Ice water lessens the heart's action. It also impairs the sense of taste. And once Dr. Hammond knew a fancy ice cold soda fountain drink to be followed by a terrible case of facial neuralgia. Ware the ice cold soda fountain!

The Fury of the Waters.

By the bursting of the South Fork dam at Johnstown, Pa., from 12,000 to 18,000 lives were lost and $25,000,000 worth of property destroyed. Corpses floated down the Ohio river past Pittsburg, seventy-eight miles west of Johnstown. The losses in New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia from the great rainfall and flood will not fall short of $40,000,000. The Johnstown calamity was the direst disaster by flood that has ever overtaken an English speaking people.

Fifteen years ago the dam at Mill River, Mass., burst, causing terrible ruin and loss of life. In China, for centuries, the banks of the low lying Yellow river have been dammed and diked up, as is done at present with the Southern Mississippi. Higher and higher above the heads of the people the levees were built, until two years ago, 1887, the mighty water rose in its strength, burst the bonds which held it as though they had been paper and destroyed half a million people.

Within a year two other artificial reservoirs, similar to that at Johnstown, have broken their banks and caused wide ruin and loss of life. The first was at Montreux, Switzerland, the second in South America. There was one feature common to all three of the dams destroyed. The embankments were known to be unsafe. Repeated warnings had been given, which were heeded neither by the heedless souls who dwelt in the path of destruction, nor by those whose duty it was to see that the works were secure. In any case man's puny strength can never measure itself against the nature forces. Sooner or later, be his achievement what it will, they rise and overwhelm him. Whatever such should think twice before damming up great reservoirs upon hills above towns and cities.

There remains to be recalled the awful devastation of the waters in the Straits of Sunda, in the volcanic eruption of Krakatoa in the summer of 1883. Following that eruption, tidal waves forty feet high swept the shores of the straits and islands. Forty thousand persons were drowned by these waves. Vast ruin by flood has come upon different parts of the earth in the past seven years. In the year 1882 the Danube happened the fearful successive floods by the Ofelo valley. In the spring of 1882 occurred the breaking of the levees and the overflow of the Mississippi, bringing terrible destruction, sickness and loss of life. At Jackson, Miss., the river was at one time sixty miles wide. It would be interesting to know what peculiar atmospheric or planetary disturbance has been behind it all.

The strangest feature of all its connection with the floods held true in the United States is that the storm which wrecked Johnstown's dam to have yet passed around the world. Within a day or two after our great storm, a hurricane and water spout caused great destruction and death at Reichenbach, Germany. The same day there came from the other side of the world news that 10,000 lives had been lost in a hurricane at Hong Kong.

(MORNING NEWS.)

MANY UNACCOUNTED FOR

12,730 Residents of Johnstown Dead or Have Disappeared.

THE RELIEF FUND IS $505,000.

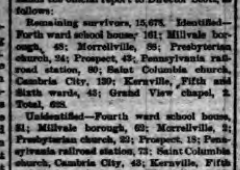
The Constitutionality of That Million Dollar Relief Measure Called in Question.

Governor Beaver Dissatisfied with the Scheme—Special Policemen Discharged.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 13.—The bureau of registration has completed its work and hands the official report to Director Scott, as follows:

Remaining survivors, 15,678. Identified—Fourth ward school house, 181; Millvale borough, 42; Morrellville, 85; Presbyterian church, 24; Prospect, 43; Pennsylvania railroad station, 90; Saint Columbia church, Cambria City, 120; Kernville, Fifth and Sixth wards, 43; Grand View chapel, 12. Total, 625.

Unidentified—Fourth ward school house, 81; Millvale borough, 63; Morrellville, 2; Presbyterian church, 22; Prospect, 18; Pennsylvania railroad station, 72; Saint Columbia church, Cambria City, 43; Kernville, Fifth and Sixth wards, 5; Grand View chapel, 12. Total, 325. Nineveh, 189 bodies recovered; also, 30 recovered in Indiana county, opposite Nineveh, making the total number recovered 1,192. No account could be gotten from New Florence, on account of its being in the possession of the coroner, who is at Greensburg.



PORTION OF THE BARRACKS FOR THE MILITIA, JOHNSTOWN.

The last census of Johnstown reported 29,000 inhabitants. The above report shows that there are yet 12,730 unaccounted for.

8,500 Men Will Work.

Notwithstanding the denials that written agreements had been entered into between Gen. Hastings, Contractor McKnight and others, it was learned that contracts had been made with the following: Jim McKnight, of Pittsburg, 1,000 men and 500 teams; Coburn and Stewart, of Altoona, 500 men and 100 teams, and McLean & Co. 1,000 men.

Hose to Be Distributed.

Until 10 o'clock only two bodies had been recovered. They were those of middle aged females, and were taken to the First Presbyterian church morgue. They were in a horrible condition, and three buckets of disinfectant were used on them. The bodies were found by the workmen in the debris near the bridge. The cause of the decrease in the number of bodies recovered is said to be due to the fact that there is almost a suspension of work.

Johnstown's Busiest Men.

The two busiest men in Johnstown were Gen. Hastings, who assumed control of affairs at 9 o'clock, and Contractor McKnight. The former was directing his aids and getting things in shape toward the work of clearing away the ruins. The latter was instructing his foremen as to the hiring of laborers. Gen. Hastings was asked if it were true that he had received a telegram from Governor Beaver instructing him to sign no contracts for labor or anything else, whereby the state could be held responsible for any expense incurred.

"No, sir," said Gen. Hastings; "Governor Beaver never sent me any such telegram. I have been given full power to act, and will do so to the best of my ability."

Contractor McKnight was seen at noon and was asked as to what would be the routine of his work. He said:

"There will be no trouble about getting enough men to work on the wreckage. I have about 500 at work now, but the number will be increased to 3,000 before night. I have signed no contract to complete the work, but have a verbal agreement which will, I am sure, be faithfully adhered to on both sides."

500 Special Policemen Discharged.

The 800 special policemen employed by the county sheriff have been discharged and the soldiers of the Fourteenth regiment put in their places. Owing to the friendly and harmonious existing between the sheriff and Gen. Hastings, the change is very gratifying.

A public meeting has been called. The object to be given for the move is to devise means by which the city can be protected against floods in the future. It is stated, however, that a number of citizens have already met and will pass resolutions condemning the South Fork Fishing club in measured terms. An effort will be made to have it suppressed.

The Clearing Up Campaign.

Gen. Hastings has distributed the work to be performed among a number of contractors who are already prepared with men, teams and appliances to put the work with vigor. Gen. Hastings has proved himself equal to the occasion, and if his plans are carried out the restoration of Johnstown is assured, and that before very long. The work of the outside work was accomplished yesterday, but today the labor of clearing the wreck was resumed in earnest. Gen. Hastings, U. S. Douglass, chief of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad engineering corps, reported to Gen. Hastings and tendered his services. After a consultation with Gen. Hastings, Col. Douglass was placed in charge of all of the engineering features connected with the task the state has undertaken.

To facilitate matters the valley has been divided into districts. No 1 includes Cambria City and all points below the railroad bridge down to Morrellville. Five hundred men, under the command of Contractor Rodgers, of Pittsburg, will work on this district. The gangs at the viaduct will be known as division No. 2, and will be cleared up by James McKnight's men. Division No. 3, Kernville, with twenty building engines, twenty teams and 300 men to begin with. Nearly all of the city of Johnstown is included in district No. 4, and will be under the care of Cobern & Stewart, of Altoona, with F. Ledoux as engineer. Division No. 5, Woodvale Cemetery, and will be taken care of by McLean & Johnson, of Pittsburgh. Kernville is the fifth district, and James McKnight has undertaken to clear it up.

Each district will be under the supervision of a competent civil engineer. Col. Douglass is chief engineer in charge of the work, as is that the cost of clearing the valley will not be more than a half a million dollars. He could not estimate just how long it would take.

Supplies for Johnstown.

PITTSBURG, June 13.—The following order has been received from Commissary General Spangler, at Johnstown:

"Please ship at once 100,000 pounds of fresh beef, 25,000 pounds to be shipped each day for five days, 10,000 via Baltimore and Ohio and 10,000 via Pennsylvania railroad; 5,000 quart cans of tomatoes, half via Baltimore and Ohio and half via Pennsylvania railroad; 4,000 quart cans of corn, ditto; 15 barrels of vinegar, ditto; 2,000 loaves pepper, ditto; 60 bushels onions, ditto; 100 sacks salt, ditto. The emergency is very great, and unless shipments begin at once there will be a famine in this entire valley."

Orders were placed within a few minutes for the entire amount of the requisition, amounting to about 80,000, and the first shipment was made in the afternoon. In this connection Mr. Reuben Miller remarked that such orders as this one furnished the best refutation needed of the reports current that there is a superabundance of supplies in Johnstown, and that therefore any contributions should be continued right along for the present.

Hereafter the railroads leading to Johnstown will be relieved of the embargo placed upon them by the general relief committee, and people can come and go at pleasure without even securing the special permit of a handful of passes that have been necessary.

The Relief Fund Has Reached $505,000.

Contributions to the relief fund continue to come in with encouraging regularity, but the amounts are not large enough. Four of the thousand is the action of the governor in undertaking the entire charge of the distribution of the fund, will tend to interfere with subscriptions. It is thought that the amount received by the treasurer was $505,000.

Word has been received that Contractor William Flinn, who is still in Johnstown, had been taken suddenly and seriously ill.

The work of paying the workmen was completed at 4 o'clock. The sum of $110,000 was distributed among them. Nearly all of the men were provided with transportation to this city.

A Small Estimate.

The Leader's special from Johnstown says: Charles B. Myers, who has kept a list of the bodies brought to all the morgues, says that 2,615 bodies have been taken out of the ruins. He estimates the entire loss of life at 8,000.

Governor Beaver Dissatisfied.

A Harrisburg special to The Times says: Governor Beaver and his cabinet have become dissatisfied with his scheme to take $1,000,000 out of the state treasury to pay its expenses of clearin away the Johnstown wreck. Offers to indorse his bonds are few and far between, and he will probably try to raise enough money to pay the expenses by loans from citizens who will take the chance that the legislature, when it meets in 1891, will reimburse them.

That Million Dollar Appropriation.

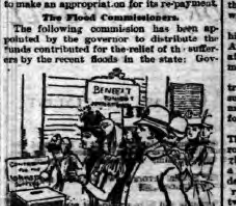
HARRISBURG, Pa., June 13.—Attorney General Hensel says he will not give an opinion as to whether it would be constitutional or not to take money from the state treasury for the flood sufferers unless an appropriation has been made, as the matter has been amicably arranged between State Treasurer Hart and Governor Beaver.

The money will be obtained by the indemnity bond method, but the bondsmen must agree to be responsible for the money in the event the successor of State Treasurer Hart should refuse to honor his settlement, and further, if any of the bondsmen should die in the intervening time, the remaining bondsmen must be responsible.

Governor Beaver left here at 9 to Philadelphia to consult with financiers, relative to his acceptance of a proposition from private parties, to loan him $1,000,000, with which to run the state's affairs in flooded districts, so that the state funds need not be touched. No interest is to be charged, and the legislature is expected at its next session to make an appropriation for its re-payment.

The Relief Commissioners.

The following commission has been appointed by the governor to distribute the funds contributed for the relief of the sufferers by the recent floods in the state: Governor Beaver, Edwin H. Fitler, Thomas Dolan, John Y. Huber, Robert C. Ogden, Francis B. Reed, of Philadelphia; Andrew S. Scott, Reuben M'Iler, S. S. Marvin, of Pittsburg; John Fulton, of Johnstown, and E. H. Cunning, of Williamsport.



A NEW YORK CONTRIBUTION FOR THE JOHNSTOWN SUFFERERS.

The New South Fork Viaduct.

ALTOONA, Pa., June 13.—The famous viaduct near South Fork, on the reconstruction of which 500 workmen have been engaged over a week, was completed yesterday at 5:6 o'clock the first engine crossed over it. The trestle is eighty-five feet high and 441 feet long. It will be a part of the main line track to Johnstown from the Fork. Grading will be completed in two days more, when traffic is expected to be open through to Pittsburg.

Seven thousand men are at work on the middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad on the eight lost bridges and thirty-four miles of track washed out. Work is also under way at this place has been stopped, and all available forces are out on the line.

Competent authority says that the temporary line to the Conemaugh valley at $7,000,000, the half of which is on the Pennsylvania road.

The Edwin Jones in Distress.

BALTIMORE, June 13.—The steamship Pindaris has arrived here from Port Antonio. She reports that on Monday last, in latitude 20, long. 76:17, she spoke the British steamship Edwin Jones, from Governor's Harbor to New York, which was flying signals of distress. The Jones stated that all her boilers were out of order by reason of the water getting in the fires, and that they were helpless. Captain Hall, of the Pindaris, proffered assistance, but no further information.

Another Conyngham Monument.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., June 13.—The Eighth New York cavalry has dedicated its monument on the first day's field. The regiment is of peculiar interest, as it was recruited on this field. The monument is a beautiful one, and is surmounted by a bronze statue of Lieut. Col. Conyngham, who was killed in front of the regiment during the charge of Pickett's division on the first day. The speech was made by Lieut. Col. Conyngham, and was delivered by E. M. Wills, of Sioux Falls.

THE ARMAGH HOLOCAUST.

Seventy-two People Killed by a Collision in Ireland.

DETAILS OF THE AWFUL AFFAIR.

A Corrected List of the Killed—The Shrieks of the Mangled Children Were Horrible—Corpses Forbotted Beneath the Engine.

DUBLIN, June 13.—The following is a corrected list of the killed in the Armagh railway disaster:

Samuel M. Steele, C. E. S.; Miss Rountree, W. R. McMullen, W. Walker, Belle Rountree, Mary Jinkinson, Margaret Cleeland, Robert and John Irwin, Ann Bell, Minnie Boyd, Joseph Johnston, Betsy Wilkin, Agnes Hall, Miss Johnston, Margaret McClean, Catherine Murray, Jane Thompson, John Hughes, Charles Neill, Minnie Edwards, David Edwards, Samuel Cleland, Margaret Patterson, Margaret Stenson, Mary Conway, Joseph McCann, Mr. Mitchell, Mrs. Mitchell and John Mitchell, their son; John Roger, Sarah and Isabella Bond, A. W. Holmes, Margaret Gibson, Mary Orr, Jane Orr, Minnie Murdock, Henry Jenkinson and Mary Jenkinson, his wife; Mrs. Joseph McCann, Mrs. Neill, Mary Anderson, Sarah Carroll, James Cleland, Robert Cleland, Wilhelmina Cleland, Mary Kelly, Margaret McKelby, Mr. Nayler, Helen Wait, Mary Johnston, Mr. Burke, Albert S. Robinson, Kathleen Moore, Eugene Simpson, Ernest Logue, Isabella Macfarland, Martha Macfarland, Ellen Macfarland, Matilda Benson, Sarah Scott Latimer, Agnes Parkes, W. Crosier, John Mallen, Thomas Henderson and others not yet identified.

60 or Seventy Bodies Removed.

The wrecked train contained 1,200 persons, composed of Methodist Sunday school scholars, their teachers and relatives. They were going on an excursion to Warren Point, a fashionable watering place at the mouth of the Newry river, County Down. Over seventy dead bodies have been removed from the wreck and it is believed that many more are buried beneath the débris. The number of injured is very large. The accident occurred at a point where the trains had to ascend a grade on a bank fifty feet high. The first train ascended the grade without trouble. The second section attempted the ascent, but the weight of the train proved too great for the engine. Several cars were detached and slowly towed to run back towards the level track, but before they reached it they came in collision with the third train from Armagh, which was proceeding at a good rate of speed. The excursion cars were completely wrecked.

Heartrending Scenes.

The scene which ensued was heartrending. Hosts of volunteers were soon at hand and the dead and wounded were taken from the wreck and carried down the bank. Medical aid was called for and a special train from Belfast brought to the scene an appropriation that city and a number of medical men from other places between Belfast and Armagh. The following train was commencing the ascent of the engineless cars when runaway cars. Shutting off the steam and reversing the lever the engineer and fireman jumped from the engine, shouting to the excursionists to jump for their lives. They hurled sixty feet down an embankment. The carriage that ran into the engine was shattered to splinters, and fragments of dead, timbrolier, etc., were scattered hundreds of yards. A dozen corpses were found beneath the engine in a perforated condition. Some of the occupants of the runaway cars tried to escape, but the doors were locked.

The Horror Killed Him.

A car driver named Hughes, who visited the scene of the disaster, was so horrified at the sight that he died on the spot. His corpse was taken to the house of his son.

The disaster is unparalleled in the railroad history of Ireland, and has cast a gloom over Armagh. All the shops were closed in the afternoon and the people are in a general mourning.

The engineer, fireman and guard of the train and the traffic manager's clerk were summoned before a magistrate and were remanded on the charge of being responsible for the accident.

The shrieks of the children were horrible. The bodies of the victims were arranged in rows as soon as recovered. Many were married beyond recognition. There is scarcely a family in Armagh that has not some one dead. All the bodies have now been taken from the wreck. The total killed is seventy-two, of whom sixty-four have been identified.

A corner of the Irish Fusiliers' band, before the collision, jumped on the foot plate of one of the cars and dropped four children to the ground. He then offered to assist others to escape, but his offer was refused, as in many cases whole families were killed. Crowds of people are visiting the scene of the disaster, and the air is filled with lamentations.

Another Account of the Disaster.

Another account of the disaster says that the engineer of the second train, finding his engine powerless to pull the train up the steep grade, ordered the removal of the cars, with the object of taking the front portion of the train to the next station and returning for the remainder. Heavy stones were placed behind the wheels of the first two cars to prevent them from slipping, but the locomotive on restarting gave the entire train a shunt that displaced the stones. The result was that the coupled cars began to slip backward down the grade, their speed gradually increasing until they had attained a frightful velocity. After running four miles they struck with terrific force into the third train at a point about a mile and a half from Armagh.

Carnegie's Real Obstinate.

PITTSBURG, June 13.—The employes of Carnegie's Homestead mills have positively declined to accept or be governed by the scale by Chairman Andrews, which the operatives refer to as the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers' convention, now in session here. The Amalgamated convention will be invited immediately to sustain the mill men. The employes have also resolved that should the firm attempt to discharge the day laborers and fill their places with new men, or should they refuse for hours something of the duties of the skilled workmen prior to July 1, the time when the Old Scale goes into effect, they will stop work immediately.

A Pretty Little Missouri Boy.

KANSAS CITY, June 13.—Harry Conway-alderman Frank Leopold, aged 12 years, and Katie Madden, aged 11 years, visited Robidoux creek. After the party started to go home by Cherokee street Harry Conway, with a note of the place a man dashed, Gaddis jumped from the bushes and attempted to assault the little girl. The boy struck Gaddis a blow with a pocket knife and stunned him across the face in a fearful manner, nearly cutting out an eye and cutting off part of his nose. Gaddis fled, but was afterward captured.

COL. BRICE CHOSEN.

He Is Now Chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The subcommittee of the Democratic national committee of the Fifth Avenue hotel, Calvin S. Brice was unanimously chosen chairman, vice the late Senator Barnum. Secretary Scott's resolution directed to the late chairman's family were adopted. Speeches eulogizing the deceased were made by Carlos French and Senator Gorman.

Mr. Sherrin, of Indiana, read an address on the death of Capt. Francis W. Dawson, of Charleston, in which he paid a high tribute to his worth. Mr. Gray offered resolutions deploring his untimely end, and setting forth the high esteem in which he was held as a member of the committee and as a citizen. These resolutions were also unanimously adopted. The other business of the meeting was the acceptance of Carlos French and D. M. Haskell as representatives, respectively, of Connecticut and South Carolina.

A Letter from Citizen Cleveland.

BALTIMORE, June 13.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland has written the following letter to the secretary of the Maryland Tariff Reform club, under date of June 11:

Your favor announcing my election as an honorary member of the Maryland Tariff Reform club is received. I accept the courtesy that tenders me membership in a body composed, as I am of the state, as set forth in the declaration accompanying your letter, have my hearty sympathy and support. The work in which you are engaged is absolutely essential to the greatest prosperity of our people and the highest development of our institutions. It is a work which, I am sure, must be done, or the parties are concerned, my hope and reliance for the preservation of things dear upon the Democratic party organization, which, in my opinion, endures in true to its traditions and ancient creed without a hearty and sincere support of the cause to which your club is devoted.

Grinell Devastated.

GRINELL, Ia., June 13.—This place was badly devastated by fire which started in Trost & Co.'s elevator. Fourteen business houses were burned, comprising nearly all the business portion of the city. The losses so far foot up $100,000, and the insurance $75,000. The electric light plant was largely saved, but piled up in the park and placed under guard of Company G, Third regiment, state militia. The heaviest losers are Trost & Co., elevator, $8,000; Bowman Bros., hardware, $6,000; Herald printing office, $10,000; Morrison, McIntosh & Co., glove factory, $10,000; Arthur Sessman, $5,000; Cass & Wirbe, $12,500; H. H. Proctor, $14,800; J. G. Johnson & Co., $4,000.

Woodstock's Fourth of July.

WOODSTOCK, Conn., June 13.—The programme for the Fourth of July celebration at Roseland park is just announced, and includes the address of welcome by Charles J. Russell, member of congress, who will introduce Governor Morgan J. Bulkeley as the presiding officer. Other addresses will be made by Associate Justice Miller, of the supreme court; William E. Ailison, of Iowa; Senator Hawley, of Connecticut; Senator Hiscock, of New York; Congressman McKinley, of Ohio, and Governor Fulton, of Arkansas. A poem will be read by Will Carleton. President and Mrs. Harrison are expected to be present. Secretaries Tracy and Robb have also been invited.

Cigarmakers' Meeting.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The National Association of Cigarmakers and Packers has decided to have letters of the organization registered in every state in order to secure protection. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Adolph Seninger, of Pittsburg; N. T. W. F., Henry Gruber, of Jersey City; N. T. S. and F. M., Albert Hoffman, of Covington, Ky.; treasurer, Joseph Richardson, of Brooklyn; executive board, Joseph Richardson, Henry J. Gruber, August W. Roambach, of Milwaukee; Henry Wickenhahl, of New York; John Fretzen, of Pittsburg, and T. B. Davis, of Baltimore.

News from Hayti.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Some excitement was manifested at the state and navy departments upon the receipt of a cablegram from Commander Kellogg at Hayti. Every one connected with the state and navy departments who is in a position to know, the contents of the cablegram refuses to say anything about it. Nevertheless it was generally believed at the department that the news from Hayti is not reassuring, and it was currently reported that Capt. O'Kane has been ordered to sail immediately for the seat of trouble with the Essex, which has just been refitted at New York.

Preparing for the Races.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 13.—Both crews of the University of Pennsylvania have arrived here and gone to quarters on the side of the river nearly opposite Yale's quarters. Both crews had a long pulling over the Connecticut university course Saturday, and the Yale crew on Wednesday. The three mile race between Columbia, Cornell and Pennsylvania university crews occurs on Friday, and the Yale-Harvard race on the 20th. The date of the two mile Pennsylvania-Yale-Columbia and Harvard freshmen and of the four mile Yale-Pennsylvania race are not yet fixed upon.

The Bayard-Clymer Nuptials Postponed.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The wedding of ex-Secretary Bayard and Miss Clymer did not take place. The announcement was made yesterday, and was unexpected. Many persons went to St. John's and were disappointed at the last minute. Mr. Bayard was not present and the bride arrived alone. Miss Clymer stated that no date had yet been fixed for the wedding, and Dr. Leonard, the pastor of St. John's, who has recently been elected bishop of Ohio, said that no date for the wedding had not yet been made known to him. Mr. Bayard is not in Washington.

Loyal Women of American Liberty.

BOSTON, June 13.—The first annual meeting of the National Association of the Loyal Women of American Liberty was held here the president, Mrs. M. L. Sawyer, in the chair. The exercises included a conservative meeting, an address, a welcome, an address of welcome by the governor, a reception at the state house, and a banquet. The attendance is about one thousand, and annual reports from the secretary and from the branches in New York, New Jersey and New Hampshire show reports showing a flourishing condition.

Mission Notes.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 13.—Via Galveston.—The first principal fight in the city of San Sebastian lottery, was won by a person living in Arkansas.

Steps are being taken here to raise funds for the sufferers by the floods.

The cabinet is debating the question of forming a new ministry of telegraphs, ports and railways, and of dividing the ministry of justice and construction.

(CONDENSED NEWS.)

The president has appointed Col. Archie D. Baxter, of Kansas, to be United States marshal for the Southern district of New York.

The sufferers by the Seattle fire have received $20,000.

Legal Notices.

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Circuit Judge, in and for the County of Somerset.

In matter of application for election to fix liquor license at $250 in the borough of North Plainfield.

Application by a petition signed by at least one-fifth of the legal voters, voting at the last previous parliamentary election for Governor, of the borough of North Plainfield in the county of Somerset, that license fees are required to be granted by the County of Somerset Board of Excise, in said county, being made by the Hon. William J. Magie, Circuit Judge, and for said county of Somerset, setting forth the desire of said petitioners that the license fee in certain sum of money named and specified in said petition, to wit, the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) be charged and paid for the license hereafter to be granted to sell spirituous liquors by retail for drowed liquors or any of them, by less measure than one gallon, within the borough of North Plainfield, and it appearing that no newspaper is published in said borough of North Plainfield, but that two daily newspapers, to wit, THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS and THE DAILY PRESS, are published in the city of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and that a copy of said petition was left with each of said Plainfield papers at least four times before the meeting of said commission, at least four times in each week, the last publication of said copy being made in five of the said public places in the said borough of North Plainfield, for two weeks prior to the said seventeenth day of June next, which method I deem proper and sufficient. W. J. MAGIE.

A true copy.
WM. A. SCHENCK, Clerk.

VAN KIRKBURGH & WHITE SAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, as 25c each.

* * *

'Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 50c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 15c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Clashes at 8c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12½; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 25c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $3.00.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our corsetery and glove ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES OF

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 25c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up, rough or smooth, ivory or light, ruled or plain.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

B. T. BARNES

ICE CREAM

Delivered EVERY DAY in the week. Opposite P. O.

Organized 1882. THE Incorporated 1888.

ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLY COMPANY,

Electrical Engineers and Contractors.

27 Liberty St., N. Y.

Plainfield, Rock Ridge, Rock Enterprise.

Complete Electric Light Plants for Isolated Work or Exportation.

Plainfield office, 26 North avenue. Supervised by F. S. Dunn.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Madison avenues. Facilities of Steam Engines, Boilers, Machinery and Castings of every description. Castings of Brass, Iron and Aluminum. Special attention given to Repairing Machinery. Estimates given. Orders promptly filled. Telephone connection. Shop open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Saturdays, 7 A. M. to 12 M. Orders left at office, 26 North avenue, will receive prompt attention. We have a large variety of Patterns on hand, and can duplicate any casting in short notice. We have a large variety of Patterns on hand, and can duplicate any casting in short notice. We have a large variety of Patterns on hand, and can duplicate any casting in short notice

He Was Reserved.

"Excuse me," he said, as he bit off the end of a cigar and laid it out his hand to secure a light from the other, who was smoking.

"Beg pardon."

"I said excuse me."

"Oh, certainly. Always willing to accommodate."

And he took the fresh cigar, lighted it, threw his old one away and as he began on the new one remarked with the remark:

"Very good cigar, nice-savory good. Of course I'll excuse you."—Detroit Free Press.

Unanimity at Our Boarding House.

Our Food Dispenser—What do you prefer, Mr. Pipegrass?

Chorus of { Mr. Swisser / Mr. Chubbs / Mr. Dewey / Mr. Judge } —I want a leg.

Our Food Dispenser—Gents, this ain't no centipede.—Judge.

A Terrible Tale.

In the grewsome gleam of his chamber dim,
As the fappering flame burns low, he thought
him a think of a female grim, as he dreamt
of the long ago, and his memory dwelt on the
merciful scene when Lucretia bowled him o'er
for a Turk whose figure was lank and lean,
but who wallowed in gold galore.

Oh, the staggering wail of a jilted lad,
In the dreadful drear of night—
Deal ashole of tears for the story sad
Of a youth in a plaintcome plight!

And the pallid thought of the whole blamed thing did so settle upon his brain that the deepsome state of his suffering made him jibber and jounce with pain, till the Mask blank fool at the end gave way to the glamour of suicide—alas, for the cold of his damsome clay, for he blew out the gas, and died!

Oh, the staggering wail of a jilted lad,
In the dandal drear of night—
Deal ashole of tears for the story sad
Of a youth in a plaintcome plight!

—Judge.

A Summer Idyl.

She's fairer than a lily,
And she's sweeter than a rose,
And she knocks the neighbors silly
When she winds the garden hose.

She flits her skirts from danger
With her left hand, while her right
Grasps the nozzle, and the stranger
Gets a very pleasing sight.

The neighbors' eyes all twinkle
And their interest daily grows,
For they like to see her sprinkle,
And they like to see the hose.

—Somerville Journal.

She Spoiled Her Husband's Joke.

A man in Watertown, N. Y., thought it would be fun to threaten to frighten his wife, so he tied a rope round his neck and suspended himself from a convenient hook. Then he awaited developments. His wife took the matter calmly and made no attempt to cut him down. Before very long the practical joker was surprised to find himself dead. His wife is said to look very attractive in heavy mourning. It was shabby of her to spoil her husband's joke, but she may not have had a fine sense of humor.—Chicago News.

An Every Day Occurrence.

Two teamsters came into collision in the street with their vehicles.

Fire Teamster—My dear sir, I'm very sorry for this accident. Will you kindly excuse me?

Second Teamster—Pray do not mention it, my dear sir. The fault was as much mine as yours.

After getting their wagons clear of each other they bow politely, and with a pleasant "good day" proceed about their business.—Boston Courier.

The Question of a Practical Man.

"Mr. Swedehammer," said the reporter, note book in hand, "you have seen, of course, many of the suggestions that have been made as to the adoption of a national flower. May I ask what your individual opinion is on the subject?"

"I have not considered the matter deeply as yet," replied the Minnesota congressman thoughtfully, "but as a practical man, I should say it ought to be of the best XXXX brand."—Chicago Tribune.

One of the Great Humorists.

Capt. Evan P. Howell, of The Atlanta Constitution, who is a capital story teller, illustrated the persistent industry of the Chattanoogans by an anecdote of a man in Georgia who kept bees, and, not satisfied with their proverbial industry, actually attempted to cross them with lightning bugs, in order to secure a continuation of honey making through the night.—Boston Herald.

Determined to Have No Risks.

Citizen—Here, cab!

Cabman (looking at him critically)—Is it a reception, sir?

Citizen (angrily)—What difference does that make to you?

Cabman—All the difference in the world, sir. You're full dress. If it's a reception it's all right. If it's a suicide you pay in advance, sir.—Chicago Tribune.

A True Life Saver.

Amateur Sportsman—Next week it will be twenty-five years since I joined the Small Game Sporting club. Do you think I am likely to receive any special mark of recognition in honor of the event?

Old Gamekeeper—Well, mebbe you'll get a diploma of honor from the Society for the Protection of Game.—New York Tribune.

Not an Improvement.

Eastern Housekeeper—Do you have any difficulty in keeping good girls in the west?

Western Housekeeper—Not with a natural gas furnace.—Great difficulty. Every once in a while a girl lets the gas run too long before lighting it, and we have to look about for a new girl.—Inquiring for the old one.—New York Weekly.

Wanted a Want.

"I wish," said Brosnan, going to the "want" window of a dollar-a-day down town show to see an assortment of "wants," "I'd like a cigar straw vest for summer wear. My long fellow has about worn out."—Harper's Bazar.

An Accident.

Mrs. Honeymoon—Aren't those dear little cubs sweet fun? Isn't Tom just like his father?

Mr. Honeymoon—Very. I regret to say that I have had a similar experience. Next time I'll look for the dam.—Harper's Bazar.

FOR

TIN WORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES Ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

24 and 26 Doors. P. O. Box 1288.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 18 Front St. Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging.

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Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Front street and Park avenue

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller & Bro.

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. RHE. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Posco. 10-1282

Don't spoil your Feet with CHEAP SHOES! Wear the Burt & Packard "Korrect Shape."

CARPETINGS.

W. & J. SLOANE

Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the

Spring Trade.

BRUSSELS, from $1.25 per yd. upward.
BODY BRUSSELS from 80c per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY from 50c per yd. upward.
INGRAINS, from 40c per yd. upward.

Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH ST.

NEW YORK CITY.

REFRIGERATORS,

PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWERS,

Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers

Hardware, Plumbing, Tinning.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 East Front street.

at

Crane's Hat Store,

19 PARK AVENUE.

Trunks! Trunks!

Valises, etc.

BIG STOCK

TUNIS J. CAREY

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.

Bought and Sold.

Terrill & Cole,

SUCCESSORS to FORD & Stiles

UNDERTAKERS AND

Funeral Directors

No. 19 East Front street, Plainfield

H. S. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole

Telephone call 64.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.

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and

Fire Insurance,

20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Special Notices.

BARGAINS

in Wall paper, oils, fertilizers, plows, harrows, etc. Call and see the goods on hand. It's Paying Time now. Yours truly, J. Y. Wells, Howe Block, North Plainfield.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY best ROLLER TEA. Bitter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and BRAN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BICKNELL'S seeds constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

L. A. Rheaume,

Lumber, Coal, Wood

and

MASONS' MATERIALS

PRACE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH. Telephone call No. 122.

R. A. ROSS,

Re 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at lowest prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. SAUNS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Front. P. O. Box 1826. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,

Residence Evans. P. O. Box 350.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & RUBBARD,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds.

FINE BUTTER,

PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE,

Fancy Groceries

and the VERY BEST Imported and Domestic

Fruits, Vegetables,

etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice California Prunes, 12c per lb.

ESTELLE,

TAYLOR & NEUMAN,

Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 19 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

AS USUAL

At ALLEN'S,

The Stationer,

You can find a large line

EASTER GOODS

in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc.

22 EAST FRONT STREET.

ALFRED M. COOK. ROBERT S. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER

and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal

furnished by the car load and sold at wholesale and retail.

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

R. [illegible] Front street, Plainfield, will sell 91.2 and down, [illegible] Order [illegible] 91.2 and down, [illegible] 91.2 and down, [illegible] 91.2 and down,

WOMAN AND HOME.

TIMES WHEN JOHN IS THE VINE AND HIS WIFE MUST BE THE OAK.

Duties of Parents at Such—Fly Traps, Pretty Swallows—Bid Mrs. Grundy Begone!—Roumanian Marriage Customs. Suggestions for the Home Ruler.

A very observant woman of fashion and society said the other day to the reporter: "In time of trouble we must be strong. It is always so. When John comes home with eyes red, his hair half pulled out and his mustache combed up one side and down the other; when he paces the floor or lops with his head buried in our lap, and says the world has touched an end, that his horse came to behind, that his cashier has skipped, that his constitution has been applied to another man, that his last great hope has been turned, that his play is a failure and that he wants to die, of course then we must be strong and firm, and full of heart and courage. That is the time he is doing the clinging vine business and we must be the oak.

"But what things as well as small how please him, and how they help to keep his love fresh. Let me be sure of him by remembering how much the man likes to have his friendship, his strength, his muscle, his manliness emphasized and depended upon, curved, petted and made exclusively in us. We will bring all this out in the pretty home gowns that have become fashionable, won't we? It is a good thing for women that fashion has decreed that these home gowns shall be tied to look gowns. Nowhere should a woman look more charming than in her own home. Nowhere is she in atmosphere more calculated to suggest about her all the charm of femininity in its best and sweetest way. The tea gown is or may be a triumph for all of us. It combines the simplicity, the suggestion of at 'home' and repose of a wrapper without the dishabille of that garment, with the elegance in texture of a ball gown without the formality of such a one.

"Of all modern gowns invented and accomplished it may best suggest the breathing woman inside. It makes best use of such natural curves as may be betrayed without the support of stays, and suggests the freedom and comfort of the whole figure without looseness. There is always that angel Reposhence at my command when I put on my tea gown, to put herself into an ordinary modern cut dress. Let me utter protest right here against those unconventional women who think themselves furthering the cause of health and beauty by going without stays and yet wearing the ordinary gown. I will acknowledge at once that the unconfined figure is the more graceful if properly draped.

"House gowns, all of them," this philosophical lady went on, "and all of their variations, are on the cut Bernhardt (bless her) made popular—the cut which comes nearest to suiting all women, all materials, and all occasions. A loose skirt, full and undraped in front, may be drawn back and then bunched up and fulldraped and squirmed and squished into tucks and folds and rosettes, but it is the skirt which will most surely reach and fall into curves and folds which will shift into harmonious draping through all movements and positions. Such effect of skirt is certainly the most graceful and becoming conceivable, and may look graceful in theater chair or on the couch—gowns that will cling prettily about the feet when we lean back, that will fall into soft folds when we sit and cross one knee over the other, as would be quite impossible and indecent in a street dress or a ball gown. Then we can have our house gowns trimmed with flowers and her new doll. Sure that we have caught into a soft swirl of folds from which, if your gown be fine enough and pretty enough, we may rise like Venus from the sea.

"I am old fashioned enough to think a woman's first duty is to please her husband when he comes home. I am of the opinion that a pretty house dress will materially assist the smile. I have much faith in the influence of furbelows and feminities over men. Of course, they like us to look delightfully self confident and capable on horseback. They fancy that Amazonian suggestion of tailor made gown, the rig, the derby, the trousers, rowing get ups, walking outfits, shooting suits and bath abbreviations; but they like to find the Roumanian (Carmen Sylva) tells in The Forum how the lads strip the marriageable girls of their long girdles and wind them about their own bodies. If after the parade of a ball they demand the return of her girdle by the youth who wears it, he is an accepted lover. To a wedding the invitations are various. The truth sponsors stand beside the bridal pair before the altar, bearing in their hands each a tall, stout wax candle. The bride and bridegroom must then eat the same bread and salt and drink out of the same goblet, to signify that as long as they live they will share with each other every bit and sup. Then, led by the truth-father and truth-mother, they walk round the altar thrice; that represents the paths through life. During the walk the bride must give a tag to the foot of one of the maids present, who then is sure to be married before a year is out. If the bride is a maid the golden thread is solemnly taken off her head by the priest, who places it well and it is the golden hair, being specially becoming when it reflects the candlelight. Her hair is then clipped a little, rolled tight under the bridal veil, and then the girl is a wife. The first time covered with the veil, the token of matronal dignity. During the performance the bride must weep and cry, for henceforth she must never show her hair, not even to her husband.

Linen Wedding Presents.

As the season approaches when the young women's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of trousseaux, the admiring friend is seized by the only less perplexing question: "What shall I give for a wedding present?" Well, a big one is offered by one of the many things which can be made of linen for the table. Linen is always useful—with a little embroidery it can be made very beautiful, and yet how seldom we see it. A recent bride of my acquaintance had among her gifts eighteen pictures, seven rocking chairs, and a big basket filled full of various small pieces of silver from different friends, but I noticed only one gift of table linen.

The other day I saw a set of tea napkins designed for a wedding present, the idea of which was new to me and may be new to many others. They were simply the ordinary fringed damask napkins, but across one corner of each was a short sentence stamped in wash silk. The clever maker had written the sentences in her own angular hand on the stiff linen and then embroidered over the writing. It seems to be difficult to find appropriate enough, bearing upon the subjects of hospitality and welcome, so that most of those were simply wise sayings, such as the Bible's "Charity suffereth long and is kind," accompanied by polite thoughts. "Fortune is another name for nature and necessity." "Remember my address." "Justice is kept to all kind hearts." "Justice is truth in action." Sentences like these may be quite an incentive to "table talk," and one can easily find plenty such in quotation books or of one's daily reading.—Good Housekeeping.

The First Postmistress.

The first postmistress was the widow of Col. Andrew Balfour, of Revolutionary times. She was a Miss Elizabeth Dayton, of Newport, R. I. Balfour came to America from Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1775, landing at Boston. He was a few years in the north, and married Miss Dayton in New York city. In 1777 he sailed for Charleston, but the disturbed state of the country caused him to leave his wife and her children with relations in New England until he could prepare a southern home for them, but soon after the British took possession of Charleston and swept over the Carolinas, and her husband near in his lot with the defenders of the home of his adoption (North Carolina); but he soon got a position in the army of the Royalists, led by Col. Pannis, a British officer, and left Mrs. Balfour in his hands in Charleston, where she was left with a child.

As soon as Mrs. Balfour heard of her husband's tragic death she hastened south, coming in care of Gen. Greene, who landed at Wilmington. From there it was a tedious trip through the country to the home in Randolph county, where her noble husband was murdered. As the country was still unsafe Mrs. Balfour deemed it imprudent to leave the plantation. With sorrow she turned away from his lonely resting place and went to Salisbury until the close of the war brought to dear to her. While residing in Salisbury, President Washington appointed her postmistress, which position was filled with entire satisfaction to all. Her accounts were audited she was only one-half a cent behind.—Sunny South.

A Roumanian Peasant Marriage.

The Roumanian peasants have many interesting social customs, and some more interesting than their fashion of making love and marrying. The queen of Roumania ("Carmen Sylva") tells in The Forum how the lads strip the marriageable girls of their long girdles and wind them about their own bodies. If after the parade of a ball they demand the return of her girdle by the youth who wears it, he is an accepted lover. To a wedding the invitations are various. The truth sponsors stand beside the bridal pair before the altar, bearing in their hands each a tall, stout wax candle. The bride and bridegroom must then eat the same bread and salt and drink out of the same goblet, to signify that as long as they live they will share with each other every bit and sup. Then, led by the truth-father and truth-mother, they walk round the altar thrice; that represents the paths through life. During the walk the bride must give a tag to the foot of one of the maids present, who then is sure to be married before a year is out. If the bride is a maid the golden thread is solemnly taken off her head by the priest, who places it well and it is the golden hair, being specially becoming when it reflects the candlelight. Her hair is then clipped a little, rolled tight under the bridal veil, and then the girl is a wife. The first time covered with the veil, the token of matronal dignity. During the performance the bride must weep and cry, for henceforth she must never show her hair, not even to her husband.

Rose Jar Perfumes.

Gather the rose leaves in dry weather, remove the petals, and to the proportion of half a peck fresh leaves strew in a good handful of salt; add this quantity of salt in turning up the leaves every day. When they appear moist add three ounces of bruised allspice and one ounce of cinnamon stick bruised. Then add a pound of the finest salt, stirring them daily from the bottom. Then put into a permanent jar one ounce of allspice, and half the stock layer by layer. Sprinkle between each layer of leaves a tablespoonful of cloves and cinnamon, two nutmegs all coarsely powdered, some ginger root sliced thin, half an ounce of orris root bruised, a gallon of orange flowers, half a pound of fresh dried lavender flowers, two ounces of powdered storax rice and at bottom enclose, rose or orange flower water, essence of bergamot. Frankly dried violets, tuberoses, stove pinks or any other scented flowers may be added. This mixture of any kind will enhance the fragrance of the whole. Stir the jar occasionally, leaving it closed except when the perfume is wished to odorize the room.—Detroit Tribune.

Weights of Women's Clothes.

Some girls I know of have been weighing their clothes, and the result is interesting. My body would suppose to look at the flimsy little flowery that they could tread around under such a burden. A fur trimmed cloak weighs as much as a dress, a dress as much as a jet, mounted to eight and one-half pounds, and a little snip of a dolman that did not keep its owner warm enough to make it comfortable in the cars weighed four pounds. It was very pretty, and the jewelled passementerie was the source of its weight. Of course the moral deduction to be drawn is that as the weight of these garments made them ugly, but then every woman would have dresses, and as long as she admires jet effects she will torture herself as a correct master would not oppress a slave carrying it. There are cloaks, charming ones, got up for winter's wet weather, that weigh little; some French ones I have seen in Boston, that are very pretty and they are pretty generally left to the appreciation of old ladies and invalids.—New York Graphic.

An Enchanting Creature.

God never made among all the ineffable things of creation a more lovely, enchanting, exquisite, admirable creature than a fresh, pure, charming young girl, full of unselfish thoughts for others, gentle, gracious and modest. Not the selfish, self pleasing, self seeking lilies are to be found in their spotless candor as such ages; no utopia likeness vies with her health colored face, beaming with the light of the sweet soul within her—she is the flower and crown of humanity. Ah, my dear, fulfill the destiny waiting for you, and you will become to your household and the world the most beautiful thing that can be—one of the "American girls" who shall help to redeem their country and their people from the stigma that is myth-wide paint to be given—one that the country has a right to look upon those whom they should have been the first to defend!

Enjoy your flights, O pretty swallows! migrating forward mountain and shore; but fly true to your wings, upward and onward.—Rose Terry Cooke.

A Cause of Unhappiness.

Another evident cause of marital unhappiness which does not seem to have been noted is the almost universal straining after the extreme styles of dressing than can be maintained without constant annoyance and friction. This incessant bowing down to the gods of Mrs. Grundy would be ridiculous if it did not make so many sick, sad and weary souls. And for this husbands are usually as much to blame as their wives. When a husband and wife are heroic enough to pursue their own ideas of simplicity of living regardless of Mrs. Grundy's stare or her mysterious hint that they are "queer," their married life is not apt to be such a constant struggle and struggle to keep their heads above water financially. A woman whose highest aim is to have a handsomer house and a more costly equipage than her neighbor's is not apt to make a congenial wife; nor is the man all trusted and soured and tortured by financial price apt to be a considerate and affectionate husband.—Rena A. Michaels.

Home Made Frames.

The rage for home made photograph frames is growing rapidly, so that a few hints as to how to make these pretty ornaments may prove acceptable. Cut your frames out of moderately heavy pasteboard, in whatever shape or size you wish. Those of three sides, holding six photographs, are the best. Then take whatever material you wish to use, plush or cotton being the best; cover the backs first, by turning the edges over and pasting them down with glue from the front together when finished. Line the front or back with India silk and put another strip of material between the backs, which is to be the cover. Of course, so as to make the hinge or place where it folds stronger. Then cut the front carefully, using some strong paste or glue, and fold them to the back, leaving an open space top and bottom for the photographs to be put in. Press for some time with a heavy weight, and it is not use until thoroughly dry.—New York Star.

The Richest Legacy.

The richest legacy that parents can leave their children is not a matter of silver or gold or lands or real estate. It is not a thing of such brief existence as the finest of garments, but of good health. The young man or young woman that has inherited from his or her parents a sound constitution and its accompaniment, perfect health, has certainly reason to complain of parental shortcomings in the matter of a legacy of dollars. They have received a capital which is safe and away of gain, unlike money, or of anything which money can buy. They have received that which lawyers cannot melt away from them, and which the most expert predicessors of this legacy should not be kept right of, either by parents or by those whom they have brought into this world of weakling, of sick and suffering ones are those whose burdens of ill health are traceable to their ancestors.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Treatment of Cold in the Head.

There are a number of ways of aborting a cold in the head, but most of them are by the means of quite powerful drugs, which a person cannot safely take unless he has been called in taking on his own responsibility. The Swiss method of treatment is one of the simplest and most efficacious. It is applied in this way: Half fill a cup with boiling water, and into that put a teaspoonful of powdered camphor. Fashion out of writing paper a funnel, with which cap the top of the jug. The camphorated steam should be inhaled through the nose for ten or fifteen minutes, the inhalation being repeated, if required, every four or five hours. It is well to add, in connection, the inhalation is persisted in, it is said that three repetitions will always effect a cure, however severe the "cold in the head" may be.—Boston Herald.

A Bath for Infants.

A woman in New York has invented an oiled cloth and undergarment for infants. It is made of india rubber or strong cloth, and is folded over a pretty frame of bamboo, which can be enlarged as the child grows older. At the bottom is a basket to contain the hot water outlet. One end is furnished with convenient pockets for toilet articles, and the other with a clothes and towel bracket. When the baby is in the bath it shows from the thick and thirty-six inches long, and can be used as a valise for carrying the baby's clothes.—Chicago Times.

Thimble Bad.

The thimble bad never been in use in Siam until a few years ago, when the king, noticing that some American ladies who visited his court used the article, gave it his royal sanction. It is now the fashion for the ladies of the court to wear a thimble on the left hand, the finger being protected by a piece of gold leaf. The thimble is of gold, and is worn on the middle finger. It is a badge of honor, and the number of rings worn indicates the rank of her husband. The ceremony attending the marriage of a princess of Siam is very elaborate. The bridegroom is obliged to sit under that of the bride of Siam should not clamber, and they have such fine eyes.

Newspaper in Shoes.

For wearing with the diversified costumes there is a new indoor shoe, with a high toe and heel, and a good deal of double sewing on the side pieces, which meet in the middle. These shoes are made in French kid or patent leather, and are worn with colored stockings. Pretty shoes in the Spanish style, with satin showing between the rows of the lacework of narrow ribbon, crossing the instep in front and over the back. These shoes are also made in gray with colored stockings, so they match better than satin, and have much greater durability and service; but they are pretty enough for evening wear. Of all kinds of shoes have a paste sewed between the soles, so that no water can ooze in through the stitches, which is a good idea; paste, cotton, and leather are all good. Some persons put newspaper in the soles of their shoes to keep the feet warm, but it is a good hygienic precaution, and one that is very wise.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT ARE APPROVED AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Attractive Tennis and Yachting Costumes. Paperite Materials and Colors—Two Charming Gowns Illustrated and Described—Shoes for Country Walking.

Ladies' tailors are busy now getting ready tennis and yachting gowns for the summer season. New jackets are subplaying largely the striped Scotch flannels, which are so effective for tennis attire when made to accordion pleated. The striped goods is also used for the jackets, while the blouse under it may be of plain white wool. Plain serge are also employed for these gowns, to which case the stripes are added by way of trimmings.

A RECENT CREATION.

The fashionable directoire revers and lapped empire bodices have appeared in the spring styles of dressy gowns, but there's no better fashion for them than the buried blouse waist of last year made with full sleeves and worn under a striped blazer that buttons once high on the chest, then slopes away sharply to the waist line.

Red, white and blue are the colors of yachting gowns this season, all three appearing in one gown lately, but without reference to the prevalence of these colors in this centennial year, as it was made for the Princess of Wales originally. The skirt and waist are of navy blue serge, with white wool vest and white moire revers, the red lines and paler blue appearing in stripes on the vest and on the sides of the skirt, which offers the deep blue vapour as if to show the panels. The white or black tarpaulin hat in sailor shape is made up very lightly for summer use, and has the ribbon band with a gilt yacht's name on it, and a flag of the club on either side.

A yachting jacket of blue pilot cloth cut like the front of a sailor's coat is a useful garment at sea, and needs only the deep sailor collar and stitched or corded edges as its finish, yet many are trimmed on the corners of the collar, on the cuffs and the flowing cuffs with braided stars or anchors. Other quaint socks are shaped similar to reefing jackets with cuffs and a deeply straight and double breasted front fastened by two rows of buttons, either gilt or silver, with anchors upon them. A sailor's cap with wide flat crown, and the flat brim bound with the colors of the yacht, is worn with these reefer's jackets. Nothing is more comfortable than a jersey either when playing tennis or when at sea, and these are now made in fine wool webbing in precisely such styles as modistes use for waists of gowns.

YACHTING COSTUME.

In the first cut is shown a Redfern costume which made its appearance in the fancy cut apparel a stylish boating costume in plain and striped serge, with leather waistband, buckles and straps, and a leather belt, and the gown in two shades of straw and in the ribbon bows.

For yachting, there are tan and dark red Bluchers, the former being worn most, in the style of the tennis shoes, but with a heel. For country walking, the brogue boot, with its broad sole, medium heel and full pointy pedals worn of late, is worn when any object is had with those who are faithful about their chaussure, but at the same time there are many other styles, mostly made with the moderately pointed toe.

Paperite Materials and Colors.

Paperite is the name given to the new material which is made of paper, and which is said to be very durable. It is made in all the colors and shades of the rainbow, and is very pretty for the purpose for which it is intended, that of covering chairs, lounges, etc. It is also made in the form of a carpet, and is said to be very durable. It is made in all the colors and shades of the rainbow, and is very pretty for the purpose for which it is intended, that of covering chairs, lounges, etc. It is also made in the form of a carpet, and is said to be very durable.

Two Charming Gowns Illustrated and Described.

The first of the two gowns illustrated is a charming one for a young girl, and is made of white China silk, with a pattern of pink roses scattered over it. The skirt is made with a deep flounce, headed by a ruffle, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The bodice is made with a deep yoke, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The sleeves are made with a deep cuff, and are trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The collar is made with a deep cuff, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The belt is made with a deep cuff, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The gown is made with a deep cuff, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The gown is made with a deep cuff, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon.

The second gown is made of white China silk, with a pattern of pink roses scattered over it. The skirt is made with a deep flounce, headed by a ruffle, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The bodice is made with a deep yoke, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The sleeves are made with a deep cuff, and are trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The collar is made with a deep cuff, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The belt is made with a deep cuff, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The gown is made with a deep cuff, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon. The gown is made with a deep cuff, and is trimmed with a band of pink satin ribbon.

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"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Continues to do a rushing business; buyers are pleased and shocked with the newest and most fashionable goods, and the patronage with the utmost politeness and marks his wares at the LOWEST PRICES. This is "our secret."

NOW THEN! In order to give this "sell" a little real telling effect, and show you that we mean business, we mention a few of the many advantages we now offer you: Our 48 inch all wool CHEVIOTS, all the newest shades, and such as usually sell for $1.50, we offer you at $1.25; 36 inch ALL WOOL CHEVIOTS, all the newest shades, and such as usually sell for $1.00, we offer you at 75c. Our 36 inch Ladies' Cloth, in all the new shades, and such as usually sell for $1.25, we offer you at 98c. 36 inch all wool Henrietta Cloth, in all the new shades, and such as usually sell for $1.00, we offer you at 75c. Our 36 inch Ladies' Cloth, in all the new shades, and such as usually sell for $1.25, we offer you at 98c. 36 inch all wool Henrietta Cloth, in all the new shades, and such as usually sell for $1.00, we offer you at 75c. Our $4.50 Satin Combination Parasols for $2.75. New lot of White Wool Challies, handsomely trimmed at $1.25 and 69c. Our 36c Ladies' Fast Black Hose, 25c. Our 50c Ladies' Fast Black Ribbed Hose for 39c. Ladies' Black Hose, 10c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 29c, 35c, 39c, 45c, 49c, 59c, 69c, 75c, 89c, 98c, $1.00 and $1.25. Ladies' Fancy

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

S. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY, AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

HE ALONE IS HAPPY AND GREAT WHO NEEDS NEITHER TO COST NOR TO COMMAND IN ORDER TO DISTINGUISH HIMSELF.—Goethe.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 163; days to come, 202.

—Crane, the batter, talks to-day about bargains.

—Field & Randolph are still making a specialty of popular and invigorating Summer drinks.

—The mother of the only colored girl killed in the Johnstown flood is said to be employed in a Plainfield family.

—The committee are doing all in their power to make a success of the entertainment soon to be given at Reform Hall by the Odd Ladies for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers, and hope that the public will help them all they can.

—There were 195 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 201 in the preceding week and 212, 146, 179 and 197 in the corresponding weeks of 1888, 1887, 1886 and 1885 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States from January 1st to date is 5,440, against 5,871 in 1888.

—The Plainfield members of the Royal Arcanum are raising a fund for the afflicted families of their brothers in Johnstown. Our remittance has already been forwarded to the Supreme Treasurer for that purpose, and others will follow. The number of deaths among the members is not yet known, but it has been estimated that it will not fall much below sixty.

PERSONAL.

Miss Beth Thompson, who has been abroad for six months, arrived in New York to-day.

Gen. Negley is remodelling the house recently purchased of Mr. W. R. Potts at the corner of Plainfield avenue and Seventh street.

Mme. Alberti is to deliver readings at the sixth session of the Seaside Assembly to be held at Key East Beach from July 7th to August 18th.

In a list of nearly two hundred newly graduated M. D.'s from the College of Physicians and Surgeons the name of Mr. J. A. Allis, of Plainfield, stands third.

Mrs. Peter Hoagland, of West Front street, who has been seriously ill this Spring, has regained her health sufficiently to visit Mr. Hoagland's brother at Griggstown, N. J.

A very pleasant reception was given at the home of Mrs. Marsden, of Spooner, to the graduates of the public school last evening. The music provided was so good that dancing became the main feature of the occasion. The affair was a most happy one.

Mr. W. E. Durkin, the deaf mute who played with the Crescents in the Memorial Day baseball games, is a typographical compositor and attended the New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb with Gateley, the Crescents' new pitcher. While working in a Plainfield composing room he personated Gateley, who was at once procured by Managers Garvett and Doane.

Miss Pauline R. Doscher, of East Second street, was married by the Rev. E. M. Rodman to Mr. Jacob Beekman, of Fordham, N. Y., at the Beekman residence on Orange street, last evening. Guests were present from Fordham, Brooklyn, Jersey City Heights, Bound Brook, Chicago, Elizabeth and Parwood. Mr. Chas. Beekman, a brother of the groom, acted as "best man" and Miss Christine Durkin, a sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid.

The many friends and patrons of Miss A. E. Lincoln, the Park avenue florist, will no doubt be grieved to learn of her prolonged illness. Miss Lincoln, who is very ambitious and who has a large trade, broke down completely at Easter from overwork, and nervous prostration was the result. After six weeks' illness here she was enabled to go to Lakewood to try to regain her strength, but grew steadily worse and was taken from there to a hospital at Philadelphia, where she still remains very ill.

Visitors at the Hospital.

In the recent annual report of Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson, Secretary of the Plainfield Auxiliary Board of Muhlenberg Hospital, from which extracts were published in The News last week, occurs a paragraph concerning visitors to the Hospital which may be of particular interest:

"At each monthly meeting visitors have been appointed by the President to visit and to purchase necessary articles for the Hospital. Each one has faithfully performed her duties, and numerous articles have been added for the comfort of the inmates as well as of the patients who may come. We were very delighted by the beautiful Christmas tree provided by our President and the ladies associated with her, and by the kindness of every lady of the Board could have responded by her presence to the invitations sent her, that she might have seen the radiant faces and have heard the heartfelt thanks of the sick and weary ones as they received in turn their useful gifts. Mrs. Wood, prompt and untiring in her efforts, was also the recipient of the warmest tributes. The other attendants were also remembered with serviceable gifts."

Always Wins.

The Young Alerts defeated the Young Stars at base-ball on the old Y. M. C. A. grounds Thursday afternoon. The score stood 18 to 8. The players were as follows:

Young Alerts—H. Chase, J. Heather, M. Brokaw, J. Sutphen, W. Lisell, J. Le-Fevre, S. Kline, R. Fowlkes, G. Chase.

Young Stars—H. Dodge, C. Heather, Neighbor, F. Dodge, W. Waters, R. McVey, C. Chase, O. Dodge, S. Perrin.

A Quiet Retreat.

If you would seek a quiet nook
You need not in the forests look
Nor yet in some hill-circled valley,
In Nevis's or any harrow;
You oft can hear a pin drop there;
'Tis the Olympia Bowling Alley.

THE SEVENTH-DAY BAPTIST FETE.

A Successful Novelty on Mr. Babcock's Lawn.

While Mr. and Mrs. George H. Babcock, of West Eighth st., and Mr. Charles Potter and family, of West Second street, were making a tour of Europe last Summer, they visited a fete given at Paris. Something of the same kind was given at Mr. Babcock's last evening under the auspices of the ladies of the Seventh-Day Baptist church. The object was to help raise funds for a proposed new chapel, which has been decided upon. The weather was ideal, and as exceedingly tasteful as anyone knowing of his skill would naturally expect it to be. A stereoscopic view of the chapel was shown in one of the tents on the grounds, presided over by one of many attractive young ladies who filled like Summer dreams about the well-trimmed, velvety lawn.

The lawn was provided with booths, and from between the nately clean numerous electric lights, arranged by Mr. F. E. Kleeman, combined with the border of equally numerous Chinese and Japanese lanterns to shed a delightful luster on the scene. The full moon shone brightly, and the mingled lights and shadows produced an effect brilliant and animated to a most unusual degree.

The phonograph, in charge of a most agreeable gentleman, held a large share of attention.

Music and refreshments were provided; and, above all, a cordiality pervaded the entire affair that will make it as memorable as it was beautiful. It was the first of the kind ever given in Plainfield.

Among those who contributed to the success of the fete were the following:

Hearing booth—Mr. David Titsworth, chairman.

Seeing booth—Mrs. F. A. Dunham, chairman; assistant, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon, Miss Mary Lewis, Miss Florence Titsworth and Mr. D. D. Titsworth.

Smelling booth—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Titsworth, Mr. and Mrs. George Titsworth, Miss Florence Titsworth and Miss Potter. Mrs. Arthur Titsworth was chairman.

Tasting Booth—Mrs. Charles Randolph, chairman; Mrs. Wm. Hamilton, Mrs. David Rogers, Mrs. VanDyck, Miss R. L. Lewis, Miss Grace Lewis, Miss Lucy Dunham, Mr. Frank Dunham and Miss Dunham.

Feeling booth—Mrs. John D. Titsworth, chairman; Miss Anna Titsworth, Mrs. Charles Dunham.

The "Lady of the Lake" was attended by Mr. and Mrs. Louis K. Clarke, Miss Rosie Titsworth, Miss Mabel Manson and Master George K. Clarke.

It is expected that of the receipts—amounting to over $200—one hundred dollars were a net profit.

THEATRICALS AT THE SEMINARY.

A Benefit Performance by Plainfield Amateurs.

The private theatricals given under the auspices of Mrs. G. W. Edwards at Seminary Hall last evening for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers were greatly enjoyed by an exceedingly fine audience, and about $200 were realized. This amount will doubtless be contributed to the Plainfield fund.

The programme was well worthy of the repeated rounds of applause given; and the musical part, given under the direction of Miss Haines, was in every way deserving of the repeated calls of encore with which its numbers were received.

The programme was as follows:

"MY UNCLE'S WILL."

"Charles Cashmore"..... Mr. Perkins
"Mr. Barker"..... Mr. Edwards
"Florence Marigold"..... Miss Stewart

Piano Solo—Caprice..... Anton Rubinstein
Miss Ella Haines.

Bass Solo—Stanzas to Music..... Goring Thomas
Mr. James Matsell.

Violoncello Soli { a. Romance..... Goltermann
b. Bercuse..... H. Hesser
Mr. Jerome Muldener, jr.

Soprano Solo..... Scotch Song
Miss Ella Haines.

Piano Solo—Prelude, D flat major..... Chopin
Miss Ella Haines.

"THE LOAN OF A LOVER."

"Captain Amersfort"..... Mr. Perkins
"Peter Spilk"..... Mr. Titsworth
"Swipes"..... Mr. Edwards
"Dolly"..... Miss Potter W. Barker
"Gertrude"..... Mrs. Edwards
"Ernestine Rosendeal"..... Miss Stewart

A WOMAN'S SERIOUS FALL.

Mrs. Rogers Fractures a Hip on Front Street.

Mrs. David Rogers, of Florida, who has been visiting a relative residing in the suburbs of Plainfield, was descending the steps in front of Pope's dry goods store at the corner of Somerset and Front streets, last evening, when she slipped and fell heavily to the pavement. She was taken into Pope's Pharmacy, and Dr. Frat, who was present, made an examination resulting in the discovery that her hip was fractured. The physician accompanied her to the house of her daughter, Mrs. Amanda Manson, of West Fourth street, where she will be confined probably six weeks.

It is said that Mr. Dunlap, the owner of the building to which the steps form an entrance, had previously been requested to have the floor made even with the sidewalk, as fears of just such an accident as this were entertained.

The Johnstown Relief Fund.

It appears that the Johnstown relief contributions made at some of the local churches last Sunday have been forwarded to the Secretaries at the direction of the congregations to the Pittsburgh committee, and not to the denominational societies of the devastated district. This leaves the general relief fund of Plainfield, whose treasurer had counted on receiving the church subscriptions, with a deficiency on that account for $1,500. What is lacking will have to be supplied by the subscriptions of individuals, private societies and of the entertainments yet to come. It is desired that such church contributions as have not yet been forwarded be handed to the general fund from Plainfield. The News has received the additional contributions:

Gomer Ulferts..... $1.00

Married.

OLIVER-KEYMER—At the residence of the bride's parents, 18 West Fifth street, Plainfield, June 13th, 1889, by the Rev. Cornelius Brinckerhoff, Mr. William F. Oliver and Miss Anna Louvetia Keymer, both of this city.

THE GAZETTE GRUMBLES.

It Doesn't Like the Crescents To Walloop West Ends.

In referring to the Plainfield Crescents' recent victory over the West Ends of Somerville, the Gazette of this morning says as follows:

"The game Saturday between the West End and Crescent clubs was characterized by a great deal of wrangling, which had the effect of taking the interest from a rather interesting contest into a tiresome struggle. The Crescents brought a large crowd of rooters, and the West Ends were also there in force as "Pop Crosier," who made them a short address, and by batting West End's 317, Crescent 309, is fictitious, West End 270, Crescent 309. Thus it will be seen that heavy batting by the Crescents was the feature of the game. The accounts from Plainfield show that the Crescents were met on their return by a large crowd of their friends and admirers, who escorted over the city in honor of their victory."

THE POND TOOL WORKS' GROWTH.

The Company Increase Their Capital $100,000.

The Pond Machine Tool Company, of Plainfield, have determined to increase their capital stock of $400,000 by the addition of another $100,000, and yesterday morning articles of incorporation to that effect were filed in the office of the Clerk of Union county. The new capitalists interested in the concern are chiefly New York men.

"The stock at present"—says The New York World—"is $400,000, and the plant is one of the most valuable in Plainfield. The Company, which came from Worcester, Mass., desired originally to build at Elizabeth, but through lack of energy on the part of the Board of Trade the opportunity for securing this important acquisition to the manufacturing industries of the city was allowed to slip. Plainfield's live officials offered the Company liberal inducements to build in that city, which it promptly accepted.

Bethel Chapel Concert.

The vocal and instrumental concert given at Bethel chapel last evening was attended by an audience which filled the pretty building nearly to overflowing. There were twenty numbers on the programme, and every one was encored.

The participants were Miss Charlotte Allen, Miss F. M. Johnson, Mrs. Ida Dunham, Mrs. Rensenier, Miss Alice Wood, Mrs. Fisher, Mr. Benj. Sutton, Mr. Jas. Harris, Mr. J. Wesley Smith, Mr. Wm. Barrick, the little Misses Pauline Saddler, Margaret Douglass, Ethel Wilson, Louise Veit, Hattie Langford and Annie Hooper, and Orlando's orchestra.

Every singer was showered with roses and other blossoms, and the applause frequently rose to the height of the tremendous.

Miss Dewey presided at the piano, and Mr. Duxbury was musical conductor.

The concert lasted from eight o'clock until half-past ten. The audience was a very happy one.

The music was so enjoyable that even the fireflies came in from out of doors and gathered on the floral decorations, where they glowed attentively throughout the evening.

Supt. Willis Married.

A fashionable wedding took place at Milltown Wednesday evening, the contracting parties being Mr. H. B. Willis, County Superintendent of Schools of Middlesex county, and Miss Rose Linda, daughter of Mrs. Mary A. Evans, of Milltown. The ceremony took place at the M. E. church at 7:00 p. m., and many prominent people of Monmouth and Middlesex counties thronged the edifice. A reception at the cosy home of the bride's mother followed.

Mr. Willis is a member of the Middlesex Bowling Green Club and is a prominent figure in society circles at Dunellen.

All There But the Sexton.

Undertaker Sampson, of New Providence, who is a constable of the Union county Court, village sexton, and holds half a dozen other offices in the township, has gone to Johnstown to assist in burying the dead. In consequence he was unable to accompany the jolly posse of Union county constables that escorted Commissioner Wm. Sault yesterday afternoon to New York and saw him on board the steamship State of Nebraska, on which he sailed for Europe. Mr. Sault will pay his respects to Minister Lincoln on reaching the other side.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	Highest.	Lowest.
1. Saturday	66	86	80	86	66
2. Sunday	68	88	80	88	68
3. Monday	68	88	78	88	68
4. Tuesday	68	88	78	88	68
5. Wednesday	68	88	78	88	68
6. Thursday	68	88	78	88	68
7. Friday	68	88	78	88	68
8. Saturday	68	88	78	88	68
9. Sunday	68	88	78	88	68
10. Monday	68	88	78	88	68
11. Tuesday	68	88	78	88	68
12. Wednesday	68	88	78	88	68
13. Thursday	68	88	78	88	68
14. Friday	68	88	78	88	68

CONCERT,
Vocal & Instrumental,
at
BETHEL CHAPEL,
Thursday, June 13th.
Doors open at 7:30. Concert at 8 p. m.

HARD SOAP CAN BE SENT BY MAIL.

A Post-Office Detective, A Complaint, and the Result.

The New York Soap and Chemical Company recently undertook to send to C. J. Brooke, of Manchester, England, some sample of soap by mail. The samples came back to the firm from the New York post-office, marked "Prohibited by country of destination", and "Liable to destroy, deface, or injure mail". Thereupon Mr. R. P. M. Chase, of Plainfield, Treasurer of the Company, went to the Foreign Mail window and expostulated. The official who heard him said that "soap could not go abroad," that grease was a "fatty substance", that "fatty substances" were prohibited, and that the samples in question would never pass through "this office". Then Mr. Chase wrote to a New York newspaper and wanted to know if it was possible that such ignorance can exist in the New York post-office". Is it not a well-known fact", he asked, "that grease in soap is killed, and completely changed chemically into a substance that is without the power to destroy mail matter?" "Our sample", he continued, "have always been allowed to pass through the post-office to foreign countries unchallenged until now."

Mr. Gaylor, the Assistant Postmaster, said to a reporter that the question whether the samples had been properly stopped depended entirely on the consistency of the soap and the manner in which it was done up. He called up the clerk who had stamped the labels on the samples in the manner described, but the latter couldn't remember how the soap was prepared for the mails; he had stopped it because it was soap and that was enough. Thereupon Mr. Gaylor took the clerk to task, and told him that hard soap would not liquefy except through some accident to the mails, and that he need not go so far afield as to count on such accidents; also that if hard soap were properly put up the clerk was hereafter to let it go through.

Mr. Chase showed to the reporter a sample of the soap and its preparation for the mails. It is of a fine, hard, white variety, is first enclosed in a light tin box, and is then securely wrapped in brown paper.

The Coming Johnstown Benefit.

The date of the exhibition to be given in Stillman Music Hall in aid of the Johnstown sufferers some evening next week will be announced as soon as the stereopticon views of the scenes of the flood are completed.

In addition to the list of views published yesterday we have secured photographs of Johnstown and vicinity taken before the flood and a number of others which will be added to those already contributed.

Additional attractions are reaching us daily, so that it will be impossible to announce the programme until later; but the indications are that the exhibition will be well worthy of the large audience expected, and that we shall be enabled to add to Plainfield's fund more than the amount necessary to make up the third draft for $1,000 for which our citizens have become obligated.

Choir Boys Make Money for Their Church.

There was a large attendance at the festival of the Holy Cross church last evening, and profits of nearly $100 were realized. Strawberries and ice-cream were served by six members of the boy choir—Masters Ben Waring, Arthur Alvord, Arthur Ford, Herbert Schutz, W. Tallamy and Henry Wells. Their profits for the church were $65.

At the flower booth and lemonade well Miss Thompson and Miss Mulholland presided, and confections were sold by the Misses Brown, Long and Smith. Mrs. Spencer and and Mrs. DeKlyne served cake.

YE THIRSTY!
Frosted Cream Soda
in all flavors is
OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL
in the way of SUMMER DRINKS.
STRAWBERRY
fresh from the fruit, is excelled by none.
BANANA SHERBET AND
Turkish Sherbet are Original
with us. Try them.
Our Milk Shakes
continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.
We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.
Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for one hour; cleanliness; politeness and water for cooling glasses; promptness by courteous clerks.
Field & Randolph,
CHEM PHARMACY
N WEST FRONT STREET,
Plainfield, N. J.

B. T. BARNES
ICE-CREAM
Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.
Opposite P. O.

Special Sale.
Hats, Trunks, Shirts,
&c., &c.
At ELI. H. CRANE'S, 19 Park ave.
Greatest bargains ever offered in this town.

Mr. Place Queries a Parliamentarian.

To the Editor of The News:—As chairman of the North Plainfield school meeting held last Tuesday evening I declared out of order a motion "indefinitely to postpone the resolution before the house" appropriating money. Such ruling at the time was criticised, and has since. Now, I bet, that I was right in so deciding, and since we have taken the trouble to look the matter up. In Crocker's "Parliamentary Procedure", Chapter XII, the question of "indefinite postponement" is discussed as follows:

"The motion to postpone . . . to postpone, though much used in the United States, is unknown in English parliamentary practice. Its effect if carried is the affirmative is to dispose of the pending question permanently, being equivalent in its effect to a rejection. . . . The main question * * *. The motion, therefore, is a motion of postponement, and its form is not properly indefinite or for use. It is permissible only when authorized by special rule. As, therefore, the motion to postpone indefinitely is unknown and unnecessary, and as its use disturbs the even balance of justice, it has no place in a scientific system of assembly procedure."

The author of the book from which the foregoing has been taken was President of the Massachusetts Senate for some years, I believe, and the principles set forth by Mr. Crocker in his book were adopted by Massachusetts to govern the proceedings of that body, and, so far as I know, are in force to-day. It is my aim in presiding over deliberative bodies to deal impartially with every question arising, and to give to the mover of every motion that due consideration which belongs to him. The authority I here quote from sustains me in the ruling I made at that meeting.

CHAS. PLACE.

June 13th, 1889.

A Festival's Opening Night.

The strawberry and ice-cream festival opened by the Trinity Reformed church at Dunlap's Hall last evening was well patronized, and all the evening the scene was an enlivening one. The delicacies of the season were served by Mrs. Fred Dunn, Miss Woodruff, Mrs. Emma King, Miss Etta Krymer and Miss Lulu Sneidher. Confectionery was dispensed by Miss Etta Holland, and lemonade was provided at a well whose Rebecca was Miss Johnson. Mr. Sneidher was treasurer. The festival will be continued this evening.

A Surfeit of Picnic Rain.

Unhappy was the plight of the Washington Parkers who went on a picnic to Boynton Beach Tuesday. On the way to the chosen spot they were caught in the rain; at the Beach they were captured by the heavy cloudburst that did so much damage in Newark and Brooklyn; and on the way home they were visited by another shower.

During the heavy thunder-storm of the afternoon four of their party were a long distance out on the ocean, in an open boat, and had to row back against the tide. They were thoroughly drenched.

DR. E. KIMBELL
THE
GREAT SPECIALIST
Commenced his second visit in Plainfield this morning. Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 7 p. m.
Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances.
Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the Park House, Plainfield, for a FEW DAYS ONLY.
People who desire the services of a skillful
CHIROPODIST
are urged to call without any delay, as his engagements in Trenton are positive.
DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examination, which are always free.
Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, or gentleman either can have the most aggravating foot troubles relentlessly and painlessly cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.
MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.
During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 15,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.
From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, we submit the following Plainfield testimonials:
From J. B. Professor, M. D.: I have had several experiences with Dr. KIMBELL'S skill in manipulation, and take pleasure in recommending him to the citizens.
J. B. PROFESSOR, M. D.
at Hunt Printer street.
From J. T. Pettis, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend Dr. KIMBELL as a skillful Chiropodist.
J. T. PETTIS, M. D.
18 Park avenue.
To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully treated my sister Dyonne from Boston, and pronounced her cured.
MRS. B. VAN DYCK.
Plainfield, May 28.
From John A. Bourbower, Proprietor Our Home: I have pleasure in saying that Dr. KIMBELL has cured my foot in one treatment.
JOHN A. BOURBOWER.
I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.
MISS ALICE M. BOWLER,
17 Madison avenue.
Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and genitals cures in one week to ten days. Try it.
All bad cases solicited.

THAT SOMERVILLE PROPHET.

His Busts the Feet that It Generally Does Rain the Fourth.

"The New York Tribune of Wednesday" says The Unionist-Gazette—"announced a new weather prophet from Somerville." The new prophet writes that 'on the coming Fourth of July we are to experience the worst storm, worst destruction of property and the worst loss of life.' It does not state worse than when, but presumably the worst since the Flood of Noah. All the same, we fancy folks might as well be serene about it. Devoe, of Blackwood, calculates by cyclonic eras and the stars, and our friend by personal impulses and dreams, and between both we may as well be calm and keep cool. We predict that the Fourth will be as usual, and nobody will get hurt except the small boys."

Songs Wanted.

Plainfield music-dealers seldom receive such communications as are reported in the Buffalo Commercial, but some peculiar incidents that have happened during their business career may be recalled by the following:

"A young woman"—says The Commercial —"in the mining regions of California, recently wrote the following letter to a music dealer in Sacramento:

"Have you got a song with the words & accompaniment called ebby Get your Hair cut, Johny get your gun—I don't know the name of the song but I think that is part of the first verse. Please let me know right away if you have it & the price of it & also have you a Song called of the Day and the price of it, & have you got a song called she is my big Fat Contented Hoss price of it."

These inquiries will remind our readers of the only communication ever written by Lazy Jones, of Jonestown, in reference to his wife Margaret—"For the lay of God send me pop Goes the Weasle."

"Should Be a Success."

To the Editor of The News:—Yours of to-day, covering check of $107.50, is at hand, and the same is in the bank. I have received this additional contribution:

J. P. Laire & Co..... $5. 00

The stereopticon plan should be a success, and if there is not much delay you will surely have a good audience.

J. K. MYERS,
Treasurer Johnstown Relief Fund.

JOHNSTOWN
BENEFIT.
It is desired to Supplement the Thirty-Four Views of the
Ravages of the Flood
at Johnstown, soon to be Exhibited by Stereopticon at
Stillman Music Hall
with others which shall make a full complement of
One Hundred Scenes
To that end all are requested to forward to The News any photographs which they may have of Plainfield residences or landscapes, in order that the pictures of Happy Homes and Beautiful Scenery may be effectively contrasted with the Devastation of the
Conemaugh Deluge.
With the Aid of our Citizens it is Expected that the
Stereopticon
Exhibition
and its accompanying Novel Features will afford an Entertainment of
Thrilling Interest.
The prompt Cooperation of all is requested. Remember the Proceeds are for the Benefit of the Suffering Survivors in the Land of Desolation.

LADIES,
of course you are aware of the fact that the season we've now struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Well, I can tell you how you can do it. You will meet with your approval; now what looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a
White Summer Suit?
and if you want such an article just drop in at
THE BEE HIVE
and we my leave assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $2.50 to $15.
Then I have Children's Suits, from Wilson Dyonne in Berlin or Cambridge, from 50c to $2.
I can also show you a Blue Flannel Dress, $1.98, $1.48 and $1.50; I have just received a consignment of Brown Serge for Children from 6 to 14 years of age at $2.18 and up.
Children's Jersey Blouses, 50c and 69c.
Louis Callman,
NEWEST FRONT STREET.

No-License a Great Aid.

The annual report of Mrs. N. K. Kimball, President of the Plainfield Children's Home Association, read at the recent twelfth anniversary, contained the following interesting passage testifying to the benefits of no-license in Plainfield:

"As an Association we wish to bear our testimony to the marked difference in the number of homeless children who have come to us since the passage of the no-license law, as well as to take children from wretched homes, the Supreme Court now having refused to license the liquor-shops and saloons.

"Little sufferers and sufferings may always make cause for children's needful help; nine-tenths of all cases received in our Home have come from the curse of the drink-habit in our city."

Cent-a-Word Column.

A RELIABLE woman as cook. Will do the washing and ironing in a small family. Apply at present No. 7 a small family, Park avenue. Mrs Hallahan, 57 East Fourth street. 12-3

AN EXPERIENCED nurse for one child must can be hired at No. 9 Plainfield avenue, for a few days. 12-3

FOR SALE—A trained goat with harness and cart. 128 West Front street. 12-3

FOR SALE—Rockaway and Surrey; phaeton; top buggy by French & Bro. Brinkley & Co.; four new light harness, double and single. J. M. Parsons, New Market.

FOR SALE—10 new grape stands. J. S. Parsons, New Market, N. J.

FOR SALE—A 14-ft. wall tent. 40 Manning avenue, North Plainfield. 12-3*

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 606, Plainfield. 5-6d

LOST—Yesterday, by a poor girl, a pocket-book containing $6 and two valuable receipts. Please return to News office for owner.

PARTIES wishing their canning and pickling of fruits done by responsible lady address Miss Lizzie Brown, further particulars, G., care of Evening News. 1346*

PLAIN sewing solicited by Mrs. Harriet Squier, 300 Grove street. 12-3

PALMS, succotines, scarlet salvias, geraniums, etc., at Denton's Hillside conservatory greenhouse. 12-4

WANTED—A good general servant who understands cooking. No washing. German preferred. Wages $12. Address 50 Cook Fifth street.

WANTED—Immediately, Young colored man to take care of gardens and lawns and to make himself generally useful. No horses; no cows. Must be sober and honest. Address, stating wages expected. Call at 324 West Front street between 9 and 12 a. m. 12-12

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 6-13d

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Miller, corner of Mercer avenue and Park place. 6-10d

$10 Ten Dollars $10
Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit. Everybody knows that they are the best. Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 E. Front Street.

THE
Leading Grocers
are
R. W. RICE & Co.
of
Duer and Emily Sts.,
All goods
Reasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Eggs and New York State Butter in the market.
NOTICE TO PATRONS.
We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m. Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturday night we will remain open until nine o'clock p. m.
RICE & Co.
Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

Whipped Cream Soda
a new wonder
From the Wild West
A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.
REYNOLDS'
PHARMACY, Park and North avenues.
N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 5-11-6m

HOTEL
NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.
Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank E. Miller.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND
VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:30 O'CLOCK
EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11
SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS
OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK,
OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE,
AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Modern experiments with galvanic electricity afford curious confirmation of the assertions of the old phrenologists that certain faculties of the mind are governed by special localities in the brain. It has been found, for instance, that when the phrenological organ of cheerfulness is touched by the galvanic current, a smile is produced on the face. If the spot where the phrenologists locate cantiousness is similarly excited, the face assumes an expression of fear.

Successive Ocean Steamer Records.

Fifteen days was considered very quick time in which to cross the Atlantic forty years ago. The steamers were very small. The iron screw propeller was not brought into use till 1838. It was not believed in at all, being tried first as a doubtful experiment. In 1836 a steamer made the ocean journey in 19 days, 6 hours and 7 minutes. It was as great an achievement then as the trip of the City of Paris in less than six days is now. In 1874 the Bothnia brought the time down to nine days. In 1876 the Britannic crossed in 7 days, 18 hours and 39 minutes. In 1887 the Umbria crossed the ocean in 6 days, 4 hours, 40 minutes. In 1888 the Etruria made the voyage in 6 days, 1 hour, 53 minutes. In May of this year the City of Paris crossed in 5 days, 23 hours, 7 minutes. When will this record be beaten?

Future of Steam.

Professor Thurston, of Cornell university, does not believe the steam engine will be superseded in a hurry by any other motor, not even electricity. He says, on the contrary, that improvements will continue to be made in it which will adapt it more and more to the mighty industrial enterprises of the centuries to come. Gas engines can be used for small industries, not for great ones. The first improvements will be in the direction of overcoming the enormous waste of fuel whereby speed and power are obtained. Great changes for the better in this respect have already been made. He prophesies that the next generation will see a steam engine driving a ship across the Atlantic in three or four days, at an expenditure of one pound of fuel per horse power an hour. Flying trains may be expected to cross the continent in two days, transporting freight at a cost of $3 or $4 a ton. The steam engine will yet be improved by a hundred inventors.

Who is the American?

Where is the New Englander gone? He is not in New England any more. Over one-half the inhabitants in the six original Yankee states are either of foreign birth or the children of foreign born parents. It has been suggested that the missing inhabitants of New England have gone to the western and northwestern states, but a born and bred Minnesotan writes a letter in The New York Tribune dispelling this idea.

In the childhood of this writer the people of Minnesota were native Americans who had come from the older states. They formed little farm communities, with their schools and churches, which the letter-writer describes in an idyllic way. In this same neighborhood now there are not a half dozen American families left. The Germans, with their women doing farm labor and their greater economy, have bought the pioneer farms and crowded the families out, our writer says. One day he rode fifty miles on horseback recently in Minnesota, and found nobody who could give him directions about the road in good English. The people were Norwegians.

In a quiet way a movement from Europe to America has been in progress for fifty years which is a genuine migration of nations. The Scandinavians in the two Dakotas are able to control the elections, according to this authority. Minneapolis is governed by the Scandinavian vote. In a town of 300 in Dakota there are not three native Americans. The rest are Norwegians. There are whole communities of Russians, Danes, Swedes and one or two of Icelanders.

But what is the native American, the descendant of the Puritan, or even of those who came to America a hundred years ago?

Causes of Poverty.

A statistical examination into the causes of poverty has been made by Mr. Amos G. Warner. He calls poverty a disease. In this his logic is at fault. Poverty may be the outward and manifest evidence of mental and physical degeneracy, but in itself it is not the disease. That lies deeper. The poverty is the effect of the disease. The drink habit is largely responsible for poverty, Mr. Warner finds. But the drink craving itself is a result of weakness or physical exhaustion. The mind and body could be generously nourished and strengthened among the very poor, the craving for intoxicants would cease, to a great degree. Personal depravity, degraded morals, is also another prominent cause of poverty. In other words, people are not wicked because they are poor, but are poor because they are wicked. We have from Mr. Warner's paper the astonishing information that the entire population of Great London, 4,000,000 souls, are in a state of poverty.

JOHNSTOWN RECOVERING

Business Men of the City Hold a Meeting.

STORES ALREADY OPEN AGAIN.

Opening the Channel of the River—Crazed by Grief—Drove of Drummers at Johnstown—Kilrain and Mitchell Spar for the Sufferers.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 14.—The remnant of citizens interested in Johnstown's future assembled again in mass meeting. This time the meeting took the initiative in the matter himself and called on the business men to meet with him at his headquarters, Gen. Hastings called the meeting to order and said:

"I have called this meeting of interested business men for the purpose of consultation about the future of the business men of the Conemaugh valley."

He then outlined his plans for clearing away the vast accumulation of debris from the streets; whether the state would authorize him to go further and clean out the dwellings of private citizens and business houses he was una le to state. The general assured his listeners that his work would progress as vigorously as possible. He then urged the business men to look ahead to a prompt resumption of business: "If there are among you those parties who are unskilled who desire to open business, and will indicate to me what will be necessary to assist to that end, I will communicate with the proper people in order to see if we can't get you what is needed to put you on your feet again."

He assured his listeners that there was no necessity for any one now in the valley to fear hunger or to go destitute, as the organization for supplies, clothing, etc., is as near perfect as is possible, and if any one suffers from any cause it is their own fault. The general urged the necessity of at once reorganizing the municipal government, the assessing of the city council, and appointment of a police force for the protection of private interests, that the military guard could undertake." I want you to go about your daily avocations as you did formerly." The speaker again invited those to tell their wants known, saying that in the world can get supplies for rebuilding material to erect structures suitable for the transaction of business. "Pittsburg merchants are anxious to provide you with stock on favorable terms. Some of the leading men are gentlemen in this audience who have come here for the purpose of taking you by the hand and saying to you that it their aid is desired they are willing to trust you and wait on you until this charity can take some tangible shape. The lumber for your buildings will be sent to you in train loads entirely gratis."

Gen. Hastings Applauded.

Gen. Hastings then asked for remarks and suggestions from his audience. His speech was received with applause and men rushed forward to grasp the hand of the brave man, tears streaming from their eyes, speaking their thanks with husky voices.

William Caldwell, the oldest business man in the city, announced that he had arranged to resume business immediately. Many others followed in brief talks, urging upon themselves the necessity to at once do it. It was then suggested that Col. Linton prepare a set of resolutions embodying the views of the business men of the city. This was responded to by saying that his office, together with his pens, ink and paper, was by this time in the Mississippi river and he could not write resolutions or anything else.

William Searight, Gen. Hastings' stenographer, stepped to the front and Col. Linton dictated the following:

The business men of merchants and business men of Johnstown, assembled here at the request of Gen. Hastings, will with one use his best efforts to organize for the purpose of resuming the business and prosperity of this place prior to the flood.

Resolved, That this meeting tenders its heartiest thanks to Gen. Hastings for his kindly suggestions to offer aid.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted. Forty-two business firms were represented.

Stores Again Open.

Several stores were opened during the day, and were thronged with eager buyers. Many of the things purchased were for female wear, which they have deprived them-elves of rather than to accept them for nothing in a new dress with new hat and boys. There has been system every where, and a great improvement is manifest. There is an excess of clothing. Money and food in the present great need.

Two car loads of fresh meat, delayed by the way, were so badly spoiled when they arrived that their precious contents had to be thrown into the dooms of previsions cannot be too extensive.

The Drift Burning Fiercely.

The intention is to move the raft problem with the assistance of the forces. For the first time the drift was fired and is burning fiercely, but it is not destroyed fifty barrels of coal-oil will be sprinkled on it and the whole mass will go up in a flame.

The citizens of Cambria borough have passed resolutions asking Gen. Hastings to furnish them lumber and nails to enable them to put up temporary homes, there being only 400 houses to shelter 1,500 people now homeless.

The new contractors in charge of the state's work on the line of the flood drives from Johnstown and vicinity did not have all the men they needed, but the number was largely increased before nightfall, and some very effective work was performed.

A regular morgue corps of six men followed the workers in each district and as fast as a body was found were conveyed them to the nearest dead house, where they were quickly prepared for burial.

Gen. Hastings was very much gratified with the report that Col. Linton, his engineer corps of the work done during the day. Col. Douglass, engineer-in-chief, said that he expected to have a channel thirty feet in width and ten feet in depth by Saturday evening.

Dynamite was used very extensively during the day to loosen up the big pile of drift.

Four fine engines from Philadelphia are expected to arrive during the night. The engines are needed to check any spread of fire from the burning of the debris.

Several cars of lumber, principally lumberman from Indiana county, armed with pike poles, hooks, etc., joined Contractor McKnight's forces. At 11 o'clock he concentrated his energies on the left end of the raft and took in opening up the channel in the Conemaugh river.

Crazed by Grief.

Edward Swinsford, of 68, Leeds, who has been here searching for the bodies of his wife and mother, who were lost on the fatal day, has become mad as a raving lunatic. He was found at the side of his wife's dead aged mother robbed him of his money.

1,000 Rations en route.

A special from New York was received at noon stating that 1,000 Rations were en route from that place to Johnstown to work on the wreck. This was very welcome news to the contractors, who are about convinced that they will get very little work out of the men now employed.

Two more bodies have been recovered and taken to the morgue. They are not yet identified at this writing. Work was practically at an end at the Cambria Iron company's store and meat market. It is about eighty feet square. The old stock is being carried forward to the wreck of building and is displayed for sale in front of the new building.

People are buying greedily. Some because the goods are offered cheap, others because of a desire to secure relics of the disaster.

Drover of Drummers.

Drummers representing all branches of business have been arriving all day. Arrangements to get their former customers started in business again. Nobody who is anxious to get started in business again will have any difficulty in getting a stock of goods and all the time they want to make payments for them.

Sympathy from Abroad.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The president has received the returned secretary of state the telegram expressive of the deep sympathy with the people of the United States on account of the recent Johnstown disaster, from the queen of England. The mayor of Sydney, Australia; Mr. Edwin Grove, of Newport, Monmouthshire, Eng.; the honorable H. Atkinson, premier, Wellington, New Zealand, and the lord mayor of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. To each of these gentlemen the secretary of state has made fitting and prompt reply in the name of the president and of the United States.

Another telegram from the general manager of the Lion Fire Insurance company, of London, of this city, expressed a desire on behalf of the directors therefore to contribute $1,000 to the relief fund of the sufferers by the flood. The president, through Mr. Blaine's secretary of legation, drew on behalf of the stricken sufferers, and requested the manager to deliver the money to the United States minister at London to be forwarded here.

No Sickness at Johnstown.

ROCHESTER, June 14.—Clara Barton writes Mrs. Jane Marsh Parker, of this city, to the effect that there is no sickness in Johnstown, and will probably be none, and that no more nurses are needed.

Relief Notes.

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Allen Thorndike Rice's Will.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The will of the late Allen Thorndike Rice has been filed with the probate clerk. The will was executed on Septem, Sept. 17, 1881. It appoints as executors the deceased's uncle, Count de Bazuoles, of Madrid, and Count de Cotting, of Boston, and makes bequests as follows: To each of his cousins, Maria de Banuoles and Antoinette de Bazuoles, $100,000; to his stepmother, Frederica Rice, of Dresden, Germany, $30,000, and to Col. Lloyd S. Bryce, of New York, fifty-one one-hundredths of the testator's interest in The North American Review, together with similar interest in the stock in trade, machinery, plant and effects employed in connection therewith or belonging thereto. All of the residue of the real estate is devised to the executors in trust, to be converted into money and paid to his aunt, the Countess Banuoles, his aunt, the Countess de Sartiges, and the children of his aunt, Martha Parker, in three equal parts.

O'Donovan Rossa Defeated.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The suit of O'Donovan Rossa against Patrick Sarsfield Cassidy for libel was dismissed by Police Justice Ryan this morning. The evidence showed that Rossa had accepted $62.50 in full settlement of any damage which he may have sustained by the publication of the libel in the Catholic News. All of the allegations conveyed in the publication and many more discreditable Rossa were proven by the testimony, which included a letter from Rossa to Mayor Gallagher, of Australia. To each of these gentlemen the secretary of state has made fitting and prompt reply in the name of the president and of the United States.

Another telegram from the general manager of the Lion Fire Insurance company, of London, of this city, expressed a desire on behalf of the directors therefore to contribute $1,000 to the relief fund of the sufferers by the flood. The president, through Mr. Blaine's secretary of legation, drew on behalf of the stricken sufferers, and requested the manager to deliver the money to the United States minister at London to be forwarded here.

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The Ticket of Leave Law Unconstitutional.

TRENTON, June 14.—Attorney General Stockton, in accordance with a request of the board of inspectors of the state prison, rendered a decision declaring the constitutionality of the "Martin parole" or ticket of leave law passed last winter, under which it has been found that 300 prisoners convicted of higher crimes than misdemeanors, are serving out ship of three years in the state. The attorney general declares the law unconstitutional, on the ground that the judgment having been passed on these prisoners it is beyond the power of the legislature to give authority to the board keeper and inspectors to interfere with the sentence, the court of pardons alone having jurisdiction.

A Cartridge Thrown at Gladstone.

LONDON, June 14.—The cartridge which was thrown at Mr. Gladstone at Wadebridge flew wide of the mark, and did not even hit the carriage which proceeded without stopping. Gladstone did not know of the occurrence until he had alighted, when he was told what had happened. Several policemen, who were in the crowd, took charge of the man who threw the missile, but they were unable to positively identify the man, and so he was not arrested.

President Platt Appeals.

ALBANY, June 14.—In the case of the People ex rel. Thomas C. Platt, as president of the Manufacturers' National Bank of Troy, vs. Ward Wemple, comptroller, the relator has appealed to the court of appeals from the decision of the general term of the supreme court which set aside a certain order confirming the assessment and proceedings of the comptroller, and confirming such proceedings.

EXTRADITION REFUSED.

Governor Hill Denies Illinois' Application.

THE NEW YORK SUSPECTS STAY

Consternation in Chicago Over Governor Hill's Action—Mooney and McDonald Must Be Indicted First—Tom Desmond Is Not at All Frightened.

ALBANY, June 14.—State Senator Thomas F. Grady, of New York, has been retained to defend Mooney and McDonald against extradition. The papers of the governor of Illinois asking for the surrender of the two men arrested in New York city for complicity in the Cronin murder were presented to the governor therefore to-day, and following the time they want to make payments for them. action, without prejudice to a renewal of it upon the grounds: (1) That the application was not accompanied by an indictment; (2) that no proof whatever was presented showing that the accused are guilty of the crime charged against them, as required by the laws of this and all other states. The application was based solely upon an affidavit made upon "information and belief."

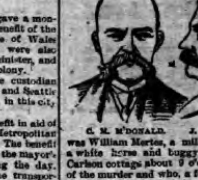
The Clan-na-Gael Denounced.

BUFFALO, June 14.—Rev. Father Cronin, editor of The Catholic Union, denounces the Clan-na-Gael and the murderers of Dr. Cronin. He says: "Disobey the Clan-na-Gael order, and says it is on the road to destruction. He adds:

"No matter what the outcome of the Cronin murder investigation may be, the cause of Ireland and the accepted policy of Parnell by the Irish and American people demand that the Clan-na-Gael, by whatever name known, shall have nothing more to do with the control of the National league."

Is Mooney "J. B. Simonds?"

CHICAGO, June 14.—Twenty-three witnesses were examined; all save one of them had appeared before the coroner's jury. Take man



C. M. M'DONALD. J. J. MORONEY.

was William Martin, a milk dealer, who saw a white horse and buggy drive up to the Carlson cottage about 9 o'clock on the night of the murder and who, a few minutes afterward, heard four shots and sounds of scuffling inside the cottage.

Unusual secrecy is maintained by the grand jury in regard to the investigation, from which it is inferred that the authorities withheld from the coroner's jury or unknown to the authorities at that time is to be presented to the more august body of jurors. The blood found in the Carlson house is figured conspicuously in the case was carried up to the grand jury room and duly inspected.

Luke Dillon wanted the grand jury to hear his story so that he could leave Chicago, but the jury requested his attendance a few days longer, until Mooney and McDonald are brought from New York. Mr. Dillon declared that he was personally satisfied as to the identity of Mooney and the mysterious "J. B. Simonds."

The arrival of the suspects from New York is anxiously awaited by the authorities and by witnesses who can identify the men, if they are the much wanted "J. B. Simonds" and "Frank Williams."

Consternation at Chicago.

There was consternation at police headquarters when Superintendent Hubbard heard that Governor Hill had refused to extradite Mooney and McDonald.

The state's attorney will urge the grand jury to at once render a partial report finding an indictment against Mooney and McDonald. As Luke Dillon, Mrs. Conklin and Expressman Martinson all testified the grand jury is already in possession of all information at hand which tends to show Mooney and McDonald's complicity in the murder, and there is nothing which prevents a report as to those two persons being returned at once.

Desmond is Not Frightened.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Tom Desmond, a well known Clan-na-Gael man, was shown a dispatch from Chicago, saying he was wanted for complicity in the Cronin murder. He immediately left the room, and could not be found by reporters during the day. Desmond is a Catholic in this city, and is well known. He has been a prominent supporter of Patrick Ford, and during the "Parnell agitation. Through Kearney's influence he was elected sheriff and served a full term in the city.

Desmond first found notoriety in 1867, as one of the crew of the Catalpa, fitted out in England to rescue Fenian prisoners in Australia.

Chief of Police Crowley denies that he has been instructed to arrest Desmond.

A Heroic Miner Buried in Death.

TWO HARBORS, Minn., June 14.—A dump car at the top of the shaft of the Minnesota mines broke loose from its fastenings and started down the incline to the shaft. Charles Johnson, thinking danger his friends at the bottom of the pit, shouted loudly against the car, but it was beyond control. Johnson stood on the platform and fell 150 feet down the shaft. He was instantly killed.

Colored Men Excluded.

TOLEDO, June 14.—The grand lodge of the Canadian Order of Odd Fellows discussed at some length a resolution to admit colored men into the order, but the matter was finally voted down.

An Evangelist Drowned.

FREEPORT Ont., June 14.—Lord A. F. Cecil, the evangelist, was drowned in the bay at Quinte, near Adolphustown, about six miles east of here. The body has not been recovered.

SACRED TO ST. ANTHONY.

A Pittsburg Convent Who Has Adopted Miraculous Powers.

PITTSBURG, June 14.—The Convent of St. Anthony's day, sacred to the memory of the Portuguese saint, who lived and died seven hundred years ago. He is the patron saint of the old German church on the summit of Troy hill, which bears St. Anthony's name. It is widely visited on the feast of St. Anthony's day Father Mollinger performs miracles of healing, and thousands of the sick and deformed resort to him. About six thousand people crowded in and around the church during the forenoon. Men and women carried bottles in which they secured water blessed by the priest. Much of this holy water was carried away in beer bottles with patent stoppers.

During the forenoon hundreds of women visited and kissed the shrine of St. Anthony. The blessing of the people did not take place until 4 o'clock, but all day long the church was filled with persons praying and telling their rosaries. Three-fourths of the worshippers were women.

There were many lame people, some deaf a few blind, others with humch backs, tumors or chronic swellings. Here and there could be heard the hollow cough and saw the pinched features of a consumptive. Indeed all manner of disease was to be seen. At 4 o'clock Father Mollinger took his station by the altar rail and the long procession began. Each man or woman knelt before him he placed his right hand upon the head and in his left hand he held a pair of gold pincers, with which he touched head. The procession was maintained an hour, and 2,000 persons received the blessing. The festival will continue three days.

THE ARMAGH DISASTER.

Subscriptions for the Relief of the Sufferers Coming In.

ARMAGH, June 14.—Many anxious friends are making inquiries for missing children at the infirmary, to which the persons injured in Wednesday's railroad accident were taken. Crowds surround the building, and the discussion of the terrible disaster engrosses the attention of the entire community. The interior of the infirmary presents a sad spectacle. One of the wounded, they named Cleland, died yesterday morning. Both of his parents and his two brothers were killed outright. The dead now number seventy-four. Others of the wounded are in a critical condition.

Clergymen of all the religious denominations represented in Armagh held a meeting there for the purpose of effecting an organization for the relief of the sufferers. The Protestant primate presided. The Catholic archbishop made an address, in which he urged people to give liberally. Subscription for the benefit of the sufferers are flowing in. The Great Northern Railway company has given £300 and the Duke of Abercorn £50.

The Board of Trade of London instituted an inquiry into the disaster, and the queen has sent a message of sympathy to Armagh.

The Panama Canal.

PARIS, June 14.—A few days ago the cabinet discussed the difficulties of the Panama Canal company. The liquidator of the company read his report, and the result of his findings was that the government determined to present a bill to the chamber of deputies declaring that the affairs of the company be placed in the chamber of deputies empowering the liquidator of the company to sell on the best terms possible and regardless of the legal limits as to time, the lottery bonds of which have not yet been subscribed for. It also authorizes a subscription of 24,000,000 francs to cover the expenses necessary for the maintenance of the works, and authorizes a loan of 720,000,000 francs. The bonds will remain as lottery bonds.

Mrs. Harrison at Cape May.

CAPE MAY, N. J., June 14.—Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. McKee, "Baby" McKee, Dr. Scott, Mrs. Harrison's father, and the two Harrison children, Frederick and Mary, Dr. Russell H. Brown, brother of Mrs. Wanamaker, have arrived in a special car, and were immediately taken to the cottage of Mr. Wanamaker, at Cape May Point, where they will remain for two weeks. The cottage was beautifully decorated for the occasion.

A Postmaster in Trouble.

SARATOGA, N. Y., June 14.—Alexander C. Lawton, late postmaster at Greenfield Centre, whose term expired in April, was arrested and brought to this village, charged by the office Inspector Riley with robbing the mails during his possession of the office. Lawton is 70 years old. During his incumbency the post office at Greenfield Centre was burned, under suspicious circumstances, and many valuable letters failed of delivery.

An Eloping New Haven Couple Married.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., June 14.—Michael Dunio and Cristie Cassil were married by Judge Dearing: Wednesday afternoon. The couple left New Haven, Conn., where Dunio is a well-to-do fruiterer. He is 39 years old and the bride 18. It was a runaway match, the girl's parents being very much opposed to the marriage. They expect will return to New Haven after a short honeymoon in New York.

Conspiracy Developments Sentenced.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Frank Templeman, who acknowledged to destroy the reputation of Inspector Byrnes and District Attorney Fellows, in order that they might avoid with Wilkinson's private detective agency to unload the city out of sums of money in connection with the boodle trials, has been sentenced to three years and nine months in State prison by Judge Martine in Part III of the court of general sessions.

A Beehive Tank Explodes.

PITTSBURG, June 14.—A large tank of benzine at the Bear Creek refinery, Coleman station, exploded this afternoon. Fatalities from some unknown cause and exploded. Charles A. Jack was instantly killed. Patrick John Kilpatrick was fatally burned. Miles Parker was also burned. Charles Dunn was also terribly burned, but will probably recover.

A Suicide at the Tombs.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Camillo Bengati, the cabinet maker who murdered his step-daughter, Josephine Bengati, in January, and who has been a prisoner in the Tombs ever since, committed suicide Thursday evening by hanging himself with a sash cord.

Murdering Jacob Bergins.

HARRISBURG, June 14.—James M. Jacob, the Lancaster murderer, has been granted a respite, by the board of pardons, so that his case may be investigated. Two experts testified to his insanity. The board will hold another meeting July 30.

The Elementary Education Bill Vetoed.

ALBANY, June 14.—Governor Hill vetoed the governor's elementary education bill. He says it is loaded down, embarrassing, complex and unguarded provisions, and suggests a careful and thorough revision by the legislature.

Time a Great Saver.

LONDON, June 14.—The Berlin correspondent of The Times, Daily News, Morning Post and Standard all agree that the modifications of the Samoan protocol which were suggested by the United States government have been agreed to by the conference, and minor details, which will be settled, will occasion no further delay of the conference, which will probably be held on Saturday next.

Patrick Henry's Grandson Honored.

RICHMOND, Va., June 14.—William Wirt Henry, grandson of Patrick Henry, who was the first governor of Virginia, has been appointed by Governor Lee to represent this state at the meeting of the governors of the thirteen original states in Independence hall, Philadelphia, July 4. Governor Lee's official duties prevent his attendance.

A Supposed Murder in Scranton.

SCRANTON, June 14.—James McGeady, a brakeman on a New Jersey Central passenger train, was found dead at the foot of the railroad embankment in this city this morning. His neck was broken, and it is believed there has been foul play. McGeady was 23 years old and lived at Mauch Chunk.

Miners Object to Company Stores.

PITTSBURG, June 14.—At a delegate convention of railroad miners of western Pennsylvania, held in this city, a committee was appointed to wait on the legislature immediately that the coal operators discontinue their stores.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be warmer and generally fair.

CONDENSED NEWS.

At the annual regatta of the New York Yacht club, the Katrina, Grayling, Anaba, Hildegarda, Clara and Nymph were the winners.

The lord provost of Edinburgh has refused to officiate when the freedom of the city is conferred upon Mr. Parnell. The senior magistrate will, therefore, act in his place.

The Inman line steamer City of New York, delayed by stormy seamen, has filled out her crew and left Liverpool for New York.

Joseph Ledebiere, aged 25 years, was killed by the caving in of a sand bank at Cartersville, N. Y. Several men who were working with him were warned in time to escape death.

The jury in the case of Martin Hogan, on trial at Rails, N. Y., for the killing of George Horner at Ghrens on last year, have announced that they could not agree, and were discharged. They had been out fifteen hours.

The annual meeting of the National Association of Trotting Horse Breeders held at Indianapolis. The association has a membership of 750.

James Deaven and Charles Tennyson, charged with assaulting Farmer La May near Corydon, Ind., were taken from jail and lynched.

Germany has withdrawn her insistence upon the punishment of Malietoa. It is said this will bring about the American ratification of the Samoan agreement.

Lieut. Heath, of the Vandalia, died at San Francisco from the effects of a cold contracted at Samoa.

The cab drivers of Paris are on a strike.

The latest trust is said to be a plug tobacco trust of $25,000,000, embracing all the manufacturers of Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri.

The 143d annual session of the Lutheran ministerium of Pennsylvania has commenced at Lebanon, Pa. The ministerium comprises about 435 congregations and over 100,000 communicants.

Secretary Blaine has refused to sign the Samoan treaty and directed the United States minister to withdraw, unless more concessions are made.

At the hearing in the Maybrick poisoning case at Liverpool, Mrs. Maybrick was committed for the assizes.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 75c. This is a bargain. There are also packages containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

—THE— ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLY COMPANY, F. E. KINSMAN, Gen'l Manager, 92 Liberty St., N. Y. Gilsey House Entry, 22nd St. Entrance. Largest Exhibits for New York or Boston.

Plainfield office, 21 North Avenue. Represented by F. S. Duke.

H. J. MARTIN, 20 Somerset st. FRASCUAL MORNING SMOKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third st. and Richmond streets. Established 1872. Steam engines, boilers, saws, shafting, pulleys, hangers, etc., always on hand at short notice. Castings for mowers, reapers, threshers, corn shellers, cultivators, etc., always on hand. Repairing of all kinds of machinery promptly attended to. Lawn mowers, grass hooks, fairgrass hooks, shave hooks, hay knives, hay forks, hay rakes and all other kinds of castings always in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish castings and patterns for whatever might be required. Orders by mail or telegraph will receive prompt attention. Telephone 12 satisfactory terms. Apply at

J. KINTON

NO. 43 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North America of Philadelphia, Phenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accident and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Smelting and Milling Co., Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

NOTICE.

The books of the Commissioners of the Court, to collect the taxes of the appellant for said, can be open at the office of that Commissioner, Stillman Block. 1. CARLET ROBEYR, Treasurer of Fire Commissioners.

Fresh Garden Seeds, Garden Tools, RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES, Cutlery, etc.

N. H. & J. J. HEIDELOFF, 13 Somerset street.

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

Only $5.50 and down. Excelsior office, desk and bookcase combined, 4 feet high, 3 feet wide, 2 feet deep, with 2 drawers, 2 doors, 3 shelves, 1 writing desk, 1 book rack and many other conveniences. Made of solid oak, finished in antique oak, golden oak or cherry. Can be had in any of the above styles for $5.50. Other sizes and styles in proportion. Call and see them at the factory, 1 to 7 Lafayette street, Plainfield, N. J. Factory connected with Central railroad of New Jersey. Telephone 12. Send for circulars. Address

THE EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and carries the blood. MRS. QUINCY'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Penn. 10-13tf

TUNIS J. CAREY

31 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

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I manufacture new furniture and repair and refinish old furniture. Prices as low and work as good as can be had anywhere. Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. Call and examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, 31 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone connection with factory and promptness assured.

J. C. ALLEN, 44 W. Front street.

SIMON SHORT'S SON SAMUEL.

Sentimental, Shamefaced, Scratching Sprigs-by, Specialty Stricken.

Shrewd Simon Short sewed since. Seven long summers, seven storming winters, Simon worked merrily; not Simon's small, flabby stomach-muscle, nor Simon's stiff arms squeaking, ears still swinging, whistling, nor Simon's mouth, shaded by two shrewd moustaches, since sewed, soled, superfinely.

Simon's spry, scrubbing spouse, Sally Short, sewed shirts, stitched sheets, stuffed sofas.

Simon's six stout sturdy sons—Seth, Samuel, Stephen, Saul, Jeremiah, Saul—also sewed. Seth sewed with vigor; Jeremiah, spies; Simple Sam sold saddles, stirrups, straps; sagacious Stephen sold silks, satins, shawls; skeptical Saul sold silver salvers; selfish Shadrach sold selves, shoe strings, soap, watch chains; Silas sold Sally Short's stuffed sofas.

Some seven summers since Simon's second son Samuel saw Sophia Sophronia Spriggs. Sam showed strange symptoms.

Sam seldom staid: staring, sailing saddles. Sam sighed sorrowfully, sought Sophia Sophronia's society, sung several surreptitious serenades shyly.

Simon stormed, scolded severely; said Sam seemed so silly singing such shameful, sensuous songs.

"Strange, Sam should slight such splendid summer sales! Strutting speechlessly! Shattebrained simpleton!"

"Softly, softly, sire," said Sally. "Sam's smitten, Sam's spied some sweet sylph."

"Sentimental schoolboy!" snarled Simon. "Smitten! Stop such stuff!"

Speaking so, Simon sent Sally's snuffbox spinning, seized Sally's specs, smashed Sally's spectacles, scattering several spools.

"Speaking scoundrel! Sam's shocking silliness shall surcease!"

Scowling, Simon stopped speaking, starting swiftly shopward.

Sally sighed sadly. Summoning Sam, she spoke sweet sympathy.

"Sam," said she, "Sire Simon seems singularly snappy; so, sonny, stop strolling streets, stop smoking segars, spending specie superfluously, stop spreading sin, stop singing serenades, stop short! Sell saddles, sonny, sell saddles sensibly; see Sophia Sophronia Spriggs soon; she's sprightly, she's stable, so solicit, see, secure Sophia speedily, Sam."

"So soon! Shall Sally's son Sam so scurvily seek soup so soon?" said Sam, standing stock still.

"So soon, surely," said Sally, smiling; "specially since sire shows such spirits."

So Sam, somewhat scared, sauntered slowly. Shaking stupendously, Sam soliloquizes: "Sophia Sophronia Spriggs—Spriggs—Short. Sophia Sophronia Short, Samuel Short's spouse, sounds splendid! Suppose she should say—she, she shan't! she shan't! She shan't! Soon Sam spied Sophia starching shirts, singing softly. Sweetly Sophia she stopped, started, saluted Sam smilingly. Sam stammered shockingly.

"Spi-spi-splendid summer season, Sophia."

"Somewhat sultry," suggested Sophia.

"Sar-sar-tin, Sophia," said Sam. [Silence seventeen seconds.]

"Sitting saddles still, Sam?"

"Sar-sar-tin," said Sam, starting suddenly. "Season's somewhat sultorlike," said Sam, stealthily stanching steaming sweat. [Speaking sensibly.]

"Starch," said Sophia, smiling significantly. "Sip some sweet sherbet, Sam." [Silence sixty seconds.]

"Sire shot sixty shelldrake Saturday," said Sophia.

"Sixty! Shot" said Sam. [Silence seventy seconds.]

Sire Sister Susan's sunflowers," said Sophia, socially scattering such stiff silence.

Sophia's sprightly sauciness stimulated Sam strangely; so Sam suddenly spoke sentimentally.

"Sophia," said Sam, spontaneously, "Susan's sunflowers seem saying: 'Samuel Short, Sophia Sophronia Spriggs, stroll serenely. Seek some sequestered spot, sonde ageiran deads. Spell'stop spring, stealing and shrinking stroke; sweet southern shall silence secret sighings, super-angelic sylphs shall'"—Sophia stammered; so Sam stopped.

"Sophia," said Sam, solemnly.

"Sam," said Sophia.

"Sophia, stop smiling; Sam Short's sincere. Sam's seeking sweet spouse, Sophia."

Sophia stood silent.

"Speak, Sophia, speak! Such suspense stimulates sorrow."

"Sir, sire, Sam, seek sire," said Sophia, soothingly.

So Sam sought Sire Spriggs.

Sire Spriggs said: "Sartin."—Resurrected by a reader of The Chicago News.

Further Investigation.

A well known citizen who is a wag in his way, was standing on the east portion of the city hall, the other day, when a colored man came up and inquired:

"Boss, kin you dun tole me if dis air de place whar de pay tax fee?"

"I can, this is the place where they used to pay taxes, but you won't have to pay any this year."

"Ha! Cost me fo' dollars last year."

"Yes, but you needn't pay any this year."

"Why?"

"Owing to the subservicney of the syndicate, the city has decided to abolish the compulsory of the middle and south of the taxes of all poor men."

The colored brother scratched his head and surged his foot for a moment and then said:

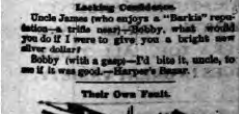
"Boss, it may be all right, but I'll go inside and see. If it substantiated de proposacion, den I was worry much obliged. If de investigahum optimahum be sotisfactory, den I'll leave my fooling de ole man, and de first time I have a load of ole cans an' bottles to draw off I'll dump it in yo' alley, mash I"—Detroit Free Press.

Lacking Confidence.

Uncle James (who enjoys a "Berkin" reputation—a trifle near)—Bobby, what would you do if I were to give you a bright new silver dollar?

Bobby (with a gasp—I'll bite it, uncle, to see if it was good.—Harper's Bazar.

Their Own Fault.



"We are short on hay, Sir."

"Well, don't ask any one to lend them telegraph poles as some do for coal."—Life.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 25c each.

* * *

'Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 35c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 15c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 30c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $3.50.

* * *

Ladies all day that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 11 Front St. Plainfield.

DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging.
P O Box 281

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller & Bro.
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

FOR
TIN WORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors. P O Box 1288.

REFRIGERATORS,
PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWERS,
Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers
Hardware, Plumbers' Supplies,
A. H. GRIFFEN,
24 East Front Street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security.
Front Street and Park avenue.

FINE BUTTER,
PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE,
Fancy Groceries
and the VERY BEST Imported and Domestic
Fruits, Vegetables,
etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice Cab forest Prunes, 10c per lb.
BUTTERFIELD, TAYLOR & NEEMAN,
Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties,
19 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
24 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
20 OUYER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Special Notices.

BARGAINS!
In watches, cards, necklaces, gloves, hosiery, underwear, ribbons, Cardigan Jackets at W. S. Purvis' Fine Grocery. John P. Wells' Music store, North Plainfield.

L. HEYNIGER,
81 & 83 Somerset St.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.
I keep in stock all the choice brands of Rose, HUDSONS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW, A full line of HECKERS foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

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Lumber, Coal, Wood
and
MASONS' MATERIALS
PEACE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH.
Telephone call No. 130.

R. A. ROSS,
11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds,
and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bynona. P. O. Box 1298. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,
Cor. Richmond & Front Sts. P. O. Box 350.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,
Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds.

FIT FOR A KING!
KNAPP'S
ROOT
BEER
EXTRACT
IS THE
ORIGINAL
and most concentrated preparation of its kind. 25c. Bottle makes 10 gallons. Full directions in each bottle for making a delicious, healthful and wholesome beverage.
MOMS DRINK!
ORIGINAL and best. Price 25c., 50c. and $1.
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ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER
and COAL,
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.
Cannel Coal
a specialty.

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At ALLEN'S,
The Stationer,
You can find a large line
EASTER GOODS
in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc
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Terrill & Cole,
successors to Terrill & Miller
UNDERTAKERS AND
Practical Embalmers
No. 29 East Front street, Plainfield
H. N. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole
Telephone call 21.

GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 29 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jacks Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
41 WEST FRONT ST., 2nd Door East

JOS. SATTELE,
PIANO-MAKER,
Patent Stringer, re-pointing action, Best maple Sounding Board in Organ, Lowest Prices. Sold on 1-4 payment, installment plan. Do you want your Piano and Organ tuned or repaired? Give me a call. Do you wish a key or rosett? Call and see what I can offer. JOS. SATTELE Piano Maker 20 East Front street.

12 Photo Engravings
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Water Supply,
and 40 Fine Cuts of Parts
KALAMAZOO KNITTER
Mfd. by Kalamazoo Manufacturing Co., Kalamazoo, Mich.

Window Screens
and
Door Screens
fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At
30 SOMERSET STREET.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Fancy Feathers, Laces, Ribbons, Jet Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

THE BEES AND
the people swarm to
Howell, the Grocer
for the correct thing in
FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,
CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES.
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,
NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot.
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William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly executed in Bonhamtown, Scotch Plains and Fanwood.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1044.

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50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty.
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., after 6 p. m.

E. P. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Vet. Veterinarian, No. 20 Forth avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44.

WILLIAM G. H. SEE,
Notary Public, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City; Residence, No. 120 East Front street, Plainfield.

PALMERS, SPRING PLANTS
and Trees, shrubs and grapevines at Lindsey's, No. 10 West Front street. Mrs. Lindsey's Intelligence office, same place. 4-11-1y

JACKSON & GORDINIER,
Counsellors at Law. Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, etc. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Somerset st.

CRANE & REID,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1-y

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BENJ. F. MOORE
(Sons of Moore Bros.)
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FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
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Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

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24 North Avenue,
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Catering in all its branches.
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NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD.
Try the Brunswick Ham. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.26, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12 noon, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.59 p. m. Sundays, 3.26, 5.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45 a. m., 12 noon, 1.45, 3.45, 5.45, 7.45, 9.45, 10.45 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sundays, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 2.45, 4.45, 6.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Express trains, 7.45 a. m., 12 noon, 4.45 p. m. Sundays, 11.45 a. m. Express trains for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 8.00, 9.05, 10.10, 11.20, 12.30, 1.40, 2.50, 4.00, 5.10, 6.20, 7.30, 8.40, 9.50, 11.00 a. m., 12.10, 1.20, 2.30, 3.40, 4.50, 6.00, 7.10, 8.20, 9.30, 10.40 p. m. Sundays, 9.05, 10.10, 11.20 a. m., 12.30, 1.40, 2.50, 4.00, 5.10, 6.20, 7.30, 8.40, 9.50, 11.00 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.30, 7.40, 8.50, 10.00, 11.10 a. m., 12.20, 1.30, 2.40, 3.50, 5.00, 6.10, 7.20, 8.30, 9.40, 10.50 p. m. Sundays, 8.50, 10.00, 11.10 a. m., 12.20, 1.30, 2.40, 3.50, 5.00, 6.10, 7.20, 8.30, 9.40, 10.50 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8.27, 10.05 a. m., 2.42, 6.00 p. m. Leave Easton at 7.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 4.30 p. m. Sundays at 8.27, 10.05 a. m., 6.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport and Rochester, 8.27 a. m., 6.00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West, 10.05 a. m., 2.42 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Lebanon, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West, 4.30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West, 6.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Lebanon, Reading and Harrisburg, 10.50 p. m. For Flemington, 8.50 a. m., 4.30 p. m. For Somerville, Bridgewater, Dunellen, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Bound Brook, Bonhamtown, Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark and New York, 7.10, 8.00, 9.05, 10.10, 11.20 a. m., 12.30, 1.40, 2.50, 4.00, 5.10, 6.20, 7.30, 8.40, 9.50, 11.00 p. m. For Somerville, Bridgewater, Dunellen, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Bound Brook, Bonhamtown, Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark and New York, 6.30, 7.40, 8.50, 10.00, 11.10 a. m., 12.20, 1.30, 2.40, 3.50, 5.00, 6.10, 7.20, 8.30, 9.40, 10.50 p. m. For Somerville, Bridgewater, Dunellen, Metuchen, Perth Amboy, Bound Brook, Bonhamtown, Scotch Plains, Fanwood, Westfield, Rahway, Elizabeth, Newark and New York, 8.50 a. m., 4.30 p. m. On Sundays at 6.23 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 8.00, 11.20 a. m., 2.42, 5.10 p. m. Sundays (Ocean Grove only), 7.10 a. m. Arrive at Long Branch, 9.45, 10.35 a. m., 12.55, 4.55, 7.55 p. m. Sundays, 9.45 a. m., 7.55 p. m. Ocean Grove, 9.45, 10.35 a. m., 12.55, 4.55, 7.55 p. m. Sundays, 9.45 a. m., 7.55 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 7.10, 8.50, 10.00, 11.20 a. m., 12.30, 2.42, 4.00, 5.10, 6.20, 8.40, 9.50, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 11.00, 5.10, 10.50 a. m., 5.10, 6.20, 8.40, 9.50, 11.00 p. m. For Philadelphia, 8.50, 10.00, 11.20 a. m., 12.30, 2.42, 4.00, 5.10, 6.20, 8.40, 9.50, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 11.00, 5.10, 10.50 a. m., 5.10, 6.20, 8.40, 9.50, 11.00 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.00, 9.15, 11.30 a. m., 4.00, 7.15, 8.00, 9.30 p. m. Sundays at 9.15 a. m., 4.00, 8.00, 9.30 p. m.

For Pittsburg and Cincinnati at 7.00, 9.15, 11.30 a. m., 4.00, 7.15, 8.00, 9.30 p. m. Sundays at 9.15 a. m., 4.00, 8.00 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
I. H. OGDEN, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NORTH SIDE MAILS.
CLOSE—7.00 and 10.00 a. m., 1.00 and 5.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.50, 11.45 a. m., 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7.00 a. m., 1.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.50 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 9.50 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 1 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Saturday, Wednesday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturday evening closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to receive of late letters.
Complaints of non-delivery coming without their name will receive no attention. Letters for box holders may be dropped in the box.
Direct pouch for Newark, N. J., is 3 p. m. mail.

ESTEY
SAVE MONEY
by purchasing the best Piano. To us dollar for dollar is the best investment you can make. Our Pianos are sold on easy terms. Our prices are low. Our Pianos are guaranteed for six years. Our Pianos are sold on their merits. Our Pianos are sold on their merits. Our Pianos are sold on their merits

IN AN OLD CHURCHYARD.

In one of England's sweetest spots,
A little old gray church I found;
Around it lies—their restful ground—
God's garden, with its sacred plots.

With myriad arms the ivy holds
Its tone worn walls in close embrace;
No mercury sentinels keeps a face
Half-veiled with leaves and lichen molds.

With weepy tenderness met with song
The tower, half haunted, is alive;
In leafy nests they dip and dive,
The early warblers of the spring.

Live sentinels grave bear with age,
The crumbling headstones guard the graves
That softly sweep—green rounded waves,
They will not break though centuries stop.

"Concerning them that are asleep,"
In this sweet hamlet of the dead,
In broken sentences I read
The tender theme old Salem's keep.

Each told no tale, for hush not Grief
A voice whose echoes never die?
Adown the ages Rachel's cry
Still rings o'er sonny God garnered sheaf.

Mine eyes, ne'er prodigal of tears,
Did fill to-day as sorrow so fell
And from the glory of the skies,
O'er these slumbers two hundred years.

—Chambers' Journal.

THE FOUR LITTLE MAIDS.

A Pretty Little Incident in the Travels of Henry Howe to Ohio.

On the plank walk on the outskirts I met two little girls. I stopped them and said, "Where are you going, my little girls?" and they replied, "To the primary, sir." And then I inquired of one of them, "How old are you?" and she said, "No, sir, I am nine." Whereupon the other chimed in, "I, too, am nine." "That," I remarked, "makes eighteen years of little girls." By this time two other of their mates had come up and, pausing, I asked each how old she was, and each answered as the others, in the soft, musical tones of childhood, "Nine, sir." "That," said I, "makes in all thirty-six years of little girls."

I wanted to fold this interesting group, so pointing to an oak near by, the symmetry of which was pleasing to my eye, I said, "Is not that a beautiful tree? What kind of a tree is it?" when one of them replied, "It is an acorn tree." I thought it quite a pretty name. They had evidently gathered acorns and had picked them up, and not knowing the right name of the oak had called it by its fruit. I too admired acorns—indeed, had one at that moment in my vest pocket—with its dark, rough reticulated saucer and smooth, light hued conical cap. Then I said, "I make it a rule when I meet a group of little girls like you to catch the prettiest one and kiss her," and I spoke because I thought it time to bring the conference to a close, and I should have the fun of seeing them scream, laugh and scamper away. Man proposes, God disposes.

They didn't scare a bit—stood stock still; one, indeed, the prettiest, the one to whom I had first spoken, drew herself up and called the oak an acorn tree—a plump, rosy cheeked, blue-eyed little miss she was—advanced and, looking up archly in my face with a blushing betwixt joy and fear, held up a blooming girlish, said, "Will you please accept this, sir?" Could anything be more irresistible? a cherub dropped from the clouds carrying a bud. Is anything that happens up yonder to sweeter than this?

I had no sooner accepted the flower than a second little one stepped forward, and also holding a large golden pippin and said, "Will you please take this, sir?" and I took it. Then a third one did not advance, but in the hollow of her hand held a pear, and, looking up as she spoke she gently waved her open hand to and fro, while her body waved in unison from right to left, and in a half shy, deprecating tone and voice, as if she had only this little speech to offer; will you take it, sir?" The fields and gardens around were blooming with flowers and orchards were bending under their loads of fruit, and apples of gold and golden, luscious pears, but Jack Frost had lingered too long in the spring time and cruelly nipped the peach blossoms so I declined the peach, as peaches were scarce, thereby, I fear, wounding her feelings.

Ere I parted I gave to each my card, whereupon she read it, and I said what was my errand. And as I did so I thought long after I had passed away and these little people will be mothers they will show my book to their offspring with its many pictures of their Ohio land, and stories of pioneer life and later stories of the heroic men who fought for the Union in that dreadful, bloody war of the rebellion, and point out the portrait of the author and describe this meeting with him when they, too were young things on their way to the "primary," meeting with him, an old, white bearded man, by the beautiful oak on the wayside of the village. And then to a question from the children, they would say, "Oh, he had died many years, long before we were born; it was in ——he died."—Howe's Historical Recollections of Ohio.

"Where Afric's Sunny Fountains—"

When the natives led Capt. J. Hosier Smythe-Browley, the hunter and traveler, into the wilds of Africa, he was not a little startled when a little distorted, "If I could make myself understood," he began, "speak one," and the king, who was a bright English by the subsequent, "The captain's fluency more easily. "Yaas, safe," he said. "Then you have missionaries here?" he asked. "Not now," replied the monarch, and then with a look of them, but they are gone." The captain's voice faltered again. "Have you eaten them?" he asked feebly. "Not at all," returned the sovereign, promptly, "not one of them. They are not to our taste. We traded them all to a neighboring tribe for canisters and meringue squatts. We are fond of the latter, but the canisters are rather stagy and ready full flavored, save us the expense of putting in the brandy ourselves. But it is not often that we get our grips and fish heads." "If his majesty turned to his court with a gracious smile, and the captain, fearing dyspepsia upon every word, with tasted him, went the way of the pitcher that goes to the fountain and of all things below."—Buffalo Courier in Brooklyn Eagle.

Look Before You Drink.

The shocking case of suicide by a Reading woman who swallowed crystallized white vitriol under the impression that it was a dose of epsom salts is only one of many terribly fatal mistakes that the newspapers do not chronicle some blunder of the kind, and yet people continue to do the very thing they know by the experience of others or to their by the experience of others or to their by themselves. To take medicine without looking at the label on the bottle, or to drink from a bottle or a glass in a dark room, is like trifling with death, and while it is unfortunate enough to spend a fatal error many become victims of their own heedlessness. Unfortunately the sufferers fail to serve as a warning to their careless fellow creatures. Like the woman who continues to kindle her fire with kerosene because nothing has yet happened to her, the people who swallow strychnine habitually will not be frightened by accidents to others because they have never had anything happen to them, and have an idea that escape from the perils of the past furnishes a security from the dangers of the present.—Philadelphia North American.

THE GIFT OF GENIUS.

A CLAIM THAT IT IS NOTHING IF IT IS NOT ORIGINAL.

Two Examples of Characters Well Known in Blind Tom and Thomas Edison—Emerson as a Master—Another Case.

It may be said, in a general way, that genius is creative, that talent is productive or reproductive, and that taste is simply appreciative or critical. But generalization is nearly always a dangerous process, and in the very act either to go too far or to fail short in dealing with those fine traits and subtle powers which are at once so real and so elusive. It is better, perhaps, to look at the truth mined and specific instances. Let us begin with a very humble one.

BLIND, ROBINSART AND A SLAVE.

Some years before the late war of secession, a little negro boy, hardly more than an infant, used to sun himself and loll on the steps to the gallery in front of an old fashioned planter's house in the south central states. He was blind and unable to join in the sports of the children of his own age above the plank; but it was the delight to listen to the music which the children of the household played daily in their parlor. Shut out from all the visible beauty of the external world, without intelligent instruction from those of his own race, the unsighted opes to him one avenue communicating with a world of perennial charm. But what more was it to him than the jingle of a baby's rattle? Did he understand the music, or are much as catch the tune?

One day a new touch was laid upon the keys of that piano. The young ladies in attendance upon their mother's friends found yet more to them

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. HORRIDGE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

IF ANYONE SPEAK EVIL OF YOU, LET YOUR LIFE BE SO THAT NONE WILL BELIEVE IT.—Anon.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 166; days to come, 199.

—The Misses Scribner's and Newton's Seminary held the closing reception of the school year last evening.

—A fair and festival is to be given next week for the benefit of Hope chapel. An advertisement will appear Monday.

—The residents of the south side of Fanwood are dispensing with front fences—hence the park-like look of that locality.

—Mr. E. L. Bonney will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—W. W. Kennerova writes from Plainfield that his boy has found a seven-leaf clover in that city. Good luck to the boy.—Bound Brook Chronicle.

—The festival conducted by the ladies of the Trinity Reformed church for the benefit of the church debt fund was brought to a successful close last evening.

—It is evidently hard work for a great many men to pass a show-window filled with fishing tackle, these days, without stopping awhile and hearing a blubbering call.

—The Rev. Mr. Reilly, of Plainfield, officiated at All Saints Church, Scotch Plains, last Sunday. The congregation was very much pleased with the handsome new carpet put down during the week.

—A number of Westfield bowlers will visit Plainfield next Wednesday evening to take part in the contest for the three silk umbrellas and the lignum vitæ ball offered by the proprietors of the Olympia Bowling Alleys. The entry fee will be $1.

—Dr. Kimbell, the celebrated chiropodist, who is meeting with great success at the City Hotel, will remain in Plainfield a few days longer, as there are many people who wish to avail themselves of the doctor's services and have not yet consulted him. He will operate to-morrow from 9 a. m. till 4 p. m.

—The final sociable of the season by the young people of the Methodist church was held in Vincent chapel last evening. The delightful and delighted audience were entertained by piano selections by Miss VanVliet, by songs by Mr. Mitchell, his wife playing the accompaniment, and by quartettes and choruses. Refreshments were served in abundance.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Clarence W. Smith, of Fanwood, made the handsome bowling score of 256 pins Saturday evening—the highest record of his club.

Mr. Wm. H. Winslow, the efficient assistant principal of the Westfield public school, has accepted the principalship of the Tenn River, N. J., High School.

Mrs. Daniel B. Rogers, who is confined to the residence of her sister, Mrs. Amanda Maxson, of West Fourth street, with injuries received by a fall on Front street, is to-day resting easily.

The Misses Kirkner, who are to spend the Summer in Europe, with Miss Bulkley as chaperone, will be accompanied by Miss Lilian Fritts, who at the end of the season will meet other friends, with whom she will journey during the Winter.

Mr. Warren S. Burt, of Plainfield, who has lately been admitted to practice at the bar in New York State, has associated himself with his grandfather, Mr. Chauncey Shaffer, under the firm name of Shaffer & Burt, at 99 Nassau street, New York city.

The second private concert of the Evens Vocal Club will soon be held at the Presbyterian church, Dunellen. Miss Watson, the charming soprano soloist of St. Paul's church, New York city, will again be heard, also the mellow tones of the contralto soloist of the same church, Miss Tuttle.

A most remarkable piece of embroidery has just been framed by Mr. S. P. Flowers, of Plainfield, for Mrs. Frank Wyckoff, of Dunellen, whose handiwork and property it is. The work has been pronounced a masterpiece by the fortunate few who have seen it, and the more it is studied the more points of excellency are discovered. There are nearly an hundred colors in the design, which represents a cluster of water-lilies plucked from the water and arranged over the branch of a tree. The blending of the colors is so true to nature and the arrangement throughout is so skillful that the lilies and the branch on which they rest seem to be real. The work is valued hundreds of dollars.

SOLD PEANUTS FOR CHARITY.

A Merry Time by a Congregational Band.

The grounds of Mr. W. I. Kaeler at Westfield presented a beautiful spectacle, Thursday evening, under the brilliant illumination to which the Mission Band of the Congregational church treated them on the occasion of their annual lawn party. And such a time as the young folks had of it! Miss Georgie Bogert in poke bonnet and paper flowers made a veritable old woman at the peanut stand and many other fanciful dress for the lemonade and ice-cream commissions. There were flowers and home-made candies and fruit and fun in the "Art" Gallery. The whole event was arranged for the sale of fun and finance, and in both respects was successful. Who helped to make it so? Why Miss Sarah Conkling, Miss Belle Pierson, Miss Waterson and Miss Kittie Fairbairn. Said Mrs. Kaeler the following morning: "It was a great pleasure to me to see the young people enjoy themselves, and the children's behavior was charming; with all the frolic there was not the least disorder. They would be very welcome to our lawn at any time."

THE JOHNSTOWN FUND.

Treasurer Myers's Statement.—Over $5,000 Received.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Please note the present state of Plainfield's Johnstown Relief Fund:

Since last report as published I have received, collected by R. J. Shaw..... $11.33
T. P. Bond..... 10.00
First Presbyterian church, Plainfield.. 30.29
Millington Baptist church..... 21.27
Trinity Reformed church, Plainfield.. 175.95
Mr. Geo. Wharton Edwards, proceeds of Theatricals at Seminary Hall..... 240.10

This leaves a balance of $4,110.83, and the third draft for $1,000 not paid, though it is now due.

The ladies of our Relief Association have forwarded some new garments which cost them about $130. As they wished to contribute to this fund they charged $75, deducting the difference.

We certainly all feel delighted that the theatricals have produced such splendid results.

J. K. MYERS,
Treasurer

The city has paid its first two drafts—one of $1,000 and one of $1,040.19.

It is announced that the entertainment at Music Hall will net about $1,000. It was not given next week Thursday evening and will be advertised in the local papers Monday.

All the interest centers in the fact: Is the city to vote whether all of the proceeds shall be forwarded to Johnstown or whether a portion shall be transferred to the Parish Mt. Ranier House for the benefit of the two adopted Johnstown orphans?

The Plainfield M. E. church contributions have been increased to $200 and have been forwarded from Plainfield, with which Bishop Andrews is chairman. It was originally intended to have the fund combined with the other from Plainfield, but after much talk it ascertained that other denominations were discriminating in favor of their own churches at Johnstown, and deemed by the Methodists best to pursue the same course.

The Park avenue Baptist and St. Mary's Rectory and Kelly collection will make their contribution to-morrow.

$240 from the Theatricals.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The ladies interested in the success of theatricals given at the Seminary Hall in aid of the Old Johnstown sufferers beg to acknowledge their high appreciation of the universal kindness shown by the citizens of Plainfield, who generously, and free of charge, thereby lessening the expenses and adding to the amount realized.

Especially the Plank Mt. Ranier House for the use of gas; Mr. M. Estil, for stationery; Mr. Parker, for chairs, including carriage; Mr. Krewson, for carriage during the day; Mr. Hall, piano to and from Nothenwood; and to The Daily Press for so courteously printing tickets, musical programmes, etc.

Sale of tickets, many being sold twice..	$385.00
Sale of design and plate.....	35.00
	$670.00
Expense.....	30.00
Balance.....	$340.00

which has been forwarded to Johnstown by Mr. J. K. Myers, as a part of the Relief fund.

THE COMMITTEE.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Workers' Training Class will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 9 a. m.

Gospel service will be held in Reform Hall at 9:15 a. m. and at four p. m. All are invited to attend.

Bishop McNamara and others will speak at an outdoor meeting near the Grove street bridge at 4 p. m. It is desired that all Protestants and Catholics attend.

The Rev. Asa Reed Ditts, pastor of the Park avenue church, will deliver the address at the Children's Day services of the Westfield Baptist church in the afternoon.

The services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow will include preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Asa Reed Ditts, at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "The Best Veil".

"Christ the Neighbour That You Need"—Luke x:25-37; will be the subject at the Hall, No. 6 East Front street, over the Dime Savings Institution, in the evening at 7:30. All are cordially invited to attend.

Services will be held in the Trinity Reformed church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schoonover, will preach in the morning, and the Rev. Mr. Goodrich in the evening. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

The Rev. Mr. Austin, of Sitka, Alaska, will speak in the Crescent avenue church in the evening about his remarkable work among the Alaska Indians, and will give many interesting facts concerning the school of which he is Superintendent.

At the First Presbyterian church the pastor, the Rev. R. F. Ketcham, D. D., will preach Morning service at 10:30. Subject—"The Proposed Revision of the Confession of Faith." Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Young People's Society for Christian Endeavor at 4:15 p. m.

At the Methodist Episcopal church services will be held at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., with preaching by the Rev. A. B. Leonard, D. D., Secretary of the Missionary Society. The Sunday-school will meet at 9:30 a. m. during the Summer months, and the Epworth League at 7 p. m.

The W. C. T. U. will hold street evangelistic services at 79 West Front street at 4 p. m., preceded by a service of song by the C. C. male choir, to which all Christian workers are cordially invited and in which they are desired to participate by brief addresses, prayer and singing.

The First Church of Christ will meet at Reform Hall at 10:30 a. m. At the request of the members of the First Baptist church Mr. Cleaver will point out some of the differences between Baptist religion and the Christian religion. Pertinent questions are solicited. 19 m. "In Memory of Him." 2:30 p. m. Bible school.

PROTESTANTS AND CATHOLICS are invited to outdoor service TO-MORROW AFTERNOON at four o'clock

AT THE BROOK

near Grove street BRIDGE. Bishop McNamara and others will speak. We want a thousand voices to sing American, French, Irish and German hymns.

SOMERVILLE SPITEFUL.

Chagrined at Our Victory. She Calls Us Names.

There are three weekly papers published at Somerville, and each one this week devoted considerable space to trying to explain the base-ball victory the Crescents recently achieved over the West Ends. The comments of The Gazette and The Messenger have already been furnished to Plainfield readers by The News. Last of all comes The Democrat, which explains in this wise:

"If Je ves beats it, prepare to stand them now," though, on second consideration, gets and bear it, for a bad case of route-dazzle is the best thing. Indeed, it is not likely to happen again.

"The story of the game is as follows:

"In the first inning Hartman was thumbed, but in the second Davenport made a hit, advanced to third on Frellinghuysen's hit, and scored on a passed ball. The score stood even until the 6th inning, when four hits, a passed ball and an error allowed the Crescents to score four runs and the game.

"The way the Plainfield contingent yelled was a caution. Their joy, however, was short-lived, for in the 8th inning Hartman led off with a three-bagger over the left field fence, and single by Berger, Conkling and Frellinghuysen brought in four runs. In the West Ends' half of the 9th inning another unearned run settled the game. In the 7th inning of the inning hits by Townley and Demarest, with errors by Carbonnell, Bergen and Conkling, gave the Crescents four runs and the game.

"In connection with the Plainfield game it becomes our duty to speak of the crowd, or a certain portion of it, that accompanied the visitors. Without casting any reflections on the visiting delegation, we must say that some disgraceful, unruly, boisterous and insulting gang has never made its appearance on the West End Park grounds. Complaints of them were made during the game about the behavior of the crowd, but all appeals to the Plainfielders to behave like gentlemen were useless. The actions of these 'roughs' were strongly condemned by some prominent Plainfield gentlemen who accompanied the team, and expecting to enjoy the game, but who had their pleasure marred by their fellow-townsmen. It does seem that when playing under the Y. M. C. A. standard might bring up a set of gentlemanly followers, not a set of hair-trunked hoodlums.

"A Plainfield paper (not The News) in commenting on the game, refers to the crowd as the 'jumping-off place.' It may be the jumping-off-place, but we hope that such a crowd as jumped off here Thursday will jump further down again, more disorderly and ungentlemanly set have never visited this town, and our citizens were heartily glad when they went back to that 'world where they belong and which is evidently proud of them.'

"One young man, who was particularly noisy on the grounds, and who is well-known to some of our citizens, was hooted down when some of the boys called him 'Pete'. We do not know what they meant by this appellation, but he evidently understood, for he immediately subsided on hearing it.

"The papers published at Pinchgut (the name by which Plainfield is known for want sense), should study up their past history before slurring other places. They should also correct their 'local' items by sending them away from home—especially if they intend to call those whom they visit 'hayseeds' when they return home. We may be 'hayseeds' and 'haywards', but our citizens are well-bred and polite, and always called gentlemen when away from home. They are not called 'toughs', like a large number of those from Pinchgut, whose actions were spoken of by some ladies and gentlemen from New York who witnessed the game."

The Democrat will acknowledge that its remarks concerning Plainfield papers do not apply to The News and that The News was the essence of fairness and courtesy in reporting the game, making no blatant boasts over the defeated nine. The unnecessary slurs that appeared in one paper are characteristic of it.

Neither the Crescents nor the Y. M. C. A. control the passenger-traffic of the Central Railroad, and if parties who may choose to follow them make themselves obnoxious it is not their fault. It is, however, the duty of the authorities where the disorder is committed to arrest and punish the offenders.

Mr. Crater removed from Somerville to Plainfield several months ago. Somerville City is not responsible for his early training. It is possible that his alleged conduct may be explained by the theory that his manners are sufficient of Somerville to do in Somerville as the Somervillians do.

WESTFIELD'S NEW CHAPEL.

A House-Warming Festival at Locust Grove.

A new chapel has been opened at Locust Grove, near Westfield. The Standard, reviewing the house-warming, says that Mr. J. B. A. Wittke's black eyes cracked and snapped as the dollars and dimes rolled into the treasury of the committee that had worked so hard to make the affair a success. The Misses Sadie Allen, Maggie Barnett, Gertie Easterbrook and Anna Kohler sold flowers; Misses Jessie Olive, Mrs. Ernest Myers and Mrs. A. F. Hoffman looked after the refreshments; Mrs. H. M. G. Goodman and Mrs. Catherine Phillips had charge of the flower-room; ladies Mrs. Annie Gessler and her little assistants, the Misses Lillie Phillips and Minnie Myers, were found at the lemonade glasses; and Miss Minnie MacMurray, all in billowy white, was in the fish-pond. Each of the ladies who sold like Mary, Queen of Scots, were just too sweet for anything as they sold out measure for measure of fruit and confectionery. It was observed by The Standard man that the population of young gentlemen in the vicinity of the fruit booth was large.

$200 for a March Name.

In the Union county District Court yesterday a verdict for $200 was given by a jury to J. H. Simmons, a colored constable, who proved that Robert W. Mackey, a local contractor employed to build the Jersey approach to the Baltimore and Ohio bridge, had called him a thief.

Died.

WALKER—At Scotch Plains, June 15th, 1889, Katie, daughter of James H. Walker, age two years, seven months and eight days.

Funeral Sunday, June 16th, from parents' residence at Scotch Plains at 4 p. m. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

B. T. BARNES
ICE-CREAM,
Delivered EVERY DAY in the week, in Opposite P. O. Block.

SMITTEN BY LIGHTNING.
PLAINFIELD VISITED BY A TREMENDOUS ELECTRIC STORM.

Bergen D. Newell Paralyzed by a Flash that Shatters a Church Steeple.—Houses Damaged in Various Parts of the City.—The Successive Cloudbursts.

One of the heaviest thunder-showers on record rounds visited Plainfield between one o'clock and half past one this afternoon. The lightnings were incessant and vivid, and the thunderings were consequently of tremendous volume. The rainfall was very heavy, and for a time the streets ran rivers. The storm seemed almost as steady as it began, and before two o'clock the clouds had broken into heavy masses and blue sky was peeping forth in many places. The thermometer fell appreciably.

During the storm a discharge of electricity passed between earth and clouds in the neighborhood of the new First Presbyterian church on East Front street, shattered the base of the cross at the summit of the steeple and uplifted a few slates at spots two-thirds of the way to the belfry. The workmen on the building heard a deafening crash but felt no shock, but Bergen D. Newell, the grocer, who was raising the awning in front of his store at the corner of Washington street, felt himself grasped by an unseen force and twirled and twisted from his feet, while sharp quills and rod shot from the ground to pierce him from head to foot. When the thundering had subsided Mr. Newell found himself lying on the floor of the show-window at the entrance to the store. His left hand still held the pulley-ropes and iron hook by which he had been raising the awning, but he could not loosen his grasp. His whole left side was paralyzed, and he could not move a muscle of his face or body for a long while. Gradually the effect of the shock passed away and he was able to hobble about with a cane. On his left wrist are two large blisters, and on the sole of his left foot are two more. The shocking beneath the two blisters of the foot consisted of three nails driven in by the bolt.

Mr. Newell was standing on a stone step when the fluid discharged occurred. The flash seem to have come obliquely from the clouds, penetrating the church steeple and falling in the earth by the corner of the iron roof of the awning communicating with Mr. Newell and the stone step.

Lightning struck the stone in the chimney and a portion of the roof of the house owned by William Smith, the mason, of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, and wrecked a portion of the roof of the house occupied by Mr. Moore at the corner of Monroe and Sixth avenues.

At twenty minutes before three a second bolt struck Plainfield, following several intermediate threatenings.

At 3:15 there was a third cloudburst, followed by a flood of lightning and a most terrific crash of thunder, and again the city was drenched and the streets were flooded.

LATER—SECOND EDITION.

Fire at the Telephone Exchange.

4:15 o'clock.—A fourth storm is now raging.

The fire alarm is sounding, and the engines are out.

The tower on the roof of the Stelle building at the corner of Front street and Park avenue is in flames.

The fire was caused by lightning.

The telephone wires centre here, and every telephone in town is rendered useless.

The linemen are battling with the flames.

The fire is under control.

H'O FOR
Lake Hopatcong!
FIRST EXCURSION of the SEASON
and the Second Annual of
Winfield Scott Post,
NO. 72, G. A. R.,
Thursday, June 20th,
1889, in aid of the joint Relief Fund of the Post and their auxiliary, the Women's Relief Corps, to
Tickets, $1.25. Children under 12 years, 90c. For tickets by members of Post and Corps and at the office of R. S. Bell.
Train leaves Westfield
" " Fanwood
" " Scotch Plains
" " Dunellen
" " Bound Brook
" " Somerville
Returning leaves the Lake at six o'clock p. m. The Post Drum Corps and Serenade Band will accompany the excursion. Refreshments of all kinds provided.
Committee of Arrangements—Wm. C. Smith, Geo. W. Moore, Capt. Wm. Hand, Samuel Logan, James M. Atwood.

YE THIRSTY!
Frosted Cream Soda
is all favors to
OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL
in the way of SUMMER DRINKS
STRAWBERRY
fresh from the fruit, is excelled by none.
BANANA SHERBET AND
Turkish Sherbet are Original
with us. Try them.
Our Milk Shakes
continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.
We manufacture our own syrups FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.
Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for customers; running fountains of water for cooling glasses; prompt service by courteous clerks.
Field & Randolph,
CITY PHARMACY
11 WEST FRONT STREET, 11
Plainfield, N. J.

A HIGH SCHOOL TRIUMPH.

The Base-Ball Team Wins Three Straight Games.

The High School team, though greatly crippled, and though having smaller players than the Grammar school nine, has twice defeated a third time yesterday, on the Y. M. C. A. grounds. In the third inning Miller hurt himself and Cox took his place. It was a good game throughout. The following is the score:

HIGH SCHOOL.

	Runs.	Errors.
Langdon, c. and 2b.....	1	1
Miller, 1b.....	1	0
Cox, 1b.....	0	0
Anglemeyer, 2, 3 and c.....	2	2
Paig, 2b. and c.....	2	0
Ayres, ss.....	3	1
J. Sutphen, l. f.....	0	0
Hover, s. s.....	1	1
Lowrie, p.....	0	0
Spicer, c. f.....	1	1
	11	6

LEALS.

	Runs.	Errors.
Murray, ss.....	1	1
Burroughs, c.....	0	4
Halleck, c. f.....	0	1
Wallace, 1b.....	0	0
Stewart, p. f.....	0	3
Dederick, p. f.....	1	1
Sandford, 2b.....	0	0
Erickson, 1b.....	2	0
Mahon, l. f.....	1	1
	7	11

BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
High School.....	3	0	2	1	1	0	4
Leals.....	1	4	1	0	1	0	0

Bodman Seminary Prizes.

Mrs. R. C. Dingee, Principal of the Bodman Seminary on East Fifth street, announced the following prize-winners of the year yesterday:

STAR PRIZE.
Miss Sophia Brower.

JUNIOR CLASS.

Physics.....	Miss Ball
Literature.....	Miss Sophia Brower
Roman History.....	Miss Ball
Rhetoric.....	Miss Anna Ball
Geology.....	Master Linn Ball
Mathematics.....	Master Chas. Maltby

ACADEMIC CLASS.

First Latin.....	Miss Bertha MacDonald
Second Latin.....	Miss Brower
Elocution.....	Miss Anna Dart
Physiology.....	Miss Bertha MacDonald
Mathematics.....	Miss Anna Dart

INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

English Grammar..	Miss Jennie Schoonmaker
Honorable mention.....	Master Willie McClure
Penmanship.....	Miss Alice Schoonmaker
U. S. History.....	Master Chas. Dumont
Honorable mention.....	Masters McClure and Dumont
	Morris Dumont.
Arithmetic.....	Master Percy Browne
Spelling.....	Miss Agnes Rodman
Geography.....	Master Willie Thorn
Deportment.....	Master John Dart

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.
Miss Florence Johnson.

DR. E. KIMBELL
THE CELEBRATED
CHIROPODIST
is still at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a
Few Days Longer.
People who desire the services of a skillful CHIROPODIST would better improve the opportunity and call as once, as its stay in Plainfield is limited.
Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 4 p. m.
Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances.
Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a FEW DAYS LONGER.
DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.
Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, aged person or child can have their most aggravating feet troubles radically and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.
MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.
During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 18,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.
From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following from well-known citizens:
From J. B. Probasco, M. D.: I have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in removing corns, and heartily recommend him to the afflicted.
—PROF. B. PROBASCO, M. D.,
No. 41 East Front street.
From J. F. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skillful Chiropodist.
—J. F. FRITTS, M. D.,
No. 18 Park avenue.
To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face. —Miss ALICE M. FOWLER,
Plainfield, May 28.
From John A. Beerbower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet of corns and bunions.
—JOHN A. BEERBOWER.
I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skillful Chiropodist. —Miss ALICE M. FOWLER.
No. 20 Madison avenue.
Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits is the finest ever used in our days. Try it.
All bad cases solicited.

Special Sale.
Hats, Trunks, Shirts,
&c., at 113 "2
U. S. CRANE'S, 19 Park ave.
Genuine bargains now offered in this store!

BOWLING FOR PRIZES

Adding to the Winfield Scott Post Monument Fund.

Eight o'clock last Saturday evening found the Westfield Club House alleys packed to the doors with as demonstrative a throng of sympathetic spectators as ever graced a bowling match. William Stitt and "Cy" Wilcox of the Monday Night lot made the highest score for the Fancher ball during the past season, and they were to roll two rest of three games for the final decision. "Cy" was in excellent form, as it was the first two games with scores of 271 and 196 pins respectively to Stitt's 166 and 161. The prizes consisted of two gold-headed umbrellas and a silver-headed cane. There were twenty-two entries (many of them from out of town), at $1 apiece. The first umbrella was won by Cyrus Wilcox with the score of 301 who.

Umbrella No. 2 was secured by "Lew" Cohen; score, 196 pins; while the cane was carried off by A. Munn, who had tied Cohen for second place. Both in the subsequent roll off had been defeated and thus took third place. It is claimed by a number of bowlers that Mr. Hurst was not entitled to third prize as he had once bested in his roll-off with Mr. Cohen, but that Mr. Foster, who was next high man with 171 pins, should have had the cane. The committee, however, didn't seem to see it that way. The prizes for the third match consisted of two gold-headed canes. The contestants were ten entries at $1 each. Geo. Craig captured the first honor by a score of 194 pins, while Mr. Foster secured the right to wear the second blazer by a score of 192 pins. The silver pencil will adorn the watch chain of "Ike" Seeley, who earned it by making the next highest score, 172 pins. The event added $44.50 to the monument fund.

Bodman Seminary Prizes.

Their 63d Anniversary.

The Willow Grove Sunday-school at Westfield celebrated their sixty third anniversary last Sunday afternoon with appropriate exercises. Rev. Mr. W. Cadwell, Joseph Greaves and Alfred R. Taylor participated and The Secretary, Mr. Isaac H. Lambert, read a report showing a flourishing state of affairs, and a generous collection was taken. The singing was a hearty feature and included a number by the infant class "In the Vineyard of Our Father".

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE
SAY
We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.
* * *
We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 25c each.
* * *
This a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.
* * *
They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.
* * *
This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 38c cheap at 50c.
* * *
A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 20c. Send down for one of them.
* * *
The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 35c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.
* * *
The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $6.50.
* * *
Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.
* * *
It is a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

L. HEYNIGER,
81 & 83 Somerset St.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.
"I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONSY, PILLSBURY and GOLDEN SEAL, which I sell very low. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of HARDWARE will always be on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

GIVEN AWAY
10 days only.
A Fine $30 SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
37 NORTH JAVENUE.
Painters and Paper hangers,
WALL PAPERS, SHADES, BORDERS.

Where Is That Cannon?

[From The Westfield Standard.]

It is reported that that cannon is secreted in the Cranford river, but that the cable that leads to it is known to only a few of the Westfield firemen. Some of the Scotch Plains boys claim that its whereabouts is known to them, and that they will have it before the Fourth. A secret session has been held over it, or rather about it, in Cranford with the intention that its echoes on the approaching Fourth will be started on the Cranford bridge. We are, however, credibly informed that the particular object of interest is buried in Westfield and that its whereabouts is a sworn secret known to only three men of the town.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A BARGAIN in choice real estate. Three new six-room houses on Third street, near Grant avenue, well rented, for sale. This is an opportunity seldom offered to anyone looking for a good paying investment. Apply to F. H. Martin, No. 40 East Fifth street, or real estate agents. 4-11-sat

AN EXPERIENCED nurse for confinement cases can be found at No. 9 Plainfield avenue, for a few days. 10-3

FOR SALE—A trained goat with harness and shafts. 25 West Front street. 14-3

FOR SALE—A 14 hp. well test. 40 Manning avenue, North Plainfield. 13-3*

FOR SALE—300 loads of manure. P. O. Box 695, Plainfield. 9-tf

MONEY to loan on land and mortgages. Apply to R. V. Lindabury, 681 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 4-3-sat-wtf

PARTIES wishing their canning and pickling of fruits done by responsible lady at her home, address for further particulars, G., care of EVENING NEWS. 13-4*

PLAIN sewing solicited by Mrs. Harriet Squier, 200 Grove street. 12-3

PALMS, moonvines, scarlet salvas, gardalums, etc., at Denton's Hillside avenue greenhouses. 12-4

WANTED—Immediately. Young colored man to take care of gardens and lawns and to make himself generally useful. No horses; no cows. Must be sober and industrious and have first-class reference. Call at 534 West Front street between 9 and 12 a. m. 12-4*

WILL THE PERSON who through mistake took from my shop a satin parasol with yellow stripes and carved boxwood handle, kindly return the same at once and oblige Wm. Behar, 23 East Front street? 12-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 6-11tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Miller, corner of Mercer avenue and Park place. 6-10tf

KEEP COOL.
1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at
WERNER'S
MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

THE
Leading Grocers
are
R. W. RICE & Co.
of
Duer and Emily Sts.,
All goods
Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.
NOTICE TO PATRONS.
We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m. Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m.
RICE & CO.
Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

Whipped Cream Soda
a new wonder
From the Wild West
A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.
REYNOLDS'
PHARMACY, Park and North avenues,
N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 5-11-3m

HOTEL
NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.
Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank E. Miller.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $2.00 PER YEAR.

There are 150 of the coal tar or aniline dyes. The many beautiful new shades in textile fabrics are due to them. There are a dozen shades of color that were unknown a generation ago. The aniline dyes have almost entirely taken the place of former vegetable and animal dyes.

Cure for Corrupt Politics.

Senator Edmunds' paper on corrupt political methods in this country has much of interest. The Vermont senator admits there is political corruption, and a good deal of it. But he believes it can be remedied. He also comes out strongly in favor of civil service reform. He would prevent political corruption by the following means:

1. Improved registration laws, administered by intelligent, reputable and responsible men taken from all parties.

2. The elections to be conducted by officers of the highest character and ability, taken from all parties, making provisions which shall secure the privacy of the voter and the secrecy of his ballot, and at the same time shall secure truth, equality and justice in the conduct of the election offices.

3. The public canvass of the votes witnessed by persons of all parties, and the publication of full accounts of election expenses.

4. The final returns to be canvassed in the same way.

5. Provision for the prompt hearing and decision of disputed questions by the courts.

6. The punishment of false and fraudulent registration, bribery in connection with registrations or elections, aiding or abetting bribery, or attempts for the completion of bribes, or attempts to vote illegally.

7. More stringent qualifications of power.

8. Compulsory and prompt proposals to register, all voters at the election, and all persons elected or claiming election, failure to have such registration, or attempts in any way to, false or illegal registration or voting, bribery or attempting or conspiring to bribery, or aiding or abetting or receiving bribes.

9. A large limitation of the influx of foreigners and of the naturalization thereof, and more perfect ascertainment of ability to naturalization.

10. And last, but far from least, the better education of the voters and their children—an education including the knowledge of truth, that every citizen of the republic in town, district, city, state or nation is personally a real factor for good or ill in the great sum of the general welfare.

Carnegie on Wealth.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie's paper in The North American Review on "the true Gospel of Wealth is interesting as being the mature judgment of a self made millionaire. In our present civilization there are and must be rich and poor. This is the basis of his proposition. Mr. Carnegie even says it is best that it should be so.

But the most interesting part of his paper is that in which he speaks of the disposition a rich man should make of his wealth. It is mere vulgarity and ostentation to leave immense estates to children and heirs. The rich man should provide sufficient incomes for the women of his family to live well. He should also leave very moderate sums to be devoted to his sons, only enough to keep them from want, for the inheritance of immense wealth is a curse to young men. After thus providing for those dependent on him, the much moneyed man should devote, during his lifetime, the rest of his wealth to the good of community. He is a trustee for the poor, and must, if truly civilized, look on himself in that light. He is strictly bound in duty to administer his surplus revenues in the manner which, in his judgment, is best calculated to produce the most beneficial results for the community.

As instances of surplus wealth nobly applied, Mr. Carnegie names Cooper institute in New York and the free five million Tilden library that is to be, perhaps. If the millionaire does not thus do good with his wealth in his lifetime, his estate should be heavily taxed by death rates, after he has loosed his hold upon it, *the tax to be spent for the good* of community.

The Southern Negro.

Since 1882 the north has paid $17,000,000 to educate the southern negro. Most of it has been collected and forwarded by the church societies. One society, the American Missionary association, alone has forwarded $10,000,000. But the north has paid for negro education less than half as much as the south. Southern states since 1868 have raised by taxes $87,000,000 for the same purpose.

As to the results attained, Gen. Armstrong, *who has had charge of the negro* and Indian school at Hampton, Va., ever since it started, is well qualified to speak. The Hampton school was established twenty-one years ago. It now has over 600 students, of whom 140 are Indians, the rest negroes. There were only fifteen pupils at the opening of Hampton Normal and Agricultural institute. The students have opportunity to pay their expenses by manual labor. A farm and shops are connected with the school. The colored pupils earn nearly $50 each annually by manual labor. Gen. Armstrong says:

Labor is the greatest moral force in civilization, and the moral value of our industrial system is its chief means. Students who come to us with little or nothing can pay their board but to labor, thus making their poverty a means of grace, for through the training to self help come skill, character and success.

The graduates go out among their own people all through the south and become teachers. They inculcate a higher morality, and new and better intellectual and industrial training. Gen. Armstrong continues:

The negro is not what he was twenty-five years ago, and the next half century will see great changes.

The new industrial spirit that is waking the whole south is also reaching out and shaking up the black race too.

(MORNING NEWS.)

SAMOA'S TREATY SIGNED.

The Commissioners Have Affixed Their Signatures.

THE ORIGINAL WAS ALL RIGHT,

And Pleased President Harrison, Secretary Blaine and the Remainder of the Cabinet—Telegraphic Brevities from the Capitol.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The Berlin negotiations for the Samoan treaty are at an end, and dispatches received at the state department state that the protocol was signed by all the commissioners yesterday in Berlin. It is now understood that the agreement originally submitted to the state department was found to be entirely satisfactory to the president, to Secretary Blaine and the rest of the cabinet.

State department officials are not yet certain whether or not the Samoan agreement should be made public before the meeting of congress, as a formal treaty pertaining to international questions it will have to be submitted to the senate, but as a simple agreement the state department has power to make public its provisions at its discretion.

The treaty guarantees an autonomous administration to the Samoan Islands under the joint control of Germany and America, with England acting as arbitrator in the event of difference arising between the joint controlling powers.

The Samoans are to elect their own king and viceroy, and are to be represented by a senate composed of the principal chiefs and a chamber of representatives to be elected by all the people. The government so constituted will have the right of levying duties of every kind.

The treaty also provides that the Germans, whose property was destroyed during the recent uprising, are to be indemnified by the Samoan government for their losses.

A special court is to be appointed to take cognizance of all land question on the islands.

The American adhesion to the agreement signed yesterday is made conditionally, and will only become absolute upon the ratification of the treaty by the United States senate. In view of this necessary delay the commissioners have agreed on an understanding that until December next the status quo shall be maintained.

The importation of liquor and firearms is to be restricted.

The London Times' Berlin special says that the gist of the Samoan agreement is that King Malietoa is to be reinstated, and the control of affairs on the islands is to be left mainly to the Samoans themselves. On all questions, however, affecting the life or property of a foreign government, there will be an appeal to a resident judge, to be appointed hereafter, and who will be either an American, a German or a British subject.

The Time for Cruiser Bids Extended.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The time for opening bids for the construction of three 5,000 ton cruisers for the navy has been extended from Aug. 1 to Aug. 22. On the same date proposals for the construction of the two 3,000 ton cruisers provided for by the act of Sept. 7, 1888, will also be opened at the navy department. Only American shipbuilders will be allowed to compete, and the successful bidder must give bond guaranteeing that the vessels shall exhibit a max mum speed of at least nineteen knots per hour. For every quarter knot of speed above this the contractor will receive a premium of $50,000, and for every quarter knot below nineteen knots per hour $50,000 will be deducted from the contract price.

The vessels are to be completed within two years from the dates of contract; payments to be made by the navy department in twenty instalments at the rate of 10 per cent. The cost of each vessel, including premiums, limited to $1,300,000.

Mary Ellason Gets a Pension.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Assistant Secretary Bussey yesterday granted a widow's pension to Mary Ellason, widow of Jasmon Ellason. The claim was rejected by the pension office because it was held that Ellason died in the line of duty at the close of his term, is best calculated to produce the most beneficial results for the community.

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OVER THE FALLS.

An Unknown Woman Commits Suicide at Niagara.

NIAGARA FALLS, June 13.—A richly dressed woman deliberately plunged into the rapids Saturday afternoon and was carried over the American falls. The body was recovered almost immediately after in the river below and was towed to the Canada side. All the clothing below the waist, excepting the shoes and stockings, had been torn off. On her left arm a deep gash made by the rocks.

The body identified as that of a woman who arrived here on the 3:10 p. m. train from Buffalo. She went direct to the park, and a few minutes later was seen to plunge into the rapids, after leaving some letters through the shallow water. She was a woman of large build, about 40 years old, with black, wavy hair and a plain gold ring on her left hand. Her name has not yet been learned.

IN SELF DEFENSE.

A Prominent Citizen of Providence Kills a Desperado.

PROVIDENCE, June 13.—Martin Mullen was shot yesterday afternoon by Albert R. Olney, a prominent oil dealer in this city. Mullen was taken to the hospital and died. Mullen, who was about 40 years old, was well known to the police as a desperate character. His wife, who was a domestic in Olney's family, procured a divorce from him, in getting which she was assisted by Olney. Mullen threatened to kill them both, and disappeared *and was not seen until a week ago.*

After his reappearance he hung about Olney's office, from which he was ejected. Yesterday afternoon Mullen attempted to assault Olney, when he was shot. Olney surrendered himself and was held in $5,000 bail. He claims to have fired to save his own life.

The State Naval Militia.

ALBANY, June 15.—Governor *Hill* has attached his signature to the state naval militia bill. The first bill provides for a separate enrolment of seafaring men who can be called upon for service in military duty is made. It further proposes to organize a naval militia after the manner of the national guard, by voluntary enlistment from persons liable to be enrolled "and from other," after the manner of the national guard, which is maintained without reference to any actual equipment. It proposes to increase the active military force of the state, now limited by law to "not less than ten and not over fifteen thousand enlisted men," by the addition of three battalions of naval artillery to the signal corps, each battalion to be composed of four companie, making an increase in the uniformed militia of perhaps a thousand officers and men, to be commanded *by officers* with naval titles.

The Louisville in Trouble.

NEW YORK, June 15.—A special meeting of the American Baseball association was held at the Fifth Avenue hotel Friday for the purpose of ascertaining the intentions of the Louisville club in the matter of fulfilling their obligations to the organization. It is stated that the Louisville club will continue in the association and that President Brush son will remain in charge until the team returns to Louisville, where immediate measures will be taken to sell the franchise. The association will not allow the individual players to be sold. There is, of course, no truth in the report that the Jersey City club will be admitted to the league to fill vacant places. President Davidson will also have no power over players, however, and if he can agree with Manager Powers on terms it is likely that one or two of the Jersey City players will be transferred to Louisville.

A Romantic Story.

NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—Mrs. Henry Faurot was found dead in her bed, having committed suicide. She was a Miss Dubrocq, formerly of Baton Rouge, and highly connected. Her husband, Henry Faurot, declared that her cousin, Henry Faurot, a young student, was responsible for the conduction she was found to be in. Faurot denied the charge, but consented to marry her to save her honor, declaring, however, he would never live with her. They were married and came here to live apart, though Faurot provided for his wife and received her to places of amusement. When he called Friday morning he found her dead. She left a note saying her husband was not the author of her trouble, but failed to state who was.

A Furious Arrested for Larceny.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 15.—Miss Jennie Mattill, of Clarksville, Mo., who writes poetry for The Century and other magazines, was arrested in the Union depot in this city, charged with the larceny of $5 from a lady in the waiting room. After her arrest it was discovered that Miss Mattill's mind was wandering, and she was released. She arrived here last night, and this morning she seemed to be suffering from nervous prostration. After her arrest she became violent, but friends took her in charge, and will send her home. Miss Mattill is highly connected and has made a reputation as a writer of verse.

Studying British Defenses.

OTTAWA, Ont., June 15.—Advices from British Columbia say that much excitement has been caused over the presence of a Russian officer, who has been there for some time engaged in studying the defensive points of the province, taking notes and observations of the existing and proposed fortifications. They have visited Victoria and Esquimault, and without regard to international courtesy go on with their work. From what can be learned there are taking notes of various points which could be made available for defensive purposes in event of war between England and Russia.

Sing Sing Convicts Go Mad.

SING SING, June 15.—James Causey, colored convict, sentenced Feb. 13, 1890, to two years for grand larceny, and Frank Brown, another convict, sentenced Feb. 23, 1890, to three years for assault, were removed from the Sing Sing prison to the insane asylum at Matteawan yesterday. Causey attempted to hang himself with a handkerchief around his neck and then hanging himself to a hook in the wall of his cell. He was discovered and cut down in time to save his life. Hoffman is serving his second term.

To Unveil Arthur's Monument.

ALBANY, June 15.—The monument over the grave of the late President Arthur will be unveiled today at the Rural cemetery. A number of New Yorkers will be present. Among them ex-Surrogate Rollins, Surrogate Ransom and Forest Commissioner Sherman. Ex-Secretary Whitney is the old law firm of Arthur, Knevels & Co.; Chester Biles, chairman of the Republican state committee; Postmaster Van Cott and Appraiser Cooper.

Acres of Wheat and Corn Under Water.

VINCENNES, Ind., June 15.—The White river has overflowed its banks and 20,000 acres of wheat and many hundreds of acres of corn are under water. The river rises miles at a time and riverside farmers have been driven to the hills. The Wabash has inundated hundreds of acres of corn at Hunker Prairie and the Embarrass river is spreading over Lower Allison prairie.

A PUZZLING PROBLEM.

Where Did Johnstown's Population Go?

THE DEAD ESTIMATED AT 2,500.

But this Estimate Does Not Account for 12,834 People Who Have Not Yet Registered—791 Applications for Removal Bodies.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 15.—The aggregate number of bodies found thus far is 933 at Johnstown and surrounding country, Conemaugh, 129; in Indian county, 50. This was up to Wednesday morning. The feelings state that time number 45. Ten of these were found yesterday. This makes a total of 1,080. Of the bodies found yesterday those of W. H. Horner, J. O'Connell and Mary Holleran were identified.

Col. Rodgers, who has charge of listing the dead, says he still thinks the aggregate will fall below 2,500. He is finding great difficulty, however, in making up his list. Only 12,500 survivors, out of a population of 25,000, have registered.

Lumber for Johnstown.

Gen. Hastings has appointed a committee to take charge of the lumber that will come from Michigan and other places. The committee determined to give the lumber out in small lots to which applications are filed. Twenty carloads are known to be en route and others will follow soon.

The Heaven-Sent Rainfall.

The rain that poured down on this desolated valley yesterday afternoon was half the effect of *stopping the work* which, thoroughly systematized, is being rapidly pushed forward. Though a drawback at this period, when exposition is virtually essential, the rainfall proved a boon in purifying the air of the sickening odor of burning flesh. The last of wreckage at the stone bridge which had been piled and sprinkled in the drizzle and dense clouds of smoke hung mournfully over this area, where hundreds of mangled and decaying bodies still are inspissated.

The Last Bodies Found.

The rain ceased at noon and the sun struggled out again, and in the mud and wreckage 700 workmen resumed their melancholy task. The hope is that the bridge will probably be cleared away by to-morrow. Engineer Phillips, who is in charge, is pushing the work. One hundred and fifty dynamite cartridges were placed in the mass and each exploding materially diminishes the glut. So effective has been the work of a body of Clarion lumbermen, who have been engaged in clearing the wreckage with hooks, that another detachment has been telegraphed for. It is considered slow and impossible to recover the other bodies in the debris by the workmen are doing all in their power to get at them. Up to 2 o'clock seven bodies were recovered. None of them were identified.

Crowds at the Commissaries.

At the commissaries the crowds seem to increase each day. They are a mud stained, melancholy set—haggard and worn—with features marked with lines that tell their stories, and eyes blank with the vacancy of a great bereavement. The entrance to each station is very narrow, yet into them the crowds are packed, each with a capacious basket, crowd like sheep into a pen. The line is a long one, and those who are so unlucky as to have arrived after 6 or 7 o'clock stood nearly a mile in some instances half clad, in the pouring rain.

It has been decided to tear down all unsafe buildings in the town and burn the wreckage. The militia and the Philadelphia and Pittsburg fire engines are on hand to protect property that is safe. A house-to-house canvass will be inaugurated today to secure a more complete list of those still in the living and dead for the state officials. The system of registration attempted a week ago was not effective.

A Library for Johnstown Lawyers.

PITTSBURG, June 15.—A meeting of the Bar association has been called to consider the propriety of making an appropriation from the treasury to aid the members of the Bar of Cambria county who made to Johnstown, to purchase a law library. It is the intention to make an appeal to the bar associations throughout the country to send contributions of books to the new bar association to be formed in Johnstown. It is thought money enough can be raised to buy a library of 4,000 or 5,000 volumes, and possibly erect a library building.

After the Flood Babies.

PITTSBURG, June 15.—The ladies relief committee in this city have opened their five fine engines are on hand to protect property that is safe. A house-to-house canvass will be inaugurated today to secure a more complete list of those still in the living and dead for the state officials. The system of registration attempted a week ago was not effective.

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After the Flood Babies.

PITTSBURG, June 15.—The ladies relief committee in this city have opened their five fifth 791 applications for babies rescued from the flood.

During Friday 22 new refugees were accommodated and 71 persons were clothed.

Died of Heart Failure.

NEW YORK, June 13.—James Stubbs, head of the great silk firm of Stubbs & Co., probably the largest dealers in England, died suddenly of heart failure at the Astor House. Mr. Stubbs came to America on the steamship Teutonic two weeks ago with C. W. Parr, of East Saginaw, Mich., with the intention of inspecting the salt works in this country and especially those in Michigan and New York. His body will be embalmed and sent to England.

Liverpool Jack in the Tombs.

NEW YORK, June 13.—John Fitzpatrick, or "Liverpool Jack," indicted for kidnaping Derek Sheehy, a boy, with the object of selling them to Mexico, will plead to the indictment on Monday. Meanwhile he remains in the Tombs in default of $6,500 bail. The mayor's wife and Mrs. Inspector Byrnes was 70 per cent., and people who could do so were moving in droves.

Reported Railroad Consolidation.

CONCORD, N. H., June 13.—It is reported that the Boston, Concord and Canada railroads have consolidated without asking for further legislation since the passage of the "Colby act" of 1883. The Boston and Maine Railroad company contends that the consolidation cannot be effected without a further act of the legislature.

An Engineer Murdered.

NEW ORLEANS, June 14.—At Aberdeen, Miss., P. B. Hamilton, engineer, shot and killed Terry Smith, a locomotive engineer. Smith was a member of the Brotherhood of Engineers, and lived in Mirosk, Ill., whither his remains were sent for burial. Potter surrendered himself, claiming as f-defense.

Gangrene Mystery.

MACON, Ga., June 15.—Will Dobell, colored, was hanged at Thomasville yesterday for the murder of a negro named Long last December. John Pickett, a negro boy, aged about 12 years, died of gangrene in Thomasville yesterday for the murder of an aged negro and his wife. The executions were public.

A Big Lump of Sugar.

BOSTON, June 13.—The Standard Sugar refinery of this city has effected what is believed to be the largest purchase of sugar ever made, having bought 25,000 barrels in Cuba at five cents, calling for some $2,500,000.

Indian Outbreak Unconfirmed.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Secretary Noble saw Acting Indian Commissioner Belt at 4 p. m. yesterday regarding any confirmation of the reported Chippewa outbreak and answers in the negative.

EMPEROR WILLIAM WRITTEN UP.

An Alleged Interview from the Pulpit of Weber.

VIENNA, June 13.—The Nouvelle Revue will shortly publish a letter purporting to have been written by the Princess Clementine to King Leopold of Belgium, stating that the physical condition of Emperor William of Germany is deplorable. The latter says he cannot get any sleep, even with the help of drugs, and has intense headaches and is compelled to resort to the use of morphine to find relief from pain.

He bears his misfortune manfully and with the slightest provocation.

"I can never forgive nor forget," the latter concludes, "the treatment I received on the funeral journey of Berlin nor the insults of the Reichschancellor."

A Strange Suicide.

PROVIDENCE, June 13.—An unknown man, about 60 years of age, watched the collars boys procession across the big bridge at Market square. He waved his hat when the brilliant features of Grand Master Dunham passed by, and when he shouted wildly and threw his hat in the air. Then some student gave the strength man a lighted Roman candle and, grasping it in his left hand, threw it away across the bridge in the opposite direction from which the queer parade was going. Passing down South Water street he threw his left hand over his head, and with a shout ran to the unprotected deck of the Shore Transportation company, from which he leaped into the black and sewer like river. Several men and boys followed him and threw a rope, which he clutched and finally let go of. Then he swam into the middle of the river and was drowned. As he jumped from the deck of the boat he was heard shouting, "Good-by!" and again, as he went down for the last time, he said: "Go it, boys. Good-by once more!"

A Boy Drowned in a Sewer.

BALTIMORE, June 15.—Raphael F. Fernandini, aged 8, a handsome little fellow, was standing in the gutter at the corner of Howard and Lexington streets after the rain storm, tossing a ball up the stream and catching it as it floated back. He had a fresh hold on a new penny, as the water was a foot and a half deep and very swift; and he thought himself secure. Presently he let go of the penny to get the ball which had slipped out of his hand. When the boy and ball were swept down the filthy sewer. A man went down after him, but he was not visible. From the mouth of the sewer at the Spring garden back to where the little fellow fell a search was made, but no boy was found.

Commencement Week at Cornell.

ITHACA, June 15.—The events incident to the twenty-first commencement at Cornell university began last evening with a reception by the Kappa Alpha and Psi Upsilon fraternities in Armory hall. A large number of guests have arrived, and the indications point to an unusually brilliant week. The graduating class numbers 177, of whom twelve are women. The class upon entering had 241 members, and decreased to 178 in its sophomore and to 134 in its junior year.

Off for Alaska.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 13.—Representatives of the United States coast and geodetic survey have left for Alaska to locate the international boundary line between the Alaskan and British Columbia. It will take about eighteen months to complete the work. Accompanying the expedition is Professor J. H. Russell, sent by the United States Geographical society and the Smithsonian institute, who will examine the whole region from a geographical standpoint.

Proposed New Route to Boston.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., June 13.—Several capitalists are now at work organizing a new company for the convenience of passengers and freight between Boston and New York. The steamers are to leave Atlantic docks for Wareham, where an electric railroad strikes miles long will cross the head of Cape Cod to Plymouth, whence steamers run to Boston. This will make the distance but 76 miles by sea, and will be a strong competitor of the Old Colony route.

Burned in a Tenement House.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Fire broke out in a tenement house containing twenty-two families at 82 Norfolk street late last night. All of the inmates escaped to the street without serious injury, except an old woman named Kirshbaum and her 2-year-old granddaughter, Esther Goldberg, who's bodies were burned to a crisp. The building was damaged to the extent of $10,000.

A Fatal Thunderbolt.

CINCINNATI, O., June 15.—Guy and Lowe Emerson, aged 13 and 9 years respectively, sons of Lowe Emerson, a millionaire carriage manufacturer, were struck by lightning at their home in Upper Price Hill during a storm. Guy's body was blackened all over and Lowie is blackened on one side. There is no hope for Guy, but it is thought Lowe may recover.

Rio Janeiro Stricken.

NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—News has just been brought here by a gentleman from Brazil, who says that smallpox and yellow fever are raging in a virulent form, not alone in Rio Janeiro, but through all the states within 300 miles of that city. The death rate for the week ending at 2 o'clock on Saturday was 70 per cent., and people who could do so were moving in droves.

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NEW ORLEANS, June 14.—At Aberdeen, Miss., P. B. Hamilton, engineer, shot and killed Terry Smith, a locomotive engineer. Smith was a member of the Brotherhood of Engineers, and lived in Mirosk, Ill., whither his remains were sent for burial. Potter surrendered himself, claiming as f-defense.

Gangrene Mystery.

MACON, Ga., June 15.—Will Dobell, colored, was hanged at Thomasville yesterday for the murder of a negro named Long last December. John Pickett, a negro boy, aged about 12 years, died of gangrene in Thomasville yesterday for the murder of an aged negro and his wife. The executions were public.

A Big Lump of Sugar.

BOSTON, June 13.—The Standard Sugar refinery of this city has effected what is believed to be the largest purchase of sugar ever made, having bought 25,000 barrels in Cuba at five cents, calling for some $2,500,000.

Indian Outbreak Unconfirmed.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Secretary Noble saw Acting Indian Commissioner Belt at 4 p. m. yesterday regarding any confirmation of the reported Chippewa outbreak and answers in the negative.

SULLIVAN FREE AT LAST.

Cronin's Enemy Released on $20,000 Bail.

JUDGE TULEY'S FRANK REMARKS.

He Does Not Think Any Jury Would Convict Alexander Sullivan Upon the Evidence Thus Far Offered—Sullivan's Bondsmen.

CHICAGO, June 15.—After three day's confinement in the county jail, Alexander Sullivan, one of the four men held by the coroner's jury to answer the charge of murdering Dr. Cronin, was released yesterday upon $20,000 bail by Judge Tuley. The judge's decision practically was to the effect that as the case stands, at present, there was nothing absolutely against Sullivan except the fact that he was the enemy of Cronin's, and that Cronin was just as bitter an enemy of his.

Judge Tuley's Remarks.

In his review of the evidence Judge Tuley said: "Murphy's evidence is the most important in regard to the respondent. At the time of Cronin's trial for treason Sullivan made the statement that Cronin was a dangerous man to the Irish cause and ought to be removed. The impression gained by Hagerty's former acquaintance with Sullivan was that the latter wanted Cronin put out of the way. This substantially is the only evidence that Sullivan made a threat or suggested that Cronin's life ought to be taken. If you reject the evidence of Cronin as to threats made against him by Sullivan and the fear of his life from that source, there is no evidence bearing directly on the case, except the testimony of Beggerly. There is nothing of a direct character to connect the respondent with the crime. I think that the coroner's jury was largely influenced by the presence of Sullivan in the vestibule, though suspicion points strongly towards Sullivan. The jury would have failed in their duty had they not held Sullivan for the grand jury. They were not certainly not to say 'without bail.' The evidence fails to show any overt act on the part of Sullivan to satisfy his revenge. I do not think any jury would convict Sullivan on the evidence before me. After mature deliberation and very considerable hesitation I have come to the conclusion that the defendant is entitled to bail, which should be fixed at such an amount as to insure the appearance of the respondent."

Sullivan's Bondsmen.

There were no scarcity of wealthy bondsmen to volunteer their surety. Michael W. Kerwin, James W. Tuohy, Daniel Corkery and Peregrine Jones, all Irish-Americans worth over $10,000 each, signed the bail bonds, and Alexander Sullivan walked from the court in the midst of friends a free man for the present.

The Grand Jury's Work.

The special grand jury made some progress in the Cronin case, but no indictments were returned. It investigated the evidence against Moroney and McDonald, the New York suspects, and may return an indictment against one or both, so that the requisition proceedings may be expedited. States Attorney Longenecker will confer with Governor Fifer about a joint consultation before the grand jury and decided that all the evidence against the man should be presented to that body, so that the governor will not hold sign the requisition papers without any qualms of conscience. All the witnesses who had testified in the previous investigation by the last grand jury were in attendance in regard to "J. B. Simon" were sent for.

The only new witnesses examined yesterday were J. J. Crowley and wife, residents of the north side, who testified to seeing a man, a horse and wagon, with a trunk inside and three men outside, drive into Lincoln park the night of the murder.

Dr. Tanner's Imitator Dead.

GARDINER, Me., June 13.—The East Pittston, Me., institute of Dr. Samuel Watson Goodspeed, who had fasted thirty-nine days, died yesterday.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middleser blue suit Everybody knows that they are the best. Buy it in the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

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Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

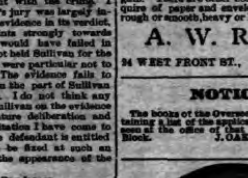
and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 25c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain,

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

NOTICE.

The boxes of the Overseers of the Poor, containing a list of persons for relief, are to be seen at the office of that officer, in Sullivan Block. J. OAKLEY HOBTE, Overseer of Poor



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READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

Buy three-hooped large clear Cedar Tub, $1.20 each. Jobbing solicited. Clear pine and painted tubs from 10c up. Excelsior pure soda ten ounces to pound, 5c per cake. Pure white castile soap, 5c per cake. Large bar laundry soap 3c each. Good scrub brush, 5c each. Good and very low; ice and ice cream sure in and very variety and at reasonable figures. Telephone old number, 5. Quantities of fancy preserved home baked pies, cakes, cookies and spices kept on hand. Orders left at store or sent by mail or express, will meet with prompt attention. Remember the place, 20 Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J.

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Legal Notices.

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Circuit Judge in and for the County of Somerset.

In matter of application for election to fix location of the county seat of the county of Somerset.

Application by a petition signed by at least one-fifth of the legal voters, voting at the last previous gubernatorial election for Governor, of the borough of North Plainfield in the county of Somerset, wherein Bonnets are required to be printed by the Court of Common Pleas of the said county, being made to the Circuit Judge of the Fifth Judicial District in and for said county of Somerset, setting forth the desire of such petitioners that notice shall be given of the election to be held for the purpose of such petitioners that notice shall be given of the election to be held for the purpose of such petition, to be the sum of seven hundred dollars ($700) be ordered and paid for printing [illegible] to be printed in such newspapers as the said Judge shall direct, and that the notice be published in such newspapers [illegible] more than once [illegible] week previous to the election, and that the notice be published in such newspapers [illegible] North Plainfield, in the county of Somerset, and circulate generally in the borough of North Plainfield, in the county of Somerset, and that the election be held on Tuesday, the 30th day of May, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, between the hours of seven o'clock in the forenoon of said day and six o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, at the house of [illegible] in the county of Somerset, at Somerville as the place where the said election will be held, and appointing, and that public notice of said application and of the time and place when and where the Court will hear the same, be given by publication of this order in said two daily newspapers of the said "PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS" and "The Daily Press" for two weeks next preceding the said time fixed for the hearing of said application, at least four times in each week and also by posting copies of this order in five public places in the said borough of North Plainfield at least two weeks next preceding the said time fixed for the hearing of said application, and that proof of such publication and posting be made to this Court at the said hearing of said application.

A true copy.

WM. J. MAGIE,
Circuit Judge.

WM. J. SCHOLEY, Clerk.

A PAINFUL EXPERIENCE.

Elongatus Whackster's First Fatal Round with a Steak Saw.

The new moon was making a feeble and ineffectual attempt to pierce the dense cloud that overhung the town. It was in the beautiful but bilious spring time. May—smiling May—had taken another fit of the dumps. Old winter was in, giving squalls, and she weeping, scolding, tearing her hair, and bawling like a lonely cat sitting on a backyard fence and sidewarong to give the neighbors some idea of the anxious look on the soul in the first keen agony of disappointed love. The winds moaned—dismally, the rain was still breaking the record in its six days' blow—super-pluse falling inside, and the unsuspecting fickle supply of contented most consisted solely of umbrella dealers and American imitations of Englishmen walking severely about with their trousers rolled up.

Three separate and distinct times had Glycerine McCurdy looked at the clock. Three times had she executed a yawn so frank, so ample, so unrestricted in its architectural plan and front elevation that it could not have been distinguished from the involuntary Delsartean gesture with which the patient reader of a London daily paper turns to the editorial page. Three times had she remarked that the storm outside seemed to be subsiding, but would probably break out again worse than ever and continue all night.

And Elongatus Whackster still lingered.

Elongatus knew it was late, but he had something to say, and he meant to say it if he had to stay till he lost—the mind of the early cotton mill in the distant kitchen. All he was waiting for was an encouraging opportunity. It seemed to have come at last.

"Miss McCurdy, did you hear that dull, ominous sound?" he asked, in a voice that had a sharp, ominous tremor.

"Yes," she replied, "it was a peal of thunder, was it not?"

"I sounded to me like the bursting of a cannon—perhaps a cannon fired prematurely. Glycerine!" he exclaimed fervently, "if I should tell you what I have been longing to say to you for months and months—if I should give utterance to the feeling that is in my heart, would—would it seem like a premature—er"——

"No, sir, it wouldn't!" thundered old Capt. McCurdy, thrusting his head into the room. "There wouldn't have been anything premature about it if you had been fired out of here three hours ago. Look at that clock, you stork legged, sorrel topped giraffe! You clothing store dummy! Git!"

And Elongatus Whackster got. While the wind sobbed, and the clouds wept, and all nature lifted up her voice and grambled, Elongatus silently took his hat and went forth into the grewsome darkness of the night.—Chicago Tribune.

How the Baby Managed.

Three-year-old Frank is a beautiful, bright little fellow, the only child in the family until a few days since, and petted much more than is for his good. Last week a little sister was born, and Frank was sent to The Hoosiers to remain with his grandmother for a few days. Frank's nose was decidedly out of joint. He was sure that the dreadful baby was entirely to blame for his first banishment from home, and he could not like her even a little bit. A morning or two after his coming to the hotel a lady who understood just how he felt happened to meet Frank and his grandmother in the hall, and accosted Miss elder: "What's happened up at your house, anyway, Frank?"

In an instant the sunny little face was angry and flushed.

"It's a baby!" he replied, his childish voice expressing how hurt he felt at the little stranger's intrusion.

"A baby!" repeated the lady, in well feigned astonishment; "how did it get there?"

Frank was puzzled for a moment and then answered, contemptuously tossing his head: "Oh, it just sneaked in."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Satisfied.

"Willie Johnson," said the teacher, "if you had five doughnuts and your mother were to give you four more, how many would you have?"

Willie twisted the corners of his jacket, moved his lips and tried to think, but he couldn't.

"Don't count 'em up," said the teacher; "tell me right off."

"I should have—I should have——"

"Well, how many?"

"Six—I should have 'nough, I guess!" said Willie, grinning broadly.—Youth's Companion.

Not Altogether Her Fault.

"Maria," demanded Mr. Billous, with much severity, "do you mean to tell me you paid fifty cents for that lot of worthless skelton trimmings? Do you never going to learn the value of money?"

"How can you expect me to learn anything about it, John, when you never allow me a cent to myself?" replied Mrs. Billus, sweetly, and John stole softly out into the woodshed and kicked himself.—Chicago Tribune.

Giving Her Away.

Tommy (to his uncle's minister)—Oh, Mr. Courtman, you ain't a murderer, are you?

Mr. Courtman—I should hope not. What put such an idea into your head?

"Sister said you were murdering something last night."

"What was I murdering, Tommy?"

"The piano, I think she said."—Yankee Blade.

A Sad Case.

Mrs. Jones (who is reading the morning paper)—A peculiar case of dealer was par alyzed in his office last week.

Mr. Jones—Paralyzed, was he? Probably the driver forgot to weigh himself before he drove off with 1,600 pounds of coal.—Texas Siftings.

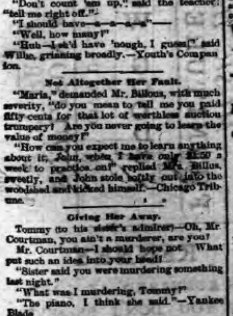
A New Mode of Scales.

Nickleby—That's a strange pair of scales you have there. I suppose they are of the Ambuscade kind.

Grocer—Ambuscade! What is that!

Nickleby—Why, they lie in weight, as it were.—Lawrence (Mass.) American.

"To Be or Not to Be?"



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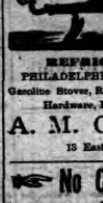
W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa
Is Absolutely Pure,
and It is Soluble.



To increase the solubility of the powdered cocoa, various expedients are employed, most of them being based upon the notion of some alkali, potash, soda or even ammonia. Cocoa which has been treated by one of these chemical processes, can usually be recognized at once by the distinct alkaline reaction of the infusion in water.

W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa
is manufactured from the first stage to the last by perfect mechanical processes, no chemicals being used in its preparation. By one of the most ingenious of these mechanical processes the greatest degree of fineness is secured without the secretion of the astringetive and bountiful red color which is characteristic of an absolutely pure and unmixed cocoa.

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REQUETTES, from $1.25 per yd. upward.
BODY BRUSSELS, from 90c per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY, from 50c per yd. upward.
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Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.
FRENCH CHINA MATTING $3 per roll, 40 yards and upwards.
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of course you are aware of the fact that the warm wave has struck us at last; can't you tell why you are thinking of the best way to keep cool? Maybe I can suggest something that will meet with your approval now what looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a
White Summer Suit?
and if you want such an article just drop in at
THE BEE HIVE
and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $3.50 to $10.
Then I have Children's fine White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $3.
I can also show you a Blue Flannel Dress $1.25, $1.50 and $1.98; I have just received a consignment of Blouse Suits for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at $0.75 and up.
Children's Jersey Blouses, 50 and 75c.
Louis Callman,
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IN THE ORIGINAL
and most successful imitation of its kind. One bottle makes 2 gallons. Full directions on each bottle of making a delicious, refreshing and wholesome
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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 15th, 1892.

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Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 6.45, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.45, 10.30, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave New York at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays: Leave Plainfield at 8.30, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave New York at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

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Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 6.05, 6.45, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 11.45 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays: Leave Plainfield at 8.30, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 8.05, 9.45, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.04, 2.30, 4.30, 5.45, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30 p. m. Sundays: Leave Plainfield at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 8.05, 9.45, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.04, 2.30, 4.30, 5.45, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Bound Brook, Allentown, Phillipsburg, Easton, Harrisburg, Manchester and Lancaster, Pa., Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Washington, Baltimore, Cleveland, Columbus, Indianapolis, Upper Canada, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Elmira, Binghamton, Oswego, Syracuse, Rochester, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Pacific Coast points, 7.45 a. m., 4.30 p. m. For Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 4.30 p. m. For Lambertville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Delmar, Wilmington, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, etc., 7.45 and 9.45 a. m., 4.30 p. m. For Pittsburg, Buffalo, Cleveland, Columbus, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, Kansas City, Omaha, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Pacific Coast points, 9.45 a. m., 4.30 p. m. For Lambertville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Delmar, Wilmington, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, etc., 9.45 a. m. For Pittsburg, 4.30 p. m. For Easton, Phillipsburg, Bound Brook, Somerville, etc., 7.45 a. m., 4.30 p. m. On Sundays at 4.30 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 8.05, 10.30 a. m., 2.30, 4.30, 5.45, 6.30 p. m. Sundays, (except Ocean Grove) 8.30 and 9.30 a. m. For Perth Amboy 7.45, 8.05, 10.30 a. m., 2.30, 4.30, 6.30 p. m. Sundays, 8.30 and 9.30 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 7.00, 9.10, 9.30, 10.00, 11.50 a. m., 2.40, 4.00, 5.22, 6.00, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.00, 9.10, 10.30 a. m., 4.00, 5.22, 6.00, 8.00 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 7.00, 9.10, 9.30, 10.00, 11.50 a. m., 2.40, 4.00, 5.22, 6.00, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.00, 9.10, 10.30 a. m., 4.00, 5.22, 6.00, 8.00 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.00, 9.10, 9.30, 10.00, 11.50 a. m., 2.40, 4.00, 5.22, 6.00, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.00, 9.10, 10.30 a. m., 4.00, 5.22, 6.00, 8.00 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.00 a. m., 1.15 and 3.30 p. m. ARRIVE—7.30, 8.30, 11.45 a. m., 12.30, 3.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m., and 4.30 p. m. ARRIVE—9.30 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.

THURSDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m., and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturday closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to receive or call for mail.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows.

Direct pouch for Newark, N. J., in 3 p. m. mail.

ESTEY
SAVE MONEY
by buying the ESTEY. Its use will prove to you that it is the best piano made and until you have bought the ESTEY you will not have the best piano for the money. Every piano that is made is claimed by its manufacturer to be superior to all others, but besides this there are many other pianos, but besides this there are many other pianos which are claimed to be equal to the ESTEY, but there is no piano that is claimed to be superior to the ESTEY. Therefore all pianos that are claimed to be equal to the ESTEY are inferior to the ESTEY. Therefore the ESTEY is the best piano made. Therefore you should buy the ESTEY. Therefore you will save money by buying the ESTEY. Therefore you will have the best piano for the money by buying the ESTEY. Therefore you will have the best piano made by buying the ESTEY. Therefore you will have the best piano made for the money by buying the ESTEY. Therefore you will have the best piano made for the money by buying the ESTEY. Therefore you will have the best piano made for the money

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

That Was Very Popular Half a Century Ago.

The one we Met, Twas in a Crowd," was written by Thomas Haynes Bayly. He also composed the music to which it is sung. The words are as follows:

We met—'twas in a crowd,
And I thought he would shun me;
He caught not my proudest tone,
For his eye was upon me.
His spoke—his words were cold,
And his smile was unaltered;
I knew now much he felt,
For his tones would twice faltered;
I wore my bridal robe,
And I rivaled its whiteness;
Bright gems were in my hair,
And I hated their brightness!
He called me by my name—
As the brother sometimes—
Oh! then had been the cause of this anguish, my mother!

And once again we met;
And a fair girl was near him;
He smiled and whispered low,
As I once used to hear him;
She beat upon the lute,
Once 'twas mine, and mine only—
I wept, for I deserved
To feel what I felt lonely;
And she will be his bride!
At the altar he will give her
The love that was true once
For a heartless deceiver:
The world may think "a gay,
Forgetful fellow" he is;
Oh! then had been the cause of this anguish, my mother!

About Ourselves.

The average weight of male adults is 133 pounds; of women, about 110 pounds. The average height of American recruits is about 5 feet 9 inches; the average height of well built men is 5 feet 9 inches; of women, 5 feet 4 inches. One inch of height should add two pounds of weight. The specific gravity of the body ranges from 0.950 to 1.070. The heart weighs 268 grammes in women and 330 grammes (nearly) ounces in men. The average weight is 293 grammes. The period of its maximum weight is between 50 and 60. The amount of blood in the body is one-thirteenth the weight of the body, or 5 or 6 quarts, or 11 or 12 pounds. A man dies when he has lost a fifth of his blood. The heart with each contraction ejects 6 ounces of blood from each ventricle, or a quantity in the left ventricle of one-fourth of an atmosphere. The heart sends all the blood around the body twice every minute, or in about thirty-five contractions.

A deadly poison injected into a vein kills in fifteen seconds, on the average; injected under the skin, in four minutes. A cubic millimetre of blood contains 5,000,000 blood cells in men, 4,500,000 in women. There are 300 red cells to every one white blood cell. The red cell has an average diameter of 1-3300 inch, the white cells of 1-2500 inch. The specific gravity of the blood is 1.055. The frequency of the pulse in the new born is 130; in infants of 1 year, 110; at 7 to 14 years, 85; in adult man, 72; woman, 80. The respirations are one-fourth as rapid as the pulse.

Minute Penmanship.

Pliny, the elder, who wrote during the First century of the Christian era, mentions the fact that there existed, even at that early date, a copy of Homer's Iliad which was said to be completely hidden in the shell of a hen's egg. Professor Ochriseler, a German inventor of a microscopic process, in order to offset the wonder reached for by Pliny, translated both the "Iliad" and the "Odyssey" in so small a compass that the volume containing both books complete could be with ease hidden in the shell of an English walnut in the year 1881. The Chicago Inter Ocean made mention of a gentleman who had written the entire first chapter of the gospel of St. John on the back side of a postal card. That little notice, innocent as it was, caused the editor several sleepless nights.

Within the last three days postal cards and slips of paper with minute specimens of penmanship began to pour in from all directions. Among the hundreds of samples submitted for inspection the editor acknowledged that the greatest curiosity was a postal card from John J. Taylor, of Streator, Ills., upon which was written 4,107 words in legible characters, the whole embracing the first, second and third chapters of St. John and nineteen verses of the fourth chapter of the same book, the sixth and seventh chapters of St. Matthew, besides having nine words in which mistakes occurred crossed out. All of this wonderful production, which the editor acknowledges he could make three columns of his paper set in minion type, could be plainly read with the naked eye.

Comical Water.

We know that water exists in three forms upon our earth: that the solid and liquid water covers nearly three-fourths of its surface, and that the air above contains water in the gaseous state. But the law of gaseous diffusion of water is not so generally understood, though very simple. Wherever water exists, or can exist, in free space, or is occupied by other gases than its own vapor, it evaporates into that space until the space is filled with gaseous water, having a tension or density proportionate to the temperature of the space.

Thus the water of our ocean being exposed to solar heat, and equally exposed to evaporation into the dense air immediately above it, or the lighter air above the clouds, or into all the boundless space beyond, be that space a vacuum or a gas, it matters not, it will continue to have evaporated until all that space be saturated according to its temperature, if not saturated already. Therefore, the fact that our ocean is not dried up indicates the existence of water, water everywhere. The spectroscope ratifies this conclusion; water, or its chief constituent not free when water is raised to a certain temperature, is found to envelop every star, as well as our sun and its planets.

Uncle Jake.

The largest locomotive engine ever constructed, prior to 1889, was that made at the Baldwin locomotive works during the early part of 1876. It was turned out ready for use April 10 of that year and named "Uncle Dick." Uncle Dick weighed 130,000 pounds; was 50 feet from headlight to the rear end of the tender. He is at work on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road.

As before stated Uncle Dick was the most powerful locomotive in the world prior to 1889. During the year 1889 the same works that constructed Uncle Dick turned out several locomotives for the Northern Pacific railroad, each weighing 180,000 pounds.

During the same year, as if to overshadow the Baldwin works, the Central Pacific company caused to be built at their shops in San Francisco, Cal., what are usually the largest locomotives in the world. They have eight drive wheels each, the cylinders are nineteen inches in diameter and the stroke three feet. These engines weigh, without the tender, 125,000 pounds, and with the tender, as Uncle Dick's weight was given, they weigh almost 180,000 pounds, and to be about twenty-three feet above Baldwin's best efforts.

Where the Big Cotton Engine Is.

The famous Corliss engine, the largest ever constructed, and the one used to drive the machinery in the great hall at the Centennial of 1876, is now in the shops of the Pullman Car company at Kensington, near Chicago, Ills.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Dainty Winter Carnation, Greenleaf Valentine of Soft Silk. Pretty Over Dress, Etc.

Carnation silk lends a good deal of novelty at the present time, and the window blinds. The soft white mull muslin curtains, with hemmed frills drawn back and tied with very large bows of colored silk, are charmingly fitted for country cottages and continue to be used. Others have broad ribbon folded in half ran in and out near the edge, then sewed on and drawn back in the form of an a dado, or up to the ceiling; and fringes, corresponding, are carried across the ceiling, diverging in the center, where a large eastern looking lamp probably hangs.

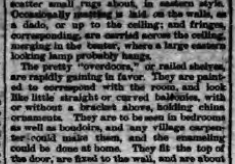
The pretty "overdoors," or railed shelves, are rapidly gaining in favor. They are painted to correspond with the room, and look like little straight or curved balconies, with or without a bracket above, holding china ornaments. They are to be seen in bedrooms as well as boudoirs, and any village carpenter could make them, and the morning could be done at home. They fit the top of the door, are fixed to the wall, and are about six inches high.

Hot Tea-Cakes.

Nice hot cakes for tea can be made by the recipe following: Mix together in one pound of flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder, a pinch of salt, and if liked a little sugar; then rub into it two ounces of butter and make it into dough, with about half a pint skim or buttermilk. Work the dough as lightly as possible; roll it out about three-quarters of an inch thick and cut into cakes with a cutter. Bake in a moderate oven, and when done pull the cakes open with two forks, butter well inside, put them together again and serve hot; or the ingredients may be made into a batter just stiff enough to run, which can be dropped by spoonfuls on a well greased tin and dabbed off as above.

A Convenient Cushion.

On summer trips and country excursions, especially when an invalid is of the party, a comfortable cushion is a great convenience. The accompanying cut represents a very serviceable and sufficiently handsome one.



A TRAVELING CUSHION.

The cover of this cushion is made of strong gray linen and buttons together at the back, so that it can be easily removed and washed when soiled. Outside embroidery is done on washable silk. Claret color is very pretty for the embroidery, which is carried out in the design given, in satin and chain stitch, added Rose said. French knots. A cord or cord fashioned into a loop serves as a handle.

Gasoline Stoves for Cooking.

This is the season for the buying and using of gasoline stoves, which stand out prominently among modern appliances for lightening the burdens of housekeeping in hot weather. Some stoves require to be ground rapidly in favor, especially for use in homes where no servants are kept. One housewife who has had experience with them says they rob cooking of its most wearing feature, the intense heat of a kitchen in which a wood or coal stove or range is in use in summer. Meals are quickly prepared and the fire can then be at once extinguished.

The importance of care in the use of gasoline as fuel cannot be too strongly emphasized, and purchasers should learn as soon as in learning the nature of this fluid and impressing upon all in a household that carelessness is not to be tolerated in the management of a gasoline stove. On the other hand, it is only by gross carelessness and the most willful refusal to adhere to instructions in the operation of stoves as now constructed that an accident is possible in their use.

Most stoves are now so made that it is impossible to fill them while the burners are lighted, but if a stove is sold not so constructed all the purchaser should never fail to turn out all burners before filling. With lay down tanks and other devices it is impossible to overfire the tank or fill on the floor. Before this is done, the burners should not be lighted until the fluid has been wiped up and doors and windows opened, and the room thoroughly aired, as there will be fumes in the room little or no gas from evaporation.

As to the cost of running a gasoline stove, this is in part a matter of good management. If the stove is not lighted until the vessels to be cooked are ready to be put over the fire and is promptly extinguished when no longer needed, much waste of fuel is avoided. A good rule is never to keep a burner going unless something is cooking over it. Of course it will often happen that it is desirable to lower the flame when it is time to be used again, rather than to extinguish it entirely. In a household where prompt meals and systematic work prevails gasoline need not be an expensive fuel; at least such is the experience of a number of thrifty housewives.

Lemon Sponge.

For lemon sponge, soak two ounces of isinglass, one-half pound of sugar and the rind of a lemon, with the juice of three large or four small lemons and a full pint and a half of cold water. For twelve persons a pint with a cover; then boil it all up for ten or fifteen minutes, strain it and set it aside till cold. Beat the whites of two fresh eggs to a stiff froth, and then whisk them into the above mixture till quite white, put it into a mold and do not touch it till perfectly set.

Prune Pudding.

Stew half a pound of prunes till they are very soft; put them through a colander, and flavor with sugar and lemon. Beat the whites of four eggs very stiff; then beat in the prunes, place in a dish and bake till it will not stick to a straw. Make a custard of the yolks, and after the prunes are baked pour it over them.

Ollolith Mucilage.

An old English receipe for restoring brightness to oilcloth is as follows:

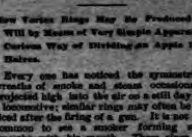
Melt one-half of an ounce of beeswax in a teaspoonful of turpentine. Rub the surface of the oilcloth all over with the mixture, and then rub it with a dry cloth.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

POPULAR SCIENCE NEWS SURE TO INTEREST WIDE AWAKE READERS.

How Various Rings May Be Produced at Will by Means of Very Simple Apparatus. Curious Way of Dividing an Apple Into Halves.

Every one has noticed the symmetrical wreaths of smoke which are occasionally projected high into the air on a still day by a locomotive; similar rings may often be noticed after the firing of a gun. It is not uncommon to see a number forming such wreaths with his mouth. These rings are simply whirling masses of air revolving upon axes curved in some way, the particles moving by more than projected and whirling body of air, thus distinguishing it from the surrounding atmosphere. The whorls would exist without the smoke, but they would, of course, be invisible.



VORTEX RINGS.

All the apparatus needed for producing these rings at will, explains a correspondent of Scientific American, from which journal the annexed cuts are reproduced, is an ordinary pasteboard hat box, having a circular hole of four or five inches diameter in the cover. Two pads of blotting paper are prepared, each consisting of six or eight pieces. Upon one pad is poured a small quantity of muriatic acid, and upon the other a similar quantity of strong solution of ammonia. The pads are placed in the box and immediately a white cloud is formed, which consists of particles of chloride of ammonium so minute as to float in the air.

By smartly tapping opposite sides of the box a puff of air is sent through the circular opening of the cover, carrying with it some of the cloud of particles. The friction of the air against the edges of the cover towards the outer portion of the projected air column, while the inner portion passes freely through, thus imparting a rotary motion to the body of air adjoining the edge of the cover, the axis of revolution being annular. After the ring is detached the central portion of the air column continues to pass through it, thus maintaining the rotary motion.

When two rings are projected in succession in such a manner as to cause them to collide with the other, they behave much like elastic solid bodies. By making the aperture in the box cover elliptical, the rings will acquire a figure of eight motion. By making the box cover loosely at the corners, the box may be turned upon its side and rings may be projected horizontally. It is obvious that smoke is not necessary in the experiment in lieu of the chloride of ammonium.

Is the Earth in Danger from the Drill?

Professor J. F. Jones answers, in a recent issue of The Popular Science Monthly, the question, "Is it safe to drill the earth too much?" The professor assumes the earth to be a hollow sphere filled with a gaseous substance, kept in a natural state by pressure. He thinks that tapping these reservoirs will cause disastrous explosions, resulting from the lighted gas coming in contact with that which is escaping. The professor thinks that a balloon floated and kept distended by the gas in the interior, which, if exhausted, will cause the crust to collapse, affect the motion of the earth in its orbit, cause it to lose its place among the heavenly bodies and fall in place.

Another writer thinks that drilling should be prohibited by stringent laws. He, too, thinks there is a possibility of an explosion.

Still another chemist has investigated the gas wells with telephones and detected their locomotion. He distinguished sounds like the boiling of rocks, and estimated that a mile and one-half or so beneath the Ohio and Indiana gas field the temperature of the earth is 3,500 degs.

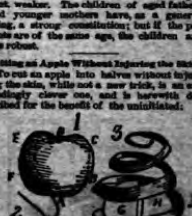
Age of Parents and Vitality of Children.

Mr. J. Korosi, director of the Hungarian bureau of statistics, recently read a memoir before the Hungarian Academy of Sciences upon the "Influence of the Age of Parents upon the Vitality of Children," and in which, taking 94,000 cases as a basis, he reaches the following conclusions:

Children whose father is less than 20 years of age have a weak constitution. The issue of fathers of between 25 and 40 years are the strongest, while the issue of fathers of over 40 years are weak. The healthiest children are those whose mother has not reached 25 years. Those born of mothers of between 25 and 40 years of age run 3 per cent weaker, and those of mothers of over 40 are 10 per cent. weaker. The children of aged fathers and younger mothers have, as a general thing, a stronger constitution; but if the parents are of the same age, the children are less robust.

Cutting an Apple Without Injuring the Skin.

To cut an apple into halves without injuring the skin, while not a new trick, is an exceedingly clever one, and is herewith described for the benefit of the uninitiated.



CUTTING AN APPLE INTO HALVES.

Take a fine needle threaded with a piece of strong silk, and pass it through the apple in the direction of B see cut. After pulling the needle almost through, it is made from C to C, and so follow the dotted lines until A is reached again, and the silk thread completely encircles the apple, underneath the skin. By pulling the carefully the two halves of the fruit will cut entirely through the apple, dividing it into two parts, and when it is pulled if care is taken to not pretty deeply, it will fall apart and, to the wonderment of those who have previously noticed the skin to be whole and unbroken. The same method may be used to divide a pear, and will be found quite effective in apples, if one has the necessary patience.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Sleep, Ventilation, Temperature and Sunday Morning—A Warning and Comfort.

To obtain ventilation by a window without a draft to strike the person, a direction to the following effect has been constantly repeated by hygienic and hygienic publications, and apparently without a suspicion of its fallacy on the part of the public's instructors: Fit a strip of board into the window so as to raise the sash two or three inches, and the thin space between the panes, where the sashes lap over each other, will be open about the width of the board. The air then passes to the air in vertical directions, while the board excludes a horizontal draft that would strike a person near the window.

The objection to this plan is, according to Sanitary Era, that it is built exactly wrong side up, in defiance of the law of gravitation, and will not work. It contemplates the exit of the warm and vitiated air of the room downward through the colder air between the sashes, and expects the still colder and heavier air outside to climb upward through the lighter and warmer air in the middle of the top of the sash into the room. The amount of air exchanged between outside and inside in this way will be hardly perceptible unless a strong wind is blowing against the window.

The way to get ventilation through this interspace, and a truly excellent way, is to push up the lower sash to the point of cutting, and pull the upper sash down within a few inches of the sill, stopping the gap at the bottom with the board above mentioned. The outer air will then rush downward between and the lighter air within will escape upward.

A Vegetarian's Experience.

Mr. John Burroughs, the naturalist and author, who gave up the use of meat some three years ago, is quoted as expressing himself in the following manner, in answer to the question of what appears to be the relation of meat eating had upon his health: "I find I need less physical exercise," said Mr. Burroughs, "than my nerves are much steadier, and I am less liable to be thrown off my balance by any thing. In summer I quite very few flies, and at other seasons I am not troubled by them. I eat one egg a day, usually for breakfast; I eat oysters, fish and fowl, oatmeal, honey, beans and a great deal of fruit of all kinds. When I can get good buttermilk I want no better drink. There is great virtue in buttermilk. Two years ago I gave up the use of tea, and think I am greatly the gainer by it. Certain periodical headaches with which I was afflicted I attributed to coffee. If I missed my coffee in the morning I was sure to have a bad headache. Since I have left off coffee my headaches are much lighter, and the character of them has entirely changed; they leave me on the going down of the sun."

Turpentine Baths for Rheumatic Pains.

Make a concentrated emulsion of black soap, 300 grammes, add thereto 100 or 120 grammes of turpentine, and shake the whole vigorously until a beautiful creamy emulsion is obtained. Pour a bath about half of this mixture, which possesses an agreeable pine odor. At the end of five minutes there is a diminution of the pains and a favorable warmth throughout the whole body. Patients remaining in the bath a quarter of an hour the patient should get into bed, when a prickling sensation, not disagreeable, however, is experienced in the body; then, after a nap, he awakens, according to Practical Medicine, which is authority for the above, with a marked diminution in the rheumatic pains.

When the Hair Grows Thin.

If your hair is thin and threatens to fall or the parting is growing inconveniently wide, lie down at night and manage the scalp. Rub it, gather the loose skin between the fingers, pinch it a little, invent exercise for it with the tips of the fingers. Give it work to do and you may grow rich in it. Part it on the side at night and give the day's parting a rest. No treatment of this kind will produce spectacular or sudden results, but if there be any life left in the hair follicles and the general health is good, it will often work wonders in a twelvemonth.

Hot Milk for the Overworked.

People who cannot drink cold milk often find it palatable and very beneficial when taken as hot as possible. Upon some tired and overwrought persons it has the exhilarating effect almost equal to a glass of wine. The milk should be fresh and heated as hot as possible without boiling.

A Remedy for Headache.

A mixture of ice and salt in proportion of one to one-half, applied to the head frequently, is a most useful remedy in some cases of acute headache. It should be tied up in a small linen cloth, like a pad, and held as near as possible to the seat of the pain.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

The Table Manners of Children—Some Safe Rules to Teach Them.

There is a diversity of opinion as to the age at which young children should be allowed at the table. In a very good tale, edited by Mary E. Monroe in Good Housekeeping, it is set down as brought in when the dessert is served. This gives the little ones a real pleasure, not only to the children but to the parents. The little ones have had their dinner earlier, and the little tasks of answering given by their mothers' permission can do no harm. We are referring, of course, to babies and young children, say under 5 years.

I believe, says Mr. Monroe, in children being taught to feed themselves, and early that they should begin as early as possible to learn table manners; and nowhere can they be taught so well as at the family table.

There are a few rules which can be safely followed: Give the child a seat that shall be strictly its own. Teach it to take its seat quietly; to use its napkin properly; to wait patiently to be helped; to speak softly; to say thank you; if asked, to leave the table for a forgotten article or for any purpose to do so as soon as never to interrupt and never to complain; never to make remarks about the food, such as "I saw that turkey killed and how he did bleed," as I once heard a little boy remark at a Thanksgiving dinner.

Teach the child to keep his plate in order and to handle the bread or to drop food on the cloth and how to ask always say "Excuse me, please," to the mother or to the hostess, or to the lady or hostess when waiting, if leaving the table before the rest of the party; to fold his napkin and to put it in its ring when he rises to leave the table before leaving, and after leaving the table not to return.

A Silent Agency Advocating.

Affectation is always either disgusting or amusing to people of sense, and is deceptive one. It is also as much a mark of stupidity, says Beauty, to argue a lack of good taste and original temper and life which is sure to develop into wrong natural qualities.

Acknowledging a Wedding Remembrance.

A guest unable to attend a wedding should send her regrets, one to the bride's parents and one directed to the newly married pair. They should be sent as nd to arrive the day of the wedding.

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Continues his endeavors to correct prices; keeps his store well stocked with the newest and most fashionable goods; employs the most polished and courteous salesmen and markes his wares at the LOWEST PRICES. This is "our motto."

NOW THEN! In order to give time "all" a little rest telling effect, and show you that we mean business, we purpose making a few of the many advantages we now offer.

SILK AND WOOL UMBRELLAS, gold tipped handles, for sale or rent, 24 inch at $1.25; 26 at $1.50, 28 inch at $1.75. These will wear longer than all silk at same price.

Our 24 inch Beauty Parasols for $2.25. Our 26 inch Silk Warp Gloria Parasols for $2.50. Our 28 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $2.75. Our 30 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $3.00. Our 32 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $3.50. Our 36 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $4.00. Our 40 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $4.50. Our 44 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $5.00. Our 48 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $5.50. Our 50 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $6.00. Our 52 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $6.50. Our 56 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $7.00. Our 60 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $7.50. Our 64 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $8.00. Our 68 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $8.50. Our 72 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $9.00. Our 76 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $9.50. Our 80 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $10.00. Our 84 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $10.50. Our 88 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $11.00. Our 92 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $11.50. Our 96 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $12.00. Our 100 inch Silk Warp Parasols for $12.50. 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Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT, 1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICE, and owing to the very numerous trade which we have had during the past season, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our work and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1870.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages.

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? these good are EQUAL to English Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Linens! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 4-4 Bedtick and Percales at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 20c and 25c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists, the 89.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 19c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 39c, 50c, 75c and upward.

PARASOLS! Where you should see them! We have them in black from 75c up to the finest Silk at $3.97. In stripes and plain Satins we have all shades at $1 and upward. A fine gent's Fine Satin-lined Parasols at $3, $3.50 and $3.97.

FANS! A neat little Fan for 3c and 7c; Fine Feather Fans, 75c to $1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to SIGN BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 25c; and some heavy Ingrains, one cut 30c. All wool Two-ply Ingrains, 50c; Genuine Hemp Carpets, 25c and 30c. Extra Super Matting, 12 1-2c per yard. An inspection of all reasonable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

The Fidelity and Casualty Co

Nos. 314 and 316 Broadway, N. Y.

CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550.21

Issues SURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employes of Railroads, Banks, etc., also of Administrators, Guardians, etc.

Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES containing all modern features.

Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies, of approved forms.

OFFICERS:

WM. M. RICHARDS, President. SEC. P. SEWARD, Vice-President.
ROBT. J. HILLAS, Secretary.

AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD { JOS. T. VAIL. EDWARD C. MULFORD Opp. Railroad Station.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Summer Furniture.

We keep up a full stock in all lines and sell the best goods in the Lowest Prices.

CHEAPLY "REDUCED PRICES." Only Fifteen cents Talk, but you have to put a silver dollar. Call and see our large assortment of

WE NEED ROOM

Have decided to get it by CLOSING OUT

GARRET Q. PACKER.

J. C. PIERSON, Jr.,

Dealer in

ALL KINDS OF HARWARE

and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

42 West Front street. Telephone 126.

QUITE ENGLISH.

A Man's Patent Leather Piccadilly Last is all the rage for street wear; we have them.

Also Ladies' Patent Leather Tip Button Piccadilly Last, that is very neat.

We can show you a large assortment of Tennis Shoes, Oxford Ties, tanned and black now, as we had them made to our special order. Also on the assortment diminishes rather ally would with us, as we keep our goods moving. We live to an age of progress.

DOANE & VanARSDALE,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 West Front Street,

BEWARE

of the many so-called

Black Stockings

The ones bearing the "S. & A." brand

Are the Ones

Money Refunded

Ladies' Hose from 25c to 50c. Children's from 20 to 65 cents. I am the sole agent for them in Plainfield.

H. A. POPE.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,
and 33 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 220.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered wagon. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 260. North Plainfield, N. J.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to. Estimates given.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New.
Everything pertaining to the business carefully attended to. Calls answered day or night.

MUSIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE.

1889
NEW
GOODS

GIVE US A TRIAL.

POWLISON & JONES,
34 - W. FRONT ST. - 34

KENNEY

IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE. ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAY'S

City Livery Stables,

54 West Fourth street.
Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J
Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWERS

at New York Prices, Studio, 32 West Front street. Summer for drawing and oil painting.

PERKINS BROS. & CO.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." MONDAY, JUNE 17, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AND SUBURBS IN WEEK, ON, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

TRUTH IS THE MOST POWERFUL THING IN THE WORLD, SINCE FICTION CAN PLEASE ONLY BY ITS RESEMBLANCE TO IT.—Shaftesbury.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 168; days to come, 197.

—A mothers' meeting will be held as usual in Reform Hall to-morrow afternoon at four o'clock. All are cordially invited.

—An East Front street druggist, speaking of Saturday's storm, says that there was no excessive action of the atmosphere on the hemisphere.

—Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Gray, of 31 Webster place, rejoice in the advent of a son, who was born during the thunder storm of Saturday evening.

—Messrs. J. B. Miller and Bro. expect to break ground to-morrow for their new three-story brick building on the corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

—Saturday's stormy weather put a severe damper on contemplated base-ball games and on races at the track of the Gentlemen's Driving Park Association.

—The Plainfield Hoisting Club are arranging for another carrier pigeon fly. The next race will be from Martinsville, Va., 400 miles distant. Federation rules will prevail.

—Messrs. W. D. Horse & Bro., of The Daily Press, and editor Wm. J. Leonard, of The Times, have kindly consented to give us their valuable aid in assuring the success of the stereoscopic exhibition to be given Thursday evening.

—"Hold Fast"—Job xxvii: 2-6; 1 Thess. v: 21; II Tim ii: 13; Heb. iii: 6—is the topic for the Y. M. C. A. meeting this evening at eight o'clock. Leader, Mr. E. L. Bowne. All men are invited to be present and to join heartily in the singing.

—The Hope chapel people are determined to have a first-rate library, and to add to the number of books already on their shelves they will hold a strawberry and ice-cream festival and entertainment this week Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

—The Rev. Mr. Snellinger, of Dunellen, will conduct devotional exercises at Warren Mission chapel to-morrow evening under the auspices of the Society of Christian Endeavor. A song service will be begun at 7:45. All are invited, especially the young people.

—The first excursion of the season from Plainfield will be that of Winfield Scott Post, No. 72, G. A. R., to Lake Hopatcong Thursday. The proceeds will be devoted to the joint Relief Fund of the Post and their auxiliary, the Women's Relief Corps, No. 10. The train will leave Plainfield at 8:30. Comrades Wm. G. Smith, Geo. W. Moore, Capt. Wm. Hand, Samuel Lemon and James M. Atwood constitute the Detail of Arrangement.

—Among the well-known contributors to "Table Talk", the Philadelphia magazine which claims to be the American authority on culinary and household topics, is Mrs. Helen Bitsch ("Catharine Owen"), of Rockview avenue, North Plainfield. The list of editors includes Mrs. S. T. Rorer, whose name will be recognized by housekeepers as that of the principal of the Philadelphia Cooking School: "Table Talk" is published monthly, and one of its many good features is the publication of a bill of fare for breakfast, dinner and supper for every day in the year.

PERSONAL.

Mr. John C. Tester, of Broadway, has been visiting his friend Ab. Dorion, of Piscataway.

Miss Agnes, daughter of the Rev. E. M. Rodman, has recovered from her severe illness.

Miss Beth. Thompson, of Central avenue, is again at home after a prolonged absence abroad.

Mr. Judson Bonnell, of New York, will soon occupy the John L. Everett house on East Front street.

Mrs. Prescott Vail, formerly Miss Maggie Bird, has been visiting relatives prior to her departure to Canada.

Mrs. B. A. Hegeman, jr., and Mrs. Charles A. Reed have gone with their families to Mount Pocono for the Summer.

Miss Mattie Wood, granddaughter of Richard Esterbrook, won the ladies' prize in the lawn-tennis tournament last week.

The marriage of Miss Josephine Brewster, formerly of Broadway, and Mr. Theodore Wood, of Metuchen, took place Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. James L. Love, of Door street, and Miss Alice Hoffman, of West Front street, will be married at the residence of the bride Wednesday evening, June 26th.

Among the names on the list of New York World puzzle-solvers yesterday were those of Miss Bertha F. Warman, Miss Nellie Schenck, Miss Lillian Conklin and Miss Katie Hamilton McClure, of Plainfield, and Louis M. Hermanus, of Netherwood.

Mr. John Walsh, of West Seventh street, this city, and Miss Mary Callahan, of Brook avenue, North Plainfield, were united in marriage by the Rev. Father Freeman, in St. Joseph's church, Saturday evening. At the conclusion of the ceremony the happy couple proceeded to the bride's home, where a reception was tendered them. A large number of friends from Plainfield and New York were present.

BISHOP McNAMARA

and his Converted CATHOLICS and PROTESTANTS at Reform Hall to-night. Last meeting of this course. Subject: "Extreme Unction." William Miller, the converted Catholic evangelist, little Annie, Mrs. McNamara and usual staff assisting.

SATURDAY'S STORM.

Damage Done by the Electric Deluge.

Bergen D. Newell, whose thrilling experiences as a trapeze artist in discharges of electricity between the earth and the clouds was detailed in Saturday's NEWS, received many callers yesterday and was repeatedly urged to relate his adventure. His nerves are gradually regaining control of his temporarily paralyzed muscles, but the blisters on his left wrist and palm pain him severely.

The rainfall was tremendous, and the lightning was the severest in years. Saturday's NEWS told of damage done to the First Presbyterian church and to the residences of Wm. Smith on Grandview avenue and Stephen Moore on Monroe avenue. A second lightning bolt at 4:20 o'clock, contained news of the burning of the interior of the tower at the Telephone Exchange at 4:15.

Later reports bring details of considerable damage in various parts of the neighborhood.

The handsome residence of Mr. Chas. McCutchen, in North Plainfield, was slightly damaged by a bolt which struck from a flash of lightning. Neighbors assisted in extinguishing the flames.

At Scotch Plains two barns were bereft of their roofs.

At Stony Hill several telegraph poles were splintered.

At Bound Brook a cow owned by Benjamin Billiaus was killed in a field.

Telephones and electric lights were damaged in various parts of Plainfield, but the companies promptly set their men to work to repair the damage.

In front of THE NEWS office there was a constant snapping and crackling of electric sparks among the telegraph and telephone wires. The tremendous crash that preceded the third of the four successive cloudbursts was accompanied by the sudden lighting of the streets and offices in THE NEWS office, while the flashes were visible at exposed portions of the wire.

A singular incident connected with the striking of both the Plainfield church and a house of worship in Scotch Plains, the crosses at the summit of the steeple was unscathed though the woodwork beneath was shattered.

"Lightning also damaged the roofs of the houses occupied W. J. Mundy, of West Fifth street, and Morris Higgins, of Plainfield avenue. At Mr. Mundy's the leaders were also torn from the house.

Samuel Smalley, the ice-dealer, while handling the ice-tongs during the storm was most severely stunned by a fearful flash. He was stayed him at once for some time he could not release the tongs from his grasp.

Yesterday was clear, balmy and oppressive. There was a cool breeze this morning, but the thermometer held its own, hovering between 80 and 90 degrees. No electric manifestations, prevail this afternoon.

A CLOSE GAME OF BALL.

Potter's No. 1 Beat Potter's No. 2 by One Run.

An interesting game of base-ball was played on the grounds opposite the Potter Press Works Saturday morning between the "first" and "second" Potter nines.

The general play by both nines was good. Elias and Randall were both hit hard, the former being knocked out of the box in the third innings. The fielding of Poole, Scott, Hawkins and Carl was good. The score was as follows:

POTTER'S NO. 1.

	R.	1B.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Lee, c., p.	3	2	2	7	6	1
Dorrier, p., c.	2	1	1	4	7	0
Jno. Evans, c. f.	1	1	0	1	0	0
Suttpen, s.	2	3	2	2	6	1
Gleaner, 2 b.	1	2	1	3	2	0
Milburn, 1 f.	1	1	0	0	0	1
Overbaugh, 3 b.	2	3	2	2	4	0
Babcock, 1 b.	2	2	2	8	0	0
Bird, r. f.	1	1	0	0	0	0
	15	17	10	27	25	3

POTTER'S NO. 2.

	R.	1B.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Anderson, 2 b., c.	2	2	1	1	2	1
Zeller, p., 3 b.	2	2	1	1	6	3
Jas. Evans, 1 b.	2	1	0	7	0	1
Poole, r. f.	1	2	1	1	0	1
Carl, s. f.	1	2	1	1	3	1
Scott, l. f.	1	1	0	1	0	0
Myers, c.	2	2	2	3	3	0
Hawkins, c. f.	1	1	0	2	1	1
Randall, 3 b., p.	0	0	0	1	4	0
	14	13	6	+23	19	10

+Babcock out interfering with fielder.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Potter's No. 1.	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	10	15—15
Potter's No. 2.	3	0	5	1	0	1	0	0	4	—14

+Winning run made; no man out.

Earned runs, No. 1, 7. No. 2, 4. Two base hits, Lee, Dorrier, Carl and Myers. Three base hits, Overbaugh and Babcock. Struck out, No. 1, 5. No. 2, 3. Left on base, No. 1, 7. No. 2, 7. Base on balls, No. 1, 2. No. 2, 5. Umpires, Messrs. Duckworth and Rankin. Scorer, Joe Brown. Time of game 2 hours and 15 minutes.

A Reception at the High School.

The classes of '87 and '88 of the Plainfield High School will tender a reception to the graduating class of the '89 at Assembly Hall the evening of commencement day, June 27th. The classes extend a most cordial invitation to the alumni of the High School to be present. The newly-fitted science rooms and cabinets will be open for inspection. Every member of the alumni will be entitled to two tickets, which may be obtained of the chairmen of the committee, Mr. W. N. Chamberlin, of 21 Madison avenue. Early application should be made, and applicants should state the class in which they were graduated.

—Children's Day was appropriately observed at Chimney Rock chapel yesterday, in the presence of a large audience. Addresses were made by the Superintendent, Mr. Wm. A. Coddington, of this city, and others.

STRAWBERRY AND ICE-CREAM

FESTIVAL

and ENTERTAINMENT for the benefit of the HOPE CHAPEL

SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARY

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS

June 19 and 20.

A first-class programme will be provided each evening.

Admission, 10 cents. 2*

AS OTHERS SEE US.

Pleasant Words from a Popular Contemporary.

The enterprising Commuter, whose publication office is at No. 278 Broadway, New York, and whose circulation has already reached 10,000 copies, publishes this week the following:

Mr. James Hardy, the live Yankee belle of Plainfield, has contracted to build three more handsome residences in that elegant city of homes. One is a Queen Anne for Mr. Charles T. Kenyon on Central avenue, near Ninth street, one for Mr. A. Overton, on Rockview avenue, near Mr. H. A. McGee's, and the other is for Isaac Brokaw, the prosperous real estate agent of North Plainfield, also on Rockview avenue, next to Mr. Overton's. That man Hardy is demonstrating his right to live in grand shape. The way he has "caught on" in a short time is a wonderful sermon to those who imagine themselves well established and known by everybody, who are, of course, always anxious to hunt them whether invited so to do or not! Hardy believes in the good old adage "Cast your bread upon the waters," viz., but if it doesn't "come back" in a reasonable number of days he takes a canoe and goes after it. He would be just the man to tackle the Westfield school building.

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, with its excellent enterprise, is now reaping the terrible Johnstown disaster than it started in to raise money for the relief of the sufferers. The prompt rigousness of the people, and the generous remittances of cash to THE NEWS demonstrated two things: first, that the residents of the splendid little city are human beings with warm sympathetic hearts and, second, that THE COMMUTER was right when it said THE NEWS was popular. The manner in which THE NEWS handled the matter was characteristic of the paper, and, naturally, its kind contemporary, The Press, followed suit. In a few days THE NEWS office, while flashes were visible at exposed portions of the wire.

A singular incident connected with the striking of both the Plainfield church and a house of worship in Scotch Plains, the crosses at the summit of the steeple was unscathed though the woodwork beneath was shattered.

"Lightning also damaged the roofs of the houses occupied W. J. Mundy, of West Fifth street, and Morris Higgins, of Plainfield avenue. At Mr. Mundy's the leaders were also torn from the house.

Samuel Smalley, the ice-dealer, while handling the ice-tongs during the storm was most severely stunned by a fearful flash. He was stayed him at once for some time he could not release the tongs from his grasp.

Yesterday was clear, balmy and oppressive. There was a cool breeze this morning, but the thermometer held its own, hovering between 80 and 90 degrees. No electric manifestations, prevail this afternoon.

A CLOSE GAME OF BALL.

Potter's No. 1 Beat Potter's No. 2 by One Run.

An interesting game of base-ball was played on the grounds opposite the Potter Press Works Saturday morning between the "first" and "second" Potter nines.

The general play by both nines was good. Elias and Randall were both hit hard, the former being knocked out of the box in the third innings. The fielding of Poole, Scott, Hawkins and Carl was good. The score was as follows:

POTTER'S NO. 1.

	R.	1B.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Lee, c., p.	3	2	2	7	6	1
Dorrier, p., c.	2	1	1	4	7	0
Jno. Evans, c. f.	1	1	0	1	0	0
Suttpen, s.	2	3	2	2	6	1
Gleaner, 2 b.	1	2	1	3	2	0
Milburn, 1 f.	1	1	0	0	0	1
Overbaugh, 3 b.	2	3	2	2	4	0
Babcock, 1 b.	2	2	2	8	0	0
Bird, r. f.	1	1	0	0	0	0
	15	17	10	27	25	3

POTTER'S NO. 2.

	R.	1B.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Anderson, 2 b., c.	2	2	1	1	2	1
Zeller, p., 3 b.	2	2	1	1	6	3
Jas. Evans, 1 b.	2	1	0	7	0	1
Poole, r. f.	1	2	1	1	0	1
Carl, s. f.	1	2	1	1	3	1
Scott, l. f.	1	1	0	1	0	0
Myers, c.	2	2	2	3	3	0
Hawkins, c. f.	1	1	0	2	1	1
Randall, 3 b., p.	0	0	0	1	4	0
	14	13	6	+23	19	10

+Babcock out interfering with fielder.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Potter's No. 1.	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	10	15—15
Potter's No. 2.	3	0	5	1	0	1	0	0	4	—14

+Winning run made; no man out.

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AT NETHERWOOD HEIGHTS.

Metropolitans Enjoying Queen City Suburbs.

"The season at Netherwood Heights"—says a subscriber, correspondent of a New York paper—has begun very early this year. The finest hotel, nearly three hundred feet, of Mr. F. E. Miller, was opened June 1st, and already has the appearance of being full. The beautiful drives in and around Plainfield and the rolling country, with the blue hues of the Orange Mountains in the distance, are very attractive to many New Yorkers, and the hotel draws its patronage mainly from that class. Many city people owning country residences at the Heights are now occupying them. Chief among these are the family of Mr. John Taylor Johnston, late President of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, who are at their beautiful Summer home on East Front street, probably one of the most elaborate country seats in New Jersey.

"On Belvidere avenue, which makes a beautiful drive on the edge of the bluff, is the lovely residence of James L. Anthony, erected several years ago by John L. Dunmar. Near by are the residences of Henry F. Talmage and Henry C. Bowen. Nestling among the trees is the quaint little Church of Our Saviour, at which the Rev. Mr. Simpson officiates. The services are very attractive, and among the worshipers are the family of Wilbur Fisher Smith. Altogether Netherwood Heights is one of the most delightful spots within thirty miles of New York."

Among the guests of the hotel are the following:

FROM NEW YORK.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Ellis and family, Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Brower and family, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Dudley, Mrs. Joseph Morgan, Gen. C. Stolan, of Gov. Hill's staff, and family; Mr. August Hinckmann, W. B. Post, Mr. and Mrs. W. Gaynor, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Wilmerding, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Wilson, H. J. Weber, W. Volland and family, Eugene A. Philbin and family, Thomas Purdy and family, Mr. and Mrs. Gustavus Hoyt, C. S. Carper, Edward D. Jones and family, Mrs. Alexander Boorse, Miss Boorse, David P. Hasbrouck, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic J. de Peyster and family, William Lamaline and family, A. Van Santvoord, Miss Hopkins, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. L. Tighe, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Lewis, Col. W. Marvin and family, Mr. and Mrs. R. Hoffman, Miss Holbrook, Mr. Brewster and family, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Richardson, Miss Richardson, G. Crossman and family, Charles Myers and family, G. W. Parks and family, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Barbour, Alfred Bennett and family, R. H. Smith and family, C. E. Laidlaw and family, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Kirk, S. C. Toby, Mr. and Mrs. I. C. Pinan, Miss Pinan, H. W. Williams and family, Mrs. J. W. Gillespie, Miss Gillespie, Mrs. S. B. Smith and daughters.

FROM BROOKLYN.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Buchanan.

FROM ELIZABETH.

Mr. and Mrs. Elliott C. Smith, R. V. Lindabury.

FROM STATEN ISLAND.

C. W. Miller and family.

FROM PITTSBURG.

Jacob Reese and family.

—The ice-wagon owned by Samuel Smalley broke down twice on North avenue this morning.

DR. E. KIMBELL

THE CELEBRATED

CHIROPODIST

is still at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a

Few Days Longer.

Persons who desire the services of a skilful CHIROPODIST would better improve the opportunity and call as once as his stay in Plainfield is limited.

Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 9 p. m.

☞ Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances.

Special will be in waiting to conduct ladies and children to the Doctor's parlors at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a FEW DAYS LONGER.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and only payable after examinations, which are always free.

☞ Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. Those who cannot call upon or send for him have the most aggravating feet trouble realizing how completely cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 18,000 persons successfully.

From many thousand testimonials in Dr. Kimbell's possession we begin to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

From J. B. Prudden, M. D.: I have had personal experience with Dr. KIMBELL'S skill and can cheerfully and heartily recommend him to the citizens.

J. B. PRUDDEN, M. D.
41 East Front street.

From J. T. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skilful Chiropodist.

J. T. FRITTS, M. D.
29 Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully treated two nails from my foot.

MRS. E. TINSTON.
Plainfield, May 29.

From John A. Bentzoen, Proprietor City Hotel: I am pleased to say that Dr. KIMBELL has cured my son in one treatment.

JOHN A. BENTZOWEN, 2d
Hotel Proprietor.

I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.

MISS ALICE TOMPKINS,
20 Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cures the worst cases in ten days. Try it.

All foot cases solicited.

$130 From St. Mary's Church.

The collection taken up yesterday in St. Mary's church for the Johnstown sufferers amounted to $130. The sum would be larger but that many members of the congregation had already subscribed to the various committees here and in New York. A check for this amount was sent to the Treasurer of the fund, Mr. A. J. Drexel. It was announced that the names of the contributors would be published in the local papers, but it has not been possible to obtain any but the following names:

Mr. William Moore	$10.00
Anonymous, Bronx	5.00
A Friend, "	2.00
" "	2.00
" "	1.00
Mr. F. Day	2.00
" Michael Quinn	2.00
" James Walker	2.00
" M. A. Higgins	2.00
" John Flynn	2.00
" William McMonagle	2.00
" Plaitn Hobbins	2.00
" Mary Maddock	2.00
" McMahon	2.00
" Julia C. Barry	1.00
" Rose Harris	1.00
" Kate Daly	1.00
" Maria Tooley	1.00
" Mary Higgins	1.00
" Kate Smith	1.00
" Kate Lyons	1.00
" James Whelan	1.00
" Mary Dreen	1.00
Mrs. Mary Nugent	1.00
" Daniel Murphy	1.00
" Catherine Maher	1.00
Mr. John O'Rourke	1.00
" John Donnelly	1.00
" John J. Kenney	1.00
" Philip Smith	1.00
" James McCarty	1.00
" Bernard Brady	1.00
" John Harding	1.00
" James Boyle	1.00
" Charles Winston	1.00
" Edward Maher	1.00
" John Hickey	1.00
" Ed. Lynch	1.00

Young Men To "Receive".

The Young Men's Auxiliary of the Plainfield Y. M. C. A. will hold a reception Tuesday evening, June 25th, at the Association rooms. There will be an exhibition in light gymnastics by members of the Brooklyn Association, vocal and instrumental music and recitations. Mr. Sumner F. Dudley, Secretary of the Orange Association, will be present and will detail some facts in relation to the camp of which he expects to take charge during the Summer. Later in the evening ice-cream and cake will be served and the time will be devoted to social enjoyment.

Independent Preaching.

Bishop McNamara, the converted priest, addressed a large "Outdoor" congregation of *Catholics and Protestants near the Grove* street bridge yesterday afternoon. It is understood that many are desirous that meetings of this character be continued for some time to come. The Bishop has not as yet been able to decide in the matter.

—A process has been invented to use prepared paper instead of wood as the exterior of lead pencils.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Interesting Happenings in Various Parts of the State.

An artesian well nearly 500 feet deep has been sunk at Manchokig.

A new peach-basket factory has been established at New Brunswick. The capacity of the factory will be 10,000 baskets a day.

Dwight L. Moody, the evangelist, will hold three meetings at Seabright, Sunday, July 21st. He will be assisted by C. H. Stebbins, a noted singer.

George Matthews, of Oxford, a little town near Belvidere, has enraged his wife with lavender and bigness. He says that while he recently he revealed to her that he had $700 in gold hidden in the cellar, which the appropriated, and has refused to turn over to him. He also says that during the twenty years he has lived with her she has had another husband living in Scotland.

Lawyers are searching the title of a valuable plot of land on East Jersey street, in Elizabeth, opposite City Hall Park, on which there is to be a new armory erected by the State for the Third New Jersey Regiment. The ground is finely situated for the purpose, and the work of building the armory, which will cost $10,000, will be begun as soon as the lawyers have passed on the title.

The citizens of Paterson who are anxious to have the Dundee canal reopened, so as to afford navigation from the lower Passaic river to that city, have pledged $10,000 to be used to continue the fight in the courts of New Jersey to compel the Dundee Company to reopen the canal, which it was given the privilege of constructing in 1857 on the plea that it was for the purpose of opening navigation to Paterson.

The Medical Society of New Jersey will hold its annual session of two days in the Coleman House, Asbury Park, to-morrow and Wednesday. James A. Bradley will deliver the address of welcome. Dr. H. Genet Taylor, of Camden, will deliver the annual address. His subject will be: "Retrospection of the Medical Society of New Jersey. With Some Suggestions as to Its Improvement."

A strange episode occurred at the funeral of the late Mayor James McLean of Point Pleasant, which took place at Barrington yesterday. When the funeral procession reached the cemetery it was found that on account of neglect to notify the authorities the grave was undug, and the proceedings had to wait nearly an hour before the work could be completed. One of the grave-diggers was overcome by the heat while at work.

Johnstown Sufferers.

Musical and Literary

ENTERTAINMENT

at REFORM HALL,

for the Benefit of Johnstown sufferers, under the auspices of

MIZPAH LODGE, No. 1, U. O. of I. O. L., on the evening of

Wednesday, June 19.

Tickets, 25 cents. Children, 10c.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 20TH, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

JOHNSTOWN AND THE CONEMAUGH VALLEY

FROM MANY ORIGINAL PHOTOGRAPHS.

BEFORE AND SINCE

THE GREAT DISASTER.

Illustrated by Stereopticon,

PRESENTING 25 SQUARE FEET OF PICTURE AT A TIME.

Proceeds for the Benefit of the Sufferers.

LET ALL COMBINE

to make this a fitting climax to the work of the people of Plainfield and vicinity for the Relief of those so awfully afflicted.

The Plainfield Children's Home

will take care of two of the many children made orphans by the flood, and efforts will be made to have their photographs for exhibition among others Thursday evening, by the aid of the stereopticon, and at the same time give the story of their rescue. The exhibition will be as a

INTERESTING as APPROPRIATE.

DON'T MISS IT.

SEATS NOW ON SALE

at the drug stores of Messrs. Field & Randolph and Mr. J. G. Miller, Reserved seats 50, 75, and $1.

White Perch in the Raritan.

In reply to a correspondent the editor of The Hook and Line remarks as follows: "We have not fished the Raritan much for white perch. Perhaps some of our readers have and will let us all know about it. We have caught white perch in the Raritan River at Bound Brook when fishing for black bass. Use 2/0, 4 to 6 Sproat hooks, and two or three of them, fish smart, with light sinker at end of leader. We have always found the common garden or earth worm the most killing bait. With them we (four of us) have taken 1,200 perch in one day's fishing on the Delaware River by Bryn Mawr. About 30 miles above tide-water in this river the perch gather in great shoals and can be caught by the bush of them, fish smart, with light sinker at end of leader. We have always found the common garden or earth worm the most killing bait. With them we (four of us) have taken 1,200 perch in one day's fishing on the Delaware River by Bryn Mawr. About 30 miles above tide-water in this river the perch gather in great shoals and can be caught by the bush of them, fish smart, with light sinker at end of leader.

Died.

GARDNER—In this city, June 15th, at the residence of her son, No. 49 Liberty street Mrs. Joanna H. Gardner.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A SITUATION wanted by a young girl as a nurse and willing to go in the country. Address "C. S.", care EVENING NEWS. 17-3

FOR SALE—Fresh cow and calf. Address "A", care of EVENING NEWS. 17-3

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 307, Plainfield. 17-3

PARTIES wishing their canning and pickling of fruits done by responsible lady at her home, address for further particulars, G., care of EVENING NEWS. 15-tf*

PLAIN sewing wanted by Mrs. Harriet Squier, 320 Grove street. 15-3

SITUATION WANTED by a good capable girl as cook. Apply 212 Grove street. 14-3

WANTED—A white woman as laundress in boarding-house at Asbury Park. Call until Wednesday noon at 34 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. *

WANTED—An industrious boy to work on small place; must milk. Call on Mrs. Gibbs, Middle road, near Front street, or address Box 333, Post-office.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 6-11tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Miller, corner of Marion avenue and Park place. 6-10tf

YE THIRSTY!

Frosted Cream Soda

in all flavors is

OUR DELICIOUS MARVEL

in the way of SUMMER DRINKS.

STRAWBERRY

fresh from the fruit, is excelled by none.

BANANA SHERBET AND

Turkish Sherbet are Original

with us. Try them.

Our Milk Shakes

continue to be as rich, creamy and popular as ever.

We manufacture our own syrups [FRESH DAILY, and guarantee purity.

Cool atmosphere; comfortable seats for customers; running fountains of water for cleaning glasses; prompt service by courteous clerks.

Field & Randolph,

CITY PHARMACY

21 WEST FRONT STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W. RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts.,

All goods

Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 9 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m. RICE & CO.,

Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North avenues

N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 5-11-3m

HOTEL NETHERWOOD

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank E. Miller.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

C. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

Mayor Grant, of New York, has for a long time been endeavoring to persuade the trustees of the Metropolitan museum in Central park to open it to the public on Sundays. The trustees refuse obdurately. Boston's Art museum is open on Sundays. Saturday is a free admission day to the Boston museum, and nine-tenths of all the visitors attend on Saturday and Sunday. By far the greatest number of visitors is on Sunday. They are largely working people with their families.

A question that has long been of interest is how much beer makes a pint. If it is solid fresh and foaming, then the measure is filled with foam. If, on the other hand, the vessel is filled with the liquid, then the liquid itself is flat, stale and unpalatable. In this perplexity a brilliant thought has occurred to a number of liquor dealers. They are forming associations in which the members pledge themselves hereafter to sell beer by weight. They fix the price at five cents a pound, probably in accordance with the old saw, "A pint's a pound the world around."

The Order of Delphians.

For fifteen years past a great secret society called the Order of Delphians has been slowly growing in this country. Its members are school teachers. Its main object is to advance the financial and social interests of the profession and to raise the standard of efficiency. Good teachers out of a place will be able to find employment through their brothers and sisters of the order. It is claimed that a thorough organization of the teachers of the country will enable the pedagogic profession "to reach that high plane of usefulness the grandeur of its mission demands." The supreme lodge of the United States is at present in Lincoln, Neb. The lodge has been regularly incorporated. Within a few months the order has been increasing rapidly, and teachers all over the Union are forming lodges.

Bavarian Gall.

There is no love lost between Prussia and some of the outlying little kingdoms she has annexed. Many Bavarians hate Prussia as heartily as France does the whole German empire. This is no surprise to read the following editorial from The Bavarian Fatherland in reference to the recent troubles in Zanzibar:

In Zanzibar a drunken Prussian sailor wounded a native. Thereupon a general massacre was threatened. A detachment of marines was accordingly landed from the cruiser Leipsic to protect the besieged Prussian swine and the German consulate, which the Prussians had fled in their terror from the fury of the "rabble." Whoever does not fall down in the dust before a Prussian belongs henceforth to the "rabble."

So it was in Samoa, so it was here, so it is everywhere. First a Prussian gets drunk. Then he raises a row and insults whoever comes within reach of his rude fists. If this Prussian brutality is resisted, then a "riot, thirst of murder, is headed," the devil is let loose and the blood and lives of a host of innocent persons are sacrificed. Would it be surprising then, if the natives of Zanzibar laid hold of the Prussians and dropped them all together into the deepest depths of the sea?

We civilized Europeans are of course accustomed to let ourselves be trodden under foot by the Prussians. Therein consists a good part of our civilization. But those Orientals are so uncultured that they are not willing to submit to every little Prussian "riot." Therefore, they must be "civilized" Prussian fashion.

Extra Session of Congress.

An extra session of the Fifty-first congress, to meet in October, is prophesied. The Republican and Democratic parties are so evenly balanced that there will be a hot fight in the organization of the house. The present official majority, according to election certificates issued, is only three. The four new states will hold elections in October. This will bring in five new members. The Republicans expect to elect all these, but the Democrats are also confident of securing the members from Montana, which went Democratic in the recent election there.

The next house will contain 335 members, including those from the new states. If the Republicans elect all five of the new members the party will have a majority of eight. Death or accident can easily cut off one or more members of either party, even now, before the meeting of the house.

There is so much able material for the speakership that this promises to be a difficult matter to settle. There will be a fierce fight over the rules, hinging on the question of how much power the minority party shall have to obstruct legislation, filibustering, as it is called. Each new house of representatives makes its own rules. The minority party has had veteran leaders in filibustering in two congresses. The Republicans will endeavor to change this. They say that five changes in the rules that governed the Fiftieth congress will accomplish it. On the other hand the Democrats will oppose these changes with all the force and persistence at their command. So that even if the session is called in October, it will merely give opportunity for the house to get a good ready for December. However the country at large may view it, the contest will be watched with profound interest by parliamentarians all over the world. It will certainly be a pretty fight. A Democratic senator says:

I think that a parliamentary struggle such as we have spoken of never was fought in any congress since that the house of commons organized. It will begin in October, we are pretty certain to be in session then, and will continue together. If we begin in October, we are pretty certain to be in session then, and will continue together. If we begin in October, we are pretty certain to be in session until August again. It will be a program of partisan bitterness from the start.

WOODRUFF'S CONFESSION

(MORNING NEWS.)

He Tells How Cronin's Body Was Hidden.

THE POLICE THINK HIM A LIAR.

The Latest Confession of the Horse Thief—Sullivan, Coughlin, McDougall and Others Implicated—Chicago Witnesses in New York.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Woodruff, the horse thief, has made a full confession of his connection with the Cronin murder, implicating Alexander Sullivan, Detective Coughlin, the man Melville or Moroney, O'Sullivan, McDougall, Officer Williams, and others.

He arrived in Chicago on March 26 last, and soon after made the acquaintance of P. O'Sullivan, the lessee. He met Detective Coughlin, whom he had known by reputation as a "fence," a few days later. The man Melville, who is supposed to be Moroney, arrived in Chicago about this time, and Woodruff saw him drinking with Coughlin in a saloon.

Sullivan Was His "Banker."

Woodruff was out of funds and ready for any work that turned up by which there was money. He had a number of talks with Coughlin, McDougall, or Williams, as he called himself, and Melville about some mysterious "business" that was afoot. McDougall was living well, and stated that Alexander Sullivan was his banker. This was about April 20, and Woodruff was working at Dean's livery stable. On McDougall's recommendation Woodruff called on Alexander Sullivan. Sullivan asked him what kind of work he would like.

"I said, 'Anything in God's world, if there's any money in it.' He looked at me sharply and replied:

"'If I hear of anything for you I'll let Mr. Williams know of it.'"

Woodruff and Williams (McDougall) met Sullivan later, and the latter talked with Williams aside and handed him a roll of bills with the remark, "Now pay that rent."

The important part of Woodruff's confession is substantially as follows:

The Night of the Murder.

"To come down to the night of the murder. After meeting Coughlin we walked toward Lincoln park. He asked me if I could get a horse and wagon that night, something that could carry a trunk. I informed him that we had a light rig in the stable. He said that was just the thing. He told me there was $25 in it for me if I could get the horse and wagon and have it at a designated spot on Lincoln avenue at 2 o'clock the next morning. That evening I stayed around the stable, playing cards with a Mr. Smith, a man named Howard and another named Bates. We played until 10:30 or 11 o'clock.

The Famous Gray Mare.

"Bates went away at 11 o'clock, and I waited an hour and a half and then led the gray mare down the stairs. I put a blanket ahead of her, over which she walked, to prevent the noise. There is no truth in any story that her feet were covered with pads. I had left the wagon in the alley and I hitched up and drove up Lincoln avenue. When Coughlin paid me the $25 he informed me that I would be met at Lincoln avenue by two men. I was to approach them and inquire of them where Frank Williams lived. They would then get into the wagon with me.

"On arriving near Ashland avenue and Lincoln two men jumped into the wagon from the sidewalk. One of them was a man I met by the name of O'Shea, alias Mike McDougall, who was also a machinist or blacksmith from Philadelphia. I had known him in Wichita, Kan. He was about 5 feet 6 inches in height, about 45 years old, and wears a nearly black mustache. Both his hair and mustache are turning gray. The other man was Melville. He is about 5 feet 11 inches. He is a heavy built, thick set man. I met him before in Peoria in connection with Irish matters. They ordered me to turn to the right on Ashland avenue and directed me to drive right up to the cottage.

"The two men there jumped out and went in. There was a dim light in the front room.

The Mysterious Trunk.

"After waiting a few minutes—I think it must have been nearly 3 o'clock—P. O'Sullivan, Melville and Williams came out of the door carrying a trunk between them. They lifted the trunk into the wagon, and Melville and Williams jumped into the seat with me. I drove across Fullerton avenue. I was going very fast at the time and the horse was on a lope. A policeman near there came out and called for us to stop. Melville said in an undertone:

"For God's Sake, Go On!"

"'Go on! for God's sake, go on!'

"I had the reins and he struck my wrists and I loosened them, letting the horse take a fearful gait. We went down to Lincoln park, across Clark street and crossed a little north of the Lincoln depot. The road winds around about fifty yards from the head of the drive. There is a little hill there, on the top of which are a number of trees.

"They ordered me to stop there, and at that time it was intended to take the trunk out into the lake, as I heard them say that they had secured a boat for that purpose during the day.

Trying to Hide the Trunk.

"They took the trunk out, but Melville became frightened, thinking that a policeman was perhaps following. They had the trunk back into the wagon and ordered me to drive on. I asked:

"'Where shall I go?'

"'Anywhere. Just keep moving.' I am afraid we are being followed.' Williams turned to Melville and said:

"'Good God, the sewer is just as good a place as any.'

"The first sewer we came to Melville said:

"'This will do.'

"O'Sullivan and Williams jumped out. I was on the horse's head. Melville took hold of the trunk, but could not lift it, and called to Williams to help him. Williams grabbed it, gave it a jerk, and threw it to the ground. The weight of the dirt shot off the lid. The trunk was not thrown over, nor was the body thrown out. They pushed the trunk to the sewer and tried to crowd it all down. Williams said, 'We can't dump it in.'

The Body Crowded Into the Sewer.

"The next thing I saw they had lifted the trunk lengthwise and let the body drop head foremost into the sewer. They then tried to crowd the trunk in, but, finding they could not do that, Melville said: 'We can take this back and burn it.'

"At this time I called out to get in 'for God's sake, and let's get back.' We drove back to Lincoln avenue, Melville and Williams got out and started for the lake, carrying a little satchel or case which had been lying at our feet. While they were down there I saw some one approach. The man was perhaps twenty or thirty feet away from me when I first saw him. I pulled the reins up on the mare, at the same time calling 'Whoa!' and was about to be heard some distance. In a still louder voice I called out: 'Hello! Good evening.' The man, a policeman, then exclaimed: 'Is that this a pretty late hour to be out?' I said: 'Yes, I have lost my way and am looking for the Lake Shore drive.' Just then Melville and Williams came up from the lake and Melville said: 'I can't find any road.'

"The policeman told us we would have to go back on Evanston avenue. At this time the trunk was on the wagon.

They Had Burned Their Instruments.

"After Melville got into the wagon he rubbed his hands together and knocked off sidewalks sand over my clothes. From this I was satisfied that they had buried the instruments near that spot. They did not bring them back with them. We then turned citywards by way of Evanston avenue. A train was passing us on a country road to Williams. I wonder whether that d—— fool will see to the cottage and cover up things, or whether he will get scared.' Williams said 'I think I can see to things,' and drove on. She has more nerve than he has.' After going a short distance I pulled up, as I thought I heard the sound of wheels to the ground. We were then on a country road to Wilmette. I heard the sound plainly and I said: 'There comes a team.' Williams said: 'My God, so there is. I said: 'Let's get rid of this trunk. It looks suspicious from the outside.'

The Trunk Disposed Of.

"Williams got out and carried the trunk to the fence and threw it over. He came back and said he walked the fence in direction until the team had passed out of hearing.

"We came back by way of Ashland avenue and passed the cottage. We saw a woman going in the back way. A little before we reached Webster avenue I asked Melville 'What about the clothes? Have you got rid of them?' He said: 'Oh, that is all right. We'll attend to them.' Then turning to Williams, he said: 'You'd better go out to the house to-morrow and see that things are cleaned up.'

"Williams replied: 'No, we have been around there enough already. We will let Dan attend to that.'

"I asked Melville, 'Are you going right down to the barn with me?' He answered 'No; are we near there?' I told him yes, and they then got out. I told them I would see them the next day. Melville said he might not be in town. 'You have as good a scheme as you want now,' he said. I asked him what that was and he replied, 'You won't need any translation.' I said: 'Yes, I will.' He replied, 'I suppose I stand in with you.' He replied, 'No, you don't stand in our gang. It is every man for himself now.' As they left Williams said, 'Don't strike him too heavy. There is a good many of us.' I replied, 'Yes, the man would have to be a millionaire to take care of this crowd. I will hunt you up to-morrow.'

The Gray Mare Drove Poorly.

"That day I staid at the barn. The mare was taken out that morning by a tall man wearing a plug hat. He is well known by Dean. When he came back he complained that it was not the same horse he had been before. The man said it did not drive like the one he had driven last. The following Tuesday night I went to McCoy's hotel to find Melville, but was unable to do so. Wednesday morning I took the horse and buggy over to Kinsley and Melville, Coughlin, Melville and Alexander Sullivan and got some money, but could see neither of them. Then I drove to Foley's stable and offered to trade the horse and was arrested.

"This is the first and only statement I have made since my arrest. It contains substantially all the facts in my knowledge, and I am willing to confront, to make a clean breast of this matter now."

Woodruff is Considered a Liar.

But little credence is placed in this last confession. In fact, the evidence that is alleged to take any stock in it is the fact that Lieut. Schuettler and his men went to the foot of Graceland avenue and searched in the water with a view of finding the body. The officers dug up an acre of ground along the beach, but found nothing. It has transpired that in the testimony given at the inquest Coroner Dr. ex-Detective Daniel Coughlin was a visitor to Alexander Sullivan's office in the Chicago Opera house block six or seven times in March and April last.

Chicago Witnesses in New York.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The Chicago witnesses, William R. Hatfield, who sold the furniture to "J. B. Simonds," E. G. Throckmorton, who rented the flat No. 117 Clark street to the same mysterious person, and Mahlon Stanley, who testified that he moved the furniture from Clark street to the cottage in Ashland avenue where Dr. Cronin was murdered, have arrived. They will visit the Tombs, and should they identify one or both of the suspects there will be no difficulty about Governor Hill's signing the necessary requisition papers for extradition.

THE KEARSAGE HAS SAILED

Admiral Gherardi Says He Anticipates No Trouble.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The United States man-of-war Kearsage sailed from the Brooklyn Navy yard yesterday morning for Portau-Prince.

Admiral Gherardi is on board. In speaking of the trip the admiral said: "There is nothing extraordinary in this trip, considering the disturbed state of Hayti, and the fact that we have but one vessel there. The secretary of the navy thinks that the interests of the American residents would be better guarded by two vessels than one. I do not anticipate any trouble whatever."

A Bloody Duel.

ST. LOUIS, June 17.—John Manion, a young farmer with a wife and three children, lived four miles from Fayette, Mo. The couple separated on account of the attentions of Richard Fowler, a cousin of Manion. About noon Saturday Fowler and Manion met in Fayette and began to shoot at each other. Manion was shot through the stomach and chest and died during the afternoon. Fowler was wounded in the neck and both arms. After exchanging several shots both men stood up and pounded each other with their pistols. Mrs. Manion is prostrated and threatens to kill herself. The principals are highly connected.

Maj. Roder Attempts Suicide.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 17.—Maj. J. W. Roder, of the Fourth United States artillery, made a desperate attempt at suicide this evening, and but for prompt action on the part of some gentlemen he must have been drowned. Despondent for eight hrs over a delay for his land time, and was in a thoroughly exhausted and unconscious condition. Sickness and despondency caused the attempt. Hopes are entertained for his recovery.

A Long Enough Chef Robbed.

MONTREAL, June 17.—The chief cook of the Hollywood hotel, Lake St. Louis, for five days was robbed of $1,000. He followed the thief to this city, where he located him, and made him return all he had left, which was $650.

Murder and Suicide.

DENVER, Colo., June 16.—At Lake City, Colo., yesterday, Newton G. Moore, an old time Virginian, murdered his young wife and blew out his own brains. He was insanely jealous of his wife.

OVER ARTHUR'S GRAVE.

The Late Ex-President's Monument Unveiled.

IT WAS ERECTED BY HIS FRIENDS

And Stands in a Picturesque Spot in Rural Cemetery, Albany, N. Y., Near the Graves of the Late Chief Executive's Family.

ALBANY, June 17.—The handsome granite and bronze monument erected at the grave of the late President Chester A. Arthur, in Rural cemetery, by some of his personal admirers, has been officially unveiled by the donors.

The monument, which cost $10,000, was designed by E. Kriser, a sculptor of New York. Its cost was defrayed by friends of

MONUMENT TO PRESIDENT ARTHUR.
(Front View.)

ex-President Arthur living in various states, but chiefly in New York state.

The monument is a dark granite sarcophagus, perfectly plain and highly polished, resting upon two piers of a lighter colored granite, also highly polished. The piers stand upon a broad base of granite. The sarcophagus is larger at the top than at the bottom. The upper surface resembles a four sided roof. At the northwest corner of the sarcophagus, in heroic size, stands a bronze figure representing "Sorrow," placing upon the sarcophagus a palm leaf. "Sorrow's" left arm is extended along the top of the sarcophagus, and the palm leaf branch held in the hand sweeps over the remainder of the sarcophagus and falls beyond its northern end. The right arm of the figure hangs listlessly downward, touching one of the bronze wings. The sarcophagus bears no inscription; it is perfectly plain, but upon the granite base there is the word "Arthur" in large characters.

There is sunk into the face of the granite base a brass tablet, with the words inscribed upon it:

CHESTER ALAN ARTHUR,
Twenty-first President of the United States,
Born October 5, 1830,
Died Nov. 18, 1886.

The monument is approached by white granite steps, the pedestals of the balustrade of the steps having bronze urns resting upon

MONUMENT TO PRESIDENT ARTHUR.
(Rear View.)

them. It is protected from the highway by chains of bronze between granite pillars. The monument itself is surrounded by a grassy sward sloping to the northeast. Back of the massive monument is a beautiful white marble sarcophagus marked in old English letters with the words:

Here Lies the Body of
ELLEN LEWIS HERNDON,
Wife of Chester A. Arthur,
Born at Culpeper, Va., Aug. 30, 1837,
Died at New York, Jan. 12, 1880.

Two white marble slabs mark the graves of the ex-president's father and mother, a granite monument the grave of Mrs. Arthur's mother, Elizabeth Herndon, and a white marble cross the grave of William Lewis Herndon Arthur, the first born son of the ex-president, who died in infancy.

A committee of five was appointed in May, 1887, for the purpose of raising money for the fund, not only to pay the expense of a monument over the family grave, but also, in case there should be a surplus, to pay the cost of a statue of the ex-president to be erected in New York city. The amount of money which was proposed to raise was $20,000. A sufficient amount was raised for both the monument and the statue. The lot was purchased by the ex-president's father, the Rev. William Arthur, in 1844, and was laid out in a one as the committee would have desired, but it was deemed best to have the grave of the ex-president among those of his own kindred.

The cemetery itself occupies a gently sloped, wooded hill that overlooks the western side of the valley of the Hudson river. From the hillside the valley, down upon market gardens that cover a plain like carpet, stretching to the Hudson river, half a mile away. The site is situated in a modest location on the western side of the cemetery. Near by it one can see the monuments that rise above the graves of Thurlow Weed, Daniel Manning and Erastus Corning.

A Soldier's Suicide.

NIAGARA, Ont., June 17.—John Anderson, of the Thirty-ninth Norfolk battalion, was found dead yesterday morning on the river shore above Paradise grove. He had left camp on Saturday morning in a disconcerted manner. It is thought he deliberately committed suicide by drowning and that his body was washed ashore.

Meeting of Master Mechanics.

BUFFALO, June 17.—The annual convention of the American Railroad Master Mechanics' association will be held at Niagara Falls this week. The attendance promises to be large and the meeting will be one of the most interesting ever held.

SUNDAY AT JOHNSTOWN.

A Systematic Memory Service to the Dead.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 17.—Sunday quiet reigned here, and instead of the hammering of the dead and the sound of saws, hymns were heard, but the largest meetings of the day took place in the open air. The weather was fair, and the day was a perfect one, opportunity being taken from labor to religion. They gathered about the rough pulpits by the hundreds, and at the points of the militia town freely distributed relief. The Lady Assistants, who took his first vacation since he arrived in Johnstown, accompanying a party of newspaper correspondents up the Pennsylvania road to South Fork by a special train.

The wonderful cold weather has saved the valley from horrors too dreadful to think of. The most sanguine calculations have reduced the population of the flooded district prior to May 31 to 26,000. They say about 15,000 bona fide registrations have been made and 1,000 bodies found. The balance of the 10,000 people will be accounted for. Engineer Phillips states that the big blast at the bridge contained 600 pounds of dynamite, and in the future 1,000 pounds will be used.

The state board of health has begun a systematic sanitary survey of the flooded district, taking everything from South Fork to Mineral City. Every hill is a thorough spot, and when completed will give the board a detailed history of the sanitary condition of every house and family now remaining in this vicinity. It will be conducted entirely by physicians, if competent ones can be obtained. If not, the best men obtainable outside the medical profession will be used.

Six bodies were found by the Signal Service employ of the board of health at this place. The majority of them are laborers employed in getting out and burning the debris. They are working in the cellars and cellars and cleaning up generally. The others are the physicians who are making the survey and attending the sick.

Six bodies were recovered Saturday. They were in an advanced stage of decomposition, and were buried without identification.

The channel in the drift is open twenty feet, and the dirty banks of coal and debris emptied on the drift and ignited. The wreckage is burning fiercely for 200 yards, and the entire valley is illuminated. The debris was searched previous to being fired, but no bodies were found.

THAT AFRICAN RAILROAD.

The Proposed Route Through the Dark Continent.

NEW YORK, June 17.—C. P. Huntington, president of the Southern Pacific railroad, has signified his willingness to subscribe $50,000, if it is stated, toward building the proposed railroad in Africa from the lower falls of the Congo river to Stanley pool. It is also expected that other American capitalists will become interested in the enterprise.

It is said that the way was paved for sending American capital to be expended in African railroads through the friendship between Mr. Huntington and Mr. McKinnon, the great Scotch ship builder. The latter is a friend of Henry M. Stanley, and as both are in African affairs is well known. The Belgian government, it is stated, has agreed to put $2,000,000 into the scheme and a syndicate of Belgian capitalists has offered an equal sum. Mr. McKinnon is interested to the extent of $100,000.

Surveys of the route of the road have been made, and the fact ascertained that there are about three thousand miles of navigable water above Stanley pool. The length of the road will be about 250 miles. Maps and plans are now on their way from Europe to this country.

A CORNELL EVENT.

Barnes Hall Dedicated at Ithaca, N. Y., Sunday.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 17.—Barnes hall, the new Christian association building at Cornell university, the gift of the late A. G. Barnes, of Brooklyn, was dedicated this evening. The building is the largest and finest of its kind in the country, costing upwards of $60,000 when completely equipped. Professor Charles Babcock, the university, gave a history of the building and unveiled a valuable portrait of the founder presented by Mrs. Barnes.

The dedicatory prayer was offered by Rev. Charles M. Tyler, of Ithaca, and an address, "The Significance of the Gift," was given by Col. A. D. Barnes, eldest son of the founder. John P. Dean, '89, secretary of the Cornell association, spoke on the new home, and John R. Mott, secretary of the International Y. M. C. A., delivered an address on "The Work of the Christian Associations." The exercises were closed with an address by Dr. Greer, of New York.

Recession, Not Secession.

PROVIDENCE, June 17.—President Robinson, of Brown university, delivered the baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class at the First Baptist meeting house yesterday.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 17.—The baccalaureate sermon at Cornell university was preached yesterday afternoon by the Rev. Cornelius H. Greer, rector of St. Bartholomew's church, New York. His subject was "The Two Lives of Christ."

Gladstone Attacked.

LONDON, June 17.—The Economist makes a violent attack upon Mr. Gladstone on account of the speeches made by him on his western trip. It says they are "utterly unworthy of his reputation and position; that he has intentionally substituted for observation of facts, omens, thus artfully misleading men's minds. The course pursued by him, it adds, will cause the keenest and most undeserved regret.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

Legal Notices.

QUERIFF'S SALE.—In Chancery of New Jersey.—Between Elizabeth B. Lithgow and others, complainants, and Annouretta of Alan W. Lithgow, deceased, and others, defendants. Fieri facias to me directed.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in the City of Elizabeth, in the

WEDNESDAY, THE SEVENTEENTH DAY OF JULY, A. D., 1889,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all those lots, tracts or parcels of lands and premises, situate, lying and being in the City of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and State of New Jersey.

The first lot: Beginning at a stone in Front street and corner of land formerly of Sarah Johnson; thence (1) northwardly fronting on said street forty-two links to a stone; thence still with said Front street (2) northwardly fronting on said street, four links to a stone; thence still with said Front street (3) northwardly fronting on said street one chain and ninety-four links to a stone; thence still with said Front street (4) northwardly fronting on said street, four links to a stone; thence still with said Front street (5) northwardly fronting on said street one chain and forty-two links to a stone; thence (6) westwardly one chain and with the line of said Sullivan's land two chains and twenty-five links to a stone; thence (7) southwardly one chain and twenty-six links to the middle of Green Brook and corner of said Sullivan's land; thence down the middle of said brook running along the middle of the same (8) southeastwardly one quarter degree west fifty and a half links; thence (9) southeastwardly ninety-two links; thence down the middle of said brook running along the middle of the same (10) southeastwardly one quarter degree west one chain and two links to the line of the second tract hereinafter described; thence (11) northeastwardly thirty-two degrees and twenty-five minutes east one chain and sixty-six links to a stone and corner of land of said Sullivan's; thence (12) northwardly with said Sullivan's land one chain and twenty-six links to the middle of Green Brook and corner of said Sullivan's land; thence down the middle of said brook running along the middle of the same (13) southeastwardly thirty-three degrees east, one chain and twenty-three links to a stone in the middle of Front street; thence (14) northeastwardly fifty degrees and seventy-five minutes east one chain and eighty-nine links to a stone and corner of land of said Sullivan's; thence (15) northwardly with said Sullivan's land sixty-two feet to a post 2 ½ said line thence in a northeasterly direction at an angle to the last mentioned line twenty-five feet to the place of beginning.

F. F. GLASBY, Sheriff.

CROSS & NOE, Sol'rs, Fees—$14.85. J&EN 5e17 t4

BEFORE HON. WILLIAM J. MAGIE, Circuit Judge in and for the County of Somerset.

In matter of application for election to fix license fee at $100 in the borough of North Plainfield.

Application by a petition signed by at least one-third of the legal voters residing at the last previous gubernatorial election for Governor of this borough of North Plainfield in the county of Somerset, wherein licenses are required to be granted by the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Somerset to issue, William J. Magie, Circuit Judge in and for said county, will hear the petitioners with the desire of such petitioners that not less than a certain sum of money shall be specified in such petition to wit, the sum of seven hundred dollars ($700) be charged each of the applicants for certificates to be granted to sell spirituous, vinous, malt or brewed liquors, cider or wine, in the following term one quarter within such borough of North Plainfield, to wit: Notice of such application is published in such borough of North Plainfield, not less than two weeks successively, to wit, in the PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, The Daily Press" are printed and published in the said borough of North Plainfield, and which circulate extensively in the borough of North Plainfield, and that the hearing thereof be on the day of May, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty nine, under the said amendments day of June next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, or as fixed at the time, and the court house of the county of Somerset, in Somerville, as the court may then and where I will consider and application, and hear the petitioners and all persons for and of the time and place when and where the petitions will be heard, in pursuance of the order in said two daily newspapers viz—THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, and "The Daily Press" for two weeks next preceding the said time fixed for the hearing thereof. Notice is hereby given that such application will be made by posting copies of this notice in five of the most public places in the said borough of North Plainfield, for two weeks prior to the said seventeenth day of June next, which said methods I adopt as necessary.

W. J. MAGIE.
A true copy.
WM. A. SCHOMP, Clerk.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

"I keep in stock all the' choice brands of flour, BUCKEYE, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROLLER, better known as XXXX. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of KITCHEN'S goods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

Special Sale.

Hats, Trunks, Shirts, etc., at

E. B. CRANE'S, 19 Park Ave.

Greatest bargains ever offered in this town

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine Silk SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $1 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 4 PARK AVENUE.

R. A. ROSS,

No. 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closet Saturdays

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,

Residence Evans. P. O. Box 288

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,

Manufacturers and Third street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass or all kinds.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit Everybody knows that they are the best Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 75c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.

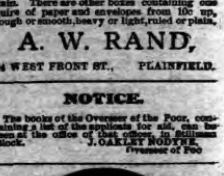
A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

NOTICE.

The books of the Overseer of the Poor, containing a list of the poor, will be kept for use at the office of that officer on Stillman Block.

J. OAKLEY ROGERS,
Overseer of Poo



H. J. MARTIN,
20 Somerset st,
PRACTICAL HORSESHOEING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Steam engines, boilers, saw mills, and all kinds of light castings. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Jobbing done at short notice. Cash paid for old brass, copper, zinc, lead, rubber, iron and rags. Highest price paid for old rubber boots and shoes. Patterns for sale cheap. Iron railing and various other patterns made to order. Lead pipe and sheet lead always on hand and for sale. Iron and brass cast to order. Lead pipe cut and bent to order

BURDETTE'S PHILOSOPHY.

A SORE LOSS AT THIS TIME.

Laura Bridgman, who was deaf, dumb and blind, and could neither smell nor taste, and couldn't feel very well under the circumstances, is dead. It is a great pity. She would have been of invaluable assistance just now to the Chicago detectives.

TAKES SOON TO GET IT ALL IN.

"What's time?" asked old Gunnybags, as a supplement, crammed with long columns of news and figures, fell from the newspaper when he opened it, "delinquent tax list? Oh," said his son, as he scanned the sheet, "it's report of the cricket match."

A BIG CHANCE FOR A COMER.

It is stated by scientific and learned men that all the great wealth of the Vanderbilt family, about $200,000,000, would suffice to buy only two loads of gallium, that rare and precious metal being valued at $3,250 an ounce. If any of our editorial brethren want any more gallium than they are now carrying in stock, it is hoped they will get a few pounds to last through the hot weather before the Vanderbilts hear of this chance and play with the market. The pressman told us last night that he didn't believe we had more than half a barrel on hand now.

WE ARE DISCOVERED.

A typewriter girl who has been much of late at the City Hall during business hours, writes to The Indianapolis Journal that she is "sick of men. They are mosey; they are silly; they talk utter nonsense. I am beginning to believe that a trashy dime novel is better society than the average man, and equally improving." We told you so. We said when men began to employ girls in business offices that it wouldn't be long before they found us out. No, you wouldn't listen to us: you went on employing them, thinking that because a girl was pretty she had no sense. Now see where you are. She has used you up before she has been with the house long enough to learn where they keep the postage stamps.—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

A Tough World.

Flossie is 6 years old. "Mamma," she asked one day, "if I get married, will I have to have a husband like papa?"

"Yes," replied the mother with an amused smile.

"And if I don't get married, will I have to be an old maid like Aunt Kate?"

"Yes."

"Mamma"—after a pause—"it's a tough world for us women, ain't it?"—Binghamton Republican.

The Beauties of Knowledge.

"My son, you should emulate young Bloodgood. Instead of wasting his time in the workhouse, he saved money, educated himself and graduated as a physician."

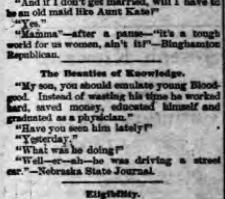
"Have you seen him lately?"

"Yesterday."

"What was he doing?"

"Well—er—ah—he was driving a street car."—Nebraska State Journal.

Slightly.



"But, my dear, what has that old man to recommend himself aside from his riches?"

"Heart disease."—Life.

Advice Is Cheap.

Seedy Stranger—I have here a couple of articles which I think would interest your readers.

Editor—Well, sir, what are their subjects?

Seedy Stranger—They are editorials. One is on "The Business Situation," and the other "Advice to Young Men as to Getting on in Life."

Editor—If you will leave them we will look them over.

Seedy Stranger—Thank you; but if you would only advance me five cents it would be a great favor. I should like to buy a nice but not gaudy sandwich.—America.

Not an Uncommon Voice.

The music teacher in the Sunday school was selecting a chorus. He inquired of each scholar in what voice he sang. They answered tenors, altos, etc. One little boy didn't know what his voice was.

"Say treble," was the kindly advice.

He became confused, blundered and said, "Terrible."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Hotel.

"Yass, I know you-ah name. You-ah father was one of my grandfathah's keepahs."

"Indeed! I never heard that my father looked after the monkeys."—Harper's Bazar.

The Summer Resort.

"At Cross Roads Corners" read the "ad.":
"Bob-lo-link invites
The tired brow of men;
And limpid draughts of pewee make glad
The sad weak heart;
Come to the sale of peace and rest
On Mother Nature's willing breast.

"Here sylvan grots and peaceful vales,
To rest and ease invites.
With ever new delight,
And fanned by odoriferous gales,
And shaded by the hills of health,
And trouble's horrid hosts invade
No nook of this enchanted glade."

We sought this spot of sylvan rest,
And found a deep mortar
And scrubby beach, alas!
Where cows pursued a fruitless quest,
A hopeless search for grass;
And traveled round from spot to spot,
And mourned because they found it not.

Two trees grew from the hill's bare side,
And one, they said,
Was maple of the sap,
And one, long years ago, had died.
In life long since had fled.
And these were all the trees we found
Thro' all the "sylvan vale" around.

And "shooters" came in surging flocks,
In clouds so dun,
They hid the sun;
They rattled on the roofs and rocks,
And sang in unison;
Each found a welcome more than well
Thro' every inch of castor!

I guess calabrian bronzes fanned—
I guess they did!
They did! they did!
In fact, they fanned! They did and
And filled the heavens with dust;
For every time the bronzes fanned,
They'd wave the top high in the air,
And every time they waved on high
They'd bring down dust enough to fly
Around the world and back again.

"Oh, landlord, why dost people rest
In such a place?"
He raised his head
And roared a laugh, and then replied,
With unintelligible mirth,
"I'd never be where I was either,
If you had known as much as I."

—E. W. Peck in Texas Siftings.

VAN BENSCHOTEN & WHITE BRO.

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 75c each.

'Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 50c and is Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 23c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 39c cheap at 50c.

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 12c. Send down for one of them.

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 5c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 25c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $3.50.

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED,
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Front St Place.

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Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
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2d and 3d floors. P. O Box 1886.

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etc. "Best Teas for per Pound, Choice Oolong Green Teas, 75c per lb.
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Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties,
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CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
36 NORTH AVENUE.

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Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
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CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

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261 Library Pl., N. Y.
Offices, Main Building, North Plainfield.
Largest facilities for Row work or Repairs.
Plainfield office, 38 North avenue. Represented by F. S. Dunn.

LADIES,
of course you are aware of the fact that the warm weather has struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Maybe I can suggest something that will meet with your approval; now what looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a
White Summer Suit?
and if you want such an article just drop in at
THE BEE HIVE
and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $5.50 to $19.
Then I have Children's fine White Dresses from 1 to 6 years, at 75c. I have just received a consignment of Blouse Suits for Children from 3 to 14 years of age at $1.15 and up.
Children's Jersey Blouses, 50c and 85c.
Louis Callman,
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ICE-CREAM
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EASTER GOODS
in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc.
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Practical Sanitary Plumbers and Gas Fitters,
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FRANKLIN, Somerset Co.
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H. T. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole
Telephone call 55.

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Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
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to my large stock of
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Patent Stringer, re-pinning action, Best tuning system in use. Corner Lovers Prince. Sold on $1-a week plan. Do you want your Piano and Organ tuned or repaired? Give us a call. Do you wish to buy or rent? Call and see what I can offer. Jos. Battell Piano Maker 25 East Front street.

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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1889.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 3:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:30, 7:50, 8:45, 9:30, 10:45, 11:30 a. m., 12:45, 1:30, 2:45, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:45 p. m. Sunday, 3:45, 5:01, 8:57, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:45, 9:30, 10:30 p. m.
Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 2:00, 6:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Sunday, 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. 12:00 midnight.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5:36, 6:20, 6:40, 7:30, 8:00, 8:37, 9:30, 10:37, 11:00, 11:30, 12:05 p. m., 1:05, 1:30, 2:35, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.
Leave Newark at 5:30, 6:07, 6:30, 6:50, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 7:10, 8:07, 9:05, 10:20, 11:20, 12:20 p. m., 1:20, 2:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 p. m. Sunday, 9:05, 10:20, 11:20 a. m., 12:20, 1:20, 2:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 5:55, 6:55, 7:55, 8:55, 9:55, 10:55, 11:55 a. m., 12:55, 1:55, 2:55, 3:55, 4:55, 5:55, 6:55, 7:55, 8:55, 9:55, 10:55 p. m. Sunday, 8:55, 9:55, 10:55, 11:55 a. m., 12:55, 1:55, 2:55, 3:55, 4:55, 5:55, 6:55, 7:55, 8:55, 9:55, 10:55 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 6:22, 8:07, 9:05 a. m., 2:05, 4:36, 7:10, 9:45 p. m. Sunday at 9:05 a. m., 6:22 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
1:10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. Sleeping Car to Easton.
3:07 a. m.—For Flemington, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West.
7:30 a. m.—For Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 4:01 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.
4:36 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
7:10 p. m.—For Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, etc. 9:45 and 9:52 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Reading and Harrisburg.
11:20 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Reading and Harrisburg. On Sundays at 6:22 p. m.
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 7:36, 8:00, 11:00 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 6:00 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) at 11:00 a. m. Parlor Cars on 8:00 a. m. and 3:25 p. m. trains. Arrive at Long Branch 8:45, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 2:45, 4:05, 7:05, 8:05 p. m. Sunday, 7:45 and 9:27 p. m.
ROUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m., 2:00, 4:00, 5:30, 7:00, 9:00, 11:50 p. m. Sundays at 4:00, 5:30, 7:00, 9:00, 11:50 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 1:00, 4:12, 8:00, 10:00, 11:50 a. m., 2:00, 4:00, 5:30, 7:00, 9:00, 11:50 p. m. Sundays at 4:00, 5:30, 7:00, 9:00, 11:50 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 1:00, 4:12, 8:00, 10:00, 11:50 a. m., 2:00, 4:00, 5:30, 7:00, 9:00, 11:50 p. m. Sundays at 4:00, 5:30, 7:00, 9:00, 11:50 p. m.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
I. M. CLEMENT, Gen. Supt.

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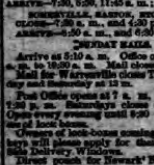
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 and 10:30 a. m.; 1:35 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:30, 8:30, 11:45 a. m.; 1:30, 5:30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, RARITAN, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:50 a. m., and 6:00 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 8:10 a. m. Office open from 9:00 a. m. to 10:00 a. m. No afternoon mail.
Mail for Waterville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:00 p. m. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. to 9:30 a. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. for general mail business.
Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Delivery Window.
Drop pouch for Newark, N. J., in 2 p. m. mail.



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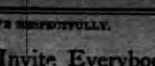

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The Misses Hoag will open on Sept. 25th a school for boys. Applications received until June 25th at No. 20 Central avenue. Summer address, "The Kenwood", Asbury Park, N. J.

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Mrs. J. L. Anderson desires a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence, No. 15 Somerset street. Those Plainfield parents Thoroughly qualified to prepare voices for opera, concert or parlor singing. Mrs. Anderson will receive pupils in practice daily at her rooms, free of charge, if desired. Can refer to Shelley Hoag, Esq., Plainfield, and Prof. Lee, New York. Address, P. O. Box 999.

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THIN, COOL, GOOD SHAPE, CHEAP.
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DEATH BY FLOOD AND FIRE

THRILLING STORIES OF SURVIVORS OF THE JOHNSTOWN DELUGE.

Brave Man's Race for Life—The Boy Who Saw It All—Will Schoever's Strange Experience—Pathetic Case of Mrs. Penn. A Husband and Seven Children Lost.

The civilized world is still amazed and horrified at the magnitude of the Johnstown disaster.

The little Conemaugh now ripples over a bed of mud and sand, a shallow stream of clear water, and it is almost impossible for the observer to realize that but a few days ago a raging, turbid flood filled the little valley almost to the house tops. Over all the flat, where mud and sand have been deposited to a depth of several feet, many hundred corpses still lie buried, hundreds—thousands more were consumed in the burning drift, and for forty miles down the valley, on every side of every thicket, drift and shallow, the edifying waters laid the dead. Of the 30,000 people living in the valley above the railroad bridge, not more than 20,000 are yet accounted for—though, doubtless, many more will be found alive—and many hundreds more were lost below the bridge.

MAP OF THE FLOODED VALLEY.

[The places where cross lines are to be seen are the only that are utterly destroyed, not having a dozen houses standing, except at the place shown by the dark square, where a dozen or so of dam-aged buildings and Johnstown's famous stone depot about the space bounded by the railroad and the two rivers, and contained practically all the business blocks and fine residences of the city.]

The survivors of each town in the path of destruction have a different story to tell, as the observers saw the flood from different points of view. First are the few residents in the cottages by the fated reservoir. Next is South Fork, the handsome town of the sheltered Conemaugh creek. Below that Mineral Point, Conemaugh and Woodvale were completely swept away; then the flood, driv-ing before it a mass of rolling houses and tim-ber broke in fail force on Johnstown, swept it to ruin and lodged all this accumulated de-bris of destruction against the great railroad bridge. And then the judgment is probably re-sponsible for one-half the deaths; for of those who had free course to float, whether below or above the bridge, a majority were saved. In the whirlpools and eddies of the water seek-ing an outlet under the bridge, and in the crush of timbers, the stoutest swimmer fared as the weakest—all were lost alike.

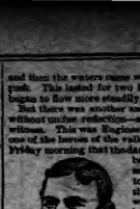
Below the bridge lie Cambria City, Sheridan, Cooperdale, Sang Hollow, Conemaugh, Furnace and 2 Sixes—in the order named, and all in a row. Here the people had warning that the people of those towns realized the full force of the calamity sooner than those in and near Johnstown. They had awful premoni-tion of it, being suddenly startled by the roar of a coming flood, of seeing to the hillside and looking down upon a valley filled by a raging torrent in which hundreds of corpses were visible, whirled about and mangled against floating timber, and on the surfaces of which hundreds of people on logs, planks and rafts were wildly shrieking for help. Then was illustrated that strange truth that man is seldom so weak in great emergencies as he would naturally expect to be; that in the crisis of danger, instead of very many felt their nerves strung to the tension of steel and did and dared most no-bly. Many a boy, many an humble man proved that day that the material of a hero was in him.

Perhaps the clearest view of the calamity, in historical order, may be gained by taking the testimony of the first witnesses at each point as the flood moved, and then the view at that point after it passed. Aside from the results of the disaster who seem re-luctant to speak (there is an important ques-tion as to responsibility) the first to realize what was coming were Engineer H. M. Bar-nett and Conductor S. W. Kelly, of an extra freight train that was lying at South Fork when the dam broke. Suddenly they heard, above the sound of falling rain, a roar com-ing down the valley and soon saw a huge wall of water—"it looked 150 feet high"—rushing on them with the speed of a race horse.

With a lead cry to wake the men in the caboose at the rear, but in vain, they de-tached the engine and rushed down the valley. Looking back they saw trees, debris and fragments before the flood. There was an awful race for life, the flood gaining rapidly. With less than a minute to spare Barnett reached a high point and, abandoning his engine, jumped to the hillside and climbed to safety. Then they saw a curious sight, the waters volume had by now reached the high hills, and till they were massed so tightly in the narrow gorge as to form a moving dam; a comparatively small amount of water passed through it, but the great wave behind drove it on, rolling it over and over till it was ground to splinters and scattered in the wider section below.

SCENE IN A JOHNSTOWN SUBURB.

The next witness, and perhaps the one best situated for a comprehensive view, was an intelligent boy, named Christian Pfeffenberger, stood on a commanding point and saw the rise up and down the valley. He, too, tells of the curious dam formed in advance of the flood, made up of houses and debris. "Out they came," he says, "like the head of a giant clearing off his table. High in the air would be tossed a log or beam, which fell back with a crash. Down the valley it leaped and across the little mountain city. For ten minutes nothing but moving houses was seen,



"PAUL REVERE" PARKS.

and then the waters came with a roar and a push. This lasted for two hours, and then it began to flow more steadily."

But there was another side—it may be said without undue reflection—a far more heroic witness. This was Engineer John G. Parks, one of the heroes of the valley. He said early Friday morning that the dam would give way before night, and set thirty Italians to work driving a stake; but they were too late. Seeing that the dam must soon go, he mounted a fast horse and galloped down the valley, warning all he saw and telegraphing from South Fork station to Johnstown. Some have made bold to the hills, the vast ma-jority said it was only the old cry of "Wolf!" which they had often heard, and remained to be overwhelmed.

"By noon," says Mr. Parks, "everybody in the valley knew, or should have known, of their imminent danger.

"Three hours later my gravest fears were more than realized. It is as erroneous idea, however, that the flood came like a wall moved away. The water gradually sat into the embankment until there was nothing left but a frail bulwark of wood. This finally split asunder."

Of the observers in Johnstown all were too thoroughly engaged to note anything but the general result; but a few from the ad-jacent heights saw the whole calamity, and of all these the story of hope is more pathetic than that of Mr. William Scheerer, the young banker of Newark, N. J. He was in the last car of the train that left Pittsburg that morning and reached Johnstown at 10 a. m. There was a long delay. The rain was falling in torrents; the streets of the town were already flooded; people were going about in skiffs and sailing gayly to and fro at the rare sport of such an occasion. At Conemaugh there was another long delay. None of the passen-gers felt unsafe, though they saw the flood in the creek rising rapidly. Suddenly the porter rushed in, deadly pale, and cried out that there was danger. At the same instant the engine gave a long and loud scream—*the next instant it was overturned into the stream.*

With one impulse the passengers rushed out on the side opposite the stream. There was a hill near, but a gully between. Three ladies were with him; one lost heart as the gully, turned back and was drowned. The others reached the hill and saw the train swallowed up. In five minutes more the whole valley was a roaring sea, and the group on the hill, drenched to the skin, watched from the rain, looked upon a thousand deaths.

The first thing they particularly noted was the race of a man in a two horse wagon. He came tearing down the town's main street, lashing his horses, with the flood close behind. It was an awful race for life, and the man won by scarce a second. One car had be-come detached. On its roof were two dead clinging for their lives. The car was rolled over and over, and the men stuck to it with the energy born of desperation, clutching wildly at the air, but soon their grasp relaxed, grew weaker and then they sank. As *debris* was settled down and enveloped everything Scheerer and the young lady with him ate the scanty fare upon the food from the banana wrecks at the bridge. To the best of Scheerer's belief the flood lasted forty minutes in its greatest fury.

ONE OF JOHNSTOWN'S PRINCIPAL STREETS.

Nothing is more surprising than the calm way in which the survivors talk of their losses and sorrows. As a rule their eyes are dry and their tones low, and they go upon the ruins and talk of their dead with a sort of passionless apathy. The occasion is too great for tears. All these people have looked pret-tily in the face of death, and no doubt they all feel as does one who expressed it thus: "I don't seem to feel any call to take on about anything; I feel just like we had all been dead and buried, and done with this world, all we Johnstown folks, and these few of us was just allowed to come back and look around a little." That long voice! the feeling of many thousands! Many months must pass before they will renew their energy in this worldly affairs, and many hundreds of them can never again be as they were.

Consider, as one instance only a little lad-der than the average, the case of Mrs. Penn, wife of an engineer, and the sole survivor of a family of nine. Many years ago, in the Dutchess and Ulster coal fields, Penn wooed and won a bride from the valley of Virginia and lo-cated in Johnstown. They had seven chil-dren and a comfortable, happy home life. A few minutes before the flood came Mr. Penn started to the butcher's shop and disappeared forever. Driven to the upper room by the flood *the mother prayed and encouraged* the children. The water rose to their chins, the smallest children being lifted on the highest articles.

"Mamma," said the oldest, a girl, "wouldn't it be better to go outside and die in the open air?"

"Yes, dear," was the reply; "we'll make a raft and all go together."

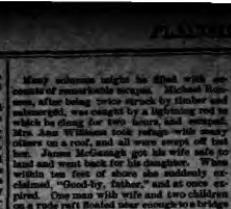
Opening the window she caught a floating plank and on it placed the oldest child; there was a kiss and a "God bless you," and it floated away into the darkness. And so with the next and the next, the heart-broken mother losing the children and launching them on the flood with good-bys and kisses. At last only the youngest, 4 years old, remained, and the mother held him long. Then she pushed her-self to the till there was barely breathing space between it and the ceiling; a few min-utes more and escape would be impossible. So, then, the father was fastened to a floating plank and blessed and kissed and started.

"I loved them all," said the mother, "but I had two kisses for Bessie, for she was Tom's favorite and was such a good child. She put her arms around my neck and said, 'You know you said God would take care of me always, mamma—will he take care of me now?'

"I told her he would and she used not fear, and then she was carried away. The last of all, Tommie, the baby, came to me. I held her, although I could not see her—and that's all, except that the roof was torn off and I was afraid of its fall, and some Italians saved me at Kernville, sixteen miles from here."

"And the children?" was asked.

"We have found two of them dead—Bessie and George—and there is not a mark on Bes-sie's face, and oh, I can see them!" They're all gone, every one—eight of them, and I am going home to Virginia, after all these years, to rest and try to think."

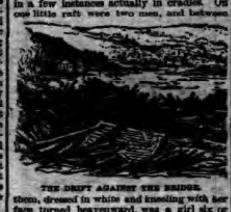


THE DRIFT AGAINST THE BRIDGE.

Many schemes might be cited with ac-counts of remarkable escapes. Michael Rose-mon, after being twice struck by timber and submerged, was caught by a lightning rod to which he clung for two hours, and rescued. Mrs. Ann Williams took refuge with many others on a roof, and all were swept off but her. James Lockport got his wife safe to land and turned back for his daughter. When within ten feet of shore she suddenly ex-claimed, "Good-by, father," and at once sub-sided. One year with her and two children on a raft and floated near enough to bridges to have a rope thrown to him. Finding they could not be saved with him, he threw off the rope, waved a farewell as the storm, and went down with his family to death. People on the hills below the bridge witnessed many similar examples of heroism and self sacri-fice.

The men in the signal tower at Sang Hol-low relate that a beautiful girl floated down on the roof of a building which was strong in spite of the torrent. She seemed to see the per-sons to save her, and one big, brawny, brave fellow walked as far into the river as he could and encouraged her to try to guide herself into shore with a bit of plank. She was a plucky girl, full of nerve and energy, and stood upon her frail support in evident obedience to the commands of the rescuer. Several times she threw bold strokes and actually stopped the course of the raft for an instant. Then it swerved and went out from under her. She tried to swim ashore, but in a few seconds she was lost in the swirling water.

Saddest of all was the sight of little chil-dren, both dead and living, floating past them. Many were on roofs or planks and in a few instances actually in cradles. On one little raft were two men, and between



THE DRIFT AGAINST THE BRIDGE.

them, dressed in white and kneeling with her face turned heavenward, was a girl six or seven years old. She seemed stricken with paralysis until she suddenly saw the tower, and then she turned her face to the operator. She was so close they could see big tears on her cheeks, and her pallor was as death. The helpless men on shore shouted to her to keep up her courage, and she resumed her devout attitude and disappeared under the trees of a projecting point as if their guardian angel.

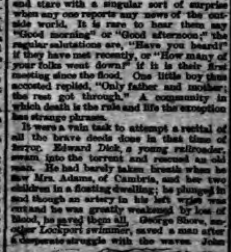
As a picture to the map will show, the river runs southwest to Johnstown, then northwest to a point just below Nineveh, then southwest and west; there are many minor turns, and between them for considerable wide valleys, where the water turned into the woods and fields and formed local eddies, and under each of these the drowned were held and sank very deep and actually thick set with corpses. The view, therefore, as the first train came up the valley, taking the towns in inverse order to their flight at the last, soon their gathering of rapidly increasing horrors. First a corpse appeared here and there on the platforms where the humane dealers had lait it, then two appeared, then a few more, and then sud-denly there was a ghastly row of them, shoul-der to shoulder, standing on end, their arms and dead cows among the dead.

"Conemaugh is laid low, Cambria City gone, Johnstown utterly demolished and not a house remains in Coldvile. Such was the report given these sorrowing ones when the train first halted. And there on the railroad plat-form lay 185 corpses. At this news and this sight a long loud wail of grief arose from or-swept through the train, and many women sank fainting to the floor. As the train reached Johnstown Mr. and Mrs. Pinkett sat near the very middle of the boisterous stream, and darting down peered into the swift waters. The crow then flew away and disappeared, but on looking up saw the body of a small child ap-peared. A wild shriek went up *from the hor-rified* passengers, and full 100 voices shouted to a number of men who were standing on the river bank, and the corpse was rescued. It was 100 feet further it was overtaken and taken from the river.

"At this time the great mass of wreck-age lodged against the bridge was still burn-ing, though many entangled in it were still alive. The fire began soon after the first house lodged, possibly from the ignition of a stove. As soon as engines could be got to the spot many streams of water were turned on it, though, after it was certain that it con-tained living human beings, the plea was urged that it be allowed to burn. It was waged so tight that dynamite had to be used to break it up, and weeks must elapse before it is all removed.

All visitors to the ruins are struck by the peculiar way in which the survivors accost each other. "Have you lost any?" "Are you dead or drowning?" They freely tell of their losses. Most of the people have no fixed abode. What day of the week or month it is, and stare with a singular sort of expres-sion when any one reports news of the out-side world. It is rare to hear them say "Good morning" or "Good afternoon;" the weather is never referred to. You hear them ask if they have met recently, or "How many of your folks went down?" if it is their first meeting since the flood. One little boy then accosted, replied: "Only father and mother; the rest got through." A community in which death is the rule and life the exception has strange phrases.

It were a vain task to attempt a recital of all the brave deeds done in that time of horror. Edward Dick, a young railroader, swam into the torrent and rescued a colored man. He had barely landed him when he saw Mrs. Adams, of Cambria, and her two children in a floating dwelling; he plunged in and though an archery in his left arm pre-vented he was greatly weakened by loss of blood, he saved them all. George Shore, an-other Lockport swimmer, saved a man after a desperate struggle with the waves. John



HOUSES FLOATING IN THE FLOOD.

Dreier, a puddler of local note, saved a woman and a boy, but in a third attempt was carried by a log and severely injured.

The ultimate fate of the chief of the survivors is known. From every part of the country they became scattered, and the pleasing feature of the disaster is that many of them are now in comfortable circumstances, and all will be in a few years. Many of the orphans have been adopted by families in the region, and the number of children left entirely destitute is not large.

PLUNKETT-WORTHINGTON.

HOW THE ALTRUISTIC THINKS OF THE EGO PRODUCED A DIVORCE.

A Prominent Christian Scientist Preacher and Editor Submits to an Interesting Separation—His Views Will Taken Him "Asunder"—The Philosophy of It.

Christian science has now reached the third stage, that marked by the separation of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Plunkett. Mrs. Mary H. Plunkett and Mr. A. Destley Worthington. Briefly stated, the Plunketts were made one in youth, ministerially and legally, and made them-selves two last March by signing this docu-ments.

"We, the undersigned, having dedicated our lives to the service of the God, and de-termined to speak, act and live in accordance with it, do declare both for ourselves and for all who may solemnly seek the truth, as follows:

"For many years we have recognized that the affections of each as was purely frater-nal, and we have lived and worked together as friends. Having feared the results of its publication, and the pain it would give to the envious, censorious to others, we have hitherto concealed this fact. We have now gained riper wisdom; we know with deep and glad certainty that Truth, Love and Purity have power to bless, and to make us, we know that our action, far from being a stum-bling block, will only aid the many who are striving to solve the same problem.

"We, therefore, from the most profound conviction of duty, do declare our-selves married in as far as it lay in our power to render it so. In this relation we will stand, and by walking this stand before humanity, whom we love and strive to serve, we experience that peace which pass-eth understanding, which the world and the opinion of the world cannot give or disturb. The Truth has made us free!"

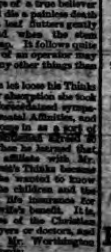
MRS. PLUNKETT.

When they had mailed copies to their friends and disciples, and received replies of various tenor, Mr. Worthington appeared before the session at which friends were invited and in their presence he stood up with Mary and solemnly pronounced: "In the presence of God and your friends I take this woman. I take Mary Hodgins Plunkett to be my wife, promising, with divine assistance, to be unto her a faithful and loving husband, for-ever and forever."

She repeated the same words, with the necessary variations, and so the thing was complete. Not quite, however. There was still Mr. Plunkett and daughter of young Plunkett, Paul, aged 12, and Maud, aged 9, and behind these is the state of New York with a great big volume of statutes, and sev-eral courts that can put affairs as this Plunkett-Worthington affair right and now the public and the public prosecutor propose so have their say, and so the history of the pa-thetic but heroic "Plunkett-Worthington" ca-tion is nearly "classified;" he is a well to do gentleman of 45, an operator in mines, a San Francisco, till late autumn, indeed with wife and son, a California man.

The Plunketts were the original faith-cure lists of New York city, founded the school and healing parlors at 19 West Forty-second street, and established The International Magazine of Christian Science. She is an uncommonly well preserved woman of forty, he is three years younger and quite as un-commonly handsome. Their business grew rap-idly. There are at least 100,000 believers in Christian science in the United States, and those in New York and adjacent section looked upon Mr. and Mrs. Plunkett as lead-ers and leaders. Last autumn Mr. Worthington appeared at No. 13, and soon became a de-votee of Mrs. Plunkett. As near as an alien to the faith can make out the cure is somewhat proceeded by a symmetrical and ascending series of autogenetic Thinks, on the following system:

According to the basis doctrine of the sect, Disease is Sin, or it is an Idea, a Think: to get well the patient must auto-generate a Health Think. If needs be generate it him by sympathetic Thinks of the attendant and sympathizing Thinkers. If cure is more try it and sprain their Think-ers may must give place to fresh operators and the subject must exert himself more and Think that he is well or going to get well right away.



MR. PLUNKETT.

Upon this principle Christ triumphed over death and stare with a singular sort of expres-sion when any one reports news of the out-side world. It is rare to hear them say "Good morning" or "Good afternoon;" the weather is never referred to. You hear them ask if they have met recently, or "How many of your folks went down?" if it is their first meeting since the flood. One little boy then accosted, replied: "Only father and mother; the rest got through." A community in which death is the rule and life the exception has strange phrases.

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FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT, 1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICES, and, owing to the very generous trade which we have had during the past season, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1870.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages.

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? these good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Lawns! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 4-4 Bastines and Percales at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 25c and 35c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists 45c to $1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 19c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 35c, 37c and upward.

PARASOLS! Whew! you should see them! We have them in black from 50c up to the finest Silk at $3.97. In stripes and plain Satins we have all shades at 81 and upward. A bar gain in Black Satin-Lined Parasols at $3, $3.49 and $3.97.

FANS! A neat little Fan for 3c and 7c; Fine Feather Fans, 75c to $1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is consistently large.

Now come down to ROCK BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good In-grain at 25c; and extra heavy Ingrains 35c, 45c and 50c. All wool Two-ply Ingrains, 50c; Gob-lins Ingrains, Rag Carpets, 35c, 45c and 65c. Fancy Mattings, 12 1-2c upward. An inspec-tion of all seasonable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

The Fidelity and Casualty Co

Nos. 214 and 216 Broadway, N. Y.

CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550.21

Issues SURETY BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as employees of Railroads, Banks, etc., also Administrators, Guardians, etc.

Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES containing all modern features.

Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies on approved forms.

OFFICERS:

WM. M. RICHARDS, President. GEO. F. SEWARD, Vice-President.
ROBT. J. HILLAS, Secretary.

AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD { JOS. T. VAIL. / EDWARD C. MULFORD Opp. Railroad Station.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Summer Furniture.

WE NEED ROOM.

We have to, and will for this week, do all that we can to get rid of our large assortment of CHAMBER SUITS. Only Fifteen are left. This is just time to get a choice bargain. Call and see our large assortment of

CHAMBER SUITS, PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, &c.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

J. C. PIERSON, Jr.,

Dealer in

ALL KINDS OF HARWARE

and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

42 West Front street. Telephone 126.

QUITE ENGLISH.

A Man's Patent Leather Piccadilly Last is all the rage for street wear; we have them.

Also Ladies' Patent Leather Tip Button Piccadilly Last; this is very neat.

We can show you a large assortment of Tennis Shoes, Oxford Ties, colored and black kids, as we had them made to our special order. Later on the assortment diminishes (unless why should we, as we keep our goods moving). We live on an age of progress.

DOANE & VanARSDALE,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE.

22½ West Front Street,

BEWARE

of the many so-called

Black Stockings

The ones bearing the "I. S. A." brand

Are the Ones

guaranteed to give SATISFACTION, or

Money Refunded

Ladies' Hose from 25c to 50c. Children's from 20 to 40 cents. I am the sole agent for them in Plainfield.

H. A. POPE.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.
and 25 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 329. North Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 900. North Plainfield, N. J

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom relief once is made

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly re-moved to all parts of the city or any where in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET.
Residence No. 22 Third street, corner New-ark avenue, (according to Summit st. maps on hand). Calls answered day or night.

MUSIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE.
1889
NEW GOODS
GIVE US A TRIAL.
POWLISON & JONES,
34 W. FRONT ST. 34

KENNEY

IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE, ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAY'S

City Livery Stables,

24 West Fourth street.
Telephone call 131. Plainfield, N. J
Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North ave-nue, will receive prompt attention.

PICTURE FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices, Studio, 22 West Front street. Headquarters for drawing and oil painting.

PERRINE'S DYES 25c. PER PACKAGE.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

BY W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

HOLD FAST BY THE PRESENT! EVERY REFORMATION—NAY, EVERY MOMENT—IS OF INFINITE VALUE, FOR IT IS THE REPRESENTATIVE OF A WHOLE ETERNITY. —Goethe.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 169; days to come, 196.

—The Turning Section of the Gesang and Turn Verein will entertain several visiting societies at Keller's Grove next Sunday.

—General J. Madison Drake is about to start a daily newspaper at Elizabeth. The first issue is announced for August 1st. It will be Democratic.

—At a meeting of the Board of Education held last evening it was decided to visit the Irving school Saturday afternoon with a view to accepting the building.

—Wm Lacey, a carpenter employed on the Love building now being constructed at the corner of North avenue and Peace street, fell Saturday and fractured his left arm.

—A handsome new house is to be built on the hill on South avenue, Fanwood, the highest point on the railroad. This will be the first residence of new Fanwood on the south side.

—The Gesang and Turn Verein of Plainfield visited Perth Amboy yesterday and took part in a celebration of the Frohsinn Festival conducted by the local German singing society.

—The latest scheme suggested for a new national holiday is one to be called "Caterpillar (killing) Day"—a sort of a sequel to Arbor Day, the work of which it is designed to render more lasting.

—The case of James Muldowney, who appeals from the sentence of the Plainfield City Court for illegal liquor-selling, was set down for trial at Elizabeth next week but will be put off for the term by consent of counsel.

—"When a cinder enters one eye"—says an engineer—"rub the other eye, and let the natural moisture have its rub by proxy. In a little while the cinder will pass out of the corner of the eye and may easily be removed."

—The special prize list at the Olympia Bowling Alleys has few new names on it, though many are striving to win. Yesterday Daniel White, a pin boy, scored 223, but as he is connected with the Alleys he cannot enter the prize record.

—The Westfield Band of Hope conducted an entertainment in Arcanum Hall last evening. After music and recitations an address was made by Mrs. Hammer, of Newark. A feature of the evening was a beautiful piano duet by Master Cloyd Hart and Mrs. Hart.

—At a business meeting of the Kitchen-Garden held yesterday it was unanimously agreed to tender a hearty vote of thanks to Messrs. Carney Bros. for furnishing footlights gratuitously, which contributed largely toward the beauty of their recent entertainment.

—At the Hall, No. 6 East Front street, over the Dime Savings Institution, to-night at 7:45, Mr. F. W. Grimm will lecture on "Cheyne and Laity", "the Doctrine of the Nicolaitans"—Rev. ii: 1-5. Admission free. All are cordially invited to attend these lectures on "inspired church history".

—The building now being erected by Mr. Chas. Hand on West Second street near Park avenue will have a frontage of nearly seventy feet and will be three stories high. The ground floor will contain two stores; the second, flats and offices; the third, two lodge rooms and a hall for entertainments.

—"Strawberries"—says The New York Sun —"should be at their best now, but the continued rainy and occasionally chilly weather has kept them pale and vile to them of the cellars. Over the sun alone can put into them. Prices also continue higher than they should be at this time in the season."

—The officials of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company have issued a circular that hereafter all bicycles, velocipedes, tricycles and baby carriages will be checked and carried free, at owner's risk of loss, on Atlantic City Railroad, in Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

—The late combine of the express companies whereby they have increased the rates on small packages is a business blunder of the first magnitude. The public should take a hand in the "combine" industry and force the companies to cut down their present exorbitant rates by shipping all packages, either light or heavy, on the freight lines.—Exchange.

—"Everybody who wants to get shaved nowadays is in a hurry", according to a local lgrber. It appears that in old times when a man went to a barber shop he would sit down and look over the papers, talk of the news, indulge in a little gossip and give the knight of the razor a show. But in these times a customer rushes in, can't wait a minute, and very likely rushes out if the barber is plying his brush on another man's chin. The consequence is that many barbers do not take the time to give their customers the finer touches of the high art of shaving, and merely scrape their faces with the requisite energy.

—There are men in New York city—and among them several business men residing in Plainfield—who stand ready to establish telegraphic communication between Hayti and the United States as soon as Gen. Legitime and his deputies shall have driven Hyppolite. The business relations between the two countries are sufficient to justify the action which they desire to take. At present despatches from New York to Hayti are telegraphed to Key West, cabled to Savanna or Jamaica, and sent from there by steamer to Port-au-Prince, thus requiring several days or still longer for transmission. A direct cable line between Hayti and Cuba would be serviceable to several American and West Indian interests.

WAITING TO BE KILLED.

A Lunatic Captured at the Railroad Station.

Policeman Thos. McCue noticed a strange man loitering wildly on the railroad track at the North avenue station, last evening, and after watching his queer actions some time came to the conclusion that the man was demented.

"What"—he asked—"are you doing here?"

The stranger gave a diabolical sort of chuckle.

"Sh!"—he whispered.—"Don't give it away: I'm waiting to be killed."

"Now, see here"—responded the officer, lapsing into a confidential mood—"I can give you a tip that'll save you considerable time."

"What is it?"—eagerly queried the man.

"There's a place just back of the station where a fellow can meet with a nice easy death with neatness and dispatch. This is on the quiet, you know, and I wouldn't want everybody to know it."

It needed no persuasion to induce the poor fellow to accompany the policeman to the station-house, where he has since been inspecting close prisoner.

City Physician Andrew Manning has examined him and has pronounced him hopelessly insane.

Chief of Police Carey is endeavoring to have some provision made for the man, who during his violent moments has bellowed the wish of his cell so that thoughts of binding him are entertained.

The man seems to be well acquainted with Philadelphia, and communication has been made with the authorities of that city.

The Johnstown Relief Fund.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The City National Bank paid to-day the third draft of Gov. Beaver ($1,000), leaving balance of.....$129.82

Herd Drill Prize	6.25
Young Ladies' Seminary	12.00
St. Mary's Catholic church	150.00
German church	11.00
Post-office contribution box	16.55
	$316.43
Less check to Clara Barton	19.25
Balance at close of Bank to-day	$297.18

J. K. MYERS, Treasurer.

Plainfield, N. J., June 17th, 1889.

Mr. Myers thus far has paid two $1,000 drafts and a draft of $1,949.13 on THE NEWS fund. The $316.43 reported makes the total contributions to last night $5,265.55.

Plans for a Grand Concert.

The Washingtonville chapel people will give a concert at Reform Hall next week Monday evening. The proceeds will be devoted to the building fund of the new chapel soon to be erected. Among the artists who will appear for Mr. J. R. Lochrer, of New York, elocutionist; Mr. Stringer, the bass soloist of the Orpheus Society, of Newark; the Crescent Quartette Club, of Plainfield; the Misses Totten, Baxter and Smith, soprano soloists, of Newark; Mrs. VanDegrift, soprano soloist, of New York; and Mrs. B. Lourson, instrumentalist, of Plainfield.

Damage by Lightning and Fire.

A great deal of property was destroyed by lightning and fire in Middlesex county and vicinity yesterday. James DeHart's house at Franklin Park was burned. At Kingston fire destroyed Thomas Neary's barn. At Princeton lightning struck five to George Bayles's barn, which was burned, together with one horse and a large quantity of grain.

In a Nest of Snakes.

Messrs. Raymond Corsell and Frank W. Vermeule were overhauling a pile of cord wood on the mountain back of Samuel Allen's yesterday when they aroused a nest of snakes, of which they claim to have seen over thirty. They killed eleven, some of them adders. The largest measured four feet an i a half.

Fatal After Thirty Years.

Word was received at Kingston, Middlesex county, yesterday, that the Rev. Mr. Cooper, who lived there thirty years ago, had died of hydrophobia in his Western home. Mr. Cooper was bitten by a mad dog before his departure for the West and at this late day was seized with the rabies from the effect of the bite.

A New Church Organ.

The young people of the First Baptist church are determined to procure a new organ, to cost $4,000 or $5,000. At a meeting last night plans for obtaining subscriptions were perfected.

PERSONAL.

Senator Jas. L. Miller, of Westfield, arrived home from California last night.

Mr. J. Griffin, of Plainfield, an employe of the Potter Press Works, has been visiting relatives and friends in New Brunswick.

Ex-Councilman S. P. T. Wilbur, of East Third street, has accepted a position with the Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, of which Mr. John M. Crane is a General Manager.

Mrs. Josaon E. Gardner, who died at the residence of her son on Liberty street, Plainfield, Saturday, was the wife of Dr. Irvine Grosse Gardner, of 69 West 105th street, New York city, and was foster-daughter of the late Thos. R. and Susannah Sullman.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for the month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1, Saturday	66	76	71
2, Sunday	67	77	70
3, Monday	68	78	72
4, Tuesday	69	79	73
5, Wednesday	70	80	74
6, Thursday	71	81	75
7, Friday	72	82	76
8, Saturday	73	83	77
9, Sunday	74	84	78
10, Monday	75	85	79
11, Tuesday	76	86	80
12, Wednesday	77	87	81
13, Thursday	78	88	82
14, Friday	79	89	83
15, Saturday	80	90	84
16, Sunday	81	91	85
17, Monday	82	92	86
18, Tuesday	83	93	87
19, Wednesday	84	94	88
20, Thursday	85	95	89
21, Friday	86	96	90
22, Saturday	87	97	91
23, Sunday	88	98	92
24, Monday	89	99	93
25, Tuesday	90	100	94
26, Wednesday	91	101	95
27, Thursday	92	102	96
28, Friday	93	103	97
29, Saturday	94	104	98
30, Sunday	95	105	99

THE HINES WILL A NULLITY.

The Court Declares the Testatrix Unduly Influenced.

Will contests are frequent. The success of the contestant is rare. The only instance in recent years in which the courts have broken a will made in this vicinity is the case of the will of Hannah Hine, late of Dunellen, decided to-day by Judge Cowenhoven and his associate judges at New Brunswick.

The evidence in the case was taken stenographically in Plainfield by Deputy Surrogate Chas. S. Hendrick. A brief summary of the evidence has appeared in the Plainfield papers and in THE NEWS. The testatrix left all her property to her daughter, Mrs. Ham, and ignored her grandson, Charles H. Hines, whom she had favored in a prior will. Mr. Hine is attacked the will on the ground of undue influence by Mrs. Ham, and want of testamentary capacity in the testatrix.

The case excited great interest here and in Dunellen because of the high social position of Mrs. Ham, who is the wife of a former law-partner of the present Chief Justice of the United States, and at present of national reputation as the author of works on manual training; and, further, because of the well-known persons who were called on to testify. On Mrs. Ham's side were Mrs. Hines's doctor, minister, undertaker, assessor, nurse, a Philadelphia doctor, a justice of the peace and numerous neighbors; and on the side of the contestant, were his aunt, Mrs. Imogene Brown, the famous metropolitan shaver, and several ladies of Dunellen, besides the contestant's mother and uncle, of New York.

Both sides were bitter, and had abundance of means back of them, it is said. Each expressed the determination to spend the whole estate in litigation rather than have the other get any of it. Of course this pleased the lawyers in the case, who consumed about ten days in taking the testimony and arguing the case.

Craig A. Marsh was counsel for the grandson, and, as above stated, was successful in the efforts to break the will. Jackson & Coddington were counsel for Mrs. Ham, who sought to have the will established. The result is that the will was declared null and void, and the property will be divided as if no will had ever been made, unless the grandson should endeavor to establish the first will, which left everything to him. Mr. Marsh has not been in town since the news of his clients' success has been received from New Brunswick, and it cannot be ascertained before his return whether Mr. Hines will be content with breaking the will of Mrs. Hannah Hine, or will want to go still further, and try to establish the will which left him all.

Judging from the fight at the contest thus far, the probability is that Mrs. Ham will appeal to the highest court, and Mr. Hines will probably offer for sale a copy of the first will, which cuts Mrs. Ham off without a dollar.

Accused of Contemptible Acts.

Theodore Tice, an engineer on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, was arraigned yesterday in the Elizabeth Police Court on a charge of immoral conduct toward young girls who are pupils in Public School No. 3. Complaint was made by the children to Principal Hyer, and he at once communicated with the police authorities, and Detective McGrail arrested Tice, who at first demanded a hearing, which was set down for yesterday, but at that time Tice waived examination. Justice and was held in $500 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury. The names of seven girls who at different times as they passed along the street from school have been insulted, as they allege, by the accused engineer, have been handed to the Chief of Police.

Confessed Murder at Death.

William Beekman, colored, a notorious character, who died at Rahway on Sunday, made a death-bed confession in which he admitted that he threw Isaac King, colored, down a colliery a year ago last March, breaking his neck. A coroner's jury at the time returned a verdict of accidental death, as it was supposed that King had fallen into the colliery. Beekman had served three terms in prison.

A Victim of the Deluge.

A colored girl named Gordon, from Philadelphia, employed by Mr. Miller, of St Publicans, was drowned in the Conemaugh valley in the Johnstown flood. Mr. Miller has endeavored to discover some trace of Mrs. Gordon, who lived in the heart of the stricken village, but without avail.

A Champagne Collerbration.

Ground for the new building of Messrs. J. B. Miller & Bro. at the corner of Park avenue and Fourth street was broken at four o'clock this afternoon. Three bottles of champagne were broken over the corner-stone.

The Black and Tan Went Mad.

A black and tan dog exhibiting signs of hydrophobia caused considerable excitement at Westfield Sunday night and was shot by Benj. J. Crosby as it was attacking a woman.

—Among the large and handsome collection of photographic views to be exhibited at Music Hall Thursday night will be a picture of Johnstown before the flood. Mr. Oscar S. Teale, the architect, will have charge of the work of exhibition and will lecture descriptively. An effort will be made to publish a complete list and programme to-morrow.

VERY TART AND POPULAR:
ORANGE, LEMON, RASPBERRY and CHERRY PHOSPHATES.
Frosted Cream Soda,
the success of the season. Cold Root Beer, unexcelled. Milk Shakes, very nutritious. Obtainable at the City Pharmacy.
Field & Randolph
PROPRIETORS,
21 WEST FRONT STREET,
Plainfield, N. J.

PROHIBITION IN PLAINFIELD.

The Closing of Saloons Preventive of Crime.

A Plainfield dispatch to *The Newark Evening News* reviewing the no-license condition of affairs in Plainfield concludes as follows:

"For weeks no drunken man has been seen openly in the streets of Plainfield, no boisterous nor rowdy crowd has been arrested for disorderly conduct since March 1st. There are known to have been but three attendants in the borough of North Plainfield.

"The city is out by $6,000 in license fees, but the testimony of the police force conclusively proves that prohibition, as a preventive of crime, is a success in this city."

Elegance on the Rail.

The Pullman Palace Car Company—of which Major J. C. Paul, of this city, is Superintendent of Equipment—have on the new line to Philadelphia and Washington, via the Central Railroad of New Jersey and Baltimore and Ohio, several of the finest parlor cars that ever came out of the shops. The Pantina, which is the most elaborate, is finished throughout in mahogany. The chairs are of red silk plush. A cosy drawing-room at one end is a mystery of blue and tints in keeping. It has a circular buffet and curiously wrought brass lamp fixtures. It goes out on the 2:45 p. m. train from New York. The Dorothy and Priscilla are also handsome, and the parlor-car service is now considered equal to that of any road.

Getting Ready To Camp.

Great preparations are being made at the State camp grounds at Sea Girt preparatory to the annual encampment. A force of carpenters is erecting a large commissary building in place of the one blown down. The foundation is already laid for a large new restaurant for the accommodation of the visitors at the camp. It is to be situated near the headquarters a large building for sleeping rooms is to be erected alongside of Capt. McKeehney's quarters, and more stable room is also to be made. Quartermaster-General Lewis Perrine spends the greatest portion of his time at camp headquarters and is directing the work. The work of starting the annual encampment will probably be begun this week.

Boycotters in Peril.

The wife of Captain John Hoy appeared before Judge McCormick at Elizabeth yesterday and obtained several of her neighbors with conspiracy preventing her from earning her living. *Captain Hoy and his wife were* instrumental in sending to State Prison for two years John Williams, the son of a neighbor, for attempting to assault Mrs. Hoy. Williams's friends and he was pardoned. Captain Hoy is an invalid, a victim of the blizzard of March, 1888, and Mrs. Hoy, who has been keeping a boat, finds her business repeatedly enticed away so that she cannot longer support herself. The matter is being investigated by the police.

Not a Church Festival.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—We noticed in last night's NEWS that a strawberry and ice-cream festival was opened by the Trinity Reformed church. It should have been by some ladies of the Trinity Reformed church, but not by the church proper. But by the Trinity Reformed church as such in connection with the well-known declared principles of temperance. MEMBER.

Plainfield, N. J., June 15th, 1889.

—There is a larger proportion of the boys and girls of New Jersey than of any other State in the Union who go to Sunday-school. It appears by statistics recently taken that there just about 260,000 children in the 1,097 Sunday-schools in New Jersey. This fact ought to insure a high grade of morality in the next generation of the citizens of the State.—New York Sun.

—The methods of treatment used by Dr. Kimbell are spoken of as entirely new discoveries of the medical and scientific professions and as thoroughly harmless as they are completely painless. Aggravated corns and all minor discomforts of the kind are relieved at once and the shoe or boot can thereafter be worn with ease. The doctor will retain his consulting rooms at the City Hotel a few days longer.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

FOUND—Baby's cloak, June 15th. Owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement, at No. 15 West Front street.

FOR SALE—Fresh cow and calf. Address R. F., care of EVENING NEWS. 9-2

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 688, Plainfield. 9tf

GERANIUMS, scarlet salvias, century plants, pansies, moonvines, etc., at Dunham's Hillside avenue greenhouses. 10-3

PARTIES wishing their carriage and pickling of fruits done by responsible lady at her home, address for further particulars, Box 1214, Plainfield. 12-4*

PLAIN sewing solicited by Mrs. Harriet Squier, 809 Grove street. 13-3

TO LET—A nice 7-room cottage on Dunellen street. Only three minutes' walk from Fourth street station. Rent reasonable. Apply at once. Good water, nice shade, fruits, etc. Inquire on the premises, No. 26 Dunellen street. This is an unusual chance, and the first comer gets the bargain. 16-6*

WANTED—A young girl as nurse for a baby; Protestant preferred. Call at 25 Washington avenue.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 8 First place. 6-13tf

STRAWBERRY AND ICE-CREAM
FESTIVAL
and ENTERTAINMENT for the benefit of the HOPE CHAPEL
SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARY
WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS
June 19 and 20.
A first-class programme will be provided each evening.
Admission, 10 cents.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

THE B. & O. WILL FIGHT.

The Two-Cent Mage Question To Go to the Courts.

BALTIMORE, June 18th.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have taken a decided stand on their reduction of passenger rates to two cents a mile for mariage of ten or more persons. This clab rate was in general use on all roads prior to the decision of Judge Cooley of the Interstate Commerce Commission, declaring it to be inconsistent with and violative of the Interstate Commerce act. Last week the legal department of the Baltimore and Ohio, at the request of General Passenger Agent Scull, handed in an opinion on the legality of the two-cent rate as applicable to parties of ten or more. The Baltimore and Ohio's counsel hold that the rate could not be construed into a violation of the Interstate Commerce law, inasmuch as it did not constitute a discrimination against the public or any part of it. At this the passenger department issued the following notice:

"Until further notice parties of ten or more persons traveling together on one ticket will be transported over those lines [including the Central Railroad of New Jersey] between stations situated thereon at the rate of two cents per mile per capita."

A protest was sent to the Baltimore and Ohio by the Central Traffic Association against the cut, but the Baltimore and Ohio will take no notice of it, and the rate will not be withdrawn unless the Company be forced to do so by the courts, on complaint of and proof by the Inter-State Commission that it is unlawful. A meeting of the Seaboard Trunk Line Association will be held in New York to-day at which the question will be discussed.

That Two-Cent Rate Problem.

WASHINGTON, June 18th.—The Interstate Commerce Commission is wrestling with the Baltimore and Ohio two-cent rate order granted to theatrical companies. "If railroad companies give a two-cent rate to theatrical people alone,"—says an official—"baseball clubs and other traveling bodies are discriminated against. They are just as much entitled to the favor. If parties of ten or more can ride for two cents a mile any man can swear he is of such a party, and he possesses a right to the reduced rate. It is a perplexing problem. A decision will probably be rendered soon."

NEW JERSEY NEWS NUGGETS.

A Survivor of Johnstown.

Gussie Miller, who lost her parents in the Johnstown floods, and was found in the streets of Jersey City, has been placed in the family in the care of Mrs. Buckhart, her aunt, who lives in Morgan street, Jersey City. The little girl says that her father, mother, sister and her cousins ran for the high ground when the floods came, and that they all reached a safe place except her mother.

Shot by his Fellow-Laborer.

A mysterious case of shooting occurred Saturday morning on the farm of Samuel H. Barnett, of Livingston. Mr. Barnett had a gun loaded for crows standing against the house while he went to breakfast. George Wayling and Fritz Ehrenfeld, hired men, went, and her cousins ran for the high ground when the floods came, and that they all reached a safe place except her mother.

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Johnstown Sufferers.
Musical and Literary
ENTERTAINMENT
at REFORM HALL,
for the Benefit of Johnstown sufferers, under the auspices of
MIZPAH LODGE, No. 1, U. O. of I. O. L., on the evening of
Wednesday, June 19
Tickets, 25 cents. Children, 10c.

HO FOR
Lake Hopatcong!
FIRST EXCURSION of the SEASON
and the Second Annual of
Winfield Scott Post,
NO. 72, G. A. R.,
Thursday, June 20th,
1889, in aid of the Joint Relief Fund of the Post and their auxiliary, the Women's Relief Corps, No. 16.
Tickets, $1.25. Children under 12 years, 50c. For Sale by members of Post and Corps and at the office of the C. R. R.
Train leaves Plainfield (Broad St.) 7:30
" " Elizabeth 8:16
" " Cranford 8:24
" " Roselle 8:30
" " Fanwood 8:30
" " Plainfield 8:36
" " Dunellen 8:39
" " Bound Brook 8:45
" " Somerville 8:50
Returning leaves the Lake at six o'clock p. m. The Plainfield Cornet and String Band will accompany the excursion. Refreshments will be provided.
Detail of Arrangements—Wm. C. Smith, Gen. W. Sooy, Capt. Wm. Hand, Samuel Lemon, James R. Alwood.

DR. E. KIMBELL
THE CELEBRATED
CHIROPODIST
is still at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a
Few Days Longer.
People who desire the services of a skillful CHIROPODIST would better improve the opportunity and call at once, as his stay in Plainfield is limited.
Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 5 p. m.
Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances.
Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the doctor's parlors at the CITY HOTEL, Plainfield, for a FEW DAYS LONGER.
DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.
Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, aged person or child can have the most delightful treatment. Corns painlessly and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.
MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.
During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 15,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.
From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:
From J. B. Probasco, M. D.: I have had personal experience with Dr. KIMBELL'S skill in removing corns, and feel no hesitation in recommending him to the afflicted.
[illegible] J. B. PROBASCO, M. D.
[illegible] 41 East Front street.
From J. T. Price, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skillful Chiropodist. J. T. PRICE, M. D.
18 Park avenue.
To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face [illegible] Plainfield, May 25. [illegible]
From John A. Bentower, Proprietor City Hotel: I take pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet in one treatment. [illegible] JOHN A. BENTOWER.
[illegible] with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL. [illegible] THE ALSOP HOUSE.
[illegible] 20 West Second avenue.
[illegible] Kimbell's remedy for bunions and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cured me after trying in ten days. Try it.
[illegible] had some solicitors.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 20TH,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.
JOHNSTOWN AND THE CONEMAUGH VALLEY
FROM MANY ORIGINAL PHOTOGRAPHS.
BEFORE AND SINCE
THE GREAT DISASTER.
Illustrated by Stereopticon,
PRESENTING 25 SQUARE FEET OF PICTURE AT A TIME.
Proceeds for the Benefit of the Sufferers.
LET ALL COMBINE
to make this a fitting climax to the work of the people of Plainfield and vicinity for the Relief of those so awfully afflicted.
The Plainfield Children's Home
will take care of two of the many children made orphans by the flood, and efforts will be made to have their photographs for exhibition among others Thursday evening, by aid of the stereopticon, and at the same time give the story of their rescue. The exhibition will be as
INTERESTING as APPROPRIATE.
DON'T MISS IT.
SEATS NOW ON SALE
at the drug stores of Messrs. Field & Randolph and Mr. J. G. Miller.
Reserved seats 50, 75, and $1.

THE Leading Grocers are
R. W. RICE & Co.
of
Duer and Emily Sts.,
All goods
Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.
NOTICE TO PATRONS.
We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 9 o'clock p. m. Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m.
RICE & CO.
Grocery, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

L. HEYNIGER,
81 & 83 Somerset St.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.
I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour: SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and "ROSE", the latter one specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BREAKFAST foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.
Whipped Cream Soda
a new wonder
From the Wild West
A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.
REYNOLDS'
PHARMACY, Park and North avenues
N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield.
5-11-6m

HOTEL NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.
Train half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank E. Miller.

THE NEW YORKERS FREE.

The Chicago Witnesses Were Baffled.

A NEW ARREST AT WINNIPEG.

Martin Burke the Latest Candidate for Conviction—The Cronin Affair Is a Second Tascott Case—The Police Are All at Sea Over the Murder.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Mooney and McDonald are free men once more. They were placed in line with eighteen or twenty other prisoners in the corridor on the second tier of the city prison yesterday, while the Chicago witnesses, William E. Hatfield, who said the furniture in "J. B. Simonds" & Co.'s Brooklynite, who rented the flat No. 117 Clark street to the same mysterious person, and Hakam Martinson, the expressman who removed the furniture from Clark street to the cottage in Ashland avenue, passed up and down along the line and failed to pick out the New York suspects. There was no identification and Judge Andrews discharged the prisoners. The Chicago detectives were much chagrined at the result.

An Alleged Bluff Game.

CHICAGO, June 18.—Interest in the Cronin murder is now centered upon Winnipeg, where the suspect Burke is under arrest. Up to 10 o'clock yesterday morning the authorities had been playing a bluff game with the New Yorkers; that the picture identified by real estate agent, expressman and others, was not that of either of the New York prisoners, but of Burke, the Winnipeg suspect; that, in short, the extradition papers were all right and the court had ordered their unconditional release, than the lynx of the departments began upon another tune. It was boldly stated that

AT VARIOUS COLLEGES

The Corner Stone of Wells' College Laid.

MRS. CLEVELAND WAS NOT THERE.

Interesting Exercises at Cornell, Rutgers and Brown University—The Cornell Regatta Postponed—At the College of the Sacred Heart.

AURORA, N. Y., June 18.—The laying of the corner stone of Wells college yesterday attracted a large number of spectators. Mrs. Cleveland was expected, and when it was learned that she was unable to be present there was much disappointment. Otherwise the event was a very enjoyable one. Chief Justice Fuller and family arrived last evening. A daughter of the chief justice is graduated this year. Among other prominent persons present were Hon. J. H. Loomis, of Attica; Judge Tappan, of Potsdam, and Hon. J. R. Weber, of Buffalo. The rain fell continuously until 2 o'clock. The weather then cleared up, and at 4:30 p. m. the students, headed by the faculty, marched to the college grounds. The large corner stone was lowered into place by the seven members of the graduating class. An able address was delivered by Rev. Wills J. Beecher, of Auburn, on the work of the small college as compared with that of the university.

The Cornell Regatta Postponed.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 18.—On account of the storm the Cornell regatta arranged for yesterday was postponed until Wednesday morning. On Wednesday afternoon there will be a game of baseball between the university nine and a nine composed of members of the faculty, the proceeds to go to the athletic fund. Among the other incidents of commencement week one of the most notable will be the reception which ex-Governor Cornell has tendered to the trustees and friends of the university's honored founder.

Yale University Baseball Officers.

NEW HAVEN, June 18.—The Yale University baseball association have chosen the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Albert Arthur Tilney, Plainfield, N. J.; Vice-President, Herbert McBride, Cleveland, O.; Treasurer, Edgar Ames, St. Louis, Mo.; Secretary, Samuel C. Thompson, Pottsville, Pa.

Class Day at Rutgers.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 18.—The class day exercises at Rutgers college were held yesterday, and the ivy was planted at the south end of Kirkpatrick chapel. The ceremony of commencement was observed after a concert by the glee club. About 200 people attended the celebration.

At Brown University.

PROVIDENCE, June 18.—The sophomore declamations for the Carpenter prizes for elocution were the only events of interest at Brown university yesterday. Prizes were awarded as follows: First, S. A. Everett, of Ryer, Mass.; second, E. G. Dexter, Worcester; third, S. S. Calvin, River Point.

A. H.'s and A. M.'s Made Yesterday.

VINELAND, N. J., June 18.—The fourth annual commencement of the College of the Sacred Heart was held on the grounds. Governor Green and Right Rev. Bishop O'Farrel were present and delivered addresses.

A Yale Man in Trouble.

NEW HAVEN, June 18.—Reginal Foster, of New York, Yale '91, was arrested charged with defrauding a boarding house keeper. Foster ran up a bill of $134 and is unable to settle.

Killed by an Umpire.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 18.—Walter R. Staples, an umpire, fatally stabbed a baseball player named Hall at Hall, at Highright, Tenn., at a critical point in the game Staples gave a man first base on balls, which incensed Hall, who left the box and a dispute ensued. Hall called the umpire a liar, when Staples drew a knife and plunged it into Hall's heart, killing him almost instantly. The knife was left in the murdered man's breast. Staples made his escape during the excitement and was not yet recaptured. Both of the young men live near Sembright, are highly connected, and were cousins.

Capt. Dawson's Slayer Pleads Not Guilty.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 18.—In the court of general sessions the jury found a true bill against Dr. T. R. McDow, charged with the murder of Capt. F. W. Dawson, editor of The News and Courier, in March last. The court was crowded uncomfortably by people anxious to get a glimpse of one of the principals in the case which is the reigning topic of interest in the state. McDow was arraigned and pleaded not guilty. The trial is fixed for Monday next. McDow will be represented by ex-Judge A. G. Magrath and Asher Cohen.

Made Famous by Dickens.

ST. LOUIS, June 18.—It is reported that the old Planter's house on Fourth street, between Pine and Chestnut streets, is to be torn down and rebuilt in a magnificent style. The old building was made famous by Dickens in his "American Notes." Dickens having stopped there while visiting St. Louis in 1842. It was also from the front balcony of the hotel that President Andrew Johnson made one of the speeches on which his impeachment was based.

To Honor Father Damien.

LONDON, June 18.—At a meeting at Marlborough house, the Prince of Wales presiding, it was resolved to erect a memorial to the late Father Damien, who devoted the last years of his life to the care of the lepers of the Sandwich Islands. The memorial will be erected at Molokai. It was also decided to construct a leper ward in London, where the study of leprosy will be encouraged.

CONDENSED NEWS.

It is believed that fitting Bell will recover.

Hypolite has not yet captured Portau-Prince, but is within a few miles of the city with his army.

Thomas Corrigan, of Buffalo, was injured to death while putting out a fire in his house caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp.

Othniel Gager, the old town clerk of Norwich, Conn., died Saturday, aged 98. He was first elected town clerk in 1838, and with the exception of 1855 was annually elected to the office until 1892.

The Typographical convention at Denver, Colo., has adjourned to meet in Atlanta, Ga., next June.

The Masonic monument at Gettysburg will be dedicated Oct. 6. About 800 encampments will go from Portland.

Manager Brown, of the New Haven Base Ball club, has released his pedagogue. He was accepted at once.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station, Business 15 Feet In Front.

DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging.
P O Box 288

LAIHOW HOTEL,
J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

FOR
TIN WORK
PORTABLE and BRICKSET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
24 and 26 doors. P O Box 1286.

REFRIGERATORS,
PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWERS,
Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers
Hardware, Plumbing, Tinning.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE,
Money to Loan on approved security
Front street and Park avenue

CARPETINGS.
W. & J. SLOANE
Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the
Spring Trade
BRUSSELLS, from $1.25 per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS from 50c per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY from 35c per yd. upward.
INGRAINS, from 25c per yd. upward.
Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.
FRENCH CHINA MATTING 40 per roll, 40 yards and upwards.
BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH ST
NEW YORK CITY.

IT CONFORMS TO SHAPE OF FOOT.
If you need introduction to fit with freedom from corns, or with ease to bunions, you need the Burt & Packard "Perfect Shape." It is of such comfort to the wearer that it is sold on its merits. Don't spoil your feet by wearing cheap shoes. The Burt & Packard standard of excellence is maintained in every pair. Sold by leading dealers. If your dealer does not keep them, send 1 Postal Card for illustrated catalogue.
Packard & Field, Brockton, Mass.
Doane & Van Arsdale, 28 W. Front St., Plainfield, N. J.

GIVEN AWAY
10 days only.
A Fine $50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of $2 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

R. A. ROSE,
Has 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, in connection carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Liberal Saturdays.

R. V. SAUME,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Station P. O. Box 1286. All jobbing attended to, and done given carefully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,
Residence Evans. P. O. Box 330.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,
Office and yard, 125 Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
24 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
20 DUNE STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

TUNIS J. CAREY
31 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

—THE—
ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION
AND SUPPLY COMPANY,
A. E. KIMBALL, Gen'l Manager,
507 Liberty St., N. Y.
Estimates, Plans and Specifications.
Largest Facilities for Any work or Supplies.

Plainfield office, 38 North avenue. Represented by F. S. Dunn.

LADIES,
of course you are aware of the fact that the warm wave has strewn us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Maybe I can suggest something that will meet with your approval; now what looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a
White Summer Suit?
and if you want such an article just drop in at
THE BEE HIVE
and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $2.50 to $10.
Then I have Children's Sea White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $3.
I can also show you a fine Flannel Dress, $1.25, $1.35 and $1.50; I have just received a consignment of Flannel Suits for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at $3.19 and up.
Children's Jersey Blouses, 50c and 75c.
Louis Callman,
38 WEST FRONT STREET.

B. T. BARNES
ICE-CREAM
Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.
Opposite P. O.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
N NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTS, OILS, SUPPLIES
Brushes

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT B. COOK
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER
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Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 28.

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At ALLEN'S,
The Stationer,
You can find a large line
EASTER GOODS
in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc.
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successors to Terrill & Miles
UNDERTAKERS AND
FURNITURE DEALERS
No. 29 East Front street, Plainfield
N. E. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole
Telephone call 46.

GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Madison avenue, North Plainfield.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Hosiery, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets
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JOS. SATTELY,
PIANO-MAKER,
Patent Stringing, in piano, gaining in tone, durability and action. 20 Organ Reeds, Patent Pedal, Gold or Silk pipes. Instruments to let. Do you want a Piano or Organ cheap? If repaired now can sell. Will take $150 for small Cabinet Organ, 4 octaves, 10 stops, 2 sets of reeds, 2 knee swells, 1 pedal. Call and see what I can offer. Jos. Sattely Piano Maker 32 East Front street.

Window Screens
and
Door Screens
fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At
30 SOMERSET STREET.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Gatties, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dyeing and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Bleaching and Feathers Dyed, Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

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the people swarm to
Howell, the Grocer
for the correct thing in
FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,
CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES.
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,
NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot.
Telephone Call 30.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly executed at reasonable prices. Office P. O. Box 1510

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Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialties—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1346

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20 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty.
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., after 6 p. m.
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E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Ex. Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 12 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. R. SEE,
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French and AMERICAN
ICE CREAMS and WATER ICES
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Fine Groceries,
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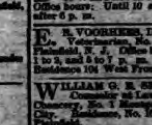
Try the Brunswick Flour. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrall & Condit.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect May 17th, 1891.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5:26, 6:45, 7:45, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Express at 6:45, 7:45, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night.
Leave New York at 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Express at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5:26, 6:45, 7:45, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Express at 6:45, 7:45, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night.
Leave Newark at 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Express at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5:15, 8:07, 9:05, 10:05, 11:05 a. m., 12:05, 1:05, 2:05, 3:05, 4:05, 5:05, 6:05, 7:05, 8:05, 9:05, 10:05, 11:05 p. m. Sunday at 8:05, 9:05, 10:05, 11:05 a. m., 12:05, 1:05, 2:05, 3:05, 4:05, 5:05, 6:05, 7:05, 8:05, 9:05, 10:05, 11:05 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 5:15, 8:07, 9:05 a. m., 12:05, 2:05, 4:05, 5:05, 6:05 p. m. Sunday at 8:05 a. m., 4:05 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
For Bound Brook, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Watkins, Geneva, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge, Dunkirk, Bradford, Kane, Oil City, Titusville, Meadville, Corry, Erie, Ashtabula, Cleveland, Akron, Orrville, Wooster, Mansfield, Upper Sandusky, Bucyrus, Crestline, Galion, Crestline, Columbus, Springfield, Dayton, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, Cleveland, Akron, Orrville, Wooster, Mansfield, Upper Sandusky, Bucyrus, Crestline, Galion, Crestline, Columbus, Springfield, Dayton, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, 4 56 p. m. For Flemington, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Lambertville, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Easton, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Bethlehem, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Manunka Chunk, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Pittsburg, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Harrisburg, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Philadelphia, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Trenton, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Bristol, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Morrisville, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Yardley, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Langhorne, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Newtown, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Hulmeville, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Penndel, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Bristol, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Morrisville, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Yardley, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Langhorne, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Newtown, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Hulmeville, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m. For Penndel, 8 05 a. m., 12 05, 4 05, 5 05 p. m.
Sundays at 4:30 p. m.
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 5:26, 8:00, 11:30 a. m., 1:05, 3:35, 4:30, 8:30 p. m. Express at 11:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m. Sundays at 8:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.
SOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at 5:26, 7:30, 8:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:05, 4:30, 6:15, 8:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 8:30 a. m., 4:30, 6:15, 8:30, 11:30 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 5:26, 7:30, 8:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:05, 4:30, 6:15, 8:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 8:30 a. m., 4:30, 6:15, 8:30, 11:30 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 5:26, 7:30, 8:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:05, 4:30, 6:15, 8:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays at 8:30 a. m., 4:30, 6:15, 8:30, 11:30 p. m.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m., 1:15 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:00, 9:30, 11:50 a. m., 1:30, 5:00 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 5:30 p. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail close at 7 p. m.
Mail for Watchung via Somerville, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5:30 p. m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:30 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to oversell and box holders.
Owners of lots boxes coming without their keys will procure order for their mail at the Mail Delivery Window.
Direct postals for Newark N. J., in 2 p. m. mail.



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Invite Everybody
to call in and examine our fresh stock of Groceries and Provisions. We sell only the best goods and give prices, whether you buy of us or not.

Sole Agents for Dr. King's specialties in this section. Also agents for Cudahy's celebrated
DICKINSON & CLAWSON,
12 Park avenue.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, or substitutes
by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Constipation
Nervous Complaints, Sick Diseases, Weak Constitutions, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and the most Chronic Diseases generally. Ladies' Parlors. Female attendance for Ladies. 60 East Second street, corner of Washington

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
of
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice-President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have reduced the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage and solicit a continuance of the same during the past twenty years, and added further favors.
Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE NORTH, PLAINFIELD
P.O. BOX 280.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
56 Park Avenue.
Telephone Call at Residence 48 Main Telephone Call 81. Office 47
Cemetery

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instructions of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates;
Call at 15 East Fifth street between 6 and 7 o'clock p. m. 1-25-1y

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 421.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vliet street, N. J. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer,
Grocer and Seedsman,
A full line of Groceries, Provisions, Produce etc. White Granite, Yellow Dutch, Bermuda and Glassware. A full assortment of reliable Field, Garden and Flower Seeds. Fertilizers, Potato Seed, Onion potash, etc. Great variety of plants in season.

Smalley Brothers,
28 Second street,
Fresh and Salt Meats,
Orders delivered to all parts of Dunellen, Fresh Meat a specialty.

Desirable Building Lots
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Fox Hill.
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mitchell Real Estate Broker, Call and see them. Best chance ever offered.

Abel S. Titsworth,
Life Insurance,
procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord,
Lumber, Masons Materials
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Solar Portland Cement. Yards, Park avenue. P. O. Box 1286.

Wm. Chasmen,
Barber and Hairdresser,
Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting a specialty. Razors set and ground. Shop on Park avenue, next door to Post Office. Entrance also at No. 2, W. Front street.

Jules Boutet,
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
and Manicurist. Ladies' and gentlemen's hair cutting, shampooing, etc. Rooms at No. 2 W. Front street.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Stationery, etc
No. 116 West Front street.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders owned at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Leather Garden and Field Furniture. P. O. Box 600. Telephone call 29.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. Box 1467
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

The Simplest to PIANOS. ORGANS. Old Letters typed at
E. VANDERBEEK, 19 PARK AVE.
TYPEWRITER TUNED

PLAINFIELD TRUST CO. 3 & 5 PER CENT.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Now Transferred to Telegraph
Park avenue. W. Manager.

Special Notices.

BARGAINS

PETERSBURG.

Beginning of the Operations Described.

IT WAS TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO.

An Attempt to Carry the City by Surprise—The Crater Works Taken by Assault—Arrival of the Armies of Grant and Lee—Movements to Surround the City—A Bold Raid Against the Railroads.

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It was not until June 13, 1864—twenty-five years ago—that the troops of the Army of the Potomac abandoned the lines at Cold Harbor. Then they moved to the left toward James river, crossing at night angles several roads running into Richmond from the northeast. Lee supposed that Grant was moving to attack Richmond along these roads. On that same day Lee received an urgent dis-

PETERSBURG AND VICINITY.

patch from Gen. Beauregard, stating that heavy forces were threatening Petersburg and asking for re-enforcements. At this time Hancock's corps was on the James ready to cross a short distance below the mouth of the Appomattox. The Fifth and Ninth corps were in the interior on the peninsula out of sight of Lee's scouts. The James had been obstructed above Gen. Butler's lines at Bermuda Hundred, and Butler's force was still active in holding the attention of the greater part of Beauregard's force.

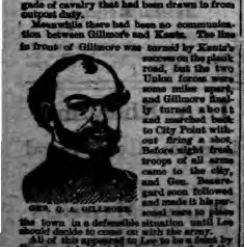
Only one day before, news had come to Lee's headquarters that a strong Union column, under Gen. Sheridan, was advancing up the Valley of Virginia, threatening the destruction of Lynchburg, the western gateway to Richmond, and on that day, too, Hampton had fought a fierce battle with Sheridan at Trevillian Station, on the Virginia Central railroad, two days' march from the Confederate capital. Hence it was natural on all sides, and Lee had his troops ready to meet that city. Early was met by rail toward Lynchburg to meet Hunter, and Longstreet and Hill were strong along the southerly roads to the north of Richmond.

Meanwhile an attempt was made in a small way to seize Petersburg. Gen. Butler held his force of about 18,000 men at Bermuda Hundred within the fighting line facing Lee at Cold Harbor. Beauregard had closed him in to the narrow neck on the land side, but he had been able to spare several regiments for protection to transports. Gen. Kautz was at City Point with two small brigades of cavalry, and on the 9th of June Gen. Q. A. Gillmore, with a portion of the Tenth corps, numbering about 3,000, moved from Bermuda Hundred to City Point and joined Kautz. By a night march they reached the outskirts of Petersburg at daylight on the two roads—the Prince George's Court House road and the Jerusalem plank road—enter the city from the east and southeast. Gillmore took up a shorter line than to allow up before intrenchments on the Court House road. Kautz's cavalry moved around to the Jerusalem plank road and here encountered artillery posted behind earth embankments, called lunettes.

A series of these lunettes, consisting of three walls facing front, right and left, and provided with embrasures for cannon, had been constructed from the Appomattox river to the Jerusalem road. At this time there were no regular Confederate infantry troops in the works except the brigade of Gen. Henry A. Wise, 2,400 strong. These, with some artillery, held the lines in front of Gillmore. Gen. Beauregard, during the night, ordered guard along the plank road, but at the first appearance of the column in the morning the alarm bells of Petersburg had been rung as a signal of the call to arms of the local defenders of the city. These Gen. Wise said he had organized and drilled for such duty, and they consisted of all men and boys capable of using rifle and pistol. He even enrolled the fall and the hospital and organized companies appropriately called "Penitents" and "Pensioners."

This militia was rallied under Gen. James R. Colston, who happened to be in the city, and was placed in the lunettes along the plank road. Meanwhile Wise had ridden out to the front to hurry over re-enforcements, for he supposed that the long predicted assault by Grant's army was now to take place. Gillmore moved leisurely but resolutely through Kautz's cavalry, and about 10 o'clock he carried the lunettes along the road by a mounted charge. Gen. Colston, the militia chief, was killed at the gun, and they stood to the work until about one-fourth had been shot down and the position was enveloped on three sides. He then drove them off along a ravine toward the center of works on Reservoir Hill, near the city. Kautz's men galloped in on the plank road, but as the water-works found a battery in position, the militia that had rallied and a brigade of cavalry that had been drawn in from outpost duty.

Meanwhile there had been no communication between Gillmore's and Kautz. The line in front of Gillmore was turned by Kautz's success on the plank road, but the two Union forces, with some miles apart, and Gillmore finally turned a body and marched back to City Point without firing a shot. Before night the troops of all arms came to the city, and Gen. Beauregard soon followed and made it his personal care to place the town in a defensible situation until Lee could be able to come with the army.



GEN. Q. A. GILLMORE.

All of this supposed Lee to be a feint by Grant, and he kept his forces north of the James, left the Fifth corps of Beauregard's 25[illegible] rifle pits as well, were screened to activity by the transient investment.

GEN. SMITH'S ASSAULT.

Gen. W. F. Smith's Eighteenth corps, 10,000 strong, drew out of the lines at Cold Harbor June 12, and marched to White House landing on the Pamunkey, thence, moving through the York and James, reached a landing on the James river, about ten miles from Petersburg, on the evening of the 14th. Kautz's cavalry and Gen. Hink's division of colored troops were assigned to Smith. Smith had been under Meade's orders at Cold Harbor, but as soon as he was detached from the Army of the Potomac he came under the orders of Gen. Butler. In seating Smith, Gen. Grant instructed Butler to use him to secure a landing on the south side of the James, but not to attempt to seize Petersburg unless he was certain that he could take it and hold it. The day that Smith reached the Appomattox, Grant reached Butler's headquarters at Bermuda Hundred, and ordered Smith, with all the re-enforcements at Butler's command, to attack the defenses of Petersburg on the east side.

The long line of lunettes from the plank road to the Appomattox had been connected by ditches and by high infantry breastworks, and so far as they could be manned, they made strong defenses. No further instructions were given, and Smith landed early on the 15th and sent out Kautz's cavalry as skirmishers. These soon found intrenched line near the Petersburg and City Point railroad. The work was carried by Hinks' troops. Hinks' and Brooks' division of Smith's corps now moved in along the railroad and soon met at the enemy's intrenched line by a heavy artillery fire. Martindale's division of Smith's corps moved up between the railroad and the Appomattox. The intrenchments were very strong and well supplied with artillery, and there were about 2,500 infantry and a brigade of cavalry in support.

The Confederates had planted their long range guns to sweep the ravines, which were all along their front, and some time was consumed in placing Union artillery on hand upon the works before assaulting. Before night closed in seven fortified batteries and a mile and a half of infantry parapets were carried, and the line of the Appomattox and many prisoners. During the afternoon Smith received word from prisoners that re-enforcements from Lee's army were crossing the James to relieve the defenders of Petersburg, and he also learned that Gen. Hancock, with the Second corps, was coming up to his assistance. Gen. Smith decided to make a night off and Smith waited for his aid, fearing that in case. Beauregard should be re-enforced, he (Smith) would have all he could do alone to hold what he had gained.

Gen. Beauregard was early apprised of the gathering of forces on the James and Appomattox rivers, and on the 14th he urgently requested Gen. Lee to send to help to Petersburg, because he believed that it was the south point to be attacked by Grant. Hoke's division, which belonged to Beauregard's department, was at this time under Early, and it was started on the morning of the 15th, and by the time Smith had carried the outer line of works at Petersburg, as narrated, Hoke's division was marching through the second line closer to the city, and this they set to work to intrench. When Hancock arrived in the evening of the 15th of troops reinforced Smith's men in the trenches and nothing further was done.

The failure to capture the city has given rise to much controversy, and the arrival

GEN. W. F. SMITH.

of Hancock's corps is taken as a cause of the failure. The distance from the point where Hancock's troops landed on the morning of the 15th to the latter's camp was fifteen miles, and his instructions, when he received them, were to move up to a position on the City Point railroad near Petersburg. Hancock received his orders from Meade, Smith, whom Hancock was to assist, received his from Butler. In his report Gen. Hancock states that he did not know that Smith was going to make an attack until after the battle of the 15th was over, and consequently he had not made special effort to reach the field.

Gen. Beauregard had a division of Confederate troops, under Gen. Wise, in front of Bermuda Hundred, commanded by Bushrod Johnson, and it was arranged on the night of the 15th to leave a light guard in the trenches and withdraw the troops, which would leave the Bermuda Hundred works to the protection of the advance of Lee's army, now on the north side of the James river. Orders were issued and executed the 15th in pursuance of this plan some of Butler's pickets discovered it, and by daylight Terry's division of Butler's command was in pursuit.

On the morning of the 16th Beauregard had at Petersburg the divisions of Hoke and Johnson and the brigades of Wise and Elliott, with Gen. Gilmore, and plenty of artillery. This force was posted behind the Appomattox river and the Jerusalem plank road, a stretch of about five miles.

Gen. Meade during the morning and Hancock was placed in command of all the troops on the field and ordered to attack. Two divisions of the Ninth corps had arrived during the night and were in position by 6 o'clock p. m. Hancock's Second corps bad been in camp and two divisions of the Ninth corps were on the right, with Burnside on the left. The enemy was driven along the whole line and several fortified batteries were taken. The fighting continued until dark and the ground was heavy, the Confederates making several times to recover the lost ground. In the assault Gen. James A. Beaver, since governor of Pennsylvania, lost his leg. The fifth brigade of Hancock's corps, his regiment commander during the summer's campaign, Col. Patrick Kelly, Eighty-eighth New York, being killed at the head of his command. Reinforcements of all arms came to the city, and Gen. Beauregard soon followed and made it his personal care to place the town in a defensible situation until Lee could be able to come with the army.

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Gen. Beauregard had a division of Confederate troops

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, A NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

S. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

IT IS PROFOUND IGNORANCE THAT INSPIRES A DOGMATIC TONE. HE WHO KNOWS SOMEWHAT BELIEVES HE IS TEACHING OTHERS WHAT HE HAS JUST LEARNED HIMSELF.—La Bruyere.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 170; days to come, 195.

—There will be prize bowling at the Olympia Alleys to-night.

—Gamble Engine Company No. 1 will take their apparatus out for a "wash" to-morrow evening at eight o'clock.

—Winfield Scott Post will give the first excursion of the season to-morrow. Lake Hopatcong is the destination.

—The vestments for the male choir of Grace Episcopal church have been fitted and will be worn the first time next Sunday.

—The Odd Ladies will doubtless meet with much success at their Johnstown benefit entertainment in Reform Hall this evening.

—Summer begins this year, for the astronomers, Friday at 1:30 a. m., though ordinary people have thought it to be here for some time.

—The members of Plainfield Engine Company, No. 2, will take out their engine for a "wash" at half-past seven o'clock to-morrow evening.

—Among the views of the Johnstown benefit exhibition to-morrow will be a photograph of the coming new chapel of the Seventh-Day Baptist church.

—A strawberry and ice-cream festival was held at New Dover, near Oak Tree, last evening, and will be continued to-night, for the benefit of the New Dover church.

—The Y. M. C. A. have requested that a view of their proposed new building be presented at the stereopticon exhibition to-morrow evening, which will be done if convenient.

—One of the views of Johnstown before the flood to be shown at the stereopticon exhibition to-morrow evening will be twenty-five feet in height and seventy-five feet in width.

—Westfield is to have foot races, tub races, sack races, pole-climbing and other prize contests the Fourth of July. A band will be engaged for all day, and a grand pyrotechnic exhibition will be given at night.

—Fairy-lamps for lawn-parties are made with big beads of oil, cups, dewdrops, etc., through whose glass eyes the light streams, making an odd effect when the lamps are hung among trees and shrubbery at night.

—"The strawberry season is about ended"—says The Vineland Journal—"and while the yield has been good prices in the city markets have been anything but satisfactory. The net return from the crop here has been very meagre as compared with last year.

—Among the views in to-morrow night's stereopticon exhibition will be one of representatives of the Masonic brotherhood in a wrecked building distributing food and clothing to the survivors of the fraternity. There will be also a similar view of the O. A. H.

—The leader and boy choir of the Holy Cross church are to sing "Home, Sweet Home", while the view of Johnstown before the flood is being shown at the stereopticon at the exhibition at Stillman Music Hall to-morrow evening for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers.

—We trust that the proceeds from the stereopticon exhibition to-morrow evening will roll up an amount sufficient to make a fitting climax to the work so well begun. The indications are that the entertainment will be witnessed by one of the largest and finest audiences ever seen in the Hall.

—At the stereopticon exhibition in Music Hall to-morrow evening there will be over one hundred views from photographs of the Conemaugh valley taken before, during and since the flood which brought so much devastation to the residents there and such generous contributions from our people for their relief. These views will show that the locality well merited our help.

—The stereopticon exhibition to be given at Music Hall to-morrow evening will certainly be the largest and probably the first in this country for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers, and neither pains nor expense has been spared to make it the finest and worthy of the most generous patronage, aside from the object. It will be found full of thrilling interest, and instructive from the beginning to the end.

Local Rapid Transit.

When Newark had a population of 60,000 people there were no street railways, and the old style of omnibus was used, one line on Broad street. Street railways were introduced by the steam railroad companies to accommodate passengers at their stations, and their construction on Broad street was violently opposed by many property owners.

Plainfield with a present population of only one-third of that possessed by Newark has her first street railway in operation, and the rapid transit service that Mr Dar's and his electric servant can devise.

"Riding in street cars"—says The Newark Journal—"is a habit that attends with the facilities for satisfying it, but companies fail very often to appreciate it, and to consult the habits of inadequate profits when they are laying out extensions. It is good policy to provide cars and stations in advance of routes, and there are many instances of population quickly following railways into uninhabited districts. In some cases speculators buy lands and construct railways for their development."

Insane, but Unknown.

The lunatic arrested last night by policeman Tice, McCue is still a prisoner at the Plainfield police-station.

He is about thirty-five years of age, and five feet ten inches high. He has a full brown mustache and wears a striped suit. Nothing whatever has been found about him by which he could be identified. He says that his father was Mayor of Camden at the time of Buchanan's administration.

A CONFERENCE OF CHRISTIANS.

Plainfielders To Take Prominent Part.

The Union county Christian Endeavor Union will hold a conference in the First Baptist church at Elizabeth, Friday evening, June 21st. The Societies of the First Presbyterian, Reformed and Congregational churches of Plainfield became members of the Union last Fall. Since then there have been societies organized by the young people of the Park avenue Baptist church and churches in other parts of the county. Efforts have been made to reach all societies, but any not having received notice from the Secretary are expected to regard this publication as an invitation to be present.

The conference promises to be of much interest. The discussion on "Methods of Work" will be opened by Miss E. J. Batchelder, of Plainfield, who will read a paper on "Committee Work". There will also be a paper on "The Pledge", by Mr. A. C. Ridley, of Elizabeth, and an address by F. E. Everett, Secretary of the New Jersey State Union. Y. P. S. C. E. Presidents of the local societies will read three-minute reports, and are asked to send statistics. The musical programme will be very attractive.

Orphans From Johnstown.

Prompt action secured for the Plainfield Children's Home two of the young people made orphans by the Johnstown disaster. Elizabeth had as worthy motives as had Plainfield but did not meet with the same success, as is attested by The Journal:

"In reply to dispatches sent from this city offering to take care of any destitute orphans, the News comes that there are no orphans now uncared for. The first report, that so many children were left with neither home nor parents, finds its end contradiction in the fact that the children were the ones to suffer most severely. When the waters swept over a home and carried it away the father usually managed to escape, had less chance for life, but as a rule the children had no escape from death. 'There is more need'—says the Catholic letter received here yesterday, 'that families should be brought together than that they should be separated.' While this will defeat the kindly motives that have prompted these generous offers of help, it will bring a feeling of satisfaction that the little sufferers are not so numerous as were earlier reported."

Mayor Hyer Re-Elected.

The special charter election for Mayor at Rahway yesterday resulted in the re-election of Lewis S. Hyer, Democrat, by 100 majority. Under the new law, which took effect last April, Hyer's term of office will be two years. The election was hotly contested. W. F. Leterock was the Republican candidate. Last Spring with the same candidates the vote was a tie, owing to a Prohibition movement. The city government is now Democratic. Hyer's majority is the largest ever given to a Democratic candidate for mayor.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Wm. Kelly, of Oak Tree, is visiting relatives at Albany.

Miss Grace Howard, of East Ninth street, sailed for Antwerp by steamer Westernland to-day.

Foreman Wm. Wright has succeeded Robt. Skinner as driver of the light truck of Plainfield Engine Company, No. 2.

The Rev. D. W. Morehouse, of Brooklyn, is announced to preach several sermons in the Unitarian course being delivered in Plainfield.

Mr. L. Wyckoff, of Howard street, has sold to Mr. George Anderson, of Somerville, an English bred setter dog. The price paid was fifty dollars.

Mr. Wm. A. Conger retired from the firm of Schaffin & Co., clothing manufacturers, yesterday, and Mr. Edward Wister takes his place. The firm-name remains the same.

Mr. Walter L. Hetfield, of Plainfield, was married to Miss Mary G. Eagan at the residence of the bride in Worcester, Mass., this afternoon. After their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Hetfield will return to Plainfield, to make their home on East Second street.

Mr. Russell Johnson, of Somerset street, has purchased for ten dollars the large Newfoundland dog that formerly ran with the "boys" of Engine Company No. 2 to every fire. The animal was beaten almost to frightful proportions by a number of strange visitors to the engine-house.

Mr. A. C. Dunn, formerly of West Fifth street, son of the Rev. Elston Dunn, is now assistant ticket agent of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha and Chicago & Northwestern Railways at Minneapolis, Minn. He is at present the guest of Messrs. Howard Emerson and Will Hubbard, of this city.

Mr. Robert Gaston Smith, of Broadway, Plainfield, will be graduated from Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken, at the Commencement exercises to be held to-morrow afternoon. He will deliver the valedictory. Among the theses to be presented is one on "The Determination of the Efficiency of a New Daft Electric Motor".

Some of the practical jokers who frequent Lake's Hotel have inveigled the proprietor, Mr. J. B. Miller, and his friend, Mr. Wm. Trust, of Scranton, into an agreement to shovel and cart dirt from the cellar of the new Reformed church to be erected by Messrs. Miller Bros. at the corner of Park avenue and East Fourth street. Forfeit money has been deposited. The matter will probably end in a champagne supper.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Saturday	68	66	68	71	71	71	67
2. Sunday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
3. Monday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
4. Tuesday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
5. Wednesday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
6. Thursday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
7. Friday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
8. Saturday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
9. Sunday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
10. Monday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
11. Tuesday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
12. Wednesday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
13. Thursday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
14. Friday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
15. Saturday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
16. Sunday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
17. Monday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
18. Tuesday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68
19. Wednesday	69	68	68	71	72	72	68

THREE MONTHS' VACATION.

A Happy Event at Miss Roesp's School.

There were smiling faces at Miss Roesp's School this morning, because each pupil realized that this eventful day meant a vacation of three months. After devotional exercises and singing the reports of the year's work were given out.

Each pupil received a pretty souvenir, and the following prizes were awarded:

Miss Nellie Train—prize for Attendance.

Miss Florence Sorrell—prize in Spelling.

Master Fred Dunn—prize in Deportment.

Master Bryant G. Harmon—prize in Spelling.

Master Reeve Stockton—prize in Deportment.

Master Charles Fountain—prize in Scholarship.

Refreshments were then served, and all went home with light hearts, and hands filled with pleasant remembrances.

Miss Roesp will open a primary school for boys in the Fall. This will meet a long-felt want, and Miss Roesp's experience will doubtless guarantee a full school.

NORTH PLAINFIELD FIREMEN.

The New Company Elect Efficient Officers.

The North Plainfield Fire Department is once more in first-class working order, and everything is progressing harmoniously.

The members of the new company met last night and elected the following officers:

Foreman—Peter Bennett.

First Assistant Foreman—George H. Fairchild.

Second Assistant Foreman—Ed. Mundy.

Secretary—J. D. Anderson.

Engineer—Patrick Callahan.

First Assistant Engineer—H. H. Wilson.

Second Assistant Engineer—Julius Stahl.

Chief Engineer Horace J. Martin has made every arrangement for prompt and efficient action in response to all alarms of fire.

The "Company" will take the borough apparatus out for a "wash" Friday evening.

Central Railroad Improvements

The Central Railroad of New Jersey has improved its Sandy Hook service considerably over last season, and when the summer schedule is introduced June 30th it will be one of the most expeditious ways of reaching the Highlands, Long Branch and the other Jersey coast points. The new propeller Sandy Hook, similar to the Monmouth, will be completed in time for the opening, and three steamers will be put in service. The road has been double-tracked eleven miles south of the Hook, and ten minutes will thus be saved in the trip. It will take one hour and twenty minutes from New York to Long Branch, instead of one hour and a half as during last season. Boats will leave New York at 4:00, 7:45, 9, 11 a. m., 1, 3, 4:15 and 5:30 p. m. Sundays at 9 1-2 a. m. and 1 1-2 p. m. The all-rail service after June 30th will begin at 7:45 a. m., and trains for Long Branch and other coast resorts continue at frequent intervals on to 6:30 p. m. A new feature of the summer service will be special trains from Newark to Long Branch at 4:35 p. m. daily, returning to reach Newark at 9:30 a. m. A train will be run to Manch Chunk and Lake Hopatcong every Sunday at 7 a. m., returning in the evening.

An Act Worthy of Imitation.

Col. E. B. Edwards, Secretary of the New Jersey Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, has sent to the Board of Police Commissioners of Newark a letter in which he says:

"The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals desires to direct your attention to the promiscuous firing of bombs, crackers, torpedoes and other fireworks in the public streets for a period of at least ten days preceding the Fourth of July. The practice is a direct violation of a city ordinance, and in previous years has occasioned many accidents. Valuable horses have been rendered entirely useless for life, and great pain caused by accidents from this cause which resulted fatally to horses. One died from fright and the other ran away and fell on the pavement in great pain that it had to be killed. This Society respectfully solicits the aid of your body in preventing, as much as possible, the cruelties on the Fourth of July. As business is entirely suspended on that day horses are not safe upon the streets, and the accidents are much less liable to happen."

Mrs. Hoy Still Persecuted.

The boycotting and persecution of Mrs. John Hoy, of Elizabeth, continues. Another night some of her tormentors poisoned her pet spaniel, the only companion the poor woman had left since her husband was sent to the hospital. The animal was a very valuable one of its kind, and was presented to Mrs. Hoy by Mrs. Hoy to part with it. Her grief, when she found on her return home that it had been poisoned, was great. The police are trying to discover the guilty party.

A Chance for Local Swimmers.

The following challenge was printed in The Jersey City News yesterday:

"I hereby challenge anybody to compete with me in fancy swimming. I claim to be the best fancy swimmer not only in Jersey City but in the world. I will swim for any day. John Wanzer, 32 W. Seventh street, 19-2

FOR SALE—Fine fresh Jersey cow; large milker; gentle; a bargain. Address P. O. box "A", care of EVENING NEWS. 17-3

FOR SALE—300 loads of manure. P. O. box 1, Plainfield, N. J. 16-3

GERANIUMS, scarlet salvias, centaury plants, pansies, moonvines, etc., at Dunton's Hillside avenue greenhouses. 19-2

PARTIES wishing their carriages and pleasure boats painted will please send their address to Painter, care of Evening News. 13-4tf

TWO GIRLS WANTED—One as cook and the other as chamber girl and waitress. Call 19 Franklin place.

TO LET—A nice 7-room cottage on Dover street. Only three minutes' walk from post-office. Rent reasonable. Apply to Evening News office.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 9 Pine place. 6-11tf

WANTED—Competent girl as good plain cook in private family. No washing. Inquire of Mrs. W. C. Sherman, corner Somerset and Dunellen streets.

WANTED — Seamstress for children's clothes. Must understand Singer machine. $1 per day. Address, giving references, D. E., care EVENING NEWS.

Cent-a-Word Column.

FOUND—Baby's cloak, June 15th. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement, at No. 12 West Front street.

FOR SALE—Fine fresh Jersey cow; large milker; gentle; a bargain. Address P. O. box "A", care of EVENING NEWS. 17-3

FOR SALE—300 loads of manure. P. O. box 1, Plainfield, N. J. 16-3

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STRAWBERRY AND ICE-CREAM

FESTIVAL

and ENTERTAINMENT for the benefit of the HOPE CHAPEL

SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARY

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENGS

June 19 and 20.

A first-class programme will be provided each evening.

Admission, 10 cents. 20

THE WORST MAN IN THE JAIL.

A Convict's Inordinate Thirst for Revenge.

Chas. W. Dodd, formerly Chief of Police in Plainfield and at present Warden of the Union county jail, says that the worst prisoner in his charge is Wm. Malhenry, an Elizabethtown boy. Some two years ago was arrested charged with the larceny of a watch from Edward Davenny, and who was punished with a term in prison. When he was released he vowed vengeance on Davenny and shrashed him for presuming the charges had been a second time who arrested and again committed, and this time, with Dodd, in the battery. He swore to be revenged on Davenny and began to befriend in prison that person, whom he served and waited on in a dark cell for two weeks.

He has kept his oath so far as Davenny was concerned. Malhenry succeeded by threats and other ruffianism, he lay in wait for his victim. The four men out of Davenny well: on his release he wounded him down, two of them have killed since held it not to be for the timely arrival of the police who took the man's crew for help. His sentiments fled, and Malhenry was sent to the jail to serve out his seven years' sentence. Malhenry, who was caught at his home at eight o'clock this morning and for the third time was committed to the county jail for trial.

Base-Ball To-Morrow.

The Diamonds of Plainfield and the West Ends of Somerville will play base-ball on the Crescent grounds to-morrow afternoon.

The Dauntless Club of Elizabeth will play the Crescents Saturday afternoon.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

The Rev. Dr. Buchanan, pastor of the Pemberton Baptist church, has been called to the presidency of Peddie Institute at Hightstown.

Strawberry-growers are forming a protective association in the counties of Cumberland and Salem, and will organize next Thursday at Cedarville.

A man was caught at Glassboro last week giving whiskey to a prisoner in the lockup by pouring it into his mouth through a long pasteboard funnel.

Farmers in the vicinity of Shiloh and Roadstown are worried over the appearance of the buffalo-fly, which pesters the horns of cattle so that they soon refuse to drop off.

The Connolly Motor-Equipment Company, of Brooklyn, which has leased the Elizabeth and Newark Horse Railroad, yesterday advanced the wages of all its employes two cents per day without solicitation on the part of the men.

About one hundred survivors of the Eleventh New Jersey Volunteer Infantry, of which General McAllister was commander, held a reunion at Asbury yesterday. The General was present in person, but was too feeble to participate in the exercises.

Ex-Governor Leon Abbett is having a new steam launch built for himself, which is to be much more commodious and more speedy than the little naphtha affair in which he justified so hugely last summer. The ex-Governor starts his daughter off to Europe this week, with her brother as escort.

Bishop A. J. Drexel, of Philadelphia, has accepted the invitation to officiate at the altar to St. Michele's church at Long Branch. The altar was given in memory of Mr. Drexel's brother-in-law, Joseph Longstreth, who died in that high and will be composed of Cuan stone, Italian, Eastalan and Tennessee marble and Mexican onyx.

George Frey, a liquor-seller of 251 Grand street, Jersey City, was found guilty in Judge Bedle's court yesterday of selling liquor to a minor on Sunday. He was fined $10. Frey was also charged with keeping a disorderly house, but the testimony with makes habitual selling on Sunday, in violation of the excise order, and was held in $600 bail for trial.

Two weeks ago Father Henri Merton, pastor of the Catholic church of St. John the Baptist, of New Brunswick, went to St. Augustine, Fla., for his health. Word was received in Newark on Monday that he died there Monday, and that the body would reach New Brunswick this morning. Father Martens was born in Kentucky, began in 1859, and was made a priest in 1880. He did mission work in Pyanes, England and this country, and took charge of the church in New Brunswick in 1874. The funeral will be held Friday morning.

The Newark Law and Order League warns to begin on the Sunday base-ball games, and it is understood that a secret meeting will be held at the residence of one of the members to-morrow evening. The purpose of discussing plans for preventing the continuance of the games, which have attracted from 5,000 to 10,000 spectators to the shooting park, near Valley-burg, every Sunday afternoon. The grounds are in Hudson county, and are under the police. The playing is done outside of the city limits, and it is said that the Law and Order League will endeavor to induce the Sheriff of the Justices of South Orange to issue warrants for disorderly persons and send constables to the scene of the games. The Base-Ball Club managers are anxious, because their chief reliance for keeping the Club up until the end of the season is the receipts of the games on Sunday games. For two weeks they have been saving money, the first they have made this year.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

DOCTORS AT ASBURY PARK.

The 123d Annual Convention of the Jersey Society.

COLEMAN HOUSE, ASBURY PARK, June 19th.—There are upwards of 150 doctors in town, and as the population of Asbury Park proper is under 3,500 this is at the rate of one doctor to about every sixteen ordinary persons. As the place is unusually healthy, the doctors would starve if they stayed long, but they are here only temporarily for the purpose of attending the 123d annual meeting of the New Jersey Medical Society. It is the Society's first meeting in Asbury Park, and at the opening session in the afternoon James A. Bradley, the founder of the place, in behalf of the townspeople, said that the Park was honored by its presence, and invited all hands to a banquet after the evening meeting. The invitation included the wives of those members who were not allowed to leave home alone, of whom there were a dozen or more. The banquet was held in the dining-room of the Coleman House, in whose hall-room the Society holds its meetings.

Dr. George T. Welch welcomed his brother practitioners from the rest of the State in behalf of the medical men of Monmouth county. Almost all the afternoon session was devoted to routine business. The only paper read was by Dr. H. M. Watson, of Jersey City, on "the value of creosote in fifty cases of chronic diseases of the air passages." The paper approved of its use. Incidentally Dr. Watson told of two malingerers who applied for treatment of stupendous consumption at the St. Francis Hospital in Jersey City last autumn. One professed a certificate from a physician that he had the disease; both apparently expected that their ruse would supply them with a pleasant home for the Winter. Although easily detected that they were frauds he did not have them sent away. He merely gave them beds in the consumption ward, and one night with real consumptives was sufficient for the spurious ones. The constant coughing and less agreeable sounds caused each to hurry away the next morning.

Dr. H. Genett Taylor, of Camden, President of the Society, began the evening session with quaint quotations from the original constitution of the Society, which was adopted July 27th, 1766. There were thirteen original members. The Society did not obtain a charter until 1794. A subsequent charter made it necessary for the graduates of all but certain specified colleges to get the Society's sanction before they could practice, but in 1851 a law was passed enabling graduates of any medical college of a prescribed standing to practice at once.

A homeopathist consequently now has as secure a footing in New Jersey as an allopathist. In suggesting things which the Society could do for the betterment of the profession Dr. Taylor proposed the establishment of a State Medical Society. The proposition was applauded, and a basket of flowers was given to him, as well as a vote of thanks. Some routine business followed. The convention then adjourned until to-day.

James A. Bradley presided at the banquet. Among those present were Judge Beasley, President of the Board of Commissioners; R. G. Hamilton, of the Board of Trade, Father Brennan, Dr. Maddox, and some of the visiting doctors.

E. and O. Telegraph Transfer.

BALTIMORE, June 19th.—A deed was recorded yesterday whereby the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company conveys to the Western Union all its telegraph lines and property of every kind. The consideration named is $1, and the entire charges of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company from the obligation to issue the $6,000,000 of bonds provided for in its contract with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.

The City Attorney Seeks Rest.

City Attorney Frank Bergen, of Elizabeth, who has been for years an active defender of the city against the attacks of its former creditors, has grown weary of the turmoil in which he has been plunged for the past decade, and is about to remove to Orange, where he is building a mansion. This news will be a surprise to many citizens who are not accustomed to look upon Mr. Bergen as one of the pillars of the city. It is said that he will still retain his law office in Elizabeth, but, of course, will have to relinquish his political office, for which there will be a lively scramble among the city lawyers.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North avenues

N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield. 5-11-6m

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of Cigars, SUCCESS, BONNY, FILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is my specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of HOUSEKEEPING goods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

HOTEL NETHERWOOD

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank E. Miller.

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 20TH,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

JOHNSTOWN AND THE CONEMAUGH VALLEY

FROM MANY ORIGINAL PHOTOGRAPHS.

BEFORE AND SINCE

THE GREAT DISASTER.

Illustrated by Stereopticon,

PRESENTING 25 SQUARE FEET OF PICTURE AT A TIME.

Proceeds for the Benefit of the Sufferers.

LET ALL COMBINE

to make this a fitting climax to the work of the people of Plainfield and vicinity for the Relief of those so awfully afflicted.

The Plainfield Children's Home

will take care of two of the many children made orphans by the flood, and efforts will be made to have their photographs for exhibition among others Thursday evening by aid of the stereopticon, and at the same time give the story of their rescue. The exhibition will be as

INTERESTING as APPROPRIATE.

DON'T MISS IT.

SEATS NOW ON SALE

at the drug stores of Messrs. Field & Randolph and Mr. J. G. Miller. Reserved seats 50, 75, and $1.

DR. E. KIMBELL

THE CELEBRATED

CHIROPODIST

is still at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a

Few Days Longer.

People who desire the services of a skilful CHIROPODIST would better improve the opportunity and call as once, as his stay in Plainfield is limited.

Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 6 p. m.

Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances.

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to Rooms No. 7 and 8, City Hotel, Plainfield, for a FEW DAYS LONGER.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.

Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, with her sister or child can have the most aggravating foot troubles relentlessly and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has gained many patrons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

From J. B. Professor, M. D.: I have had personal experience with Dr. Kimbell's skill in removing corns, and heartily recommend him to the citizens.

J. B. PROFASCO, M. D.,
41 East Front street.

From J. F. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend Dr. KIMBELL as a skilful Chiropodist.

J. F. FRITTS, M. D.,
22 Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face.

MRS. K. VAN EVERA.

Plainfield, May 20.

From John A. Boerkower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my corns to my entire satisfaction.

JOHN A. BOERKOWER. 3

I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.

MISS ALICE M. FOWLER.
70 Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits counts the worst cases in ten days. Try it. All bad cases solicited.

HO FOR

Lake Hopatcong!

FIRST EXCURSION of the SEASON

and the Second Annual of

Winfield Scott Post,

NO. 73, G. A. R.,

Thursday, June 20th,

1889, in aid of the Joint Relief Fund of the Post and their auxiliary, the Women's Relief Corps, No. 10.

Tickets, $1.25. Children under 12 years, 90c. For Sale by members of Post and Corps and at the offices of the C. R. R.

Train leaves Newark (Broad St.) 7:00
" " Elizabeth 8:10
" " Rahway 8:20
" " Westfield 8:27
" " Fanwood 8:30
" " Plainfield 8:40
" " Dunellen 8:50
" " Bound Brook 8:55
" " Somerville 9:05

Returning leaves the Lake at six o'clock p. m. The Plainfield Citizens' Band will accompany the excursion. Refreshments of all kinds provided.

Detail of Committee—Wm. C. Smith, Geo. W. Moore, Capt. Wm. Hand, Samuel Lemon, James M. Atwood.

Johnstown Sufferers.

Musical and Literary

ENTERTAINMENT

at REFORM HALL,

for the Benefit of Johnstown sufferers, under the auspices of

MIZPAH LODGE, No. 1, U. O. of I. O. L.,

on the evening of

Wednesday, June 19.

Tickets, 25 cents. Children, 10c.

VERY TART AND POPULAR:

ORANGE,
LEMON,
RASPBERRY and
CHERRY PHOSPHATES!

Frosted Cream Soda,

the success of the season. Cold Root Beer, uncorrelled. Milk Shakes, very nutritious. Obtainable at the City Pharmacy.

Field & Randolph

PROPRIETORS,

82 WEST FRONT STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 430 PARK PLACE EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

S. W. ROBERSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

A Royal Magazine Writer.

"Carmen Sylva," who is the queen of Roumania, contributes an idyllic sketch to The Forum. She writes of the Roumanian peasant. Her sketch begins:

A man as big again as is the rest of Europe; the sky deep blue overhead, shading down to white; on the horizon a shimmering curtain of golden cloud; green today and straining wheat as far as the eye can reach; and in the vast sea thereof solitude a single cart drawn by black oxen, whose very size is a study of the cow's accord, though on closer observation the driver with be seen stretched prone on top of his high piled load; such is Roumania. Then a village, like a bridge—for since King Charles began to rule there are bridges. But the peasant place, stands grouped right and left on a wide road while beyond broad leather belt and silk hat, and driven his footsteps past the bridge and almost perpendicular down the steep bank into the water.

The exquisite word painting continues. Here a boy, with nothing on but an abbreviated shirt and enormous lambskin cap, hugs to his breast a goose nearly as big as himself. The married women all wear white veils constantly. From her wedding day, nobody, not even her husband, may see a Roumanian peasant woman's face. It is a matter of form, a bride is expected to cry a little, when her hair is rolled up tight and tucked under handkerchief which is henceforth to cover it during her earthly existence. Women who work in the fields wear frequently felt hats like men, but the hat must be put over the white veil. To die unwedded seems to both men and women the greatest misfortune that can overtake one.

The Roumanian peasants are unique. French fashions and modern ideas have not reached them. They are, therefore, the most picturesque and interesting people of Europe. Descended from the Roman colonists who settled the country under Emperor Trajan, they preserve still something of the noble carriage and dignity of character of the ancient Roman. They have aquiline features and piercing black eyes. But they are mixed with other strains of blood, both eastern and western. They are quite as much Oriental as European. There are 200,000 gypsies among them. The Roumanian language is a Latin dialect. But the admixture of wilder, younger and warmer blooded races than that of Rome has given to the people a fervid poetic temperament. The common people speak naturally in metaphor.

"Have you any sons?" the queen asked of an aged peasant woman of graceful and imposing presence.

"Yes, I have five, like the tempest laid them low," was the reply.

One day the queen visited seven schools in Little Wallachia. "Never have I seen at once so many strikingly beautiful eyes," she writes. "The most incompetent school master surely never could spoil what the good God made so perfect."

The genuine Roumanian is the luxiest of mortals. In the morning he drinks a glass of whisky. Through the day he has two meals, each consisting of some corn cakes and a couple of onions. Two days' work in the week will keep him abundantly supplied with these! Why should he work longer? In point of fact, he does not and will not work longer. Happy philosophy! Jolly content! What to him are revolutions and the contests of labor and capital? He owes his contentment and security to the fact that Roumania is a thinly peopled country.

Finally, the idyllic Roumanian is not wildly devoted to wife and children. But he loves his mother passionately, and places her before everybody else.

Many volumes of heavy legal lore have been written on the question of how much criminality is to be imputed to the mere intent to do a deed. But all these heavy arguments must go down before the clearness with which the case is put by a Washington lawyer, with a coal black skin and a deep bass voice. He says:

"De common law larceny—counts in de takin'—de t'ing I'm what 'his—as' public'ob it whah 'taken. De intent, gemmen ob de jury," he went on, with the most solemn emphasis, "de intent makes de crime. Yoh instance, yoh looks into a field—an' yoh see a horse; yoh says to yoh'se'f, 'Dat's a nice horse. I'd like to hab dat horse.' Takin' larceny yit. Yoh goes into de fiel' an' yoh grabs yoh hah on de bridle. Takin' larceny yit. Yoh feels de critter's hide on de road. 'Taint takin' away yit. But do fus' t'ing you knows you says to yoh se'f, 'I've gwine ter keep dat horse fob myse'f an' deprive de owneh ob him.' Dat be larceny."

Admirable as many things were that the late Allen Thorndike Rice accomplished, he will always be best remembered in connection with the new North American Review. His chief aim was to steer it away from the line of the heavy old English reviews. The last direction he gave before he was to start to his post in Russia was this: "Be careful to keep it out of the old and worn academic rut. Let it be what I have made it—a magazine of the times." The last number which his master hand touched was that for June. It covers a wide range of topics of living interest, true to his intent. It sweeps now, in some measure, a message from the dead.

If America makes a poor showing in high art at Paris, there is one comfort we can lay to our souls, anyhow. Every important point urged by Americans at the Samoan conference was conceded by Bismarck. The principal matter our commissioners insisted on was complete independence for Samoa.

THE AMENDMENT IS LOST

Pennsylvania Not Dry by a Large Majority.

HIGH LICENSE CAUSED DEFEAT.

The Prohibitionists Are Not Discouraged and Will Continue the Fight—The Vote at Various Places—Estimated Cost of the Campaign.

HARRISBURG, June 19.—The people of Pennsylvania have rejected the proposed amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquor by a majority of from 120,000 to 200,000.

Prohibition Leaders Undaunted.

The Prohibition leaders say that they do not propose to abandon the fight against the liquor traffic and will begin immediately to reorganize a new campaign, the basis of which will be to vote for no man for any office, from town constable to president of the United States, who is not openly pledged in advance of election to favor the enactment and execution of a prohibitory law. More than sixty thousand names have already been secured from different parts of the state and forwarded to the headquarters of the Prohibition league in Philadelphia.

Dr. Swallow, one of the most prominent anti-liquor men in the state, was asked if the next legislature would be requested to again submit a prohibitory amendment to the people, and he said: "Yes, and we will vote for such candidates as will declare themselves not only for submission, but for prohibition. We do not propose to again be made the victims of the farce of voting for men for the legislature because they are submissionists, only to find them aim-st bitter antagonists to the campaign and probably at the polls.

Why the Amendment was Lost.

There are many reasons why the amendment was defeated. The people took into consideration the fact that liquor interests pay 10 per cent. of the entire revenue which the state derives from taxation, and that if prohibition prevailed this 10 per cent. would have to be made up from the pockets of the taxpayers. Another important factor, and probably the most important of the defeat of the amendment, was the high license law now in operation. All along, ex-Attorney General Palmer, who had charge of the Prohibition campaign, contended that if the amendment were defeated the high license law should be blamed for it.

Returns from Other Places.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., June 19.—This city gives 214 majority for the prohibition amendment. Lancaster gives 2,200 against. Cambria 1,500 against, and Union 500 for. Upcoming county, light vote polled. Returns indicate a very small majority against the prohibition amendment, and also a small majority against the poll tax amendment. Allegheny county gives 25,000 against; Jefferson, 1,700 majority for; McKin, 900 majority for; Mercer, 1,300 against; Luzerne, estimate 2,300 against, and Carbon. Prohibitionists claim 1,750 majority for the prohibition amendment.

Chester county gives 2,800 majority for the prohibition amendment. Clearfield county, estimated 1,500 majority for cold water, and Northampton county gives 6,000 majority against for the amendment. Complete returns from Cambria county, 6,700 majority against prohibition. Cameron, corrected, 130 majority for prohibition amendment.

Wayne gives 400 majority against, Warren 900 for, Bedford county 600 against, Fulton 400 majority against and Indiana 2,500 majority for prohibition.

Tioga county gives about 1,000 majority for the prohibition amendment, Schuylkill 10,000 against, Clearfield county, corrected, 1,600 for; Lackawanna, 6,000 against, and Isaac 500 against, Centre gives 2,300 for and Columbia county 825 majority against.

Cameron county gives 150 majority for the amendment. Lehigh gives 3,000 majority against. Potter gives 500 majority for the amendment. Berks gives 30,000 majority against prohibition. Bradford county gives 1,500 majority for the amendment, and Juniata county gives 150 majority against.

McKean county's majority for the prohibitory amendment is estimated at 500; Potter county's majority, 300, also estimated. Bradford city's majority against the amendment is 180.

Cost of the Campaign.

The total cost of the campaign in all the counties has been $60,000, not including the expenses of the headquarters in Philadelphia. The latter, however, were very wisely, but judiciously. They secured the best ward workers and paid them well, while, as a rule, those who electioneered for the amendment were paid nothing. One of the most successful schemes known to the "besiers." The next legislature, it is expected, will make the license fee higher and otherwise improve the law.

During the campaign the Prohibitionists sent out through the state 10,000,000 tracts, temperance leaflets and newspapers pledged to the amendment. The Good Templars, Sons of Temperance and National Temperance society, of New York, furnished the greater part of this mass of literature.

The Election at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, June 19.—The election on the prohibitory amendment was more equaled for strange sights and sounds. The streets were filled all day with animated crowds watching for the brass bands of the anti-and the infantile parades of the Prohibitionists. The wagons containing the brass bands of the antis were followed by those containing the glee clubs of the opposition, and each party was closely kept in step with music. The bands and glee clubs marched all over the two cities, and at many of the polling places groups of women were busy trying to induce voters to vote as they pleased.

At many polls the Prohibitionists had refreshment stands, and served lunches and soft drinks to all voters. The vote in Allegheny county is without precedent for a special election and rivals the largest vote at any general election. There were no disturbances, and everything passed off as pleasantly as summer day. The one feature of the day was the remarkably large so-called "vest pocket" vote.

Returns received today say the majority against the amendment will reach 25,000. In this city twenty-nine wards out of thirty-six give 1,423 majority against the amendment. The ratings announced has been laid eight of, but it is safe to say that the majority against it will be very large. Returns received from surrounding counties, all estimated, are as follows: Beaver county, 2,000 majority for prohibition; Forest county, 250 majority for; Beaver county, 1,500 for; Huntington county, 1,000 for; Westmoreland county, 800; Butler county, 1,500 for.

Philadelphia Goes $3,184 "Wet."

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—The vote of this city complete gives $3,184 majority against the prohibition amendment and 10,561 majority for the amendment abolishing the poll tax.

THE LATEST FROM JOHNSTOWN.

Annoyed by Speculators—Many Cases of Insanity.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 19.—The city council has granted the lumber committee the right to use the public square for the erection of temporary houses and workmen will at once commence the erection of 100 buildings. These structures will be ready for occupancy in thirty days, and are to revert to the city in the fall. The lumber and other building holders are expected to have their own houses ready for business.

The council unanimously adopted resolutions requesting the governor to get up excursions to visit Johnstown during the present condition of affairs. Eight hundred people came in on the Baltimore and Ohio yesterday, and the sight was the annoyance of the officials and workmen.

The council was reorganized yesterday. W. C. Lewis was elected borough treasurer and J. E. Fox postmaster of the city.

Gen. Hastings is arranging to turn over the relief measures to the citizens themselves. This transfer will probably occur to-night.

A number of cases of insanity are reported. The body is brought to be that of Miss Jennie Pankon, of Pittsburg.

The guards at Camp Hastings, near the Prospect Hill burial grounds, say they are having great trouble with dogs, which are constantly disturbing the dead interred at the burial place. Over 100 dogs have been driven from the place Tuesday night, and several of them killed. The hastily dug graves there are shallow and the dogs have been uncovering and devouring the dead. The Gautier wire people have put a large force of men to work clearing up for the purpose of rebuilding. They will pay out some $300,000 in wages on Saturday.

Prohibition carried here by a majority of 2 votes. The votes cast were 446 for and 443 against the amendment. Not half a vote was cast.

ALTOONA, Pa., June 19.—Governor Beaver and the commission appointed by him to distribute the money received for the flood sufferers of Johnstown arrived in this city last night on a special train. They were met here by Gen. Hastings, who came here from Johnstown on a special train. The party go from here to Creason, where a conference will be held on the subject of the distribution of funds.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—A. S. Solomons, vice president of the Red Cross society, received the following despatch from Johnstown, Pa., today:

There are no children in Johnstown for adoption. They mainly perished in the flood, unless carried through the waves of death by mothers or fathers, who cannot give them up. The people of the whole country have offered homes, but parents only the dead have left. We have heard of but one child adopted from this place. (Signed), CLARA BARTON.

New Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The president has appointed postmasters as follows: Massachusetts—Charles Bowers, Lowell; Lucius E. Vining, South Weymouth. Connecticut—G. W. Anthony, New Milford. New York—Ward G. Parker, Glenwood; M. Stoop, Waverly; E. E. Hawkins, Babylon; W. M. Marvin, Welton; Fred Bennett, Fulton. New Jersey—Charles Borrows, Rutherford; W. J. Hagerty, Ridgeway; A. W. Randenbush, Lehighton; O. D. Falkenburg, Susquehanna; John A. Mentzer, Ephrata.

A Cruiser for Hyppolite.

NEW YORK, June 19.—The steamer Caroline Miller, which left this port for northern ports on Saturday, has not been heard of as Gen. Hyppolite. When pursued by Legitime's gunboats she always escaped, and for this reason Hyppolite is anxious to purchase her for his own use. Overtures will be made in New York, owing to the watchfulness of Minister Preston. It is thought she had on board a lot of guns and ammunition.

Discharged for Life by a Dog.

HARRISON, N. J., June 19.—A 6-year-old son of Mr. Crawford, was terribly bitten by his father's mastiff Monday. The boy went into the cellar where the dog was chained and the animal sprang at him and buried its teeth in the child's face. One side of the face was fearfully lacerated, and if the boy recovers he will be disfigured for life. The dog was promptly shot.

Pension Board Resignations.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Secretary Noble has accepted the resignations of John A. Lange, T. J. Dunkle and H. F. Curtis, members of the board of pension appeals, interior department, to take effect June 30. The reduction was made necessary by the failure of congress to make provision for more than three members of the board of pension appeals.

Favoring the Veterans.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The president has issued an order extending the time in which veterans dismissed from the service of the government may be reinstated without civil service examination. The limit under the old rules was one year from the date of discharge. Under the new rule this limit is increased to four years.

The Titania Won.

NEW YORK, June 18.—The Titania beat the Katrina in yesterday's yacht race. The Katrina was leading until she met with a puff, due to her rigging, which enabled the Titania to win.

Commencement at Swarthmore.

CHESTER, Pa., June 19.—The seventeenth annual commencement of Swarthmore college yesterday was attended by a large number of visitors. Eighteen graduates received degrees.

Emperor William's Trip.

BERLIN, June 19.—Emperor William will probably sail from Kiel on June 22. His voyage will extend as far as Hammerfest and may reach to the North Cape before his return.

Murdered with a Fish Hook.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Antonio Bisogni, of Bayard street, brained his wife Angelina with a fish hook yesterday. He declared she had burned up one of their children.

An Alleged Embezzler Caught.

BOSTON, June 19.—John B. Kenny will arraigned here yesterday on a charge of embezzling $6,000 from the Wells, Fargo Express company at San Francisco.

Three Ways to Suicide.

SALT LAKE CITY, June 19.—W. H. Sullivan, Harry Dunn and William Wood, while racing on the tracks here drowned, their bodies being cremated in a gale.

A Second Park Suicide.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Emil Ebert, of Watertown, shot himself dead in Central park last night.

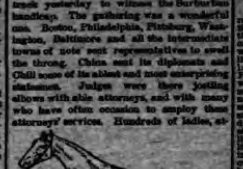
HACELAND THE WINNER.

He Captures the Great Suburban Handicap.

TERRA COTTA A GOOD SECOND.

A Crowd Without Parallel in American Racing—Distinguished Spectators Present—The Race Said to Be Worth $120,000 to the Winner.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Over thirty thousand persons went to Sheepshead bay race track yesterday to witness the Suburban handicap. The gathering was a wonderful one. Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Washington, Baltimore and all the intermediate cities of note sent representatives to swell the throng. China sent its diplomats and Chili some of its ablest and most enterprising statesmen. Judges were there jostling elbows with able attorneys, and with many who have often occasion to employ these attorneys' services. Hundreds of ladies, at-



HACELAND.

tired in their bright spring costumes, made the grand stand resemble a huge Paisley scrape. The number of vehicles in attendance more than doubled that on any other occasion. Everything in the shape of a private conveyance to be found in Brooklyn was pressed into service, from the stylish four-in-hand to the commonest sort of buggy.

An Unparalleled Crowd.

The keen was so closely packed that it was only with difficulty that progress could be made along a narrow lane in the throng near the steps of the grand stand. No such crowd was ever before seen on the course and it is doubtful if so many persons were ever assembled on a race course in America before.

The grand stand was filled early in the day and was filled for 4:30, but as soon as the preceding race was run there was a rush to the betting shed to invest on it. Soon the crowd became so great that it was only by pushing and shoving that the bettors could get near enough the bookmakers to hand them their money. Most of the bettors acted like crazy men in their anxiety to back their favorites.

The track by this time had dried out fine ly, and, though damp underneath, was dusty on top. It was a little lumpy, but it was in far better condition than the average Suburban track. The first of the great contestants to parade was Terra Cotta, with McLaughlin up. He was recognized with cheers as he gave the famous mare his preliminary canter.

The Grand Breakaway.

After one breakaway, Starter Caldwell sent the horses off to a good start, with Eurus and Elkwood in front and on even terms, with Gorgo, Badge, Volunteer, Bella R., Raceland, Terra Cotta and Brian Born in a bunch behind. Coming to the stand, Volunteer led by a nose, with Gorgo two lengths before Eurus, who was two lengths before Badge, who was a length in Raceland, Brian Born and Terra Cotta next.

TERRA COTTA.

At the quarter post Volunteer led by a length, Gorgo was second, a length and a half before Bella R., with Badge, Eurus, Brian Born, Terra Cotta and Elkwood next. Going up the stretch Gorgo went to the front and soon had a lead of two lengths from Eurus, second. Then came Bella R., Raceland, Volunteer, Brian Born, Badge, Terra Cotta, under the whip, and Elkwood.

Garrison Set Like a Statue.

Gorgo led until they were well into the home stretch, with Raceland next, on whom "Snapper" Garrison was sitting like a marble statue. As they entered the home stretch Garrison gazed right and left, and, pleased with the scene, let Raceland out to his best stride. McLaughlin was making desperate efforts to overtake Gorgo, and Garrison smiled and spurred Terra Cotta came with a rush. The crowd yelled: "Now watch the Snapper draw the whip," but he did not. With a confident grasp in itself, but otherwise heartbreaking to his backers, Garrison merely sat down and urged Raceland the slightest bit.

Raceland Wins by Over a Length.

Terra Cotta had overhauled Gorgo, but was too far back to win from Raceland, who dashed past the judges' stand an easy winner by a length and a half in 2:40 3-4. Terra Cotta, second, was half a length before Gorgo, third. Eurus, Brian Born, Badge, Elkwood, Volunteer and Bella R. followed as named. Elkwood pulled up very lame.

The winner's neck was encircled on his return to the weighing stand with a gigantic floral horseshoe, on which the legend "Racelaud's Victory" was worked in red.

The greatest enthusiasm prevailed at the conclusion of the race. The ladies waved their handkerchiefs to the victorious jockey, and the cheers of the men were even more lusty than those and rider as they returned to the stable. The race is said to be worth at least $120,000 to the winner.

Raceland is a bay gelding, 4 years old and is owned by August Belmont, the well known banker.

Pocket Hill Training.

LONDON, June 18.—C. G. Pratt, of Cornell university, will coach the university crew in the race for the diamond sculls in the Henley regatta. He is reported to be confident, and his chances are said believed to be good. The only other foreign entry for the diamond sculls is Dearing, of Hamburg, has withdrawn.

Gen. Fish at Saratoga.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 19.—The trustees at Rutgers college held a meeting yesterday afternoon, at which the following resolutions were adopted to be offered on "Public Occasion," by Charles H. Winfield, of Jersey City, at the alumni dinner. The resolutions of the late Governor Parker, who died in August, thereat Winfield, of Jersey City, will speak on the resolutions. The following will speak: Gen. Charles H. Stone, president of the college session. He advocates a government school for the education of blacks and whites.

Legal Notices.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council of the City of Plainfield, and is engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

OLIVER R. LEONARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., June 3, 1889.

AN ORDINANCE

To amend an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance of the Board of Construction, Maintenance and Repair of Sidewalks in the City of Plainfield," approved March 1st, 1889.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

SEC. 1. That the ordinance entitled as above referred to in the title of this ordinance be and the same hereby is amended by adding thereto the following: That the sidewalks on the north side of Front street from the northwesterly side line of Front street with the northeasterly side line of Front street southwesterly to its intersection with the southwesterly side line of Central avenue, and on the south side of Front street from the southwesterly side line of Front street with the southeasterly side line of Madison avenue to its intersection with the southeasterly side line of Central avenue, shall be made of flagging not less than four inches thick in the thinnest part and sixteen inches wide, and shall be laid in the same manner and laid in one course under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council of the City of Plainfield, and is engrossed preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

OLIVER R. LEONARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., June 3, 1889.

An Ordinance

Relating to vaults and cisterns in the streets of Plainfield.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SEC. 1. That no person shall construct any vault or cistern in the streets of Plainfield, with the consent of the Common Council, or the City Engineer, as hereinafter provided, but only on the 1st day of such sum as shall in the opinion of the Common Council, and in all cases in which sidewalks are not already constructed, the grade of such sidewalks to be established by the Common Council, and sidewalks shall be laid in front of such vaults of not less than four inches thick in the thinnest part and sixteen inches wide, and shall be laid in one course and in the same manner as the sidewalks in front of the premises are required to be laid.

SEC. 2. That no person or persons shall construct any vault or cistern in the streets of Plainfield, without having first obtained the written consent of the Common Council, or the City Engineer, and without having first paid to the City Treasurer the sum of twenty dollars for each vault or cistern, and without having first filed with the City Engineer a plan of such vault or cistern, and a bond with sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Common Council, conditioned to indemnify the City of Plainfield against any and all damages that may be recovered against the said City of Plainfield, by reason of the construction of such vault or cistern, and to save the said City of Plainfield harmless from any and all costs and expenses that may be incurred by the said City of Plainfield, by reason of the construction of such vault or cistern.

SEC. 3. That the Common Council or the City Engineer may refuse to grant the permission to construct any vault or cistern in the streets of Plainfield, if in the opinion of the Common Council or the City Engineer the public interest will be injured thereby.

SEC. 4. That any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance shall, upon conviction before the Recorder of the City of Plainfield, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail of Union county for a period not exceeding ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Recorder.

SEC. 5. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. This ordinance shall take effect immediately after its passage and publication according to law.

Adopted by the Common Council June 3, 1889.
Approved by the Mayor June 4, 1889.
JOB HALE, Mayor.
Attest: O. R. LEONARD, City Clerk.

An Ordinance

To provide for the flooring, repairing and re-flooring or grading and repairing of the sprinkling of the streets of the city of Plainfield, N. J., in Union county.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council, do enact as follows:

SEC. 1. That it shall and may be lawful for any person, party or owners or as agent for any person, party or owners of any lot or lots in the city of Plainfield without being licensed by the Common Council of the city of Plainfield, to sprinkle the streets in front of their premises, for one hundred dollars for each and every year.

SEC. 2. That all persons or parties desiring to sprinkle the streets in front of their premises shall first obtain a permit from the Common Council of the city of Plainfield, and shall pay into the treasury of the city of Plainfield the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every year.

SEC. 3. That all persons or parties who shall sprinkle the streets in front of their premises without having first obtained a permit from the Common Council of the city of Plainfield, and shall pay into the treasury of the city of Plainfield the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every year, shall be liable to a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail of Union county for a period not exceeding ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Recorder.

SEC. 4. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. That this ordinance shall take effect immediately after its passage and publication according to law.

Adopted by the Common Council June 3, 1889.
Approved by the Mayor June 4, 1889.
JOB HALE, Mayor.
Attest: O. R. LEONARD, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

Declaring the Fourth Ward of the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union, to be a Separate Ward.

The Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SEC. 1. That the Fourth Ward of the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union, be and the same hereby is declared to be a separate ward of the City of Plainfield, and that the boundaries of the said Fourth Ward of the City of Plainfield, be and the same hereby are declared to be as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the southeasterly side line of Somerset street with the southwesterly side line of Madison avenue, and running thence (1) southeasterly along the southwesterly side line of Madison avenue to its intersection with the southeasterly side line of Central avenue, and (2) southwesterly along the southeasterly side line of Central avenue to its intersection with the northeasterly side line of Front street, and (3) southeasterly along the northeasterly side line of Front street to its intersection with the northwesterly side line of Watchung avenue, and (4) northeasterly along the northwesterly side line of Watchung avenue to its intersection with the southwesterly side line of Somerset street, and (5) northwesterly along the southwesterly side line of Somerset street to the place of beginning.

SEC. 2. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

SEC. 3. That this ordinance shall take effect immediately after its passage and publication according to law.

Adopted by the Common Council June 3, 1889.
Approved by the Mayor June 4, 1889.
JOB HALE, Mayor.
Attest: O. R. LEONARD, City Clerk.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE HAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 37c each.

* * *

'Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear so and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 38c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 39c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 12c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever shown in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 35c., and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $5.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

THE
Leading Grocers
are
R. W. RICE & Co.
at
Duer and Emily Sts.,
All goods
Reasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 9 o'clock p. m., as after that hour we will be busy in the delivery department and cannot promise to fill orders given after 9 o'clock. Grocers, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

FOR
TIN WORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
1st and 2d floors. P O Box 1202.

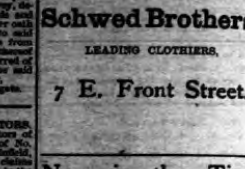
$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit Everybody knows that they are the best Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received

Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 E. Front Street.

Now is the Time
to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the
Seaside or Mountain
We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of
GOOD LINEN PAPER
and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 25c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.
A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

NOTICE.
The books of the Overseer of the Poor, containing a list of the applicants for aid, can be found at the office of the undersigned at his store.
J. OAKLEY HOOPER,
Overseer of Poor.



E. J. MARTIN,
20 Somerset st.
FINANCIAL MONEY
BROKER TO ALL THE
BRANCHES.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
and
MACHINE SHOP
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NOW A WOMAN TELLS A STORY.

The Funny Mixup Given Kalamazoo When Matt Bates Obliged.

"Oh, Lil, I have the fun-at-ot story to tell you; you'll just die, Mr. Bates—you know Mr. Bates!—well, he is just full of cute fer anything. He called here again and he sent us out to telling stories. I laughed till I was just tired, and you remember how tiresome I am.

"Do tell me, Jul. I've died to hear a good story."

"Well—Oh, it was too rich, Lil. Of course I can't tell it like Mr. Bates—he's so awfully clever—but I'll"—

"Do go on."

"Well, Mr. Bates said—but my, you ought to have seen his face. He can just draw his face down and his eyes"—

"Oh, pshaw! Jul, let's have the story."

"Well, then—now don't you make me laugh—there was a man out in Illinois—no, no! was it Illinois? Why, dear me—let's see —yes, it must have been Illinois, for Kalamazoo is the place"—

"Why, Jul, Kalamazoo is in Ohio."

"Oh, how stupid; of course it is. Well, it doesn't matter anyway what state it was. Well, this man from Kalamazoo—now, was it a man? Yes, it must have been a man, for Mr. Bates told about how he got his cards—let's see, was it cards or poker chips? Now that is funny I can't remember. Well, anyway, this man from Kalamazoo was on a train going to —going to—Oh, dear, how I get things mixed—to Oh—Oh, yes, Ohio; that's it. Well, he was going to Ohio—but on a train when, another man stepped up and said—and said—now, what did that man say? I'm certain this one was a man, and he said something to the man from Kalamazoo—what on earth was it?"

"Never mind, Jul; go on with the story."

"Of course it really doesn't matter what the man said; but, anyway, those two men played and played and played. Then the man from—now, let me be accurate, it was the man on the train; he was—let me see; didn't Mr. Bates say he was a senator? Yes, I'm sure he was senator from Ohio."

"Never mind, Jul; what's that got to do with the story?"

"Now, Lil, you put me out."

"I don't, either; but I do want to hear the end."

"Well, the senator and the man from Kalamazoo played and played; till finally—now, how was that? Oh, yes; the senator bet on the game, and the other man said—he said—oh, Scott, how provoking! Well, anyway, the man from Kalamazoo had no change for —yes, I believe it was a hundred dollar bill, and—and"—

"Do go on, Jul."

"Why, oh, yes—well, anyway, Lil, is is not quite as Mr. Bates told it. Said the Kalamazoo man had no change, didn't I?"

"Yes, yes, and the other man?"

"Well, he—oh, yes, now I remember—well, he had."—Washington Post.

Appreciative.

(The young lady has just finished playing a selection from)

Old Lady—How nice! I always did like "Home, Sweet Home."

Young Lady (with a start)—"Home, Sweet Home!"

Old Lady—Yes; Mio plays it. I can always tell it when she crosses her hands.—Harper's Bazar.

He Was Mistaken.

A man with fire in his eyes and his fists doubled up was prancing around on Monroe avenue yesterday when a policeman hailed him with:

"Are you looking for anybody in particular?"

"I should remark that I was. I'm going to smash a fellow's head the minute I find him!"

"What for?"

"He called me a crank, and I don't take that from anybody."

"I suppose you know the definition of the term?"

"You bet I do! It means a fellow who will walk into a saloon when five or six of his friends are and drink alone. I have never done it in my life, and I'll allow no man to impeach my honor."

The officer explained the term as generally understood, and the man replied:

"Is that possible! Well, then, I won't smash him. I must post up on some of those things before I get into trouble."—Detroit Free Press.

An Artist.

He stood in a doorway on Woodward ave one the other rainy day with an umbrella in his hand and he seemed to be waiting for an opportunity. One soon came tripping along. She had no umbrella, so he stepped out, raised his own and began:

"Excuse me, but"——

"Oh, certainly," she laughingly exclaimed. "You are very, very kind. I shall always remember it. Good-by."

And she took the umbrella from his grasp and tripped away without ever once looking back, and he returned to the shelter of the door way to ejaculate:

"There goes a $5 umbrella and here stands an idiot who has been sold for a cent."—Detroit Free Press.

Cupid's New Arrow.

Young Cupid went storming to Venus one day,
And bewraght him to look at his arrow.
"'Tis useless," he cried; "you must mend it, I say!
The nut fa so fee fly as a sparrow.
There's something that's wrong in the shaft or the dart,
For it flutters quite false to my aim;
'Tis no sap whatever in falsety sent home to the heart,
And the world really hats me my name.

"I have straightened, I've bent, I've tried all, I declare;
I've perfumed it with sweetest of sighs;
'Tis feathered with ringlets my mother might wear,
And the hard glances with light from young eyes;
But it falls without touching—I'll break it, I vow—
Of there's Hymen beginning to pout;
He's complaining his torch burns so dull and so low
That Zephyr might put it right out."

Little Cupid went on with his pitiful tale
Till Venus the weeper joined in;
"There, there, my dear, by it now—it is fail
I will not censure for my love."
The tender dove cooed and there was a smile
The wound and dead were soothed;
But no wonder the report had such disturbing effect
For the arrow was broken with guilt.
—Detroit Free Journal.

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Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
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Hardware, Plumbing, Tinning.
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MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE
Clothing House,
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Hats, Trunks, Shirts,
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of course you are aware of the fact that the warm wave has struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Maybe I can suggest something that will meet with your approval; now what looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a
White Summer Suit?
and if you want such an article just drop in at
THE BEE HIVE
and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $2.50 to $10.
Then I have Children's fine White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $3.
I can also show you a Nice Flannel Dress, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.98. I have just received a consignment of Ribbons for Children's Hats from 4 to 14 years of age at 12½ and 25c.
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F. [illegible]

O. [illegible]

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 18th, 1890:
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 3.26, 4.8, 4.20, 4.40, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m., 12.20 night. Sunday, 3.26, 4.8, 4.20, 4.40, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m., 12.20 night.
Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night. Sunday, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
Leave Plainfield at 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m., 12.20 night. Sunday, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m., 12.20 night.
Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night. Sunday, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.26, 6.20, 6.40, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20, 12.20 a. m., 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m., 12.20 night. Sunday, 5.26, 6.20, 6.40, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m., 12.20 night.
Leave Newark at 7.15, 8.07, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night. Sunday, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m., 12.20 night. Sunday, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m., 12.20 night.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 3.10, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sunday at 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, at 8.20 a. m. For Harrisburg, Easton, Reading, Mauch Chunk and Wilkesbarre, at 9.20 a. m. For Harrisburg, Easton, Reading, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, at 10.20 a. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh and Pottsville, at 11.20 a. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh and Pottsville, at 2.20 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Upper Lehigh and Pottsville, at 3.20 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg, at 4.20 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Reading and Harrisburg, at 5.20 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg, at 6.20 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Reading and Harrisburg, at 7.20 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg, at 8.20 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Reading and Harrisburg, at 9.20 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg, at 10.20 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Reading and Harrisburg, at 11.20 p. m. All trains run daily except as noted. On Sundays at 6.45 p. m.
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 8.45, 10.20 a. m., 1.45, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. and 12.20 night. For Port Arthur 7.45, 8.45, 10.20 a. m., 1.45, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. and 12.20 night. Sunday, 8.20 and 9.20 a. m.
SOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at 7.20, 7.50, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sundays at 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m. and 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 7.20, 7.50, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sundays at 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m. and 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 7.20, 7.50, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sundays at 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m. and 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m.
E. P. Bancroft, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. Outerbridge, Gen. Supt.

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ARRIVE—7.20, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 5.00 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, MANNING, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.30 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.
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Undertakers and Embalmers
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at reasonable rates.
Call at 19 East Fifth street between 4 and 5 o'clock p. m. 1-23-1y

DIBBLE & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 481.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, Mr. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer,
Grocer and Seedsman,
A full line of Groceries, Provisions, Produce etc. Wines, Granite, Yellow Ware, Cream Pots and Glassware. A full line of Seeds, of reliable Field, Garden and Flower Seeds. Fresh Garden Seeds, Onion sets, etc. Great variety of plants in season.

Smalley Brothers,
28 Somerset street,
Meat Market.
Orders left with us at parts of Godfrey Office, phone No. 206 L.

Desirable Building Lots
are to be purchased at Kingsland Park, Summit and Elmer.
Inquire of
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. G. Hutton, Kingsland Park. Trains leave foot of Liberty street every half hour.

Abel S. Titsworth,
Life Insurance,
procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

Don A. Gaylord, Agent for
Lumber, Masons Materials
Coal, and Manufacturer of Sash and Blinds, Planing and Scroll Sawing. Office Madison avenue, Plainfield.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser,
Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Razors and shaving cups for rent. Shop on Park avenue, opposite Post Office.

Jules Boutes, late of Paris
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
and Dealer in Human Hair, Ladies' and gentlemen's wigs made to order. Shop on Park avenue, No. 4 West Front street.

T. F. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Stationery, etc.
21 1-2 West Front street.

PHOENIX HOUSE, 417 to 423 Fulton street, Brooklyn, E. D.

Miscellaneous.

RE-OPENING.
Miss Stephens's and Miss Newton's School for Girls will re-open at the corner of La Grande avenue and Washington street on Wednesday, September 17th.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
The Misses Hough will open on Sept. 15th a school for boys. Applications received until June 15th at No. 19 Central avenue. Address, "The Elmwood", Asbury Park, N. J.

ELOCUTION.
Miss Jennie M. Hamilton, assisted by Mr. Wm. H. Hyde, will receive pupils at No. 20 Somerset street, and Miss Mabel Abbott, P. O. Box 288.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE.
Mrs. J. C. Ackerson has a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence. Private lessons given at pupil's residence. Thoroughly prepares pupils for church choirs, singing or for ballad singing. Miss Ackerson will personally guide to practice only at her residence. Terms, $2 per month for one lesson per week, or $1 per lesson. Can refer to church and concert singers in Plainfield and New York. Address, P. O. Box 283.

PETER A. CONDIT,
Dealer in all kinds of wood and coal. Call at Jacob Bonham's piano store, 17 East Front street. Music furnished for parties and weddings. 4-23-1y

MRS. ESTHER HATTERSON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Highest terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1084.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,
Successor to Emmons Bros.'
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Pine Place. P. O. Box 283.

"The Butterfly"
is the name of the best
Summer Corset,
THIN, COOL, GOOD SHAPE, CHEAP.
To be found at the store of
C. E. CLARK,
NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.
Next to Post Office.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two loads to location. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to Chimneys. Orders solicited at Post Office. Manufacturers of Ithaca Land Lever, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 692. Telephone call 56.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. Box 1497
Upper Lehigh and other stocks coals on hand.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, or a fine tuning you long or
A. VANDERBEEK, WAREROOMS,
PIANOS TUNED

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. CO. P. O.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue, W. THE, Manager.

Special Notices.

BARGAINS!
Bicycles, carts, farmtrucks, plows, harrows, seed and any thing else. Call on or address John F. Wells, Bon Ami Soap Works, Plainfield.

L. A. Rheaume,
Lumber, Coal, Wood
and
Masons' Materials
PEACH STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH.
Telephone call No. 1041

THE METROPOLIS OF WASHINGTON.

Some Interesting Facts and Figures as to Seattle.

"Seattle is destroyed."

This brief announcement, flashed over the wires a few days ago, astonished eastern readers, but from old travelers on the Pacific coast it only provoked the remark, "Ah, well, I supposed it would be burnt down before this time."

They know how these coast cities are usually built—at first entirely of wood, then of wood with a mixture of brick, stone and iron, and finally of the noncombustible materials as far as possible. San Francisco represents the evolution of building science on that coast to a nicety.

A STREET IN SEATTLE.

The first San Francisco was built entirely of wood and vanished in a night—by the most sweeping and comprehensive fire, perhaps, that ever burned on the American continent. The second San Francisco was a wonderfully composite affair; the old Spanish-Mexican-South American element built adobe houses, the wealthy Americans of long residence built of stone and iron, the poorer of brick and the new comers of wood. That San Francisco mostly went up in smoke about five years later, and then it was built of brick and stone, making the mistake this time of building too high. The earthquakes soon scared them out of that, and so the present San Francisco is a reasonably safe city.

In Oregon and Washington they do not have earthquakes, and as lumber is lavishly abundant and very cheap the temptation to build cities of it is very too great. As late as 1876 Portland, Ore., was a wooden city and most of its streets paved with pine plank and blocks; Seattle was more nearly built of lumber city than any other on the coast; the lumber trade laid the foundation for its greatness, and, despite the many solid blocks of solidest materials, it continued to be largely a wooden city, and when once the fire got a good start the city went in a hurry. The city had been built just about long enough for the lumber to get well seasoned and soaked with oil and the generally combustible waste of civilization.

There is a good deal of romance about Seattle. The first white men who visited that region, standing on the lofty point or plateau, which is just across Elliott bay from the present city, and noting the splendid view of Puget sound and the magnificent harbors, told the Indians that there was to be the site of a great city and advised them to establish their wedding parties there. The Indians laughed, but what successive white visitors repeated the prophecy they derisively gave the point the name of Alki, which means "By-and-by," or, as a literal translation, "Time enough." The whites good naturally adopted the name and it became "Alki Point," and the "Alki" has become the present fact, though the city did not spring up on it.

The settlers of Washington (territory or state?) modestly claim that it has more timber than Maine, Minnesota and Wisconsin (plainly that of the first two), that Montana has immense deposits of coal, iron and copper, and a very large area of the most fertile land in the world. All this, with more good harbors than any equal frontage on the west coast of both Americas, and a climate that, taken the year round, cannot be surpassed. And now a very large part of it—all Seattle is the natural deposit. Five railroads now center there—the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, the Northern Pacific, the Puget Sound Shore, the Seattle and West Shore, and the Columbia and Puget Sound. When their representatives asked congress for statehood they set the population of the city at 25,000 and of the territory at 200,000. One may discount liberally for American political enthusiasm and still believe that Seattle is considerable of a place.

The early history of Seattle is obscure. Strictly speaking, it had no founder—it just came of itself. Indians gathered there to trade, white men went there to sell goods, paint, powder, whisky and other adjuncts of civilization to the Indians. After the hunter came the miner, and at an early day in the development Rose Brower ascertained that the territory had produced $150,000,000 in gold. The marked peculiarity of Washington and its great advantage is that it contains all the geological formations in a comparatively small area—indeed, nearly all are found in the Puget Sound basin, of which Seattle is the metropolis. About 1860, one may say, it began to grow, and in 1870 had 1

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,

BY W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE RATE OF A WEEK, OR, IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

A ROOM HUNG WITH PICTURES IS A ROOM HUNG WITH THOUGHTS.
—Sir Joshua Reynolds.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 171; days to come, 196.

—Collars and cuffs will be sold at remarkably low prices at Pope's Friday and Saturday.

—An organ concert is to be given at the new First Presbyterian church Monday evening, beginning at eight o'clock.

—An important short meeting of the Young Men's Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at eight o'clock.

—The second private concert of the Evens Vocal Club will be given at the Dunellen Presbyterian church next Tuesday evening.

—It has been decided to postpone the Young People's meeting mentioned in connection with the dedication services of the First Presbyterian church until later in the season.

—Here is some hot weather advice from The Philadelphia Record: "Walk on the shady side of the street, keep sober, do not bother about the thermometer, wear cool clothing, leave your business behind you when you go home, and you can defy the double trouble of humidity and hot sunshine."

—"Is Annihilation True?" This is the subject for discussion at the conference to be held this evening at 7:30 at the Hall, No. 6 East Front street, over the Dime Savings Institution. All are cordially invited to attend, whatever their views, especially those who are not clear concerning this subject.

—The excursion of Winfield Scott Post, No. 75, G. A. R., to Lake Hopatcong, to-day, was not the financial success expected. Those attending number less than one hundred. The excursionists are having a delightful day, however, and had there been earlier promise of such weather they doubtless would have had many companions.

—A pleasing entertainment for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers was presented by Mispah Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Ladies, at Reform Hall last evening. The programme was satisfactory throughout, and the noble efforts of the ladies added appreciably to the Johnstown relief fund. The Hall was about half-filled.

—A thoroughly enjoyable entertainment will be afforded by the Johnstown benefit exhibition at Music Hall this evening. There will be over one hundred views, displayed by powerful stereopticon on a canvas twenty-five feet square. The boy choir of the Holy Cross church will sing a beautiful chorus in the wings of the stage, and there will be other novel attractions.

PERSONAL.

Miss Ada Marsh, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Marsh, of East Ninth street, has arrived home from Paris.

The Rev. Mr. Webb, of Lincoln University, addressed last evening's prayer-meeting in the Crescent avenue Presbyterian chapel.

John P. Emmons, the builder, has been awarded the masonry contract for Mr. D. De Witt Brokaw's residence to be erected on Byron-ave avenue, North Plainfield.

Mr. Jacob Yeoni, Jr., of this city, was married by the Rev. Mr. Fowler, of Gladstone, N. J., to Miss Emily A. Perry, of Peapack, at the residence of the bride's parents this afternoon.

A Local Topical Song.

WHEREIN NO-LICENSE, BASE-BALL AND OTHER MATTERS RECEIVE ATTENTION.

The following lines were recited with considerable success by Mr. J. H. Carney at the Reform Hall and Hope chapel entertainments last evening:

I got a tootle story
We'n in my leetle cook,
Wot speaks of your Squeen City,
Der Colorado-of-der-East.
In many days are to be seen,
Also two addractions
Shoost across der stream.

Many peebles dey vill wonder
Wot vos in my leetle peeble,
Wot dose addractions vas
Shoost across der brook.

Der boliceman stands on der corner,
Mit beaver-pipe in his mout,
But dat don't make no difference—
Dem young mens dey run about.

You think dot's pooty funney!
But you did sooty hear,
You vill not vonder den so much:
Dere vos no license here.

Ve read in dose coundy papers
Wot's peeking and wot's lewerser,
Und saying many nasty things
About our Crescends here.

Dey vas as stubborn as my leetle pony,
Ar' vouldn't gif it over,
Undil Ditts got onto Harkins
An' der Crescends done 'em up.

On der 27th of December—
Noo-it vill be Friday—
Der Vass Ends will appear,
And by dose coundy papers
Dey will all shentlemens here.

Ve got a police force:
Dey'll see dot of course;
For ve vill test Hope for dem here.
An I vonders no say
Dat dey Y. M. C. A.
Don't took any of dere Hoboken to-
Scoons here.

Und now my story is drough.
We're about to had an electric railway
And maybe water-works and sewerage,
Boo.

I've died my best to please you,
Und read my whole book drough.
Und unit your liad permission
I'll tid you all adieu.

The Johnstown Fund.

The following new contributions have been forwarded to Treasurer Myers through The News:

J. S. C. $2.00
Josephine Schaeffer 1.00

THE BOWLERS' BIG NIGHT.

The Most Exciting Contest in Olympia's History.

Twenty men bowled for prizes at the Olympia Alleys last night, and spectators filled the place to overflowing. It was the most exciting contest in the history of the Alleys. The race was a tight one to the very end. The first prize for $25 fell to Mr. Owen Reed, whose total was 192. H. Teel, his opponent, promptly rolled up 191, and Frost sprang up. Neil coolly stepped to the front and forged one ahead of Teel. Cheers again resounded, and were renewed at each successive good play. Then Van Winkle came on the scene. He still umbrella, but the nonchalance was not yet over, for the tie between H. Teel and Van-Winkle, who had given Day a close shave, was to be bowled off. Van Winkle eventually won, taking the second umbrella; and H. Wood Willard prize, a lignum vitæ ball.

The scores were as follows:

	Strikes.	Spares.	Breaks.	Pins.
Reed	1	4	5	192
Day	3	3	3	185
Teel	2	3	6	191
H. Teel	1	3	6	194
H. Stover	3	3	5	150
W. R. Codlington	2	1	7	116
Smith, sen	1	2	7	127
Adams	2	1	7	137
Lowrey	1	4	5	172
Davis	1	4	5	146

	Strikes.	Spares.	Breaks.	Pins.
H. Teel	1	3	4	183
J. Murray	3	4	4	166
Neil	2	3	5	177
Van Winkle	2	4	5	153
Carey	3	3	4	150
Salisbury	2	3	5	139
L. Stover	1	1	8	107
Dorey	1	2	7	121
W. A. Codlington	1	2	7	125
Stevens	1	4	6	135

BOWLING OFF THE TIE.

	Strikes.	Spares.	Breaks.	Pins.
H. Teel	1	3	4	48
Van Winkle	2	1	7	67

The members of the Plainfield Bowling Club are jubilant. The prize-winners are all from their ranks.

BITS OF BASE-BALL NEWS.

Preparations by the Crescents for Saturday's Game.

Geo. Cadmus will play with the Crescents for the balance of the season. He was Cornell's best hitter and strongest player.

* * *

The Crescents have a strong nine to pit against the Dunellen Club, of Dunellen, on Saturday, as they outplay the Alerts, who were here the afternoon of Decoration Day and gave the Crescents such a close run.

* * *

Condon, the Crescents' catcher, who made himself famous as a second baseman at Somerville, Thursday, will play with the Alerts Saturday against the heavy Dunellen hitters.

* * *

Catsley, who caught for the Senators of New York, the other day, without an error, will catch for the Crescents Saturday.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES.

Members of the Class of '89 and Their Subjects.

MOTTO: "LIVE UP TO THE BEST THAT IS IN YOU."

"Carpenters" ..... Charlotte Marshall Buckman
"Artificial" ..... Anna Louise Bingham
"Trifles" ..... Mary Emma Pouch
"Pen-Pictures from Prose" ..... Mary Melvina Pitts.
"Gypsies" ..... Emma Frances Gilkes
"Venetian Life" ..... Alfred Edward Hulse
"Use of History" ..... Theron Genevieve Keenan
"The American Negro" ..... Maud E. Mitchell
"Geology" ..... Lydia Elizabeth Hubbard
"Literary Associations of the Hudson" ..... Ella Underhill Osborne
"Lore of Country" ..... Lottie Mary Quinn
"Which?" ..... Louise B. Runyon
"Education for the Home" ..... Leora D. Wetzel

A Merry Time at Hope Chapel.

Hope Chapel was a scene of much enjoyment last evening, it being the first strawberry and ice-cream festival of the year. Temperance was the theme. The Order of Arrowsmith was composed of Messrs. Bragg, Andrews, Hawkins and Smith, and the Entertainment Committee of Messrs. Mosher, Fountain, Duckworth and Rankin. Mrs. Smith and her daughter Sophie presided at the flower stand, and were ably assisted by Miss Laura Maddis, Miss Flora Marsh and Miss Lizzie Gedick. During the evening there was music from Carpenter's orchestra and the Plainfield Cornet Band. There was also vocal music by such well-known local talent as Messrs. R. S. Runyon, Farley, Vail, Rankin and Wilkins; also recitations by Messrs. Carney and Mosher, and Misses Bragg, Vail and Mrs. Hillman. The festival will be continued to-night with an entire change of programme. The proceeds are for a new library for the school.

A Runaway; No One Injured.

As Dr. Rushmore was about to step into his carriage on Grandview avenue this morning in the lower part of the city, he lost control of the driver, who guided him towards the Children's House. In turning a corner the carriage was overturned and the driver thrown out. The horse was stopped near the Children's House without serious injury to the carriage or driver.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1: Saturday	66	66	68	69	71	67	69
2. Sunday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
3. Monday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
4. Tuesday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
5. Wednesday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
6. Thursday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
7. Friday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
8. Saturday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
9. Sunday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
10. Monday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
11. Tuesday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
12. Wednesday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
13. Thursday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
14. Friday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
15. Saturday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
16. Sunday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
17. Monday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
18. Tuesday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
19. Wednesday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70
20. Thursday	68	68	70	71	72	68	70

Johnstown Benefit at Music Hall To-Night.

HOTEL NETHERWOOD

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank E. Miller.

OLD RED SANDSTONE.

THE STATE GEOLOGIST IN AN INSTRUCTIVE VEIN.

An Interesting Report on Matters About Which Every Layman Should Know.—An Absorbing Study of Secrets of the Earth.—Drainage and Water-Supply.

The annual report of the State Geologist, just published, is not an large a volume as usual, but it is intensely interesting to the student of geology and of value to those who are interested in the mineral resources of the State. It likewise contains interesting matter in regard to water-supply and artesian wells, and the statistics relating to the output of zinc and iron mines and the clay pits of the State.

Part I. relates to the red sandstone rocks which stretch across the State in a broad belt from river to river and underlie the region in which we live. To most persons who have seen the quarries at Newark, Belleville, Bloomfield and Little Falls and other places near at hand, red sandstone seems to be all alike and a very uninteresting sort of stone at that, but Prof. Cook's report shows that there is great difference in the rock and that it presents many extremely interesting features, being, in places, rich in fossil remains of reptiles, crustaceans and fishes and in some places bearing tracks left by birds ages ago when the rocks were soft mud.

THE BIG AND VALUABLE SANDSTONE REGION.

The red sandstone region covers an area of 1,040 square miles, including Plainfield, and it is the largest stretch of red sandstone in the State. Its surface is mostly rolling and is traversed by a number of abrupt and disconnected ranges of trap hills, which are volcanic rock, or trap. The soil covering the rolling part of this district is of a decidedly gritty character, and the rock, which it closely resembles the underlying rock, while the soil on the mountain ridges is of a lighter yellow color, without the tinge of red. The rock is from the trap rock which underlies it. The surface of this area, which lies north of an irregular line from the mouth of the Raritan river and Morristown, is in many places covered with a thick deposit of gravel, sand and clay, the irregularity of which into the hillocks, and is usually distinguished by the presence of erratic bowlders. The line referred to is the southern margin of the glacial drift, and the gravel, sand, clay and bowlders are all derived from the rocky and mountainous region which lie on the north of this marginal line.

"The sandstones"—says the report—"consist of the well-known brownstone or freestone which are so much used in building, of the layers of shale in the formation which are to be called shale, and of others in which the pebble or fragments of stone cemented together and making up rocks are so coarse as to be called a conglomerate; but these have the common character of being composed of the sediments which were washed down from the higher grounds which bound this region along the northwest and southeast borders. These materials have been deposited in extended and tolerably uniform layers, and in the course of time have become the rock strata. They are known as sedimentary rocks. They are remarkable for their color, and for the presence in them of ripple marks, of cracks and for containing very few fossilized remains of vegetable or animal life.

"The trap rocks which make the mountain ridges are sometimes called igneous, implying that they have been under intense heat and so melted, and in the course of time have taken the form in which they now are; at other times they are called eruptive rocks, because they have been forced up from the solidified rocks in a heated state and come to the surface; others still prefer the name of intrusive rocks because they have been forced in the form of their way in between the layers or strata of the other rocks among which they lie. These rocks, when weathered, are of a dull grayish or yellowish rusty color, but when fresh broken they are of a greenish or bluish-gray color; and they are much harder and tougher than any of the sandstones. They may by the coarse-grained ones be confounded with granite, but can easily be distinguished by the absence of quartz grains in them. Because of the presence of iron they are known as basaltic rocks, and among geologists as diorite rocks.

"The red sandstone rocks are of sedimentary origin, the rounded pebbles and cemented beds found in them are sufficient evidence of this fact.

Naturally these great beds of sand were deposited on a level in the beginning, but now they have a dip or angle of about ten degrees, the inclination being almost uniformly toward the northwest. The thickness of the strata is estimated to be at least 14,000 feet. This estimate is scientifically made by taking the amount of dip in the rock strata. Borings have been made to the depth of 2,100 feet without striking anything else than sandstone.

CURIOUS TRACKS IN STONE.

Traces of plant and animal life, while not plentiful, are frequent enough to be found in nearly all the beds. Fossil plant specimens are in the Survey collection. Usually the evidence of vegetable life exists in the form of coal in the sandstone, or shells of coal filled with sandstone and bearing the form of twigs. These, too, appear to be confined to the upper beds, and are found in the shales of the region, especially in Washington Valley, in Morris county. Casts of the bodies and trunks of good-sized trees are formed with a thin shell of coal preserving the surface. In the sandstone bordering the Delaware river between Bernardsville and Morristown, blocks of clay-looking shales are found. The bulk of these shales are of coarse coal. So perfectly are coal measures simulated that it has led to the useless expenditure of much time and money in the same valley some New Providence the same black shales having plant remains are found.

The remains of animals are confined largely to tracks and scattering fragments of bones.

Grand Literary AND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT

Monday Evening, June 24th, AT REFORM HALL,

for the benefit of the WASHINGTONVILLE CHAPEL FUND.

Among the many artists that will appear are Mr. J. R. LeFevre, of New York, Monologist; Mr. Frank Lincoln, of Brooklyn; the Orpheus Society of Newark; the Misses Tobias, Baxter, Smith and others, of Newark; Mrs. Dr. VanDerpoll, of New York, and Mrs. C. Langham and the Crescent Quartette Club, of Plainfield.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 35c. Reserved seats on sale at the drug stores of Field & Randolph and R. J. Shaw. 20-20

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

WANTS HIS CLAIM IN FULL.

A Persistent Creditor Makes Trouble for Elizabeth.

ELIZABETH, June 20th.—A compulsory mandamus has been served on the city authorities here at the instance of a creditor named Moran, of Philadelphia, who holds a claim against the city for $80,000 and declares that if the City Council do not appropriate the requisite number of assessors, so that his claim can be levied in this year's tax levy, he will have the Councilmen jailed for contempt of court.

The vacancies in the Board of Assessors have never been filled since the city defaulted, and the reason for this was to prevent creditors getting their claims inserted in the levy. Now a Philadelphia lawyer has discovered a law by which the Council can be forced to fill the vacancies. The Council and financial authorities are much alarmed over the turn and are counselling him to devise some other plan to baffle the implacable creditor who insists on having his claim paid in full.

The Council admit that Moran has scored a point on them and that assessors must be appointed to fill the vacancies. What they are doing up to now to elect men who will have the city's interests enough at heart to refuse to qualify, in which case the fight against Creditor Moran can be indefinitely prolonged, and in the end he may yield and accept fifty cents on the dollar, the same as other creditors.

CAPTURED AND SENTENCED.

A Grain Car Robber Sent to Prison for Three Years.

ELIZABETH, June 20th.—Nearly a year ago Milton Jackson, colored, and a confederate were caught robbing grain cars on the Pennsylvania Railroad in this city. They used to drive up to the cars at night with a horse and wagon, and steal the wagon with bags of corn, corn and meal, which they afterward disposed of in Newark and elsewhere.

When discovered by the officers they made a fierce resistance, and Jackson escaped. His accomplice got two years in the State Prison.

Tuesday night Jackson unwittingly returned to the city, but was surprised at his house by Chief Applin and a couple of officers. He fought hard, but was overpowered and locked up. Yesterday he pleaded guilty, and Judge McCormick sentenced him to State Prison for three years.

Arrested for a Grievous Mistake

ASBURY PARK, June 20th.—Joseph Patterson, of this place, has got himself in trouble over what he calls a grievous mistake. As Mr. and Mrs. B. Crowe were promenading on the beach a night or two ago Patterson approached Mrs. Crowe and threw his arms about her neck, at the same time using unseemly language. He was arrested and arraigned before Justice Borden, who held him in $200 bail to await the action of the Court of Quarter Sessions. Patterson claims that he thought Mrs. Crowe was a friend of his from Ocean Grove and did not discover his mistake until she screamed.

Farmers at Last Rebel.

"The farmers in various parts"—says an exchange—"have finally rebelled against the coarse practice of disfiguring their fences and barns with advertisements. It does not add anything to the beauty of the landscape to have these daring deeds greet the eye on all sides. It takes away the rural freshness of the scene, and suggests too strongly the disagreeable fractions of barter and sale, blending the lamb, sellish cavil of buyer and seller with the plaintive bleat of the lamb, the self-satisfied grunt of the pig and the soft low of the fawn-eyed Alderney. Precious little sentiment abides in the breast of the man who would flaunt his business in the face of Nature in this uncanny fashion. The farmers should get after the dashers with a boot-heel."

Johnstown Benefit at Music Hall To-Night.

STRAWBERRY AND ICE-CREAM

FESTIVAL

and ENTERTAINMENT for the benefit of the HOPE CHAPEL SUNDAY-SCHOOL LIBRARY

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS

June 19 and 20.

A first-class programme will be provided each evening.

Admission, 10 cents.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North avenues

N. B.—Business Rooms for Plainfield. 6-11-4m

SPECIAL,

Friday and Saturday.

Gentlemen's

4-Ply Linen Cuffs, 13c

actually worth 25c.

4-Ply Linen Collars, 8c

real value, 15c. All good styles, and lowest prices ever heard of for these goods, at

H. A. POPE'S,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Rent-a-Word-Column.

FOR RENT—Small cottage house, corner of Plainfield avenue and Third street. Newly new. Rent, twelve dollars. Inquire of D. M. Forsythe, 91 Mercer avenue, North Plainfield.

FOR SALE—A bay horse. Apply to L. Heysiger, No. 28 Somerset street. 6-20-2

FIRST-CLASS board at No. 46 West Fourth street. 20-2

FOR SALE—Five fresh Jersey cows; large and fine; also, 30 shoats, 8 weeks old. Apply to John Wilson, 20 W. Seventh street. 19-3

FOR SALE—300 loads of manure. P. O. Box 660, Plainfield. 20-2

PAINTING wishing their cleaning and jobbing done, will please call on Wm. Hall, 20 Somerset street, for further particulars. 6-20-3

TO LET—A six-room cottage on Dunellen avenue, which overlooks the park. Five minutes' walk from post-office. Rent reasonable. Possession given at once. Good water, sink and fruit; also, garden on the premises. No. 36 Dunellen ave. This is an unusual chance, and the first comer gets the bargain. 19-tf

WANTED—A situation as upstairs girl or to do housework. Apply at No. 36 West Third street. 20-2

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 6 Fort place. 6-11tf

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

JOHNSTOWN AND THE CONEMAUGH VALLEY

FROM MANY ORIGINAL PHOTOGRAPHS.

BEFORE AND SINCE

THE GREAT DISASTER.

Illustrated by Stereopticon,

PRESENTING A PICTURE 25 FEET SQUARE EACH TIME.

Proceeds for the Benefit of the Sufferers.

LET ALL COMBINE

to make this a fitting climax to the work of the people of Plainfield and vicinity for the Relief of those so awfully afflicted.

The Plainfield Children's Home

will take care of two of the many children made orphans by the flood, and efforts will be made to have their photographs for exhibition among others Thursday evening by aid of the stereopticon, and at the same time give the story of their rescue. The exhibition will be as

INTERESTING as APPROPRIATE.

DON'T MISS IT.

SEATS NOW ON SALE

at the drug stores of Messrs. Field & Randolph and Mr. J. G. Miller. Reserved seats 50, 75, and $1.

DR. E. KIMBELL

THE CELEBRATED

CHIROPODIST

is still at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a

Few Days Longer.

People who desire the services of a skilful CHIROPODIST would better improve the opportunity and call as once, as his stay in Plainfield is limited.

Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 9 p. m.

☞ Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances. ☜

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the Park Hotel, Plainfield, for a FEW DAYS LONGER.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.

☞ Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, aged person or child can have their feet treated. Corns are removed painlessly and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 18,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

From J. B. Probasco, M. D.: I have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in removing corns, and beautifully performed has he the ability. J. B. PROBASCO, M. D.
31 Lake Front street.

From J. T. Price, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skilful Chiropodist. J. T. PRICE, M. D.
136 Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my foot. MRS. R. VAN DYKE.
Plainfield, May 25.

From John A. Boerkower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have employed DR. KIMBELL, and he cured my feet in one treatment.
JOHN A. BOERKOWER, Jr.

I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.
MISS ALICE M. POWLES.
30 Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and sweating under the worst cases is too true. Try it.
All had cases solicited.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 50c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Peace. 10-19tf

Fresh Garden Seeds,

Garden Tools,

RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,

Cutlery, etc.

N. H. & J. J. HEIDELOFF,

13 Somerset street,

VERY TART AND POPULAR:

ORANGE,
LEMON,
RASPBERRY and
CHERRY PHOSPHATES!

Frosted Cream Soda,

the success of the season. Cold Root Beer, unexcelled. Milk Shakes, very nutritious. Obtainable at the City Pharmacy,

Field & Randolph

PROPRIETORS,

N. WEST FRONT STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AS 4.00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

S. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CHOICE OF A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The New York board of health reports that during the first quarter of the year there were fifty-seven suicides in the city. Two-thirds of the people were foreign born. Of the whole number only thirteen were women. In 1881 a law was passed in the state punishing attempts at suicide with imprisonment for two years and by a fine not exceeding $1,000. Since the law was passed the number of suicides has measurably decreased, the report of the health board declares. It is hard to see, however, how fine and imprisonment could have any terrors to the person who is desperate enough to wish to take his own life.

The disaster at Johnstown has forced upon cities throughout the country consideration of the painful question whether there are not artificial reservoirs above their limits which may be dangerous. The number of cities having such lakes for water works and other purposes is unpleasantly large. Boston's water supply is stored behind four artificial dams, and another is in construction. The total storage of these dams is 3,245,000,000 gallons. A breakage would devastate Sudbury river valley. In Berkshire county, Mass., there is a large number of dams and reservoirs to supply the factories. At Olean, N. Y., a fishing club has a reservoir a third larger than that at Johnstown. Like that, too, it was hollowed out from an old canal basin.

All the heroic souls who helped at Johnstown have had their due meed of praise except the newspaper reporters. The reporter is a man literally whose work speaks for him. He is rarely mentioned, and then sometimes not with entire respect. But wherever pluck, endurance, shrewdness, intelligence and manly courage are needed, there the reporter is found, and is equal to the occasion. He may go cold and hungry, he may be beaten by the pitiless storm, he may have no sleep for half a week, but he must get the news before the people. What does anything else matter? His own personal discomfort few know, and none seem to care for. After the Johnstown disaster those who really suffered the most physically were probably the brave and untiring reporters who got the facts and told the story of the great calamity so well. They deserve the thanks of their fellow countrymen.

New Homesteads.

There is yet some valuable public land to be opened to homesteaders. The Sisseton military tract will be available for settlement in a very short time. It is in northeast Dakota, and contains half a million acres. Adjoining it is a much larger tract, the Sisseton reservation proper, which will also be opened before very long. It is on Lake Traverse and Red river of the north, adjoining Minnesota. The Indians to whom the reservation belonged have been gradually taking lands in severalty, 160 acres each, ever since 1877. There are 1,800 of these Indians, and it is only a question of a little time when all will have separate farms. There will then be left still a large amount of valuable land, which government will open at once to white settlement. The Indians on the Sisseton reservation are civilized farmers and stock raisers.

The Red Cross at Johnstown.

Of all the generous workers at the scene of the Pennsylvania calamity none did more good than gentle Clara Barton and her staff of assistants. The Red Cross society was organized to give help in just such disasters as this. In time of war its work is on the battle field.

In time of peace, wherever there are great epidemics, wherever there is flood, or fire, or other calamity, attended with destitution and loss of life, there Clara Barton is with food, hospital tents, medicines, surgeons and nurses. After the battle of Fredericksburg her ambulances and supplies were on the field before government aid could be sent from Washington. She has spent her life and her private fortune in her mission of mercy. She is president of the American branch of the International Red Cross society, and in the correspondence continually with officers of the organization in all the civilized nations. Anybody can become a member.

Within two days after the Johnstown disaster Miss Barton had her tents erected beside the Baltimore and Ohio railroad track at Kernville, on Stony creek. There were a dozen of these hospitals. With the hospitals was a complete quartermaster and kitchen department. The assistants made a canvass of the vicinity, and wherever sick or injured were found they took them into the hospital and cared for them in the best manner. Fifteen physicians and six trained nurses responded to the first call of the Red Cross. All through the awful scene of desolation which these quiet messengers, with the simple red cross at the order upon the left arm, comforting the living and helping to bury the dead. A correspondent says: "The scrupulous order and neatness about the Red Cross camp makes a flower in the Johnstown desert."

(SECOND EDITION.)

POSTAL CLERKS KILLED.

A Serious Wreck on the Fan-handle Road.

THREE KILLED, SEVEN INJURED

The Cause of the Accident a Mystery.

There Were Fifteen Postal Clerks at the Train—More of the Injured May Die.

PITTSBURG, June 20.—The second section of Panhandle train No. 7, westbound, was wrecked near New Cumberland junction, two miles east of Steubenville, O. The third fourth and fifth cars from the engine were thrown from the track, the cause for which has not yet been ascertained. The train was running about forty-five miles an hour, and was made up of express and postal cars exclusively.

Payne and Reinhardt Instantly Killed.

The train was manned by one engineer, one fireman, one conductor and one brakeman and fifteen postal clerks. Postal clerks J. P. Payne and S. R. Reinhardt were instantly killed.

The seriously injured are Conductor Burris, Brakeman McFarland, Postal Clerks W. S. Bolton and J. S. Matthews. The last mentioned injured are Postal Clerks T. D. Armstrong, E. C. Benner, C. J. Minor and Frank Shook. The injured were taken to the hospital at Steubenville, O.

Brakeman Mcfarland Dead.

A special from Steubin, O., last night says: Brakeman John McFarland, of Marsfield, O., died at 5 o'clock. The hospital physicians say that Conductor Burris' injuries are fatal, and that he cannot live much longer. The others injured are resting comfortably and will probably recover.

A collision of freight trains occurred at the scene of the wreck a short time afterwards. Three sections of a freight train following the mail pulled up and stopped. The engine of the first section was detached from its train and used to assist in clearing the track in front. A fourth section of the freight came up under full speed and crashed into the rear of the third section, smashing the engine and wrecking several cars of merchandise. The train men jumped and escaped serious injury.

New Hampshire Nominations.

CONCORD, N. H., June 20.—The Republican legislative caucus last night nominated A. B. Thompson, of Concord, for secretary of state; Solon Carter, of Concord, for state treasurer; John B. Clark, of Manchester, for state printer, and Sylvester Little, of Antrim, for commissary general.

Bad for Dr. Downie.

BROOKLYN, June 20.—The coroner's jury in the case of Mrs. Jessie Duff, who eloped from Glasgow, Scotland, with Dr. James Downie, found last night that her death was due to suicide, which is her result by connivance of Downie. Downie was remanded for the grand jury.

Extensive Iron and Steel Works.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20.—H. W. Hammond, representing an English syndicate, has selected a site at Vallejo, opposite the Mare Island navy yard, for extensive iron and steel works. Ten million dollars have been subscribed for the purpose by English capitalists.

New Presidential Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The president appointed the following postmasters: John R. Lewis, Atlanta, Ga.; Russell R. Leonard, North Manchester, Ind.; Edward Johnson, Ida. Grove, Ia.; William Wakefield, Humboldt, Kan., and Albert H. Fortune, Bloomfield, Ia.

King Humbert Will Mediate.

LONDON, June 20.—The Chronicle has advices to the effect that King Humbert, of Italy, has offered to mediate between the many anti Switzerland in the controversy between them regarding Herr Wohlgenuth's expulsion, and that the offer has been accepted.

Balfour on Gladstone.

LONDON, June 20.—Mr. Balfour, the Irish chief secretary, in a banquet at Ayr, opposite the Constitutional union. He declared that the new Gladstonian policy to federalize the empire was even more impracticable than was Gladstone's first home rule bill.

Easton Will Disband.

EASTON, Pa., June 20.—The Easton baseball club will be disbanded at New Haven on Saturday, owing to lack of funds to carry the team through the season. Arrangements are partially completed for Scranton to take Easton's place in the Atlantic league.

Drowned in Buttermilk.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Georgie Dwyer, the 15-months-old grandson of Engineer Turner, a farmer living near Bristol, was found in a wash boiler which was filled with buttermilk. His mother, who had set up above the stove had to the discovery of his body. He was dead when found. The child had been playing by the boiler, and plunged over the edge head first.

Caught While Firing the Mill.

ST. STEPHENS, N. B., June 20.—An operative in the St. Croix cotton mill named McAtee, aged 21, has been arrested, charged with arson. He was caught by a Boston detective in the act of firing the mill. His motive was merely mischief. The detective was brought here on account of the number of incendiary fires which had occurred here of late.

Robbed and Murdered.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 20.—David A. Flitz, a section foreman on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, was robbed and murdered here Tuesday night by unknown parties. The crime was committed in an open lot on First Avenue in a thickly populated neighborhood and within 100 feet of an electric light. There is no clew to the assassin.

Drowned in Rockville.

ROCKVILLE, Ind., June 20.—Yesterday afternoon, while a party of boys were bathing in the canal, Frank Hiscock, aged 17, sank to the bottom and was drowned. Two companions, who attempted to rescue him, narrowly escaped with their lives. Hiscock's body was recovered after being under water two hours.

HISCOCK ELECTED ALUMNI TRUSTEE

Two Trustees Nominated for Cornell University.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 20.—The trustees of Cornell university have re-elected Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, of Brooklyn, and E. W. Sibley, of Rochester, members of the board for five years. President Adams' report showed an increase of the university for the year—the greatest gain on record at Cornell. It was decided to call the physical building Franklin hall, the civil engineering building Lincoln hall and the mechanical building Sage hall. It was voted to raise the tuition fee from $75 to $125 per year.

President Adams was relieved from historical work on account of his increasing duties. President Adams, H. W. Sage and Dean Hutchins were made a committee to reorganize the department of history and political science. The vote was 109 degrees confirmed. Frank H. Hiscock, of Syracuse, was elected alumni trustee by 89 majority over C. H. Foley, of Ithaca, in a total alumni vote of 1,076.

The board, during a recess, welcomed the Auburn board of trade and other guests. Ex-Governor Cornell delivered an address of welcome, and President Adams also made a short speech.

Condemning Cleghorn's Asylum.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Judge Prendergast has rendered his decision in the matter of the petition for the writ of habeas corpus in Cleghorn asylum. The investigation was based on the case of Dora Willard, the unfortunate girl who was confined in the insane asylum and was found on an order signed by her sister, who averred that the asylum was not a fit place to keep her. The judge sustained the petition and ordered Dora to be transferred to Kankakee. In his decision Judge Prendergast finds that the asylum is not an asylum, but a place of imprisonment. He also says that the asylum and its managers have ours ought to be held which should take the management out of the hands of the present authorities and put it in the control of the state.

Brickmakers Strike.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Two hundred brickmakers employed by the firm of Purrington & Kimball and Wall Brothers, Blue Island, and sixty men employed by Adam Wecker's brick manufacturing establishments, Blue Island, struck for an advance of eight hours work without reduction in pay. The manufacturers express their determination to hold out against the demands of the men and fill their places with new employes. It is thought that 500 or more additional brickmakers who are now working ten hours will be drawn into the movement.

An Innocent Girl Accused.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., June 20.—Margaret Adams, a pretty young girl living as a domestic with Mrs. Sarah Conway, was arrested by the latter of having stolen a case of jewelry. Miss Adams was urged to confess the theft, and, although innocent, was imprisoned and tried with such a tirade of abuse that it produced heart failure. She is still in a critical condition, and Dr. Downs thinks her recovery doubtful. During the night the house was found in the back yard chewing and playing with the jewel case. The kid covering was badly used up, but the valuables were unharmed.

The Railroad Wholly to Blame.

CANTON, O., June 20.—Coroner Sheeffer yesterday filed his verdict in the inquest of the killing of Lawrence and Peter Stroh and two orphan boys by the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago limited express at Louisville a few days ago. The verdict holds the railroad wholly to blame for the accident. In addition to the suit for $10,000 damages brought by the guardian of one of the orphan boys, two other suits for $10,000 each have been entered for the two Strohs.

Commercial Travelers Meet.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 20.—The Commercial Travelers' Protective association at yesterday's meeting received reports showing a quite general disposition among railroads to accede to the wishes of the association in respect to the issue of 5,000-mile tickets. It was also reported that an amendment benefiting commercial travelers would probably be made to the interstate commerce law at the next session of congress.

National British-American Association.

BOSTON, June 20.—The second annual convention of the National British-American Association of the United States opened here yesterday and will continue three days. There are eleven delegates present—three from Illinois, two from Pennsylvania, two from New York and four from Rhode Island —those being the only states at present represented in the association.

Bankrupt in Buttermilk.

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Drowned in Rockville.

ROCKVILLE, Ind., June 20.—The various encampments representing the ten districts of block miners reported 5,312 dependents at a slight increase. Seven thousand dollars relief were reported. The county commissioners met in session at request and yesterday to issue a proclamation commending the miners to the charity of the state.

The Air Ship Did Not Rise.

NEW YORK, June 20.—The air ship invented by Mr. Campbell, of Brooklyn, was to have made an ascension yesterday at the Manhattan athletic grounds, but owing to a slight accident affecting the gas tanks from which the balloon portion of the machine was to be supplied, the exhibition had to be indefinitely postponed.

Railroad Men Hurt.

NEWARK, N. J., June 20.—A freight train ran off the track on the Pennsylvania railroad at South Newark last night. Two brakemen were injured, one fatally. Both were from Jersey City. Two cars laden with coal were broken upon, and fifteen others ripped open part of the tobacco. Two of the things were uninjured.

AT THE DELUGED CITY.

Important Meeting of the Relief Commission.

CLARA BARTON CONGRATULATED.

Governor Beaver Compliments Her—Narrow Escape of Reporters—Threatened Strike Among the Laborers—Disbert & Co.'s Bank Goes Into Liquidation.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 20.—Governor Beaver, accompanied by the members of the relief committee, arrived here yesterday. Governor Beaver's first act was to call a meeting of the party mounted horses and proceeded on a tour of inspection, which lasted until after 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The governor expressed gratification at the progress made. The members composing the committee were appointed at the character and extent of the devastation, of which they had formed no adequate idea, and expressed themselves in no uncertain language concerning the exigencies and needs of the place. After the inspection the party met and in consultation with the business men of Johnstown at Alma hall. The party left on a special train over the Pennsylvania railroad for Pittsburg at 3 o'clock p. m.

The Million Dollar Loan.

At the conference yesterday of Governor Beaver's relief commission, which lasted about three hours, the Pittsburg members of the commission wanted the million dollar loan expended upon measures of solid relief for Johnstown, while the eastern members were in favor of the opinion that Johnstown and Juniata valley sufferers were also entitled to recognition. After a great deal of talk Governor Beaver decided that Johnstown should have $5 of each $6 of the million dollars. The next question was how the money should be distributed. Houses were conceded to be the first want of the people, and 500 temporary houses will be put up and furnished as soon as they can be got upon the ground. It was also decided to use every means possible to make the stricken people of the community self supporting, and indues them to get to work as soon as possible.

A resolution was passed that all the money in hand, all the money raised and that will be raised, will not be sufficient to meet the wants of the sufferers in the flooded valley.

The commission elected Governor Beaver chairman and R. S. Brewster, of Philadelphia, secretary. All praised Gen. Hastings' services in the Conemaugh valley in this great emergency.

Beaver Congratulates Clara Barton.

Governor Beaver and his party called on Miss Clara Barton, the president of the Red Cross society, and congratulated her on her good work.

Governor Beaver has refused to relieve the Fourteenth regiment and will continue it another week, when it is expected the military will be called home for good.

Disbert's Bank Closes.

J. D. Roberts, surviving partner of John Disbert & Co., bankers, this morning made an assignment to Thomas Swank, Esq., in favor of the depositors within thirty days, 75 per cent. of which is said to be found in the bank's vaults. The bank is solvent and its securities good.

Narrow Escape of Reporters.

A blast from one of the geysers yesterday morning threw a large stone high in the air over the press tent at Gen. Hastings' headquarters, falling through the canvas, narrowly missing one or two reporters who were writing at tables in the tent. This is but one of the many narrow escapes daily.

Laborers Threaten to Strike.

An attempt last night to reduce the wages to a basis of uniformity on the part of the contractors met with a general threat to strike by the workmen. Some of the men who have been working in the drifts have been getting $3 per day, half a dollar for a day's work, and all classes of workmen have been paying a half dollar a day board, and they are also murmuring on this account, or rather because of the quantity of their food, as I this complained their thrust. Gen. Hastings told them he had nothing to do with wages questions, and they left murmuring. Laborers are very plentiful, and if there is a strike others will replace the strikers.

Boston Engineers on the Conemaugh Dam.

BOSTON, June 20.—The Conemaugh disaster was discussed informally last night by the Boston civil engineers. The question of the powerful at the Conemaugh dam, the engineers thought, had not been carefully studied by the engineers constructing the dam. The overfall of seventy feet for a body of water aggregating thirty square miles was entirely inadequate and did not permit of the lake running off as rapidly as it should. The designing of the dam, while proper enough according to old methods, was very far from such as fast in the light of modern engineering progress. The Conemaugh dam, as constructed, might have been safe for forty-nine years, but not for fifty.

Governor Hill Censured.

ALBANY, June 20.—The former employes of the capitol building last night to protest against the action of Governor Hill in vetoing the capitol appropriation bill. The meeting was largely attended by workingmen, and a committee was appointed to draw up resolutions requesting the governor to call an extra session of the legislature to pass another appropriation bill. Several speeches were made condemning Governor Hill for keeping 500 or 600 men out of work to gratify personal spite against individual members of the proposed capitol commission.

Mr. Fink's Resignation.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—The resignation of Commissioner Albert Fink, of the Trunk Line association, has caused a great deal of excitement in railroad circles in this city. Mr. Fink has resigned several times before and on each occasion he was persuaded to withdraw his resignation by a combination of a long vacation and an increase in salary. Mr. Fink says that he wants a long vacation without being bothered by the idea that he must return after a specified time.

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Steeple Protector Accused.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 20.—George W. Hayden, proprietor at Rhode, is the nephew of the state engineer and surveyor, and owner of a patent fire escape on a steeple, making about $600.61. He was brought in jail in this city for examination.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.

Oration by Governor-Elect Rayner Conferred.

PROVIDENCE, June 20.—The 112th commencement exercises of Brown university were held in the old First Baptist meeting house here yesterday. Orations were delivered by Edward Payson Mussey, of Rayneham, Mass.; Ralph W. Jackson, of Fall River; Augustus T. Swift, of New Bedford; George Packard and William G. Lathrop, of Providence; Miss Ellen Shaw, of Rockford; Herbert A. Rice, of Pawtucket; Richard R. Martin, of Kingston, N. Y.; Prescott F. Jernegan, of Edgartown, Mass., and Vernon P. Squier, of Cortland, N. Y. The degree of bachelor of philosophy was awarded to five candidates. This is the first time in the history of the institute on that this degree has been conferred.

The honorary degree of master of arts was conferred upon Governor Daniel H. Goodell, of New Hampshire, and L. Simonds, of Fall River; that of doctor of divinity upon Rev. Henry Gratton Guinness, of London, Eng., and that of doctor of laws upon Robert H. Thurston, director of Sibley college in Cornell university. The commencement dinner followed in Sayle's Memorial hall.

Jay Gould's Yacht Strikes a Pier.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Jay Gould's steam yacht, the Atalanta, struck the end of pier 54, the dock of the White line of steamers, on Tuesday afternoon. She carried through the heavy pine cross beams and planking of the dock for thirty feet. The Atalanta was headed up stream under slow speed with Capt. Gould and several guests on board. The pilot board when Capt. Shackford, seeing that he was likely to foul the dock, gave the signal to the engineer to reverse, but the engineer mistook it for the signal to go ahead full speed, and the Atalanta sprang forward, cutting like a knife through the big rope fenders of the pier. The fenders and the four inch beams into splinters. Aside from the damage to her jibboom and the breaking of a few stays, she was uninjured. Mr. Gould was not aware that he had run his yacht into pier. He would pay the cost of repairing the damage, which will amount to about $1,500.

Bitten by a Mad Dog.

SEDALIA, Mo., June 20.—The office of Dr. Eli N. Small, of this city, to give $500 to any one who would be bitten by a rabid dog of Dr. Small's own selection. The offer was made in order that a cure, while not intended as a bona fide offer, has attracted more attention than the doctor anticipated. He has had applications from several parts of the state to get a mad dog to experiment with, but to all of them the doctor replied that the offer was a joke, and that he would not stand by it. On man, however, a stranger to the city, was bitten in this place where the rabid dog was, boldly bared his arm, and the animal immediately bit a piece of flesh out of the arm. The dog died in convulsions fifteen minutes after. The man applied a muskrose to the wound, and is still alive and well, but apprehensions are felt for his future. It is thought the man's mind is affected.

The Cornell Regatta.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 20.—The Cornell regatta took place yesterday forenoon. The water was rough and the wind fresh, but good time was made. The first race was between the four-oared university crews as follows: First crew—Hagarman, stroke; Healy, No 3; Benedict, No. 2; Barke, bow. Second crew—Cole, stroke; Morrison, No. 3; Tobey, No. 2; Rose, bow. Hagerman's crew won in 9m. over a mile and half course. The principal contest of the day was a single scull race between Lewis, Wood and Tarbell, all of the class of '90. Thayer won easily in 10m. 17¾s., Vicker's time 11m., and Tarbell's 11m. 23s. Thayer wins the championship of the university. Col. Francis diamond badge. Thompson, the Jackson, Mich., oarsman, was judge, and Charles Courtney timekeeper.

Benjamin Harrison, LL. D.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 20.—The commencement exercises of Princeton college occurred in the Presbyterian church. The Presbyterian church. President Patton presided, and on either side of him sat Dr. McCosh and Governor Green. A number of interesting orations were delivered by graduates, and the awards of fellowships and prizes were made. The following honorary degrees were conferred: John W. Phillips, '59, D. Sc.; W. K. Crabbe, '71, J. Benjamin Harrison, LL. D., and Senator George Gray, of Delaware, LL. D.

Commencement at Rochester.

ROCHESTER, June 20.—Yesterday was the concluding day of the commencement of the University of Rochester. The annual meeting of the alumni was held in the morning. The treasurer's report showed that the class fund, started in 1871, had reached $28,193.78. Last evening the graduating exercises were held at the Lyceum theatre, when thirty of the class of '90 received their degrees.

The Constellation Safe.

NORFOLK, Va., June 20.—The United States practice ship Constellation, which went ashore one mile below Cape Henry Tuesday morning with 130 cadets from Annapolis on board, was floated at 1:30 p. m. yesterday by the Baker Salvage company's steamer Fort and proceeded to the Norfolk navy yard to be docked. She arrived here at 7 o'clock.

Probable Murder at Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Frank K. Ward, until recently the proprietor of the Alderney bakery, last night shot a young man named Morris Asbell through the left side of the abdomen, causing a wound which will probably result fatally. Ward was arrested and turned over to the police with $2,000, which he had on his person.

A Unknown's Murderer Hanged.

ROME, Ga., June 20.—Hardy Hamilton, who in February last killed a stranger in Lyle Chinaman, was hanged here yesterday. Ten or twelve thousand persons came in from the surrounding country, but only the county officials and newspaper representatives allowed inside of the jail, where the execution took place.

Swarthmore's New President.

SWARTHMORE, Pa., June 21.—Professor William Hyde Appleton has been elected temporary president of Swarthmore college to vice Dr. Magill, who has resigned after serving eighteen years. Mr. Appleton has been professor of Greek at the college seventeen years. He is a graduate of Harvard university.

Justifiable Homicide.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 21.—A special to The Advertiser from Claxton states that W. A. Collier, a lawyer, was killed his son-in-law, Pall Gilman, yesterday morning. Gilman is in custody. Collier was a widower and his family. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide.

Freight Trains Collide.

PETERSBURG, Va., June 21.—There was a collision between two sections of a freight train yesterday on Bush's bottom on the Petersburg and Weldon railroad. Both locomotives and nine cars were derailed and smashed, and Brakeman Wood and a colored train hand were badly cut.

CHICAGO'S CRONIN CASE.

CHICAGO, June 21.—A dispatch from Winnipeg says: Burke has made no statement whatever, excepting to deny all complicity in the Cronin murder. No one but his lawyer is allowed to see him.

Mortimer Says Burke Is the Man.

Bookkeeper Throckmorton, Expressman Martinson and Salesman Hatfield arrived from New York yesterday. Martinson was at once taken before the grand jury, when he identified the photograph of Burke as that of the man who hired him to haul the furniture from Clark street to the Carlson cottage.

The Chicago Witnesses Were Well Treated.

Bookkeeper Throckmorton was seen at his cell. He said: "There is no truth in the reports that we were not given a fair show and that we might have been mistaken. We were ushered into a well lighted corridor and the prisoners were brought and placed in a row before us. We did not know Mooney or McDonald from any of the others, but we took a good look at all the men. We were in there probably fifteen minutes. I examined every man separately and carefully. Simons wasn't among them; there can be no mistake about that. Martinson and Hatfield were equally as positive as I."

The Grand Jury's Work.

There were fifty-five names of witnesses on the list of the grand jury. Twelve were examined before the grand jury adjourned until 2 o'clock in the afternoon. During the morning a number of witnesses were heard, but it is not known that anything new was brought out.

To Bring Burke Back.

The grand jury yesterday afternoon heard the testimony of a large number of witnesses that were called during the coroner's investigation. Most of the evidence bore upon Cronin's fear that his life would be taken as the result of the prosecution of Alexander Sullivan. It is officially given out that no more indictments will be returned before the final report is ready. The indictment against Burke was brought into court at the earnest solicitation of Chief Hubbard, who said that it would take two weeks for the special messenger to make the circuit from Chicago to Dr. Gilman's office in Springfield, Ills., Washington and Ottawa, Ont. The messenger will start to-night.

The weather promises to be warmer and fair.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit Everybody knows that they are the best Ones is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received

Schwed Brothers,

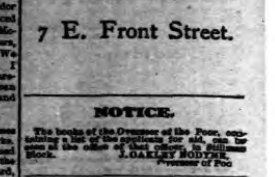
LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

NOTICE.

The books of the Overseer of the Poor, collector's duplicate, will be open at the office of that officer at the City Hall, on and after the 1st day of July, 1889.

LOAKLEY HOLTON,
Overseer of Poor.



H. J. MARTIN,
20 Somerset st.
PRACTICAL HORSE-SHOEING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

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MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third st. and Richmond streets. Established 1869. We are prepared to do all kinds of short notice. Castings for stoves, furnaces, boilers, bollator columns, girders, sewer and well gratings, hitching posts, lawn settees, iron fences, cellar doors, iron fronts and shutters for store windows, iron railing for cemetery lots, and all kinds of iron and brass work required in chemic. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to duplicate any pattern you may desire. Orders by mail or telegraph will be called for and promptly executed. Jobbing done by the day or on contract.

THOMAS F. KENYON

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE SAY

We have bought the entire sample line of Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 22c each.

* * *

The 2-fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 22c regular 35c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 25c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 12c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c.; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c. that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Sephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 35c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $5.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

LADIES,

of course you are aware of the fact that the warm weave has struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Maybe I can suggest something that will meet with your approval; now what looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a

White Summer Suit?

and if you want such an article just drop in at

THE BEE HIVE

and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $2.50 to $10.

Then I have Children's fine White Dressed in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $3.

I can also show you in Boys' Flannel Dress, $1.25, $1.35 and $1.50; I have just received a consignment of Blouse Suits for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at $2.15 and up.

Children's Jersey Blouses, 50c and 65c.

Louis Callman,

38 WEST FRONT STREET.

B. T. BARNES

ICE-CREAM

Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.

Opposite P. O.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W. RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts.,

All goods

Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks a reasonable time for dinner. Saturdays we remain open until nine o'clock p. m.

RICE & CO.,
Duer corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, DONEY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The finest brands of TEAS, HAVEMEYER'S SUGAR of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of CROCKERY, foods and GLASSWARE. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

FOR TINWORK

PORTABLE RANGES AND FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue.

Bee Hive.

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

Best three-quarter long corset, Coraline Cloth Top, Summer Net Waist, Jean Drawers, Ladies' Fine Kid Button Boots, Gents' Fine Calf Boots, Gents' Fine Dress Shirts, Gents' Fine Neckwear, Gents' Fine Underwear, Gents' Fine Hats, Boys' Clothing, Boys' Hats, Boys' Shoes, Boys' Underwear, Ladies' Fine Kid Button Boots, Ladies' Fine Dress Shirts, Ladies' Fine Neckwear, Ladies' Fine Underwear, Ladies' Fine Hats, Ladies' Fine Shoes, Ladies' Fine Corsets, Ladies' Fine Hosiery, Ladies' Fine Gloves, Ladies' Fine Parasols, Ladies' Fine Fans, Ladies' Fine Jewelry, Ladies' Fine Notions, Ladies' Fine Dress Goods, Ladies' Fine Trimmings, Ladies' Fine Millinery, Ladies' Fine Cloaks, Ladies' Fine Suits, Ladies' Fine Wrappers, Ladies' Fine Skirts, Ladies' Fine Underskirts, Ladies' Fine Flannels, Ladies' Fine Blankets, Ladies' Fine Comforts, Ladies' Fine Sheets, Ladies' Fine Pillow Cases, Ladies' Fine Bed Spreads, Ladies' Fine Table Linens, Ladies' Fine Napkins, Ladies' Fine Towels, Ladies' Fine Crashes, Ladies' Fine Ginghams, Ladies' Fine Prints, Ladies' Fine Muslins, Ladies' Fine Cambrics, Ladies' Fine Laces, Ladies' Fine Embroideries, Ladies' Fine Ribbons, Ladies' Fine Sashes, Ladies' Fine Belts, Ladies' Fine Buckles, Ladies' Fine Pins, Ladies' Fine Needles, Ladies' Fine Thimbles, Ladies' Fine Scissors, Ladies' Fine Knives, Ladies' Fine Forks, Ladies' Fine Spoons, Ladies' Fine Dishes, Ladies' Fine Glassware, Ladies' Fine Crockery, Ladies' Fine Lamps, Ladies' Fine Stoves, Ladies' Fine Ranges, Ladies' Fine Furnaces, Ladies' Fine Pumps, Ladies' Fine Sinks, Ladies' Fine Lead Pipe, Ladies' Fine Iron Pipe, Ladies' Fine Brass Pipe, Ladies' Fine Copper Pipe, Ladies' Fine Steel

THE MILD LOOKING MAN.

He Was Willing to Answer to the Name of Snaggs.

"Ha! Caught you at last, having!"

The tall, powerful man who uttered these words stood in the center of a group as a street corner near the western town. As he spoke he brought his hand down heavily on the shoulder of a mild looking stranger who was passing by and turned him half way round.

The tall, powerful man had previously winked at the bystanders.

"You don't remember me, I s'pose?" he continued, with a fierce frown, as he tightened his clutch on the stranger's shoulder.

"Why, no; I can't say I do," replied the mild looking man, looking at him wonderingly.

"You've forgot all about the time you leaned out of a car window of a train 'bout millin' out of Cheyenne and knocked my hat off, I reckon?"

"I certainly don't remember anything of the kind," protested the bewildered stranger. "I never saw you before."

"O, yes you did! You may have forgot it, but I haven't." And he emphasized the assertion by a vigorous shake. "I haven't forgot it, and I've said a thousand times since then that if I ever met you agin I'd make you apologize or fight."

"Now that I think of it," said the mild looking stranger, stooping to pick up his hat, which had fallen to the ground during the shaking process, "it seems to me I do remember something of the kind. I suppose I am bound to give you satisfaction for it. Put up your dukes!"

His bewildered look had all gone by this time. Placing himself in an attitude of defense, he danced about like a big man in a way startingly suggestive of previous practice.

"Before I mop the sidewalk with you," said the other, "I want to be sure I ain't mistaken. Your name is—is Snaggs, ain't it?"

"Snaggs!" replied the stranger, planting a blow neatly on his antagonist's jaw. "Certainly! Snaggs will do as well as anything else. Snaggs it is!"

"But, hold on! I want to be dead sure! The man I'm lookin' for is Jerusalem Snaggs!"

"You've found him, my friend," exclaimed the stranger, as he banged him on the nose. "I'm Jerusalem Snaggs!" he continued, making a feint with his left and administering a vicious upper cut with his right. "Oh, yes, I am Snaggs (biff) from (whack) Snaggsville, Snaggs county (bang), near the head waters of Snaggs creek. Office hours from 1 to 24. Come early and avoid the rush!"

With a final blow under the ear he laid the burly fellow flat on the ground.

As he turned to go he said:

"My name, gentlemen, is Jerusalem Snaggs of course, but for convenience sake I go around under an alias."

And he took from his vest pocket a card and threw it on the prostrate body of the big man. After he had gone away somebody picked it up and read:

D. JENKEY,
PROFESSOR OF SCIENTIFIC BOXING.
☞ SPECIAL ATTENTION DEVOTED TO
TRAINING PUGILISTS.
—Chicago Tribune.

Rescued.

Miss Flirtwell—Why, Auntie!

Professor Hoxley, LL.D. (who has been on a trip to Coney Island)—Our hats blew off on the boat, my dear, and if it hadn't been for the kindness of some of the passengers we should have had to waive our dignity and come home bareheaded.—Judge.

Doubtful About It.

They were gathered sorrowfully around the couch of the poor fellow who had been smashed to pieces under the hammer of a pile driver.

"Do you think he will recover?" asked a young lady, possibly his sister, perhaps one who held a nearer and dearer relation.

With a mighty effort the wounded man raised his head. "Doctor," he said, "I should like to get well; but when I think what a bore I should be by going about forever through life and bragging over my narrow escape, I feel it is best that I should go."—Boston Transcript.

The Bi-Medicinal System.

Wife of Sick Man (much alarmed)—Doctor, by some mistake I gave him a double dose of the medicine in the No. 1 bottle. Will it have a bad effect?

Young Physician—Not necessarily, madam. Give him a double dose from the No. 2 bottle. It will act as a sort of a antidote to the other.—Chicago Tribune.

Must Keep Quiet.

A certain talkative freshman who was wont to disturb recitations by his loud whispering was thus squelched by the professor in Latin: "Mr. R——, you must really be quiet, or you will rise from the insignificance of a nuisance to the dignity of a public calamity."—New York Mail and Express.

An Easy Explanation.

Wife looking in gentleman's window—What is this—reproduction of Egyptian Hieroglyphics?

Husband—No; that is a specimen of work done by the winner in a high speed type writing contest.—Time.

Instantaneous Pedestrianism.

Bloodgood—Bigsby is a great walker. I understand that he covered a mile in ten minutes yesterday.

De Smith—Fshaw! With his feet he ought to be able to cover a mile standing still.—Burlington Free Press.

At the Circus.

"I wonder how the iron jawed man acquires his marvelous power of lifting weights with his teeth?"

"He probably learned at a restaurant for a while."—Lincoln Journal.

Effect of Travel.

Mrs. Magwell—I think travel broadens one; don't you think so, Mrs. Lofty?

Mrs. Lofty—Oh, ha! ha. Why, I gain ten or fifteen pounds every time I go to Europe."—Drake's Magazine.

He Was a Businessman.

Office Boy (entering a silver dollar in the office)—Could this belong to the bell, sir. Great Roarer (whose bill is presented)—Then why did you not bring it to me?—Drake's Magazine.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Front St. Plainfield.

DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging.
P O Box 226

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller & Bro.
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

FINE BUTTER,
PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE,
Fancy Groceries
and the VERY BEST Imported and Domestic
Fruits, Vegetables,
etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice California Prunes, 12c per lb.
ESTERLEE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties,
70 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

REFRIGERATORS,
PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWERS,
Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers
Hardware, Plumbing, Tinning.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 East Front street.

Wm. A. Woodruff
INSURANCE,
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security.
Front street and Park avenue

KEEP COOL.
1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at
WERNER'S
MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

Special Sale.
Hats, Trunks, Shirts,
etc., at
U. S. CRANE'S, 25 Park ave.
Greatest bargains ever offered in this town

GIVEN AWAY
10 days only.
A Fine $50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $3 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

R. A. ROSE,
No. 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds,
and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near Depot, Front, P.O. Box 1220. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MARLING,
Residence Evans. P. O. Box 320.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,
Scroll sawing and turning. Shop of all kinds.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
24 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

TUNIS J. CAREY
24 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.

THE
ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION
AND SUPPLY COMPANY,
F. S. KINMAN, Gen'l Manager.
257 Liberty St., N. Y.
Office, Room 1, Front Street, Cor. Second.
Largest Facilities for Fine Work or Repairs.

Plainfield office, 28 North avenue. Represented by F. S. Dunn.

IT CONFORMS TO SHAPE OF FOOT.
Don't spoil your feet by wearing cheap shoes.
Packard & Field, Manufacturers, Brockton, Mass.
Dolan & Van Arsdale, 26 W. Front St., Plainfield, N. J.

CARPETINGS.
W. & J. SLOANE
Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the
Spring Trade.
BRUSSELS CARPETS, from $1.25 per yd. upward.
BODY BRUSSELS from 85c per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY from 50c per yd. upward.
INGRAINS, from 45c per yd. upward.
Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.
FRENCH CHINA MATTING $8 per roll, 40 yards and upwards.
BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH ST
NEW YORK CITY.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
37 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTS, SUPPLIES
Brushes

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COCK
A. D. COOK & BRO.
LUMBER
and COAL,
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal
a specialty. Leaving and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 68.

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At ALLEN'S,
The Stationer,
You can find a large line
EASTER GOODS
in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Terrill & Cole,
successors to Terrill & Stiles
UNDERTAKERS AND
FURNITURE Manufacturers
No. 20 East Front street, Plainfield.
H. N. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole
Telephone call 24.

GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 36 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Hosiery, Cardigan Jackets Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
24 WEST FRONT ST., next Park Hotel

JOB. BATTELL,
PIANO-MAKER,
Patent Stringing, no pressing action, Agraffe Bridge, Overstrung Scale, Iron Frame. Lowest Prices. Built on 5 1-2 years' installment plan. Do you want your Piano and Organ tuned or repaired? Give me a call. Do you wish a boy or girl? Call and see what I can offer you. Battell Piano Ware Room, 5 East Front street.

12 Photo Engravings
or
Water Supply,
and 40 Page Descriptive Catalogue
Also one of the
KALAMAZOO KILLER.
Sent free on application.
Kalamazoo Manufacturing Co.
Kalamazoo, Mich.

Window Screens
and
Door Screens
fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At
20 SOMERSET STREET.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Gallons, Laces and Fancy Goods and Notions. Ribbons and Infants' Robes a specialty. Pinking Steaming and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

THE BEES AND
the people swarm to
Howell, the Grocer
for the correct thing in
FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,
CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES.
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,
NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot.
Telephone Call 30.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grove street. P. O. Box 61

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Residence corner Liberty and Somerset streets. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Scroll sawing, Turning and Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1346

Professional Cards.

D. R. M. S. SIMPSON,
20 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-3-1y

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
No. 6 Somerset Place, North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 102 West Front street.

WILLIAM O. B. SEE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery. No. 1 Mercantile Building, Jersey City. Residence, No. 160 East Front street, Plainfield.

PANELS, SPRING PLANKS
and trees, scrolls and projections at Bruen's, No. 21 West Front street. Mrs. Lindsey's Headquarters office, same place. 4-11-1y*

JACKSON & COMBSTOCK,
Counselors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc., corner of Park avenue and Second street, Plainfield.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners of Deeds, Notaries Public, Plainfield, N. J. 1-7

CHAS. A. MARSH,
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BENJ. F. MOORE
(Late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and Dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
Grocer
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET,
Plainfield, N. J.
Telephone Call No. 111.
Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

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24 North Avenue,
NEW FANCY CAKE BAKERY.
French and AMERICAN
ICE CREAM and WATER ICES
Catering in all its branches.
W. J. Stephenson.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD.
Try the Brunswick Ham. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrall & Condit.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 15th, 1892.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.46, 6.46, 8.04, 10.07, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.12, 2.35, 3.42, 4.30, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m. Sunday, 5.46, 8.04, 10.07 a. m., 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m.
Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 4.00, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m.
Leave Elizabeth at 4.30, 6.30, 7.45, 8.30, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m. Sunday, 4.30, 8.30, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m.
Passengers for Newark change at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.46, 6.46, 8.04, 9.00, 10.07, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.12, 2.35, 3.42, 4.30, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m. Sunday, 5.46, 8.04, 10.07 a. m., 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m.
Leave Elizabeth at 6.30, 7.45, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m.
Passengers for Newark change at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 6.46, 8.04, 9.00, 10.07, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.12, 2.35, 3.42, 4.30, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m. Sunday, 8.04, 10.07 a. m., 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.
Passengers for Somerville change at Bridgewater.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 5.00, 7.07, 9.05, 10.10, 11.00 a. m., 2.05, 4.56 p. m. Sunday at 7.07 a. m., 2.05 p. m.
Leave Easton at 6.35, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 4.00, 6.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.00 a. m., 6.35 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilmington and Scranton, 9.00 a. m., 4.56 p. m.
For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Wilmington, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.00 a. m., 4.56 p. m.
For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Wilmington, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.00 a. m., 4.56 p. m.
For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Wilmington, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.00 a. m., 4.56 p. m.
For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Wilmington, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, On Sundays at 6.35 p. m.
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 5.46, 7.07, 9.05, 10.10, 11.00 a. m., 2.05, 4.56 p. m. Sunday, 7.07 a. m., 2.05 p. m.
Leave Long Branch at 6.35, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 4.00, 6.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.00 a. m., 6.35 p. m.
Leave Ocean Grove at 6.35, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 4.00, 6.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.00 a. m., 6.35 p. m.
SOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m. Sunday at 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m.
For Bordentown at 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m. Sunday at 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m. Sunday at 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m. Sunday at 12.05, 1.12, 3.42, 5.05, 6.00, 7.00, 8.15, 9.40, 11.25 p. m.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.00 and 10.00 a. m., 1.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.05 a. m., 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, HARDIN, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.30 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 6.15 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closed at 6.00 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office open at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.00 p. m. Sundays, closes at 9.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.00 p. m. to overcoats of town.
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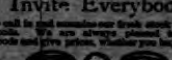

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Miscellaneous.

REOPENING.
Miss Buckbee's and Miss Newton's School for Girls will reopen at the corner of La Grande avenue and Washington street Wednesday, September 19th.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
The Misses Hoagg will open on Sept. 19th a school for boys. Applications received now from 10 to 12 m. 24 Central avenue. Summer address, "The Kenwood", Asbury Park, N. J.

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Instruction in Reading, classes or private, by appointment. For terms, address Miss Alfred, P. O. Box 249

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Mrs. J. L. Anderson gives a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence, Front street, corner Plainfield avenue. Thorough instruction to prepare voices for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Anderson will personally guide to artistic delivery of text and style of musical composition. Can refer to distinguished professors, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 803.

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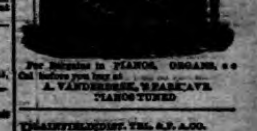

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Special Notices.

BAPTISM.
In response to numerous requests, Rev. Dr. Cole will use the Baptismal Font in the Second Presbyterian Church, corner Park avenue and Second street, on Sunday, July 3, at 10:30 a. m. Public invitation.

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MASONS' MATERIALS
PEACH BOTTOM, CORNER OF FOURTH.
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WOMAN AND HOME.

CLEARING THE DECKS FOR ACTION ON WOMAN'S WIDENING SEA.

They Have Been Mothers of Good Men.

Women Not a Jobbed Clergymanhood.

Trifles — Something Concerning Little Men and Women—Household Hints.

The rapid changes in social habits indicate that women are destined to share more and more the work of men. It is now common to meet women in places where formerly they were never seen—in postoffices, libraries, lecturerooms, observatories, counting rooms, editorial rooms, lawyers' offices, and so on indefinitely. In great buildings erected expressly for men's work, which formerly were never trodden by the foot of any woman but an occasional scrubber of floors, the opening of any door may now reveal a modest clerk or typewriter, and nobody stops to criticise the intrusion. A change of habits so great necessarily involves other unconscious changes. The employer of women in all these cases is apt to become a little more observant and orderly, to exercise more control of temper, more propriety of speech, than where he had men alone as companions or observers.

On the day when women were first to vote for school officers in Massachusetts I happened to meet one of the leading political managers in my own ward, who had never favored their voting. I expected to find him shaking his head over the innovation; but he was, on the contrary, wholly absorbed in making the ward officers clean up the voting place and put out a sign, "No smoking allowed here." He said, "The ladies are coming; we must make it decent for them." And soon after the state passed a law forbidding smoking at the polls, to the great relief of the ward officers. Men cleared their decks, in a manner, before admitting women to share their undertakings, just as the order is given on naval vessels to clear the decks before going into action.

But it is not men alone who need to do this. Women have a right to demand that all should be done which is fitting in the way of moral propriety and reasonable courtesy when they enter the counting room or the workshop. On the other hand, it is for them to remember that business is business, competition very great, and the demands of employers are necessarily exacting. Men do not commonly expect a woman rather than a man for any particular work, because of chivalry or a sense of justice, though that may sometimes happen. They employ her as being more convenient, more economical, or in some way more useful. Having thus to compete as a woman, she must try as a woman to make herself as useful or available as possible, and to reduce to a minimum all inconveniences that stand in the way. There is the matter of dress, for instance.

Many men really like to have women about them as employes, were it only because they usually look neater and tidier than young men in the same station. So far their mode of dress is an advantage. But when, on the other hand, the employer desires to post a letter at the street corner, and knows that a male clerk would simply throw his hat on and go trotting off, while the female clerk was adjusting her bonnet, he is stricken with doubts as to the advantage of employing women. Young lady-clerking is a privilege to win compared to me that she had to give more of her daily time to the buttons on her gloves, in order to go to and from her scientific property, than her brother in college gave to his whole wardrobe.

For be it from me to recommend any daring changes in female costume, but the first study of any young woman who has her own living to make should at least be to dress in such a way as to reduce all these discomforts to a minimum, that she may be, wherever it is possible, as free to serve, as ready for action as if she were a man.

And in the same way a young woman who has her own living to make needs to disencharm herself of all false pride, keeping always closely, of course, to true self respect. I remember an old fashioned employer who used to say that he would never employ a young woman until she was as willing as a young man would be to go through the streets with a bundle. Most women, he thought, would only do this at Christmas time, this being, in respect to bundles, a sort of carnival season when all rules seem to be suspended.—Harper's Bazar.

Helpful Hints.

Paper bags, in which many articles are sent from the grocery, should be saved for use when blacking a stove. You can slip the hand into one of these, and handle the brush just as well, and the hands will not be soiled, and when through with them they can be dropped into the stove.

A very convenient way to poison rats and mice is to eat all the lard you can spare, and cool it into a cake. Have the tallow merely melted, not hot, when the arsenic is put in.

According to Miss Parloa, soda should always be dissolved in a cold liquid, preferably water, because dissolving it in hot water causes an after reaction of the bicarbonate (Bicarbonate of soda) and thus prevents dissolving in cold water preserves all of its "lightening" power.

A London medical man says: "Be careful in your clothing with regard to health. It irritates the stomach for nurse thin spine, and an overdose will bring on an unpleasant sensation for days."

A room with a low ceiling will seem higher if the window curtains hang to the floor. Lambrequins may be used to extend the curtains to the ceiling, and their carry out the effect.

A very complete filling for open cracks in floors may be made by thoroughly soaking newspapers in a pail of water; mix pound of flour, three quarts of water and a tablespoonful of alum, thoroughly boiled and stirred; make the final mixture about as thick as putty, a kind of paper putty, and it will harden like papier mache.

There is no economy in purchasing brown sugar. The moisture it contains more than makes up for the difference in price; good for some things, such as dark cake and mince pies, many cooks prefer it. Granulated sugar is the purest and best for ordinary uses.

Table Etiquette for Children.

Here are a few good old rules that can be safely followed:

Give the child a seat that shall be strictly its own.

Teach it to take its seat quietly.

To use its napkin properly.

To wait patiently to be served.

To answer promptly.

To say, "Thank you."

If asked to have the table for a forgotten article or for any purpose to do so at once.

Never to interrupt and never to contradict.

Never to make remarks about the food, such as "I saw that turkey killed, and how he did bleed," as I once heard a little boy remark at a Thanksgiving dinner.

Teach the child to keep its plate in order.

Not to handle the bread or to drop food on the cloth and floor.

To always say, "Excuse me, please," to the mother when at home, and to the lady or hostess when visiting, if leaving the table before the rest of the party.

To fold its napkin and to put back its chair or push it close to the table before leaving.

And after leaving the table not to return.

I never children who observe every one of these rules; and are in no way priggish, but are simply well behaved, delightful companions, and they owe it all to their mother's careful training from babyhood.—Good Housekeeping.

Mothers of Good Men.

When Lydia Newman's old Quaker uncle saw that she had fastened her pretty little Newport ties with peggy red ribbons he frowned and told her it was not seemly. But Lydia laughed. "I don't care for them myself," she said, "but I want my little boy to remember that his mother wore red bows on her shoes." Who does not remember the pretty things that "mother" wore! Her dainty laces, the pale lilac dresses, the rose tucked under the lace on her breast, seem half divine when they become but memories to us. "Mother" is "mother," be she gentle or rough, but what a different ideal we have when we recall how proud we were when we brought fresh flowers to her, because we knew they must feel how much sweeter and prettier she was than their mothers could be. It is wise for a mother to take time to dress and be fair in her children's eyes; to read for their sake; to learn to talk well and to live in today. The circle the mother draws around her is more wholesome for the child than the one he has to make for himself, and she is responsible for his social surroundings. It is not easy to be the child's most interesting companion, and to make home its strongest magnet, but the mothers who have done this have been mothers of good men.—Chicago Herald.

Feeding the Babies.

"I believe in letting babies eat a little bit of everything. It hardens their stomachs and makes them accustomed to eating," said a young woman who prides herself on her common sense. "I let my baby eat bananas and cake, and I have tried it with my four children," she continued.

Her children are all living, but the poor, pasty little faces, bowed legs, cross disposition and small size are due to their being allowed to eat a "little bit of everything."

A healthy baby up to a twelvemonth should live entirely on sweetened milk diluted with water. If it is fed at any one season almost it should be a little beef juice mixed with warm water and salted, a little mutton broth with the grease entirely removed and a very little meat of broiled or a round chicken bone from which the meat is taken—the two latter to help harden its gums. If a child is delicate a physician should prescribe a diet.

No fruit, vegetables, pastry and sweetables, with the exception of potatoes, should ever be given a baby under 18 months old. They are poison to it. A single cherry or grape will often cause the death of a baby. A small roasted potato mixed with a little butter and salt may be eaten once a day or two days in a week by a child at 12 months or over—that is, if the child has any teeth.—New York Journal.

The Little Myths of Childhood.

There is a society somewhere I read about the other day for the suppression of nursery literature. I know several people who think children should not be taught what they call rubbish. They say it misleads them; that they find out some time the absurdity of those stories, and that it weakens their faith in their parents. I don't think that society will ever make any headway. I wonder if there is anybody who is not forever grateful to his mother for having told him those old myths and stories. Is there

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, AN NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

BY S. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

THE WITTY MAN THINKS ALMOST EVERYTHING RIDICULOUS; THE WISE MAN SCARCELY ANYTHING.—Goethe.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 172; days to come, 193.

—A large crop of huckleberries is indicated.

—The gutters along Somerset street are being graded.

—The excursion to Lake Hopatcong yesterday ran to Winfield Scott Post 8125.

—Water-works and sewerage will again come up before the Plainfield Common Council this evening.

—Jackson avenue has been changed from a dirt road to a fine macadamized one, during the last few days.

—A successful entertainment was given at the W. C. T. U. rooms under the auspices of the Loyal Temperance Legion last evening.

—The steady screech of a locomotive whistle and a man's life on the railroad track near the North avenue station this morning.

—A Swedish Society from New York, with members among the draughtsmen of the Pond Tool Machine Company, will hold a picnic on First mountain to-morrow.

—The W. C. T. U. will hold their interesting Sunday evening meeting at 76 West Front street to-morrow at 7:30. All are invited. Sunday meetings will be held at 7:15 a. m. and 4 p. m.

—The colored Centrals again played baseball with the Little Giants at Somerville yesterday afternoon, but in the fifth innings the Somervillians tried to pulverize the umpire, and the Plainfielders left the grounds and came home in disgust.

—The strawberry and ice-cream festival and entertainment held at Hope chapel the *last two nights was so* thoroughly a success that it will be continued this evening, for the pleasure of the people who were crowded out Wednesday and Thursday.

—The Warren Club will provide an excursion to Rockaway Beach August 8th. They have secured from the Knickerbocker Steamboat Company the Grand Republic, which will positively be used to transfer the excursionists from Jersey City to the seashore.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Lewis E. Brokaw, of New Market, was graduated with honor from Princeton College this week.

Mr. Edward Squarey, of Hartford, Conn., is spending a few days with Mr. G. R. Leland, of Grandview avenue.

A pleasant reception was tendered to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Mosher at their home on East Fourth street last evening.

The eminent elocutionist, Mr. J. R. Le-Forest, with Mrs. Stringer, of Mount Normal Orpheus Society, will appear with other talent at the benefit entertainment in Reform Hall Monday evening.

Mr. A. L. C. Marsh, of East Fifth street, who during the past three months has been traveling, for business and pleasure, in the far West, returned home last evening. While at Tacoma he met several Plainfielders. He made the entire circuit across the continent, going as far as San Francisco.

Miss Helena Horan, of Plainfield, was one of the three graduates from St. Elizabeth's Academy at Convent Station, near Madison, Wednesday. She received third prize in oil painting. Miss Horan and Miss Mary Cameron, also of Plainfield, won crowns of white artificial flowers for good work done during the year.

Dr. F. J. Wells, of West Fifth street, is to start Monday morning for De Ruyter, Madison county, N. Y. It will be remembered that it is only a short time ago that Dr. Wells became convalescent of a serious illness. He is still weak from the effects of it and will journey to various health resorts in New York State until fully recovered. His first stop will be at De Ruyter, to visit his mother and father, who reside there. He expects to be gone at least eight months.

The Hon. Foster M. Voorhees, of Rahway—who during the session of the New Jersey Legislature was the Republican leader of the House and frequently struck such terror into the hearts of the Democratic members that they fled precipitately through doors and window, so as to leave the House without a quorum—is beginning to go as a candidate for Governor. Though young he possesses excellent judgment, and if the political wind should blow that way this Fall none will rejoice more than his Plainfield friends, of which he has many.

No Saloons in Munterdon.

[From The Somerville Unionist-Gazette.]

It is a fact not generally known in this county that in Hunterdon county, there are no licensed saloons for the sale of drinks, either by the wine or by the quart or gallon. At the last session of the Hunterdon court a pile of applications was laid before Chief-Justice Beasley, when he said with great emphasis:

"These applications are for licenses for saloons. As I have stated heretofore when applications have been presented to me, so I say again, that so long as I am sitting upon the bench I shall never consent to any saloon application in this county."

The Chief-Justice evidently thinks that the public have as sufficient general business to the public without adding to them that of the saloons.

If the Chief-Justice of the State can take such a position, it seems strange that some other Justices of the Supreme Court cannot somewhat follow his example in this respect. It is well entertained from a perusal of the saloon list that there is no judicial scrutiny upon the Judges of our courts to confer licenses in cities to license any person whatsoever. They may do so, but they are not obliged to do so.

661 MORE FOR JOHNSTOWN.

An Evening Spent Amid Scenes of the Deluge.

The stereopticon exhibition, illustrating Johnstown and vicinity before and since the flood, was held in Music Hall last evening.

About one hundred views of the ill-fated locality which has drawn so largely on the sympathies of the people, together with some fifty or sixty miscellaneous views, were presented. A large audience was in the canvas, and the audience seemed greatly pleased and manifested their enjoyment by frequent applause. It was not as large an audience as was looked for, but probably as large as could reasonably be expected during such opportunely hot weather, and at such a late day, although the 100 views required a week's time to secure, and another week to make into slides for exhibition, so that it was next to impossible to make the exhibition any sooner. Even as it was, there was no time for the vocal testing of the views beforehand, they being presented last evening for the first time.

Mr. Morrison, who instituted the affair, had secured Mr. Turner, an expert of high standing in New York; and Mr. Teale, who had kindly co-operated, taking charge of the line lights, had also secured an expert, Mr. A. D. Fisk, so that abundant provision was made to insure the utmost success. Not only this, but Mr. Teale had brought a large number of exceedingly interesting miscellaneous colored views, which followed the views of Johnstown, arousing the highest praise from the audience and frequent applause.

While the large panoramic view of Johnstown before the flood was passing before the audience the boy choir of the Holy Cross church, with Mr. Kellogg as leader, sang "Home, Sweet Home" from behind the scenes, so that the music, subdued, came to the audiences very soft and sweet, and well merited the hearty applause which followed. The accompaniment was on a *Mason & Hamlin* organ from Mr. Joseph Sattele's music store, No. 33 East Front street, and was donated for the occasion. Mr. Herbert Sands, a boy soprano ten years of age, was among the singers, his clear, bell-like voice enrapturing the choir with good effect. To listen to this choir is a great treat. At the conclusion they sang "America," as the audience were dispersing.

The Hall, the advertising in THE NEWS, The Press and The Times, and the service of all engaged in the affair, including ticket agent Nelson and janitor Mattox, having been donated, the expense was not as heavy as it might otherwise have been. Only a portion of the receipts will be taken, the admission being reduced from 25 cents to 15 cents, so that the exhibition will not for the Johnstown sufferers $80.10, which with contributions received a few days ago will make $61.10.

This brings Plainfield's contribution up to nearly $4,000.

LOST: A KNEE-JOINT.

A Man's Leg Suddenly Grows Rigid as Iron.

Wm. Sutton, a Plainfield painter, was at work in Newark, nearly a year ago, when he was suddenly attacked by a strange affliant which has puzzled the physicians ever since.

While engaged as a Newark residence, one day, he was surprised, on attempting to walk, to find that his leg had suddenly become as rigid as iron and that he could not bend his knee-joint. He was taken to St. Michael's hospital and was kept there ever since, until recently, when he was removed to Plainfield.

The Newark doctors thought that poisoning from the inception of lead from the paint into the blood had caused the queer trouble, but later they came to the conclusion that rheumatism was the obstinate disease. They acknowledged themselves thoroughly puzzled, however, and after Mr. Sutton had positively refused them the pleasure of severing the erratic member from his body so that they might inspect it at their leisure they were glad to be rid of the patient, since their other experiments met with nothing but failure.

Mr. Sutton was taken to Muhlenberg Hospital yesterday and will undergo surgical treatment at the hands of the physicians on the Hospital staff.

He is able to walk with the aid of a cane, but only short distances.

Examples for Plainfield.

At the request of the Plainfield Y. M. C. A. views of four Association buildings of different localities were exhibited last evening at Stillman Music Hall, as follows:

	Cost of Building and Lot.	Population.
Omaha, Neb.....	$175,000	110,000
Springfield, Ill.....	41,000	30,000
Meriden, Conn.....	40,000	25,000
Auburn, N. Y.....	30,000	25,000

Amount pledged to date for Plainfield's Y. M. C. A. building, $30,268.

Won by Disabling the Pitcher.

The West End Juniors defeated the Plainfield Diamonds at base-ball yesterday by the score of 20 to 14. Lewis Allen pitched for the Diamonds until the fifth inning of the eighth inning, when he was hit on the arm and disabled. Townley took his place during the ninth innings and gave the West Ends nine runs.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for the month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
1. Saturday	66	77	71
2. Sunday	71	82	77
3. Monday	71	83	77
4. Tuesday	71	83	77
5. Wednesday	71	83	77
6. Thursday	71	83	77
7. Friday	71	83	77
8. Saturday	71	83	77
9. Sunday	71	83	77
10. Monday	71	83	77
11. Tuesday	71	83	77
12. Wednesday	71	83	77
13. Thursday	71	83	77
14. Friday	71	83	77
15. Saturday	71	83	77
16. Sunday	71	83	77
17. Monday	71	83	77
18. Tuesday	71	83	77
19. Wednesday	71	83	77
20. Thursday	71	83	77
21. Friday	71	83	77

YOUNG MEN AT CHURCH.

WHY SO FEW ATTEND SERVICE REGULARLY.

Bicycles, Hammocks and Summer Novels To Blame.—The Bad Example of Inconsistent Christians.—Family Home-Training.—Carelessness of the Newsboys.

Mr. W. D. Murray, of Central avenue, and President of the Plainfield Young Men's Christian Association, has an interesting article two columns and a half in length in this week's Somerville Unionist-Gazette, in answer to the editor's query "Why do so few young men attend church regularly?"

Mr. Murray takes the ground that there are not a few who enjoy beautiful Sunday morning spins on their bicycles or comfortable lounging with Summer novels in hammocks too well to surrender them readily for sermons and hymns in meeting-houses. He briefly continues as follows:

"One very evident cause of the dearth of young men in our churches is this; they do not see that those who do attend are materially benefited by their attendance. The young man is at work from Monday morning to Saturday night. He gets tired. When Sunday comes he feels the need of something that will help him bear the burden of the day. His friends go to church, and when he meets some of them Monday morning they are the *same as they were Saturday.* * This one loses his temper; another speaks spitefully of his neighbor; one drives a hard bargain with him; another indulges in intoxicating liquor; and yet another relates with glee some foul story. He looks on his church-going feminine friends and sees them gossiping, worshiping dress and dissecting themselves at the behest of fashion, and they had spent a day with their Maker. When such results follow church-going what argument will you use with the young man who doesn't go? Perhaps he has read somewhere, 'By their fruits ye shall know them.' He will not stop in his meanderings to consider how very rare *better* for having been in church. But he will put this and that together, illogically if you please, and say: 'If these who were at church yesterday and to-day are ill-tempered, slanderous, mean, envious and frivolous, then I cannot get there what I need.' And so he stays away. Inconsistent Christians keep some young men away from church service. * *

"Probably the majority of men who do not go to church stay away because they do not feel the need of going. Ask one of them to go to church and he will tell you he doesn't care to go. You ask him why and the chances are he will ask you why you do not go to Kamtschatka. You go he is no more interested in church than you are in that outlandish place. And yet his interest can be aroused. * *

Home-training is to a considerable degree responsible for the absence of young men from our churches. Too often in the home churchgoing is held up as a duty merely and not as a privilege. And so strictly is the duty enforced, as a duty, that the more restless become irksome and with his fled independence the young man casts off the burden. * * *

"Not only does the young man fail to feel the need of going to church, but he also fails to see the importance of it. He may be willing to admit that the existence of churches is a good thing, and, consequently, that those who go to them need support; that they are doing good, but he does not realize that the churchgoers are only an aggregate of individual church-goers and that if each one were as indifferent as he there would be no congregations and no churches.

"Another reason why he does not feel the need of going to church is that he is incompetent to judge correctly of the relative value of things temporal and things eternal. He does not comprehend how infinitely more valuable the spiritual life is than the physical. He does not perceive that he is starving himself when the greater. It is this warped judgment that leads him to say that he works hard all the week and must repair the physical loss by ministering to the body on Sunday. * * *

"Most non-church-goers, I imagine, are included in the class which we might call 'the indifferent.' For some reason they do not feel the need of going to church; they do not understand the meaning of it, they do not realize its importance and its privilege; they do not care. What shall we do for them? Ah! that is the hard question. But the power that wrought in Saul until he became Paul can change them, too. 'Not by might nor by power, but by my spirit, saith the Lord of Hosts.' And here I think the pulpit of to-day can help solve the problem. A great many of *these* different men do go to meetings held by evangelists. Change our ministers' tears to sermons from this text: 'Ye must be born again.' The average evangelist is not more eloquent, more talented, more faithful than our devoted pastors. There is usually little in the man to attract. It is not the man. It is the message that attracts. Substitute for the man go to hear Moody, for instance, because he has but one subject to present: Jesus and Him crucified. And so with others; *they hold before men the Saviour of men,* and Him only. Men like that kind of preaching. And when from our pulpit is preached the simple Gospel men will substitute for it. Let us have in the pulpits more about Jesus and His shed blood, and we shall have more young men in the pews.

Grand Literary

AND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT

Monday Evening, June 24th,

AT REFORM HALL,

for the benefit of the WASHINGTONVILLE CHAPEL FUND.

Among the many artists that will appear are Mr. J. Warren Stringer, of New York, Soloist; Mr. Stringer, the Base Soloist of the Orpheus Society of Newark; Mr. Minor Topliff, Tenor Soloist of Grace, St. Mary's, Mrs. R. Dr. VanDegrift, of New York; and Mrs. H. Lyon, and the Crescent Quartette Club, of Plainfield.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 35c. Tickets on sale at the drug stores of Field & Randolph, and R. J. Shaw. 20-2

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

JERSEY DOCTORS' CONVENTION.

A Lively Closing Session.—Officers Sworn In.

ASBURY PARK, June 21st.—The New Jersey doctors concluded their convention at the Coleman House yesterday afternoon. Their closing session was principally devoted to the reading of papers on various subjects which subsequently were discussed. Dr. W. U. Balcom, of Rahway, read a paper on "The advantages and disadvantages of intubation of the larynx in lieu of tracheotomy." He advocated the newer treatment, intubation. Among his reasons for preference was that the relatives of a patient often do not permit tracheotomy until it is too late, while they would not object to intubation early in the disease. He gave statistics to show that intubation already boasted as large a percentage of success as tracheotomy. His views were combated vigorously. Dr. J. D. Osborne, of Newark, argued for the use of calomel. He said that whether physicians abused it or advocated it they allused it, and that in the new temple of medicine erected by science and research calomel would be one of the corner-stones. In the discussion which followed some agreed with him and others did not. Dr. Cole, of Newark, was particularly emphatic in denouncing calomel.

Dr. C. F. J. Leibbach, as chairman of the committee on "the propriety of establishing State Board Examiners", reported adversely. After some discussion which tended to become acrimonious, the report was accepted.

The final proceeding was the election of the officers of the year, which was done on a unique principle. Dr. Taylor ceased to be President and Dr. Watson, of Jersey City, the first Vice President took his place. Dr. James S. Green, of Elizabeth, second Vice President, and Dr. E. J. Marsh, of Paterson, were each moved up a peg. and Dr. G. T. Welch, of Keyport, was elected the new third Vice-President. The following officers remained in their old places: Corresponding Secretary; Dr. Wm. Elmer, jr., Trenton; Recording Secretary, Dr. Wm. Pierson, of Orange; Treasurer, Dr. W. W. L. Phillips, of Trenton. Standing Committee—Dr. J. T. Smith, Bridgeton; Dr. D. C. English, New Brunswick, and Dr. J. R. Ryerson, of Boonton.

A Wealthy Brewer Dead.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 21st.—Arnold Parmon, a wealthy brewer of East New Brunswick, died suddenly of apoplexy this morning. He leaves a widow and three children.

Priests Do Him Homage.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 21st.—The funeral of the late Father Mariano was held *here this morning. Priests from all over the* State attended.

—A canary bird escaped from its cage on West Second street this morning and caused considerable excitement in the neighborhood. It was finally captured.

—A man had his nose crushed by a coal wagon on Park avenue last evening and had to be taken home in a hack. He was gallantly assisted by Policeman Lynch.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North Avenues

N. B.—Exclusive Home for Plainfield. 5-11-3m

SPECIAL,

Friday and Saturday.

Gentlemen's

4-Ply Linen Cuffs, 13c

actually worth 25c.

4-Ply Linen Collars, 8c

real value, 15c. All good styles, and lowest prices ever heard of for these goods, at

H. A. POPE'S,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you *on your trip to the*

Seaside or Mountain

We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 25c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c. up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

—THE— Empire Electric Construction AND SUPPLY COMPANY. 120 B'way, N. Y. Electric Bells, Annunciators, Burglar Alarms, Electric Gas Lighting, Telephones, Electric Call Bells, Speaking Tubes, Electric Clocks, Electric Watchmen's Time Detectors, Electric Door Openers, Electric Motors, Electric Fans, Electric Medical Batteries, Electric Supplies for Every Purpose.

Plainfield office, 20 North avenue. Represented by F. S. Dunn.

BEGINNING ITS THIRD CENTURY.

The 200th Anniversary of the Shiloh Baptists.

The two hundredth anniversary of the Shiloh Baptist church was celebrated yesterday at the quaint and ancient village, two and a half miles east of New Brunswick. There was a large attendance of Baptist clergymen from New York, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, Middletown, Cornwall, Bound Brook, Morristown, Plainfield, New Market and elsewhere. The choir of the Shiloh avenue Baptist church of Brooklyn conducted the singing. The history of the church was presented by the Rev. J. F. Brown, pastor from 1886 to 1888.

Shiloh was formerly Piscataway, which was founded in 1692. A band of wandering Baptists who had been tortured and insulted in New Hampshire reached the spot where Shiloh now stands, in 1689. In 1695 they built a log church 30 by 30 feet, which has been remodeled into the present cozy structure.

The Baptists organized their church in 1689 with six members. The Rev. John Drake was the first pastor, having charge from 1689 to 1702. The church was organized by the Philadelphia Association in 1707. The Baptist churches at New Brunswick, Perth Amboy and other places in Middlesex county, besides the First Baptist of Plainfield, are offshoots of Shiloh's ancient church.

Among those from Plainfield taking part in the celebration were the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes and Mr. O. B. Leonard.

The Children's Home Treasury.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—As there seems to be a misunderstanding in regard to the balance in the "Home" treasury announced Thursday evening, June 6th, will you allow me to explain? The total balance was $1,490.97. Of this sum $1,000 were left as an endowment fund, the interest only to be used for our running expenses, which now average about *two hundred dollars a month.* We have now a family of eighteen. We are in daily expectation of the two orphans from Johnstown and have this week admitted three motherless children from Plainfield. Our family limit is twenty-five. Besides this we shall have a large bill for painting the outside of the building. Under these conditions it will not require a problem to long diviner to show how far our extra balance of $480.87 will carry us in our new year of work.

For the Association,

N. E. KIMBELL, President.

PLAINFIELD, June 19th.

DR. E. KIMBELL

THE CELEBRATED

CHIROPODIST

is still at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a

Few Days Longer.

People who desire the services of a skillful CHIROPODIST would better improve the opportunity and call at once as his stay in Plainfield is limited.

Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 6 p. m.

☞ Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances. ☜

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the Park House, Plainfield, for A FEW DAYS LONGER.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.

☞ Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, aged person or child can have the worst case of corns, bunions, etc., painlessly and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 15,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he is submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

From J. S. Probasco, M. D.: I have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in foot troubles, and cheerfully recommend him to the afflicted.

J. S. PROBASCO, M. D.
24 East Front street.

From J. T. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skillful Chiropodist.

J. T. FRITTS, M. D.
28 Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face, and I cheerfully recommend him.

MRS. S. VREDENBURGH.
Plainfield, May 25.

From John A. Beadleston, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet in one treatment.

JOHN A. BEADLESTON.

I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.

MISS ALICE M. PEVLER.
20 Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cures the worst cases in ten days. Try it. All bad cases solicited.

HOTEL NETHERWOOD

NETHERWOOD, P. O. J. S. [illegible]

A magnificent brick structure with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank E. Miller.

Along the Jersey Coast.

Soft crabs are plentiful in the Manasquan river.

A proposition is on foot to build a bowling alley two hundred feet wide from Asbury Park to Farmingdale and Freehold.

Deal Beach residents have entered a vigorous protest against the running of sleeping coaches from that town to Asbury Park Sundays.

The Long Branch Commissioners have passed an ordinance prohibiting youths under fifteen years of age driving conveyances of any kind on the crowded thoroughfares during the Summer months.

William Dripps, a colored man employed at Lorillard's brick yard Freehold, and hailing from Fredericksburg, Va., was drowned near the Keyport, at the brickyard, Sunday afternoon. A lady's hat had blown into the water, and the man swam after it and was seized with cramps.

Asbury Park has three flourishing Summer newspapers—the daily editions of The Shore Press, The Journal and The Spray. The Shore Press consists of eight pages and is popular for its attractive display and enterprise. The Journal, the old reliable, gives all the news. The Spray specializes genuine poetry and spicy items at its readers, on pink paper. The Monmouth Inquirer expects each editor to retire with a fortune at the end of the season.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE MAY

We have bought the entire sample line of *Lace Caps from the manufacturer and will* sell them the same as they were bought at half value.

* * *

We sell the adjustable Window Screen, it will fit any window, at 25c each.

* * *

'Tis a fine Silk Mitt we are selling for 25c and in Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves we have the best at the lowest prices.

* * *

They have received twenty children's carriages and will sell them at half-price. They are all new goods and well made.

* * *

This is the weather we want to make Summer Underwear go and how it does go. There is a lot of Fine Gauze Vests for Vests for Ladies at 25c regular 75c quality; and for gentlemen we are selling an extra fine Balbriggan Shirt at 35c cheap at 50c.

* * *

A new broom is a good thing to have in the and we sell a good one for 12c. Send down for one of them.

* * *

The assortment of Wash Goods that we are displaying this season is the finest ever brought in Plainfield. There are Challies at 7c; Fine Crinkle Seersuckers at 7c, that are worth 10c.; Fine Dress Ginghams at 12c.; French Zephyr Ginghams at 20c., imported to sell for 25c.; and in White Goods there is an Endless Variety at our popular low prices.

* * *

The La Tosca is one of the newest and best parasols brought out this season. They are pretty and stylish and are sure to be popular. Prices from $2.00 to $3.50.

* * *

Ladies all say that they find our crockery and glass ware department one of the most interesting in the store. There are so many useful articles that every housekeeper needs and our prices are moderate.

* * *

'Tis a pleasure for us this season to show Hamburg embroideries. There is an endless variety and prices were never lower. Special bargains in Swiss flouncings.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Peace. 19-19tf

Fresh Garden Seeds,

Garden Tools,

RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,

Cutlery, etc.

N. H. & J. J. HEIDELOFF,

13 Somerset street,

VERY TART AND POPULAR:

ORANGE,
LEMON,
RASPBERRY and
CHERRY PHOSPHATES.

Frosted Cream Soda,

the summer of the season. Cold Root Beer, unexcelled. Milk Shakes, very nutritious. Obtainable at the City Pharmacy.

Field & Randolph

PROPRIETORS,

32 WEST FRONT STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IN PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

In reference to the death of Dr. Cronin, The Westlicke Post (German) says it is much easier to kill an Irishman than to catch one. German papers throughout the country generally comment unpleasantly on what they declare to be the fact, that the authorities are far less energetic in pursuing the murderers of Dr. Cronin than they were in hunting down the Chicago Anarchists.

The Charm of Manner.

A London paper sneeringly lays down a set of rules to govern a person who makes it the aim of life to be fascinating. One of the rules is that the person shall always be watchful and attentive to others, in things small and great, and shall always endeavor to give pleasure to others.

Really, now, is there anything so very bad about this that it deserves a sneer? Is it not rather the plain duty of a civilized human being to be courteous to his fellow man, and as far as in him lies to scatter joy and happiness around him at all times?

This it is that forms the foundation stone of all really fascinating manners. Emerson says: "I have seen manners which gave the like impression with personal beauty, and, in memorable experiences, made that superfluous and ugly."

Indeed, there is no charm like that of manner—courteous, kindly, high bred ways. Beneath this magic plain face and dress vanish like clouds in sunshine. There is no witchery, no beauty like it. Best of all, this charm of manner which gives "sweet peace in life" and joy to all around, can be acquired by the poorest and the lowliest. It gilds alike the beggar and the prince. It is the true secret, and the whole secret of personal magnetism to let sweet good will to all the world fill your heart and flow outward. This power of fascination arises simply from the sincere desire to be helpful to others and the willingness to put one's self out to do so.

A Dime Novel Hero.

There was recently arrested on suspicion in Boston a man with probably the most remarkable criminal record of any man now living. His name is Chauncey Johnson. He is nearly 70 years old.

To look at him, Johnson has the face and head of a great financier. He has the shrewd, keen eye and long, sharp nose of acquisitiveness. A little change in the shuffle of the cards and he would have been a millionaire bank president or railroad director. As it is, he is the champion bank thief of the world, now loitering on his last legs, too old and decrepit to steal any more except in a very small way.

He began his flashy career of crime as a cracker of safes and bank burglar. Early in his course, before his hand had become skillful in the robbing profession, he was arrested and sent to the penitentiary twice—five years each term.

After leaving prison the second time he decided to change from burglar to bank sneak thief. He would watch a cashier's window till the official's eye was turned away a moment; then, like a flash of lightning, he would insert a long, slender hooked wire in through the screen and claw out bank bills. He secured thousands of dollars in this way.

John Gilbert at Rest.

BOSTON, June 21.—The funeral of the late John G. Gilbert, the veteran actor, took place yesterday afternoon from the Church of the Unity, this city. The Rev. Minot J. Savage conducted the services, which were brief and simple. A large number of relatives and friends of the deceased were present, the latter including Joseph Jefferson, Harry McClintock, George Wilson and many well known ladies and gentlemen of the theatrical profession. The pall bearers were Col. Lemuel Gulld, Col. Samuel Hatch, Joseph Proctor, Dr. Gustavus S. Watson and Col. W. W. Clapp. The interment was at Forest Hill cemetery.

A Schooner Believed to Be Lost.

CHARLEVOIX, Mich., June 21.—The Maggie Avery left Traverse City Saturday night laden with bricks for this port, and has not since been heard from. Capt. H. G. Edwards and Mate John Tooley, both of this place, were on board. A diligent search has been made for her, and it is believed that she sank during the gale of Saturday night with all on board.

Suicided Because She Was Fat.

ELKHART, Ind., June 21.—Nettie Culbara, aged 18, a domestic here, committed suicide by taking morphine Wednesday night and died several hours later. She was badly afflicted with kidney disease and had frequently threatened suicide. She arranged for the funeral.

Sentenced for Life at Sixteen.

GALENA, Ills., June 21.—Jonathan S. Keene, the 16-year-old murderer of Professor H. T. Matchett, was arraigned before Judge Scott this morning. He pleaded guilty, and he was sentenced to the penitentiary at Chester for life. He received his sentence with marked composure.

Gen. Sherman Was Present.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Gen. W. T. Sherman and a number of other distinguished men were present last night at the commencement exercises of the College of the City of New York at the Metropolitan Opera House. The graduating class supplied themselves very prodigally.

An Assumed Name.

ELMIRA, N. Y., June 21.—Professor Burchmoyer, the aeronaut, made a balloon ascension at the fair grounds yesterday, and during it a balloon was released to descend gradually. He was thrown heavily against a fence and had his right leg broken.

RHODE ISLAND WET TOO.

The Prohibition Amendment Repealed

BY ALMOST TWENTY THOUSAND.

Five Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty-nine More Votes Than the Three-fifths Vote Required—An Overwhelming Protest for the Prohibition Forces.

PROVIDENCE, June 21.—The total vote in yesterday's election in this state was 28,440 for repeal of the prohibitory amendment, and 9,952 against repeal. The amendment is therefore repealed by 5,469 more than the required three-fifths of the total vote.

The Vote of 1886.

The amendment was adopted in 1886 by a vote of 15,113 to 9,230.

The Vote at Providence.

Yesterday's vote in this city was 11,919 for repeal, 5,040 against repeal.

Pawtucket voted 2,057 for and 710 against repeal.

The official announcement of the vote will be made sometime between July 15, when the official count must be completed, and July 30.

A Feature of the Election.

The election was quiet and created no excitement in the city streets. At midnight a salute of fifty guns was fired in observance of the repeal.

Rock County but One for Repeal.

Every county in the state save one, Washington, gave a majority in favor of the repeal. In the county, Providence, the vote for repeal was four to one. The work which was done in the towns by Gen. Brayton's men staggered his opponents, some of the towns piling up repeal votes by more than one or two ballots of that nature were expected to be found in the box. There was not a dollar used by the repeal men for buying votes, the work they put in up their minds that the fight should be won or lost on its merits. If the fifth amendment could not be repealed without bribery, then it would not be repealed. The determination and an adherence to it lost many votes for the repeal which might otherwise have been obtained. The young fellows stood about the polling places all day waiting to be "segared up" and refusing to vote until they saw the color of the liquor dealers' money. Failing to be bought they did not vote at all. This is the first time in many years that an election has been carried on and a victory won without money influence and direct and open bribery, and it puzzles the Prohibitionists, who were so confident that the state was to be flooded with corruption money that they made up a pool of $5,000, which, it was publicly announced, would be given to those who would report and secure the conviction of bribers. Not a dollar of the reward has been called for.

The Prohibitionists Disappointed.

The Prohibitionists are so badly used up that they say they will abide by the will of the people as expressed in this election, and will not agitate another crusade for prohibition. They are, however, unanimously of the whatever form of license the saloon men may ask for—high or low—they will not oppose them or tender any advice to the legislators or the managers of the Republican party. The present laws regulating the sale of intoxicants will stand as statutory provisions until a special session of the legislature can be convened, when a license law will be enacted.

SIMON CAMERON PARALYZED.

The Venerable Pennsylvanian in a Critical Condition.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 21.—Gen. Simon Cameron was stricken yesterday with paralysis of the right side and is in a critical condition.

Wayne McVeagh, Mrs. McVeagh and Mrs. Baldwin, his daughter, are with him at his home in Donegal Springs.

Gen. Cameron is 90 years of age, having been born in Pennsylvania in 1799. He edited a Democratic paper in Harrisburg in early life, and was subsequently a bank and railroad president. He served in the United States senate from 1845 to 1849, and again, as a Republican, from 1857 to 1861.

On March 4, 1861, he was appointed secretary of war by President Lincoln. He resigned on Jan. 14, 1862, to take the Russian mission, which he held until the following November. He was again elected to the senate in 1866 and 1873.

His son, J. Donald Cameron, was appointed secretary of war by President Grant in 1876.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Brief Notes of Interest Carefully Condensed for Busy Readers.

The Lehigh university at Bethlehem, Pa., held its twenty-third annual commencement exercises to-day. Six young men graduated with degrees and eight post graduates had degrees conferred upon them.

Lawrence Lorillar, a ping tobacco manufacturer, of Richmond, Va., has made an assignment with liabilities of $47,000 and no assets stated.

Professor E. Benjamin Andrews, of Cornell university, formerly of Brown and a Brown alumnus, has been unanimously elected president of Brown university, vice Dr. E. G. Robinson, resigned.

The tugboat Isabella E. Wilber, owned by the Erie Valley railroad, was damaged to the extent of $6,000 by fire while lying at her dock in Weehawken Monday.

The race for the St. James palace stakes of 100 sovereigns each with 1000 added was won by Florizel, with Ben Brunette second and Swift third.

Kent & Co.'s woolen mill at Janesville, Mass., was damaged to the extent of $20,000 by fire Thursday. Insurance, $12,000.

The twenty-seventh commencement of the Pennsylvania Military academy took place Thursday at Chester, Pa. A large number of distinguished guests were present. The cadet's competitive drill and the usual exercises of the college were very finely conducted.

Dominick McCaffrey has been appointed a special agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad company to fill the vacancy caused by Capt. Kilrain fight near New Orleans, July 8, at special rates.

The Baptist church at Stelton, N. J., the third oldest in the United States, celebrated its 200th anniversary Thursday, visitors being present from all parts of the state and from other states.

Jack Poole, the ex-convict, who shot and wounded Tom Burns and attempted to shoot a policeman on June 9 at New York, was found guilty Thursday of assault in the second degree. Burns refused to testify against Poole, so that the verdict had to be a light one. Burns' motive was to keep Poole out of prison so that he could "do him up" himself, but this attempt failed.

Alvin Clark, of West Mystic, Conn., shot and killed a 14-year-old girl named Littlefield. Clark was 40 and loved the girl, but had been jilted by her.

The potato midge, an insect, is doing great damage to the wheat in Indiana.

John R. Warriner, president of the Agricultural National and the Berkshire County Savings banks, of Pittsfield, Mass., and director in several financial institutions, is dead, aged 62.

Max Schamberg, the Austrian consul, of Pittsburg, has been knighted by Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria. The consul has also received 20,000 gulden from Emperor Joseph, with instructions to expend it in aid of the suffering Hungarians and other Austrian subjects who suffered by the Johnstown flood. There was a colony of 300 Huns at Johnstown, and about 100 of them perished. The German colony at South Johnstown was almost completely wiped out.

Andrew Grimes, the murderer of Mate John Martin, has been hanged at May's Landing, N. J.

Daniel Foley, Patrick Digens and two other men were pushing a car on the Buffalo Creek railroad tracks at Buffalo by the grain elevator, Thursday, when a train in the rear was by a string of twenty cars being pushed the same way. The four men tried to get out of the way, but Foley and Digens were caught and killed to death.

A Belfast, N. Y., special states that the body of Martin A. Laux, the attorney who was drowned at that place last Tuesday, while bathing in the river with Sullivan and Muldoon, has been recovered. The Erie County fair association will attend the funeral in a body.

The president has recognized Marie Eugene Joseph Vicaire as consul in charge of the vice consulate of France at Boston.

The navy department has been informed that the cruiser Baltimore will be ready for her official trial trip about July 9 at Philadelphia.

The comptroller of the currency has authorized the Schuster-Hax National bank, of St. Joseph, Mo., to commence business with a capital of $50,000.

SPORTING EVENTS.

LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 x—1
Batteries: Morris and Carroll, Madden and Kelly.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Batteries: Bakely and Snyder, Welch and Ewing.

At Indianapolis—
Washington.....1 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0—4
Indianapolis.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Batteries: Getzein and Daley, Keefe and Mack.

At Chicago—
Chicago.....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Philadelphia.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Batteries: Buffinton and Clements, Gunther and Darling.

ASSOCIATION.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 4 1—6
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Lovett and Reynolds, Foreman and Quinn.

At Philadelphia—
Athletic.....1 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0—4
Columbus.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Worthington and Crooe, Baldwin and Burch.

At Cincinnati—
Kansas City.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0—4
Batteries: Swartwood and Donahue, Duryea and Keenan.

At Louisville—
Louisville-Baltimore game postponed; rain.

OTHER GAMES.

At Lowell—
Lowell.....3 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 2—7
Jersey City.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: German and Murphy, Landsman and Stafford.

At Worcester—
Worcester.....1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2
Newark.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
Batteries: Conway and Terrien, Miller and Sullivan.

At New Haven—
New Haven.....0 1 1 4 0 0 1 0 3—10
Hartford.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Swartwood and O'Rourke, Sullivan and Moore.

At Hartford—
Hartford.....0 0 0 1 1 3 3 0 3—11
Springfield.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Whitehead and Derby, Rooks and Murphy.

At Manchester—
Yale.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Harvard.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Boagg and Poole, Downs and Sumner.

At Hamilton—
Hamilton.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Toronto.....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Batteries: Hart and Banning, Thomas and Scott.

At Buffalo—
Buffalo.....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—3
Rochester.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
London.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: White and Tharer, Depeaster and Schaefer.

At Jamestown—
Jamestown.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Meadville.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Coleman and McKeogh, Sievers and White.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....3 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—4
Toledo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

BURKE IS IDENTIFIED.

Detective Collins Knew Him at First Glance.

COUGHLIN'S CHUM ARRESTED.

He May Know Something Important.

The Whisking Suspect Broken Down and Very Much Scared—His Extradition Practically Assured.

WINNIPEG, Man., June 21.—Officer Collins, of the Chicago detective force, has identified Burke. Steps for extradition will be taken at once.

How Burke was Arrested.

It has been learned that Calder, the agent who sold the ticket from Winnipeg to Liverpool to Burke, was the man who spotted the suspected thief and sent for Reed to arrest him. Burke, in buying the ticket, said that he wanted one which would take him all through British territory as he had some trouble in the States and did not want to risk himself south of the boundary line. This aroused Calder's suspicions and he sent for the chief of police, who shadowed Burke until he thought it to arrest him.

The train on which Dectective Collins arrived from Chicago was late. In company with Chief Hales he proceeded directly to the police station, where Burke was put into the ward where Burke is confined. The chief called the prisoner out. Collins looked at him for a moment and then said:

"Well, Burke, this is a nice place for you to be in."

"Yes, it is, John," replied Burke.

This was all the conversation that took place. The identification was complete, although Burke afterward denied that he knew Collins.

Burke's Extradition Assured.

Immediately after seeing Burke, Collins and McRae went before Judge Bain, of the court of queen's bench, and laid an information charging Burke with having, on the 4th day of May, 1889, feloniously, wilfully, and with malice aforethought, killed and murdered Patrick D. Cronin in Chicago.

A warrant was then sworn out for Burke's arrest.

The prisoner was then taken from the police station and placed in the provincial jail in the custody of the government. Extra precautions have been taken to guard him. Burke will come up for trial under the extradition act before Judge Bain. E. H. Howell, an eminent lawyer, has been retained by the authorities to conduct the prosecution. The case will likely be adjourned to give time to bring witnesses here from Chicago. Detective Collins says that Martenson and Gavin will be sent for at once. It is believed that the authorities here will not put any obstacle in the way of the Chicago officers, but will be inclined to assist them.

Judge Bain, before whom Burke will be brought, is the head technical of Manitoba judges, and unless the case of the prosecution utterly breaks down Burke's extradition is a certainty. Burke seems to be disturbed in the least by the identification of the prisoner. He says that he expected Burke would be recognized by Collins, as he was the only detective who knew him. He did not know Collins as a detective. Counsel also says that his client never denied that he was Martin Burke. He has nothing to fear and the recognition of Burke so far as Collins is concerned; but he will fight "those other Chicago fellows" to the bitter end. He did not specify who the other fellows were.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The special grand jury resumed its investigation into the Cronin case at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. There is no truth in the report that the jury pitched pan app-ared before the coroner's jury and it is evident their investigation will be a thorough one. Several witnesses have been recalled four or five times. Books from the Chicago National bank were carried into the jury room, it is supposed for the purpose of further examining Alexander Sullivan's account.

The work of taking depositions to accompany the extradition papers for the man Burke are being pressed as rapidly as possible, and it is thought will be completed to-night.

Coughlin's Companion Arrested.

A grocery clerk, named Kuhn, who was ex-janitor of Coughlin's saloon, and who left with him at Peoria where Coughlin made threats against Dr. Cronin, has been arrested by detectives. The police do not think Kuhn was a participant in the murder, but think he might be able to tell more about the evidence than anybody now knows, on account of his intimate association with Coughlin for such a long period of time.

Cronin Feared for His Life in 1883.

A portion of the afternoon session of the grand jury was occupied in the taking of testimony which had to do with the fears that Dr. Cronin had stated to intimate friends that his life was in danger, and that it was plotting happened to him. Timothy Creed, should he be murdered. Timothy is dead. Likewise buried. For years a stocky chap has adorned his mound. Should the Winnipeg suspect, was present at its declination, and knew by means of a photograph taken on the spot that he was identified as the prisoner, Burke, William by the same officers that the warrant for his arrest was sworn out. Burke was also identified in New York, and was the old man wanted.

Burke Broken Down and Scared.

Burke is broken down and very much scared that through a fat boy and other articles found in his valise, Burke was identified at 9 p. m. as the man wanted in Chicago. He was at once informed of the fact by Detective Collins, the police station, in the presence of the police station, in the presence of the regular police rig, a warrant for his arrest on the charge of murder being sworn out before Judge Bain. Burke was then informed of the facts would warrant the prisoner's extradition, and he was remanded. He is terribly broken down and scared, and it is believed he will not fight extradition, but will confess before he returns to the States.

Inspector Sullivan May "Squeal."

Rumors are current that Inspector Sullivan is on the way to Winnipeg. Up to late yesterday afternoon he made no move, but it should be removed to the boys' quarters of the city, an order to that effect has been issued. It was granted. The jail officials believe that this move is preparatory to a "squeal," and that the prisoner will unbosom himself before many hours.

A Valuable Fish.

OMAHA, June 21.—Fish Commissioner Clark, during an farm near Elgin, was shot and instantly killed by a man named Nick Foley Thursday night. Foley had been paying attentions to Miss Hogan, a sister of Mrs. Clark, and she had refused him. On anything to do with him. Shortly after the family had retired Foley climbed up to the bedroom of Mrs. Clark and shot her through the head. Mrs. Clark's father and several others with whom at Mr. Clark's shot Mike Riggs, who came into the room. He then took a horse from the stable and escaped. A party of men is after him.

THE JOHNSTOWN STRIKE.

The Fourteenth Day's Session in Excitable Johnstown.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 21.—The disconsolated workmen were paid off yesterday and gotten rid of. A few of them are still in the mills, but they will be turned out to-day or to-morrow. The Fourteenth regiment was in readiness all day to suppress any demonstration that might occur, and guards were multiplied in the vicinity of the mills, but the day passed away without much excitement, however, and no overt acts attempted. The contractors claim that the food has been abundant and of the best quality, and that the commissary at Pittsburg had not arrived in time. Rest-orations has been ordered to reduce six forces so as to not exceed 450 men, so the advance of the strikers will not embarrass the contractors.

Joseph Trunzer, while at work on the bridge gorge last evening, noticed three men picking and loading fence lumber around two several times and ordered them off. Finally one of them lunged at him with a knife, but missed. Trunzer fell on the man with a hatchet. At this juncture one of the men jumped toward Trunzer and fired a pistol at him, the ball flying past Trunzer's head, scaring the train preparing to shoot, Trunzer charged the shooter with the hatchet and knocked down as he laid him out in front of himself and started after the man with the revolver. He kept up the chase for a mile or two, but the fleet footed fellow, finally losing heavy he dropped him. Again the fellow fired and missed. The chase continued clear down the Conemaugh to Cambria City, where Trunzer fell in with a friend and into a dark room where Trunzer attacked him with a hammer and dealt him two blows on the head, almost crushing his skull. The fellow was then arrested, together with his two companions, and after a hearing committed to jail at Ebensburg. This affair has been the most exciting event in Johnstown since here. It was witnessed by a large crowd.

The Cambria iron company has offered to furnish all the sites that may be claimed, either in Cambria City, Conemaugh, the mills, or on the slope north of Cambria City, for the erection of the new Chicago houses that will begin to arrive soon. The authorities of Johnstown say they will not grant privileges. The Cambria company says not a cent will be charged for the first year and a very low ground rent thereafter.

Fourteen bodies were taken out of the bridge gorge yesterday.

WHERE DID IT GO?

Mysterious Disappearance of a Nashville Mail Pouch.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 21.—All the mail that left the Nashville postoffice for the south on the night of May 7 has disappeared. The fact has been withheld by the postoffice officials that the investigation in plot may be hampered. For two days a government inspector or detective has been in this city, but as has proceeded so quietly that his presence has been known to only attaches of the department. The mail for south-ern points as far as New Orleans was arranged as usual, put in a pouch, locked up, and delivered at the depot by the postoffice mail carrier in a wagon which carries mail to the depot. The pouch was locked up in this wagon, which drove off toward the depot, and that is the last heard of it.

The loss of the pouch was detected in two or three days and to this way.

On May 9 the postmasters for whom receipts were due from Postmaster Dorsey for remittances of May 6 wrote that their vouchers had not arrived. The banks at Franklin, Tennessee, and Decatur, Alabama, notified the failure to get checks, drafts, etc. Proof that the entire mail from Nashville to the south had disappeared rapidly accumulated, and Dr. Dorsey, the postmaster, was notified. It is stated, that the mail pouch had been delivered at the door of the postoffice as usual to the driver of the contractor's wagon. The mail bags that left the postoffice that day have received the postage stated that they had never seen anything of it. The pouch, it was then reasoned, had disappeared after leaving the postoffice. It was to find out that question Dr. Dorsey on May 13, notified the department at Washington. Nothing further was heard in this connection until, as stated, Dr. Dorsey's visit to Washington last Tuesday to hunt the affair down.

It is impossible now to learn how much money was in the mail. It was destined for a large and important territory, and the presumption is that the pouch contained much valuable matter.

Gen. Stannard's Monument Dedicated.

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 21.—The city is filled with visitors to-day, thousands of distinguished citizens to attend the dedication of the Gen. Stannard monument. The morning was devoted to reunions of the Second, Fifth and Ninth Vermont regiments. The afternoon programme opened with the grand parade to Lake View cemetery. The monument was unveiled by Adj. T. S. Peck and presented by Gen. Veazey, president of the trustees. The acceptance was by Col. George W. Hooker. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the column returned to the city hall where the oration by Col. W. G. Veazey, of Rutland, was delivered.

The American Cup.

LONDON, June 21.—Lord Dunraven, the owner of the yacht Valkyrie, said yesterday in an interview that he felt confident the Valkyrie could sail around the Vigilant in the same time. He said Mr. Kerr, his brother owner, would not receive sail in the Valkyrie in the race. He believed his yacht would be materially handicapped by the withdrawal of Kerr's boat. Had the Volunteer would probably have had an advantage. They would not sail a contest. Mr. Kerr's yacht Queen was to leave Liverpool yesterday, and will arrive early that year in the Clyde. She will then sail for New York.

Quarreling Over Bishop's Property.

NEW YORK, June 21.—In the surrogate's court yesterday Mrs. Bishop and Mrs. Hall Haines applied for letters of administration upon the estate, and a counter application to be made by the widow. Decision was reserved. The estate of Bishop Haines is valued at $95 a widow in New York, though he is in Minnesota, and that the rest in Real Colleges on Bishop's property in that state. Bishop Haines married Bishop Bishop's widow from his first wife prevented his marrying again according to New York laws.

No Strike Yet on the United States.

BOSTON, June 21.—The officials of the Fitchburg railroad stand firmly that no strike is going on on their road. They say that the men on Cousins says that the intention of the Union Pacific to bring the men on the three roads into a conference with the officials of the Fitchburg road to-day to settle the matter of a grievance complained of by General Manager Bancroft. The reason the matter left in the hands of the men was that the officials of the road were out of the city.

Death of Secretary Noble.

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—Secretary of the Interior John C. Noble died at his residence in this city at 6:20 o'clock this morning. He had been suffering from a severe attack of bronchial pneumonia, which developed into typhoid fever. He was a son of Hon. Noble, of Brookville, Ind., and was born in that place in 1831. He was graduated from Hanover college, Indiana, in 1850, and studied law in the office of Hon. Caleb B. Smith, of Indianapolis, who was secretary of the interior during the first administration of President Lincoln. He was admitted to the bar in 1853, and practiced his profession in Indianapolis until 1861, when he was appointed by President Lincoln to the office of United States marshal for the district of Indiana. He held this office for four years, and then resumed the practice of his profession in Indianapolis. He was appointed by President Harrison secretary of the interior, and was confirmed by the senate March 5, 1889. He was married in 1853 to Miss Mary Hendricks, a sister of Governor Hendricks, who died in 1885. He leaves a widow and one son, Noble, who is a lawyer in Indianapolis.

SIX CONSULS APPOINTED.

Oliver Simons Transferred to Hong Kong.

RICE RETURNED TO LEGHORN.

Brief Biographies of the Men Preferred. Other News of Interest from the Capital of These United States—Death of Gen. Myers.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The president has made the following consular appointments:

Oliver H. Simons, Colorado, consul to Hong Kong; William Minkin, Ohio, consul to Chefoo, Ohio; William T. Rice, Massachusetts, consul to Leghorn; Lyall T. Adams, New York, consul to Horgen, Switzerland; Henry W. Diederich, Indiana, consul to Nuremberg; Roland J. Hamnick, Pennsylvania, consul to Geneva.

Oliver H. Simons was last week nominated for St. Petersburg. He is transferred to Hong Kong with his own consent.

William Monahan, of New Lisbon, O., is the present chairman of the Republican state committee, was a soldier during the war and has held several state offices of importance.

William T. Rice was consul at Leghorn from 1880 to 1885. He is now sent back to his old post at Leghorn.

Lyall T. Adams was appointed to Geneva, March 3, 1875, and is now transferred to Horgen.

Henry W. Diederich is a resident of Fort Wayne; is a native born citizen of German descent. He is president of the Concordia Lutheran college, a man of many attainments and a ripe scholar. He is well known politically.

Roland J. Hamnick is a prominent business man of Pittsburg and is recommended by a majority of the leading business men of that city.

Pensions Ex-Federal Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Civil service rule No. 10, as modified by President Harrison, excludes federal soldiers eligible for reinstatement in the classification service, without regard to the time of their dismissal. The rule before its modification limited the time in which ex-Federal soldiers could be reinstated to one year from the date of their discharge. This effect of the modification of the rule will be far reaching and radical in its effects. The soldiers now in the service with its 3,500 clerks and the force of postoffice inspectors have recently been brought within the scope of the civil service rules.

Superintendent Bell of the railway mail service, says the modification of rule 10 will make eligible for reinstatement in that service alone from 300 to 500 employes who were removed during the past few years. Of postoffice inspectors some fifteen or twenty men, who were discharged during the past few years, are now eligible, and will be reinstated. The original scope of the contract executive departments in the classified service, perhaps 300 clerks who have been dismissed during the past few years are now made eligible for reinstatement.

Death of Gen. Myers.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Died at his residence, No. 1,402 K street, in this city, at 6:20 yesterday morning, Gen. A. C. Myers, late quartermaster general of the Confederate army. He was a native of South Carolina, was appointed at West Point in 1825, and joined the Fourth United States infantry until November, 1836, when he was promoted to a captaincy in the quartermaster department. He served in the Seminole war in Florida and in the Mexican war, being brevetted major in the latter for gallantry in the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma. He resigned from the army June 30, 1847, for gallant conduct at Cherubusco. Gen. Myers married the daughter of Gen. David E. Twiggs, a soldier of the war of 1812, who was also a major general in

MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

A Trip in a Horse Car Brings About Important Developments.

In returning from a trip down town the other week I left my shopping bag in the car, and when I mentioned the fact to Mr. Bowser and asked him to call at the street railway office and get it, he replied:

"No, ma'am; I won't. Anybody careless enough to leave an article of value in a street car deserves to lose it. Besides, you did not take the number of the car, and they would only laugh at me at the office."

"Do you take the number of every street car you ride in?" I asked.

"Certainly. Every sensible person does. Day before yesterday I came up in No. 70. I went back in No. 44. I came up to supper in No. 66. Yesterday I made my trips in Nos. 61, 61 and 33. Today in Nos. 33, 77 and 15. The street railways contract to carry passengers—not to act as guardians for children and imbeciles."

"Mr. Bowser, other people have lost articles on the street cars."

"Yes—other women. You never heard of a man losing anything."

I let the matter drop there, knowing that time would sooner or later bring my revenge. It came sooner than I expected. Mr. Bowser took his dress coat down to a tailor to get a couple of new buttons sewed on, and as he returned without it, I observed:

"You are always finding fault with the general conduct of my dressmaker. Your tailor doesn't seem to be in any particular hurry."

"How?"

"Why, you were to bring that coat back with you."

"That coat! Thunder!"

Mr. Bowser turned pale and sprang out of his chair.

"Didn't lose it going down, did you?"

"I believe I—I"—

"You left it on the street car when you came up?"

"Yes."

"Mr. Bowser, anybody careless enough to leave an article of value in a street car deserves to lose it. However, you took the number of the car, I presume?"

"N-no!"

"You didn't! That shows what sort of a person you are. Yesterday when I went down after baby's shoes I took car No. 112. When I returned I took car 26. When I went over to mother's I took car 34. The conductor had red hair. One horse was brown and the other black. The driver had a cast in his left eye. There were four women and five men in the car. We passed two loads of ashes, one of dirt and an ice cream wagon. The conductor wore No. 8 shoes, and was near sighted. The street railways contract to carry passengers, Mr. Bowser, not to act as guardians for nephews and children."

"But I'll get it at the office to-morrow," he slowly replied.

"Perhaps, but it is doubtful. As you can't remember the number of the car they will laugh at the idea, and perhaps take you for an impostor."

He glared at me like a caged animal and made no reply, and I confess that I almost hoped he would never recover the coat. He did, however, after a couple of days, and as he brought it home he looked at me with great importance and said:

"There is the difference, Mrs. Bowser. Had you lost anything on the car it would have been lost forever. The street railway people are sending out messengers to find me and restore my property."—Detroit Free Press.

Applying It Gently.

Kind Lady—Here's a pair of trousers my son wore at college. You can have them.

Tramp (coldly)—Madam, I'm only a tramp, but I have some consideration for the conventialities enough to—

Kind Lady—Oh, I meant nothing of the kind. I merely want to accuse the people from their window if I should happen to pass through a village at night.—Life.

Wanted to Go Faster.

"I was reading in a paper yesterday," he said as he halted a citizen in front of the soldiers' monument, "what a duck could fly ninety miles an hour. Do you believe it possible?"

"That is rather a strange question to ask me, sir!" replied the citizen, with considerable cold storage in his voice.

"Yes, I know, but I want to find out. There are conflicting views. I have to leave my home in a hurry, and if a duck can make this gait, and there is no patent on it, I'm going to catch on. Perhaps you never tried to outrun a fast train, sir?"—Detroit Free Press.

A Thoughtful Friend.

"Who was that you bowed to on the car?" she asked of her friend as they stood in a store down on Woodward avenue.

"That's Kelly."

"How sweetly she looked at him!"

"Yes, we love each other dearly. When her father died and proved to be only dead and she had thoughtful enough to count the carriages and tell her there were forty-seven."—Detroit Free Press.

Mathematical.

Professor R.—Mr. Addlepate, I notice that you invariably add up your columns from the bottom; may I ask the reason?

Mr. A. (the possessor of time, professor. In the ordinary way you add from the top, and then, as a proof, add again from the bottom. Now, by my method the addition and proof are accomplished at one operation.—Columbia Spectator.

At a Venture.

A medical journal asked: "When should people eat?" There is no prescribing to this part of Gilead, but as a layman who lives upon food and sustenance, we would suggest that about three o'clock would be close to the stomach of the monster man as any hour of the day that comes to us at present.—J. Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

Plantation Proverbs.

It does' pay to do much talkin' when you're mad or glad.

'Kase de worl' can change de temper an' de heart didn't publish spoke.

Let de talkers talk an' de workers work an' dey'll be a job on Jubilee 'bout de things you didn't say.—Judge Hinton.

JOS. T. VAIL,
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J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

FINE BUTTER,
PURE TEAS, DELICIOUS COFFEE,
Fancy Groceries
and the VERY BEST Imported and Domestic
Fruits, Vegetables,
etc. Best Eggs, 15c per dozen. Choice California Prunes, 12c per lb.
ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN,
Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties,
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PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWERS,
Gasoline Stoves, Rapid Ice-Cream Freezers
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INSURANCE,
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Money to Loan on approved security.
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KEEP COOL.
1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at
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MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE
Clothing House,
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Special Sale.
Hats, Trunks, Shirts, etc., at
C. B. CRANE'S, 10 Park ave.
Greatest bargains ever offered in this town

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10 days only.
A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of 25 cts worth.
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No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

R. A. ROSS,
No. 21 Somerset street, North Plainfield, interior carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds,
and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closet Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near corner Second.
P. O. Box 1202. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

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Fire Insurance,
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TUNIS J. CAREY
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All Kinds of Second-Hand
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including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced, by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors. Box 1396.

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ORIGINAL
HOME DRINK!
For Sale by Druggists, and Leading Grocers and Jobbers.

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81 & 83 Somerset St.,
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I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, ROBIN, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is very popular. Also HAY, STRAW and FEED at the best prices. FRUIT LOW. A full line of HECKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

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LUMBER
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At ALLEN'S,
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You can find a large line
EASTER GOODS
in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc
21 EAST FRONT STREET.

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successors to Terrill & Cole
UNDERTAKERS AND
FURNITURE DEALERS
No. 20 East Front street, Plainfield
H. N. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole
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GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
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I WISH TO INFORM
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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
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PIANO-MAKER,
Prices Reduced, to meet present scarcity. Best materials. Improved Action. Common Lumber Prices. Sold on $1 a week payments. Do you want your Piano and Organ tuned or repaired? Give me a call. Do you wish to buy or rent? Call and see what I can do for you. JOS. BATTERS Piano House, 23 East Front street.

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Window Screens
and
Door Screens
fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At
20 SOMERSET STREET.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
Latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Gimps, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Prices low. Special attention to Feathers, Feather Bleaching and Trimming. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

THE BEES AND
the people swarm to
Howell, the Grocer
for the correct thing in
FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,
CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES.
PRUNES, VEGETABLES, ETC.,
NORTH AVENUE, opposite Depot.
Telephone Call 30.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Cor. Front and Somerset streets, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 1241

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Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Rose and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1244. Agent for Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1244.

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WILLIAM G. S. REID,
Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 108 East Front street, Plainfield.

R. ANDREW SPRING-PLAINFIELD
and dress shields and proprietress of Lindsey's, No. 26 West Front street. New Mrs. Lindsey—Shields on sale at Lindsey's.

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CLARKE & REMER,
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F. A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Rooms 29 Court House, Somerset street, Plainfield, N. J. Office over Post Office, Plainfield, N. J.

O. [illegible]

BENJ. F. MOORE
(late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and Dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.,
Corner
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
Plainfield, N. J.
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Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

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at
24 North Avenue,
NEW FANCY CAKE BAKERY.
French and AMERICAN
ICE CREAM and WATER ICES
Catering in all its branches.
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NEWSPORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD.
Try the Dunnwick Teas. Recommended by Fowler, Tolland and Adams, Merrill & Conklin.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:36, 4:46, 5:40, 6:40, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:01 a. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 1:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Sundays, 1:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:36, 6:40, 6:59, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:01 night. Sundays, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Leave Newark at 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sundays, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7:10, 8:04, 9:10, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 1:40, 3:40, 5:40, 6:40, 8:40, 10:40 p. m. Sundays, 9:10 a. m., 4:40, 8:40 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6:10, 7:40, 8:40, 10:10, 11:10 a. m., 1:10, 3:10, 5:10, 7:10, 9:10 p. m. Sundays, 8:40 a. m., 4:10, 8:10 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7:10, 9:04, 10:10, 11:40 a. m., 1:40, 3:40, 5:40, 6:40, 8:40, 10:40 p. m. Sunday at 9:10 a. m., 4:40, 8:40 p. m. Leave Easton at 6:10, 7:40, 8:40, 10:10, 11:10 a. m., 1:10, 3:10, 5:10, 7:10, 9:10 p. m. Sundays, 8:40 a. m., 4:10, 8:10 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5:00 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mount Carmel, Williamsport and Renovo. 6:40 a. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 7:30 a. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 8:30 a. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 9:30 a. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 10:30 a. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 11:30 a. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 12:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 1:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 2:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 3:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 4:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 5:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 6:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 7:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 8:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 9:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 10:30 p. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. 11:30 p

THE WORLD'S PROGRESS.

THE LARGEST DRAWBRIDGE IN THE WORLD AT NEW LONDON.

A Flying Machine Which the Inventor Believes Will Work All Sorts of Aerial Wonders—Reopening an Unused Iron Mine.

About the middle of the present century, when the first great triumphs of engineering skill which mark the age took place in America, they attracted great attention. But today cheaper and more frequent bridges, practices are conceded by steam, the Atlantic is crossed in six days, and people are ceased to wonder. They scarcely ask, "What next?" but accept each new work as a matter of course.

For years there has been talk of a route via the "Shore Line" railroad between Boston and New York have looked forward while on the road to an agreeable change at the crossing of the Thames river at New London, Conn., where trains have been put on a ferry-boat and floated across. A bridge is about being finished at this crossing, and the "Groton ferry" will soon be a thing of the past. What matters it to say that the "draw" of this bridge is the largest in the world? The expectant American public will look for a larger one somewhere else almost before the "largest" is in operation.

THE NEW LONDON BRIDGE.

The crossing is placed about half a mile above the ferry, the new line making a detour on the New London shore and leaving the land at Winthrop's Point. The Thames river is a tidal estuary about fourteen miles long. New London being situated at its mouth. The United States government has a naval station above the bridge, and that there should be no obstruction in the way of passing vessels made a requirement that there must be an immense draw. There are two openings; one at each side of the pillar on which the draw rests, of 225 feet, making a draw 502 feet long. This bridge may be swung around in a complete circle, following the motion of the passing vessel and thus saving time. This is the usual plan of draw bridges at lake cities, like Chicago and Milwaukee. The machinery for moving the draw is placed in the central pier, below the bridge span. An engine moves the span on a turn table of steel.

Where the bridge is located the distance from shore to shore is 1,800 feet. The channel is from 40 to 60 feet deep, and hard bottom is only found 130 feet below the water surface. An open caisson was sunk into a dredged hole 15 feet below the natural bottom, and in this piling was driven down to hard bottom. Upon the piling an open top caisson was sunk. The masonry for the piers was laid on the bottom of the caisson while it floated, and the weight gradually sank it until it reached the piling. The masonry was then carried up to the requisite height. The superstructure is of steel. The bridge

REOPENING THE TILLY FOSTER MINE.

completed will be one of the most imposing in America. There is about it something of the appearance of the suspension bridge which arises from the curves of its super structure.

The ability of engineers of the present day to remove earth as well as to bore is illustrated in the reopening of the Tilley Foster mine, about fifty miles from New York on the New York and Harlem railroad. The ore contained in the mine is very valuable, and has been largely used in the production of Bessemer pig, but owing to an overlying stratum there was great difficulty in mining. In order to support the roof, large pillars of the ore had to be left in position. Consequently much of the ore was lost to the mine. Operations were tried, but found little to be gained. All other methods failed, and it was last determined to remove the upper strata and expose the ore.

The work was commenced two years ago, in June, 1887, and has since been steadily pushed forward. Up to March, 1889, 350,000 cubic yards of material were taken out. There is now a great hole 400 feet long, 600 feet wide and 170 feet deep. Of the material removed there have been 16,000 cubic yards of rock in which ore was mined, but this is small compared with what must follow. In there are still 300,000 cubic yards of rock to

THE LATEST FLYING MACHINE.

be excavated to secure a million tons of ore. The excavation of this rock costs $1.15 for each cubic yard. The material is removed by means of a series of wire cables stretched across the pit, which lower empty car bodies into the pit and bring them up full and place them on trucks. The hoisting material used is 7/8 inch rock. The illustration of the work is from The Scientific American.

If the solution of problems of transportation by land or sea, of methods of driving into the earth when bore solved, one great division in mechanics is still the vast unknown. It has always been. We are practically no nearer navigating the air than we have been for a century or more. But the ingenuity of the inventor shows itself as conspicuously in this field as in the others. Every year one or more new contrivances with which to fly appear, some of them very ingenious, and some of them are very ingenious. But thus far none have solved the problem. How mocking must be a little sparrow to one of these inventors, which flies from a fence post, turning its tiny head aside, looks pretty at the contented gazing glued to the earth, stoops for the support of a crumb between bullseye, and then sits up to the crumb and eats. Can there be anything more tantalizing? For many years men have watched the simple mechanism of the bird and endeavored to imitate it, but thus far in vain.

Now comes Mr. Herman A. J. Blechert, of New York, with still another patent. The main feature of his machine is a balloon made in three compartments. The lower one is held in a framework, over which is the second, and on side is the third, which is exposed to the action of the wind, and with its wings attached to the framework. There is the usual boiler and engine, but in this instance motive power for operating side wings and central wings. The steering device is located in the front of the basket. It consists of a vertical vane, mounted in the wind and a disk wing pivoted on the vertical wing, ropes extending into the basket for operating the wings.

A section wheel is mounted above the basket and at its rear, the power being transmitted through a friction wheel. In the basket are wheels mounted, to be acted on by cranks and treadles after the bicycle fashion.

The different compartments of the balloon are covered with silk, and a water proof top compartment is made to shift into different positions according to direction and strength of wind.

The mechanism it all its various features can hardly be understood except with the aid of a model in operation. Like all other machines of the kind, there are a number of connections and lots of machinism too detailed to specify in a brief article.

THE LATE LEONARD SWETT.

A Brilliant Lawyer Who Was a Friend of Lincoln.

Leonard Swett, the eloquent lawyer, recently deceased, was not a very old man, and yet he had to a certain extent outlived his fame, which was at its maximum some twenty-five years ago. Alexander Hamilton once said, with something like a sigh, that no fame was so evanescent as that of a great jury lawyer, and though Mr. Swett was undoubtedly the most successful jury lawyer of this era, his fame so far as it is lasting will rest upon his early and efficient support of Abraham Lincoln and his splendid services in delicate management during the war. He made the speech in which he put in nomination Abraham Lincoln in nomination, and twenty-eight years later in the same city did the same service for Judge Walter Q. Gresham.

In the anti-slavery contest he was a great power in Illinois, his speeches from 1839 to 1860 being very numerous and wonderfully effective. In 1858 he was elected to the legislature by a majority greater than that of the

LEONARD SWETT.

regular Republican ticket, this being the only office he ever held. He then engaged earnestly in the work of securing the nomination of Lincoln—writing to public men and organizing other workers. It is can be said of any one man it may be said that Leonard Swett made Abraham Lincoln president. He declined to take office under the administration, though the Peruvian mission and other places of honor were offered him, but he remained in Washington through most of the war, and was frequently consulted and employed in delicate and confidential missions. He went so Missouri with discretionary powers to remove Gen. Fremont and reorganize the department, and did the work with rare skill and diplomacy. At the close of the war he located in Chicago, where he became the successful lawyer, taking comparatively little share in politics.

Leonard Swett was born Aug. 11, 1825, on a farm in Oxford county, Me., worked hard in his youth and gained a liberal English education by study in the winters. Emigrating to the west at majority, he enlisted as a private for the Mexican war and returned, as having made no part of any further military work. This fixed his residence at Bloomington, in that state, where he entered on the practice of law on the same circuit with Abraham Lincoln, Stephen T. Logan, U. F. Linder, Edward D. Baker and others who have made that circuit immortal. Judge David Davis long presided over that circuit. In 1854 he married Miss Laura E. Quigg, and they had one child, Leonard Herbert Swett, now about 30 years old. She died early in 1886, and the next year he married Miss Marie Decker, who had been his clerk in the law office for several years—a marriage which excited much Chicago comment at the time.

Mr. Swett's appearance after the war was remarkable. He defended twenty-nine men accused of murder and secured the acquittal of all but one, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for life, but afterwards pardoned. He then took charge of the Anarchists' cause after they had been removed to the supreme court, but was defeated. In civil cases he was scarcely less successful. His untiring industry in preparing his cases and his power before a jury brought this success. In person he was over six feet two inches in height and weighing, when in health, 225 to 230 pounds. His wife, son, brother and three sisters are the only near relatives who survive him.

Uses of Electricity.

It doesn't seem credible that so small a cause could produce so much a thing, but The Belfast Age says he did. According to that paper a Belfast man has a small electric battery which he put to a novel use. His wife frequently has to leave him stay at home to take care of the children. He was left the other day, and wanted to go across the street badly, but the children were too young to be left alone. So finally he set the battery going, then placing the handles in the children's hands started the current strong enough so they couldn't let go, and then went. They have been on his return. The beauty of this story probably is in the electrical current of imagination that runs through it.

The Yacht Valkyrie.

It is now a question as to whether there will be any race for the America cup this year at all; but most people will be interested in the accompanying cut of the yacht Valkyrie from a photograph taken during one of the English races which was built by Earl

THE VALKYRIE.

Dunraven for the express purpose of carrying the cup back to England. She is a graceful craft.

GREAT DISPLAY AT PARIS.

AS A SHOW MERELY IT IS THE GREATEST ON EARTH.

The Useful Not Well Represented Too—The Curious and the Beautiful Abundant. The Home Life and Work of All Races to All Ages Well Portrayed.

The American workman, to whom the passage money is an unattainable fortune, is invited to see the Paris exposition by proxy and at a trifling individual expense.

This is substantially the proposition of Mr. Edward W. Bertjon, who proposes to have for Paris on the 24th of July with forty representative and genuine workingmen, each chosen by the associations of the trade he represents, and these forty are not only to see the exposition, but to investigate the condition of European laborers from the south of France to the north of Scotland and make a full report. It is easy to see that many valuable suggestions will be gained, even as Americans learned to do many things better by seeing how the foreigners did them at the Philadelphia exposition of 1876. Only practical workmen will be taken, such a master in his own craft, and as such would naturally take most interest in the foreigners in his own lines, the variety of opinions returned would be amusing as well as instructive.

In the meantime an army of reporters are giving all readers a view by proxy, and as they are on the ground before more than half the visitors get there and while the exhibit is incomplete their views are accordingly and contradictory enough. Each one naturally writes of that feature most interesting to him, and so we get the impression that the exposition is an odd jumble of sur-

"RESTAURANT PREHISTORIQUE."

cesses and failures. It is agreed at the start that the "grand opening" by President Carnot was little more than a farce. Even the French soldiers in ranks on that occasion could not repress their smiles and mutters. M. Sadi-Carnot is far from being an imposing figure. His duty on that historic date and awaiting the arrival of royalty, resembled to personify a grand idea—and he couldn't. His progress was on a plan all his own—to strike a medium between gorgeous royal or imperial equipage and plain republican simplicity; it therefore combined the absurdities of both and was ten fold more ridiculous than either.

The point that impresses every one is the immense size of the affair. Warned by the crowded condition in 1867 and in again in 1878, the managers of 1889 have had in mind of a symmetrical inclosure, and so the boundaries wind in and out on both sides of the Seine, and the extension of the exposition, so to speak, stretch into quiet quarters of a long ways from the Champ de Mars, and strangers ignorant of the city often leave the grounds and go along a street which they suppose is leading them directly from it, only to come square upon another section of it. There is a vast amount of walking to do, and delicate mothers who can afford it hire themselves wheeled about in regular invalids' chairs.

There are three miles of outdoor walks protected by awnings, and many more not protected. The portals take in the whole Quai d'Orsay and a large section of the left bank of the Seine, all the bridge of Jena and all the Trocadero

SENEGAL SOLDIER.

EXTENDS on the other side of the Seine, besides the Champ de Mars, Ecole Militaire, Esplanade des Invalides and other grounds and open spaces. Indeed, one has to study the map carefully, in connection with the descriptions, to see where the show ends and Paris begins. The spectacular part of the exposition is already a great success. All the structures representing all styles of human dwellings of all times, from the cave and brush and bark hut to the palace, are in good forward state. "Restaurants of all ages" are comically complete.

On these last the Parisian satirists have turned themselves loose, though the correspondents indicate that their willful caricatures scarcely surpass the facts. L'Illustration, the illustrated paper, gives a series of views from the ice hut full and rounded to "history" (that of Adam and Eve) down to the wild Indian dining at the Vienna cafe. In the "Prehistoric Restaurant" the waiter is dressed to represent the original man of the "Stone Age," and the Parisian exquisites who dine in the cave consider him a "howling success." The mammoth ten of champagnes, which required twelve men to draw it into the grounds, is always surrounded by a curious crowd, and the choice Epernay flows in an almost continuous stream for the thirsty and curious.

Similarly the local costumes of various nations and races are wonderfully well represented. In the Algerian department of a Kabyle girl spinning in the same primitive fashion the Orientals have kept up for 4,000 years, and by her the ear Arab boy in the same costume, and surrounded by young Islamites, one for perusal at the feet of the spinning Kabyle. The women of Senegambia weave in native primitive, the wild Australasians are at their boomerangs, and the Turks fabricate many delicate specimens of leather and wool, a few Americans are there to exhibit the inventions and many other people the subtlety of their artistic genius. And the music and dancing of nearly all nations is equally well represented in various pavilions.

In machinery, however, the exposition is as yet a poor affair, and the French made almost a failure of their part of it. The electric light and the Eiffel tower may put up by an American, and the working of the grand fountain display was finally intrusted to an Englishman. The gathering of soldiers from the semi-civilized world is unique and wonderfully varied, the French, of course, having most interest in and giving to the world the best collection of their motley army possible, or which is to be found in any country. Even the American exhibit is interesting, the Indians from Dakota reservations, with their blankets and woolly hair, and the Cheyennes

ALGERIAN EXHIBIT.

All reports agree that as a display the exposition is simply wonderful—greatest show on earth—and a polyglot and unrivaled colonial segregation," as the bills say, but in the line of the useful—well, the right men have not got there yet.

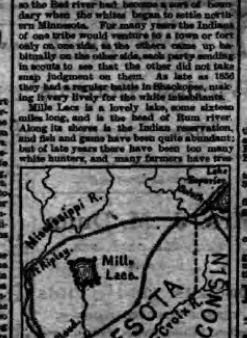
THE CHIPPEWAS.

Something About the Indians Who Have Broken Out in Minnesota.

The Chippewas have "broke out," which is almost as much of a surprise to Minnesota as the "cyclone" which struck the Quakers would be in Pennsylvania. The Chippewas have been peaceable so long that many people would have forgotten their existence but for the manner they entertained the peaceful Prince Lake Erie to Winnipeg; but the late affair at Mille Lacs was only a drunken spree, and but one man was killed.

There was a time when these Indians, more properly called Ojibbeways, were the terror of the northwest, and in their long wars with the Sioux they had a roll of scalps equal to a toast of Homer, sending with the great Pahyah Goonah, the red Napoleon of the northwest. The two tribes have been at war from at least the time of the discovery of our runnoth not to the contrary. The Chippewas very generally victorious in the timbered region, but the Sioux prevailed on the prairie, and as the Red river half or 1,000 miles of intermediary when the whites began to settle northern Minnesota. For many years the Indians of one tribe would venture to a town or fort only on one side of the river, and would habitually on the other side, each party sending in scouts to see that the other did not take camp judgment on them. As late as 1850 they had a regular battle in Shakopee, making it very lively for the white inhabitants.

Mille Lacs is a lovely lake, some sixteen miles long, and is the head of Rum river. Along its shores is the Indian reservation, and fish and game have been quite abundant; but of late years there have been too many white hunters, and many farmers have wo-



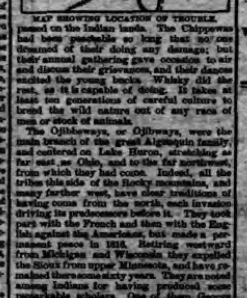
MAP SHOWING LOCATION OF TROUBLE.

passed on the Indian lands. The Chippewas had very reasonable so long that no one dreamed of their doing any damage; but their annual gathering gave occasion to air and discuss their grievances, and their dances excited the young bucks. Whether all this, as it is capable of doing, it takes at least ten generations of careful culture to breed the wild nature out of any race of men. A stock of patience.

The Ojibbeways, or Ojibways, were the main branch of the great Algonquin family, and centered on Lake Huron, stretching as far east as Ohio, and to the far northwest, from which they had come. Indeed, all the tribes this side of the Rocky mountains, and many farther west, have clear traditions of having come from the north, each invasion driving its predecessors before it. They took part with the French and then with the English against the Americans, but came to a permanent peace in 1815. Retiring westward from Michigan and Wisconsin they expelled the Sioux from upper Minnesota, and have remained there many years. They are naturally among Indians for living problems, some remarkable scholars. One of them, George Copway, wrote the traditional history of his people in English with much ability, and Peter Jones, in a letter of ability. They have a written language, newspaper, and many books. The mission-aries speak very highly of them in their letters; many of them are well-to-do farmers, and so it may safely be concluded that they will be no general uprising.

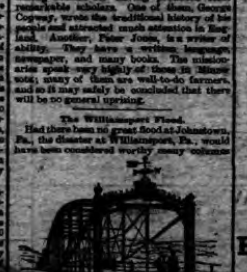
The Williamsport Flood.

Had there been no great flood at Johnstown, Pa., that of Williamsport, Pa., would have been considered worthy many volumes



WASHED AWAY BRIDGE, WILLIAMSPORT.

daily in the newspapers of the country for some little time. But in the shadow of the loss of life by the thousand at the first named place, the loss of between thirty and forty by the carrying away of the Market street bridge at the latter was quite swallowed up



SITE OF THE SUNKEN SCHOOL.

The new street here show the hopeful bridge and the sunken

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Conducts his business on correct principles; hence his store was crowded while the street and sidewalk before it were deserted. Why? Because he gives the people what they want, pleasant and warm as wheat at the LOWEST PRICES. This is "our motto."

NOW THEN! in order to give you a "send off" during advent, and show you that we mean work, we have decided to offer you a few of the many bargains we have in store for you.

SILK AND WOOL UMBRELLAS, gold tipped handles, for rain or sun, to fetch at $1.25; 36 at $1.50; 50 inch at $1.98. They will wear better than all silk and look just as well.

One lot of Ladies Cashmere Vests for 25 cts. Very fine at 37 cts. Wool Corsets, handsomely braided at $1.00 and 87c. One 50c Ladies' Black Hose for 39c. One 25c Ladies' Black Ribbed Hose for 15c. Children's Black Hose, 5 to 9 1/2 inches for 10 cts. Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, 3 pairs for 25 cts. Ladies' Fine Gauze Vests, 25 cts. Ladies' Black Wrap Handkerchiefs at 87, $1.00, $1.50 and $1.75. Men's Yelling for Vests at $1, $1.15 and $1.50.

SPECIALS ON CARPETS! Lining given to free with carpets bought in June 1889. Curtains, Portiers, etc.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St Edsall's.

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT, 1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICES, and in STYLE the most attractive ever shown in this city. Particular attention, we have purchased a LARGE ASSORTMENT. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1870.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages.

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,

ALL QUALITIES,

ALL PRICES,

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET

HAVE YOU SEEN

the fine line of "CHALON" Dress Ginghams which we are now selling at 12 1-2c? these good are EQUAL to Scotch Ginghams and are recognized as the BEST and most popular Dress Fabrics in the market. Dress Lawns! A good one for 4c, a better one for 7c and the best 4-4 Bolton and Percales at 12 1-2c.

BOYS' WAISTS! A good Cambric waist for 25c and 35c. Fine plaited Flannel Waists, elb to $1.25. CHILDREN'S LACE CAPS! A pretty one for 10c. Fine Embroidered Caps, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 upward.

PARASOLS! Where you should see them! We have them in black from 85c up to the finest silk at $2.97. In stripes and plain Satins we have all shades at $1 and upward. A bar gain in Black Satin-lined Parasols at $3, $3.49 and $3.97.

FANS! A neat little Fan for 3c and 7c; Fine Feather Fans, the rich to $1.

In our Millinery Department the assortment of Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., is complete.

Now come down to MOORE BOTTOM on CARPETS! We can show you a good Ingrain at 20c; and extra heavy Ingrains 30c, 40c and 50c. All Wool Carpets, 50c, 60c and 75c. Fine homemade Rag Carpets, 35c, 40c and 45c. Fancy Mattings, 12 1-2c upward. An inspection of all reasonable goods will satisfy you that our prices are as low as the lowest.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

The Fidelity and Casualty Co

Nos. 214 and 216 Broadway, N. Y.

CAPITAL, $250,000.00. Assets $774,550.21

James BURRITT BONDS guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in positions of trust, such as Cashiers, Clerks, Tellers, Bookkeepers, Messengers, Collectors, Conductors, etc.

Issues ACCIDENT POLICIES covering disability and accident Insured.

Also Plate Glass and Boiler Policies of approved forms.

OFFICERS:

WM. M. RICHARDS, President. GEO. F. SEWARD, Vice-President.
ROB'T. J. HILLAS, Secretary. JOHN V. VAIL, EDWARD C. MULFORD

AGENTS FOR PLAINFIELD Opp. Railroad Station.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Summer Furniture.

We keep up a full stock in all lines and sell the best goods at the Lowest Prices, as we did at 27 PARK AVENUE.

WE NEED ROOM and have decided to get it by CLOSING OUT our Baby Carriages at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Only Fifteen left. This is your time to get a choice bargain. Call and see our large assortment at

GARRET Q. PACKER.

J. C. PIERSON, Jr.,

Dealer in

ALL KINDS OF HARWARE

and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

42 West Front street. Telephone 126.

QUITE ENGLISH.

A Man's Patent Leather Piccadilly Last is all the rage for street wear; we have them. Also Ladies' Patent Leather Tip Button Piccadilly Last, that is very neat.

We can show you a large assortment of Tennis Shoes, Oxford Ties, (colored and black now, or we had them made to our special order. Later on the assortment diminishes rapidly would with us, so we keep our goods moving. We live in an age of progress.

DOANE & VanARSDALE,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE.

22 West Front Street,

No. 42 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North American of Philadelphia, Phenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Mining and Milling Co., Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 23 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 209.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 900. North Plainfield, N. J.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made)

Furniture Express

31 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or surburbs in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

18 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 28 Third street, corner New Avenue. Prepared to attend funerals at all hours on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MUSIC HALL FURNITURE STORE.

1889 NEW GOODS

GIVE US A TRIAL.

POWLISON & JONES,

34 - W. FRONT ST. - 34

KENNEY

IS KORNERED AT LAST. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT CALL AND SEE. PARK AVENUE AND FRONT ST. IS HIS STAND. LADIES' HAND-TURNED SHOES IN COMMON SENSE AND OPERA TOE. ALL OTHER SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY

RICHARD H. DAY'S

City Livery Stables,

54 West Fourth street.

Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J.

Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices. Studio, 28 West Front street. Amateur framing and all painting.

PEERLESS DYES

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,

BY W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

WISDOM IS THE STRENGTH OF CHRISTLINESS.—Carlyle.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 173; days to come, 193.

—President Murray will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday evening. This service will be followed by a short meeting of the various committees of the Association. Members and committees men are especially urged to be present at both meetings.

—On account of the great rush at the City Hotel Dr. Kimbell has concluded to cancel his engagement in Trenton for a few days longer and to give all a chance to be cured. He will operate at reduced prices during the remainder of his stay in Plainfield. He will be at his rooms to-morrow from 10 a. m. till 4 p. m.

—A female canvasser recently visited Allentown and within a week sold by sample over 200 new style corsets at $2.50 each. Then she bought the corsets at a store in town for $1.30 each, filled the orders at her price and "skipped out". Some of the purchasers will be more inclined to buy of the home store after this experience.

—The Republican Democrat this week contains the following gory news: "The brutal barbed-wire fence has marked its course across the country by a trail of blood. It has stretched out its deadly, dagger-like lines and with voracious impartiality has torn, maimed and ruined horses, cattle, sheep and children. And yet, with this bloody and costly record against it, we are told that its use is increasing."

—"The Plainfield Times"—says The Somerville Democrat—"takes us to task for our remarks on the crowd who attended the game of base-ball when the Crescents played here. We would not have used such plain language had we not been provoked thereto by the remarks of The Press. Had The Press and the Plainfield crowd shown a little courtesy for their hosts on that occasion we would have treated them likewise. But after treating them all kindly while here and submitting to their insults, to have it rubbed in by The Press was more than we could stand. If the representative of The Times had been present at the game and during the evening he would have thought our remarks entirely justifiable."

—The members of the local police force express themselves tempted to utter strong bangers in reference to the remarks recently made by Councilman Moffett last evening. When the matter of liquor-law violations was under discussion Mr. Moffett inquired why the police didn't investigate the reports. Chief Carey says that he and his men are powerless to secure evidence against illicit grogshop keepers as long as the city approbriates no money for the employment of secret spies. The police are of course well-known, and they stand no chance of doing detective work. That is why we need the public peace, and they of themselves have no way of ferreting out illicit whisky-transactions.

PERSONAL.

Miss Kate Garey, of Peace street, is confined to her home with illness.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Sheldon, of Sheldonville, Mass., are visiting Mrs. John H. Wilson, of Grove street.

Mrs. Moses L. R. and J. B. Smillie, formerly of this city, where Miss Jessie was connected to singe in the First Presbyterian church, have opened "La Rosa Cottage" on Sewall avenue, two blocks from the ocean, at Asbury Park.

Miss Katie A. Mahoney, of this city, was summoned Thursday to the death-bed of her father, Patrick Mahoney, of New York, whose funeral services were held from her late home this afternoon, with interment in Calvary.

The friends of Mr. John W. Murray, of the corner of West Fifth street and Central avenue, are deeply interested in learning the gubernatorial race this Fall. That Mr. Murray is a man of great executive ability those who have watched his course as Councilman and member of the Board of Education can testify, and culminating proof is found in the fact that he has long been Vice President of one of the largest insurance companies on the globe. He is a man widely known from one end of the State to the other, and The News can give those members of the editorial fraternity who are at loss for a candidate the assurance that nowhere in the confines of New Jersey is there a better man for Governor.

Fythians Elect Officers.

At a regular convention of Perseverance Lodge, No. 74, K. of P., held last night, the following officers were elected to serve for the term ending December 31st:

Chancellor Commander.....John C. VanDyke
Vice-Chancellor.....Samuel Miller
Prelate.....H. J. Robinson
Master-at-Arms.....Edward Bates
Trustee.....W. J. Ford

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
1. Saturday	69	81	77
2. Sunday	69	81	77
3. Monday	70	84	77
4. Tuesday	70	84	77
5. Wednesday	70	84	77
6. Thursday	70	84	77
7. Friday	70	84	77
8. Saturday	70	84	77
9. Sunday	70	84	77
10. Monday	70	84	77
11. Tuesday	70	84	77
12. Wednesday	70	84	77
13. Thursday	70	84	77
14. Friday	70	84	77
15. Saturday	70	84	77
16. Sunday	70	84	77
17. Monday	70	84	77
18. Tuesday	70	84	77
19. Wednesday	70	84	77
20. Thursday	70	84	77
21. Friday	70	84	77
22. Saturday	70	84	77

A PASTOR RESISTS A CALL.

An Affectionate Letter to a Leaving Congregation.

The Rev. Wm. Mackay Smith, formerly of Haddonfield, N. J., who assumed the Rectorship of All Saints Protestant Episcopal church, of Scotch Plains, January 1st, 1889, and under whom able and judicious management the church has been constantly growing in membership and strength, recently received a call from St. John's Episcopal church of Ellenville, N. Y. The many deep and sincere expressions of regret, however, manifested by the members of the parish, have induced him to write the following letter, which he read to them last Sunday morning:

DEAR BRETHREN:—I have lately received a call to the rectorship of St. John's church, Ellenville, New York. The wide field of labor in which this call invites, and the large money salary which it offered, led me to consider it very seriously. I spoke Sunday, June 9th, at Ellenville, and visited a few families. I have come. I found there a costly and beautiful church, capable of holding about four hundred persons, and adjoining it a comfortable rectory.

Since my return I have mentioned the matter to friends and vestrymen. I have read all have given me the impression that a change at this time would prove most disastrous to the parish, and that I have been unusperous. While I do not think that the prosperity or permanence of the church of God depends on any man, or any set of men, but rather on the blessing of Almighty God, I most fully appreciate the influence which for the time being changes may produce.

It has also been intimated to me that the call which I received to this parish was for a definite period, and that therefore I could not in justice to the church and to myself leave before its termination. This was also the first intention of the Trustees. The vestry of Ellenville are willing to take pastoral charge for one year, but I would not, and did not enter on the work here under such conditions. Before my acceptance the attention of the Trustees was called to the matter. In consequence the call which you gave me was couched in such terms as to bind me for a definite time. In my view of it the call I received was for a month, a year, or a whole lifetime; or at least for as long a time as I could be satisfactory, and the best interests of the church were promoted by my ministry. Circumstances, like Providences, do not always be bonnes. We are all alike subject to the necessities of this life. We all must live. If I would continue as rector for the calling settled some faithful servant in order to make room for a more popular preacher as I have known some in the Diocese to do, still more would I condemn a clergyman who, having ample provision made for all ordinary wants, simply for the sake of a few more of salary gave up a work which he saw prospering on every hand. I can imagine circumstances under which a change might be desirable—even necessary. If pastor and people were not working in harmony, if the spirit of the Master were not there, if others saw ulterior designs in every thing and during the several years of my present position hindered the work, then not only would a change be justifiable, but praiseworthy. But if I see the work growing, if I see the Master at work, if I see those who have cherished these ideas seeing not a bad motive but a good one in my position, if I see all working in harmony, if I understand the influence which lives which we have never weighed may exert over me, if I see that I have the confidence of the people, if I see that I have the confidence of God and the prosperity of His kingdom at heart. In view of this matter, which exists in this congregation, in view of the general and increasing interest which is taken in the affairs of the church, and in view of the possible check which the work, in which I feel so deep an interest, might receive, I have, trusting in God, decided to decline the call to St. John's church, Ellenville.

Affectionately your friend and pastor,
W. MAXWELL SMILEY.

June 15th, 1889.

Plainfield's Johnstown Fund.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Your check for $61.10—proceeds of the entertainment at Music Hall last evening—is at hand.

Since the balance of $297.13—reported June 10th—I have received:

Park avenue church	$44.30
Second Baptist church	13.00
EVENING NEWS	61.10
Balance this evening	$414.73

J. E. MYERS, Treasurer.

$5 FROM THE FAR WEST.

Mr. Wm. M. Bradford, Jr., writes to THE NEWS from Three Forks, Montana, inclosing a check for $5 for the Johnstown sufferers.

THE TOTAL OVER $6,000.

Plainfield's total subscriptions have been as follows:

City fund	$1,736.45
Plainfield Evening News fund	1,926.13
Plainfield church fund	974.29
Daily Press fund	111.95
Grand Total	**$4,057.05**

Lives Insured for $200,000.

Mr. John M. Crane, of this city, who is Manager at New York for the old Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, has just closed one of the largest policies ever issued in this country, for $200,000. Of the large sum $100,000 are placed on a prominent lawyer, and $50,000 on each of his two sons. Mr. Crane's Company will carry $85,000, and the balance, or $115,000, has been placed with another company.

The Union Mutual is the Company represented in Plainfield by Mr. D. L. Limberger.

VERY TART AND POPULAR:

ORANGE,
LEMON,
RASPBERRY and
CHERRY PHOSPHATES.

Frosted Cream Soda,

the success of the season. Cold Root Beer, Ginger-ade, Miss Stelle's Delicious Chocolate, obtainable at the City Pharmacy.

Field & Randolph
PROPRIETORS,
32 WEST FRONT STREET,
Plainfield, N. J.

ALL FOR WATER-WORKS

BUT SEWERS SOW TO THE MAJORITY AND RETIRE.

Common Council Acts for Bids for the Building and Operating of a System of Public Water-Supply. — Mr. Marsh Utters Some Strong Remarks and Is Upped with an Apology. — An Interesting Session.

In the matter of providing Plainfield with a public water-works system Common Council made one step in advance last evening, and after the general specifications submitted by the Committee on Water, Printing and Stationery at the meeting of Monday, June 10th, had been revised and amended it was decided to advertise for bids for the construction of a suitable system to provide the city with pure water for fire-extinguishing and domestic purposes, the bids to be opened August 5th. The supply will probably be from Stony brook and that shall prove loud requests or unsatisfactory, when recourse will doubtless be made to the Passaic river.

The matter of sewage-disposal was altogether eliminated from the report and passed entirely out of Council's consideration.

Last night's meeting of Common Council was the twelfth of the present year. President Dumont presided, and with Councilmen Dunham, Erickson, Jenkins, Marsh, Moffett, Gallup, Newhall and Squires answered to the roll-call. Councilmen Myers and Watson were absent.

The regular order of business being suspended, the meeting became entirely informal —so much so, indeed, that at times the nature of the proceedings bordered on brevity.

This seemed to be entirely due to the speeches of Councilman Marsh, who was suffering from a cold and was inclined to be belligerent.

As at the previous meeting, he proclaimed his dissatisfaction with the report of the Water Committee. He even went further and asserted that to outsiders the report was liable to be misconstrued into an "underhand" scheme for the benefit of Committee favorites.

"Mind you"—he said—"I don't believe that there has been any of this 'arranging'; but I must say that it looks as though there had been."

These remarks remained unnoticed some time, but later in the evening Mr. Newhall, Chairman of the Water Committee, who had grown pale with anger at the insinuations, coolly inquired what it was that had made matters seem to Mr. Marsh so nicely fixed.

"I myself don't believe that the Committee have done any plotting," he said in response to "but I contend that the public are likely to think that there has been, judging from the report. Through some misunderstanding the Committee have failed to present specifications in conformity with the resolution of Council. They deal in glittering generalities which to be of any use will require the further work of Mr. Randolph Herring, the engineer who has thus far been employed. It looks as though Mr. Herring had his grip on the report and that no one else could come in unless he said so. He seems to have entire control. I repeat, I am not satisfied that there is nothing out of the way. I fear, however, that the Committee have placed themselves in a false light."

Against Mr. Marsh's words came a prompt vindication from Mr. Dumont.

"At the request of the Water Committee"—he said—"I have met with them at many of their sessions. They were authorized to expend $300 in the preparation of specifications. They found that they couldn't get them in detail for anything like that sum, so they procured the best general work that they could get for the money."

"I think"—said Mr. Newhall—"that after this last speech no one will attach any importance to the charges that have been made by myself; have nothing further to say. If Mr. Herring, however, who is present, desires to reply I think he ought to be given the floor.

In an instant Mr. Marsh was on his feet, his blood visibly surging and boiling in his face and neck.

"I expressly disclaim any attempt at offence"—he exclaimed.—"If I have said anything to offend Mr. Herring I apologize. I still maintain, though, that to outsiders the matter is open to wrong construction."

Mr. Marsh then branched back to the business of the evening, and discussion of the Committee's report was resumed.

The report, it will be remembered, presented specifications for both water and sewerage-works; and the first motion was that of Mr. Marsh, that the matter of sewerage be entirely eliminated and pass out of Council's consideration.

This motion envolved considerable speechmaking.

Mr. Dumont thought that if bids for sewerage were asked for the price of the land where it was proposed to establish the works would suddenly become embarrassingly high and Council could not afford to take the initial step. There was a way to get sewers, but it was long and tedious, and consideration of the matter ought to be postponed.

Mr. Dunham was in favor of both water and sewerage-works. In his opinion sewerage was most needed. He thought it wise, since the city couldn't have both now, to have neither, and to lay both matters on the table till they could be acted on together.

Mr. Squires was opposed to sudden wholesale sewerage in any city. It always resulted in disastrous debt. Sewerage ought to be introduced, if at all, gradually.

At the request of the Board, Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh read the various laws relating to the building of sewers. With one exception these all required the city in which the works were constructed to pay for them, by bonds or improvement certificates.

The exception was the Act of 1881, whereby contractors may be granted a franchise to construct the works and levy small assessments on the property benefited, then doing away with bonds.

"And this Act"—interposed Councilman Marsh—"was constructed that any contractor who would work under its provisions would be a fool."

Mr. Newhall and Mr. Herring then advanced facts and arguments showing that men who were far from being brainless had built the sewerage systems of Dunellen and Plainfield under an act of exactly the same nature, at which Mr. Marsh said this maybe he was partly wrong and they were only half-fools.

The outcome of all this peculiar pleasantry was that the motion to eliminate altogether the sewerage question was carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Councilmen Dumont, Gallup, Jenkins, Marsh, Moffett, Squires—6.

Nays—Councilmen Dunham, Erickson and Newhall—3.

The consideration of the water-works question exclusively was then taken up, and after prolonged discussion the specifications of the Committee were amended and referred back to them for revision; and they were authorized to advertise for engineering bids in newspapers and in the official bond papers for bids for the erection and operation of works to furnish a satisfactory water-supply from wells, from the Passaic river or from Stony brook. The bids are to be opened August 5th, and if a contract be granted work must be begun within ten days and completed within twelve months.

The principal amendment to the specifications was the insertion of the Stony brook clause. Reference to that had been omitted because the engineer's reports had shown that in dry weather the water of the stream was liable to be turbid and unsatisfactory, even if adequate, and would require an elaborate and expensive system of filtration.

Concerning the matter of procuring the water-supply from wells Mr. Herring explained that at present the subterranean flows were from northeast to southwest and that as long as the water were procured before it passed under the city it would be good. There was, however, a great danger of pumping back from beneath the city contaminated and polluted water—particularly when the city was devoid of a sewerage-system—which would result disasterously. The New Jersey Water Commission had given the subject great study and in its State divisions had assigned to Plainfield the Passaic river, from which the the city eventually would have to procure its supply. As regards the brooks, Stony was preferable to Green, and was on the way to the Passaic river, so that if the present supply were obtained from Stony brook it would be the first step toward the future. It would involve the pipe-line and transfer the pumping-station to the Passaic, three miles beyond.

ILLEGAL LIQUOR-SELLING.

Council Decline To Act on Hearsay Statements.

Council adjourned after considering two other matters—delinquent taxes and illegal liquor-selling.

The delinquent tax-warrants were made returnable July 2d, by special policeman Nash to City Judge Stillman.

Councilman Marsh said that in spite of the fact that at present there was no license in Plainfield it was reported that some twenty, thirty, forty or fifty places were selling liquor in violation of the law. He moved an appropriation of $200 for the employment of spies for the detection of the offenders. Such money has been used in the Scotch Plains case, and might prove as effacacious here.

Mr. Dumont asked why if it was surmised that liquor was being retailed the Mayor or Chief of Police did not report the matter to Council.

Mr. Marsh said that the matter had been discussed at the meetings of the Police Commissioners.

Mr. Moffett protested against taking any action on hearsay.

"If I may be crowding somebody's friends"—retorted Mr. Marsh—"but I want to see something done to prevent bottles and barrels of beer going into Plainfield bounds to be retailed."

The motion to make the appropriation was lost.

Ayes—Councilmen Dunham, Marsh, Newhall and Squires—4.

Nays—Councilmen Dumont, Erickson, Gallup, Jenkins and Moffett—5.

HOTEL
NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.

Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank E. Miller.

PROTESTANTS AND CATHOLICS

hold another great "outdoor" meeting at four o'clock to-morrow afternoon near Grove street

Bishop McNamara

will be assisted by William Miller and other converted Catholics, and will speak in English to the Gospel hymns. Catholics, Protestants, everybody, welcome.

Grand Literary
AND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT

Monday Evening, June 24th,

AT REFORM HALL,

for the benefit of the WASHINGTONVILLE CHAPEL FUND.

Among the amusing features that will appear are Mr. J. R. LaFevre, of New York, Monologist; Mr. Gurney, the Four Sisters of the Orpheus Band of Newark; the Misses Tolton, Cooper, Smith and others, of Newark; Mrs. Dr. VanDegrift, of New York; and Mrs. R. Simpson, and the Centenal Quartette Club, of Plainfield.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 35c. Tickets on sale at the drug stores of Field & Randolph and E. J. Shaw. 20-2

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Metropolitan Methodists To-Morrow.

[First Sunday after Trinity.]

THE FIRST THING FOR ACCEPTANCE OF TESTS IS TO UNLEARN HUMAN DOCTRINES AND BECOME AS A LITTLE CHILD.

—General Gordon.

The Westcott Training Class will meet in the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 9 a. m.

The Rev. W. W. Patton, D.D., of Washington, will preach in the Congregational church to-morrow morning.

Service in the Park avenue Baptist church will include preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Asa Read Dills, at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "Knowing as We Are Known".

Protestants and Catholics are invited to another outdoor meeting near the Grove street bridge at 4 p. m. Bishop McNamara will be assisted by Wm. Miller and other converted Catholics.

Services will be held in the Methodist Episcopal church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., when preaching by the Rev. M. J. Cramer, D. D., of Orange. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Epworth League at 7 p. m. in Vincent chapel.

In the Trinity Reformed church there will be preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The subject in the evening will be "The Penance of the Guilty a Benediction and Blessing". All are welcome.

Unitarian service will be held in Mr. Shepherd's music rooms on East Front street at 8 p. m. Sermon by the Rev. D. W. Morehouse, of Brooklyn. Subject: "Life As We Make It: and Life As a Possibility". A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The First Church of Christ in Plainfield will meet at Reform Hall at 10:30 a. m. By request, Mr. Cleaver will discuss the question "Is Baptism a Saving Ordinance?" At 12 m. "The Lord's Table". At 3:30 p. m. Bible-school. Social meetings Wednesday and Friday evenings.

A FAMILY FEUD.

Neighbors Throwing Hot Water at Each Other.

The families of Mrs. Gottlieb Weber and Philip Koltzler, of Dunellen, have been at war some time, and yesterday the battle ended in a temporary victory for Mrs. Weber, who had her opponent arrested. The trouble began over a garden, the neighbors living on adjoining properties, and after a war of words, Koltzler, Mrs. Weber alleges, tore up many of her flowers; then they got to throwing tomato cans at each other, the rest of the family joining in, and finally they were filled with hot water.

Mrs. Weber yesterday appeared before Justice Haytor, at New Brunswick, and had warrants issued for the arrest of Koltzler for assault and battery, malicious mischief and threats. The warrants were placed in the hands of Constable Grover, and he went to Dunellen and arrested Koltzler, who gave bail for the next grand jury.

SUMMER TOPICS.

We never carry goods from one season to another, but rather sell them at a loss, and always have new goods to show, so that buyers will find many desirable bargains for the coming week in Summer goods of all kinds.

* * *

There are French Ginghams that cost the manufacturer 18c. Beautiful goods they are, and the price is only 18c; and for Satines that sold early in the season for 20c and 25c our price now is 12 1-2c.

* * *

There are three special numbers in India Linen that were bought way below value: No. 1 at 15c, No. 2 at 18c, and No. 3 at 22c.

* * *

And then there is a line of extra-fine Plaid Nainsooks at 12c-per yard; the real value is 20c.

* * *

If you want a cool comfortable Corset for Summer-wear try the Zephyr. They are the best made, and extra-light weight. Price, 75c.

* * *

For the coming week we shall offer special bargains in full-width Scouring. We have cut the price on every piece of flouncing in the store, and if they are wanted come and see us.

* * *

We sell a genuine Mexican Grass Hammock, 14 feet long, at $1.15.

* * *

We are selling one of the best Window Screens made (fit any window); price, only 25c.

* * *

You can find all qualities and all sizes in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Gauze Underwear. Ask to see our 37c Jersey Vest.

VAN SINDEREN & WHITE'S

The Pumpkin Newspaper With Water.

The Elmora Water Board has ratified the contract with the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, owners of the Morris Canal, to furnish Elmora with water from the mountain streams of northern New Jersey. The contract soon to be ratified by the Common Council before Newark can be fully consummated to the place. It is said that the Lehigh Valley Company and the syndicate represented by John R. Herbert, which controls over a great part of the watershed, have come to an understanding by which both will profit without a thinking of ice-cools. The Lehigh Company is represented by the East Jersey Water Company in the contract, and it proposes to furnish 10,000,000 gallons for $6,000, per month, holding the necessary dams and conduits and supplying the water by gravity to the highest parts of the city.

Four out of six of the members of the Water Board voted for the acceptance of the contract. Commissioners Knibloe and Seymour were opposed to it. It is said that it will go through the Common Council smoothly.

"Some Awful Stuffing."

[From a Somerville paper.]

The Centrals, of Plainfield, came up to make the Giants wear crape, Thursday, but the table was turned. The Giants got a streak of batting and shed some awful slaughter. Rodgers was at the bat three times, and he made two home runs and a beautiful three-bagger. Then, with three men on bases, Kline made a home run and the umpire declared it a foul. Then another kick began and after a long wrangle batting was resumed, and in the only three innings having been played. Score, Centrals.....0 4 0—10
Little Giants.....3 5 8—16

The game was declared 9 to 0 in favor of the Little Giants, as the last three innings could not be played.

"They Weren't "Y's".

"A party of young ladies"—reports The Somerville Democrat—"went on a picnic to the mountain back of Plainfield Tuesday. They struck a dry spot and could not find any water to assuage their thirst, and the wind which they drank made some of them sick."

DR. E. KIMBELL

THE CELEBRATED

CHIROPODIST

is still at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a

Few Days Longer.

People who desire the services of a skillful CHIROPODIST would do well to improve the opportunity and call at once, as his stay in Plainfield is limited.

Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances.

Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for A FEW DAYS LONGER.

DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.

Ladies often make up parties of from ten to six and visit Dr. Kimbell together. The most timid lady, aged person or child can rely on him as a safe, agreeable, gentlemanly and perfectly quiet and rather soothing from the treatment.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 15,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, we beg to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

From J. S. Professor, M. D.: I have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in corns, bunions and nails, and heartily commend him to the citizens.
J. S. PROFESSOR, M. D.
40 East Front street.

From J. F. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skillful Chiropodist.
J. T. FRITTS, M. D.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed moles from my face.
MRS. B. TEWTON.
Plainfield, May 30.

From John A. Beerbower, Proprietor City Hotel: I have pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my foot in one treatment.
JOHN A. BEERBOWER.

I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL.
MISS ALICE E. FOWLER.
49 Madison avenue.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cures in two weeks or ten days. Try it.

All bad cases solicited.

COME OUT! COME OUT!

Don't be a little warm weather keep you in; our store is cool and comfortable so that even if it does rain you can step in and purchase it will be a pleasure to look at the following SPECIAL BARGAINS: Dress Chenilles in light and dark colors, at 5c. Real Grecia of all-wool Chenilles, 10c and 15c. Dress Laces, 2 1-2c; better grade, 5c. Fringe yard-wide Bandeau, 12 1-2c. Fringe Bandeau, 12 1-2c. Dress Ginghams, 5c. Dress Percales, good quality at 5c; worth 10. We still have a number of pieces of "Chalon" Dress Gingham at 12 1-2c, equal to Scotch Ginghams. Best Corkscrew Prints, 5c. Flouncings. Black and White Lace Flouncings and White Embroidered Flouncings in endless variety.

Parasols and Fans: Now is the time you need them: The best assortment of these goods in the city.

Carpets and Mattings. Good Ingrain Carpet, 25c to 40. Our specialty, 30c. In rolls, all-wool, two-ply, 60c; three-ply, extra heavy, 90c. Special in Fancy Mattings, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 20 and 25c.

We have the agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machine and keep constantly in stock all numbers of needles for the following machines: Singer, Domestic, New Home and Wilcox & Gibbs.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

N.B.—STRICTLY ONE PRICE—NO DEVIATION.

Whipped Cream Soda

a new wonder

From the Wild West

A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.

REYNOLDS'

PHARMACY, Park and North avenues

N. B.—Exclusive license for Plainfield.

SPECIAL,

Friday and Saturday.

Gentlemen's

4-Ply Linen Cuffs, 13c

actually worth 25c.

4-Ply Linen Collars, 8c

real value, 15c. All good styles, and lowest prices ever heard of for these goods, at

H. A. POPE'S,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Now is the Time

to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the

Seaside or Mountain

We have colored containing FIVE QUIRES of

GOOD LINEN PAPER

and five packages of envelopes to match which we selling for 75c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up. Enough of note-paper or envelopes for a call.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

—THE—
ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION
AND SUPPLY COMPANY,
F. T. KINSLEY, C. E. Manager,
Office, 128 Broadway, N. Y.

Electric Bells, Annunciators, Burglar Alarms and Telephones for Your Work or Supplies.

Plainfield office, 20 North avenue. Boys wanted by F. S. Dunn.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A BARGAIN in choice real estate. Three new six-room houses on Third street, near Grant avenue, well rented, for sale. This is an opportunity for a capitalist. Anyone looking for a good paying investment. Apply to F. S. Martin, No. 49 East Fifth street, or at real estate agency. 22-2t

FOR SALE.—Three new houses, Third street near Grant avenue. Two rented for $1100, price $6000; rented $1050, price $5,950. F. H. Hurd, No. 49 East Fifth street. 9

FOUND.—A bunch of fancy trustees. Call on or inquire at Sinzer Department, 52 Somerset street. 21-3t

FOR SALE.—A bay horse. Apply to L. Hevenor, No. 83 Somerset street. 6-3tdf

FURNISHED board at No. 46 Oak street, Fourth street. 20-3

FOR SALE.—300 loads of manure. P. O. Box 1100, Plainfield. 20-3

HORSE FOR SALE.—Inquire P. O. Box 260, or S. F. Randolph, Eight street near Clinton avenue. 21-3t

LOST.—A fancy hook. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 39 West Third street.

MONEY to loan on hood and mortgage. Inquire of C. V. Lindabury, 124 Second street, Elizabeth, N. J. 5-8-ot-9tf

PARTIES wishing their canning and preserving of fruits done by responsible lady address Mrs. Thomas, box 1100, Plainfield, N. J., care of EVENING NEWS. 18-tf

TO LET.—A nice 7-room cottage on Dorset street. Only three minutes walk from post-office. Rent reasonable, possession given at once. Good water, nice shade, fruit, etc. Inquire on the premises, No. 36 Dorset street. This is an unusual chance, and the first comer gets the bargain. 19-tf

WANTED.—Girl for general housework. No. 3 First place. 6-1tf

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

C. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE RATE OF A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

An international bimetallic congress will be held this summer in Paris. It will probably determine accurately how many countries are in favor of both a gold and silver standard.

A committee of physicians recently presented to the New York board of health a startling report. It is that consumption, though more slowly working, is as directly contagious as diphtheria or scarlatina. Consumption causes more deaths than any other disease. It is more prevalent in crowded tenement houses than elsewhere, partly on account of the contagion.

Princeton college for a long time fought against modifying the old fashioned college curriculum and giving more liberty in elective studies. But even this venerable institution has now yielded to the modern spirit. The committee of trustees recommend that increased opportunity for specialization be provided, so that students may anticipate their professional studies by the choice of electives.

New Process for Iron and Steel.

A revolution in the iron and steel making industry seems at hand. Mr. John W. Bookwalter has made some important improvements in a French process for preparing iron and steel. The new method is a long step in advance of even the Bessemer steel process. One great advantage is that Mr. Bookwalter's plan can be applied to the production of both iron and steel. It consists in the use of a powerful blast of air across the horizontal surface of a mass of molten iron. The metal is kept constantly in a swift rotary motion. The blast of air thus blows the impurities in the metal to the farther side of the "converter." By Mr. Bookwalter's invention can be produced at pleasure pure iron, low or high steel, and every grade of this metal used in the arts and industries.

Mexican Treaty with Japan.

Mexico has been in advance of other civilized countries in making a genuine white man's treaty with Japan. By the agreement that has been ratified between the two governments, Mexicans in Japan become subject to Japanese laws. Heretofore in China and Japan law breakers from European and American countries were tried at their own consulates by what was called extra territorial jurisdiction, and tried by their own countrymen. Mexico has abandoned this policy and acknowledged Japan as a civilized nation by meeting her on equal terms. Mexico fixes no rules or customs duties in her commerce with Japan. European nations and the United States still fix such duties and make their own trade regulations. In return for this liberality Mexicans are allowed to travel over all parts of Japan and engage in trade and large industrial enterprises. Foreigners have hitherto not been allowed to do this. Though our sister republic has been the first to take this step, it is gratifying to know that a similar treaty is in negotiation between Japan and the United States.

Irrigating Arid Lands.

The United States government is now making a survey of the arid lands of the west for irrigation purposes. The fillable public domain has been nearly all occupied, and if we are to have any more lands open to settlement, it will be in sections where the soil must be watered to make it produce.

The last congress appropriated $850,000 to continue the survey, which will include Montana, Colorado, New Mexico, Idaho, Nevada and California. With irrigation, much so called desert land has proved to be very fertile. The government work is divided into three parts, the topographical, the hydraulic and the engineering surveys.

It is expected that irrigation can be made by means of canals from the upper Missouri, the Colorado, the Rio Grande and other rivers. Where the rivers cannot be utilized reservoirs can be constructed in the mountains, whence canals will convey water to desired points. In old mining districts of California abandoned reservoirs and ditches of the former gold diggers still remain and can be utilized.

Meantime a lesson or two on the subject of irrigation can be learned from the French in Algiers. Many years ago the American citizen, John Erickson, invented a machine called the sun motor. The sun shining upon air confined in a cylinder heated it and caused it to expand. Erickson managed to regulate this expansion so as to constitute it a motive power. But Erickson was never much regarded in his own America. We had plenty of land that needed irrigation, and plenty of water that needed to be pumped, but we did not pay any attention to the gifted inventor and his sun motor.

The French, however, thought differently. They examined the sun motor and utilized it in Algiers. Today, throughout that dry country, the American's machines are raising water from artesian wells, and thirsty travelers and parched lands remember with gratitude the name of John Erickson.

YALE WON THE RACE.

The Pennsylvania University's Crew Outrowed.

THE YALE CREW'S TIME 21:50.

Pennsylvania Crosses the Line Four Lengths Ahead.

Later—Yale Won by a Length and a Half.

Details of the Exciting Contest on the Thames Course.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 22.—The eight-oared, four mile, straight-away race between the Yale and University of Pennsylvania crews was rowed last evening over the Thames river course from Gale's ferry to Winthrop's point, and was won by Yale by one length and a half. Official time: Yale, 21m 50s.; Pennsylvania, 23m. 54s.

The Water Was Rough.

A stiff breeze was blowing up the river against the crews, and over the first three miles the water was rough. The interest in the race centered almost wholly in the exhibition given by Yale as a means of judging her chances in the race of next Friday against Harvard. The comments on the result vary widely, and although the boats were kept very close together from start to finish, it was in many respects a queer race.

The Start.

The crews were late in leaving their quarters, but at 6:57 they backed up to the starting line and were at once sent away by Referee Bowen, of Harvard. Both crews caught the water together, and for two or three strokes both crews splashed water badly. Yale's shell forged about ten feet ahead, but the Pennsylvania crew soon got to it, and

American Fables.

THE DONKEY AND THE TRAVELER.

A Belated Traveler on the king's highway was made terribly Anxious at a certain spot by Fearful Sounds. He went forward very Stealthy, ready to turn and fly for his Life at any moment, but all of a sudden discovered that the Dreaded Sounds had been uttered by a Donkey.

"How have you Miserable Beast, what are you trying to get to, anyhow?" demanded the Traveler.

"Why, it is a case of Self Sacrifice," replied the Donkey. "Instead of Stealing in my stall I come out and brave the Inclement Weather to cheer the belated Traveler with my voice and let him know that Friends are near."

"You old dunderhead, but it is your voice which adds Terror to the mud and darkness! Go Hence and let up!"

Moral—The Blunders of Friends are more to be Dreaded than the Machinations of Enemies.

HERCULES AND THE WOODMAN.

It is related that Hercules was passing through a Forest one day when he came upon a Woodman who was Idle and Inquired:

"Have you assumed Wealth until you no longer have to work?"

"Nay, my friend," was the answer, "but this Log needs Moving, and I have not the Strength to Accomplish the Task."

"Oh, as to that I'll Lend you a Hand," cheerfully replied Hercules, and he seized the Log and Moved it into the Position desired.

Returning over the same course a week later, he found the same Woodman again Idle, and to His Inquiries the man Replied:

"I was Waiting for you to Return and Move another Log for me."

Moral—He who Helps the man who can Help himself does him an Injury.

THE ANT AND THE BEETLE.

One day while the Ant was rolling a grain of corn over the ground a beetle happened along and inquired:

"My Industrious Friend, why all this Labor?"

"I am Working to get this Grain of Corn into my Storehouse for the Winter. I must have a store laid by or I shall Starve."

"But how Foolish to Work so hard for it! You don't see me sweating under the collar, and yet I get along as well as most insects."

"Yes, you are all right now because it is Summer, but wait until the Winter comes on. If you are Idle now you will Perish then."

"Thanks, my dear Ant, but don't worry over the undersigned. Call on me about the middle of January."

Time passed on. The Ant Worked Industriously to lay by a Store, and as the winter came on and she was congratulating herself on her Foresight and Prudence, the Beetle came that way. He was fat and sleek and in fine spirits, and he halted to say:

"Morning, Old Economy. How goes it?"

"I have two kinds of Eatables laid by for the winter," replied the Ant, "while you"—

"While I am located in the Governor's Kitchen for the next six months, and count on no less than seven kinds of Food per day."

"But how is that?"

"Simply that I work with my mouth, while you work with your muscles. I Talk Politics, while you talk Corn."

Moral—Let's all Talk Politics.—Detroit Free Press.

No Objections to Children.

Fond Mother (accompanied by small son)—I see you take children at this hotel.

Summer Hotel Proprietor (glancing genially at many little boarders)—Oh, yes, madam, of course. How do you do, my little man?

Small Cherub—None of your business.

Fond Mother—Oh, baby, you should not speak so to the gentleman.

Cherub—I will.

Fond Mother—Since his little heart don't as know as shouldn't speak so to mamma? Say, "I'm very well," to the nice gentleman.

Cherub—I won't.

Fond Mother—Mercy! Don't throw your ball that way. You'll break a window. Children are so innocent and joyful that—

Proprietor—I beg your pardon, madam: I said we took children, and we do, but it is my duty to warn you that we have measles and whooping cough, and chicken pox, and scarlet fever, and smallpox in the hotel, and five children have something that looks like Asiatic cholera. Thank Fate, she's gone.—New York Weekly.

A Fine Eye for Business.

"Doctor, how did you come to rent an office away off here? This isn't much of a neighborhood for your profession, is it?" "Is it? I should shudder and groan. That building right over there, say is a cooking school, there's a women's restaurant on the next corner, and the big lawn on the back lot is a boys' gymnasium. I've advertised for a partner already."—Budgets in Brooklyn Eagle.

Had One.

"Have you any particular object in looking around here?" asked the contractor of a new building of an idler who was in the way.

"Yes, sir," was the prompt reply.

"Well, what is it?"

"I want to dodge my creditors, and they will never think of looking for me where there is any work going on."—Detroit Free Press.

Cause and Effect.

Enamored Youth—Your father seems worried about something to-night, Sweet Girl—Yes, poor pa has so many business cares.

Little Brother—That ain't it. He's mad because the big dog he bought didn't come.—New York Weekly.

No Danger Below.

Confectionery and Ice Cream Man—We'll lose ten of our best customers next week.

Assistant—We will? Are they going to Oklahoma?

"No, they're going to get married."—New York Weekly.

Not but to Part Forever.

"He went right by without noticing us. I thought you knew him. Haven't you ever met?"

"Oh, yes; the last time he borrowed $10 of me, and we haven't really met since."—Boston Herald.

Labor-Saving Proposition.

"Well, Johnny, I shall forgive you this time; and it's very good of you to write a letter to say you're sorry." "Yes, ma; don't tear it up, please." "Why, Johnny?" "Because it will do for next time."—Christian Nation.

A Jungle Query.

Monk—I say, Jocko, catch me for his benefit Weasley who his pater fat—Puck.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station, Baltimore St. From 10 Times.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging.

P. O Box 320

LARSON HOUSE,

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Wm. A. Woodruff

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE,

Money to Loan on approved securities. Front Street, and Park Avenue

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only,

A Fine $50 SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

WEARERS OF THE Burt & Packard

IT CONFORMS TO SHAPE OF FOOT.

If you want the Greatest Comfort you ever had in a Shoe, the Greatest Ease you ever had in a Shoe, the Greatest Wear you ever had in a Shoe, the Greatest Style you ever had in a Shoe, the Greatest Value you ever had in a Shoe, Don't spoil your feet by wearing cheap shoes. The Burt & Packard Shoe costs no more than any other first-class shoe.

All styles in Button, Lace and Congress. Sold by leading dealers throughout the country. Ask your dealer for them and take no substitute. If he cannot supply you, send to the factory for catalogue to Burt & Packard & Field, Brockton, Mass. Send to Boone & Van Arsdale, 22 W. Front St., Plainfield, N. J.

No Chemicals.

W. BAKER & Co.'s

Breakfast Cocoa

Is Absolutely Pure, and it is Soluble.

To increase the solubility of the purchased cocoa, various expedients are employed, most of them being based upon the action of some alkali, potash, soda or ammonia. Cocoa which has been prepared by one of these chemical processes, can usually be recognized at once by the distinct alkaline reaction of the infusion in water.

W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa is manufactured from the first steps to the last by perfect mechanical processes, no chemical being used in its preparation. By one of the most ingenious of these mechanical processes the greatest degree of fineness is secured without the sacrifice of the attractive and beautiful red color which is characteristic of an absolutely pure and natural cocoa.

It is delicious, nutritious, and will not cause dyspepsia.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

CARPETINGS.

W. & J. SLOANE

Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the

Spring Trade.

BROCATELLES, from $1.25 per yd. upward.
BODY BRUSSELS from 90c per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY, from 50c per yd. upward.
INGRAINS, from 40c per yd. upward.

Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

FRENCH CHINA MATTINGS $8 per roll, 40 yards and upwards.

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No. 11 Bonnell street, North Plainfield; informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished on all drawings.

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Carpenter and Builder,

Back of the Clinton avenue new depot, Mount. P. O. Box 1206. Additional room to store lumber gives me ability to fill all kinds of work.

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Carpenter and Builder,

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REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

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CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

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I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced, by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICKSET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

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KNAPP'S ROOT BEER EXTRACT

IS THE ORIGINAL

Old and well established. Has a reputation of its kind. Made under sanitary conditions. Full directions for making a delicious, wholesome beverage.

HOME DRINK!

For the people! Pints and Quarts. Price 25c. and 50c. Sold by druggists and grocers.

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PLANING MILL

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H. K. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole.

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FURNITURE AND PIANOS EXPRESS

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PIANO-MAKER,

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Window Screens

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fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At

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Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Frames, Gallons, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dyeing and fashionable Bleaching, Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

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(the people swarm to

Howell, the Grocer

for the correct thing in

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,

NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot.

Telephone Call 39.

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Practical Mason and Builder,

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39 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., after 6 p. m. 4-5-1y

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Veterinary Surgeon, No. 39 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 24. Residence 109 West Front street.

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Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 180 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y

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CHAS. A. MARSH,

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F. A. DUNHAM,

Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, No. 17 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone call 31.

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Plainfield, N. J.

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Catering in all its branches.

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Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Hams. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 13th, 1888:

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:26, 6:45, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m., 12:40 night.

Leave New York at 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:26, 6:00, 6:40, 7:20, 8:00, 8:40, 9:20, 10:00, 10:40, 11:20 a. m., 12:00, 12:40, 1:20, 2:00, 2:40, 3:20, 4:00, 4:40, 5:20, 6:00, 6:40, 7:20, 8:00, 8:40, 9:20, 10:00, 10:40, 11:20 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:00 night.

Leave Newark at 5:30, 6:10, 6:50, 7:30, 8:10, 8:50, 9:30, 10:10, 10:50, 11:30 a. m., 12:10, 12:50, 1:30, 2:10, 2:50, 3:30, 4:10, 4:50, 5:30, 6:10, 6:50, 7:30, 8:10, 8:50, 9:30, 10:10, 10:50, 11:30 p. m., 12:10 night. Sunday, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30 noon, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:15, 8:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5:15, 8:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

[illegible] For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 8:00 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 10:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.

For Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Erie, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 2:00 p. m.

For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Bristol, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Cape May, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 4:30 p. m.

For Flemington, High Bridge, Lambertville, Trenton, Bristol, Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Cape May, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 8:00 p. m. Sunday, 4:30 p. m. Reading and Harrisburg, On Sundays at 6:55 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.!

Leave Plainfield at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Trenton at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Bordentown at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Tuckerton at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Long Branch at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Ocean Grove at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Asbury Park at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Bordentown at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Tuckerton at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Long Branch at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Ocean Grove at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For Asbury Park at 3:26, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30 p. m. Sunday, 10:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Bordentown at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Tuckerton at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Long Branch at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Ocean Grove at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Asbury Park at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Bordentown at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Tuckerton at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Long Branch at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Ocean Grove at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

For Asbury Park at 3:26, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:00, 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30, 9:30 p. m.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:00 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 6:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:30, 9:30, 11:45 a. m.; 2:30, 5:30 p. m.

DOMESTIC, EASTERN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—2:30 p. m., and 6:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

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Arrive at 9:30 a. m. Office open from 9:30 to 10 a. m. Mail for the West at 6 p. m. Mail for Westerville closes Tuesday, 7 days only at 12 m.

Post Office open at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Money order office open from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to receive and deliver mail.

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SAVE MONEY

by purchasing one of these Pianos. Do not decide what organ to own until you have looked at the Estey. Do not buy a Piano until you have seen the Estey. Do not rent a Piano until you have learned the terms on which the Estey can be purchased. Do not buy any Piano or Organ at all until you have written to the Estey Piano and Organ Co., 916 Broadway, New York, for their Illustrated Catalogue, containing full information. Write for it to-day. Mention this paper.

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DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

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ELECTRICITY

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DR. GRIFFEN,

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Constipation

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Wrist Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 60 Main Street, corner of Washington

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

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NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

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BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH, PLAINFIELD P. O. BOX 68.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

29 Park Avenue.

Telephone Call 63. Residence at Madison avenue. Telephone Call 21. Office at Private cemetery

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Call at 15 East Fifth street between 2 and 3 o'clock p. m. 1-21-tf

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 631.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. E. P. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

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Grocer and Seedsman,

A full line of Groceries, Provisions, Produce etc.; White Granite, Yellow Home, Stone, Earthen and Glassware. A full assortment of reliable Field, Garden and Flower Seeds. Special Seeds, Onion Sets, Onion poles, etc. Great variety of plants in season.

Smalley Brothers,

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Mont Marion,

Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 16.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Summit and Grant. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Hall, Real Estate Broker, Grant and Park. Lots first above rail level.

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Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, Jobber in Lumber, Masons Materials

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Bridgeton Planing Company, Office Madison avenue, Plainfield, Somerset street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser,

Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Shampooing, Shaving and Hair Dressing done in the latest style. Razors honed. Shop located at No. 5 W. Front street.

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Newsdealer, Stationery, etc

37 1-2 West Front street.

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Miscellaneous.

MISS SCRIBNER,

and Miss Bruen's School, 17 La Grande avenue, corner of Washington street, will re-open September 19th, 1888.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

No. 9 The Plainfield School will open on Sept. 19th a school for boys. Applications received until June 30th at No. 20 Central avenue. Personal address, "The Kenwood", Asbury Park, N. J.

CONCERTINA.

25 Instructions in Harmonics, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1207.

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Mrs. J. L. Anderson desires a limited number of pupils to sing at her residence. Private lessons. Plainfield or private lessons. Thoroughly qualified to prepare voices for church or concert. Special course for ladies who will permit pupils to practice daily at her piano, free of charge, if desired. Call after 2 p. m. at 20 Central avenue, Plainfield, N. J. New York Address, P. O. Box 928.

PETER L. CONDIT,

Teacher of violin and cornet. Call at Ackerly Brothers piano store, 17 East Front street. Music furnished for parties and weddings. 4-23-1y

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Teacher of Piano, Organ and Harmony, receives at her own or at pupil's residence. Address as above. Best of references. P. O. Box 1205.

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John P. Emmons,

Successor to Simmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front Street. P. O. Box 82.

"The Butterfly"

is the name of the best

Summer Corset,

THIN, COOL, GOOD SHAPE, CHEAP.

To be found at the store of

C. E. CLARKE,

NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.

Next to Post Office.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two loads for $1 special. Our operation is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park Bros. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 602. Telephone call 29.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

dealer in CRIENT

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. Box 1207

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

For Bargains in FLANOS, ORGANS, etc Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 9 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED

PLAINFIELD DIRECT TEL. S.T. & T. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue, W. THE Hotel.

Special Notices.

BARGAINS!

In carpets, oil cloths, furniture, stoves, heaters, etc. Call and see the immense stock at the Jersey Home Furnishing Co., 20 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. A. Rheaume,

Lumber, Coal, Wood

and

MASONS' MATERIALS

PRANCE STREET, CORNER OF FOURTH.

Telephone call No. 123.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Something About Stars—How Fast They Travel.

The elder Struve made the movement of the sun through space to be about five miles a second, but on the supposition of the brightest stars being between two and three times nearer to us than they seem really to be. We can now see that the actual speed of the solar system can scarcely fall short of twelve or exceed twenty miles a second. By a moderate calculation, our position in space is changing to the extent of five hundred million of miles annually, and a collision between our sun and the nearest fixed star would be inevitable were our course directed in a straight line toward it after the lapse of 50,000 years.

The old problem of how the heavens move, successfully attacked in the solar system, has retreated to a stronghold among the stars, from which it will be difficult to dislodge it. In the stupendous mechanism of the sidereal universe, the moving forces can only betray themselves to us by the varying time configuration of its parts. But as yet our knowledge of stellar movements is miserably scanty. They are separated by so minute an interval as to become perceptible, in general, only through observations of great precision extending over a number of years. Even the quickest moving star would spend 253 years in crossing an arc of the heavens equal to the disk of the full moon. Yet all the time sowing the inestimable distances of the objects in motion these almost evanescent displacements represent velocities in many cases so enormous as to baffle every attempt to account for them. Runaway stars are no longer of extreme rarity.

One in the Great Bear, known as Groombridge 1830, invisible to the naked eye, but sweeping over at least 200 miles each second, long led the van of stellar speed; Professor Pritchard's photographic determination of the parallax of Castopeia shows, however, that it moves even more daily to be a sun about forty times as luminous as our own, but to be traveling at the prodigious rate of 200 miles—while Dr. Elkin's result for Arcturus gives a velocity of little less than 400 miles—a second! The express star of the southern hemisphere, so far, is one of the fourth order of stars in Tower. Its speed of about 200 miles a second may, however, soon turn out to be surpassed by some of the rapidly moving stars at the cape. Another star is Sirius, the Dog Star, and presumed therefore to be connected by a special physical bond, and to lie at nearly the same distance from ourselves. This presumption will now be brought to the test.

The Fisheries Question.

The fisheries question, over which so much discussion has taken place in the past, was briefly this: 1. Whether the United States have a right in the British fisheries independent of treaty provisions. 2. What are the rights of American fishermen under the convention of 1818 and under the laws of navigation and of trade? 3. The "headlands" question, which is incidental to the other two questions, that the British hold that the line must be drawn from headland to headland, three miles from shore. This interpretation would exclude American fishermen from the bays which indent the coast deeply and are the resort of the fish. The Americans say that three miles from shore means upon a line parallel with the shore and three miles distant from every point of the coast line. Consequently all bays more than six miles wide at the mouth would be open to the American fishermen.

St. Peter's.

The largest and grandest temple of worship in the world is the St. Peter's cathedral at Rome. It stands on the site of Nero's circus, in the northwest part of the city, and is built in form of a Latin cross. The total length of the interior is 613½ English feet; transept, 446½ feet; height of nave, 152½ feet; diameter of cupola, 138 feet; height of dome from pavement to top of cross, 448 feet. The great bell alone without the hammer or clapper weighs 18,000 pounds, or over nine and a quarter tons. The foundation was laid in 1450 A. D. Forty-three popes lived and died during the time the work was in progress. It was dedicated in the year 1626, but not entirely finished until the year 1880. The cost, in round numbers, is set down at $70,000,000.

St. George.

The renowned St. George of England, patron of arms and of the garter, has his historical antecedent in the infamous George of Cappadocia, who arose from the obscurity of a fuller's shop to the chair of Athanasius. His tyranny was for him a merited death of violence, which, invested with evidences of divine agency and with circumstances of preternatural origin, a benighted and superstitious age blindly adored with a fervor which in time canonized the tyrant's memory as a saint. Further information on this topic may be gleaned from Gibbon's Rome, vol. II, p. 451.

The "Paint Pots."

The "paint pots" of the Yellowstone park are strange things in nature. Old Faithful geyser, full of objects of interest in itself, sends up into the air every hour a stream of hot water some 200 feet high. There are boiling pools which take on delicate tints and colors during the eruption of the old geyser. The color of each pool is always the same, and the "paint pots" are one of the attractions of the place.

A Big Anvil.

The largest anvil is that used in the Woolwich arsenal, England. It weighs sixty tons. The anvil block upon which it rests weighs 300 tons. Altogether 660 tons of iron were used in the anvil, the block and the foundation work. It is said to have been six months cooling before it was sufficiently hard to stand the shock of the immense hammer.

The Ocean of Truth.

It was Sir Isaac Newton who said: "I seem to have been only like a boy playing on the sea shore and diverting myself in now and then finding a smoother pebble, or a prettier shell than ordinary, whilst the great ocean of truth lay all undiscovered before me."

An Immense Hotel.

The largest hotel in the United States, and probably the largest in the world, is located at San Francisco, Cal. It is nine stories high and cost $2,500,000. It is named the Palace and has accommodations for 1,500 guests.

Brushed Shoes Are Cooler.

Dusty shoes are hotter than polished ones. The bright shoes, because of the polish, throw off the rays of the sun by reflection. Dull or dusty shoes absorb the heat of the sun, the earth and the air.

A Pencil for the Ship.

A Nuremberg manufacturer has invented pencils in blue, black and brown for writing on the human skin. They are for use in anatomical and clinical demonstration.

United States Railways.

There are in the United States about 150,000 miles of railroads, equal to about half the mileage of the world. There are over a million people employed on them.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Some Ingenious and Catching Pastimes in Home Decoration.

A drapery both quaint and artistic, which may be used for doors, or on the upper parts of windows to cover stained glass, or as a handsome piece of furniture, is called Egyptian Furniture. It is made of sateen, a fabric not used in place of a canvas pole, the edges of the stuff are folded over with a cord of every rope; tackle and block are used for drapery, the rope being fastened to a hook in the center of a coil of rope measuring 20 to 25 feeches in diameter, which is fastened to the corner of the door or window. It should be arranged in folds across the top and then allowed to hang from one side.

The cattail cord is a new idea in applique work, noted by the *Home Journal*. It is in imitation of the popular summer shrub, so much in demand for decorations. When this is tacked to a pretty fabric for a background, it is a unique piece of adornment. It may be used for mantle falls, lambrequins, chair valances, etc.

Another novelty is an imitation of wooden fruit work, consisting of a regular wooden frame inclosing interlaced silken cords, closely imitating the style and appearance of wooden slats. The effect is not unpleasing in woodwork, is much more attractive and catching, as it admits of a great variety of coloring, and is something which the amateur with no great amount of skill may accomplish.

Regret sticks, which the printers use to fill up spaces in making up their forms, make a durable lasting fan.

These strips are smooth, thin strips of cherry and pine of various widths and thicknesses, the back of a ball door, or the lower panels of a window where it is desired to have the light and yet to be screened from observation. Corner cupboards and doors to old book cases present good opportunities for this work.

Cutting Glass with Scissors.

To know how to cut glass with scissors may prove convenient at times, and the following from Pottery Gazette tells how it may be done: The glass must be kept quite level in the water while the scissors are applied; and, to avoid risk, it is better to perform the cutting by taking off small pieces at the corners and along the edges, and to reduce the sharp gradually to that required. The softer glass cut the best, and the scissors need not be very sharp.

A Decorative Hand Screen.

Gild the handle, the oak sprays, etc., of the palm leaf fan; then cut the silk square in half and join it up the middle, so that it forms an oblong strip; round off the top corners and sew it to the palm leaf, putting the seam to the middle of the leaf, and keeping the silk plain all around the edge; gather it full at the top so that it will not reach to the bottom corners into a pretty knot or bow, from under which start your largest spray of oak leaves, as shown in the cut.

AN EFFECTIVE HAND SCREEN.

Use a good many acorns and do not pre the leaves down too flat, for they are tough and will not easily break. Sew these down at three firmly on with good silk, and use *glue only for the points of the leaves*. This screen is quickly made, and the cost of materials is but a trifle. It is decorative, and being light is pleasant to use.

Biscuits Fried in French Style.

Biscuits are fried in French style as follows: Carefully wipe two pounds of cleanest suets with a dry cloth; dip them in milk, then roll in finely powdered cracker crumbs, next in an egg beaten with a tablespoonful of salt and a quarter of a saltspoonful of pepper, and then again in cracker crumbs; *fry them in* enough sizzling hot fat to cover them, until they are golden brown. Take them from the fat with a skimmer, lay them on a napkin or a piece of paper to absorb all fat, and serve them laid in rows with a few quarters of lemon on the side of the dish.

Rhubarb and Ginger Preserves.

Rhubarb and ginger preserves may be new to some of the housekeepers. Here is the recipe: Skin and cut up a sufficient quantity of *rhubarb*, not too young. Weigh it, and to every pound of rhubarb allow three-quarters of a pound of sugar. Put together and let stand over night. Next day put it in the preserving kettle, adding some sliced ginger root. Boil one hour. This makes an excellent preserve, the ginger giving just the flavor required to rhubarb, which is apt to be rather insipid alone.

Charlotte Russe.

Dissolve one ounce of isinglass in a tumbler of water; add three tumblers of cream milk. Boil slowly till reduced to one-third (fifteen minutes). Beat the yolks of six eggs with one cup of fine sugar; pour the infusion on to the eggs and sugar and return to the stove. Stir it till it begins to thicken, then stir in the whites of the eggs. When cold whip a pint of cream to a froth and add it and flavor with vanilla. Line a dish with sponge cake and pour the above over it.

Mayonnaise Dressing.

Mix one even teaspoonful of mustard, one teaspoonful of salt and a teaspoonful and a half of vinegar. Add the yolk of an egg, beat all well together, then add gradually half a pint of olive oil. Pour the oil in a fine stream, beating the mixture rapidly meanwhile. More vinegar or lemon juice may be used if necessary to make it of the right consistency. A large bowl—two quarts—is most convenient for mixing this dressing.

Preserving the Color of Flowers.

A process of preserving the colors of flowers in dried specimens, as used in Berlin, consists in steeping the plants in a solution of salycilic acid containing one-fourth of its volume of methylated spirit. Delicate flowers require an immersion of five or ten minutes, and thick leaved ones twenty-four hours. They are then removed, the fluid allowed to evaporate and the plants are dried between paper in the usual way.

Fruit Stains on Table Linen.

To remove fruit stains from table linen pour boiling water on chloride of lime, in the proportion of one gallon to a quarter of a pound, bottle it, cork it well, and in using be careful not to stir it. Lay the stain in this for a moment, then apply white vinegar and boil the table linen.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

THINGS SAID AND DONE IN THE PROGRESSIVE WORLD.

The Twin Palms and Ancient Well of Los Angeles, Which Furnish an Interesting Study for the Historically Inclined Tourist and Scientist, Botanist and Antiquarian.

The accompanying engraving was originally from a photograph taken by a correspondent of Scientific American, and shows the "twin palms" of Los Angeles, Cal.

TWIN PALMS AND OLD WELL OF LOS ANGELES

About these trees the correspondent referred to says: Two of the fan palm species and are gigantic in size, being probably the largest in the United States.

It is supposed they were planted by some of the padres in the early days of the old Spanish missions on the Pacific coast. They may be classed among the wonders of sunny California. They are about ninety-five feet in height and over 12 feet in circumference. Their age is variously estimated, but it is safe to say that they are over one hundred years old.

During this period they have witnessed the growth of Los Angeles from a population of adobe huts to the metropolis of Southern California.

Near these palms there still may be seen a well of great antiquity, whose waters have refreshed, perhaps, many of the ancient Aztecs, the children of the sun.

Rolling Trees by Electricity.

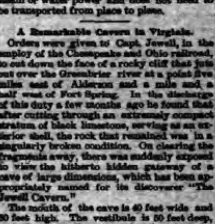
The London Times reports that electric power has been adopted in the Galician forests. Usually in such countries the trunk is sawn, but in this case it is drilled with a series of holes close together. When the wood is of a soft nature the drill has a sweeping motion, and cuts into the trunk by means of a cutting edge in the form of a gouge. The drill is actuated by an electric motor mounted on a carriage, which is comparatively light and can be brought up close to the tree to be operated on by it. The motor is capable of turning around its vertical axis, and the drill is geared to it in such a manner that it can turn through an arc of a circle and make a sweeping cut into the trunk.

The first cut made, the drill is advanced a few inches and another section of the wood is removed in the same way, until the trunk is half severed. It is then clamped, to keep the cut from closing, and the operation continued until it would be unsafe to go on. The remainder is finished by a final saw or ax cut. The current is conveyed to the motor by insulated wires brought through the forest from a generator placed at some convenient site, which may be at a distance from the scene of operations. The generator may be driven by steam or water power and does not need to be transported from place to place.

A Remarkable Cavern in Virginia.

Orders were given to Capt. Jewell, in the employ of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, to drill down on the face of a rock that juts out over the Greenbrier river at a point five miles east of Alderson and a mile and a half west of Fort Spring. In the discharge of that duty a few months ago he found that after cutting through an extremely compact stratum of black limestone, serving as an exterior shell, the rock drill resumed its work in singularly broken condition. On clearing the fragments away, there was suddenly exposed to view the hitherto hidden gateway of a cave of large dimensions, which has been appropriately named for its discoverer "The Jewell Cavern."

The mouth of the cave is 40 feet wide and 30 feet high. The ceiling is in fact the ledge, and what might be called the throat of the cave—a narrow and irregular aperture—is to the left as you go in. It bears the musical name of "the Devil's Dinner Bell." The point, in a stratum of calitic limestone, some excellent specimens of pentremites, crinoids and other fossils have been found serving to determine the formation as sub-carboniferous and referable to those called "Umbral series" of the Virginia survey. This series here includes what are known as the Greenbrier limestones and shales; the latter being soft and readily decomposed, while the former very remarkably in character, from kinds almost to hard granite down to the oolitic variety already mentioned.



THE JEWELL CAVERN.

By barometrical measurement the entrance to Jewell's cavern is 1,680 feet above the level of the sea, and it is about 80 feet above the level of the adjacent river. The crest of the hill is between 900 and 400 feet high. The surroundings are of a wild, picturesque character, and the locality is one to become familiar to Scientific American for the above illustration and description of this natural attraction in West Virginia.

Notes and Comments.

Among the interesting and successful recent inventions is a rolling mill for producing sheet metal direct from the molten state, instead of rolling it from a billet or bar. A number of this kind have been at work for several months at the one factory in Maywood, near Chicago.

The Railroad Gazette calls attention to a double locomotive for the Indian state railways which is a novel departure from the common practice. The design is really a permanent double locomotive, but so arranged for use when the coal-burning type could be replaced by the two of the ordinary type, conformably to tandem. This arrangement preserves the mobility for which the tandem is adapted, and the saving of space for a moment, then apply white vinegar and boil the table linen.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

A Painful Ear Trouble Common During the Summer Months.

During the summer season, when multitudes are plunging into the surf, accidents are quite common with many whose business or social engagements are made to subservient the invitation of sand and waves dashing into the ears. It is now fully recognized that cold bathing, either in fresh or salt water, is injurious to the ears, and the wonder is that so many more serious accidents do not occur during the summer months, involves some danger to the ears. Upon prolonged swimming, with an occasional ducking of the head, the ear drums become so saturated with the water of the ocean through the auditory canal to the membrana tympani, and, if this be perforated, from its lodgment in the tympanum; while to those who dive head foremost, or scrape from any cause, inflammation is likely to be caused by the passage of water through the nares into the middle ear. The presence of sand or gravel in the ear is one of the external causes of inflammation.

Most bathers are unmindful of the liability to injury to which the ear drums are exposed by submersion, while it is admitted that many of them escape injury of their ears, it is also probable, on account of the numerous other causes of deafness, that more than those already mentioned, that when induced thereunto by illness to be explained in some other way.

However caused, otitis is an exceedingly painful and may prove a serious malady. The most rational plan of treatment would be to protect the external ear when about to take a bath. The wool stock in the ear canal means can be made to answer the purpose, it will be all that can be required; but in all probability it will be washed out consequently the best way is to fit on properly cotton plugs over the external ear. A very efficient protection is gained by tying an ear muff made of chiel skin over the entire auricle.

When the ear drum is found to be perforated, not a drop of cold water should enter the external ear, since its admission into the tympanum is sufficient to subject the old inflammation with redoubled vigor. On this subject, an authority on this subject, from whom the above facts are derived, says he knows of no protection that will render surf bathing perfectly safe for any one who has had a scarlatinal disease, especially if that disease has left a perforation of the membrana tympani. Moreover, in such cases the individual is unusual from any cold or current of air, and should be covered at night, and a pledget of cotton or wool applied in the meatus.

Fits of Languor.

Dr. Richardson distinguishes between fits of languor and true fatigue arising from hard or prolonged physical or mental work. These fits of languor come on after repose. The affected person experiences it most on rising in the morning, and even after a good night's rest is still oppressed by a sense of weariness, and if the desire to go to sleep again is not gratified the evil is only increased. The only cure for this condition is moderate exercise. Not the wearying of clothing which will give free liberation to the exhalations of the skin. Exercise must be taken regularly, and not by fits and starts; there must be no actual fatigue produced by the exercise or it will do harm, but just enough to make the patient feel glad of rest at night, and he will soon find that he awakes in the morning feeling refreshed instead of weary and dissatisfied to go through the day's work.

Eye Diseases from Electric Light.

The continual action of electric light on the eyes is said to have developed a new disease of these organs, called photo-electric ophthalmia. The patient is wakened in the night by fierce pains in the eyes, accompanied with excessive secretion of tears. An oculist in Crossdale reports thirty patients thus affected in his own practice during the last ten weeks.

Antiseptic Power of Tobacco Smoke.

As evidence of the powerful antiseptic quality of the fumes of tobacco, Dr. Hajek, of Vienna, declares that smokers are less liable to diphtheria than non-smokers in the ratio of 1 to 14, and Dr. Schill declares that smoking is forbidden in the bacteriological laboratories, because it is known to hinder the development of bacteria in the various culture media.

Rules and Practices.

A little nap before the noon meal will rest the nerves and promote digestion.

Eight hours' sleep will prevent more nervous diseases in women than all the medicine in the world can cure.

Thin people would be apt to gain flesh if they could be induced to drink a pint of *sweet milk* each night before going to bed.

It is very unpleasant for the pick, sitting or reclining, to have one use the toothpick; the eyes, probably from their intimate relation with the brain, are sympathetically affected in a way that may attack any other part of the body.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

The Decline and Prospective Disappearance of the Kissing Habit.

The announcement in the frequently seen that kissing as a social salutation has gone out of vogue and should be tabooed by people who profess to follow the best social usage. This is, however, a very strong statement of the case, the reign of social osculation being by no means over. But it is true that a gradual reform now within a year or two been in progress, as may be noted in the behavior of people whose example influences society. On this subject Good Housekeeping says:

The reform may be traced to two causes—first, to the growing fact that indiscriminate kissing is in exceedingly bad taste, offensive to many people and pleasing to very few; and the discovery that it is not only unrefined, but is a source of danger to health and life. The force of these two arguments against promiscuous kissing as a social habit has been strong enough to produce a noticeable change in the practice of fashionable society. Kissing between women has not altogether gone out of practice even yet, but as a social greeting it is being speedily dropped, except between relatives or very intimate friends, and even in such circles it is becoming less common.

The kissing habit has been carried to its greatest extreme among English speaking people, and people of other blood are often amused and annoyed by the universality and uniformity of the kissing among the English natives.

The kiss, in its proper function, has a fine significance, and may be made the symbol of the purest sentiment, the most delicate touch of legitimate feeling, a greeting full of genuine, voluntary sympathy and love. The kiss of Judas is known to have been a salute. It has brought the kiss into disgrace and made it vulgar, cheap and hypocritical. To it the province of this generation of refinement and education to restore it from its degraded estate and compel it to be a refined expression of elevating place and use in the social economy.

A Startling Question.

A social acquaintance which never ye encountered is the following:

When wedding cards are received should the recipients return their cards or write an acknowledgment of participation? Simply send your cards.

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Continues his Remarkable Success. Everybody knows his store and should call the nearest and best. Everybody knows his goods and should buy the nearest purchased and marks his wares at the LOWEST PRICES. This is Your Interest.

NOW THEN! In order to give this "ad" a little real telling effect, and show you that we MEAN WHAT WE SAY, we have decided to make a few of the many attractions we now offer:

BLK. AND WOOL UMBRELLAS, 26-inch, best paragon frame, paris rod, fast black at $1.25; 35 at $1.50; 45 at $1.75. They will cost you more than all this and much less as well.

Our $2.25 Corsets, Coutil Jean, Two Side Steels, Four Hose Supporters, for $1.75. Now 1st of White Wool Jerseys handsomely braided at $1.75, worth $2.50. Our 50c Ladies' Black Hose for 39c. Our 50c Ladies' Ribbed Black Hose for 39c. Children's Black Hose, 5 to 8 1-2 inches, 10c to 25c. Ladies' Fine Kid Gloves, 4-button, Pique Seams for 75c, worth $1.00. Flannel Tennis Shirts. Primrose, Black, Silk Navy and Scarlet, at $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00. Men's Working Pants at $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

SPECIAL ON CARPETS! Lining given in free with carpets bought to June 30th. Curtains, Portieres, etc.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

FURNITURE.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT, 1889.

We have received our SPRING GOODS. They are FINE in QUALITY, LOW PRICES, and swings to the very bottom track which we have led during the winter season. we have purchased a LARGE STOCK of CARPETS. We invite you to CALL and EXAMINE our stock, and, if you are PLEASED WITH OUR STYLES AND PRICES, we would be happy to have your patronage.

R. R. FAIRCHILD, 21 E. Front st.

FURNITURE WAREROOMS. Established 1870.

Baby Carriages. Baby Carriages.

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FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,

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CREATIVE RESPONSE PERIODS.

and have decided to put it by GIVING OUT our Daily Contracts at

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We can show you a large assortment of Tennis Shoes, Oxford Ties, (colored and black) now, as we had them made to our special order. Later on the assortment diminishes (unless you would wish us, as we keep our goods moving. We live in an age of progress.

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(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, AN EVENING PAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 536 PARK AVENUE EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 ROBINSON STREET,

BY W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE RATE OF A WEEK, OR, PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $6.00 PER YEAR.

GRIEF HALLOWS REANTS, EVEN WHILE IT AGES HEADS.—Bailey.

CIRCUMSTANCES ARE LIKE CLOUDS, CONSTANTLY GATHERING AND BURSTING; WHILE WE ARE LAUGHING, THE SEED OF TROUBLE IS PUT INTO THE WIDE ARABLE LAND OF EVENTS.—Keats.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 175; days to come, 190.

—The Plainfield Bicycle Club will meet this evening to take action concerning the death of their fellow-member, Herbert W. Peck.

—The Evans beat the Orients at base-ball Saturday by the score of 19 to 14. E. Kline's nine defeated Woodward's nine by 44 runs to 12.

—The Scandinavian Beneficial Association held an enjoyable picnic on the Sixth Corps Camp Grounds on the mountain Saturday afternoon.

—The regular business meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society will be held as usual in Reform Hall Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock.

—In the entertainment to be provided at Reform Hall to night the management promise a thoroughly enjoyable affair. The hour of beginning will be eight o'clock.

—The young men's Gospel meeting to be conducted by Mr. W. D. Murray at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening will be followed by meetings of the various committees of the Association.

PERSONAL.

The Misses Clickner, of Manasquan, are visiting friends in Plainfield.

Mr. G. C. Mahon, of Plainfield, is registered at the Atlantic House, Ocean Grove.

Dr. W. C. Bouse, of West Front street, has engaged a suite of rooms at Sunset Hall, Asbury Park.

Mrs. L. Snow, of Newark, is visiting her granddaughter, Mrs. W. J. Mattox, of Arlington avenue.

The Rev. Cornelius Schenk, pastor of the Trinity Reformed church, will preach an anniversary sermon next Sunday.

Among the list of New York World puzzle-solvers published yesterday was the name of Henry Ansoing Hawthorne, of Stoothe Plains.

Mr. Abram B. See and family and Mrs. and Miss Depew, of Plainfield, are among those who have engaged rooms for the season at the West End Hotel, Long Branch.

Mrs. Patrick Day, of West Third street, overtaxed herself attending to her household duties Friday and was seized with a congestive chill which resulted in her death Saturday night.

Miss Susan E. Scouts, who will be remembered in Plainfield for her pa'nting, "Lake Tahoe", in the Job Male Art Gallery, has a picture, "On the Sacramento River", in the Paris Salon exhibition this year. This recognition of her merit crowds her small with congratulations from friends.

The New Jersey Editorial Association started on its annual excursion this morning, the members all meeting in Philadelphia. They have secured a train of palace cars for a week and will have a good time, visiting among many other places of interest Niagara Falls, Watkins Glen and Mauch Chunk. Mr. E. W. Morrison editor of The News, is one of the party.

DEDICATING THEIR CHURCH.

A Week of Celebration Among Local Presbyterians.

The dedication ceremonies at the new First Presbyterian church on East Front street will be held this week.

An organ concert will be held this evening at eight o'clock. Admission will be by ticket. Artists—Miss Blanche Brown, of Asbury Park; Frank Taft and Mrs. Hoyt, Ryno Brown, organists.

Public dedication service will be held Tuesday evening, at eight o'clock. The Rev. Charles D. Thompson, D. D., of New York, will preach.

Public union dedication service will be held Friday evening at eight o'clock. The Rev. W. R. Richards will preside, and the Revs. Dr. Erskine, H. M. Rodman, Cornelius Schenck, Asa Reed Dibs and E. E. Goodrich, with Messrs. James Mc Ge, C. W. McCutchen and W. D. Murray, will make brief addresses. There will be special music by the choir at both services.

The regular church services in the new church will be begun next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

A City With No "Back Streets".

In an article headed "A City of Fine Houses" The New York World yesterday devoted a column to Plainfield, which it praises for its entire absence of "back streets". A great deal of space is given to endowing information on prominent Plainfield society people.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1. Saturday	69	66	66	71	71	73	73
2. Sunday	70	68	68	72	72	74	74
3. Monday	71	69	70	73	73	75	75
4. Tuesday	72	70	71	74	74	76	76
5. Wednesday	73	71	72	75	75	77	77
6. Thursday	74	72	73	76	76	78	78
7. Friday	75	73	74	77	77	79	79
8. Saturday	76	74	75	78	78	80	80
9. Sunday	77	75	76	79	79	81	81
10. Monday	78	76	77	80	80	82	82
11. Tuesday	79	77	78	81	81	83	83
12. Wednesday	80	78	79	82	82	84	84
13. Thursday	81	79	80	83	83	85	85
14. Friday	82	80	81	84	84	86	86
15. Saturday	83	81	82	85	85	87	87
16. Sunday	84	82	83	86	86	88	88
17. Monday	85	83	84	87	87	89	89
18. Tuesday	86	84	85	88	88	90	90
19. Wednesday	87	85	86	89	89	91	91
20. Thursday	88	86	87	90	90	92	92
21. Friday	89	87	88	91	91	93	93
22. Saturday	90	88	89	92	92	94	94
23. Sunday	91	89	90	93	93	95	95
24. Monday	92	90	91	94	94	96	96

OBITUARY.

Herbert Wheelwright Peck.

The death of Herbert W. Peck, which occurred at Milford, Conn., Saturday, came to Plainfield one of her most popular and promising young men and bows down with heartrending grief parents bereft of an only son on whom they had built fond hopes.

The universal sympathy which the news of this death arouses is traceable to the qualities of the departed friend. Blithe-spirited, generous-hearted, frank, courageous, earnest, manly, he was known to everyone, and loved wherever known. The death of Herbert Peck is a public shock. Bitter indeed is the story. Sad is the hour of divine disposal of human purposes, of the weaknesses of over-striving, of the blight and failure of extreme ambition. The young man was emasculate beyond his strength, and he became a victim to the ardor and enthusiasm of his own generous heart.

As an athlete he outstripped many competitors; and a year ago, in robust health, he organized and pushed to a gratifying culmination a memorable tournament on the fair grounds. He was a prominent figure in the crowds, and was himself a prize-winner. His zealousness did he work, however, that in the moment of triumph he fainted, and never did he fully recover from the strain.

By the closest of application to his studies he enabled himself to pass a most successful examination at Colombia Law School two or three weeks ago. This entitled him to graduation with honors from the College, in consequence of which he was admitted to the bar in the State of New York.

He had, however, subjected his powers, both mental and physical, to exertion beyond human endurance, and when he came home flushed with the pride of victory he was a victim of dreaded insomnia, and his health was rapidly failing.

Against the inroads of disease he sat an indomitable will, but a week ago, was and worn, he took the advice of Dr. Lowrie, a friend and physician of the family, and with his mother went to Milford in search of rest. His father, Capt. S. C. Peck, was telegraphed for Saturday. The message told him that his only son, who had been given every advantage that wealth could afford, was dying. The sad was not long in coming. The transition of the soul from life into eternity had taken place before the father could reach the bedside of the son, and where brightest prospects had reigned death had asserted his supremacy.

The remains of the deceased were brought to this city this afternoon, and funeral services will be held Wednesday afternoon at five o'clock.

The deceased had but recently celebrated his twenty-first birthday anniversary.

The death occurred in the early evening, soon after the dispatch was forwarded to Mr. Peck.

AN EASY BASE-BALL VICTORY.

Crescents Win, After Injuring Several Players.

The Plainfield Crescents scored an easy victory, Saturday, in the presence of nearly a thousand people. Their opponents were the Dauntless Club, of Elizabeth, whose defeat is marked by the following figures:

CRESCENTS.

	R.	1B.	2B.	3B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Lee, 3b	2	2	1	1	1	0	
McMurray, 1b	0	0	1	11	1	0	
Condon, c., s.s	1	1	0	2	5	2	
Condon, p	1	1	1	2	10	0	
Demarest, c.f	1	0	0	0	2	0	
Gateley, c	0	2	1	4	3	0	
Twomley, l.f	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Babcock, 2b	0	2	0	0	0	0	
Terrell, s.s	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Cornwell, r.s	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	6	10	11	27	21	3	

DAUNTLESS.

	R.	1B.	2B.	3B.	P.O.	A.	E.
West, p	0	1	0	1	1	1	
Barber, r.f	0	0	0	1	1	0	
Davis, 1b	0	1	0	3	8	0	
Schwartz, c., 3b	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Ogden, 2b	0	1	0	3	4	0	
Baxter, 3b., c.f	1	1	3	2	0	3	
Moore, l.f	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sawyer, r.f	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Terrell, c., c.f	1	1	1	3	0	0	
	2	5	4	24	16	9	

Time of game—1 hour and 30 minutes. Runs earned—Crescents, 3; Dauntless, 1. Base on balls—off Condon, 2; off West, 6. Struck out—by Condon, 9; by West, 1. Left on bases—Crescents, 6; Dauntless, 5. Double plays—Babcock to McMurray. Passed balls—Gateley, 1; Cadwalader, 1; Terrell, 2. Wild pitches—West, 2. Umpire—Mr. Kafer.

The Smiling Battery—Gateley and Condon—played in reverse positions, Gateley going behind the bat. He played a good game. In the fifth inning, however, he received three very hard strikes, during his fingers apart so that it will be impossible for him to play again before next week. Dr. Jenkins stitched the wound on the grounds. Terrell also hurt his finger and went to centre field, Schwartz going behind the bat and Baxter going to third. Baxter was hit by a pitched ball, in the fifth innings, which dislocated his arm. Dr. Fritts put it in place again and he very plucky played the game out. Lee, Demarest, Gateley and Babcock lead in the batting. Condon pitched a good game, striking out nine men, three in one inning. Never has a more gentlemanly lot of ball players been seen on the grounds than the visitors played good ball, but were overmatched by the Plainfielders.

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OUR EVENING SCHOOLS.

LAST WINTER'S EXPERIMENT A GRATIFYING SUCCESS.

Pupils Decidedly in Favor of Continuing the Classes Next Year.—Interesting Facts from the Recent Annual Report.

The Plainfield Board of Education were highly gratified with the state of affairs recently reported by Miss Julia B. Bailey, Principal of the Plainfield Public Schools, concerning the five night schools established last November and held during the Winter. Indeed, so pleased were they with her interesting narration that they unanimously extended a hearty vote of thanks for her succinct yet comprehensive account of the success of their educational venture.

A brief summary of the more important features of these evening classes was presented to the readers of The News the day following the presentation of the report to the Board, but, in view of the fact that some are already inquiring whether or not the experience of the last Winter is such as to make it advisable for the re-opening of the schools in the Fall, further details may not at this time be out of place.

A LARGE ATTENDANCE THROUGHOUT.

There were in the schools, during the term, 193 men and boys and 101 women and girls. These are the figures of the total enrollment, and the regular attendance was of course much smaller. Thursday night, for instance, 12 were present only one night, 5 two nights, 9 three nights, 3 four nights and 4 five nights, reducing the list of men present to 84, and five nights leaves an enrollment of 154, of which 50 per cent. attended regularly, or 77 pupils each of the five nights constituted a class. This more than twice the number required by the Board for the maintenance of the school. The number of absences of men and boys reached the total of 2033.50, making an average cost per pupil of $1.75 for the term. The cost of absences is nearly thirteen cents per pupil each evening.

Of the 294 enrolled in the school for women and girls 2 attended but one night, 5 two nights, 6 three nights, 9 four nights and 9 five nights, or a total of 31 who attended but five nights, making an actual enrollment of 72. There were twenty-two sessions in all, and the average attendance was 50.50. The cost to maintain the school it was necessary to have a regular attendance of only 25.

The total enrollment, then, for both men and women was:

Men	193
Women	101
	294
Men present less than 5 nights	34
Women " " "	30
	64

Actual enrollment..... 230

AGES RANGING FROM 14 TO 50.

	14	15	16	17	18	19	Total over 19	Grand total.
H. Grammar	1	2	6	5	10	27	14	41
H. Grammar	3	7	4	10	6	30	16	37
H. Primary	1	1	1	2	4	9	10	19
H. Primary	10	4	5	2	4	25	25	61
	16	21	24	21	26	113	70	183

As far as can be learned the oldest member of the school was 50, five were about 40, and three of these were in the class of beginners; and four were between 30 and 40, of whom three also were in the beginning class.

Only 11 women were reported as below 18 years of age of the total enrollment of 101, leaving 90 above 18.

CAPABLE VOLUNTEER TEACHERS.

The schools at organization were under the supervision of the Principal, with the following assistants: Higher grammar—Miss Louis Cooke; elementary grammar—Miss Ella Hoffman; higher primary—Miss Ella Miller; lower primary—Miss Sara Dunn and Miss H. Burt until December 19th; after that date, Miss M. E. Hampston; and the two grades of primary—Miss Sara Dunn and Miss Mary E. Miss Clarence Fouse was employed to teach a division, and her place was supplied March 14th by Mr. Edwin Lowrie. Before the Fall term Miss Cooke special lessons in geography early in the course.

These assistants were all regular teachers in the day schools who volunteered their services, though the Board at their regular meeting in December voted that each assistant should have a compensation of $1 an evening. The principal received $2.50 per evening. Mr. Thomas Hall was employed as janitor, and Mr. Townsend Bushmore began January 20th, continuing as acting principal by the close.

A COMMON-SENSE CURRICULUM.

The course of study in the schools included arithmetic in all grades, the simplest number work in the primary primary classes, fractions and subtraction in the advanced section of the class; in the advanced primary division; in the grammar grades, a rapid review of fractions, compound numbers and percentage, and in the higher grammar grades, a rapid and practical review of fractions, compound numbers and percentage, with mensuration. It was so arranged and the subjects so completed and reviewed that no one can say at the next table—Davis. Double plays—Babcock to McMurray. Passed balls—Gateley, 1; Cadwalader, 1; Terrell, 2. Wild pitches—West, 2. Umpire—Mr. Kafer.

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4. What would you suggest as improvements to be made, in short or shadow, or as general arrangements for the future conduct of the evening schools?

Essays were presented, and all handed in as answers in writing. Five had been unable to sign the application form as the first of the night's session, and so had to wait until the second night to write their essays. The Principal announced that the essays were to be read in the order of merit, the best being read first, and would be followed by the next best, and so on. Before the reading began, however, he requested that they be treated with courtesy, and that they would be glad to see it continue next year." A hand then fell, and "Attention" followed to add: "If we intend to read and to do a thing, I will come next year." A man who could not read a word of English at the time, but who had attended steadily, wrote, "I have learned to read and am willing to learn English. I will come next year." Another declared: "I gained." "I have gained quite some." "I have gained a very little but I was a good deal to learn." Nearly all mention some one or more studies of their particular class in which they have made progress.

Answers to question 3. This is quite important as showing the class of men these schools are to assist. "I am well satisfied with the [illegible] and teachers." "The system is all I wish to have it." "I would suggest certain studies for each night instead of all the studies in one night." "Longer hours". "More time for the foreigners." "Make the studies continue the same." "Longer hours and if possible the same teachers." "More writing." "more grammar." "Arithmetic." "Take

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil man, has an income of $30,000,000 a year, it is said.

By a recent law passed in New York it is forbidden to use stoves for heating passenger cars. Steam or hot water is to be used.

The Illinois state fair will be a peg ahead of any competitor in the show business this fall. A small flock of full grown African ostriches will be exhibited there.

There are seventy-two men in the Union whose wealth, footed up, is equal to the national debt. They are about evenly divided between the east and the west.

In England, a country more religious than America, the telephone is used to enable invalids, doctors, druggists and others to hear sermons that they cannot go to church for.

The American Unitarian association report this year that the work of church extension has never been so wide or so satisfactory in the history of the organization as during the past year.

A Congregationalist woman in Cambridge, Mass., organized a Monday class for moral and religious instruction to boys and girls of the public schools. Her class now numbers 900 in regular attendance.

It is rather odd that an American system of drawing is in use in the schools of Italy. Charles G. Leland, "Hans Breitman," is the author of it. The schools of Hungary have also adopted his system of drawing and designing.

The rulings of the interstate and civil service commissions are of little importance to the public in general. But a ruling which has excited the keenest interest in the country is the adoption of the double umpire system in the national game of baseball. It gives general satisfaction.

The Saturday half holiday for factory operatives and laboring men is being discussed. It is claimed in its favor that by Saturday afternoon workmen become so weary that their labor does not count for much, and that with the prospect of the half holiday before them they would work with such alacrity in the forenoon as to make up for all the loss of the remaining hours.

In 1886 Rhode Island adopted a prohibitory amendment to its constitution. Now, after three years' trial, it has been found to be unsatisfactory, and the question of repealing the amendment is to be submitted to the people. The vote will be taken on the 20th of this month. The people will then decide, after mature deliberation, whether they want prohibition.

Bradstreet's commercial agency has made an estimate of the losses of property by the recent floods, and it is $44,000,000. Three millions dollars were raised within a week in this country for the relief of the sufferers, and any amount that was needed was offered from Europe. After all, there is a kinship among mankind that comes out in times like these.

The Scottish Free church has followed the example of the Presbyterian general assembly, and has ordered a thorough examination into the existing dissatisfaction with the Westminster confession of faith. The examining committee will also consider what changes should be made in the creed to adapt it to modern thought.

The Philadelphia Evening Telegraph says plainly that Pennsylvanians should make good all losses to the survivors of the Johnstown flood. "Had the laws of the state properly guarded the interests of the Conemaugh valley the disaster never would have occurred," says The Telegraph. A loose dirt wall confined a vast weight of water in the artificial reservoir of the Pittsburg Fishing club.

New York is not a good city for building monuments or raising memorial subscriptions. But if the rest of the country will help her out, Horace Greeley will by and by have a bronze monument. Horace Greeley belonged to the whole nation, therefore individuals all over the nation will be glad to help with the work. The secretary of the Greeley Monument association may be addressed at 289 East Twentieth street, New York.

It is said that an execution syndicate has been incorporated in Illinois. The company will take contracts to execute criminals in every state in the Union with neatness and dispatch. If a murderer is to be sent into eternity by the new road of electricity, the execution syndicate will provide for his case the latest improved dynamo. If he goes by the old fashioned route, the same company will erect an approved pattern of a gallows tree and strangle the criminal to order.

Fifty Years Ago.

Within the last half century ocean steamers, street cars, elevated railways, telegraphs and ocean cables have been brought into use. So have the telephone, the phonograph and photography in its present form. Petroleum, natural gas, electric lighting, the exquisite aniline colors, steam fire engines and the use of anesthetics in surgery were undiscovered in the year 1839. There are perhaps two million Spiritualists in the world. Fifty years ago Spiritualism as a name and a faith was unknown.

Our ancestors then knew not the deadly dynamite. The gold mines of neither California nor Australia had been discovered. The vast silver deposits in the western part of the Union were undreamed of. California was not even a part of the United States, but belonged to Mexico. So did Texas, Arizona, New Mexico, Utah, Nevada, Wyoming, Montana, Idaho, much of Kansas and Colorado were a vast, mysterious, terrifying region, known on our maps only as the Great American Desert.

Dynamite, that most terrible of all explosives, had not been invented. There were no sewing machines or bicycles. Stenography as an industrial occupation was unknown. Typewriting machines and pretty typewriter girls existed not even as a dream.

Our most important scientific discoveries have been many of them made within the half century. Spectral analysis and the solar spectroscope, among the most far reaching of chemical discoveries, have been laid before us in that time. So has the application in all its forms of electricity to the industries. Steam as a motive power was indeed known, but the training of its giant arm to do the work of millions of men and horses in a myriad directions is the achievement of the last half century.

The mighty discovery of the correlation of forces, which has changed modern philosophic thought, dates back to within a few years. And the suggestion of the kinship of forces has been followed by the hint that perhaps the varied forms of matter, too, may some day be transmuted into one—even the dream of the old alchemists. The doctrine of evolution has also been put before the world within the same period. Verily it has been a half century of miracles. Will the next one be such a marvel of unfoldment? Can it be?

Sherman at West Point.

Gen. Sherman never speaks but he says something worth hearing. In presenting diplomas to the West Point graduates, recently, he remarked that he had looked at one of their diplomas, and it was exactly like one he had received forty-five years ago. Then he said:

Now, young gentlemen, after you get home and have a little vacation, which will slip by fast by fast, I tell you, you will get your commissions, and that will be your commencement of life. You should read carefully, and remember that it is a pledge on your part that you will serve with fidelity to the government. A little while after the 4th you will go to some military post, perhaps be appointed an quartermaster and commissary. Then you will have to watch sharp and be ready when your superiors come around, and ask how many dollars you have in your cash box, or how many company mules you can put to use beg. That's more than any of you can tell, I think. But to know how many is of more importance than power of the colonel or any of the rest of the board. You have got to learn to account for everything put into your care. There's an old house handed down to me from my father, and I never saw that I had to pay for. Gen. Stanley here and I have been all through the mill, boys.

But the best of the lively old boy's remarks were these:

"Now, the average cost of replacing these 1,800 houses would not be over $2,000 each or $3,600,000; and again, to give a margin it would be incredible to have to replace the figures, let us put this at $5,000,000, plus the $500,000 for loss of furniture, and you have the whole amount (which is one-tenth of the floo) is. Of course these figures do not include the losses of the Pennsylvania railroad or the Cambria iron company, but we have nothing to do with them. I am willing to bet a dollar that the real estimate will not reach 2½ per cent. of the amount published. We very much doubt the correctness of the estimate of the property in Cambria county at $20,000,000. We will go further, we very much doubt it if Cambria county is worth $20,000,000. However, it is best enough, and the condition of the people must be looked to and alleviated at the earliest possible moment. How is that to be done? Let us figure.

The Committee's Future Plans.

"When Governor Beaver was here in Pittsburg the $250,000 advanced from the relief fund to pay off the laborers under the volunteer system, Pittsburg will have about $500,000 with which to go to work to relieve the wants of the people. By relief now we mean giving them houses and fitting them up for them. This is what we propose to do. In addition to the $500,000 there is about one half a million dollars in Philadelphia; Governor Beaver has in his hands 1 like sum. Mayor Grant of New York has over $200,000, the people of Allentown themselves have $150,000, and there are other large sums in the hands of heads of municipalities throughout the country. We are awaiting at any moment a requisition is made for them. So far as to rebuilding and furnishing houses for the people, Pittsburg has ordered 500 houses at $1500 each, with furniture complete in each. Governor Beaver has ordered 100 houses at $250 each, 100 others at $125 each, and there will be 100 stores put up on the public square at a cost of $250 each. The cost of the erection and furnishing of these houses will, of course, come out of the funds already named. Now what will these buildings aggregate:

Cost of the Buildings.

"One hundred houses at $1500 each will cost $150,000. Their furniture will cost $5,000 additional. One hundred houses ordered at $250 each will cost $25,000. They will require for their furniture; and 100 houses at $125 each, with same furnishments, $17,500. This will make $67,500 for the erection and furnishing of 200 houses. The remainder of the 1,500 houses to be supplied. To do this will cost $225,000, with $15,000 for furniture.

"These figures show that it will cost about $240,000 to erect and furnish 300 houses (building); but it will be found that a great many of the old ones will want to put up their own buildings, and this of course will lighten up the expense. Allentown has ordered the lumber material, y. But to be liberal, let us say that the cost of completing this order of rebuilding and furnishing houses will be $240, 000 ... we need to carry it out on this basis, proportion.

A COLLISION PROBABLE

Between the Commission and Johnstown's Citizens.

THE CITY'S FINANCIAL LOSS.

It Has Been Grossly Exaggerated and Will Not Reach 20c Millions—The Commission's Plans for the Reconstruction of Johnstown.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 24.—L. R. Reed, surgeon general of Pennsylvania, arrived here yesterday, and in company with Surgeon Foster, of the Fourteenth regiment, made a thorough inspection of the city and all the various camps. In his report to Gen. Hastings, Dr. Reed says that he discovered nothing likely to produce an epidemic, except in the workmen's camp, where the refuse has been allowed to accumulate around the tents. This defects was ordered remedied at once.

Col. Spangler, commissary general, in his report to Gen. Hastings, says that 25,000 persons are being fed out of the relief fund, a decrease of 2,500 during the week. He recommends that the relief fund be turned over to the citizens, and that supplies be purchased from the commissary general instead. Thereafter new open will that one-third of the commissaries be abolished.

A complete list of the houses entirely swept away in Cambria City, of which not a vestige remains, shows the number to be 393.

Work Suspended.

Work was entirely suspended yesterday in the ruins of Johnstown. Open air services were held by the pastors of the homeless churches.

The Fourteenth regiment was called out on the parade and drill much to the delight of the boys.

Four bodies were recovered yesterday. The remains of two women and a little girl were found in Stony creek and the remains of a man were found in the Conemaugh river. The body of one of the women was identified by a letter found in her pocket as the wife of Mr. Clark, a grocer of Kittanning. The child is believed to be Mrs. Clark's daughter, as they were found lying close together.

All Saloons Closed.

The order of Judge Johnston that all saloons be closed on account of the reunion of it comes has had a good effect, and good order and sobriety prevails.

A Collision Probable.

A collision between the Johnstown citizens' committee and Governor Beaver's commission over the matter and manner of restoration of this city and its environs is probable. Johnstown people have an idea that with the hundreds of thousands of dollars donated for their relief by the sympathetic people of the east and other countries something approximating the pristine condition of affairs should result. The governor's relief commission thinks differently, and it has with likely prevail. In numbers desires to place the means at their command in such manner as will render comfortable all those entitled to assistance until such time as they can get to work and make permanent improvements they desire.

The Pittsburg members of the relief commission are expected to be over from Pittsburg today. They have been not a little amused at the exaggerated reports of losses caused to real and personal property by the flood. It is generally believed that the commission will not be able to make a showing that will warrant the losses would run from $20,000,000 to $25,000,000. This statement at the commission's work figuring on the matter, and the result is expected to be quite different.

Johnstown's Financial Loss.

"According to the estimate of James McMillan, Gen. Beaver and other members of the commission of Johnstown the aggregate loss of houses was about 1,800. This includes the losses in the Conemaugh valley. In figuring up what it requires to build a house, the cost of labor, necessary articles, but of course without throwing in any frills, it takes about $50, as circles of carpets. But for the sake of argument and computation let us say that these 1,800 houses would require $200 each to furnish them, or $360,000; but to give all the margin necessary let us call it a half million dollars for the furniture.

"Now, the average cost of replacing these 1,800 houses would not be over $2,000 each or $3,600,000; and again, to give a margin it would be incredible to have to replace the figures, let us put this at $5,000,000, plus the $500,000 for loss of furniture, and you have the whole amount (which is one-tenth of the floo) is. Of course these figures do not include the losses of the Pennsylvania railroad or the Cambria iron company, but we have nothing to do with them. I am willing to bet a dollar that the real estimate will not reach 2½ per cent. of the amount published. We very much doubt the correctness of the estimate of the property in Cambria county at $20,000,000. We will go further, we very much doubt it if Cambria county is worth $20,000,000. However, it is best enough, and the condition of the people must be looked to and alleviated at the earliest possible moment. How is that to be done? Let us figure.

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AUSTRIA TALKS PEACE.

But Evidently Strongly Meant "Red Handed War.

THE EMPEROR JOSEPH'S SPEECH.

He Stood for the Blessings of Peace, but Austria Will Continue Completing Her Means of Defense—An English View of the Situation.

VIENNA, June 24.—Emperor Francis Joseph in receiving the delegations, said that Austria's foreign relations and general foreign policy were unchanged, and that they were entirely friendly. It was with the interests of armaments that complete Austria not to halt in the work of completion of her defense.

"Hilan's Regretful Action."

Regarding Servia, the emperor said the Milan's regrettable action had given power to the majority of the party in a regency. The government had received from the regents formal assurances that friendly relations with Austria would be maintained. It continued: "I with the same and hope that the whole political position of the Servian state will protect Servia from serious dangers. I rejoice that order and peace reign in Bulgaria and am pleased at her continued progress in spite of the difficult situation. The emperor closed by saying that the special credits asked would be devoted to strength ening the army.

An English View.

LONDON, June 24.—The speech of the Austrian emperor to the delegations of the empire gives but little encouragement to those who have been depressing the war prospects which have filled the air for the past two weeks. The full text of the speech does not contain a single sentence to justify the superior expresses the hope that peace will continue, but the strength of his expectations in this respect may be measured by the urgency with which he emphasizes the necessity for arming the military forces. The speech shows no pains to conceal the emperor's deep distrust of the Servian regency, nor is there any effort to disguise the threat at Russia which the commendation of Bulgaria's government carries with it.

DANGEROUS EXPERIMENTING.

Two Boys Killed While Playing with an Old Stage Boiler.

PHILADELPHIA, June 24.—Harry and William Jesser, aged 15 and 17 years respectively, living at No. 821 South Third street, were killed Saturday by the explosion of an old range boiler, with which they were experimenting. A boy named Henry Kniese was out in the yard, and Mrs. Pora Kniese was badly scalded a out the back.

The Jesser boys were fond of mechanical experiments, and were using the old boiler to generate steam, with which they ran a small stage engine. The steam passed through gas pipes from the boiler to the engine. The boys intended to attach the engine to an ice cream freezer, and thus make it useful instead of a mere curiosity. About noon, while Harry was oiling the engine and Willie was tanking the fire with bricks, a terrific explosion occurred, which was felt for blocks around. Both boys were hurled some distance and frightfully crushed, both by being thrown against the walls and also by being struck with flying bricks and pieces of metal. Harry died instantly, and Willie lived only an hour.

The little Kniese boy and his mother were watching the experiment from the adjacent shed.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Necessary Up to Date of the Leading Ball Clubs of America.

The standing of the clubs in the three larger baseball associations is as follows:

The National League.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Boston	57	36	21	.632
Cleveland	57	34	23	.596
Philadelphia	57	33	24	.579
New York	57	32	25	.561
Chicago	57	31	26	.544
Pittsburg	57	29	28	.509
Indianapolis	57	23	34	.404
Washington	57	11	46	.193
Games lost		11	11	

The American Association.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
St. Louis	58	36	22	.621
4th side	58	34	24	.586
Brooklyn	58	33	25	.569
Baltimore	58	32	26	.552
Cincinnati	58	31	27	.534
Kansas City	58	29	29	.500
Columbus	58	25	33	.431
Louisville	58	24	34	.414
Games lost		24	24	

The Brotherhood Association.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Jersey City	58	36	22	.621
Hartford	58	34	24	.586
Boston	58	33	25	.569
Newark	58	32	26	.552
Buffalo	58	31	27	.534
Pittsburg	58	29	29	.500
New Haven	58	25	33	.431
Games lost		24	24	

Sunday's Games.

At Louisville—
Louisville.....0 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0—4
St. Louis.....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Batteries: Ramsey and Vaughan; Chamberlain, Hudson and Milligan.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Batteries: Carpenter and Reynolds, Baldwin and Peoples.

At Philadelphia—
Athletic.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Baltimore.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Batteries: Seward and Robinson, Kilroy and Tate.

At Cincinnati—
Kansas City.....2 0 2 1 0 1 0 1 0—7
Cincinnati.....0 2 0 1 0 5 4 0 x—12
Batteries: Stivetts and Hoover, Duryea and Kerins.

At Newark—
Jersey City.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Rochester.....0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 x—3

Weather Indications.

Slightly warmer; more sultry and partly cloudy, with rain, followed by showers.

MASONIC APPOINTMENTS.

Grand Master Hayes announces the following appointments:

Grand Marshal—Thomas Bayley, New York.

Grand Sword Bearer—Thomas Bayley.

Grand Stewards—Robert Carter, New York; Charles W. Camp, Lodge No. 344; Edmund Cleveland, grand steward; William J. Pelton, Albany, grand steward; Charles W. Mead, Albany, grand steward; Samuel J. Campbell, New York, Lodge No. 1; Cook, Lodge; William Wheeler, Lodge; George Andrew Jones, Dundee grand steward; Frederick P. Morris, Pulaski, grand steward; Alfred H. Prest, New York, junior grand steward; George H. Sandford, New York, grand secretary; Herman D. Casper, New York, grand steward; George Strauss, New York, grand steward; Joseph Hone, New York, grand steward; Daniel Parrott, Grand Tyler; Edward Mather, Brooklyn; Edward G. Williams, Brooklyn; James G. Janeway, New York; George Burt, New York; Charles C. Herman, D. Casper, New York, grand steward; George Strauss, New York, grand steward; Joseph Hone, New York, grand steward; Daniel Parrott,

Where Were Ye Planets.

Neglected Wife—Why don't you go to work?

Husband (after de wall)—I can't get no tools.

Neglected Wife—Dinnis Rafferty offered you go to fix his fence, and you have a saw, and a plane, and an hammer and nails. What more do you want?

Husband—I know what's no good, and I ain't got no time for shoutin' to it. Ole Snails fix his fence himself.

Same Husband—Some hours later.—Biddy Say, with, I've escaped from the penitentiary. Gim me some other clothes, so I kin fight out again.

Wife—My, my! How did you get out?

Husband—I dug forty feet underground with a two inch fork, then cut my way through two feet of stone wall and ten inches of boiler iron with a saw made out of a tin dinner plate.—New York Weekly.

Delicate Shades.

Boston Flatbush, Esq.—I suppose you don't speak to the common herd any more, Miss Lockleigh?

Miss Lockleigh (who has just realized largely)—Why, certainly! Mr. Flatbush, how do you do?—Life.

Most Too Honest.

A day or two ago a middle aged man called at police headquarters and asked to see the superintendent, and as that official was out he said he would call again. He returned in the evening, but too late, and as he would not state his business to any one else, he was told to come next forenoon. He did come, but the superintendent was very busy, and he finally entered the captain's private room, took a small package from his pocket and said:

"Captain, this does not belong to me and I have no right to keep it."

The captain opened the paper, and lo! a silver dime was revealed.

"Where did you get this?" asked the official.

"Found it on Thirteenth street."

"Well, what of it?"

"Some one lost it."

"Yes, I suppose so, but why did you bring it here?"

"Because I want to be honest. I could not find the loser, and so I brought it here to be advertised."

The captain arose and talked to him in five different languages, and when the man flew down the hall he was heard to remark that if he ever found another ten cent piece he'd be hanged if he wouldn't chuck it into his pocket and let the loser go to Halifax.—Detroit Free Press.

The Money Saved.

Detective—I have discovered, sir, that your confidence bookkeeper, Mr. De Clerk, is a defaulter to the extent, of many thousands of dollars. As he had lived prodigally, and has not gambled in stocks, he must still have all your money in his possession; but if we arrest him, you will never get it, of course; and if we corner him and try to compromise for half or two-thirds, he will probably skip to Canada with the whole boodle.

Business Man—My goodness! Mr. De Clerk! Lr. De Clerk—Yes, sir.

Business Man—Mr. De Clerk, a few days ago I refused you the hand of my daughter, and I afterward employed this gentleman, who is a detective, to look closely into your personal character and past history. His report refers in such detail to your correct habits and business aptitude that I have changed my mind. You shall have her.—New York Weekly.

Perfectly Satisfactory.

"Have you any work on punctuation?" she asked at the book store.

"Sorry to say we are just out."

"Well, perhaps you could tell me what I want to know. What does a mark under a word signify?"

"That is to emphasize the word."

"Oh—I see. Thank you."

And as she passed out a clerk heard her whisper to herself:

"And James put five marks under the word 'Dear'!"—Detroit Free Press.

The Least of Two Evils.

"James," said Mrs. Slasher, "I wish when you go to town today you would stop and match these ribbons."

"Clara," replied Mr. Slasher, "you go and let me stay home and mind the baby."—Cloak and Suit Review.

A Hopeless Task.

Husband (100 years hence, when women rule)—My dear, I expect to go to town today. If you could spare me a little cash.

Wife (from bed)—Certainly, darling. You will find some loose change in my pocket.—Cloak and Suit Review.

Physically True.

Landlady—Be careful how you whip that carpet. It's a very fine piece of goods.

Tramp (working for his dinner)—Yes'm. It's hard to beat.—Omaha World.

Offering a Substitute.

"See here! The calico you sold me won't wash."

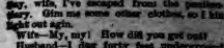
"It won't, eh! Then let me sell you a wash machine."—Detroit Free Press.

Only One Way.

Westerner—Yes, sir, I believe it is absolutely impossible to reform a horse thief.

Easterner—Nothing easier. Make a sailor of him.—New York Weekly.

Athirst for Information.



"That is Tom's yacht off there on the horizon, Harriet."

"Why, how elegant! I'll not kiss when he comes in what the horizon looms like when he is due to it."—Mooney's Weekly.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED,
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 23 Front St. Plainfield.

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Blue Stone Flagging.
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Money to Loan on approved security.
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GIVEN AWAY
10 days only.
A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $3 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

SPECIAL,
Friday and Saturday.
Gentlemen's
4-Ply Linen Cuffs 13c
actually worth 25c.
4-Ply Linen Collars, 8c
real value, 15c. All good styles, and lowest prices ever heard of for these goods, at
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corner of Front and Somerset streets.

Fresh Garden Seeds,
Garden Tools,
RANGES, LAUNDRY STOVES,
Cutlery, etc.
N. H. & J. J. HEIDELOFF
13 Somerset street

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FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE SHOP
corner of Third and Madison avenues. Rear of Arcade Block. We are prepared to [illegible] at short notice, Counter Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Gearing, Screw Cutting, Drilling, Punching and Shearing Iron, Brass Castings, Iron Fronts, Store Shutters, Iron Stairs, Iron Railing, Iron Fences, Cresting, Iron Settees, Cellar Doors, Coal Hole Covers, Sidewalk Lights, Tree Guards, Vault Doors, Iron Shutters, Fire Escapes, Iron Bedsteads, Wire Mattresses, Wire Cloth, Wire Screens, Wire Guards, Wire Work of every description, Ornamental Iron Work of every description, Iron Work for Buildings, Iron Columns, Iron Girders, Iron Beams, Iron Work for Bridges, Iron Work for Roofs, Iron Work for Fences, Iron Work for Stairs, Iron Work for Railroads, Iron Work for Mills, Iron Work for Factories, Iron Work for Machinery, Iron Work for Mining Purposes, Iron Work for Agricultural Purposes, Iron Work for Manufacturing Purposes, Iron Work for Architectural Purposes, Iron Work for Ornamental Purposes, Iron Work for Domestic Purposes, Iron Work for Miscellaneous Purposes, Iron Work for Everything.
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31 WEST FRONT STREET,
All kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
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I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

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TIN WORK
PORTABLE and BRICKSET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to
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2d and 3d floors. Box 1288.

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1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at
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MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE
Clothing House,
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RHEUMATISM.
Brooks up weights and quits and purifies the blood. MIKE QUIRK'S
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81 & 83 Somerset St.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.
I keep in stock all the Fabrics branded of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is a specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BUCKEYE tools constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

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EASTER GOODS
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Practical Mechanic, 19 years' experience. Best of references. Leave orders at Brokaw's Real Estate Office, corner of North avenue and Second st. Prices, $5.00 to $15.00 per piano. Satisfaction guaranteed. Do you want your Piano and Organ tuned? Give me a call. Do you wish a key or rest? Call and see what I can offer. JOB. BATTELL Piano Maker 33 East Front street.

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Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Ribbons, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pleating, Stamping and Hemstitching done. Dyed Cleaned and Cured at short notice.
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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at [illegible] for New York.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at [illegible] for Newark.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at [illegible] for Somerville.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at [illegible] for Easton.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

[illegible] For Boston, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Canandaigua, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Montreal, Quebec, Upper Lake Steamers, Kingston, Ottawa, Thousand Islands, Portland, Me., Boston, Mass., Worcester, Mass., Springfield, Mass., Hartford, Conn., New Haven, Conn., Providence, R. I., Fall River, Mass., Newport, R. I., Mauch Chunk, Ashland, Shamokin, Sunbury, Lewisburg, Watkins, Elmira, Geneva, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge

GIRLS OF THE PERIOD.

FROM THESE ARE TO COME THE WOMAN OF THE FUTURE.

The Fast set, the Masculine One, and the Fashionable and Learned Classes—Undeserved the Little Eccentricities—Its Coolness and Brightness.

Just now it is fashionable to declare that the girl of the period is typical of the woman of the future. What is the typical girl of the period? And what is the period? It is a period of rapid advancement in every way; there is but little time to sit down and think, or to fold the hands and rest, if one would keep up with the world. There is so much to see, to do and to hear that repose is not to be thought of. No one rests out; one wears out.

FOUR KINDS OF TEES.

This, then, is a fast period, and we have a "fast girl" that it has produced. But is she the prototype of the women of the future? Not alone, for there are many varieties in this American girl of the period. For the period is not only fast, but it is also complex, having produced more than one or two types of girl. We have the fast girl, and her opposite, the domestic girl; there are, also, the learned girl, the masculine girl and the stylish girl.

The domestic girl is brought up carefully at home, where all her thoughts are centered. She sympathizes with her brothers and sisters in their troubles and takes care of them when they are ill. She helps in the housekeeping, superintends the servants, takes charge of the household mending, and is perfectly happy in so doing. Her manner is quiet and affectionate, her smile ready and her disposition cheerful. Her amusements are in her home, and for outside excitement she has her choir practice, her school and Dorcas society. But even these do not interfere with her home duties. She is always ready in every emergency to do what is necessary, and it is to her that the family looks in time of trouble. The domestic girl is sweet and kind. She is not brilliant, nor beautiful, perhaps, but *you love her just as much as if* she were.

The learned girl is also a product of the period, and, since the period has produced her, we ought to be fond of her. We are fond of her in a way, but sometimes she knows just a little too much. She wants to go to college, and after she gets there she knows the best of her companions and graduates with honors. She is clever, hard working and ambitious. She is inclined to look down upon girls who know less than she does, and she rarely indulges in anything so frivolous as a flirtation. She has views, and she longs to express them. Frequently these views are swallowed up in matrimony; but occasionally they are expressed from the lecture platform, or printed in a magazine devoted to showing woman's superiority over man.

The masculine girl is sorry that she was not born a boy. But as it is too late to waste much time over that unalterable fact, she goes to work to be as mannish as possible. She wears the most masculine looking hat that is in keeping with the fashion, and tilts it just a little on one side. She has her coats and jackets cut like a man's, and frequently walks with her hands in her pockets. If she carries an umbrella she uses it as if it were a cane, and whistles it sure. She affects to like like girls and their amusements; she assumes masculine attitudes, sits along and whistles. But all heart she is a genuine girl, sincere and genuine, and enjoys what other girls enjoy. Her assumed masculine airs are amusing, and we like her for them.

THE FASHIONABLE GIRL.

The fashionable girl has perhaps been more seriously considered as the typical girl of the period, and more severely criticised than the types mentioned above, and yet she is no worse than they are. She occupies a niche *for which she was born, as they do, and fills* it as creditably. She has been accused of heartlessness, artificiality and selfishness, but these are the charges that are lavished on her very youth. Then, surely, it is not her fault. She goes from a luncheon to a tea, from that to a dinner, and afterward to the opera and a ball. The greater part of her life is given to dress and society. She has little time to cultivate her mind, for one entertainment follows another in such rapid succession that her life is one of constant excitement.

Very often the heart becomes a little hardened and the mind dulled to much that is best and beautiful in life; but that this is not always so we have ample proof among the many happy homes of the fashionable girls, both before and after marriage.

These are all of the period, and their types may be found in *every city and town* in the United States. They represent different phases of the American character, and are each admirable and interesting. Who can say that one of them types is more representative of the American girl of the period than another? Are we going to criticise them and say that the fashionable girl is inclined to be heartless, do we not sometimes find the domestic girl a little dull and commonplace, despite her many virtues? Does not the fast girl occasionally shock our sense of refinement? Is not the learned girl a little pedantic and didactic? And do we always like the girl who tries to be manly? After all, is this not artificiality there, too, as well? We do not want our girls to be all alike.

It is the variety that is so charming. We must like them for what they are, not for what they are not. The grace and tact of the fashionable girl are, in their way, as admirable as the more sterling qualities of the domestic sister; the high spirits of the fast girl are breezy and refreshing for their saturations; the learned girl is to be respected for her energy and devotion to her studies and for her earnest views of life, while the masculine girl is not uninteresting.

From these girls we shall have our women of the future, and who shall say that the promise is not good? For underneath the gay spirits, artificiality, pedantry and affectation of mannishness are to be found sincerity, independence, womanliness and the positive tact and brightness that make the American woman the most charming in the world.—Pattey in New York Star.

A Fan of the Wheel.

Young Wynghiesi (bicycle enthusiast)—Well, old man, when shall we welcome you to the ranks of the cyclers?

Grumpson—Never. I despise a machine that requires three cranks to operate it, two at the wheel and one in the saddle.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Coal tar, formerly a troublesome waste of the gas industry, affords us about sixteen distinct yellow colors, about twelve oranges, more than thirty reds, about sixteen blues, seven greens, nine violets and a number of browns and blacks, besides mixtures of several compounds, producing an almost infinite number of shades and tones of color.

The "most valuable cat's eye in the world" has gone to London from Ceylon. It weighed originally, when found by a laborer, one hundred and seventy-five carats. He sold it for thirty rupees. It has been cut and now weighs one hundred and seventy carats, and is insured for thirty thousand rupees.

THE BRIDE'S LETTER.

Dear Helen, you will be surprised
To get a note so soon after the first
Bridal flutter, received—
And scribbled at my very worst.

I've lost a pencil, as you see,
A leaf from Harry's diary torn,
And then I'm writing on my knee
And feel a little bit forlorn.

We're on the train still. I'm almost
Harry's in the smoking car
There isn't room. My time's my own;
But, Helen, dear, how strange was are!

Three days ago—time quickly flies,
And Harry is my husband now—
Since all the kisses and good-byes,
And all the trembling hopes and fears.

Of course, he likes to smoke, but then
You always used to say, you know,
Women could train their men.

Ah, yes, indeed! I find it so.

Most of my dresses seem clean spoil;
Of course, I'm happy—only life
Looks different now the world is changed;
I can't believe I'm Harry's wife.

And yet I know I am, for here
(What tiny theme one's wrath may steer)
I'm sitting quite composedly,
And he—is in the smoking car.

—Madeline S. Bridges in Judge.

SAD HISTORY OF A CAT.

Tom Will Recognize Him by the Tomato Can Tied to His Head.

A person who has evidently been driven insane through the midnight music of cats sends the following communication to The St. Louis Republic: My tortoise shell cat was presented to me five times; each time he returned to the place of his birth, to be thrown into a willow basket and lustfully back to me. He continued to act in this way, receiving a new name each time, until he was hardly presentable. The name which seemed to please him best was that of Sardanapalus, I called him so, and many times during the curtain he has never had even a chosen *named in honor* of him, but because early in life the cat evinced a liking for licking out the interior of sardine cans.

In the course of time Sardanapalus developed into a strong, manly cat, with a full blown nose. He attained great notoriety, chiefly at night. As soon as any one was stirring in the morning he would enter the study and curl up on the unabridged dictionary to take his day's rest. Managing by strict economy to make both ends meet, here he would lie, growling and striking out viciously whenever I wiped my pen on him or wished to borrow a Webster for the missing "s" in judgment.

But, alas, the morning of the 11th brought sad sorrow to my household. After a moment's search we discovered him in a vacant lot near by endeavoring to free himself from an empty corn can, which, as he was exploring its depths, had caught firmly in the fur behind his ears. The can had been opened only at one end, but a hole had been punched in the other end, so that Sardanapalus could breathe and get a view of the surrounding landscape to a limited extent. I approached cautiously to remove his ambuscade, but the instant I laid my hand tenderly upon him he shot down the street and was gone like a streak of good luck, knocking as he went two baby carriages off the track and leaving his pursuers far in the rear.

I went to the nearest drug store to telephone to all my friends living in the direction in which he had started out. I asked them to get a hold of him if they could, or, if that was not possible, to head him off.

But none of them succeeded and we never heard of him again.

We listen in vain for the rattles tread of his cushioned feet. I will never again crawl out of bed, tearing the seure robe of night on a rocking chair and swear Sardanapalus and his kindred and followers off the face of the earth. He left nothing by which to be remembered except a few locks of his hair, which I subsequently plucked from the rose bush, and the impression of his delicate form in the lettuce bed.

Increase of Bad Eyes.

Defective eyes are on the increase in spite of all our hygienic teaching. The cause lies, no doubt, in too much study of books in early life and in badly lighted rooms. There should be at least one square foot of window to every five square feet of floor in our school rooms, and that light should, if possible, be allowed to enter from the south or east, and preferably from the south. The quantity of light should at best be sufficient to enable ordinary print to be read with ease in the darkest corner of the room.

That, in addition to this, youth should have more out of door life to benefit the eyes, the eyes are only strengthened by a life in the open air. At least the eyes of students and those who live much indoors twice a day should be bathed in cold water and massaged carefully, as this is useful for them as for weakened muscles.—Herald of Health.

Fear Colors.

A curious feature of the National museum at Washington is the zoological section, or the department devoted to birds' eggs. It has about 40,000 birds' eggs, packed away in little trays placed in cases along the walls of the building. The eggs in the collection vary in size from that of the tiniest humming bird to that of the great black vulture. Perhaps all, is this not artificiality there, too, as well? We do not want our girls to be all alike.

It is the variety that is so charming. We must like them for what they are, not for what they are not. The grace and tact of the fashionable girl are, in their way, as admirable as the more sterling qualities of the domestic sister; the high spirits of the fast girl are breezy and refreshing for their saturations; the learned girl is to be respected for her energy and devotion to her studies and for her earnest views of life, while the masculine girl is not uninteresting.

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MOLOKAI'S HERO MARTYR.

FATHER DAMIEN, THE LEPER PRIEST, AND HIS ASSESSORS.

Some Account of Leprosy—Its History, Its Treatment and Its Extent—It Does Not Flourish Usually in Either Cool or Damp Climates.

The recent death of Father Damien, the "Hero Martyr of Molokai," the prompt acceptance of his vacant place and work by Father Dutton, of Syracuse, N. Y., and by the same fate, and the appearance of isolated cases of leprosy in America, have awakened a new interest in that dread disease. At the beginning, the most notable fact is the fact that but little more is known of its cause and essential nature than was known when "Gabriel was forth in the highways sent," and when "Ave, Ave, Ave" was in all Christendom thoroughly enforced that even a stricken king had to abandon his throne and become an outcast. But some important facts as to its treatment, and possible cure, still more as to alleviation, have been discovered, and in this line Father Damien did and suffered enough to entitle him to immortality.

This devoted priest, whose portrait has but just reached America and is here given, was a Belgian, born Jan. 3, 1840; at the age of 23 he developed a strong missionary spirit, and in 1860, when all of manhood was before him, he reached the Sandwich Islands as a missionary. On the 9th of May, 1873, he entered upon his work as a leper settlement, devoting his life voluntarily to those stricken people, and but recently the ravages of leprosy ended his noble life. When he entered upon his labor the settlement it was almost literally a "hell on earth."

FATHER J. DAMIEN.

Molokai, the leper island, is forty miles long and ten wide; at its *base* on the south and is a peninsula three miles long and a mile wide, which is connected with the main island by a neck connecting it with the main island a regular prison wall is built, and on all sides the cliffs rise some 2,000 feet above the sea except at one spot, where there is a gentle slope to the landing. On this secluded spot have been imprisoned for many years from 300 to 900 people, dying by dozens, uncared for except by the good priest Damien, and but poorly provided with necessaries at any time. The Hawaiian government surveyed their segregation, but too long neglected their comforts.

When Father Damien arrived the lepers had no houses but such flimsy huts as they could construct, were ragged, starved, and only the poorest food. The weakest and most despondent at once lay down and died; the stronger began what he called "the orgies of leprosy." Day and night the hideous howls of fertile land and taro root and sweet potatoes were tolerably plenty; of the latter the leper made a fiery liquor and drank to frenzy, followed by horrible debauch. The health huts in pagan dances was their common amusement, and its conclusion is usually in the most disgusting debauchery. In fact, dance and its accidences, in playing cards and in the frenzy or stupor of intoxication most of these doomed creatures wore away their days. Their only hope was in the priest's plain talk. "In this place there is no law."

Yet in that dread retreat noble sentiments survived and heroic devotion was witnessed. Healthy lepers voluntarily entered the settlement as wives and wives their husbands to a certain death, but children not tainted were forbidden entrance. As in the Orient, a leper is "wholly dead" in his relations, and his property administered upon and his family relations are dissolved as if he were buried. In some parts of the east this idea is carried so far that a sore or leprosy and a funeral and a shovelful of earth is cast upon the leper at the time of his official banishment to typify his complete extinction. In Kalawao, as the place is called, Father Damien wrought a wonderful reform.

The government was passed and the pestnests was soon dotted with neat cottages, in the center a handsome church, and near it a residence for the priest. Cows were taken to the retreat and a generous diet of milk and vegetables, together with fish, greatly heard now makes frequent visits. The mortality has decreased one-half and the disease so greatly mitigated as to raise sanguine hopes that a cure will be discovered. The morality of the settlement is good, and comfort and happiness are not entirely unknown.

For twelve years this hero labored in daily association with the lepers. Disease showed in lupous tubercles in his face, and early in 1885 he was prostrated most of the time. But the world was ringing with his fame and faithful followers appeared. That year arrived Father Conrady, a young priest, native of Oregon, and soon after seven Franciscan sisters, among them Mother Marianne as nurses in the leper hospital. Father Damien cast his remnant of strength in writing a comprehensive report to the Hawaiian government, but it is largely engrossed matter, and it is scarcely possible to read it without tears. He barely indulges a hope that a cure may be discovered, but proves that it may be greatly mitigated and the danger of infection abolished.

True leprosy is very rare in any branch of the Aryan race, and comparatively so in any race living in a cool or damp climate with an abundance and variety of vegetables. In Norway it has lately infected several persons, and in two localities of Canada. An American lady was recently secluded in Philadelphia with the disease in its worst form, having contracted it in Brazil, and a few months ago a case was reported in California of the Chinese immigration set in. It made frightful ravages in Europe soon after the crusades, but was finally banished by quarantine and improved living. Certain it is that it appears to have completely eliminated it from their race by long observance of the Mosaic law. In the crowded cantons of Asia, where hundreds of millions live in filth and poverty, is its true habitat. We may feel reasonably sure that Canada and the United States will escape, despite the Chinese, as long as fish continues and Canada and have abundant food.

A Book with a History.

Mrs. John Ogilvie Rostrick, of Mystic, has one of the twenty-two copies of the Book of copal prayer book, and administration of sacraments, in the Mohawk language, printed by special order of the Rev. John Ogilvie, chaplain of Queen Anne's regiment of New York, under whose auspices the entire work was published in 1769. These few copies were ordered by him to be bound in calf and used only for presents to particular friends. The book in question came into the hands of Sir William Johnson, superintendent of Indian affairs, and was given to Thomas, a child of the Mohawks, for whom he had a great regard. Jan. 6, 1770, it came into the hands of Eleazer Williams, reputed daughter of Francis and was presented by him to the present owner.—Hartford Courant.

Wheat and Women in Canada.

Wheat, which is now the chief crop of Imperial North-west millions, and is fast supplanting rushes in America and several inferior grains in Indie, was no doubt widely grown in the prehistoric world. The Chinese cultivated it 2700 B. C. as a gift direct from heaven; the Egyptians attributed its origin to Isis and the Greeks to Ceres. On account of the distribution of wheat over the Roman Empire, that Ceres, having taught her favorite Triptolemus agriculture and the art of bread making, gave him her chariot, a celestial vehicle which he used in mystical travels for the purpose of distributing corn to all nations.

Ancient monuments show that the cultivation of wheat has been established in Egypt before the invasion of the shepherds, and there is evidence that more productive varieties of this cereal than Mummerable varieties exist of common wheat. Col. Le Couteur, of Jersey, cultivated 150 varieties. Mr. Darwin mentioned 150 varieties, positions who declared 250 varieties, and the great Bauhin of French and merchants, Vilmorin-Andrieux et Cie., cultivate about twice as many in their trial grounds near Paris.

The most small grained varieties of common wheat were cultivated by the first lake dwellers of Switzerland (time of Trojan war), and as well as by the bronze men of the era of western Switzerland and of Italy, by the people of Hungary in the stone age, and by the Egyptians on the summons of a friend. One variety, which grows wild in Persia, and in which the date of 3250 B. C. has been assigned. The existence of names for wheat in the most ancient languages confirms this evidence of the antiquity of the cereal, as in all the more temperate parts of Europe, Asia and Africa, but it seems impossible that wheat has ever been found growing wild in any native state, although "Ears" has often been asserted by poets, travelers and historians.

In the Odyssey, for example, we are told that Ulysses, in Sicily where the cold season, but a blind poet could not have seen this himself and a botanical fact can hardly be accepted from a writer who owns neither sea nor land. Diodorus repeats the tradition that Osiris found wheat and barley growing promiscuously in Palestine. Pliny writes of wheat, although "Ears" has often been asserted by poets, travelers and historians.

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The Fox Feigned Death.

There is one man in this great state whose *superiority in his specialty* is not in the least disputed—and that's Dan Gammon, of Canton, the celebrated teller of fox stories. There lives not in all Maine a person having sufficient hardihood to match himself against Dan Gammon in this art.

"Boys," says Dan, "I was out hunttin' a fox on old Canton Mountain one day. I heard my hounds er bayin' down on the west side av the mountin, and I knew he was closin' the fox and that ot I stood still about where I was the fox would circle raound that blue by.

"So I sot dawun behind a stone wall and waited. The haound hay' circlin' nearer and nearer and after long time the fox rounds up the mountain right straight for me. I waited till he got up to within fifty yards and then aimed my gun over the wall.

"Well, boys, all I could do I see that fox tumble right over, heels in the air. He laid thar as stiff as a corpse. For, boys, he was a corpse. I went up to him and he was none dead. Boys I never see a fox look so and knew it was Dan Gammon pintin' his old gun at him and he was skairt to death. Yes, boys, actually skairt ter death!

"Well, I pushed his kids off and left the carcass thar. I hadn't gone more'n 200 yards away when I happened ter look back and see that fox runnin' as light as he could jump, without his clothes on. The dogs never critter had played it on me after all. But, hang the luck! that afternoon a hunter from Hebron came along and shot him. If he hadn't done that the fox's fur would ha' growed as high by the next fall and I should ha' got $1.25 more ov 'em him, sure."—Lewiston Journal.

Show This to Your Husbands.

We copy a little sermon chock full of good suggestions:

Text: "Husbands love your wives."

1. Remember one final fault with her before others.

2. For contra, remember the counsel of the good book: "Her husband shall praise her in the gates," that is, before folks.

3. Bear with all the weakness of her, even then she'll bear more than you in spite of you.

4. If you want her to submit to your judgment, never ask her to submit to your solicitations.

5. A woman's life is made up of little things. Make her life happy by little courtesies.

6. Love is a wife's wages. Don't scrimp in your pay.—Herald of Health.

Where Women Has a Grip.

Typewriting is peculiarly woman work. Fully 75 per cent. of the operators are of this sex. The reasons assigned for this are varied. Some attribute the fact to the greater dexterity of feminine fingers and others to their greater cheapness. Neatness is also assigned as a reason for employing women. As the pay for typewriting operators who are stenographers averages about $18 per week, it will be seen that cheapness is not the least important element in giving preference to women. Instances are not infrequent of the young women get as high as $25 per week but they are exceptionally quick operators. The manner who receive from $5 to $7 a week is much greater.—Chicago Tribune.

Strawberries and Coffee.

The very best way of strawberry eating is with coffee. Nobody ever enjoys a taste of one who has not drunk it in alternate mouthfuls with strawberries, and nobody has known what a strawberry is who has not breakfasted solely after the clearing of the table, which comes from drinking coffee. The clearing property of the coffee is familiar enough, but there is a strange ingredient of the fruit which explains it. The best of strawberries with the best of coffee make the supreme refinement of indulgence in the fruit.—New York Evening Post.

Mme. Kowalewska.

Mme. Kowalewska, the lady to whom the institute awarded the grand prix de mathematique, is descended from the Matthias Corvinus, king of Hungary. She is a professor of mathematics in a Swedish college, and about 40 years old. Her reputation in the scientific world here is on a par with that of Mrs. Somerville. She was at one time poor in Paris she attended a sitting of the Academy of Sciences, on which occasion she was received with special honors.—London Daily News.

Tramcar Accidents.

A friend of the late manufacturer in Mr. Ludwig Wandel, of Philadelphia, of the electric railway, who insists on having his name written or printed in full whenever mention is made.

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Celebrates his fourteenth consecutive prosperous season with a store well stocked with the newest and most desirable goods, and with prices that will please you. Our motto: Low prices and square dealing. Our aim: To please you. Our success: Proven by the fact that we have increased our business every year. Our store: Is the largest and most complete in Plainfield. Our stock: Is always fresh and new. Our prices: Are always low. Our goods: Are always as represented. Our invitation: Is extended to you to call and see us. Our guarantee: Is back of every purchase you make. Our Carpet Department: Is filled with the latest patterns in Brussels at 45c.; Tapestry Brussels at 35c.; Ingrain at 25c.; Extra Super at 50c.; Moquette at $1.25; all of which are 25 per cent. less than elsewhere. Our Rug Department: Is filled with Smyrna at $1.25; Moquette at $1.50; Bokhara at $2.50; Axminster at $2.50; Wilton at $3.50; Velvet at $3.50; Body Brussels at $1.50 and $2.00. Our Shoe Department: Is filled with the best shoes for the money. Men's Calf Shoes at $2.50; Ladies' Dongola Kid at $1.50; Ladies' Fine Kid at $2.00; Misses' Spring Heel at $1.25 to $1.50; Children's Spring Heel at 75c. to $1.00. Our Clothing Department: Is filled with Men's Suits at $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and $18.00. Boys' Suits at $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and $18.00. Men's Pants at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and $18.00. Boys' Pants at 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and $18.00. Men's Overcoats at $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and $18.00. 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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.00 PERSON EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

MUSIC IS THE ONLY SENSUAL GRATIFICATION IN WHICH MANKIND MAY INDULGE TO EXCESS WITHOUT INJURY TO THEIR MORAL OR RELIGIOUS FEELINGS.—Addison.

NO MAN OR WOMAN OF THE RUSSELLITE SORT CAN REALLY BE STRONG, CHEERFUL, PURE AND GOOD WITHOUT THE WORLD BEING BETTER FOR IT, WITHOUT SOMEBODY BEING HELPED AND COMFORTED BY THE VERY EXISTENCE OF THAT GOODNESS.—Phillips Brooks.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 176; days to come, 189.

—The Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will give a reception at their rooms this evening.

—The Plainfield Horsing Club will meet this evening to decide about the date of their next "fly".

—The Plainfield West Ends defeated V. Schuyler's nine at base ball Monday by the score of 20 to 4.

—One of the best household periodicals that reaches the exchange editor's table is Plainfield and Farm, published at Plainfield, Pa., and Springfield, Ohio. There are twenty-four columns each year, and the subscription price is only fifty cents.

—The fourth lecture on "Inspired Church History" will be delivered this evening at 7:45 in the hall over the Dime Savings Institution, No. 0 East Front street. Subject—"Pergamus: The Church United to the World" —Rev. ii: 13-17. All are cordially invited.

—Now is the time when the small boy—instead of remaining at home to weed the garden or do some similar duty—is away saving the glory of some "Little Terrors", or some such, base-ball club. There is hardly a field in the city, provided it is large enough, that does not have its quota of small boys trying to imitate their elders in the national game.

—A project is under way to have the whole people of the United States join in singing the "Star Spangled Banner" at a fixed hour the Fourth of July. The idea is to have President Harrison name Thursday, July 4, as the date, and when the signal to begin singing is given by him the wires shall flash the news over all the country, so that the singing may be going on all at once.

—As the tennis tournament held at Mr. Rushmore's was so great a success, it has been decided to have another tournament this week Saturday. The contest will be limited to "mixed doubles" on the Central avenue courts. The object is to increase the building fund of the Y. M. C. A. It is hoped by this that all friends of the Y. M. C. A. and the tennis-loving part of the community will be well represented on the courts.

—The method by which the direction of the subterranean flow of water underneath Plainfield was found to be from the northeast to the southwest was simple but satisfactory. A quantity of coal was the only agent necessary, and after several experiments it was found that the only time the oil reappeared in the wells of the surrounding town poured into the earth on the northeast side was when the northern section had been visited. The line of underground current was without exception towards the southwest.

PERSONAL.

Miss Emma Dixon, of Harlem, is visiting her cousin, Miss Eleanor T. Morrison, of Madison avenue.

Miss Nellie Boice, of Bound Brook, is the guest of her cousin, Dr. Chas. R. Theiss, of West Front street.

The New York World says that Mr. and Mrs. James McClure, who are well-known in Plainfield, are at the Hotel Albion, Spring Lake.

The family of Mr. J. R. VanDeventer, of Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield, have left town for a few weeks' vacation at the White Mountains, New Hampshire.

The many friends of James T. McElroy, M. D., will be pained to hear of his death. He was a grandson of Mrs. Verdon, of Somerset street. His home was on Grandview avenue.

Mr. Rudolph Herring, Plainfield's waterworks engineer, is a prominent figure at the thirty-seventh annual convention of the American Society of Civil Engineers now in session at Seabright, N. J.

At a special meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle Club held last evening Messrs. J. Munn, A. G. Slevin and L. Walz were appointed a committee to prepare resolutions of regret and condolence at the death of their late fellow-member, Herbert W. Peck.

Mr. Randolph Dunham, of the corner of Fifth street and Madison avenue, met with an accident several weeks ago which has resulted in a diseased bone that proves worse than a fracture. Dr. Pitts has been in attendance daily ever since. Mr. Dunham is the father of Surveyor P. A. Dunham and of D. M. Dunham, merchant tailor.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1. Saturday	68	86	71
2. Sunday	68	86	70
3. Monday	67	86	70
4. Tuesday	67	90	73
5. Wednesday	68	90	73
6. Thursday	68	84	70
7. Friday	68	84	70
8. Saturday	68	84	70
9. Sunday	68	70	71
10. Monday	68	70	71
11. Tuesday	70	84	70
12. Wednesday	68	84	70
13. Thursday	68	86	70
14. Friday	68	86	70
15. Saturday	68	86	70
16. Sunday	68	86	70
17. Monday	68	86	70
18. Tuesday	68	86	70
19. Wednesday	68	86	70
20. Thursday	68	86	70
21. Friday	68	86	70
22. Saturday	68	86	70
23. Sunday	68	86	70

OBITUARY.

Rudolph MacDonald.

From Green River, N. J., comes the news of the sudden death of Rudolph MacDonald, one of Plainfield's Councilmen-at-Appeals. Mr. J. Fred MacDonald, son of the deceased, received a dispatch at ten o'clock this morning, bearing the sad tidings, and he at once left to make arrangements for bringing the remains to this city.

Mr. MacDonald was about sixty years of age and had been in the grocery business in Plainfield since 1866, when he came to New Jersey from New York.

Some years ago he took his son into partnership, and recently made him sole proprietor. He was a wealthy man, the result of his own industry, and was one of Plainfield's best known citizens.

For some time he had been suffering with pneumatic fever.

BOUND BROOK'S K. OF P. FAIR.

Plainfield Fast Chancellors To Contest for a Jewel.

Somerset Lodge, No. 56, Knights of Pythias, of Bound Brook, is making extensive preparations for a grand fair to begin July 2d. It promises to be one of the most successful benefits that the town has ever had. Every member of the Lodge is using time and influence in the effort to swell the funds of the organization, part of which it is intended to forward to Johnstown, for the relief of the families of brother Knights who perished in the flood. The Lodge has purchased an elegant P. C. jewel, said to be one most valuable in the State, which will be given to the one of the following Past Chancellors of neighboring lodges who gets the most votes before the closing night of the fair: William Dunham, of Friendship Lodge, No. 30, New Brunswick; Joseph Blimm, of Perseverance Lodge, No. 74, of Plainfield; E. W. Titsworth, of Unity Lodge, No. 102, Plainfield; A. J. Chamberlin, of Lodge of the Castle, No. 83, of Somerville; J. R. Hall, of Clement Lodge, No. 88, of Flemington; J. Jackson, of Star Lodge, No. 113, Clinton; and Charles Haberly, of Goodwill Lodge, No. 101, Scotch Plains. The home Lodge will divide its support equally among the contestants for the jewel.

Plainfield and No-License.

Here is the way The New York Commercial views the no-license coalition of Plainfield:

"The Netherwood Hotel certainly ought to have a wheel and a bicycle track. It is situated in such a secluded spot that it would have no transient business, particularly while it is possible to get a drink up in North Plainfield. The courts in New York have decided that wine is as much a necessity to some people at dinner as meat is to others; and as the Netherwood Hotel caters for and always has had that class of patrons where is the justice in withholding from its proprietor the privilege of supplying his guests with everything they need and desire? Plainfield's present policy is the reverse of sensible. It simply pouring money into the pockets of North Plainfield's saloon—sending Union county money into Somerset county—nothing more. It does not stop Plainfield men from drinking, for the Somerset county bosses are only three city blocks away from the Boulevard line, and as a matter of fact there is not as reputable a place as the meanest one Plainfield itself ever possessed. The policy, if persisted in, will probably close the City and Force's hotels, and greatly injure the magnificent Netherwood, situated far away in the hills."

A Blockade on the Central Road.

A blockade of trains on the New Jersey Central Railroad between Communipaw and the ferry-house caused much inconvenience yesterday and to-day, thousands of passengers being obliged to walk from half a mile to a mile in order to reach the boats. It was owing to difficulty in operating a new system of switches which has recently been put in, and which was tried for the first time yesterday. The station at Jersey City this morning was full of trains which could not get out, and the main tracks leading to it were full of trains which could not get in. Trains all along the line—and in consequence Plainfield mails—are late. It is thought that several days will be required to get the new switches in running order.

Wheelmen Bound South.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company are arranging to run special cars through from New York to Hagerstown, Md., for the accommodation of persons desiring to attend the annual meeting of the L. A. W. This road is particularly friendly towards wheelmen, and has given Mr. Newbourg, Captain of the Prospect Wheelmen of Brooklyn, charge of the transportation of wheelmen from this section. A pleasant trip is guaranteed. The train will pass through Philadelphia and Baltimore, and within one hour of the Capital at Washington. Any communications addressed to Mr. C. Newbourg, at No. 415 Broadway, will receive prompt attention.

Irving School Accepted.

The Board of Education in special session last evening accepted the completed business end of Surveyor P. A. Dunham and of D. M. Dunham, merchant tailor.

VERY TART AND POPULAR:

ORANGE, LEMON, RASPBERRY and CHERRY PHOSPHATES.

Frosted Cream Soda,

the success of the season. Cold Root Beer, ginger ale and all the latest novelties. On draught at the City Pharmacy.

Field & Randolph

PROPRIETORS,

21 WEST FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

INAUGURATING THEIR ORGAN.

A Beautiful Recital in a Handsome New Church.

The magnificent edifice which has just been completed by the people of the First Presbyterian church as their new house of worship was thronged last night with people who fully agreed with THE NEWS in the claim that "every part of the entire structure, its decorations and furnishings, are in perfect blending with the rest, while the complete work is a masterpiece of art, a marvel of symmetry and harmony."

It was the first time that the new church had been thrown open to the public, and on all sides were expressions which must have made the ears of Architect Tesla tingle with pleasure as he heard them. The building is admirably constructed and the conveniences and ornaments make every pore a satisfactory bit of property. The handsome pulpit and organ front are in clear view from every point, and the acoustic qualities are perfect.

Last evening witnessed the inaugural recital on the new $5,000 Hinners organ, whose brilliant powers were revealed by Messrs. Frank Taft and Henry Eyre Brown. The selections rendered included Handel's Overture to the Occasional Oratorio, Bach's Toccata and Fugue, in D minor, Lux's Chant Religieux, "O Sanctissima", Wagner's Bridal March from "Lohengrin" and "Pilgrims' Chorus from "Tannhauser", Batiste's Sonata, in G minor, Op. 30, Lachy Grand Fugue, in F, the "Thunder Storm", adapted by Taft, Schuman's Adagio, Second Symphony, Wider's Finale, Fifth Organ Symphony, and Batiste's offertoire de Ste. Cecile. Of these the Pilgrims' Chorus, played by Mr. Taft, was the best. The Thunder Storm was somewhat disappointing; the thundering and lightning were unobtrusive and were vivid and at times startling, but the story of the storm, its gathering clouds, distant threatenings, nearer approach, full-force hurtlings, dying-away and succeeding blue-skied calm, was disconnected and somewhat inartistic. Mr. Browne's rendition of Bach's toccata and Fugue was fully appreciated; and, indeed, every number was deservedly given hearty applause. The splendid range of the organ was well displayed. When its vox humana was brought into service one found it hard to dispel the illusion that a human voice of marvelous richness was really singing in some wild sweetness. At times the resonant trumps tones called to mind the army of the children of Israel advancing triumphant, or a tender peace came stealing through the air with soft bits of harmony that seemed like the distant echoes of silvery church bells. The finer notes brought recollections of the story told to childhood about the roughly-fashioned but mellow, tuneful instrument which man first made. The organ was grand or dainty, as the player's wish; but at all times it was inspiring, and the recital was one of thorough enjoyment.

During the evening Miss Blanche Fellows sang Mendelssohn's "For My Soul Thirsteth for God" and J. Fawcy's "In Dreams Have I Met My Saviour". The latter selection was in good voice, and the only fault critics found was that at times her accompanist, Mr. Browne, brought forth too heavy tones from the organ. Above the deepest notes, however, her voice rose bird-like, clear and sweet, and her enthusiastic admirers gave her a sincere encore.

The new church will be dedicated this evening. The services will be begun at eight o'clock. The pastor, Rev. Thomas Thompson, D. D., of New York, will preach.

MUSIC AND LITERATURE.

A Benefit Entertainment for Wilson Memorial Chapel.

The entertainment at Reform Hall last evening for the benefit of the Wilson Memorial chapel at Washingtonville, was well attended. The programme included vocal and piano selections and recitations by the following volunteer talent:

Mrs. Lorenzo Mina, Lulu Smith, Miss Tostenson, Miss Baxter, Miss L. Castland, Mrs. VanDegrift, Mr. J. R. LaForest, Mr. R. Saringer, Mr. Wm. Goelber.

It was a creditable performance and the audience showed its appreciation by frequent applause.

For years the people of Washingtonville have wanted a place of worship, but it was found to be uphill work for such a small community.

The site has been secured; Mr. Teale, of this city, kindly presented the plans without cost, and some material has been collected; but the committee feel that they should have a substantial sum in the bank to insure the early completion of the work when once commenced. About three thousand dollars will be required.

A New Disease Among Horses.

An Elizabeth dispatch to The New York Tribune says that "a peculiar disease among horses, which has been in Union county and other parts of New Jersey a short time ago, is spreading. The animals are seized with dizziness and stagger, often falling to the ground. The disease is not identified with what is known as 'blind staggers', and is a puzzle to the veterinary surgeons."

—Tennis enthusiasts are of the opinion that an "open to all" tournament held on some Plainfield club's grounds would be well attended and would be a success.

SPECIAL,

This Week Only

Gentlemen's

4-Ply Linen Cuffs, 13c

actually worth 25c.

4-Ply Linen Collars, 8c

real value, 15c. All good styles and lowest prices ever heard of for these goods, at

H. A. POPE'S,

corner of Front and Somerset streets

NEW-JERSEY NEWS NUGGETS.

Princeton's Scientific Voyage.

Princeton's scientific expedition to the "land of fire" is now in the Straits of Magellan. Prof. Scott, it now will enter new ground. The straits will be passed with the aid of the electric search-light, and from there to Baker City, Oregon, at Brewer and Salt Lake City. At Baker City Prof. Scott will meet Prof. Libbey, of the Princeton party, who has been there for some time. Prof. Scott will then visit the Yellowstone Park and California; others will go to Mexico and Arizona. The party will be home in time for the opening of the college year. The college furnishes the scientific instruments. The purpose of the expedition is to make a complete map of the country along the line of the Southern Pacific railroad, and to collect fossils for the college museum. They also expect to fill up two or three volumes with their notes. The object of the expedition is not simply but discovery.

Fourth Effort of Jersey Pies.

The new sergeant has made his appearance for the season in the North Shrewsbury River. Four Red Bank men, in lazy motion, were all down the river in Highland Beach. The occasion on board the yacht consisted of refreshments, which was the only thing that prevented a fight. The sergeant was seen near the Navesink Club House, between Oceanic and the Highlands at Navesink. When first seen the crew were a long way off, but in lazy motion on the surface. As the boat drew nearer the supposed log became animated and an ugly head was lifted above the water. The sergeant was in the act of a half-clear in shape, but large horns ornamented it. The eyes appeared to be about the size of a silver dollar. After the monster had lifted its head it swam swiftly toward the shore and suddenly disappeared.

The four oarsmen were considerably frightened at first, but soon got lazy and indifferent. They went to Red Bank and did not look behind during their journey home. Reaching the city, they were met by a crowd of men who agreed that the snake was about fifty feet long.

A Family of Giants.

Three brothers were talking in the street in New Brunswick, all of who are big and aggregate more in weight, height and size than do most brothers. They are Captain Samuel Acken, of New Brunswick, who is six feet and a half inches in height, weighs 240 pounds, and is sixty-six years old; William Acken, of Monmouth county, who is six feet three inches in height, weighs 230 pounds, and is eighty-six years old; and Henry Acken, of Woodbridge, who measures six feet and a half inches in height, weighs 220 pounds, and is eighty-six years old; and Henry Acken, of Woodbridge, who measures six feet and a half inches in height, weighs 220 pounds, and is eighty-six years old. The joint weight of these three brothers is 690 pounds, and their joint height is eighteen feet seven and a half inches, and their combined ages 260 years. They had in early manhood the name of Adams are all of them a family of giants. Among the younger as well as the older generation of Ackens the name "Tom" is the biggest the stature of the officials of Middlesex county, and maybe head and shoulders above any other member of the Board.

Four Die in One Family.

Diphtheria has carried off the four children of Thomas Dunn, a well-known resident of Bordentown. The first victim was Lizzie, the one of the children died and on the following day another child died. Early last week Mr. Dunn's remaining children were taken sick and on Friday one of them died. On Sunday afternoon the fourth and last daughter died, and the next day the wife of the unfortunate man followed her children to the grave. The whole family of seven children in so short a time has completely prostrated Mr. Dunn, and he is now lying at his home dangerously ill. Several other fatal cases of diphtheria have recently occurred in Belleville.

Died.

McELROY—On Tuesday morning, June 25th, at his late residence, 23 Grandview avenue, James T. McElroy, M. D.

Notice of funeral to-morrow.

PECK—At Milford, Conn., suddenly, Saturday, June 22d, 1889, Herbert Winthrop Peck, aged 23 years.

Funeral services from the Trinity Reformed church, Plainfield, Wednesday afternoon, June 26th, at 3 o'clock. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private at convenience of the family.

SIMPSON—At New Brunswick, Sunday, June 23d, 1889, Caroline R., widow of William L. Simpson.

Interment in the Presbyterian Cemetery, North Plainfield, next Wednesday morning at 11:30.

Sealed Proposals.

Sealed proposals accompanied with plans and specifications will be received by the committees of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the counties of Somerset and Union for the erection of a bridge over Green Brook, Plainfield, Somerset county, N. J., on the line between said counties, to be opened on the 4th day of July, 1889, at the Hotel of J. H. Miller in Rec. of Plainfield, for an iron truss

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
SOMERSET COUNTY PRESS,
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY, AT 20 PUBLISHED AT 4.30 O'CLOCK
EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11
SOMERSET STREET,
BY
C. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TO BE DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The New York Sun has figured it out that on the first Sunday in June 119,464 persons went to see twenty-four baseball games in the Union.

The greatest distance yet traveled by an ocean steamer in twenty-four hours is 515 miles, made by the City of Paris on her last trip to this country.

There is only one singer alive who can strike high G and hang on to it. That is Miss Sybil Sanderson, the young Californian in Paris. The American trotting horse and the American high G are something to be proud of.

A single tax conference began in Paris June 11. It is a branch of the international land reform congress. French land reformers say there is now very little of the boasted peasant proprietorship of the soil left, only one-tenth of French land being owned by those who till it.

The Socialistic Co-operative Federation of London is to establish several stores. They will be on the plan of the other great co-operative stores of London, with features of their own. The labor day in them will be eight hours, for which the stores will pay full trades union rates.

One of the many minor morals to be drawn from the famous Chicago Carter divorce case is that it is not safe to keep old love letters or poetical effusions dealing with the tender passion that have been sent to you. The loved one and yourself may afterwards figure in a divorce case, and then where are you? Burn the letters.

A new compulsory educational law in Massachusetts incidentally brings private schools under the supervision of public school authorities. It provides that every child in a city or town shall attend for twenty weeks in the year a public school or some private school approved by the school committee of such city or town. This is called the Wardwell school law.

Not much inventive genius has sprung from Mexico, but recently two natives of that country constructed an electrical shoal water indicator for ships and boats that promises to have much value. A cylinder filled with shot and standing upright is suspended beneath the ship's keel. With it is connected an electrical bell, which rings when the cylinder strikes bottom.

There is a Tory organization of women in England called the Primrose Dames. They aid the present Conservative administration in all ways in their power, even to making stump speeches. The American wife of Lord Randolph Churchill is a prominent member of the Primroses. To offset their influence, women's Liberal associations have been formed throughout Great Britain to work for the other party.

The bi-centennial inauguration committee of New York, in 1989, will have even a tougher time than the centennial committee had in 1889. April 30 in that year will come on Sunday. But the first families in New York in 1989 will probably be the descendants of the present thrifty and industrious Italian laborers and rag pickers. It is the boast of the Italian laborer that if he earns twenty-five cents a day he saves ten of it.

There are 518 vacant Presbyterian churches in the synods of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Michigan. Presbyterians have migrated westward, and their places have been taken by foreigners who are not Presbyterians. A colored delegate to the general assembly reported that the missionary work of the denomination among his people in the south availed little since the negroes naturally did not incline to Presbyterianism.

George A. Chase, at the head of the Bowne cotton mills, at Fall River, Mass., has announced that after July 1 the mills will become a profit sharing establishment. Not less than six per cent. of the cash dividends of the concern will be divided among the employes on or before February, 1890. The plan will be tried as an experiment during six months. The management will do one what effect the arrangement will have on the quantity and quality of work turned out, also on the general carefulness and conduct of the employes.

Home rule for India is precisely the next great question which will agitate the world's minds of Englishmen. The annual congress of natives of India, now including 1,000 members, have issued a significant declaration of rights. Among their demands is one that the natives of India shall be freely admitted to administrative and executive places. They demand also the entire reconstruction of the legislative council. The movement extends throughout India and includes both Hindoo and Mahometan subjects. A native student said of the superior race recently: "The English came into our country as peddlers, they continued in it as robbers, and they will soon be kicked out as lunatics."

There are in Boston over 440,000 people. Of these 256,359 go to church on Sunday. The rest go somewhere else or stay at home.

The rate of postage to Canada has been reduced. Hereafter it will be three cents for each ounce or fraction of an ounce.

"Irreverence for the law is bred in us," said Mr. William O'Brien, speaking for himself and the Irish in general, at his examination before the Parnell commission, in London.

The three electrical machines that are to be used for executing murderers in New York have cost a pretty penny. They destroy life in the one hundred and fiftieth part of a second.

The best wheat in the world is claimed to be produced in the valley of the Red River of the North, and at less cost than anywhere else.

A member of the medical staff of the Chicago insane asylum thinks that death would be better for women than being sent to that asylum.

A lawyer in Breslau, Germany, has been investigating the lodging question, and finds that the smaller people's income is, the more proportionately they pay for rent.

In Sweden is a law compelling all citizens to provide for their old age by insuring their lives. A state insurance organization is provided. This is state socialism, pure and simple.

This year the graduating class at West Point numbers forty-seven. There are only twenty-five vacant second lieutenancies. The surplus graduates will be commissioned by the president as additional second lieutenants.

Since Aug. 8, 1887, the United States secretary of the treasury has bought $169,351,600 of 4 and 4½ per cent. bonds, paying for them $195,629,498. With accrued interest their cost at maturity would have been $35,613,541 more than this.

A gigantic cantilever railway bridge is to be built at once across the St Lawrence at Quebec. The river here is four and two-thirds miles wide, and the bridge will be nearly six and a half miles long. The largest ocean steamers will pass under it. It is to be 408 feet above high water mark.

The Young Men's Christian association has a membership of 175,000. The annual expenses of all the branches are $1,200,000. In the last ten years the increase in the net value of their property is $6,000,000, while the number of their active classes has doubled.

The new capital punishment law in New York forbids the publication of the details of an execution. It is a grave question whether the law is a wise one. An execution need not be open to the public, but events in the nature of star chamber proceedings are objectionable in a free country.

Bradlaugh, the English Radical, demands that parliament shall cut down the wages of Queen Victoria. He thinks she does not earn it. The poor old lady only gets $1,105,490 a year at present for her own expenses. It would be downright cruelty to diminish her supply of new caps and No. 6 shoes.

An Italian lady, Doctor Guiseppina Cattani, has been appointed lecturer on pathology in the oldest school in the world, the University of Bologna. She is very beautiful, lectures to 300 students, and the boys are naturally "estranced by her eloquence." This is history repeating itself. Several hundred years ago, women doctors as lecturers in the University of Bologna were not uncommon.

The Nationalist party begins to attract some attention in New England. Its principles seem to represent a mild form of state socialism. The party organ is a recently established magazine called The Nationalist. To the party belong many distinguished literary people, of whom at least it may be said that their hearts are in the right place. Their headquarters are Boston, of course.

A new Boston idea is the formation of classes for the political education of women. A club of ladies take up text books on political history and economy, study them carefully, and discuss the topics at their meetings. The project has attracted the favorable attention of prominent men in Boston, and they are aiding the ladies in various ways. Recently Professor W. T. Harris lectured before the class on "The True Function of the State." His lecture included a range of subjects from anarchy to the competitive system.

Some queer methods are resorted to in Europe to discover the existence of Socialists. In Belgium recently a revolutionary circular was received by hundreds of workingmen. They read the circular and some of them expressed sympathy with it. Presently numbers of them were arrested. At the trial it was proved that spies of the Belgian government had prepared the circular and distributed it. Before being issued for circulation it had been read and approved by no less a personage than the Belgian minister of the interior himself. The circular had been an infamous trap to catch the unwary. These facts were brought out so unmistakably in court that the tables were turned. The spies were themselves arrested for issuing the circular.

THE MURDEROUS CLAN.

Cronin's Murder Deliberately Planned by Camp 20.

EXECUTIONERS CHOSEN BY LOT.

John F. Beggs, Who Was Present at the Meeting, Cannot Be Found—The London Standard's Rome Dispatch Is Considered Hoax.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Ex-Detective Dan Coughlin, Frank Woodruff and P. O'Sullivan were brought before Judge Shepard yesterday at the request of Assistant State's Attorney Longenecker, who stated that they wished to be tried this week of court. Coughlin stated that his attorney, Mr. Forrest, was too busy to attend to his case now and he would like his case continued. O'Sullivan and Woodruff, however, declared they were ready for trial. Attorney Healy stated to the court that he did not wish one case continued unless the others were, and at his suggestion the prisoners were taken back to jail.

State Attorney Longenecker was asked what he thought of Woodruff and O'Sullivan's apparent willingness to go to trial. He replied:

"We have evidence enough to hang both the fellows; let them go to trial if they wish."

The Murderous Clan-na-Gael.

An afternoon paper says: Camp 20 of Clan-na-Gael and its methods will be thoroughly investigated by the grand jury, and it is more than probable that ten or more of the members of the camp will be indicted for the murder of Dr. Cronin. The state attorney has already in his possession enough evidence to hang at least half that number, and it is the opinion of many prominent members of the Cronin case Wednesday he expects to have a complete chain of evidence encircling the camp, or at least the guilty members of it. Shortly after the finding of the body the state attorney received an anonymous letter which set forth at great length the details of a meeting held in Camp 20 on Friday, in the latter part of February.

John F. Beggs, the No. 1 and senior guardian, presided at the meeting, which was attended by twenty-five members of the inner circle of this camp. At this meeting, the letter says, Dr. Cronin was tried as a British spy, found guilty, sentenced to death and his assassination by secret ballot.

Every effort was put forth to find the author of this letter, but without success. In vain Coroner Hertz questioned every Clan-na-Gael man who was before the jury as to the proceedings of its camp at its meetings since the 1st of January. Every one was ignorant of it, and the night broke on the darkness which covered Camp 20.

Evidence to Hang Half a Dozen.

Detective Palmer had a long interview with Judge Longenecker early in the morning, and Coughlin and four later a fluent talk. Coughlin was admitted to the judge's office by the side door. He was a Clan-na-Gael man, and his conversation had by Coughlin and Longenecker was to cover every detail. Who he is could not be learned, but so satisfactory was the information he gave the judge, and so complete the case in the minds of the prosecution, that the Cronin murder in Camp 20, that he said an hour later:

"I've got evidence enough now to hang half a dozen."

This man further revealed, it is said, that the trial, condemnation and execution of Dr. Cronin was entirely in accordance with the rules of the Clan-na-Gael order. Coughlin, notably that of the informer Carey, who was tried by the same process under which Dr. Cronin suffered death.

How Cronin Was Committed.

The police claim that there is no longer any doubt but that Burke is one of the murderers of Dr. Cronin. They further claim to have found out exactly how the murder was committed.

It is said that the first blow after Dr. Cronin entered the Carlson cottage on that fatal night of May 4, 1889, was struck by Burke, who stationed himself in the dark hallway behind the door. At that signal all the others jumped upon the victim and clubbed him into insensibility before he could offer a blow. This information has leaked from official sources, although the police authorities are guarding their actions against the conspiracy with the greatest secrecy. They do not want any of it to be made public until they have in custody or under actual surveillance all the persons connected in any way with the murder.

Burke's Villainous Photograph.

Superintendent Hubbard has received a photograph of Burke from Winnipeg. It represents a villainous looking man and does not do justice to the original. Burke is a handsome man, with a dark mustache and black hair. There was a week's growth of beard when the photograph was taken. That's the man, said Chief Hubbard, with evident satisfaction, and as if implying that he would be able to solve the whole mystery at the Cronin murder trials.

More Particulars of the Plot.

Despite his vigorous denials, it is positively known that State Attorney Longenecker has received information from Camp 20 regarding the part of which Dr. Cronin was the victim. This information came to him in a letter unsigned, but which contained many statements which he has since learned were true, convinced the official that it could be relied upon. It states in effect that Cronin was tried in February by the inner circle of Camp 20, and then by a secret ballot found guilty of being a British spy, and sentenced to death. Instead of calling for volunteer executioners, as is usual during the times of extreme secrecy, the names of every man present being written on a slip of paper. The names of those selected were not made known at the meeting, but only one of the number knew who had been chosen to do the deed. The letter also goes on to say that the man whose duty it became to notify those upon whom the choice had fallen. This man, according to the letter, is a member of the camp, and an attorney-at-law, and during the time of his trial, which will probably be the first of the series, he will be under the constant surveillance of the police.

Cronin's Murder Planned.

The letter also states that the plan of killing Dr. Cronin was discussed at a meeting held in the early part of February, and that it was then decided to kill him. The letter also says that the plan of killing Dr. Cronin was discussed at a meeting held in the early part of February, and that it was then decided to kill him. The letter also says that the plan of killing Dr. Cronin was discussed at a meeting held in the early part of February, and that it was then decided to kill him.

Another Suspect Watched.

Luke D. Io is quoted as saying that the police have no other suspect under surveillance of whom he has not been told. He is a Col four so, has a lucrative business and enjoys an excellent reputation. This man, he says, the last man in the world that would be suspected of such a crime.

The Alleged Rome Dispatch Doubted.

The dispatch from Rome via London to the effect that Archbishop Feehan had made a report on the Chicago crime to the Vatican is considered by many a decoy message from Mr. Gladstone. Mr. Gladstone, he says, has not acted as quickly as is thus indicated. President Ireland believes that the publication will be good policy for all. The London Standard, the newspaper which is no hostile to the Irish people and Irish political aspirations.

Facts About the Mysterious Clan.

New York, June 25.—In reply to the London Standard's alleged dispatch from Rome, Thomas F. Meehan, editor of The Irish American, said:

"In the first place Archbishop Feehan has not had time to make an investigation on such an ex parte statement as is credited to him. Secondly, he hasn't another day visited to be tried this week of court. Coughlin stated that his attorney, Mr. Forrest, was too busy to attend to his case now and he would like his case continued. O'Sullivan and Woodruff, however, declared they were ready for trial. Attorney Healy stated to the court that he did not wish one case continued unless the others were, and at his suggestion the prisoners were taken back to jail.

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It is said that the first blow after Dr. Cronin entered the Carlson cottage on that fatal night of May 4, 1889, was struck by Burke, who stationed himself in the dark hallway behind the door. At that signal all the others jumped upon the victim and clubbed him into insensibility before he could offer a blow. This information has leaked from official sources, although the police authorities are guarding their actions against the conspiracy with the greatest secrecy. They do not want any of it to be made public until they have in custody or under actual surveillance all the persons connected in any way with the murder.

Burke's Villainous Photograph.

Superintendent Hubbard has received a photograph of Burke from Winnipeg. It represents a villainous looking man and does not do justice to the original. Burke is a handsome man, with a dark mustache and black hair. There was a week's growth of beard when the photograph was taken. That's the man, said Chief Hubbard, with evident satisfaction, and as if implying that he would be able to solve the whole mystery at the Cronin murder trials.

More Particulars of the Plot.

Despite his vigorous denials, it is positively known that State Attorney Longenecker has received information from Camp 20 regarding the part of which Dr. Cronin was the victim. This information came to him in a letter unsigned, but which contained many statements which he has since learned were true, convinced the official that it could be relied upon. It states in effect that Cronin was tried in February by the inner circle of Camp 20, and then by a secret ballot found guilty of being a British spy, and sentenced to death. Instead of calling for volunteer executioners, as is usual during the times of extreme secrecy, the names of every man present being written on a slip of paper. The names of those selected were not made known at the meeting, but only one of the number knew who had been chosen to do the deed. The letter also goes on to say that the man whose duty it became to notify those upon whom the choice had fallen. This man, according to the letter, is a member of the camp, and an attorney-at-law, and during the time of his trial, which will probably be the first of the series, he will be under the constant surveillance of the police.

Cronin's Murder Planned.

The letter also states that the plan of killing Dr. Cronin was discussed at a meeting held in the early part of February, and that it was then decided to kill him. The letter also says that the plan of killing Dr. Cronin was discussed at a meeting held in the early part of February, and that it was then decided to kill him. The letter also says that the plan of killing Dr. Cronin was discussed at a meeting held in the early part of February, and that it was then decided to kill him.

DR. M'DOW'S TRIAL REGUN

Editor Dawson's Alleged Slayer in Court.

SEVEN NEGROES ON THE JURY

The Court Should Proceed with Interested Spectators—Chronicles Greatly Excited Over the Trial—Dr. McDow Cool and Collected.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 25.—The whole of Charleston was astir yesterday to hear and see everything possible connected with the trial of Dr. T. B. McDow for the killing of Capt. F. W. Dawson in March last. Also the only thing of a sensational character that they heard was from Policeman Gordon, who testified to hearing a heavy weight, like a sack of corn or roll of carpet, being dragged over the floor of Dr. McDow's office before the doctor surrendered himself on the afternoon of the killing. Another rather startling statement by Gordon was that Dr. McDow opened his office door and stepped out quickly with his gun, then closed the door again before he came out an hour later and surrendered himself.

The Court House Packed.

The court house lobby, for an hour before court opened yesterday morning, was packed at 9 o'clock with a dense and motley mass of damp men and wet umbrellas. The doors leading into the court room were closed and the crush only stopped at the called panels.

Dr. McDow Arrives.

About that hour a closed carriage was driven up to the jail door in Magazine street. Into this Dr. McDow, with a deputy, stepped and was driven to the court house. Here he alighted at the main door and went upstairs directly. As he passed all eyes were turned and all necks craned to get a glimpse of him. The doctor looked well, having accept his small black mustache, which has just the slightest droop at the corners and gives a firmer expression to a firm mouth. His complexion was a little clearer from his long confinement away from the sun and wind, but otherwise he was not changed. He was a third in a well fitting frock coat of black and wore light gloves and highly polished boots. One quick glance around the room was all he made, then he shook hands with the friends within reach and nodded to the others further removed.

Seven Negroes on the Jury.

The jury is composed as follows: A. McClure George Buist, Arthur M'Kenzie, F. G. McManus and A. U. Prince, white, and P. H. Aston, A. McKenzie, J. M. Bing, R. Session, Alexander Sivas, W. H. Burgess and C. C. Leslie, colored—five white and seven colored men.

McDow objected to all the white men called except five, and selected seven negroes on this panel. Dr. McDow was followed by the state was Policeman Gordon, to whom McDow surrendered himself three hours after the killing. Gordon's testimony was unimportant, only the same as given before the coroner's jury.

Dr. Michael who made the post mortem examination, explained the nature of the wound. He stated that from the course of the ball the shot must have been fired from behind. He also testified that when he saw the body the dead doctor's pockets were turned inside out, as was given before the coroner's jury.

Policeman Purdham (colored) Identified.

Policeman Purdham (colored) identified McDow's hat, showing a dent and whitewash stains that it had received while he was digging the grave for Dawson's body. The cheese was missing for the day and the court adjourned.

Gen. Cameron's Condition.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 25.—Advices received here direct from the bedside of Gen. Cameron report him as slowly but surely sinking. He is still conscious.

SPORTING EVENTS.

LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	7
Washington	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2

Batteries: Staley and Leon, Healy and Daily.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	4

Batteries: Baldwin and Snyder, Casey and Schriver.

At Indianapolis—

Indianapolis	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	5
Boston	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	5

Batteries: Gerson and Daily, Clarkson and Bennett.

At Chicago—

Chicago	0	0	2	3	0	0	1	1	2	9
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Batteries: Crane and Ewing, Gumbert and Darling.

ASSOCIATION.

At Athletic—

Athletic	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Columbus	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	5

Batteries: Fouts, Lovett and Bey, Robinson and Orth.

At Louisville—

Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Batteries: Hecker and Briggs, Chamberlain and Kinslow.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Batteries: Callahan and McKeough, Tiernan and Mack.

At Baltimore—

Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Batteries: Blair and Oldham, Smith and Burns.

At Wheeling—

Wheeling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Williamsport	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Batteries: Burkett and Wilmot, Fitzgerald and Hall.

At Hartford—

Hartford	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Batteries: Smith and Darby, Williams and Hoffman.

At New Haven—

New Haven	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Batteries: Dunn and O'Rourke, Miller and Buckley.

At Lincoln—

No game; Easton disbanded.

FLAMES SUCCEED FLOOD.

The Homesteaders of Johnstown Almost Burned Out.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 25.—It was only due to the direction of the wind that the residence of Johnstown was not entirely wiped out by fire yesterday afternoon. The fire began at 1 o'clock with the First ward schoolhouse, which stood on the bank of Stony creek. That building stood on the upper side of the flimsy waste which the torrent of water swept about across the town. Close by the school house was a row of small dwellings, about eighty buildings, many of them in a good state of preservation and inhabited. Next to these houses was a stove, the only one not yet cleared of debris, and on the opposite side was a wide stretch of ground highly patched with frame buildings for all manner of domestic purposes. Still further above were some of the best preserved buildings in the city. How the wind carried the flames in the opposite direction few would have destroyed what the flood had left.

The Fire Caused a Panic.

As it was the fire caused a veritable panic in the immediate neighborhood, as it enveloped one house after another in rapid succession. One of the shanties or houses had been a dance hall, and the explosion of a keg of powder in it sent the burning roof flying in fragments, thus increasing the panic. Men rushed pell-mell across the open space with sands, and in the manner cut off the fire's line of communication to the threatened buildings, whose occupants had been moving their household goods and furniture. The banking of the bonfires with earth and the veering of the wind, so that the burning embers were carried back to Stony creek, ended the danger in this direction.

Thirty Houses in Ashes.

On the other side the fire met no opposition until it had reached the ruin packed street, from which the flood had swept every vestige of value. Here the men worked hard at clearing the street, and then tore down a number of houses on the opposite side. By this time the streams of water from the fire engines, fed by Mills Lake, and the fire was made content after burning for two hours, and twenty-five or thirty houses were its meed. The whole population of the valley turned out to witness the conflagration, and as general became the belief that everything remaining would go up in smoke that in all directions people were loading their effects on to wagons preparatory to flocking to the hills. The money loss will be about $35,000. The fire was caused by three small boys setting fire to a pile of rubbish.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

News Notes of Interest Carefully Condensed.

Boston's fund for the relief of Johnstown has reached the sum of $146,000.

Tom O'Brien, of Lexington, Ky., the slayer of Betty Sikes, has been sentenced by Judge Morton to be hanged Aug. 24.

Prince Waldemar, a son of the late queen of Denmark, is dying.

Lord Charles Bernsford, Conservative member for Marylebone, will resign his seat in parliament to accept the command of an ironclad.

The adherents of Boulanger have arranged to hold a conference in London Wednesday, when it is expected some decisive action will be taken.

The long standing litigation among the stockholders of the Royal Baking Powder company has been settled, Mrs. Joseph E. Cornell securing the interest of Mr. William Ziegler for $2,500,000.

The decomposed bodies of a man and a boy were found in the Ohio river Monday at Steubenville. A pocketbook found with the man contained the name of William Dooley. The boy, apparently 14 years of age, was dressed in a bicycle suit, with knee breeches. The bodies were identified at the morgue in Johnstown. They were immediately removed to the morgue.

The Cross of the Order of the Golden Spur, conferred upon Charles Stewart Parnell by the pope, was presented to that gentleman on Monday evening by Father Mahoney, of Brooklyn, in the presence of a select company of friends at the Shelburne House. This is the first time the cross has been conferred in America. The order is a very ancient and distinguished one, and the cross is usually bestowed only for distinguished gallantry in battle or for great services to mankind. The chevalier, who is now in business in New York, was an officer in the Polish rebellion of 1863, and earned gained fame as a civil engineer in France.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Schoop, of Philadelphia, charged with being an accessory to the murder of Carl Beer, her adopted son, was held without bail, and committed to the Norristown insane asylum.

The monument of the One Hundred and Twenty-first Pennsylvania infantry was dedicated at Gettysburg Tuesday. Will Carleton, the poet, took part in the exercises.

The five railway officials charged with responsibility for the Armagh railroad disaster have been committed for trial at assizes.

Dr. Francis Tumblety, the alleged Whitechapel murderer, who was indicted in New York for assaulting George Davis with a razor June 16, was arrested in Jersey City, which will be sealed by his bondsmen, Henry Clews, the well known banker.

Between 3,500 and 4,000 shoe workers at Haverhill, Mass., struck Monday for shorter hours and higher wages. The strike involves nine-tenths of the shoe factories in that city.

Rev. William Henry Boecher, brother of Henry Ward Beecher, died Sunday at the Hotel Richelieu, Chicago, aged 67. His death was due to advanced age. The funeral occurred at Mount Auburn cemetery, Boston.

It is rumored that John W. Hillman, of Lawrence, Kan., who was supposed to have shuffled off this mortal coil about nine years ago, with $50,000 insurance on his life, has turned up alive.

Charles De Bame, the defaulting cashier of the National Park bank, of New York, has been sentenced to five years and seven months in state prison.

St. Bernard's Catholic church at Hoosick, Mass., was burned Sunday evening. Loss, $60,000; insurance, $30,000. The fire is supposed to have caught from the kitchen stove.

The Pacific mail steamer Granada, bound for Panama, is ashore sixty miles south of Manzanillo. Passengers and crew rescued.

John McDonald, of Jersey City, was recently on receiving from a temporary insanity resulting from grief, of which he had been deprived for thirty-four years.

The Pennsylvania meeting of the Association of Soldiers of Mexican war will be held at New York Monday. Dr. Brodie, of Detroit, presided and a number of interesting papers were read. Gen. Hayes, of the Keystone state, was elected president, and J. L. Gray, of Chicago, secretary, for the ensuing year.

Princess Victoria, third and religious of Prince Frederick Leopold, and granddaughter of Queen Louise of Schleswig, sister of the emperor of Germany, was celebrated Monday at Berlin with great pomp and splendor.

An abortive attempt was made Sunday to blow up the old college hospital at Harvard.

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex tailor suit. Everybody knows that they are the best. Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

LADIES,

of course you are aware of the fact that the warm wave has struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to meet it. Maybe I can suggest something that will meet with your approval; now what looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a

White Summer Suit?

and if you want such an article just drop in at

THE BEE HIVE

and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can please you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $3.50 to $10.

Then I have Children's Sac White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $2.

I can also show you a Blue Flannel Dress, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.50; I have just received a consignment of Knee Pants for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at 62.15 and up.

Children's Jersey Blouses, 50c and 95c.,

Louis Callman,

38 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE Leading Grocers AND R. W RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts.,

All goods

Reasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 9 o'clock p. m., Saturday excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m.

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E. J. MARTIN,
30 Somerset st.
PRACTICAL HORSE-SHOEING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

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CARPETINGS.

W. & J. SLOANE

Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the

Spring Trade.

INGRAINS, from 41.25 per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY, from 50c per yd. upward.
BRUSSELS, from 65c per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY Brussels, from 85c per yd. upward.
INGRAINS, from 25c per yd. upward.
Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

FRESH CHINA MATTING 15 per roll, 40 yards, and upwards.

BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH ST
NEW YORK CITY.

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. will open their 21st store in this city, on Saturday, June 29th, at 10 A. M., at No. 128 North Avenue, corner of Dudley street, and will continue to sell Teas, Coffees, Spices, Baking Powder, Extracts, Flavoring, Canned Goods, Jellies, Preserves, Jams, Pickles, Sauces, Catsups, Olives, Olive Oil, Sardines, Mustard, Cocoa, Chocolate, Soaps, Starch, Blueing, Matches, Candies, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Dates, Citron, Currants, Lemon and Orange Peel, Macaroni, Vermicelli, Farina, Rice, Tapioca, Sago, Pearl Barley, Oatmeal, Hominy, Grits, Buckwheat, Graham Flour, Corn Meal, Rye Flour, Canned Meats, Potted Meats, Canned Fish, Potted Fish, Canned Vegetables, Canned Fruits, Pickled Fruits, Dried Fruits, Fresh Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard, Hams, Bacon, Dried Beef, Pickled Pigs' Feet, Pickled Tripe, Pickled Lambs' Tongues, Pickled Beef Tongues, Pickled Beef, Pickled Pork, Pickled Lambs, Pickled Sausages, Pickled Hams, Pickled Bacon, Pickled Shoulders, Pickled

QUIET CHUCKLES.

The Cat (to the inside of her milk dish)—You seem to be enjoying yourself in there, Fish.—Yes, after a fashion. But what makes the water look so color'd?—Life.

Wife—Tom, I must have more money to pay when I leave at the hotel. I owe for a shadowy lamp, and a switch, and a—Husband—Cease, cease, thou hair-owing dalilah.—Texas Siftings.

Teacher—Tommy, what is the memory?—Tommy—It is the faculty—the faculty—That's right. Go on.—It is the faculty with which—with which we forget things.—From the German, in Texas Siftings.

Driver—One of my bosses is very sick this morning, sir. Mr. Meek—Indeed, which one? Driver—The off 'un. Mr. Meek—The orphan! Ah, perhaps the poor animal is thinking of its parents!—Punny Picks.

Tubbs (recounting his experience at a musicale a few evenings previous)—They did not even ask me to sing. Miss Whitleys (pitifully)—You've sung there before, haven't you? Tubbs—Yes, once, why? Miss W.—Oh, nothing.—Columbia Spectator.

His Expectations Aroused.

Policeman (to newly arrived Hibernian, who has been standing for an hour in above position)—Move on, now!

"Divil a step'll I move till I see the size of the man that handles that pick!"—Life.

A "Throwout" Man.

One day an old fellow from the Cedar Bluff neighborhood came into the office of The Franklin (Ky.) Patriot and said that he wanted to see the editor on mighty important business.

"I am the editor," said a man, stepping forward.

"My name is Allbright," the visitor remarked; "Luke P. Allbright."

"Glad to meet you, Mr. Allbright. What can I do for you?"

"Well, I sent here the other day and had some funeral tickets struck off for my wife."

"I hope the job suited you, sir."

"Well, yes, the job was all right, but it turned out that my wife wa'n't dead."

"Ah?"

"Yes, ah. I had dun paid for the tickets and was about to send them out when the old lady come to. So you see I ain't got no use for the tickets."

"Of course not."

"And I 'lowed that I must get you to take 'em back."

"Why, my dear sir, I can't do that."

"Well, but you see they ain't no use to me. Wouldn't like to send out a lot of funeral tickets for my wife when she's in fa'r health, with an average appetite. It wouldn't look exactly right, you know."

"That's all very well, but I don't want them."

"Well, send me yo' paper one year fur them, anyway."

"No, sir; I won't do that."

"Well, then, say six months."

"No, I won't—won't send it to you ten minutes."

"Now here, mister, I'm out $1.40 on you. I tell you what, take me to dinner with you and we'll call it quits."

"It's square already so far as I am concerned."

"I have seen a good many men, Mister Editor, but you air the most pinnicose fellow I ever struck. Good day. If I ever kitch you out in my neighborhood I'll waller you."—Arkansaw Traveler.

Harder Than Flint.

Last week the state geologist received by express a peculiar stone, in general formation rather porous, but harder than anything in the museum. It was cut open by a skillful lapidary and subjected to various tests, when it was discovered to be one of those sponge tips to a mucilage bottle, warranted to keep perfectly soft and moist and always ready for use. I sent it to the geologist "ourself." They are handy things. When you haven't got the mucilage in you though to moisten which is on the morning of the third day—you can use them to cut glass with. And if you stick a hickory handle in them before they petrify they make the best stone hammers you ever saw in a howlder with.—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

Science Suits.

Layman—I understand that you have devoted your life to the study of disease germs.

Great Scientist (proudly)—I have.

Layman—Have you found a remedy for any of them yet?

Great Scientist—Well, no; but I have succeeded in finding good long names for them all.—New York Weekly.

Preparing for Emergencies.

The Grocer—Good morning, Mr. Oatcake. What brings you back to the city so soon?

Farmer Oatcake—Waal, I'm going to have a good time this summer boardin' fer than I expected, so you might send me ten more cases o' canned vegetables!—Life.

The Only Solution.

"I'm so indignant that I cannot properly express myself!" cried the speaker.

"Then put a stamp on yourself and go by mail," was the unsympathetic response.—Harper's Bazar.

The Exception That Proved the Rule.

She—All extremely bright men are awfully conceited ass'es.

He—Oh, I don't know; I'm not.—Harvard Lampoon.

She Talked Differently.

My love was a maiden complete to see,
But now she's a doctor of high degree.
She was as once as sweet as could be,
And this is the way that she talked to me:
"Yes, dearest Charley! Say, does
The day when your proud little wife I'll be
Your love is the sunshine of life to me?"
Oh, a dear little womanly maid was she.

Three years I waited at her decree,
Then I called at her "office" my love to see.
And this is the way that she talked to me:
"Levator labii superioris
Has a turtle, or rarely acts,
Minimi digiti, spheroid cirrhosis,
Gluteus, bullus, aortic rheumatoid,
Adenofibroidism, sphenoid et astrum,
Hernia, calculus, hymen-cerebrum,
Thoracic ganglion and frontal inspiration,
Gouty diathesis, thrombic amputation!"

Ten minutes I sat and I rose to flee
As near insane as a man could be;
I thought and I prayed, in fervid verbis d.
And then in plain English, "Good night," said she.

My love was a maiden clear fair to see,
But now she's a doctor of high degree,
And as old and as dear as she used to be
If she talks to all as she talked to me.
—New York Sun.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
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Ice Cream Dealer,
31 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.
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all kinds of Second-Hand
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CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
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ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
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1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at
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Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered wagon.
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PIANO-MAKER,
Patent Sticking, re-pressing, veneer, dismantling, repairing, etc. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Prices, Satisfaction guaranteed. Shop, Front street, Dunellen. Residence, Front street, Dunellen. Post Office address, Dunellen, N. J. Orders left at Dunellen Post Office will receive prompt attention. JOB. BATTELL Piano Maker 20 East Front Street, Plainfield.

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Window Screens
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fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At
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FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
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Breaks up colds and colds and purifies the blood. MRS. QUICK'S
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81 & 83 Somerset St.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.
I keep in stock all the Choicest brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is my specialty. ALSO RYE, GRAHAM and BRAN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BECKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

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WALL PAPERS, PAINTS, OILS, SUPPLIES Brushes

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The Stationer,
You can find a large line of
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PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET,
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18 North Avenue,
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Try the Responsible Base. Recommends, Mr. Burt & Tilford and Asher. Merrill & Smith.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 13th, 1888.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 3.40, 5.45, 6.40, 7.30, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m., 12.01 night. Express trains, 8.40 a. m., 12

ELECTRIC NOTES.

Vancouver hopes soon to have the telephone and electric railway.

Sweden and Norway are said to lead in progress made in this and kindred industries.

Powerful interrupted voltaic currents have recently been used in surgery to arrest the growth of cancer.

Experience shows that it does not pay to use rails for electric roads weighing less than fifty pounds per yard.

Electric light equivalent in illuminating power to 1,240,000 candles will be used in lighting the Paris exhibition.

The saloon of Buckingham palace, famous for the three superb crystal chandeliers which it contains, is now lighted by electricity.

The storage system of electricity, in spite of its various conversions of energy, has a superiority of at least 25 per cent. over cables.

The capital of Arragon in Spain is shortly to have a central station which will be more than a mile from the town, power to be supplied from turbines.

All Russian ships of war are to be lighted exclusively by electricity, and by January next it is expected that the Russian fleet will be lighted by that means.

The electric light let down in the fish nets used between the Isle of Man and Anglesey attracts the crustaceans and other creatures of the deep in large numbers.

A bill has been reported to the legislature in Massachusetts which is to prevent a system of overhead wires for electric roads in cities of 50,000 inhabitants.

It is claimed that there is no apparatus for the transmission of energy that compares in simplicity and efficiency with the dynamo electric machine and the electric motor.

At Portland, Ore., men examined an electric motor recently and said it worked all right, but that the electricity smelled dreadfully. The motor had just been varnished.

In the new types of resistances and switches introduced by Edison for the division of currents he uses pure water as the connection. There is no sparking, as the metals do not touch.

Three-four per cent. of horse railroad companies have decided on using electricity in some form—conduit, storage or overhead—and of this number about one-third are for the overhead system.

Secrecy in telephonic communication is said to be secured by the new method of dividing the transmitting current so that one portion may be sent over one line and the remainder over another line.

Abroad they have also reached the conclusion that the constant and unavoidable accumulation of gases and the attending explosions are the most serious questions in connection with placing wires under ground.

The tramway between the Quai d'Orsay and the Champs de Mars is to be used during the Paris exhibition for the exhibition of various mechanical systems of traction, among which the electric motor will find a place.

From the present knowledge of the subject, should it be decided to run a telephone cable under the ocean, it has been calculated that the copper core would have the diameter of a four barrel and the necessary insulation would be as large around as a hogshead.

ABOUT THIMBLES.

Two hundred years ago thimbles were unknown in England.

The high rank Chinese thimble always has a mother of pearl case.

Gold, silver, iron, ivory, steel, pearl, shell, celluloid, rubber and even glass are utilized in making thimbles.

With the thimble the Chinese lady always has a delicate pair of scissors of the finest steel, in a sheath of pearl, and a pearl needle case.

Solid gold thimbles, elegantly carved, and frequently set with diamonds, are found some too good for many fashionable home dressmakers.

The wife of a prominent Brooklyn clergyman has a thimble that was carved from a peculiar stone she found on the shore of the Dead sea.

A well known New York society lady has a thimble made from asphaltum, the substance with which the sacred fires of Persia were built.

Thimbles made to order, with the monogram or initials of the person for whom they are intended set in precious stones, are by no means unknown in this city.

A lady in Boston has a thimble made from a piece of the old Washington elm at Cambridge, the tree under which Washington stood when he took the oath as commander-in-chief in 1775.

The thimble is claimed by the Dutch as an invention of their country, but it is known that it was in use among the silk embroiderers of China hundreds of years before it was used elsewhere.

The queen of Siam has a thimble made of gold, in the form of a lotus leaf, the lotus being the Siamese national floral emblem, and thickly studded with diamonds, so arranged as to form the queen's name and the date of her marriage.

CURIOSITIES OF STRIKES.

A Philadelphia brewery workman in its employ struck for beer during working hours and the man all quit work. They are back now and drink all the beer they want.

Factory girls in a Massachusetts woolen mill laid off some time ago because the foreman persisted in keeping a picture of a white horse on his desk. Ten of the girls had hair which was decidedly auburn in color.

Ten men employed in a tanning factory at Bergen, N. J., struck because the proprietor hired a dude bookkeeper who went into the tanning yard every noon and, seating himself on a box, poked fun at the workmen and their "disgusting trade."

During the recent street car strike in St. Paul a woman, wife of one of the striking drivers, appeared on the street where the crowd was waiting for the appearance of a "scab" driven car, with an immense bowl of dirty water. "Let's put the scab in the soup," she cried. The crowd took up the idea with enthusiasm and it took the police five minutes to keep it at bay while the "scab" was hustled off out of sight.

Just before the curtain rose for the performance of "Lucrezia" in Milan the superintendent—Signor Lie Monchi—announced that they would not go on unless their wages were increased one-third. The management promptly went to work and inside fifteen minutes had thirty fine recruits from the street at the stage doors. On seeing them the regular supers, who had on their stage costumes, made a rush and escaped out into the street. For half an hour they were chased by the officers of the theater, who finally shouted their willingness to come to terms.—Chicago News.

A Delaware county, Pa., mechanic returned to his home the other day after an absence of a year. His wife had received no word from him, and didn't know but what he was dead. The first words he said to her were: "Is dinner ready?"

ST. JAMES' CATHEDRAL, BROOKLYN.

It Was Lately Struck by Lightning and Burned to the Ground.

St. James' cathedral in Brooklyn, recently destroyed by fire consequent upon being struck by lightning, was the oldest Roman Catholic church in the Catholic diocese of Long Island. Prior to 1822 the Roman Catholics of Brooklyn were obliged to cross the East river to attend service at St. Peter's church in Barclay street, New York.

Masses were held in private places in Brooklyn, and on Jan. 7, 1823, a meeting was called to take measures to build. It was formed then there were only seventy Roman Catholics to be relied upon to further the

ST. JAMES' CATHEDRAL.

work; but lots were purchased, and the new building commenced, and on Aug. 28, 1825, it was dedicated. It was built of plain brick, oblong in shape, and cost $7,000. Wings and galleries were afterwards added, the addition of the wings making the church uniform in shape. Formerly the churchyard was such in the old sense, but burial in it was discontinued in 1849.

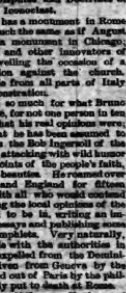
John Loughlin, was consecrated bishop of Brooklyn in 1853 and made St. James' his cathedral. Since then a number of prominent clergymen have officiated in it. Prior to 1868 Bishop Loughlin selected ground for a new cathedral. The corner stone was laid, but the work has not yet been completed.

GIORDANO BRUNO IN MARBLE.

Curious Career, Disputes and Doctrines of Bruno.

Giordano Bruno has a mountment in Rome at last, which is much the same as if August Spies should have a monument in Chicago; and the agnostics and other innovators of Italy made its unveiling the occasion of a great demonstration against the church. About 50,000 people from all parts of Italy witnessed the demonstration.

All this was not so much for what Bruno did or said or wrote, for not one person in ten thousand knows what his real opinions were; but it was for what he has been assumed to represent. He was the Bob Ingersoll of the thirteenth century, attacking with wild humor all the unreliable points of the people's faith, but overlooking its beauties. He roamed over southern Europe and England for fifteen years, disputing with all who would contend with him, ridiculing the local opinions of the place he happened to be in, writing an immense number of essays and publishing some forty books and pamphlets. In consequence he got into trouble with the authorities in many places, was expelled from the Dominican order, was driven from Geneva by the Calvinists, ridiculed out of Paris by the philosophers and finally put to death at Rome.



THE BRUNO STATUE.

He was born in 1548 near Naples and came to his death Feb. 17, 1600. All his works were long out of print when collected and published as certain cities fifty years ago, but even now they are only found in a few libraries. His numerous satires cannot be appreciated because modern readers cannot appreciate the conditions of his time or master the details, and his philosophy has largely become obsolete or ridiculous by the great flood of recent science. His great principle, however, survives and has lately been fully elaborated by modern philosophers, and as far as the common mind can see does not differ materially from that of Herbert Spencer.

He maintained that there is one original and fundamental principle or substance, and but one; all that we see or feel are but appearances of it. It is at once the beginning, the collect and matter, and is eternal. Mind and body, spirit and matter, are merely varying phases or forms of the eternal one. So there is a god in everything, and all is immortal, being constant change. This appears to be only the modern doctrine of the persistence of force. Bruno died with coolness and bravery, stoutly refusing to recant any of his views, and for this, if anything, he deserves a monument.

The Cronin Mystery.

Here is a group of portraits of some of those implicated in the Cronin murder. Alex ander Sullivan, under indictment on the charge of connivance in the murder; Beggs, said as a witness in Chicago, and Mooney and McDonald, arrested in New York. The

A. SULLIVAN. C. MCDALD.

BENEFIT GUARDIAN BEGGS. J. J. MOONEY.

developments which have implicated these men are familiar to all readers of newspapers.

Opal is fatal to love and sows discord between the giver and receiver. Given as an engagement token it is sure to bring ill luck.

CURIOUS THINGS OF LIFE.

An arrowmaker at Monticello, Fla., has a tree which bears quinces, peaches and apples. It does not seem to be a graft.

Ex-Sheriff T. C. Kennedy, of Mound City, Ills., 80 years of age, has just married a woman nearly fifty years younger than himself.

A Lapeer (Mich.) man froze one of his hands one day recently while the thermometer stood at 95 in the shade. He was running an ice cream freezer, and his hand was frozen to the crank. He had to wear it in a bandage for several days.

Ben Davis, of Elk Rapids, Mich., says Mike Day buried some maple sirup in the spring of 1876, and has just dug it up to find it as fresh and sweet as ever. Ben didn't know where the stuff was buried, which is one reason it kept so well.

In a theatre at Ashton, England, during the performance of a melodrama, an excited woman threw her bonnet and umbrella at the "villain" on the stage, when he was strangling one of the characters. She "brought down the house."

While Israel Stoops, of Los Angeles, Cal., lay on his deathbed he said to his wife: "When my soul leaves my body and enters the other world, I will let you know by crossing or fingers. If I am lost, by heaven, His word and died immediately after giving the sign.

Ladies who have a weakness for a husband with a pedigree are pressed with an unsolicited opportunity. A gentleman from Austria ("of fine appearance") advertises in an English paper his burning anxiety to espouse a wife. "Advertiser boasts of the most ancient Greek name which has been illustrious since the year 417 B. C."

A Connecticut gardener stepped on a needle twelve years ago and it entered his foot. He felt a sharp shock on the pricking sensation in the hip near the joint, and examination revealed the end of a needle just under the skin. With a small pair of pliers it was drawn out, with but little pain, the inches of blue silk thread which had been in the needle when he stepped on it.

SCIENTIFIC SQUIBS.

About 150 colors are now obtained from coal tar, which has almost entirely supplanted vegetable and animal dyes.

Miss Ednamondgist Lintner, of New York, says the destruction of vegetation by insects was not so great before the introduction of the English sparrow as it is now.

Miss Ednamondgist Lintner, of New York, says the destruction of vegetation by insects was not so great before the introduction of the English sparrow as it is now.

It has been found in experiments at Leipsic that skin grafted from white to a colored person becomes gradually black, and that black skin grafted upon a white person in time turns white.

The Paris Academy of Science is just now excited over a plant called cuboosa. This plant often exhibits a trembling or vibrating motion without any apparent cause, and as many as four or five vibrations have been observed in a single minute.

The Poughkeepsie (N. Y.) Horse Railroad company has just disposed of a horse that has traveled 54,000 miles on the road in that city, having been in the service of that company ten years. During all that time it has been sick but four days. The animal was in good condition.

The tensile strength of a wet rope is found to be only one-third that of the same rope when dry, and a rope saturated with grease or tar may be weaker still, as the lubricant fills the fibers in alip with another facility. A dry rope twenty-five feet long will shorten to twenty-four feet on being wet.

THE ANIMAL KINGDON.

A Connecticut sea captain avers that the albatross is quite as subject to matrimony as mankind in general and womankind in particular.

It is said that if you saw off the tips of a goat's horns you may keep him how and where you please. Otherwise you will keep him where he pleases.

The late "Mr. Crowley," the chimpanzee of Central park, New York, has retained his popularity to the last. A number of plaster casts of his head and shoulders have been taken, which are eagerly sought after by museums and scientific institutions.

At the St. Louis fair ground they have trained a big elephant to pull the heavy harrow used to smooth the training track after the horses are done working, and she is so fond of the exercise that as soon as she is let loose she goes to the place and kneels to have the harness put on her.

There is a lady in Georgia who has a novel way of raising hens set. Whenever she gets ready to set a hen, it matters not whether the hen is ready to set or not, she catches them, breaks one leg, puts eggs and hen in a sack and calls them up. She says there is nothing like breaking one leg to make them set. By the time the hen hatches the leg is well and she is ready to care for the chicks.

An egg the shell of which shows all the colors of the rainbow is the product of an Ellsworth, Me., hen.

A German carp weighing nine and a half pounds was caught in the Conestoga, near Millersville, in a dip net.

All the men in Hermansville, Mich., are wearing whiskers now. The only barber in the town went to Oklahoma.

C. S. Cooper, of Sacramento, in throwing a cigar stub out of a car window, struck a bridge and fractured his wrist.

Squire Harris, of Greensboro, Ala., and a friend of his went fishing the other morning, and they returned six eight dozen eggs for breakfast.

The Connecticut man who hit upon the device of putting copper tips on the toes of children's shoes has realized a fortune of $1,000,000 from his idea.

The executors of a wealthy bachelor who lately died in Knoxville, Tioga county, Pa., found in his house fully 1,000 empty patent medicine bottles.

Mr. Pulver, of North Vineland, N. J., has eaten an egg every day in the year for the last half century. The total consumption up to date amounts to 18,250 eggs.

A negro servant-girl in a poor house in Albany, Ga., is 128 years old. He says that he frequently saw Washington, and "used to kin my hoe and say 'Howdy' to him."

A curious fact in natural history comes from Fairlie, Scotland. A hen, after hatching several chickens, died; thereupon a cat took charge of the brood and has since reclaimed their jealous mother.

A curious freak of nature has been found at Weathersfield, Vt. Two birch trees, a short distance apart, are united a few feet from the ground by a cross branch, which seems to belong to both trees.

While Jeff Graves, a Leary, Ga., blacksmith, was at work, his anvil suddenly disappeared through the roof. Some mischievous persons had put a lot of gunpowder under it.

A shaving match took place recently between two prominent English barbers for $125 a side. The winner shaved his opponent in 12 minutes 15 seconds, and the loser was blindfolded in 2 minutes 13 seconds.

THOUGHTS OF A QUEER.

We are always the martyrs of our own faults.

The power of doing good action is happiness enough.

Jealousy is a lover's hunger; in a husband sickness.

Happiness is like the echo; it answers but does not come.

Whatever may make us proud; suffering makes us humble.

One must indeed be unhappy to attempt suicide a second time.

Great misfortunes leads greatness even to an insignificant person.

Maternal love is an instinct; but there are instincts of divine origin.

Sick consolation only is immortal things; in nature and in thought.

Grief is a hot spring; the more it is repressed the more it spouts.

A beast in pain seeks solitude. Man alone makes a parade of his misery.

Forgiveness is almost indifference; who really loves does not forgive.

Friendship based solely upon gratitude is like a photograph; in time it fades.

A man in love is like an ostrich; he thinks he is not seen because he does not see others.

Suffering is sensitive and clairvoyant. Happiness has firmer nerves, but not so true an eye.

When we have a sorrow which we do not wish to mention, we speak of others which we lid forget.

Friendship diminishes where there is too much happiness on either side and too much misery on the other.

There is but one happiness—duty. There is but one consolation—work. There is but one delight—the beautiful.

A woman does not become a mother; she is one from her birth. A numerous family satisfies her vocation; it does not create it.

A household without children is a bell without a clapper. The truest sound would be beautiful enough were there something to awaken it.

Happiness when at a distance appears so great as to touch the sky. When it enters our door it is of trifles that very often we no longer recognize it.

The respect people show you in your misfortune diminishes long before you have begun to outlive it, and you are irritated at being treated as before.

Suffering is our most faithful friend. It often returns. Often it changes its garb and even its face; but we soon recognize it by its cordial and intimate embrace.

There is a sort of instantaneous brotherhood between victims of misfortune. When you have long been in mourning you feel attracted by every black cloak you meet.

When you are young grief is a tempest which prostrates you; at mature age it is simply a north wind which adds a wrinkle to your brow and one more white hair to your head.—Carmen Silva in London Life.

ADVICE TO YOUNG MEN.

Don't mistake notoriety for fame.

Do not let others spend the money you earn.

Don't do work worthlessly or you'll you can avoid it.

Don't say "I am a gentleman;" it is never necessary.

Be loyal to death to those who have befriended you.

When you assist the needy, don't do it intentionally.

Silence is the best weapon to use against a vulgar and spiteful tongue.

In ninety-nine cases in a hundred, the man you wish dead outlives you.

Don't introduce a lady's name where you wouldn't introduce the lady.

Don't count much on friendships formed in cafes. They never turn out well.

Remember impertinence isn't wit, any more than insolence is brilliancy.

If young men will not believe in themselves, no man or woman can believe in them.

Don't indulge in the luxury of strong opinions in the presence of your elders and betters.

If you haven't the moral courage to laugh at sneerers, then you are another of nature's mistakes.

Don't talk about what you are "going" to do, then, if you fail to accomplish it, nobody will know.

If you learn that people say spiteful, wicked things about you, and untruthful things at that, be silent.

It isn't a very nice thing for a young man, or any one, for that matter, to smile in a supercilious way at ignorance.

Do not be afraid to go near your enemy. The nearer you get to a kicking horse, the less damage will result to your person.

Never let a day pass without thinking seriously, if only for a few minutes, of death. It will rob it of more than half its terrors.

Treat all men and women considerately, and you will be surprised at the dividends that will come to you, daily and yearly.

The boy who does a generous act, and lets the world into the secret, is like a peach with a peach, after rubbing the bloom from it.

Cultivate a cheerful frame of mind, and the mind will mold the face, and the tongue, and the voice, into harmony with it.

You never want to blame complacently to injudicious or extravagant praise, nor to "funny" stories at the expense of women.

If you do a good piece of work in Rennes, Paris or Timbuctoo, in secret or timelight, do not spoil it by voluntarily speaking of it complacently; and, at the other hand, do not speak of it disparagingly.—Condensed from Once A Week.

VARIETIES OF ROSES.

Anna de Diesbach—Yielding large flowers of a pleasing shade of carmine.

John Hoppe—A free grower and profuse bearer of bright, rose colored flowers.

Eugenie Verdier—Silvery pink in color, large and of beautiful form. An improvement on Victor Verdier.

Alfred Colomb—A bright crimson descendant of Gen. Jacqueminot; very fragrant and most desirable in every way.

Fisher Holmes—Deep crimson, and of good form. Considered by many growers an improvement on Gen. Jacqueminot.

The best known Bengal variety. Souvenir de la Malmaison, though old, still retains a place in the front rank of popular sorts.

Marie Baumann—Carmine-crimson, a lovely shade of color and form of fine form. Very fragrant and altogether a charming rose.

A horse at Ansonia, Conn., got a pebble in his nose while drinking from a shallow brook, and now, whenever he sneezes it, from water there is a fine spray, like a miniature

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Conducts his business on common principles; keeps his stock well assorted, with the newest and most fashionable goods, and sells them at prices that defy competition, and merits the support of the LOVERS OF BARGAINS. Now is the time to buy your Fall and Winter Clothing. Now is the time to buy your Fall and Winter Clothing. Now is the time to buy your Fall and Winter Clothing

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

GOD HAS GIVEN US WIT, AND FLAVOUR, AND BRIGHTNESS, AND LAUGHTER, AND PERFUMES TO ENLIVEN THE DAYS OF MAN'S PILGRIMAGE AND TO CHARM HIS PAINED STEPS OVER THE BURNING MARL.—Sidney Smith.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 177; days to come, 188.

—The Y. M. C. A. desire that all should plan to attend the tennis tournament Saturday at 3 p. m.

—A perfect portraiture of the new Presbyterian church building dedicated last evening was published in THE NEWS of December 19th, 1886.

—The new First Presbyterian church is really out of debt, but as $1,000 are required for the immediate use of the Trustees a collection was taken up last evening. During the eighteen years' pastorate of the Rev. Dr. Ketcham not a single fair or festival has been held in aid of the church.

—The Brooklyn gymnasts were unable to attend the Y. M. C. A. Boys' Auxiliary reception last evening, but an entertaining evening was passed, with violin solos by Mr. Andrew Carpenter, a talk on Camp Life by Mr. Sumner F. Dudley, of Orange, recitations by Mr. Thatcher, and refreshments served bountifully.

—In making announcement of the coming Sunday services of the new First Presbyterian church, last evening, the Rev. Dr. Ketcham said that had he a tablet engraved extending to all the invitation that should be a standing one with his people it would be inscribed "Always welcome to this house of God are all rich and poor strangers and friends."

PERSONAL.

Miss C. Dusenbury and Mrs. Edgar Dusenbury were the guests over night of Mrs. Theodore French, of West Fifth street. They sailed for Europe on the steamship City of New York to-day.

The late Herbert W. Peck, whose funeral occurs to-day, was graduated from the Plainfield High School Thursday, June 24th, 1886. His classmates were Miss Laura E. Runyon, Miss Emma L. Adams, Miss M. Louise Karner, Miss Flora E. Petrie, Miss Edith R. Leonard, Mr. Frederick T. Cuthbert, Mr. Frank T. Clawson, Mr. Frank E. Newman, Mr. Tiernan Newell Horn and Mr. Theodore J. Gillies, jr. The class motto was "Effort if not Success."

Mr. Rudolphus MacDonald, whose sudden death at Asbury Park was recorded yesterday, was senior Director of the City National Bank of Plainfield and was several years a member of the Union county Board of Freeholders. He had been at the Park about ten days, and was planning to return home yesterday. His baggage he himself had packed, and after being assisted down stairs he talked expectantly of the contemplated journey back to Plainfield. The rheumatic fever with which he had been suffering had during the past few days seemed to affect his heart, and he asked to be taken outside for fresh air. His request complied with, he expired in the arms of his attending wife and friends. The remains were brought to this city last evening.

HIGH SCHOOL'S LATEST VICTORY

Their Base-Ball Season Closed Triumphantly.

The Plainfield High School base-ball team scored another victory yesterday, in their last game of the season. They were to play the Fanwoods, but as some of the members did not appear others were substituted. Up to the fifth innings not a single player of the picked nine reached a base, and in consequence the High School boys grew careless and let in five runs. Thereafter they played better ball, but in the eighth again became reckless. The score stood 16 to 12 in eight innings and a half.

The teams were composed as follows:

High School—C. Langdon, C. Miller, 2, Shepherd, 1, Fleig, 3, Laing, A. Serrell, 7, Sutphen, F. Stover, C. Neal.

Picked nine—Day, Monte, Trentz, Field, Bodine, Bensinger, Townley, Bodine, Pierson, Burroughs.

Y. M. C. A. Camps.

Full information may be obtained at the Y. M. C. A. rooms in regard to the Tenting Party at Northfield, Mass., June 30th to July 15th, and also concerning the Boys' Camp in charge of Mr. S. F. Dudley, of Orange, at Lake Wawayanda, Sussex county, New Jersey, July 24 to 26th.

The following gentlemen will also be glad to give information:

W. D. Murray, Geo. H. Fountaine and Alfred E. Holmes about the former; and Vincent Rockwell, Fleig, Wm. Geo, Ryder and Frank French about the latter.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	7 P. M.	10 P. M.	Highest.	Lowest.
1. Saturday	66	65	66	69	71	71	65
2. Sunday	67	68	69	70	70	70	67
3. Monday	65	65	69	70	68	70	65
4. Tuesday	65	65	70	72	70	72	65
5. Wednesday	61	61	65	72	70	72	61
6. Thursday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
7. Friday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
8. Saturday	66	64	70	72	70	72	64
9. Sunday	66	64	70	72	70	72	64
10. Monday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
11. Tuesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
12. Wednesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
13. Thursday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
14. Friday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
15. Saturday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
16. Sunday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
17. Monday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
18. Tuesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
19. Wednesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
20. Thursday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
21. Friday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
22. Saturday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
23. Sunday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
24. Monday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
25. Tuesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
26. Wednesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64

VERY TART AND POPULAR:
ORANGE,
LEMON
RASPBERRY and
CHERRY PHOSPHATES.

Frosted Cream Soda,
the success of the season. Cold Root Beer, unequalled. Milk Shakes, very nutritious. Obtainable at the City Pharmacy.

Field & Randolph
PROPRIETORS,
11 WEST FRONT STREET,
Plainfield, N. J.

DEVOTED TO GOD'S WORK

THE NEW PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH FORMALLY DEDICATED.

An Interesting Report by the Pastor, and an Eloquent Sermon by Dr. Thompson.—The Trustees and the Contractors accept the Finished Edifice.—A Tribute and Memorial to Mrs. Latimer's Noble Generosity.

In the rich flood of an hundred lights gleaming from the masterpiece of a chandelier in the centre of the vaulted roof, revealing every beauty of the stately edifice, the new house of worship of the First Presbyterian church was dedicated last evening. The congregation was not as large as it probably would have been had the weather been more promising, but most of the pews were comfortably filled, and interesting exercises followed.

With Dr. E. W. Hedges at the grand new organ the music of the evening was delightful. Besides congregational singing there were several special renditions by the choir, notably Farmer's Gloria, Mass in B flat, and Dudley Buck's Venite in E flat and "Jesus, How Lovely." In introducing the noted divine, Dr. Ketcham took occasion to refer to the pleasant memories of Christian life connected with his association with Dr. Thompson, whose vigorous mind, affectionate heart and earnest purpose had made him a most successful pastor. The invocation was followed by the vote to sail for Europe the very next day, his kind courtesy in responding so cheerfully to this request to preach merited especial appreciation.

The text of Dr. Thompson's sermon was from I Corinthians xiii:9—"We prophesy in part".

The old prophets—Moses, Daniel, Jeremiah, Isaiah, Matthew, Mark, Luke and John—were all dead. Their prophecies dealt with spiritual events or as they told of God. We, too, were prophets of the Lord and as His spokesmen followed in the footsteps of the departed ones. The reality of the knowledge of these old prophets, however, was but little manifest to us, and we in our turn, were limited in to our utterances. We could prophesy but in part; we must end our recitals with abrupt, periodic sentences.

But then we do know and we do speak; in this time future churches of this beautiful city of New York to-day.

The late Herbert W. Peck, whose funeral occurs to-day, was graduated from the Plainfield High School Thursday, June 24th, 1886. His classmates were Miss Laura E. Runyon, Miss Emma L. Adams, Miss M. Louise Karner, Miss Flora E. Petrie, Miss Edith R. Leonard, Mr. Frederick T. Cuthbert, Mr. Frank T. Clawson, Mr. Frank E. Newman, Mr. Tiernan Newell Horn and Mr. Theodore J. Gillies, jr. The class motto was "Effort if not Success."

Mr. Rudolphus MacDonald, whose sudden death at Asbury Park was recorded yesterday, was senior Director of the City National Bank of Plainfield and was several years a member of the Union county Board of Freeholders. He had been at the Park about ten days, and was planning to return home yesterday. His baggage he himself had packed, and after being assisted down stairs he talked expectantly of the contemplated journey back to Plainfield. The rheumatic fever with which he had been suffering had during the past few days seemed to affect his heart, and he asked to be taken outside for fresh air. His request complied with, he expired in the arms of his attending wife and friends. The remains were brought to this city last evening.

HIGH SCHOOL'S LATEST VICTORY

Their Base-Ball Season Closed Triumphantly.

The Plainfield High School base-ball team scored another victory yesterday, in their last game of the season. They were to play the Fanwoods, but as some of the members did not appear others were substituted. Up to the fifth innings not a single player of the picked nine reached a base, and in consequence the High School boys grew careless and let in five runs. Thereafter they played better ball, but in the eighth again became reckless. The score stood 16 to 12 in eight innings and a half.

The teams were composed as follows:

High School—C. Langdon, C. Miller, 2, Shepherd, 1, Fleig, 3, Laing, A. Serrell, 7, Sutphen, F. Stover, C. Neal.

Picked nine—Day, Monte, Trentz, Field, Bodine, Bensinger, Townley, Bodine, Pierson, Burroughs.

Y. M. C. A. Camps.

Full information may be obtained at the Y. M. C. A. rooms in regard to the Tenting Party at Northfield, Mass., June 30th to July 15th, and also concerning the Boys' Camp in charge of Mr. S. F. Dudley, of Orange, at Lake Wawayanda, Sussex county, New Jersey, July 24 to 26th.

The following gentlemen will also be glad to give information:

W. D. Murray, Geo. H. Fountaine and Alfred E. Holmes about the former; and Vincent Rockwell, Fleig, Wm. Geo, Ryder and Frank French about the latter.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	7 P. M.	10 P. M.	Highest.	Lowest.
1. Saturday	66	65	66	69	71	71	65
2. Sunday	67	68	69	70	70	70	67
3. Monday	65	65	69	70	68	70	65
4. Tuesday	65	65	70	72	70	72	65
5. Wednesday	61	61	65	72	70	72	61
6. Thursday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
7. Friday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
8. Saturday	66	64	70	72	70	72	64
9. Sunday	66	64	70	72	70	72	64
10. Monday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
11. Tuesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
12. Wednesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
13. Thursday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
14. Friday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
15. Saturday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
16. Sunday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
17. Monday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
18. Tuesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
19. Wednesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
20. Thursday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
21. Friday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
22. Saturday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
23. Sunday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
24. Monday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
25. Tuesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64
26. Wednesday	64	64	70	72	70	72	64

vice of its godly men and women. O World, unless to try to measure the profound depths of the souls sacrifices, the living property of God.

We are in our minority now. We throw ourselves against the veil and not one rent is made. Nothing to be seen but the veil, veil, veil now. But by-and-by we shall acquire our ground. What we now stammer we shall say full-toned and clear. What we now see dimly we shall see face to face and clear as crystal sight. The lisping lad becomes a ruler among men, and a law-maker. The speechless infant spoke profound eloquence. But his mother will tell you that never spake he truer word than when on his mother's bosom of childish fancy he said "Mama, I love you." We, too, shall be able to extend our articulation when we shall have passed beyond the veil. Then we can speak the truth, though but in part; and there is deepest meaning in our saying I love you, in part.

Within the church, if it be day, the colored window-lights obstruct the vision, but still we are able to see that the daylight lies just beyond; and though for a time we see through a glass darkly death's hand at last shatters the obstruction and we see all that is in Christ's love. Then is that partial prophecy done away with; then is that which is perfect known.

The discourse—far more impressive than mechanical letters can express it—had in it some of that "rapt seraphic fire" which the speaker at one time attributed to Isaiah, and many were visibly affected by its thorough earnestness and its masterful power.

At the conclusion of the sermon dispersed, the newly-dedicated house of God was baptized in a gentle shower of rain.

JUNE WEDDING BELLS.

Kirkner—Newell.

Mr. George Moss Kirkner, eldest son of the Hon. Jacob Kirkner, of West Eighth street, was married at half-past five o'clock last evening to Miss Kathleen, only daughter of Mr. Theodore Newell. A fashionable throng witnessed the ceremony, which was conducted by the Rev. E. M. Rodman.

The maid of honor was Miss May Kirkner, and the bridesmaids were Miss Carrie Kirkner and Miss Case of Brooklyn. Mr. F. H. Moss, of Philadelphia, was "best man".

The bride, leaning on her uncle's arm, and preceded by the others, approached the altar through the central aisle, in which was a beautiful archway of daisies, with a gate of evergreen. The bride was dressed in white and wore a white tulle veil. The bridesmaids were dressed in white and carried bouquets of daisies.

A wedding reception followed the ceremony, at the home of the bride, after which the bride and groom departed on a short trip.

To Take Tea in Italian.

Mr. Edwin H. Lewis, of Central avenue, will entertain a party of literary friends at his home this evening. He has prepared the following "Lista":

CENA D'UN CELIBE POVERINO.
Juni 26, 1889.
Maccaroni al burro.
Insalata Napolitana.
Salada di Lobster al Americano.
Bianca Manga di latta alla Vallembrosa
Or
Mosaico Veneziana.
Frutti.
Maccaroni.
Baci.
Confetti; Castagne Romane, glaci.
Claret di Frambola.
Biera di radici alla Inghilterra Nuova.
Te con giochio.

Died.

McELROY.—At Plainfield, N. J., June 25th, Thomas Tyrone McElroy, M. D., aged 42.
Requiem mass at St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, Thursday at 10 a. m. Interment in Plainfield.

MacDONALD.—At Asbury Park, N. J., June 25th, 1889, of heart failure, Rudolphus MacDonald, of Plainfield, N. J., age 65 years.
Funeral service Friday afternoon at three o'clock from the late residence of the deceased, corner of Front and Somerset streets, Plainfield, with its yonng people and growing population. She desired that a new church should be erected and be named. In her pure unselfishness she held a vile regard for the needs of the people for a new building. Let those who talk to us be her monument look around them.

"The one element of sorrow connected with these services," said the speaker, "was the regret that the saintly witnessing of the one who of her life—that she might live to see the edifice, at the front of J. B. Miller & Bro., at Plainfield, for an iron frnm bridge over Green brook in the city of Plainfield; there is of the span of fifty feet between the faces of abutment-walls; the bridge-seat at right angles to line of traffic and very nearly feet in length; no sidewalks; planking to be 3-inch Georgia pine, free from sap or dogs. The structure is to sustain eighty pounds per square foot of foot-way area, besides weight of bridge, with a factor-safety of four.

At the same time and place will be received by the same committee proposals for the masonry for said bridge. Specifications for both can be seen and obtained at A. VanDerbeek's store, Park avenue, or at the house of Wm. E. Jones, Somerset street, on and after Saturday, June 29th. The Plainfield Town Committee reserve the right to reject any or all proposals for either of the above.

By order of the Committee,
WM. E. JONES, Somerset.
4t* A. VANDERBEEK, Union.

HOTEL NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.
Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank E. Miller.

B. T. BARNES
ICE-CREAM
Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.
Or postal P. O.

SPECIAL,
This Week Only
Gentlemen's
4-Ply Linen Cuffs, 13c
actually worth 25c.
4-Ply Linen Collars, 8c
real value, 15c. All good styles, and lowest prices ever heard of for these goods, at
H. A. POPE'S,
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

THE EVONA VOCAL CLUB.

Their Second Private Concert a Splendid Success.

A fine audience attended the second private concert of the Evona Vocal Club at the Dunellen Presbyterian church last evening, and the hours were passed most enjoyably. The club was assisted by Miss Belle Watson, soprano, Miss Edith Tuttle, contralto, Mr. Robert Schreyvogel, tenor; Mr. Wm. T. Angel, baritone, and Miss Jessie Utter, pianist. Mrs. Kate C. Conant was musical director, and Miss Margie Atkinson was accompanist. The programme was of rare excellence and in its execution Mrs. Conant was the recipient of sincere congratulations. The numbers ran as follows:

Part 1.—Latvian's Cavern, the Club; baritone solo, "The Rat", Pinsuti, Mr. Angel; soprano solo, "Fair Biggest"——, The Hungarian—Mayerhoff; Miss Watson; chorus, "Spring Wake," Mills, the Club; alto solo, "Love's Sorrow" Sidney Mac Eitte, tenor solo, "Longing", Rubenstein, Mr. Schreyvogel; soprano solo and chorus, "Gypsy Life" R. Schumann.

Part 2.—Chorus, "A Serenade Full of Flowers" and "Nearest and Dearest"; Carracosa, Miss Watson and Miss Tuttle; solo, "The Lovely Rose," Abt, rendered by Max Vogrich, the Club; soprano solo, "Stars of the Summer Night", Yours, Miss Watson; part song, "Bugle Song", Jordan, the Club.

Flax-Growth in America.

A great deal is being said just now about a new industry being started in the United States. It is flax culture. The claim is that a new process has been discovered by which it is said that the flax can be stripped and its fibre produced clean and soft in a few hours instead of waiting from three to five months, as in Ireland. The fibre produced is of much greater strength than that by the old process, is as fine, white, soft and flexible as raw silk, and may be spun and woven upon silk machinery. This would, if practicable as claimed, create a splendid industry in the United States, and would give a new basis for as in any country in the world. This was abundantly proved during the war, when cotton could be had in the South, and flax could not. But two great difficulties have thus far prevented fair success—the lack of machinery in Europe and the absence of a sufficient tariff on flax and linens. It could be brought here much cheaper than it could be manufactured, and as a result, while thousands of acres were sown with flax, the fibres were thrown away, and the seed only saved for making oil. If, now, American invention has found a way of making use of the fibre, at less cost than the hand-process of laying it, it may be that the linen industry will find a foothold in this country and become the occupation of thousands of well-paid workmen.

A Baby Boy's Leg Fractured.

A strange Swiss family came into town this morning and made the North avenue railroad station their headquarters. With them was a baby boy, age about four years, who romped and played about in the baggage-room. This afternoon he fell from the top of a pile of trunks and fractured a leg. Dr. Fritts set the bone, and the little fellow was quartered with Baggage-Master Garretson.

DR. E. KIMBELL
THE CELEBRATED
CHIROPODIST
is still at the City Hotel, Plainfield, for a
Few Days Longer.
People who desire the services of a skillful CHIROPODIST would do well to improve the opportunity and call as soon as his stay in Plainfield is limited.
Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 6 p. m.
☞ Special favors shown people in moderate circumstances. ☜
Servants will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the CITY HOTEL, Plainfield, for a FEW DAYS LONGER.
DR. KIMBELL'S charges are moderate and invariably known after examinations, which are always free.
☞ Ladies often make up parties of from two to six and call upon Dr. Kimbell together. ☜ Any one person or family of four can have the ——— treatment free; troubles ——— and permanently cured and suffer nothing from the treatment.
MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.
During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 13,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.
From many thousand testimonials, in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:
From J. S. Professor M. D.: I have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in removing corns, and heartily recommend him to the afflicted. J. B. BUDAGE, 23 Park street.
From J. T. Fritts, M. D.: I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL as a skillful chiropodist. J. T. FRITTS, M. D.
Plainfield, N. J., North Avenue.
To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face. Mrs. R. TRETCH.
Plainfield, May 20.
From John A. Beerbower, Proprietor City Hotel: I take pleasure in saying that DR. KIMBELL has cured my feet in one treatment. JOHN A. BEERBOWER.
I with pleasure recommend DR. KIMBELL. Miss ALICE BOWLES.
30 Madison avenue.
Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cures the worst cases in ten days. Try it.
All bad cases solicited.

SUMMER TOPICS.

We never carry goods from one season to another, but rather sell them at a loss, and always have new goods to show, so that buyers will find many desirable bargains for the coming week in Summer goods of all kinds.

* * *

There are French Ginghams that cost the manufacturer 15c. Beautiful goods, they are, and the price is only 12c; and for Satteen that sold early in the season for 20c and 25c our price now is 12½c.

* * *

There are three special numbers in India Linen that were bought way below value: No. 1 at 15c, No. 2 at 18c, and No. 3 at 22c.

* * *

And then there is a line of extra-fine Plaid Nainsooks at 15c per yard; the real value is 25c.

* * *

If you want a cool comfortable Corset for Summer wear try the Zephyr. They are the best made, and extra-light weight. Price, 75c.

* * *

For the coming week we shall offer special bargains in full-width flouncing. We have cut the price on every piece of flouncing in the store, and if they are wanted come and see us.

* * *

We sell a genuine Mexican Grass Hammock, 14 feet long, at $1.15.

* * *

We are selling one of the best Window Screens made (fit any window); price, only 27c.

* * *

You can find all qualities and all sizes in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Gauze Underwear. Ask to see our 25c Jersey. Vest.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Special Sale.
Hats, Trunks, Shirts,
etc., at
C. E. CRANE'S, 19 Park ave.
Greatest bargains ever offered in this town.

County Ferms and Buildings.

(From The Elizabeth Journal.)

Those who love to look upon the clean and cultured farm of nature in the beautiful Summer will be interested to read the following letter from THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS:

Many of the various parts have finally rebelled against the careless practice of disfiguring fences and barns with advertisements. It does not add to the beauty of the landscape to have these facing dauby greet the eye on all sides. It is like away the rural freshness of the scene, and is not too strongly the disagreeable frictions of perfect and safe. Heading the harsh, seldom evil of the fence and barn, and the sight of the lamb, the self-satisfied grunt of the pig and the gentle low of the herd-eyed Alderney. Precious little sentiment abides in the bosom of the man who would flaunt his business in the face of nature in this unconscionable fashion. The farmers should get after the dealers with a bastinado.

Many of the farmers have really rebelled, if they have at last determined that their fences, their buildings and their reputations shall no longer show signs of the filthy medicine nuisance, that the public as large will be more than pleased, they will be truly thankful. There is, to the humble mind, something sinful in the attraction in a tumble-down fence, a neglected hedge or an abandoned and uncultivated corner, for instance, but there is a disgusting method of asserting her own strong individuality. Nature would not have us, even in places where she ought not to be allowed these charming privileges. It does not speak well for the farmer that he allows his premises to be her own sweet but erratic way. It is no credit to him that weeds and rank growths should go undisturbed along his fences and in neglected places, but on the score of either taste or thrift it is better that these things should be cultivated. The farmer should see that the buildings and fences should be daubed with unsightly, untruthful signs. The former condition may mean that the farmer is dead, or that he is so worked on by the fell spirit of money that he has no time to repair fences and clean up corners; or it may show that the farmer is one of those who have not yet learned how to bring to view out fences through the modern and most advanced teachings of agriculturists. But signboards on fences, barns and buildings always show poverty and meanness, with lack of taste and lack of pride, lack of money and lack of brains enough to invent a decent prohibition. It may be that the sentiments expressed in The Journal and other influential papers on this subject have had the desired effect as the suburban readers, or it may be that the very grossness of the fence nuisance, which has become sickened the farmers; but whatever the cause the people at large will be glad if it is true that the days of the fence and barn signboards and that the beauteous face of nature is not to be disfigured by them.

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All bad cases solicited.

A Public Park for Bound Brook.

The recent centennial celebration brought into prominence the fact that Washington's Army was encamped for some time in the vicinity of Bound Brook, and an enterprising local paper of that place, Mr. Observer De Mayo, took the trouble to locate the historic ground. He found after some search that it was on a plateau north of Bound Brook, and overlooks the country south of it for miles around.

Through the aid of J. C. Guernsey Mr. Le-Maine has purchased of the John D. Vorhees farm of 70 acres and Rhinehart Bounder's 25-acre farm. This includes most of the old "Washington camp-field", the property being described as such in deeds as far back as 1697. It is situated east of "The Cedars", Mrs. Mather's place, and between Vosseller and Mountain avenues.

It is proposed to have a grand celebration and fete-pole raising on the place the Fourth of July, with speaking and other kinds of representative demonstrations. A vote will be taken for the organization of a park association, to take charge of the grounds.

—The State Prohibition Convention will meet this year at Asbury Park, Thursday, July 18th, at three o'clock p. m., and will continue in session two days. The basis of representation will be one delegate for every 50 votes or fractional part thereof, cast for Governor in 1886.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

FOR SALE—A safe. Apply to L. Heyniger, No. 83 Somerset street. 6-26tf

FOR SALE—A good Buckeye mowing machine. Call No. 29 Plainfield avenue. 26-6

FIRST floor to let by the first of July. Corner of Fifth; Richmond No. 24.

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 699, Plainfield. 24tf

SCARLET salvias, roses, geraniums, etc., at Denton's Hillside avenue greenhouses. 26-6

TO LET—A nice 7-room cottage on Dorr street. Only three minutes walk from passenger office. Rent reasonable, to good tenant at once. Good water, nice shade, fruit, etc. Inquire on premises, No. 19 Dorr street. This is an unusual chance, and the first comer gets the bargain. 24-tf

TO RENT—A large barn. For particulars call at 56 Jackson street. 26-3

WANTED by married couple, a situation on a gentleman's place. Man as coachman and gardener. Wife a good plain cook, washer and ironer of general servant. Address R. F. W., care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Canvassers for Prudential Insurance. Address "L", Box 678, Plainfield. 26-6

WANTED—Girl for general housework, No. 3 First place. 6-15tf

Whipped Cream Soda
a new wonder
From the Wild West
A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.
REYNOLDS'
PHARMACY, Park and North avenues.
N. B.—Exclusive Hotel Agency for Plainfield. 5-11-6m

THE BEES AND
the people swarm to
Howell, the Grocer
for the correct thing in
FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,
CHOICE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES,
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,
NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot.
Telephone Call 50.

Now is the Time
to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the
Seaside or Mountain
We have cabinet containing FIVE QUIRES of
GOOD LINEN PAPER
and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 75c. This is a bargain. There are other boxes containing one quire of paper and envelopes from 10c up, rough or smooth, heavy or light, ruled or plain.
A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

Established 1881. —THE— Incorporated 1889.
ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION
AND SUPPLY COMPANY,
C. E. KINDAM, Gen'l Manager.
97 Liberty st., N. Y.
Offices, Factory and Testing Laboratory, Newark, N. J.
Largest installation for New work in America.
Plainfield office, 28 North avenue. Rooms rented by F. S. Dunn.

COME OUT! COME OUT!
Don't let a little warm weather keep you in; our store is cool and comfortable so that you'll be pleased to call and see us. We will be pleased to look at the following SPECIAL BARGAINS: Dress Challies in light and dark colors, at 7c. Best Grade of all-wool Challies, 10c and 12c. Dress Lawns, 5 c. to 20c; better grade, 7c. to 25c. Dress Ginghams, 5c. to 20c; worth 10c. to 25c. Dress Ginghams, good quality at 9c; worth 12. We still have a number of pieces of "Chalice" Dress Ginghams at 12½c, equal to French Ginghams. Best Cochenc Prints, 5c. Pantaloon Jeans and White Lawns at 10c. Parasols in endless variety.
Fine Blankets and Flannels for the coming season. Now is the time you need them. Now is the time you must them. The best assortment of these goods in the city.
Carpets and Mattings. Good Ingrain Carpet, 25c to 50. Our specialty, 35c. Ingrains, all-wool, two-ply, 50c; three-ply, extra heavy, 65c. Special in Fancy Mattings, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20 and 25c.
We have the agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machine and keep constantly in stock all numbers of needles for the following machines: Singer, Domestic, New Home and Wilson & Gibbs.
I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street,
NEAR R.—STRICTLY ONE-PRICE. VIATION

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
NEW DEVELOPER OF PLAINFIELD AND WEEKLY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TO BE DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Some French scientists have a new cure for drunkenness. It is to hypnotize or mesmerize the drunkard. He is kept under the influence of the spell a sufficient time, long or short, till the appetite for alcohol wears out. He is simply held for the time by an influence which is stronger than the craving for liquor. The principle is the same that Anton Mesmer made use of in his day.

In the United States there are 70,000 lawyers, about one lawyer to every 900 inhabitants. In France there is only one lawyer to over 6,000 people. In Germany the proportion is about the same as in France.

Mr. David Dudley Field, now past 80 years old, is of opinion that many of the disreputable practices alleged against lawyers are due to the fact that the profession is overcrowded. They must do things not strictly in the line of professional honor, quit the profession or starve. There are so many of them that competition has given rise to the practice of soliciting business. Law offices often now have their regular professional drummers, like hotels or railway lines. In case of scandalous stories getting into publication about difficulties between married people, these drummers have been known to call on the injured husband or wife and offer to obtain a divorce with neatness and dispatch.

Mr. Field says the lawyer who solicits divorce cases should be treated as an enemy of the human race. Another deplorable practice is that of dividing results with a client.

The great number of lawyers does not facilitate law business by any means. There are too many courts as well as too many lawyers. Litigants can appeal and keep appealing till a case is dragged out like that of Myra Clara Gaines, for fifty-five years. The whole machinery of the law is so heavy and cumbersome that there is safety only in keeping out of it.

A Hebrew Departure.

The Jewish race in America have developed traits different from their brethren in the Old World. There is now a movement among them to bring poor boys of their blood and faith into the mechanical trades and make Jewish carpenters, machinists, etc. There is at this time a Jewish manual trade school in New York where boys of this race receive a thorough technical training. The school is called the Hebrew Technical Institute. Youths who have been trained in it pass into the mechanical trades and shops and at once take good places, passing rapidly ahead of those who lack such preliminary education. Drawing is one of the branches in which the young mechanics are trained most carefully.

So that in a few years we shall have Jewish artisans in all the manual labor departments. This invasion of the trades is something quite new in the history of the race in modern times.

The school is a benevolent institution, free to students. It is supported by a number of prominent and wealthy Jewish gentlemen. In explanation of this new departure they say that the ranks of trade and commerce are already crowded till they can receive no more recruits. So are the professions. The boys who are now in the technical school are poor, and would be forced to stand upon the street and sell shoe strings and matches and become petty peddlers. They could not be anything else than tradesmen in a meager and miserable way, because there are so many of them. With a thorough manual training, however, they can go into the world and hold their own with the best.

New Italy.

Gladstone, the indefatigable, writes a long but very interesting paper in The Nineteenth Century on New Italy. He visited Italy in 1841. Thirty-eight years after, in 1879, he visits it again, and notes the changes.

He finds everything greatly improved. Even in Naples the filth which made that city the terror of travelers has been in a great measure removed. The beggars who used to swarm like flies after the carriages of tourists, yelling at the top of their voices, have almost disappeared, for which heaven be praised. Shocking and mockingly-dressed cab-men in the city has an abundant supply of pure water. It was needed. Mr. Gladstone finds that "omnibuses, trams and steam trams" convey passengers through the streets.

Everywhere are reconstruction, improvement, and, above all, intense loyalty to the king and queen. The difficulties that still beset Italy are danger of war with other countries, the question of temporal sovereignty for the pope and the awful load of debt under which the nation staggers. The first difficulty can be avoided, the second can be let alone, but the third is a very grave one and, must be grappled with by all the statesmanship Italy can bring to bear. The national Italian debt is today as great as that of the whole United States in 1871, and the taxes are at the danger point. The Italians themselves might adjust this debt, as the French did theirs, by taking the government loan.

It often happens to Great Britain that elections have great difficulty in finding a candidate for the house of commons. Members of this body serve without pay, and only men of means can afford the honor. In case of necessity perhaps we could spare the British a few candidates from the United States.

The best heart and brains parents and teachers have, the more varied and torturesome are the punishments they devise for helpless children. A school teacher has been found who first flogs his pupils severely and then subjects them to shocks from an electric battery. How they will revere that man in after years.

Our laws in regard to immigrants are a precious bit of wisdom. Under them, if a foreigner lands in this country with his work engaged and ready for him beforehand, he is sent back home under the law forbidding the importation of contract labor. If, on the other hand, he comes without money and without prospect of work, he can be sent back anyhow as a pauper.

A notable military organization took part in the centennial parade in New York. It was the Washington Artillery, from New Orleans. It was a famous command even before the war. It passed through some of the hottest fights of the civil conflict. At the bloody slaughter of Burnside's army at Marye's Heights, Fredericksburg, it was the Washington Artillery that aimed and fired the guns that did the most deadly work.

In Berlin an exhibition of appliances for protecting working people from accident in factories has been held. It was under the patronage of the emperor, who approved of its object. But a prominent German newspaper made the criticism that if the emperor had the right to approve of these things, might he not also force factory owners to go to the expense of actually adopting them?—which would be a high handed exercise of power.

Russia seems to be supplanting the United States in the kerosene oil trade in India. In 1880 we exported over 29,000,000 gallons of petroleum to India. That year Russia came in as a rival for the first time, with 1,500,000 gallons. But during the past eight months of the fiscal year we have only sent to India 14,000,000 gallons, while Russia is crowding us very close with 11,000,000.

Cardinal Gibbons has defined his position clearly on the temperance question. His view is also that of Bishops Ryan and Ireland, earnest and eloquent temperance workers in the Roman Catholic church, *and of the priesthood generally*. Cardinal Gibbons favors high license, with moral suasion, as the best means of promoting temperance. He would have the sale of liquor on Sunday strictly prohibited. The police should be compelled to enforce the Sunday liquor laws.

Japan is so fond of Germany that she is encouraging the study of the German language. Some Japanese students resided in Germany till they mastered the Teuton tongue. Then they returned home, and are now publishing a paper called "From West to East." They say editorially in their journal that in mental characteristics the Japanese are more akin to the German than to any other western nation, and that a warm sympathy should therefore exist between the two.

The population of the Samoan Islands is not more than 37,000 all told. The natives are an erect, handsome brown race, with straight black hair. The French commander who originally discovered the islands named the group Navigators' Islands, from the skill displayed by the people in handling their canoes and boats. The Samoans were long ago converted to Christianity, but in case of volcanic eruptions, which still occur at intervals, they are rather inclined to lapse into the worship of their ancient earthquake god.

The battles about Kenesaw mountain, Ga., took place from June 9 to June 30, just a quarter century ago. The Kenesaw fights were one continuous battle. The Union losses were 8,670. Napoleon at Marengo lost only 4,000 of his men. In the records of history there have been no such losses as were sustained on both sides in the American civil war. At Waterloo Wellington lost 15 per cent. of his forces. At Gettysburg the northern army lost 28 per cent., at Antietam 29 per cent. In the bloody battles of the Wilderness the Army of the Potomac lost 31 per cent. of its soldiers in killed, wounded and prisoners.

Next to the fighting over their claims, the greatest inconvenience endured by the Oklahoma settlers is want of water. There are now under consideration new methods for accumulating and storing water that may prove invaluable to the settlers. There certainly must be methods of obtaining water in the dry territories, either by irrigation, or by artesian wells, or by some other method. There is no industrial problem that the brain of man cannot conquer in time. The water supply question once settled, the southwest will become the garden of the Union. The soil of much of it proves extraordinarily fertile when irrigated. It may be expected that New Mexico, Arizona and other dry regions will in the future be filled with prosperous and beauty, and become the home of teeming millions.

MRS. HAYES AT REST.

The Ex-Lady of the White House Dead.

HER BRIEF BUT FATAL ILLNESS.

Sympathy From President and Mrs. Hinchman—A Short Sketch of the Deceased.

A Great and Good Woman—Her Temperance Principles.

FREMONT, O., June 26.—Mrs. Lucy Webb Hayes, the esteemed wife of ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes, passed away into the unknowned country Tuesday morning after a comparatively brief illness. Early last her condition gradually grew worse, and the end was felt to be near. The ex-president and near and dear relatives, Mrs. Mitchell, of Columbus; Mrs. Huntington, Miss Lucy Hayes and Col. Webb C. Hayes were at the bedside when the death angel came. Mrs. Hayes was free from pain until the end, and passed away quietly and peacefully.

Promptness in Mourning.

The entire city is in mourning and flags are at half mast. A telegram of sympathy has been received from many friends, among them President and Mrs. Harrison.

Mrs. Hayes' Life.

Mrs. Lucy Webb Hayes was born at Chillicothe, O., about fifty-six years ago, and was the daughter of Dr. James Webb. She was married to Mr. Hayes Dec. 30, 1852. Eight children have resulted from the marriage, of whom four sons and a daughter are living. Mrs. Hayes exhibited much devotion and patriotism in attending wounded soldiers during the war, and was also manifested a strong sympathy with the work of reformatory and philanthropic organizations.

Her Temperance Principles.

Her temperance views led to the banishment of wine from the White House at Washington during her husband's administration, an innovation which attracted much and favorable attention and comment during the four years.

A Washington Tribute.

The Washington Star speaks thus of Mrs. Hayes:

She was a woman of education and refinement. She understood the art of entertaining better than any woman who has filled that position. She knew how to make the greater and the lesser alike feel perfectly at home and enjoy themselves while under her roof. She was a hostess who tempted what she did successfully, to entertain entirely without the use of wines at the table. The personal influence which, by official boards of the president during the four years of the Hayes administration were all devoted to Mrs. Hayes, and the news of her dangerous illness has caused them much sorrow.

Several of the present officials were at the White House and had ample and fresh recollection of her is coupled with a warm personal regard. Senators — Democrats and Republicans — were often invited to the executive mansion, and to great gatherings of her grace as a hostess. Senator Thurman, one of the most notable partisans the Democrats had in the senate, became one of her most enthusiastic friends after meeting her at the White House. He spoke of her as a rare woman.

Every Thanksgiving while she was in the White House Mrs. Hayes gave a dinner party, at which she and the president and their children sat at the table with the private secretary, the assistant secretaries and the executive clerks. On these occasions everything was as charming and homelike as possible. The devotion of everybody in the house to Mrs. Hayes was marked, and the delicacy, tenderness and refinements are often spoken of in terms of high praise.

Mrs. Hayes' Portrait.

Since President Hayes' retirement from office, Mrs. Hayes has been living quietly at her home in Fremont. On March 3, 1881, a few days after she had vacated the White House, a portrait of Mrs. Hayes, painted by Huntington for the National Women's Christian Temperance union, was presented to the union and hung upon the famous west room of the executive mansion. It hangs in the first panel on the east wall next to the panel occupied by the portrait of Martha Washington.

Mrs. Hayes' illness began on Friday with a stroke of paralysis, induced by an apoplectic shock. There was but faint hope of her recovery from the first.

M'DOW LOVED THE MAID.

And Asked Her to Elope With Him.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 26.—In the trial of Dr. McDow for the murder of Editor Dawson, Dr. Manigault, a naturalist, corroborated the statement of the physician who made the post-mortem examination that the fatal shot was fired from behind the back of the deceased's head. The mysterious woman in McDow's house is gradually being brought into the case, and it is expected that she will be finally brought up.

The Swiss Maid Testifies.

The evidence of Miss Christian Bruen, Mrs. Dawson's Swiss maid, was the sensation of the day. She was brought here by Mrs. Dawson from Switzerland, two years ago, as governess for her children. She is 20 years old, and a handsome brunette with dark hair and eyes, and speaks English well. She developed force. She understands English, but speaks it imperfectly. Her manner was collected, and she bore herself with an air of innocence. Her first meeting with McDow, Dawson's friend, was in Europe. He followed her on the street and asked her to run away with him. She told him that she would not do so. She would not leave Mrs. Dawson for anything.

McDow Had Kissed Her.

He met her frequently on the street after that, and persecuted her with his attentions when she was going to school with Capt. Dawson's children and when she was returning home. He visited her several times at Capt. Dawson's house. He met her one time in Washington and Capt. Dawson was at his work in The News and Courier office. He sent her flowers and gave her a watch to remember him by. He declared that he had married a German woman for her money that his married life was unhappy, and that he wanted her to run away with him and marry him. He told her that Dawson was not good to her, and that he could not get a divorce from his wife in Charleston, but would take witness to North Carolina and obtain one there. On a rainy morning when McDow had taken a photograph from her. He had kissed her, but only twice. She knew his conduct was not proper. She did not love him. She felt sorry for him because of his misfortune. She believed that if she had yielded to him he would have supported her.

A Self Possessed Witness.

The witness was self possessed, and made a good impression. The defense will now open its case and McDow may take the stand himself. The argument will probably not begin until Friday.

One Thousand Doctors at Newport.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 26.—One thousand physicians from all parts of the country are here in attendance at the forty-second annual convention of the American Medical association. Flowers of Land made an address of welcome.

RUN DOWN BY A TUG BOAT

Six Young People Drowned in the Hudson.

ONLY ONE OF THE PARTY SAVED.

The Sound of an Accordion Drowned the Warning Whistle of the Evangeline as She Bore Down Upon the Doomed Pleasure Seekers.

ALBANY, June 26.—A boating party, consisting of John Mastmore, son of his late Thomas Mastmore, of this city, and five young people, Edward and Joseph Cole, Maud and Maggie Horner, and two other young ladies, cousins of the Horner girls, from Hudson, N. Y., while rowing on the river opposite the Knickerbocker ice houses at Coeymans, were run down by the tug Evangeline and the boat sunk.

All but One Drowned.

Before assistance could reach them all were drowned excepting Joseph Cole, who managed, but was almost completely exhausted by his efforts to save his companions.

The Other Ladies' Names.

Later—The names of the young ladies from Hudson are Miss Kate Ryan and Miss Mary Hennessy.

The Warning Whistle Unheeded.

Capt. McCormick, of the tugboat, says he saw the party when about fifty feet away and blew his whistle, but the noise of an accordion which Joseph Cote was playing evidently drowned the sound of the whistle. The yacht capsized, and all about 20 years of age, and were estimable young people. A search has been kept up all night for the bodies of the unfortunates, but none of them have been discovered up to a late hour.

KILLED HIS SWEETHEART.

Eugene Emery, in Jealous Rage, Murders Cora Grimes.

MEDINA, N. Y., June 26.—Cora Grimes, of Oak Orchard, northeast of here, has been brutally murdered by Eugene Emery. He is a day laborer, but both in intellect and appearance is above the average hired man. They had been for several years greatly attached to the young girl, who was but 18 years old, and on numerous occasions has purchased trinkets for her. As the girl grew older these attentions became distasteful to her, while Emery's regard for her ripened into a wild love.

On the fatal night he came to see her while her father and mother were away, and bitter words passed between them. Emery became wildly enraged, and picking up a piece of plank struck her on the head, knocking her senseless.

The girl's younger brother and an uncle were present and attempted to interfere, but were threatened with death by the man, and they ran away. They turned and saw him beating the girl's head into a shapeless mass. When help arrived Cora was dead.

Emery had fled, but parties of enraged men with swift horses went in pursuit of him. For protection he sought Officer Charles Francis at Gaines, and was taken to Albion jail. Emery is about 40 years old. He was married about fifteen years ago, but a disagreement arose between him and his wife and they have not lived together.

Phelps at Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—*William Walter* Phelps, of the Berlin commission, has arrived here with a copy of the Samoan treaty. He at once had an interview with Secretary Blaine at the Normandie hotel. It is stated that Secretary Blaine has formally asked Mr. Phelps to become the United States envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Germany, and that the president has very kindly remarked that he would like to see Mr. Phelps at that post.

San Francisco Sued for $300,000,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 26.—Suit has been entered in the United States district court by Frank M. Hoover and Baldwin Potter, through his attorney, John K. Moore, against the city and city and county of San Francisco, asking claim to $300,0.0,000, the estimated value of an Alta, California grant deeded to Ferdinand Machina by Governor Michel Torena in 1843. The alleged grant includes a large part of the best residence portion of the city.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Baseball.

LEAGUE.

At Chicago—

Chicago	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	1—5
New York	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0—3

Batteries: Hutchinson and Darling, Crane and Ewing.

At Indianapolis—

Indianapolis	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—3
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries: Boyle and Buckley, Radbourn and Gassell.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	1	0	4	0	4	0	0	2	0—11
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries: Galvin and Fields; Keefe, Mack and Daily. Called on account of rain.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0—5
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries: O'Brien and Zimmer, Gleason and Schriver.

ASSOCIATION.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—2
Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—2

Batteries: Carruthers and Bushong, Baldwin and Pelty.

At St. Louis—

St. Louis	3	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	0—7
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries: Hudson, Chamberlain and Boyle; Viau and Earle.

At Philadelphia—

Athletic	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	5—9
Baltimore	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0—4

Batteries: Seward and Robinson, Foreman and Quinn.

OTHER GAMES.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Toronto	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	1—6

Batteries: Burt and Toy, Gorad and McGuire.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	1—4
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries: Murphy and Walker, Jones and Mansell.

At Buffalo—

Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0—2
Detroit	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Batteries: White and Thayer, Kemmler and Goodall.

At Hamilton—

Hamilton	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	0—5
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Batteries: Goldsby and Dolan, Hengle and Sage. Game called to allow Toledo to catch train.

At New Haven—

New Haven	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0—6
Warwick	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—1

Batteries: Mercer and Cassel, Durant and Beaty.

At Worcester—

Worcester	0	0	1	4	0	0	3	0	1—9
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries: Sadler and Peters, Jacobs and Blake.

At Hartford—

Hartford	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Forest City	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Batteries: Winkelman and Shinkle, Daly and Sullivan.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Seven Rabbis of Reformed Tendency ordained.

George McCann, who murdered his wife with a hatchet at Philadelphia, committed suicide at the county prison by hanging himself with a lace handkerchief in his cell door.

Dwight Frank, a prominent citizen, was found in bed with Mrs. Jamieson, N. Y., his next door neighbor, both naked. Frank committed suicide by slashing himself in his throat.

Mr. Elgar Van Etten, superintendent of the Erie railroad, has tendered his resignation, to take effect July 1. Division Superintendent C. A. Brown, of the Erie, at Meadville, will likely succeed him.

Warren Ehlpaugh, an escaped convict from Auburn state prison, has been arrested at Buffalo.

John A. Frotericks, of Elizabeth, N. J., has been arrested at Middletown, N. Y., charged with bigamy by his first wife. He has been committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

At the commencement of Haverford, Pa., college many eminent educational people were present. President Sharpless conferred degrees upon the twenty-six graduates.

Judge Gresham has rendered his decision on the appeal of the Louisville players to the Association protesting against the payment of the wholesale fine laid cited for alleged violation of the rules. A special meeting of the Association will be held when the clubs go west, and the grievances of the men have been put in legal form for presentation on that occasion.

Professor Edward S. Morse, of Salem, has just received notice of his election as corresponding member of the Berlin Society of Ethnology, some of the members of which accompanied by the society's diploma. Professor Rudolf Virchow, the eminent naturalist, is president of the society.

Mr. Ingham, of Ingham, Clarke & Co., booksellers, doing business at Cleveland, O., and Meadville, Pa., have assigned. Liabilities, $80,000; assets about the same. The assignment was caused by outside speculation by a member of the firm who signed paper to the amount of $35,000.

The United Gas Improvement company has elected the following officers: President, Owen E. Fraser, Canastota; vice president, Benjamin F. Bosum, Ithaca; secretary, M. D. Delong, Utica; treasurer, Oliver A. Rose, Dunkirk. The company is the largest glass company in the United States and has twelve factories.

Col. John McCaull, of comic opera fame, is quite ill at his home in Baltimore.

Yale's class of 1886 has subscribed $8,500 for the new Yale gymnasium. One member of the class gave his check for $1,000 to purchase a special gymnasium outfit.

Citizen Jackson, of the supreme court, has leased the Leland castle at New Rochelle, N. Y., for the summer. It is said that ex-President Cleveland will be Mr. Fuller's guest during the heated term.

Elizabeth Jackson, the woman whose mutilated remains were found in the Thames, is supposed to be another victim of "Jack the Ripper."

Superintendent Porter of the census bureau *has divided the country into 173 census districts*, for the purpose of taking the next census, each one of which will be in charge of a supervisor. In 1880 the country was divided into 150 districts.

Mammoth Plant of an English Syndicate.

The Iron and Steel Trade Review of Industry: Record this week says English iron and steel makers are preparing for a work which will have great influence upon the future of the south and the west. A syndicate in England has purchased 50,000 acres of mineral land at Cumberland Gap, a point in the mountain range separating Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee. They have already spent $4,000,000 at Cumberland Gap, and made contracts for four furnaces, rolling mills and steel works to cost $5,000,000, for opening coal mines, involving a cost of $500,000, a $500,000 tannery, seven saw mills in full operation, four brick yards, machine shops, planing mills and other enterprises, representing a capital of $7,000,000.

Bloodthirsty Texas Politicians.

AUSTIN, Tex., June 26.—The killing of Red Gilbert and Wharton Kyle Terry has stirred up bad blood in Wharton and the adjoining county, and there are grave fears that the opposing factions will clash and bloodshed follow. Both sides are heavily armed. The governor has ordered the Victoria rifles to Wharton and Capt. Jones' rangers to Richmond. The feud is a political one, the Democrats and Republicans being on one side and Democrats on the other, but as a mixture, Democrats and Republicans being on each side. Terry, who killed Gilbert, is a son of Col. Terry, of the Texas rangers, and has a strong following. Gibson was quite prominent and had scores of friends.

Fifteen Millions for Pensions.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The pension office has made requisitions upon the treasury department for $15,000,000 out of the appropriation for pensions for July 1. The money will be placed to the credit of the pension agents on the latter 3d of the coming month. There are said to be between 8,000 and 10,000 pensioners' vouchers awaiting the depositing of this money.

Bangor's Strike.

BANGOR, Me., June 26.—Sargent & Sons' mill has closed, making six mills now idle. Fears are entertained that the men in the other mills will strike July 1. The strikers are already working for the end. Both sides are firm and the condition of affairs is unsatisfactory. The saloons are closed and no disturbances are reported.

New Presidential Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The president has appointed postmasters as follows: Connecticut, Wilbur O. Cheney, Barry, of the Rockville Journal; Vermont, Fred A. Field, Bethel; Maine, Jos. R. Manley, Augusta; New York, William Mason, Mosquito Falls; New Jersey, James H. Wynne, Ridgewood.

Pitcher Bob Barr Dead.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 26.—After the game with Toronto, Barr, of the Rochester club, was dead for indifferent playing and laid off without pay for an indefinite period. This is the first time Barr has been disciplined in any way during his four years' connection with the club.

General Cameron's Condition.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 26.—Gen. Cameron continues to grow weaker, and death may occur at any moment.

Warmer Sentiments.

Generally warmer and from partly cloudy to fair.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE OF ORDER

to be issued by the Somerset county surrogate's office. Estate of Josephine A. Berry, deceased. Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of April, A. D. 1889, on the application of Catherine A. Quinn, as administratrix of said deceased, it was ordered by the surrogate of said county, requiring the creditors of Josephine A. Berry, deceased, to bring in their debts, demands and claims against the estate of said deceased, under oath or affirmation, and present the same to said Acting Executor within nine months from the date of said order; and that all persons not any such creditor should be forever barred of his or her action therefor against the said Acting executor. ASH. F. HUFF,

Surrogate.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to creditors of Peter H. Bennett, grocer and butcher, of No. 44 Park avenue, in the city of Plainfield, Union county, New Jersey, that all claims against the said Peter H. Bennett will be exhibited to the subscriber his assignee at his office, No. 23 Park avenue, Plainfield, New Jersey, under oath or affirmation, on or before the seventh day of June next, being three months from the date of the assignment, or be forever barred from receiving a dividend in the funds of the estate; and said creditors are further notified that a list of the claims against the said Peter H. Bennett will be filed with the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Union at the expiration of the said three months, when exceptions thereto may be filed by any person interested.

Dated April 10, 1889.

W. R. CODLINGTON, Assignee.

4-10-os w

$10 Ten Dollars $10

Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit Everybody knows that they are the best Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

LADIES,

of course you are aware of the fact that the warm wave has struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of ways and means to keep cool. Maybe I can suggest something that will meet with your approval; how about a light weight Jacket? It is more comfortable than a

White Summer Suit?

and if you want such an article just drop in at

THE BEE HIVE

and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can please you. I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $3.00 to $10.

These I have Children's Sac White Dresses in Swiss and Nainsook, at 75c. for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at $2.15 and up.

Children's Jersey Blouses, 50c and 65c.

Louis Callman,

28 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W. RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts.,

All goods

Seasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

We respectfully request patrons from June 24th to and including July 1st, 1889, Sundays and Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturday our store will close at 10 o'clock p. m. RICE & Co.

Grocery, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

E. J. MARTIN,

20 Somerset st.

PRACTICAL HORSE-SHOEING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

Best three-hooped large Pail, only 7c. Cedar Tub $1.25 and down. Knotted cedar, clear pure and painted tubs from 15c up. Barrels and kegs, all sizes, cheap. Wooden bowls, stick and wash boards in large assortment and very low; tin and wooden ware in great variety and at extremely low prices. Flour sieves, 5c. Glass sets of four pieces, many colors, only 50c. Large cream pitcher and sugar bowl, colored glass, only 50c. Large white bowls, several styles, 5c. Decorated glass water or lemonade set of six goblets and pitcher, only 75c. Large size, 10 quart Galvanized pail, only 15c. Large size, 12 quart Galvanized pail, only 20c. Large size, 14 quart Galvanized pail, only 25c. Large size, 16 quart Galvanized pail, only 30c. Large size, 18 quart Galvanized pail, only 35c. Large size, 20 quart Galvanized pail, only 40c. Large size, 22 quart Galvanized pail, only 45c. Large size, 24 quart Galvanized pail, only 50c. Large size, 26 quart Galvanized pail, only 55c. Large size, 28 quart Galvanized pail, only 60c. Large size, 30 quart Galvanized pail, only 65c. Large size, 32 quart Galvanized pail, only 70c. Large size, 34 quart Galvanized pail, only 75c. Large size, 36 quart Galvanized pail, only 80c. Large size, 38 quart Galvanized pail, only 85c. Large size, 40 quart Galvanized pail, only 90c. Large size, 42 quart Galvanized pail, only 95c. Large size, 44 quart Galvanized pail, only 100c. J. C. ALLEN, 46 W. Front street.

He Wasn't at the Ball.

If a man goes up to Sol Smith Russell on a matter of business and says to him, "Tell me a funny story," the comedian cannot think of a good one to save his life—moment he forces him being funny. But, on the other hand, if a man begins property by telling a story himself, thereby giving Russell a chance to say "That reminds me," etc., he will start in and tell a story; pertinent or impertinent, relative or without a leak—and they will all be good stories, too, some obsolete. This is the way in which he was induced to tell a story yesterday. He said that Cecil Clay, that splendidly tall and English husband of the charming Rosina Vokes, was complaining about the towns embraced in what is known as the "Crawford circuit." He pronounced them very bad, and said: "In one place we went to the theatre and found only the cornet player in the orchestra. After waiting awhile I asked him where the other musicians were. 'Oh, they're playing up at the ball,' he replied. I then asked if he was to play for us all alone, and he informed me that such was the fact. 'Well,' said I, 'you must be a great cornet player—great would be the greatest in the world.' He flushed and fingered the keys of his instrument, looked at me a moment, and then said: 'Oh, no, I'm not much of a cornet player; if I was I'd be playing up at the ball, too.'"—Chicago Herald.

Invention of the Microscope.

The invention of the compound microscope, consisting of two convex lenses placed one above the other, naturally soon followed the invention of the telescope. The simple microscope was very early known, a convex lens of rock crystal having been found in the ruins of Nineveh. The idea of the more perfect form of this instrument is said to have occurred to *Hans Zanse*, or *his son Zacharies*, spectacle makers in Holland, about 1590.

It is very probable, however, that the same idea was suggested, either accidentally or by way of experiment, to others. Galileo, for instance, the great Italian astronomer, it is said, had, before 1610, directed a tube fitted with lenses to the observation of small, near objects. He stated, shortly after this date, that he had been able to observe through a lens the movements of minute animals and their organs of sense.

In a letter written in 1614 he says that he has with his microscope "discovered and observed flies as large as sheep, and that their bodies were covered with hairs, and they had sharp claws."—Youth's Companion.

Triplets in China.

The Chinese have a custom that when a woman gives birth to a triplet she must report the matter to the authorities, and they on their part will present her with three little coats, one red, one yellow and one green. These coats she must put on the infants in the dark, and the one who will get the red and yellow coats will be exalted, while the one with the green coat will be ignoble. Such events are, however, of the rarest occurrence, and are regarded as marvelous by nature. The other day a case still more wonderful occurred at Pekin, where a woman gave birth to a pair of twins. The family lives in a village west of Chiang Yi Gate, and is surnamed Yang. Yang had his son married, and to the great astonishment of the household, the wife gave birth to a pair of twins. The mother-in-law, fearing deficient nourishment, decided to keep the two boys and cast away the girls, which was done, but a neighbor, out of compassion, picked them up and took them home. This affair created much gossip in the capital.—Chinese Times.

A Wise Mother Bird.

Birds sometimes seem to have more than instinct—it looks like reason. A young girl writes to St. Nicholas the following pretty story about a little phœbe bird: It built its nest on a ledge over the door of a house in this neighborhood. When the little birds were still quite small, the lady of the house was standing on the porch, and seeing one of them fall to the ground she picked it up and put it back into the nest. A few days later she saw one of the little birds fall again; but this time it fell only ten or twelve inches, where it stopped and hung in the air. The lady climbed up to the nest, and found that every one of the baby birds had a horse hair tied around its leg and then fastened to the nest.

Was this the mother's way of keeping them safe at home when she was gone?

A Shrewd Widow.

A veteran correspondent recalls an amusing incident of his early years. He remembers going to a man's funeral with his grandfather, the parson. The poor widow seemed to mourn the loss of her husband very much, and the minister vainly tried to comfort her. She said she had "got to live a poor lone widow all the days of her life." The boy cried to see her cry. After returning from the grave she called his grandfather aside and said: "Parson Eaton, *I hope you won't say anything about my telling you that I should live a poor lone widow all the rest of my life, for I may change my mind.*" Like a shrewd general, she left a way open for retreat, and also soon found occasion to use it. —M. Desert Herald.

Pneumonia's Victims.

I am frequently asked to explain why pneumonia usually strikes the healthy, robust person more often than it does the weak, thin people. The cause is a very simple one. As a general rule, the healthy people pay the least attention to the conditions of their health, believing that their constitution is sufficiently strong to withstand all ordinary exposure. On the other hand, the weakly person or invalid takes more than the usual precaution against even the most ordinary exposure. They do not stand within dangerous air drafts; they do not change heavy for light underclothing, and they do not do many other things of an equally dangerous character.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Horse and Harness Story.

Some years ago, while drawing wood to town on a rainy day, he got stuck with a heavy load at the foot of Blackwood's hill, and the beast he had being dalsbo to draw, he got them down to business. The horse pulled and the traces commenced to stretch, and the horse walked up the hill with ease. The traces continued to stretch until they got to the Logan house corner, where the driver unharnessed the horses and threw the harness over a post, fed the horses and had dinner. The sun came out in the meantime and struck at the traces, and when the farmer went out he was surprised to find the load of wood at the door.—St. Thomas (Ont.) Journal.

Wanted It Changed.

"Doctor, what's the matter with me?" asked Bilkins when the family physician arrived. "Anything very serious?"

"Well, you'll have to be careful and stay in the house awhile."

"But my wife—Doc, she's an awful talker."

"It can't be helped; you've got the dumb ague, and you'll have to take care of yourself."

"Say, *Doc*, couldn't you compliment the malady for me a little bit?"

"How do you mean?"

"Could you oblige me by throwing it into the deaf and dumb ague?"—Merchant Traveler.

IT WILL BE REMARKED,

That McKinley's Name Was Very Enthusiastically Received.

Cincinnati, O., June 25.—The Republican convention is in session here. All day long Gen. Harrison has been quoted, and with the other out of the race his chances for success would be good.

There is much talk against a third term, but the fact remains that Harrison is swelling in such proportions that nothing apparently can now prevent his renomination. The only question is how shall he be nominated. The general sentiment is that the candidate shall receive a complimentary vote, and then let the rush to the governor be made.

While Foraker is a great favorite, the name of McKinley's namesake, Governor Cooper, is his opening speech will start the ex-cadet enthusiasm. Such an ovation has never before been given, any man in an Ohio convention. Repeated calls were made for McKinley, but he sat silent through all the cheering. He is permanent chairman of the convention.

It is conceded that Speaker Lamgren will receive second place on the ticket. Here the anti-third-term ripple, the great harmony prevails, and the majority are perfectly satisfied to give Forster his fourth nomination.

Congressman McKinley will submit a resolution endorsing the civil service law. Chairman Cooper said in his speech on this point: "The civil service law is well now in force and observed. Neither upon this nor any other issue will the Republican party make a backward step."

A resolution of sympathy with Rutherford B. Hayes in his bereavement was adopted by a rising vote. The following second likely to be the ticket: Governor, J. B. Forster; lieutenant governor, R. I. Lampson; supreme judge, F. J. Dickman; member board of public works, William H. Hahn; clerk supreme court, Urban Hosier; attorney general, D. K. Watson; state treasurer, John C. Brown, and school commissioner, John Hancock.

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 18th, 1890.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 3.46, 5.36 A.M. and every 20 min. to 8.56, 9.16, 9.35, 9.56, 10.16, 10.35, 10.56, 11.16, 11.36, 11.56 A.M., 12.16, 12.36, 12.56, 1.16, 1.36, 1.56, 2.16, 2.36, 2.56, 3.16, 3.36, 3.56, 4.16, 4.36, 4.56, 5.16, 5.36, 5.56, 6.16, 6.36, 6.56, 7.16, 7.36, 7.56, 8.16, 8.36, 8.56, 9.16, 9.36, 9.56, 10.16, 10.36, 10.56, 11.16, 11.36, 11.56 P.M., 12.16, 12.36 A.M. Sundays, 3.46, 5.36, 7.36, 8.36, 9.36, 10.36, 11.36 A.M., 12.36, 1.36, 2.36, 3.36, 4.36, 5.36, 6.36, 7.36, 8.36, 9.36, 10.36, 11.36 P.M.
Leave New York at 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 A.M., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 P.M., 12.00 M. Sundays, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A.M., 12.00 M., 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 P.M.
Passengers for Boston take 9.00 A.M. train.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 7.30, 8.30, 9.45, 11.00, 11.30 A.M., 1.45, 3.00, 4.15, 5.30, 6.45, 8.00, 9.15, 10.30 P.M. Sundays, 7.30, 8.30, 9.45, 11.15 A.M., 12 midnight.
Leave Somerville at 6.15, 7.30, 8.45, 10.00, 11.15 A.M., 12.30, 1.45, 3.00, 4.15, 5.30, 6.45, 8.00, 9.15, 10.30 P.M. Sundays, 6.15, 7.45, 9.00, 10.15 A.M., 12.30 P.M.
Passengers for Somerset cars must change at Somerville.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.36, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 A.M., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 P.M. Sundays, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 A.M., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 P.M.
Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 A.M., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 P.M. Sundays, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 A.M., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 P.M.
Passengers for Newark take cars at foot of Liberty street.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 8.20, 9.07, 9.22 a. m., 2.04, 4.05, 4.52, 6.58 p. m. Sunday at 8.20 a. m., 6.58 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
8.20 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Bending Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsburg and Scranton. 9.07 a. m.—For Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg. 9.22 a. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsburg, Sunbury, Northumberland, Renovo and Scranton. 2.04 p. m.—For Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg. 4.05 p. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg. 4.52 p. m.—For Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg. On Sundays at 6.58 p. m.—For Easton.
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 3.36, 8.00, 11.00 a. m., 2.05, 3.35, 4.05 p. m. For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Long Branch and Sea Girt at 8.00 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. For Keyport at 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 4.05, 5.36 p. m. Sundays, 3.36 and 8.00 p. m.
For Bay Head at 8.00 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Sundays at 8.00 a. m.
For Matawan at 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 4.05, 5.36 p. m. Sundays, 3.36 and 8.00 p. m.
For Red Bank at 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 4.05, 5.36 p. m. Sundays at 3.36, 8.00 p. m.
For Freehold at 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 4.05, 5.36 p. m. Sundays at 3.36, 8.00 p. m.
For Lakewood at 8.00 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sundays at 8.00 a. m.
For Toms River at 8.00 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sundays at 8.00 a. m.
For Tuckerton at 8.00 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sundays at 8.00 a. m.
For Barnegat at 8.00 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sundays at 8.00 a. m.
For Beach Haven at 8.00 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sundays at 8.00 a. m.
For Manasquan at 8.00 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sundays at 8.00 a. m.
For Point Pleasant at 8.00 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sundays at 8.00 a. m.
For Bound Brook at 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 4.05, 5.36 p. m. Sundays at 3.36, 8.00 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 8.00, 7.15, 8.20, 10.05, 11.30 a. m., 4.05, 4.00, 5.35, 6.00, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.00, 8.30, 10.15 a. m., 4.05, 4.00, 5.35, 6.00, 8.00 p. m.
For Baltimore at Washington at 8.00, 7.15, 8.20, 10.05, 11.30 a. m., 4.05, 4.00, 5.35, 6.00, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.00, 8.30, 10.15 a. m., 4.05, 4.00, 5.35, 6.00, 8.00 p. m.
E. P. BAUM, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. M. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

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NEW YORK MAILS.
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ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m., 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
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SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 8.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail for Somerville closes at 7 a. m. Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office open at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Sundays open at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.00 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.
Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.
Direct pouch for Newark, N. J., to 5 p. m. mail.

ESTEY
SAVE MONEY
by purchasing an Estey Piano. Do not delay until you make up your mind you have to buy, but call at the Estey Piano Warerooms and look at the Estey Pianos. Come now while it is cool. Some people think it is warm weather when they buy pianos. Come now while it is cool. Some people think it is warm weather when they buy pianos. Come now while it is cool. Some people think it is warm weather when they buy

MY NEIGHBOR'S DOG.

I love my neighbor all I can,
Although that simple minded man
Imagines that his yelping hound
Calling a pleasure to the ear around.

I love to pass his dear gate,
So that his treats will be in wait
To say in a low, soft whine,
And at my unpretended sign

Flying with a roar of rage to see
How quickly I can climb a tree
And say, "How dogish, that while he chews
Part of the substance I have.

I love to hear that cur all night
Howl, bark and whine, while forms in white
Pour window furiously hostard
With brick-a-brac my neighbor's yard.

I love to see my flower bed
Destroyed by that big mongrel's tread.
And love to find from my kitchen back
My spades and forks, and scare the cook.

I love to hear my children cry
When driven by that brave k-y-t,
And think that they, when going mad,
Will bark, and nay be bite their dad.

I hate to see that ugly pup
Hit with a rock and doubled up,
As sometimes happen when he goes
Around the street of our street.

I'd like to know the reason why
That dog is kept. Were burglars nigh
That cur, who will a baby bite,
Would make as sad an end from fright.

I love my neighbor—as I should;
I'd love him better if he would
Have some enough to sell or shoot
His unoffending dog to boot.

—H. C. Dodge in New York World.

The Saddest of All.

"The girl I left behind me"
Is a song you'll always find,
But it isn't half as sad and sore
As the girl who left me behind.

—Washington Critic.

In All Four Ways.

"Could I get a little information from you?" asked a farmer looking man at the Third street depot of Officer Button the other day.

"Yes, sir."

"Well, I want to know how these confidence men work."

"In various ways. Sometimes they borrow money and give a worthless check on a bank."

"They do, eh!" gasped the man with a sudden start.

"Yes, and again they borrow money and turn over a check to a trunk. When you go to look for the trunk it is not to be found."

"By George!" muttered the man.

"Then again they'll sell you a bogus bond or borrow money on it."

"Skin alive!"

"And they sometimes fire the victim to boss a mill or factory somewhere, and then borrow money to pay a freight bill."

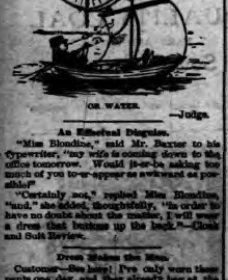
"Four different ways!" shouted the man as he jumped clear of the floor.

"Yes."

"And I'll be hanged if I haven't been taken in on every one of them in a ride of a hundred miles! Say, come down and show me the river—the deepest spot in the river—the place where I can drop in and nobody can fish up my dough headed cadaver!"—Detroit Free Press.

Hunkey's Patent Florida Bicycle.

FOR LAND



OR WATER.

—Judge.

An Effectual Disguise.

"Miss Blondine," said Mr. Baxter to his typewriter, "my wife is coming down to the office tomorrow. Would it be too asking too much of you to—suppose as awkward as possible?"

"Certainly not," replied Miss Blondine, "and," she added, thoughtfully, "in order to have no doubt about the matter, I will wear a dress that buttons up the back."—Cloak and Suit Review.

Dress Makes the Man.

Customer—See here! I've only worn these pants one day, and they already bag at the knee.

Dealer—Yah, das vas resht. Dose is our patent knee stretching pants vat make effery customer of ours look like a literary man. Now, You vear dose pants, take frisk, and folks dinks you vas Charles Dickens or Shakespeare.—New York Weekly.

Keeping Up Appearances.

"My dear," said Mrs. Dennis, "I want to get a yachting suit."

"Heavens!" said Mr. Dennis. "What's that for? Why, I haven't got a yacht."

"I know it," replied his wife, "but Mrs. Slasher has a suit, and it will never do to let her get ahead of me."—Cloak and Suit Review.

A Sweet Girl.

A boy of 6 years, whose sister had just completed her course in the high school in Pittsburg, related the fact to some young friends, informing them that his sister had graduated just the day before.—Exchange.

Anticipated.

First Tramp—Well, you are pretty well fed up! When they got after you, why didn't you take to your heels?

Second Tramp—I couldn't, pard. You see, the dog took to 'em.—Burlington Free Press.

A Correct Conclusion.

Detective—Was your cashier right or left handed?

Bank President — Right, I should say, nothing he could get his hands on is left.—Omaha World.

Sure Type.

Bashful Young Man—Ahem—Sally—ahem. Sally (encouragingly)—Well, George!

"Sally, do you suppose your ma would be willing to be my mother-in-law?"

Her Complexion Was Against Him.

Hadji Rascein Ghoolv Khan, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from Persia, is one of the favorites in Washington society, and he is very fond of going out and calling on the ladies, and is always most hospitably received wherever he goes. That is, almost always, for an experience he had last Sunday afternoon proved that he was not so cordially received at one house as has been his wont to be past. Ghoolv Khan started out with the purpose of making a number of calls, as is his custom to pay his respects to the ladies of the fashionable world on Sunday the same as on week days. Sunday being an extremely pleasant day, his landau was not brought into use. He walked from his residence on M street to Massachusetts avenue, in the neighborhood of Fourteenth street, where the object of his first call resided. Walking up the stone steps in an indolent fashion, he reached the door and rather timidly touched the electric bell. After lingering some moments the servant appeared, and before Ghoolv Khan could utter a word she shouted out: "The ladies are all busy and cannot be bothered with you now."

"Well," said the latter, completely nonplussed, "there must be a mistake; take in my card."

"Oh! don't worry them now," answered the servant, not allowing him to finish his sentence. "They are all about going to dinner and don't care for any one to see them at this time; you better come again in the morning, and the kids door is always the handiest place for such as you to call."

The minister waited for no more. The rebuff he had received at the hands of the surly servant completely paralyzed him. He made no more calls that day, and had about concluded that he had had a sufficient dose of American society.

The ladies of the house soon learned of the "horrible" manner in which their distinguished caller had been received, and they at once made heroic and happily successful efforts to have the affair settled on a basis satisfactory not only to themselves but to the distinguished envoy from Teheran.—New York Tribune.

A Tragedy.

The vigilantes had just captured a noted gambler, and, leading him to a convenient tree, were about to string him up.

The Victim (despairingly)—Pity me for my mother's gray hair!

[They bind him hand and foot.]

The Victim (beseechingly)—Twelve thousand dollars if you spare my life!

[They fit the noose about his neck.]

The Victim (earnestly)—The title to the richest gold mine in the west!

[They seize the rope and prepare to haul him up.]

The Victim (confidently)—Say, boys, let me off, and *I'll* show you how to hold *four aces* every time!

The Vigilantes (in chorus)—Unbind him—for his mother's sake—pity—too bad to hang—such a thorough gentleman.

[They kneel before the gambler.]

Tableau.—Yale Record.

Some Like Him.

"Was going up on the car the other night," he said, "and met a friend on the platform. Had a big package under his arm. Offered him a cigar. He took it. Didn't know till he got off that he had four boxes under his arm. What do you think of that?"

"Rather odd."

"Should smile to cripple! Made a mistake, however, and gave him a cigar that was loaded. Had it loaded to blow my brother's head off."

"And it exploded?"

"Rather like! Maybe you have seen a man out riding with no eyebrows and his nose done up in a rag. Same man. Never speak to us again. So long."—Detroit Free Press.

A Pertinent Name.

Caller—Isn't Sub-Rosa a rather peculiar name for a servant, Mrs. Lightfoot?

Mrs. Lightfoot—Yes; her name is Rosa, and we've added the prefix.

Caller—Oh, I see, because you are all under the Rose.—Life.

She Knew Her Place.

Omaha Housewife—Now, Bridget, I want to be very kind to you and treat you like one of the family, but I want you to remember your place. Don't try to do as I and my daughters do.

Bridget—No, indade, mum! I never had much bringin' up, but I've too much sinse for that.—Omaha World.

Cheap Refrigerating.

Ice Dealer—Shall I leave ice for you this season, as usual, Mr. K.?

Mr. K.—No; I have been neglecting my social duties lately, and shall be able to get through the summer without ice, I think.—Burlington Free Press.

Ta! Ta!

Spring Poet (handing a roll of paper to the editor)—There, sir, I think there's some stuff in that poem.

Editor (glancing at it)—There is, indeed, my boy. It's all stuff. Good morning.—Time.

Easily Fixed.

Waiter—Ahem, sir, you have forgotten to pay.

Brither—Oh, yes, your tip. I had forgotten. Buy A. H. and Q. preferred at 28 and sell at 48.—Exchange.

The Inevitable Rule.

The first impulse of a boy with a new watch is to assure himself that none of its 175 parts are missing.—Jewelers' Weekly.

The Truth of the Matter.

Omaha pleasure loving Denton put his Sunday go-to-meet duds on and he started for a frolic in the most neglected style.

Grand rush of gentlemen friends upon every new attraction, and he wondered when 'twas over what he must had better do.

But his mommer's indecision was arrested by a whine, and at once the other creatures were forgotten in the pleasure of

Twas that grand exhibition of conceit and insolation, that from poverty of language we are forced to call a "pup."

But the Denton, unacquainted with the genius nearly fainted, until that to a human they so unusually shaped!

"Ha!" he yelled, the sweet sleepers eyes have opened up their prospect. "Dot is himself, were's der keeper for dis mongrey not engaged."—Philadelphia Item.

MR. FIRST VOTE.

But He Dun Waited to Get Fed with a Spoon.

It was a state election in Alabama, and among the crowd filling the little town where I happened to be stopping were some queer characters. Among the quaintest was an old man and his wonderful father about 60 years old, the son about to cast his first vote. The boy had primed up pretty well and by 10 o'clock in the forenoon was saying:

"Father, you'll have to hold me, for if I turn loose this town won't be nowhar!"

"Be calm, Jones, be calm," advised the old man as he patted him on the shoulder.

"Whoop! yi! yi! What's the critter as says he will challenge my first vote?"

"That's no critter sayin' anything of the sort, Jones. Jist be quiet. Don't be ridiculous your voice too much."

Jones circulated around for a while and then came back to the tavern steps and said:

"Father, I've got to turn loose!"

"Shoo! Jones!"

"But I hev. I'm a-goin' to out loose and go for the bull crowd, for I can't hold myself no longer."

At that moment a Turk or Bohemian or foreigner of some sort came up with a hand organ and a monkey, and I saw a new idea strike Jones like a landslide. The father saw it, too, and he protested:

"Now, Jones, doan' make no critter of yourself. Remember you are in Alabam."

"Pop, I'm gwine ter clinch him. He's altogether too funny for this yere locality."

"You'll git busted, Jones. Pa's a easy vartuous husband."

"Got to do it, pap. I'm bubblin' up like bilin' soap suds and sumphin' has got ter be done or the bile will give way. Stand back! Whoopee!"

Every citizen of the town heard his yell. The bear was about five rods away, going through a waltz, and they stopped his movements to see what was going to happen. Jones made a bee line for him, and as he came within six feet he rose in the air and came down on the back of Bruin and grabbed him by the ears and yelled.

"America agin the hull airth! Whoop!"

It was in the middle of the street and the street was dusty. Therefore I can't swear as to what took place during the next two minutes. When the foreigner pulled his bear off there was a bundle of something lying in the dust. It looked like old clothes, but it turned out to be Jones. He wasn't saying a word. He didn't know it when the father and two others lifted him over against the fence and got water from the town well to pour over him. It was a full quarter of an hour before he opened his eyes and faintly asked:

"Father, did I clean out the hull crowd?"

"No, Jones. You tackled that bar again my advice."

"And he rolled me?"

"Shamefully. You've dun got the west maulin' ever heard of."

"Licked?"

"I should observe. You's hit, clawed, knocked, rolled, paralyzed and broke, and you won't be fitten to work for a month. Jones, you's a critter, a pure pale of a critter, and if this doan' take the swellin' outer your head I'm gwine to hire a nigger and a mule to knock it off. Say, Baker, kin you load this critter into yer cart and tote him out home?"—Detroit Free Press.

A Trifle Careless.

Lieutenant of Artillery (during great gun practice at Willett's Point)—Get away, there! Do you want to be blown to pieces?

Long Island Farmer—Let her go, cap. I wan' her light my pipe, an' clean forgot my matches.—Judge.

A Quaint Idea.

A little fellow, whose fifth birthday is at hand, heard the question asked of a newcomer:

"*How old is that infant?*"

His reply was:

"She ain't old at all; she has just begun."

After he had seen the infant, he said to his mother:

"Mamma, that baby had her hair out in heaven. I suppose they thought she would not be strong enough to walk to the barber's."—Brunswick, Me., Telegraph.

Bessie's Own Self.

Four-year-old Bessie was having her dolls dressed and, when it came to the bonnet, the little maid called for feathers, refusing to be satisfied with the flowers mamma brought her. "But they don't have feathers now, my dear," mamma said. "I can't help that, mamma; she thinks inside of me isn't like the thinks inside of other folks." Of course the feathers won.—Alton Democrat.

An Honest Reason.

Drug Clerk—I won't sell you the morphine without a prescription. I'm afraid to let you have it.

Customer—Do I look like a man who would kill himself?

Drug Clerk—I don't know. It seems to me if I looked like you I should be greatly tempted to kill myself.—Omaha World.

He Differed From the Rest of Mankind.

"I would rather deliver that oration than do anything else in this wide world."

"You always were eccentric."

"I see nothing eccentric about that."

"Well, then, I don't mean 'would' rather have you do anything else in the world than deliver that oration."—Harper's Bazar.

Should Be So Labeled.

Medical Student—Seems to me these cigars are not very good, if you will excuse me, old fellow.

Fellow Student—No, they're not; but they are good enough to smoke out of doors.

"Ah, I see! For external use only, eh?"—Boston Herald.

At the Races.

Partner Wayback—It it wasn't for one thing I'd bet a million dollars, if I had it, on that bay colt of mine's. Jonah's a mile to it.

Chorus of Noises—What's the one thing?

Partner Wayback—The distance is too great for the time.—Omaha World.

A Conscious Trifle.

Scribbler ate two Welsh rarebits, three portions of lemon meringue pie and a dish of lemon meringue pie and a dish of lemon cream, a lemon meringue pie and a dish of lemon cream, and says he's got the writer's cramp.—Harper's Bazar.

Not So Bad as All That.

It is well known that fishermen, after getting a fare at the Georges, make haste to get home, so that the earliest arrivals get the best prices. A worthy captain who sails out of Boston having been fortunate enough to secure an unusually large quantity of fish, crowded on all sail and scored for home. A severe storm arose during which three men were washed overboard and lost. One of these was a gaunt Yankee sequel. The lone man approached the captain, who had been congratulating himself upon receiving the commendation of the owners of the vessel for the trip, and told him of the loss. The news of the loss of the men provoked the vessel's arrival, and the owners were aware of it and looked down with very grave faces upon the captain as he shouted salutations of the wharf.

"We've got the biggest fare that's come to this wharf, you bet," said the captain.

"What good is that," said one of the owners, "when you have lost three men?"

"Why, are they lost?" asked the captain.

"Why the tug boat brought in the news."

"That's odd! I left three dead."

"Yes."

"Well, it ain't so bad as all that. Only two men and a Portugee."—Boston Courier.

Easily Found.

Aged New Yorker—I've often wondered what became of my playmate, Will Whisket, who was very young. Sixty years ago he was an errand boy in a Market street store, but I haven't heard of him since.

Boston Friend (astonished)—Well, why don't you go to the store and inquire? Most likely he is there yet.—New York Weekly.

Only Tempted.

"Boy!" shouted a Michigan avenue grocer, "didn't I see you pocket an apple from that barrel?"

"No, sir."

"Look out! You were acting very suspicious. I was watching you."

"Yes, I know you were, and that's the reason I didn't make a grab and run for it."—Detroit Free Press.

A Sane Sign.

Merritte—Pa afraid Cora's love for me isn't just what it might be.

Giles—That's nonsense, old boy. She fairly dotises you.

Merritte—I don't know so much about that. I gave her a costly present last night, and before she thanked me she ran up stairs to show it to her mother.—Judge.

Altogether Too Natural.

Friend—That sun is not just pointing is very natural.

Artist—Yes, altogether too natural.

Friend—Why do you say that?

Artist—Because it dries up the water in that pond so fast that I have to paint new water every three or four days.—Judge.

A Subject for Lynching.

"What is the most unlucky part of a cook?" asked old Chestnut.

"Out with it."

"Her hair, of course."

"How's that?"

"Because, you know, it is always falling into the soup."—The Epoch.

Let in for Their Sake.

"Why, there is old Hobbs! How did he get here? He's not one of the Four Hundred."

"No, but his children came of very good family on their mother's side, and he is tolerated for their sake."—Harper's Bazar.

A Brilliant Idea.

Hardware Dealer—Now, Mr. Rastleus, there's what I call a bargain. That stove has a quick oven, and the draught is so arranged that it will save one-half your fuel.

Mrs. R. (who is a student of economics)—La sakes, pa! why not get two, and save all the fuel?—Harper's Bazar.

He Wanted a Move.

"You must stop this smoking during business hours," said the head clerk.

"What's the matter?" inquired one of the boys.

"The boss says he can't appreciate his five cent cigar when you clerks are puffing your fifty Clays."—The Epoch.

How He Made It.

She—Who's that finely dressed gentleman with the immense diamond stud in his shirt bosom?

He—That? Oh, that's one of the fellows who sold Washington medals on the street in New York during the centennial.—Burlington Free Press.

It Would Make No Difference.

A lady, greatly excited, calls to see the editor of a daily paper, and is told that it is impossible, the editor being too busy to speak to any one, no matter who it may be. "Oh, then please to tell him," she says, "it is my reply, I shall do all the talking myself."—Paris Figaro.

Polite.

Fannie tried very hard to be polite and speak correctly. At church one day she met a little friend who had been sick for some time. In asking about her affliction Fannie said: "Did you enjoy much pain when you were ill?"—Youth's Companion.

He Changed the Subject.

He—Miss Travis, do you look favorably upon my suit?

She—Certainly; it fits you beautifully.—Burlington Free Press.

Like Every One Else.

A St. Louis man named Pye left a large estate. It turns out that his relatives, like other people, were fond of Pye.—Pittsburg Chronicle.

Strange but True.

The moths have strange notes. They frequently appear in overcoats in summer weather.—Pure Plate Free Press.

Tip to Terrapenists.

A "terrapin of summer" is an insult bestowed by fashion, that one might suppose to refer to the back crest of a new crested variety. Well, how a girl that helps and counsel loves you, even if you'd embrace this girl that helps you. That summer season hang, and not throughout. The summer season hang, and not throughout.

"THE BUSY MERCHANT"

Conducts his business on correct principles; keeps his store well stocked with the newest and most fashionable goods, has the patronage with the utmost politeness and marks his wares at the LOWEST FIGURE. That is why

NOW THERE is order to give this "busy" a little real selling effect, and show you that we are busy, we will offer a few of the many attractions we now offer.

SILK AND WOOL UMBRELLAS, gold tipped handles, for rain or sun, to last at $1.98; 26 inch at $2.48. Gents' Silk Umbrellas, 26 inch, at $2.98. These will wear better than all SUN and look just as well. Our $3.48 Gloria Umbrella Proposals for $2.75. New lot of White Wool Scarfs handsomely braided at $1.25 and $1.50. Our 50c Ladies' Black Hose for 39c. Our 48c Ladies' Black Ribbed Hose for 29c. Children's Black Hose, 1 to 8 1-2 inches, 10c to 25c. Gents' 25c and 35c. Four-in-hand Ties made by Our Gents at 19c. Flannel Tennis Shirts. Extender's Black Silk Warp Serges at $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75. Men's Velling for Vests at $1, $1.15 and $1.50.

SPECIAL OILCLOTH CARPETS! Lasting from in from with canvas bordered to floor 50c. Curtains, Portieres, etc.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, AN NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY, AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

THE SHORTEST WAY TO DO MANY THINGS IS TO DO ONLY ONE THING AT ONCE.—Cecil

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 178; days to come, 187.

—The Christian conference which was to be held at No. 6 East Front street this evening will be postponed.

—A bright-colored new awning now adds to the attractive appearance of L. M. French's carriage manufactory on Somerset street.

—The deepest well in the city is being driven on General Negley's property on West Seventh street. It will reach the depth of 120 feet.

—The members of the Plainfield Fire Department have each just received a pretty new badge. The design is in the shape of a Maltese cross.

—In Massachusetts it is now a penal offence to dock a horse. It is said that a similar law will be introduced in the New Jersey Legislature next Winter.

—On account of the commencement exercises in Plainfield and North Plainfield there will be no meeting of the Plainfield Reform Club this evening.

—Vacation articles for dress or toilet for residence or mountain wear may be had in great varieties cheap at Edsall's, as is told by his advertisement in another column. He claims to sell the best goods and to have the lowest prices.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Geo. H. Babcock has taken possession of his pretty cottage at Ocean Grove.

Mr. Chas. Wann, of North Plainfield, dined at "The Kenwood", Asbury Park, yesterday.

Councilman Henry B. Newhall is registered at the Eagle Mountain House, Jackson, New Hampshire.

At an alumni meeting of the High School last evening a memorial was adopted in honor of the late Herbert W. Peck, Class of '85.

Mr. W. E. Hall, who is described as a vivacious and pathetic speaker, will lecture on "John and Hamilton" at Reform Hall next Sunday evening.

The Rev. Dr. A. V. V. Raymond, formerly pastor of the Trinity Reformed church of Plainfield, was elected to the presidency of the Alumni of Union College Tuesday.

The Rev. W. D. Moorehouse, of Brooklyn, preached last Sunday's sermon in the Unitarian series. He will not be able to be here next Sunday as he expected, but another clergyman will officiate.

Mr. Levi Coon and Miss Lizzie Clark, of this city, were united in marriage in St. Mary's church yesterday morning by the Rev. Father Smyth. The happy couple left on a wedding tour through Pennsylvania.

A pretty wedding took place in St. Mary's church yesterday afternoon at five o'clock, when Mr. Peter Mallon and Miss Mary A. Reville, of this city, were united in marriage. The Rev. P. E. Smyth performed the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. D. Clarkson celebrated their tenth wedding anniversary at their home in Somstown Tuesday evening. A large number of relatives and friends were present, and each bore a handsome testimonial of affection and esteem.

Among the Plainfielders at Asbury Park are Mr. and Mrs. VanZandt, Mr. David Atwood and mother, Mr. H. H. Coward and a Plainfield bride and groom who are devoting a portion of their wedding-trip to the delights of the seaside.

"The Kenwood", at Asbury Park, kept by Mrs. Tisdl and Miss Roop, of Central avenue, is now complete in every detail. The house is already have a number of guests, and many rooms have been engaged for the entire month of July.

A select circle of friends witnessed the marriage, last evening, of Mr. James L. Love, of Deer street, to Miss Alice Hoffman, of West Front street, at the residence of the bride. The happy couple were showered with gifts and good wishes.

Among those present at the wedding of Mr. Wm. F. Herbst to Miss Bertha Guth in New York city last evening were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Herbst and Miss Kate Reichel, of Fanwood; and Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Beckman and Mr. Chas. F. Beckman, Jr., of Plainfield.

The Rev. R. T. Tomlinson of the Central Baptist church, Elizabeth, will occupy the pulpit of the First Baptist church in this city next Sunday in an exchange with the Rev. Dr. Yerkes. Mr. Tomlinson was several years in charge of the Grammar School at Rutgers College.

Mr. Wm. B. Hale, of Virginia, was a guest of his brother, Mr. Thomas Hale, last Sunday. He has been on business in New England, where for many years he was leading banker. He was thirty years an officer in the First National Bank of Northampton, Mass., being President of that institution most of the time.

Vincent Rockwell, Bruce Beals, Geo. Rockwell, Geo. Rockwell have already decided to go into the Y. M. C. A. Boys' Camp at Lake Wawayanda, July 2d to 20th. Messrs. Wilbur Rockwell and Charles F. Powlison, of this city, highly endorse the Camp. Full information may be obtained at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

The funeral services held in the Trinity Reformed church yesterday afternoon over the remains of Herbert W. Peck were attended by a large gathering of people. The sermon was preached by the Rev. A. V. V. Raymond, a former pastor of the deceased young man, and was very impressive. The music was beautifully rendered by Mrs. E. S. Runyon, A. L. Titsworth, Jr., Mr. Titsworth and M. VanArsdale. The Rev. Cornelius Schenck read passages from the Scriptures and offered prayer.

THE POET'S AUTOGRAPH.

A Notable Presentation at the Bryant School.

A feature of the closing exercises at the Bryant public school this morning was the presentation of an autograph letter from the hand of the deceased poet-laureate and poet whose name the school bears.

The gift was from Miss Belle Patterson, of East Sixth street, a pupil in the class of Miss Valentine, the principal. The paper was neatly framed and will occupy a position on the wall of the chapel just beneath William Cullen Bryant's photograph. It reads as follows:

"The American Art Union hereby appoints John R. Patterson one of its Honorary Secretaries for Logansport and its vicinity in the State of Indiana.

In witness whereof, the seal of the American Art Union is hereunto affixed, and these presents are signed by the President and Recording Secretary at the City of New York this twenty-fourth day of March, 1847.

WM. C. BRYANT, President.

Attest:

BENJ. H. JARVIS, Recording Secretary."

Presented to the Bryant school, Plainfield, N. J., by Isabelle Patterson, Class of 1889.

John R. Patterson was Miss Belle Patterson's grandfather.

The attendance at the Bryant school during the year has been very good indeed. The first class were perfect during the past week and hold the banner for the year. The next in rank is the first division of the fourth class.

The various classes have greatly improved in singing. Their order has improved remarkably. They show an increased reverence for the reading of the Scriptures that greatly pleases their instructors. Many of the students select their "memory gems" almost entirely from the Bible.

In concert recitations—which composed the greater part of this morning's Informal exercises—they have acquired a clear enunciation that is worthy of mention, as perfect concert recitations are hard to give.

One of the things that most pleased the large audience to-day was the "dolls' fair", given by seven girls of the fourth class, second division.

The exercise entitled "The Seasons", rendered by pupils of the fifth class, first division, attired in appropriate costumes, was very pretty.

The vacation succeeds a most prosperous year, and all seemed bright and happy over the results of their work for the term.

THE TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

Those To Take Part in Saturday's Games.

Those who are to take part in the tennis tournament to be given on the grounds of the Plainfield Lawn Club at the corner of Central avenue and Eighth street, on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock, are as follows:

The Rev. W. R. Richards and Miss L. Newman; the Rev. A. Reed Dilts and Miss Flora Petrie; Mr. Samuel St. J. McCutchen and Miss Julia Ketcham; L. D. Goodrich and Miss Mary French; Mr. Russell Jacobus and Miss Kate Kimball; the Rev. C. L. Goodrich and Miss Minnie E. Wood.

The price of admission will be twenty cents. The receipts will be donated to the Y. M. C. A. building fund.

BASE-BALL SATURDAY.

Curtis, of Pennsylvania University, To Pitch.

The Crescents will have their hands full Saturday to defeat the Millers, of Newark, as they rank with the Tenth Warders and Ironsides of the same city.

* * *

Curtis, who pitched for the University of Pennsylvania last year, will be in the box for the Crescents. He has faced most of the professional players in the country with good success.

* * *

Saturday's game will be started promptly at 3:30.

Officers of the Auxiliary.

At the seventh annual election of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. held Tuesday evening the following officers were chosen:

President—Alfred R. Holmes.
Vice President—Stewart R. Patterson.
Secretary—David Bon.
Treasurer—Nelson VanWinkle.

The Cost of the New School.

The cost of the new Irving school house in the neighborhood of the Fond Tool Works aggregates about $44,000. This amount includes the value of the land, of which a section north $1,300 was given by the Land Improvement Company to the Board of Education.

A Flag with Forty Stars.

The closing exercises at the Washington school this morning included the unfurling of a handsome 38 foot flag, ten by fifteen feet in dimensions, from the new staff at the top of the building, from which the flag will henceforth float.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	1	2	3	4	5
	8	8	8	8	8
1. Saturday	66	66	66	66	66
2. Sunday	66	66	66	66	66
3. Monday	66	66	66	66	66
4. Tuesday	66	66	66	66	66
5. Wednesday	66	66	66	66	66
6. Thursday	66	66	66	66	66
7. Friday	66	66	66	66	66
8. Saturday	66	66	66	66	66
9. Sunday	66	66	66	66	66
10. Monday	66	66	66	66	66
11. Tuesday	66	66	66	66	66
12. Wednesday	66	66	66	66	66
13. Thursday	66	66	66	66	66
14. Friday	66	66	66	66	66
15. Saturday	66	66	66	66	66
16. Sunday	66	66	66	66	66
17. Monday	66	66	66	66	66
18. Tuesday	66	66	66	66	66
19. Wednesday	66	66	66	66	66
20. Thursday	66	66	66	66	66
21. Friday	66	66	66	66	66
22. Saturday	66	66	66	66	66
23. Sunday	66	66	66	66	66
24. Monday	66	66	66	66	66
25. Tuesday	66	66	66	66	66
26. Wednesday	66	66	66	66	66
27. Thursday	66	66	66	66	66

TO-NIGHT'S COMMENCEMENTS.

Graduating Exercises in Dunellen and City Schools.

Thirteen pupils will be graduated from the Plainfield High School in Stillman Music Hall this evening. Of these all have prepared essays, as announced in THE NEWS of Thursday evening, June 20th, when the following list was published:

Motto—"LIVE UP TO THE BEST THAT IS IN YOU".

"Carcassonne"....Charlotte Marshall Beckman
"A Heroine"....Anne Louise Bispham
"Trifles"....Mary French
"Five Pictures from Milton"....Mary Malvina Fritts
"Gypsies"....Emma Francis Gillen
"Feasting"....Alfred Edward Holmes
"Uses of History"....Florence Somerville Fennie
"The American Negro"....Maud E. Mitchell
"Mountains"....Lyle Wellington Moorehouse
"Literary Associations in the Holocene"....Ella Underhill Osborne.
"Love of Country"....Alice Mary Quinn
"Which?"....Anna Louise Bispham
"Education for the Home"....Leora D. Wessel

Only nine of the essays, however, will be read, in order that the programme may be abbreviated.

One of the graduates is a daughter of the Rev. J. W. Mitchell, pastor of the Mt. Olive Baptist church. She is the first girl of her race graduated from the Plainfield public schools.

The programme of the North Plainfield school, whose Commencement will be held at Warren Mission chapel, beginning at eight o'clock, will be as follows:

PART I.

Music....The Song of the Mountaineers
School
Declamation....Washington
Lambert Rodine.
Recitation....Ben Hazzard's Guests
Bertha Goldsmith.
Essay....Roads
Alice J. Carroll.
Declamation....Mastery of the Situation
John G. McLaughlin.
Music....Anchored
School
Recitation....Fatigues Mary Jones
Ella W. Gardner.
Declamation....The Last Charge of Ney
Paul H. Leisenar.
Essay....The Hat
Maggie R. Cory.
Recitation....Sunday Flahin'
Minnie M. Arnold.
Music....My Heart's in the Highlands
Boys' Chorus.

PART II.

Declamation...Selection from Lowell's "Fable for Critics"—Philip B. Well.
Recitation....Don
Minnie M. Arnold.
Music....The Joyous Entry
School.
Recitation....The Little Princess
Grace Overton.
Recitation...How the Women went from Dover
Eleanor Tennant Morrison.
Declamation....The Goose
Walter E. Pierce.
Music....The Little Midshipmite
Boys' Chorus.
Recitation....The Legend of St. Christopher
Marion Bancroft Nevius.
Essay....Among the Hills
Mary E. Hamilton.
Presentation of diplomas by President of Board of Education.
Music....The Magic Flute
School
Annexed is the list of graduates:

MOTTO—"SEVEN MAY FAIL."

Marion Bancroft Nevius, Alice Jennings Carroll, Nellie L. VanWinkle, Maggie R. Cory, Minnie M. Arnold, John G. McLaughlin, Josephine Brooks, Lucy B. Bird, James Hurley, Walter S. Pierce, Mary F. Thompson, Mary B. Wells, Philip B. Wells, Linda Shepherd, Ella W. Gardner. Honorary guests, Winchler, Ida M. Lewis, Francis A. Grant, Maggie Winchler, Paul H. Leisenar, Herbert Bodine, Lucy B. Leisenar, Florence Tennant Morrison, Margaret Shepherd, Ella W. Gardner.

The Jersey Editors' Outing.

"Those State editors who could manage to get away"—remarks The Elizabeth Journal—"are now enjoying their annual excursion to Watkins Glen, Niagara Falls, Manch Chunk and other delightful places. If there are any people on the face of the earth deserving of an occasional vacation the editors are the people. Their work like that of women is 'never done'. Every day brings its arduous duties, and they must be performed in some way or other. There is no way of evading or shirking them. Illness or death will not avail as an excuse; the paper must be printed, must be made interesting, must go to press with all the news, and must be delivered in good season. Everybody thinks that he can edit a newspaper better than the editor, and no doubt he is right (in his own judgment) but when he finds that it is to be done every day whether there's anything to write about or not, he hesitates. But the editor must keep right on, and if he is fortunate enough to get somebody to take his place and he can get off for a few days he enjoys it thoroughly. The New Jersey editors fully deserve their excursion, and it is to hoped they will have a good time."

Shackleton's Domestic Smart.

Mr. Joseph Shackleton, President of the Shackleton Car Heating and Ventilating Company, whose works are situated at Bound Brook, has two alleged wives, both of whom are suing him for divorce, No. 1 making No. 2 co-respondent in her case, and No. 2 making co-respondent of Mrs. Mary Illsley, whose husband, Henry K. Illsley, keeps the notorious DeBand Hotel at Scotch Plains.

Putting Back Hand Switches.

The new switch system which the Central Railroad Company tried to introduce at Jersey City appears to be a failure, at least everything the Company began to replace the old hand switches.

VERY TART AND POPULAR:
ORANGE, LEMON, RASPBERRY and CHERRY PHOSPHATES.

Frosted Cream Soda,

the success of the season. Cold Root Beer, unexcelled. Milk Shakes, very nutritious. Confectionery at the City Pharmacy.

Field & Randolph
PROPRIETORS,
81 WEST FRONT STREET,
Plainfield, N. J.

A LEHIGH RAILROAD MOVE.

Planning a Depot in Plainfield Through Line.

Philadelphia reports that the Lehigh Valley Railroad are purchasing property between Roselle and Newark, N. J., for a railroad between those towns. The purpose is to make an independent line to New York harbor via the Roselle and Perth Pleasant Railroad, which the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company built from the coal fields to Roselle. The distance from Roselle to Newark is seven miles, and from thence to Jersey City the line is to be continued on the bed of the old Morris Canal. The matter for this line having already been taken out.

To this statement it may be added that people acting in the interests of the Lehigh Valley have been buying all the Morris canal stock that can be obtained.

With branches from Newark to Jersey City and Roselle the Lehigh Valley would have a line from Buffalo to New York, with a float on the lakes and excellent terminals at Jersey City, besides having connection at Roselle with the line running to the Baltimore and Ohio at Philadelphia and the south land. Export freight could be shipped from Staten Island, while New York local freight and passengers could be transferred at Jersey City.

MR. LEAL'S SCHOOL CLOSES.

Eight Graduates Soon to Enter College.

Mr. Leal's school closed last week, as usual, without any formal exercises. A few declamations were given, which were followed by the reading of the names of pupils who were deserving of honorable mention for their excellent work during the year. Mr. Leal is opposed to the prize system in schools and so offers none. Short impromptu addresses were made to the pupils by Mr. W. J. Leonard and Mr. Leal, the latter of which was the announcement, which was received with applause, that all the pupils would be back next year. Several finished their course this year. Those to enter college were Alfred E. Hutton and W. L. Rockwell, who will go to Lehigh University; John Perez, jr., who has chosen Cornell; S. Hall, who will enter Harvard; E. S. Tracy, who will enter Yale; Thomas Hale, jr., who will go to Trinity College, Hartford; A. B. Wadsworth, who will pursue a course in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology; and Howard Opdyke, who will pursue a similar course at Stevens Institute, Hoboken.—Central New Jersey Times.

—Next Wednesday will be Dr. Kimball's last day at the City Hotel, and those desiring treatment should consult his advertisement and profit by the free advice which he gives therein.

—Michael MacDonald, alias "Piggy", was indicted by the United States grand jury last week for alleged complicity in the recent robbery of the Plainfield post-office. His trial is set down for the September term of court.

—The Reform Club will provide an excursion to Sandy Hook Aquarium, etc. They have secured from the Knickerbocker Steamboat Company the Grand Republic, which will be used both to transfer the excursionists from Jersey City to the seashore and to accommodate them on the return trip.

—The Somerville Gazette's proposed Slumber now this year will enhance some of the most romantic of New England scenery. It is expected to start July 20d. As all of the excursions personally conducted by Mr. Honeyman have proved pleasant successes, there is no reason to doubt the result of this.

—Col. McClure, one of Philadelphia's most prominent editors, is credited with the following: "Newspapers are often criticised for what they print, but if it were known how much credit they merit for what they don't print, or for the nonsense they whack out of what they do print, they would command a much more generous judgment."

—Trinity Commandery, No. 17, Knights Templar, conducted high Masonic ceremonies last evening and entertained the grand officers of the State at a banquet served by caterer Stephenson in the Republican Association rooms. Among their visitors were Ponce de Leon Commandery, No. 8, of New Brunswick, and St. John's Commandery, No. 9, of Elizabeth.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

The furnaces in the glass factories at Williamstown, Vineland and other places blowing down will go out of blast on Saturday.

Merchantville's first paper is called The Review, William L. Lowe, of Moorestown, is the publisher, and W. H. Lewis, of Merchantville, occupying the editorial desk.

An oil tank on a train on the Pennsylvania road opened a leak Monday night while passing through Rheinhardt, and before the flow of oil could be checked 6,000 gallons had escaped.

A normal training school was established at at Elizabeth last year, and its first graduates received their diplomas last evening. They were the Misses Whitting, Lenhoe, Dimock, Mills and Trowbridge.

A large barn belonging to Charles Gremer, at Long Branch, was destroyed by fire Tuesday and several valuable horses belonging to Brazillien Grover, of Asbury Park, were burned to death. The fire was started by a small boy, who was playing with matches.

When Mount Holl 's townspeople woke up yesterday morning they found the fountain in the public square draped in mourning. It was done during the night by some fancy fellow, because of the fact that the water company would not turn on the water unless the town agreed to pay a bigger rental than it did last year.

A coroner's jury called to investigate the latest death on the railroad in New Brunswick closed its labors Tuesday. Their verdict was that the railroad, half said the dead man himself was to blame, all censured the Common Council for allowing trains to run at a rapid rate through the city, and the coroner commented upon the delay by some fancy fellow, because of the fact that the water company would not turn on the water unless the town agreed to pay a bigger rental than it did last year.

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Point Pleasant Wants Street Cars.

Efforts are being put forth to have a horse car line opened at Point Pleasant, to extend from the beach up Atlantic avenue, through Bay avenue and Arnold avenue to Clark's Landing, on the Manasquan River, thence to the depot by way of Richmond and Atlantic avenues, and back to the beach. The project meets with general satisfaction, as it will be an accommodation both to the Summer guests and the permanent residents of the place.

The Central's Big Building.

The New York Star reports that the Jersey Central Railroad Company are about to erect at the corner of West and Liberty streets a $500,000 building. A force of men has been engaged the past six weeks, in tearing down and removing the warehouses, livery stables and other buildings which have occupied the site many years. The plot of ground is 200 feet by 100, and extends from West to Washington streets along Liberty street. The new building will be eight stories in height and will probably be built of red brick.

All of the general offices of the road, which are now at No. 119 Liberty street, will be moved into the new building when it is completed, and many large wholesale firms in the coal trade have applied for office room. It is expected that the building will be finished by May 1st, 1890.

WEDNESDAY,
JULY 3d.,
WILL BE THE LAST DAY OF
DR. E. KIMBELL,
THE CELEBRATED
CHIROPODIST,
IN PLAINFIELD.

AT THE CITY HOTEL HE IS HOURLY RECEIVING CALLS FROM THE ELITE OF THE CITY, AND IN EVERY CASE GIVES UNBOUNDED SATISFACTION.

Died.

MACDONALD—At Asbury Park, N. J., June 26th, 1889, of heart failure, Rudolphus MacDonald, of Plainfield, N. J., aged 69 years.

Funeral service Friday afternoon at three o'clock from the late residence of the deceased, corner of Front and Pierce streets. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited.

Interment at the Baptist cemetery. 2t*

Sealed Proposals.

Sealed proposals accompanied with plans and specifications, will be received by a joint committee from the Board of Trustees of the holders of the counties of Somerset and Union, at two o'clock p. m., on Wednesday, July 3d, 1889, at the Hotel of J. D. Miller & Bro., at Plainfield, for an iron truss bridge over Green brook in the city of Plainfield; length of bridge to be about 100 feet; No. 2 making 2 lines of abutment-walls; the bridge-seat at right angles to line of bridge; roadway beautyfied in the centre; to consist of two lines of 6-inch Georgia pine, free from sap or dote. The structure to contain eighty pounds per square foot, and to be capable of bearing a load of 10 tons, with a factor-safety of 4.

At the same time and place will be received by the same joint committee proposals for the masonry for said bridge. Specifications for the same can be had of Commissioner of Roads Jerdock's store, Park avenue, or at the house of Wm. E. Jones, Front street, on and after Monday, June 17th, 1889. The Joint Committee reserve the right to reject any or all proposals for either of the above.

By order of the Joint Committee.

WM. E. JONES, Secretary.
ap* A. VANDERBEEK, Chm'n.

AUCTION SALE
of the entire
FURNITURE.
T. J. Gillis, auctioneer, will sell on
Friday, June 28th,
at one o'clock p. m., on the corner of Fifth street and Madison avenue, the Furniture, Carpets, etc., contained therein. Terms cash.
M. M. THORN.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

WAR ON THE "GROWLER".

Liquor-Dealers Cannot Sell Beer in the Carried.

ELIZABETH, June 27th.—The saloon-keepers of this city are bowed down with grief. The Chief of Police has sent officers to notify the proprietors of the 150 saloons in the city that henceforth no beer or liquor must be sold by the measure to be carried off the premises.

This sounds the death knell of the "growler," which was extensively worked, particularly at Elizabethport, where some dealers derived their largest revenue from it, and where two of them became wealthy by the can-trade.

The planes which are effected the most are the restaurants of Segar and Andrews, opposite the Singer Works, and who each run off a dozen kegs daily. During the noon hour a perfect stream of "growlers" passed between these places and the factory. The workmen are dismayed over the turn affairs have taken.

The saloon will not dare to violate the law, for if they did they would be sure to be arrested. The employes of the numerous factories and shops at Elizabethport who have always been accustomed to have a pint of beer with their midday lunch find the office rows more keenly than the dealers.

COOPERS LAID OFF.

Fifty Men at Elizabeth Oil Works Made Idle.

ELIZABETH, June 27th.—All the coopers, numbering about fifty, in Bourne & Seymour's extensive oil works in this city, have been suddenly laid off for an indefinite period, and no cause is assigned by the firm for their action. It is rumored that the Standard Oil Company has acquired, or is about to acquired, a controlling interest in the establishment, and that is supposed to have some bearing on the suspensions of the men.

A reporter called at the works this morning and had an interview with Mr. Borne, the head of the firm. He emphatically denied that the Standard had got control of the works in any way, and said that every few months the report was started, but so far as he knew there was no foundation for it. The reason, he said, for the discharge of the coopers was that the firm had made a new arrangement by which the cooperage hereafter would be done by contract, and the parties who have obtained the job propose to supply their own coopers. Who the contractors are Mr. Borne did not care to state.

DIVIDEND.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
PLAINFIELD, N. J., June 25, 1889.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cent. from the earnings of the current six months, payable on and after July 1st, 1889.

C. PARSE, Cashier

$10 Ten Dollars $10
SPECIAL,
This Week Only
Gentlemen's
4-Ply Linen Cuffs 13c
actually worth 25c.
4-Ply Linen Collars, 8c
real value, 15c. All good styles, and lowest prices ever heard of for these goods, at
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 E. Front Street.

B. T. BARNES
ICE-CREAM
Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.
Opposite P. O.

H. A. POPE'S,
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

HOTEL
NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.
Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank E. Miller.

"VACATION ARTICLES, CHEAP!"
FOR Men, Women and Children. Those who are preparing for "Vacation" and need articles of DRESS or TOILET will save time and trouble by a visit to our large and varied assortment.
SPECIAL LOT No 13, pure silk mottled fancy-edge Ribbons in a full line of colors, at 19c, worth 25c. Special Lot Ladies' Plain Black Hose, at 25c, worth 35c. Special Lot Silk Taffeta Gloves at 25c, well worth 35c. "Tourist" Reading at 25c a box. Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Collars, Cuffs, Ties in fact you find almost everything necessary to a complete "outfit" for Mountain and Seaside! The best goods at the lowest prices.
SPECIAL ON CARPETS.—We will give in, free of charge, the lining for Carpets bought up to July 15th.
WINDOW SHADES.—Manufactured to order at short notice to suit any window. Shades on hand at 25c, 50c, and 75c. Lace and Chenille Curtains, Portieres, Rugs, etc.
Edsall's, 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

COME OUT! COME OUT!
Don't let a little warm weather keep you in; our store is cool and comfortable so that even if you do not wish to purchase it will be a pleasure to look at the following SPECIAL BARGAINS: Dress Chenilles in light and dark colors at 5c. Dress Gingham, all the latest designs, 10c. Dress Lawns, 5 1-2c. Dress Percales, 5c. Jersey ribbed Vests, 12 1-2c. Ladies' Balbriggan Hose, 12 1-2c. Extra fine French chalons, 20c, worth 35c. Dress Ginghams, good weight, at 8c, worth 12c. We still have a few pieces of Carpet left at 17c, 19c, 22c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c, 65c, 70c, 75c, 80c, 85c, 90c, 95c, $1, $1.10, $1.20, $1.25, $1.30, $1.35, $1.40, $1.45, $1.50, $1.55, $1.60, $1.65, $1.70, $1.75, $1.80, $1.85, $1.90, $1.95, $2, $2.10, $2.20, $2.25, $2.30, $2.35, $2.40, $2.45, $2.50, $2.55, $2.60, $2.65, $2.70, $2.75, $2.80, $2.85, $2.90, $2.95, $3, $3.10, $3.20, $3.25, $3.30, $3.35, $3.40, $3.45, $3.50, $3.55, $3.60, $3.65, $3.70, $3.75, $3.80, $3.85, $3.90, $3.95, $4, $4.10, $4.20, $4.25, $4.30, $4.35, $4.40, $4.45, $4.50, $4.55, $4.60, $4.65, $4.70, $4.75, $4.80, $4.85, $4.90, $4.95, $5, $5.10, $5.20, $5.25, $5.30, $5.35, $5.40, $5.45, $5.50, $5.55, $5.60, $5.65, $5.70, $5.75, $5.80, $5.85, $5.90, $5.95, $6, $6.10, $6.20, $6.25, $6.30, $6.35, $6.40, $6.45, $6.50, $6.55, $6.60, $6.65, $6.70, $6.75, $6.80, $6.85, $6.90, $6.95, $7, $7.10, $7.20, $7.25, $7.30, $7.35, $7.40, $7.45, $7.50, $7.55, $7.60, $7.65, $7.70, $7.75, $7.80, $7.85, $7.90, $7.95, $8, 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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK.
OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The United States will have a cable direct to Honolulu in the next two years.

The dam disaster of Johnstown has caused consternation throughout the civilized world. The people of European countries are now troubled about the safety of their dams. The matter is to be brought up in the English parliament. Liverpool has prepared a tremendous dam at Llanwydda in North Wales, whence to draw her water supply. The lake is four times the size of the Conemaugh reservoir, and if it burst its bounds it would destroy several cities. It is confined by a solid wall ninety-feet thick, but even that is not quite sufficient to allay the fears of nervous Englishmen under present circumstances. At Birmingham the reservoir is 240 feet above the town.

The American Foreign Missionary society should send its preachers and teachers at once to labor among the nobility of Great Britain. If there are more immoral, unblushing and unbelieving heathens on this globe than some of the high titled British noblemen their whereabouts has not been revealed up to date. The scandal just now attracting attention is the trial growing out of the accusation by his highness, Lord Durham, that his high mightiness, Sir George Chetwynd, had been cheating at horse racing. In the code of morals of the sublime British nobility cheating at horse racing is rather worse than consulting a murder.

Prolonging Life.

When an Englishman writes a paper for a British review, he consumes the first half of his space getting ready for what he is going to say in the last half. This is what Mr. Robsou Roose has done in The Fortnightly Review. After making his preparations, however, Mr. Roose settles down to business and gives us some useful hints about how to grow old comfortably, if not gracefully.

He says there is no doubt but the average duration of human life is capable of very great extension. It is steadily growing longer. In England and Wales at the end of 1887 there were alive 400,600 persons who would have been dead if the average mortality had been as great from 1881 to 1887 as between 1871 and 1881.

Some of Mr. Roose's directions for living long and keeping well have a slight tendency to make a man a slave to his own health. A little judicious recklessness will often do as much as anything else to keep one strong and cheery. But, summed up, the best part of the writer's advice is: Eat lightly of simple, natural food. If one feels tight at the belt after dining he has eaten too much. Take a daily bath with water as comfortable as temperature, followed by thorough rubbing with flesh gloves or brush.

Take exercise in the open air and sunshine. Walking is good; light gardening is excellent. Indulge very sparingly in alcoholic drinks. Have some rational hobby to amuse leisure hours—whist, orchids, amateur photography, or something like that. Finally, keep merry and cheerful, and keep at work. One need not let himself down to be old for many years.

More's the Pity.

Very merry some witty editorial writers have been making themselves over the lofty sentiments expressed in the college commencement addresses, with down on their have launched forth fearful thunders against political corruption, bossism and the use of money and the machine in politics. So they have! And the pity of it is that the world jeers at them and laughs them out of these noble sentiments after they leave the peaceful college walls. If they would only stick to the heroic virtue they cherished as an ideal during their school years, these boys would in one generation reform our corrupt political methods, bribery, bossism and all. There never was a reform made real in the world except by those who brought into actual life the ideals that beckoned them on in their generous, enthusiastic youth. It was Schiller who said: "Be true to the dream of thy youth." It is because men are not thus true that the world is corrupt and faithless, and jeers at public virtue and purity.

The Cronin Murder.

It will be a blow at Irish interests and Irish secret societies from which they will not soon recover, should members of the Clan-na-Gael, as such, be found implicated in the Cronin murder. Such an issue would be pounced upon and hailed as a godsend by all the Tories from one end of Britain to the other. They would celebrate it to the utmost, as we admit to the Parnell fiasco, as far as it would go. They would expatiate on it as a fresh proof of the depravity of the Irish race, as fresh evidence that they are incapable of self government. One of the Clan-na-Gael witnesses admitted that the oaths and ritual of the order might be interpreted by an excitable, weak minded person to mean that he might feel himself bound to commit a murder if ordered by his superior officers to do so. But it is sincerely to be wished that the organization will be cleared.

The census year began June 1, 1889, and will end May 31, 1890.

Dr. O. W. Holmes says it is better to be 70 years young than 40 years old.

At last the right word has been found for death by electricity. It is electricide.

Admiral Porter had his 70th birthday party a few days ago. Gen. B. F. Butler sent regrets.

There are at least thirty colleges that had a perfectly quiet graduating and commencement day. They were the deaf mute schools.

In all the national educational exhibits at the Paris exposition the most prominent and interesting feature is the industrial and manual training display.

They say that Woodruff, the Cronin murder confessor, has told at least one truth in his multifarious stories. He has admitted that he is an indefatigable liar.

Since President Harrison has been in office he has had one band of visitors who did not annoy him. They were 136 Dunkard brethren, recently. Not one of them wanted an office.

The death of John Gilbert leaves yet alive only one of the famous old actors who were contemporary with Charlotte Cushman. This is James E. Murdoch, the Hamlet of a past generation. Mr. Murdoch is one year younger than John Gilbert. His powers are undimmed. Mr. Murdoch is president of the Philadelphia school of oratory.

The Samoan Treaty.

So we shall have to wait officially and formally till the meeting of the senate next December before finding out the provisions of the Samoan treaty at Berlin. The grapevine telegraph has, however, probably given a tolerably correct outline of it. Through this source it is ascertained that King Malietoa is to be restored to the throne, and will govern the islands under the joint protection of the United States and Germany. Should differences arise between the two protectors, England will settle them by arbitration.

There will be a parliament or congress, composed of two houses, the members to be elected by the Samoans themselves. This congress shall have the right to levy customs duties. But the United States, England and Germany are to be bound by a tariff schedule framed at the Berlin conference. Germany is to receive indemnity for losses in the late disturbances. It is uncertain under diplomatic usage whether the Berlin document is to be called a treaty or an agreement. Whichever it is, however, it will not go into effect until ratified by the United States senate.

An Old Fashioned Fourth.

Let us resurrect the old fashioned Fourth this year. It is the centennial year of our existence as a nation.

Forty years ago every rural neighborhood had its basket picnic on the Fourth. Baskets were packed full of home made delicacies drawn from the overflowing abundance of fertile farms. Fathers took their families in the great wagon or carriage, and all hied to some green grove, shady and sweet. Perhaps there was a procession of the Sunday school children along the village street in the morning. At their head the neighborhood brass band played "Yankee Doodle" or the "Star Spangled Banner," and each father and mother thought their children marched better than any others.

At the grove the procession disbanded. The most popular preacher thereabouts prayed eloquently that the blessing of heaven might be upon this country for ever and forever. As it had been with the fathers it should be with the children. Then there was patriotic singing by the church choir or the home glee club. Then the man with the best voice read the glorious old Declaration of Independence to his neighbors and friends. Every year this was done. It was done in order to familiarize the children with this immortal document. So it was thought the love of liberty, sacred and splendid, would be kindled in their young breasts and glow during their lives. It was boys brought up on the old fashioned Fourth of July who, fought the battles of 1861. Why are not the children now taught more about the Declaration of Independence?

Sometimes there was an oration. Perhaps there were several speeches and more singing. Then the formal ceremonies were over. Fathers, mothers, children and friends threw care to the winds the rest of the day and enjoyed a long, restful afternoon in the woods. Who gets any rest on the Fourth of July now?

We have changed everything. Is citius the Fourth is a chapter from Inferno. The rising generation have nothing to do but explode gunpowder, and they do it. Boys must be boys. No more marching, no more rural picnics, no more listening to the Declaration and to orations that make their hearts burn within them with love of country. If anybody marches it is the police, the firemen or a show regiment of the national militia. Fires are frequent, and people are shot dead by stray bullets; fingers, feet and eyes are blown away. Country people flock to the cities, instead of having celebrations of their own. Next day after, all who survive gather themselves up and thank heaven the day is over for another year.

Once more, let us resurrect the old fashioned rural Fourth of July.

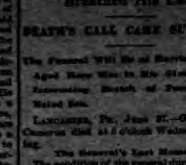
FOR GERMAN MINISTER.

The Portfolio Given William Walter Phelps.

HIS LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICE.

Ernest B. Crosby Appointed Associate Judge at Alexandria—A Brief Sketch of His Career—Samoan Commissioner Known Boy Go to Russia.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—President Harrison has appointed William Walter Phelps, of New Jersey, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Germany, in place of Murat Halstead, whose appointment the senate did not confirm. In an interview Mr. Phelps said: "I went to the White House to pay my respects, and the president handed me my commission, at the same time expressing his thanks for my services at Berlin, and said it gave him great pleasure to be able to reward me in such a substantial manner. I had not expected an appointment in that way, and was surprised by the sudden though cordial and frank manner in which it was done. I will not go to Berlin immediately. There is no necessity for my presence there just now. I have finished the Samoan treaty, and that is all there was so attend to. You can say that I am pleased to get to Germany, where I have already made the acquaintance of so many people, and I hope to be among them as soon as I look after some of my personal affairs in this country."



HON. WALTER PHELPS.

Life at the New Minister.

William Walter Phelps was born in New York city in the year 1839. In 1860 he was graduated from Yale college, and three years later received the degree of LL. B. at the Columbia College Law school. In 1869 he retired from the practice of the law. He was elected to a seat in the Forty-third congress in the year 1873. In 1875 he was sent as a delegate at large from New Jersey to the Republican national convention at Chicago. The following year he was appointed by President Garfield United States minister to Austria, which position he resigned in 1882. The same year he was elected to the Forty-eighth congress. He has been a member of the house of representatives ever since that date. Mr. Phelps is a man of large means, and lives in elegant style at Englewood, N. J. He possesses many fine traits of character. Protection and Mr. Blaine have no more earnest friend than William Walter Phelps.

His Latest Public Service.

Mr. Phelps' latest service to his country has been his amazing industry and consummate tact in the conduct of the negotiations at Berlin concerning Samoa. That he has just brought a Samoan treaty home in his inside pocket, as it were, is about as strong evidence as one need look for of the fuitive success of the labor of himself and his colleagues. Our department of state insisted on the perfect recognition of America's claims to Samoan territory and independence of Germany, as against the aggrandizing policy of Germany, and it is generally conceded that much of the downright hard work which led to the American victory has been done by Mr. Phelps. Beside this, the ticklish position of affairs often led to something very like personal danger, but the courage which have been maintained among the representatives of the three powers interested.

A Good Lobbyist.

In every such instance Mr. Phelps has rushed from one to another of the delegates, talked and argued and finally convinced, where by long odds the greatest part of the purpose and achieved what only the greatest tact and diplomatic ability could have attained, namely, the entire reconciliation of the parties at odds, the immediate removal of active negotiations, the fullest concessions on the part of Bismarck, and the ultimate triumph of American diplomacy.

For these and for his previous services to his country the most fitting reward at this time is his appointment as minister to the country in which he has already served with so much success and honor and good.

Kasson for Russia.

It is rumored that Mr. Kasson, one of Mr. Phelps' fellow commissioners at Berlin on the Samoan treaty, is booked for the Russian portfolio.

Ernest Crosby's Preferment.

The Hon. Ernest H. Crosby was nominated as the American judge for the international court of Oriental jurisdiction at Alexandria, Egypt, vice J. C. Pickersgill, of Maine, resigned on account of ill health. The court is composed of representatives of treaty nations and the Egyptian government. The salary of each judge, which is $7,000 per annum. Mr. Crosby succeeds the Hon. Benjamin R. Cowen.

ERNEST H. CROSBY.

Mr. Crosby was born in New York city on Nov. 11, 1856. He was graduated at the University of the City of New York, took a course in the Columbia Law school and was admitted to the bar. He ran for the assembly in the Third New York district in 1881, and was defeated, but in 1886 he was elected to the senate from the Twenty-first district by a plurality of 1,071. In the assembly of 1887 he served on the committees on cities, excise and charitable and religious societies, and was chairman of the committee on public lands. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1888 by a plurality of 289, his opponent being Abraham L. Jacobs, Democrat; J. J. Wilson, Prohibitionist, and Leland Lafoy, Labor Reform candidate, where he again continued his advocacy of high license and electoral reform.

Coal in 94 Pa.

NEW YORK, June 27.—At a meeting of the sales agents of the six great coal companies it was decided to advance prices as follows: to take effect July 1: Grate, $3.; egg, 15c.; stove, 15c.; chestnut, 15c., making the prices respectively $3.90, $4.15, $4.40 and $4.15. In July and August prices are about dead by scrap bullets; fingers, feet and eyes are blown away. Country people flock to the cities, instead of having celebrations of their own. Next day after, all who survive gather themselves up and thank heaven the day is over for another year.

Once more, let us resurrect the old fashioned rural Fourth of July.

Sentenced to Death.

CHICAGO, June 27.—The sensation of the day was the announcement that Lawyer John F. Segee, ex-president of Cheap 20 of the Chicago Gang, by which body it is said that Dr. Cronin was put to death, and who was deposed from the presidency of De Witt-Armstrong club a few nights since, had been placed under arrest. Investigation developed the fact that he had been taken from his lodgings shortly after midnight and locked up in the Warren avenue station. He was brought down to the court house by a squad of police, escorted by mounted police, and ushered without delay into the presence of the grand jury. For an hour or more a volley of questions were fired at him, but to every one he remained reticent. He particularly refused to admit that shortly before Cronin's murder he had made a letter to Cheap 20 announcing the physician as a British spy. At the conclusion of his examination he was returned to the police station.

Rumors are again current that other important arrests are imminent.

W. F. Lynn testified to having seen Coughlin in close conversation with Mat Kennedy, whose story about the latter having received his money to "do up" Dr. Cronin was one of the sensational features of the inquest. Nothing new or important was revealed in the testimony of Mr. O'Connor, the representative of the telegraph companies. An unknown man was brought before the jury by Capt. Schuettler, and it is said that one of the letters or anonymous letters received by the state's attorney giving information of the "inner circle" of Cheap 20 and the conspirators who effected it.

The Herald says the prosecution in the Cronin case is becoming suspicious of the loyalty of pretended friends. From the beginning the case was clothed in mystery, and to that end they have sought to use every effort to lay bare the organization in the interest of justice. The state, it is said, now has evidence that at least two or three men are no longer to be trusted, if, indeed, their conduct does not make them liable to prosecution for complicity after the fact. These men buried themselves in so outstanding a manner with the view of securing every clue that could be had to the order, that they were enabled to secure some information from the state's attorney and the police. This knowledge, it is said, was at once turned to account to assist the defense. These laborers in the cause of justice caused the disbanding of Camp 20. The result has been the organization of two camps every week of a character in favor of the camp. This double dealing has really operated to the injury of the prosecution, and the men now more than ever are bound to be true to the order, that they were enabled to secure some information from the state's attorney and the police. This knowledge, it is said, was at once turned to account to assist the defense. These laborers in the cause of justice caused the disbanding of Camp 20, and that is why it has been the policy of the prosecution to keep the records of the deeply entangled camp can be restored.

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Detective Ogilvie, of Chicago, testified as to Burke's identity, and McCarthy, a Canadian Pacific railroad policeman, gave evidence regarding his suspicious actions at the depot on the day of the arrest. The remand was then granted. Burke was nervous and excited.

SELF DEFENSE THE PLEA.

Dr. McDow Tells How He Murdered Editor Dawson.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 27.—The only living witness to the killing of F. W. Dawson is the slayer himself, Dr. Thomas J. McDow. A negro driver named Harper, who was in his carriage when he met McDow on the street at the time of the murder, testified at the opening of the defendant's case. He saw Dr. McDow enter the office, and after four or five minutes heard a pistol shot. Then two groans and a quarreling and gurgling voice, followed by an excited voice saying: "You said you would take my life, now I have taken yours."

Then the prisoner was called in his own behalf. His lawyer checked him several times when he became excited and brought the story slowly. He said Dawson was in Dawson rang his office bell at about 5:40 o'clock. Witness opened the door and invited him in. Dawson said: "Have just been informed upon unquestionably conduct on one of my servants."

Witness replied, "It is untrue that I have been ungentlemanly to one of your servants." Dawson replied: "I am informed and believe that I am responsible for that person (meaning the governess) as I will hold you personally responsible."

Witness replied that he would speak to her whenever he pleased.

"I'll see you, replied Dawson, "I'll publish you as a liar and coward."

"And if you do, you infernal scoundrel," replied the witness, "I'll hold you personally responsible. Get out of my office."

Dawson left the office and witness struck his hat off with his cane and slapped him, knocking him across the lounge. Then Dawson stepped him again and witness drew his pistol and fired. Witness then left the office.

Dawson was confronting him or not. He only knew he was in front of him. After shooting at him Dawson turned and said, while falling: "You've killed me." Witness said: "You've tried to take my life, and now I've taken yours."

When Dawson fell he went up to him, felt his pulse and straightened the body out on the floor. He explained his subsequent actions of trying to dig a grave and bury the body in the back yard. Witness said he was not conscious of knowing what he was doing. He expected that he first shot he fired would kill Dawson. Witness admitted that he had habitually carried a pistol. The interview with the governess was not touched upon in his direct examination.

Alleged Exorbitant Pension Charges.

READING, Pa., June 27.—David M. Kline, ex-police of the county, and Dr. H. E. Rupp, a leading politician of Berks county, both of Fleetwood, this county, have been arrested and taken to Philadelphia on a charge of taking illegal fees from pensioners. The charges are: It is alleged that $600 was charged in the case on which they were arrested, the amount collected being $1,150. Prior to the arrest Kline was postmaster at Fleetwood, but has not been since appointed.

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NEW YORK, June 27.—The Atlantic Baseball association held a meeting at the Fifth Avenue hotel for the purpose of filling the vacancy occasioned by the withdrawal of the Boston club. After two hours' session it was decided to adjourned to meet at Saratoga, Thursday, July 25. It is likely that the 12 will check with the decision of the association.

JOHN F. SEGEE ARRESTED.

The Cheap Councilman Charged with Complicity in the Cronin Case.

CHICAGO, June 27.—The sensation of the day was the announcement that Lawyer John F. Segee, ex-president of Cheap 20 of the Clan-na-Gael, by which body it is said that Dr. Cronin was put to death, and who was deposed from the presidency of De Witt-Armstrong club a few nights since, had been placed under arrest. Investigation developed the fact that he had been taken from his lodgings shortly after midnight and locked up in the Warren avenue station. He was brought down to the court house by a squad of police, escorted by mounted police, and ushered without delay into the presence of the grand jury. For an hour or more a volley of questions were fired at him, but to every one he remained reticent. He particularly refused to admit that shortly before Cronin's murder he had made a letter to Cheap 20 announcing the physician as a British spy. At the conclusion of his examination he was returned to the police station.

Rumors are again current that other important arrests are imminent.

W. F. Lynn testified to having seen Coughlin in close conversation with Mat Kennedy, whose story about the latter having received his money to "do up" Dr. Cronin was one of the sensational features of the inquest. Nothing new or important was revealed in the testimony of Mr. O'Connor, the representative of the telegraph companies. An unknown man was brought before the jury by Capt. Schuettler, and it is said that one of the letters or anonymous letters received by the state's attorney giving information of the "inner circle" of Cheap 20 and the conspirators who effected it.

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GEN. CAMERON IS DEAD.

The Ex-Secretary of War Has Breathed His Last.

DEATH'S CALL CAME SUDDENLY.

The Funeral Will Be at Harrisburg—The Aged Name Was in His 81st Year—An Interesting Bunch of Pennsylvanians.

United Sea.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 27.—Gen. Simon Cameron died at 5 o'clock Wednesday evening.

The General's Last Moments.

The condition of the general during the day was encouraging, and death came suddenly. Up to 10 o'clock he was about the house, and then had fresh evidence of failing. Around the dumbbell were ex-Attorney General MacVeagh and wife, Mrs. Haldeman, James Cameron, o i, Simon B. Cameron and wife, and Mrs. David Watts, a granddaughter. The funeral will take place at Harrisburg, but the date has not yet been determined upon. Just previous to the sinking spell which terminated fatally the general appeared to recognize several friends. His general condition, while very weak, was such that physicians had hopes that his life might be prolonged until the return of Sons or Don Cameron, who cabled that he would sail from Liverpool at once.

An Active Life at an Early Age.

Simon Cameron died in his 91st year, having been born in Lancaster county, Pa., on March 8, 1799, and was left an orphan at an early age. He received a fair English education, and began to learn the printing trade at 9. He worked as a journeyman printer in Lancaster, Harrisburg and Washington, and as improved his opportunities to buy into the business as a partner in Doylestown, Pa., and one in Harrisburg in 1822. As soon as he accumulated sufficient capital he became interested in banking and in railroad construction in the central parts of the state. He was for a time adjutant general of Pennsylvania.

To the United States Senate.

In 1845 he was elected to the United States senate for the term which ended in 1849. During this period he acted with the Democrats on important party questions, such as the Missouri compromise. This view he repealed in 1854, and Mr. Cameron became identified with the "People's Party," and subsequently merged with the Republicans. As the Republican candidate he was reelected to the senate for the full term of six years, beginning in 1857. This period covered the exciting crisis of secession. During this period he was so earnest an advocate of peace that his loyalty to the union was suspected.

At the Republican convention that nominated Abraham Lincoln Mr. Cameron was strongly supported for the presidency and again for the vice presidency. Lack of harmony in the Pennsylvania delegation prevented his nomination to the latter office.

Secretary of War.

Mr. Lincoln, upon his inauguration, called Mr. Cameron to the cabinet as secretary of war, and he proved equal to the arduous duties of the hour and the place. He advocated more stringent and aggressive war measures than Mr. Lincoln was prepared to carry out, and when Gen. Butler asked for instructions regarding fugitive slaves Secretary Cameron directed him to employ them "under such organization and in such manner as the exigences may suggest or require." Similar instructions were given to Gen. Sherman and other officers. In his celebrated "secret" draft of his annual report to congress in December, 1861, he boldly advocated arming fugitive slaves, but this was modified or omitted in the printing of the report.

Mr. Cameron resigned the war secretaryship on Jan. 11, 1862, and was at once appointed minister to Russia, where his influence with the czar secured the friendship of that powerful nation during the civil war. His official conduct in a certain connection was censured. In the house of representatives on April 30, 1862, but Mr. Lincoln immediately sent a message to congress assuming with the other heads of departments an equal share in the responsibility.

Back to the Senate.

He resigned as minister to Russia on Nov. 5, 1862, returned home, and in January, 1866, when he was again elected United States senator and appointed chairman of the committee on foreign affairs on the retirement of Mr. Sumner in 1872. He was re-elected to the senate for the fourth time in 1873, but resigned in favor of his son.

During the years of his active public life Mr. Cameron was a powerful political leader, practically dictating the policy of the Republican party in Pennsylvania and wielding a large influence over its policy in all the country.

His 90th Birthday.

On the occasion of his 90th birthday in March last he received a large number of marks of notice. The Pennsylvania legislature visited him at his Harrisburg home in a body, congratulatory telegrams poured in from all parts of the country, and his home was thronged with callers, until after midnight. Notwithstanding his advanced age he continued to take an active interest in affairs, and on July 4 was able to ride up to be wrote a letter to Governor Beaver, expressing his sympathy for the Johnstown sufferers and inclosing his check for $1,000 to aid in relieving their distress.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be warmer and fair.

FORAKER NOMINATED.

There Was a Great Stampede to Him, the Latter Part of the Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., June 27.—The Republican state convention was the largest in the history of the party in Ohio and looked over the enthusiastic Republican Metropolitan home, in which the convention was held, an up state hall, with a main floor and one gallery, capable of accommodating about 4,000 people. There were probably 6,000 in that number crowded within the walls. The interest in the contest was so great that hundreds were turned away upon the door of reserved for delegates. At the hour for hoisting the crank was terrible. Maj. McK ning upon entering the hall, received an ovation.

Governor—J. B. Foraker.
Lieutenant Governor—E. L. Lampson, of Ashtabula county.
Supreme Judge—F. J. Dickman, of Cuyahoga.
State Treasurer—John G. Brown, of Jefferson.
Clerk of the Supreme Court—Urban H. Wood, of Van Wert.
Public School Commissioner—Dr. John Hancock, of Champaign.
Member of Board of Public Works—William Elder, of Hamilton.

After the result looked for governor there was a grand stampede for Foraker.

ANOTHER BIG HORROR.

Many People Killed in a Train Collision.

LAUREL, Pa., June 27.—Train freight broke-collided at this place on the Pennsylvania railroad. The dead bodies have been taken from the wreck, and from fifteen to twenty more are supposed to be still in the debris.

How It Happened.

Later particulars from the scene of the terrible wreck at Loyal Run bridge, just west of Latrobe, are to the effect that the fleety shifter had left eighteen cars standing on the bridge, while the crew was drifting out loaded cars at the Latrobe local works. The engineman, David Hanon, of the shifter, had gone to feed his engine, but as a heavy rain was falling at the time it is not known whether the engineer on the fast freight going west saw the signals or not. In any event, the fast freight crashed into the shifter, half its length, and had his signal been observed the engineer could not possibly have stopped his heavy train of forty-two cars on the down grade to check to avert the collision.

Down a Forty-foot Embankment.

The train, going at a speed of twenty-five miles an hour, crashed into the cars on the bridge, demolishing them and, plunging over the side of the trestle bridge, a descent of forty feet, into the bed of Loyal Hanna creek.

Three Trains Collided.

At the same moment an east bound freight was passing on the other track. One of the wrecked cars caught the car next to the caboose, and the three, wrecking it and the caboose, and badly using up the pushing engine.

The Debris Took Fire.

Eighteen loaded and thirteen empty cars, together with engine L.S.R. are a total wreck. The debris took fire at once, and although held in check by the local fire department, is still burning.

Fishermen Laborers Were in the Wreck.

Engineer Caldwell and Fireman Pralich went down with the locomotive and are still under the wreck. The loss of life cannot be accurately estimated. Aside from the train men, it is known that there were between forty and fifty men on the west bound train who had been working at Johnstown. They had been laid off and were endeavoring to reach their homes. The injured were attended by the Pennsylvania railroad company's surgeons, and with the exception of those whose injuries are too critical to allow them to be moved, were sent to the county hospital in the hospitals in Pittsburg.

Those Who Were Identified by Undertaker Snyder, in whose care they have been left for identification.

List of the Dead and Injured.

The known dead are: Elmer Caldwell, engineer; residence at Manor Station. G. F. Pralich, fireman, Pittsburg; leaves widow and two children. George Cargel, Jersey City. Edward Kelly, Philadelphia. An unknown man, but thought to be John E. Keenan, of Ean Claire, Wis. Albert Critchlow, Pittsburg, and four other bodies not yet identified.

The injured are: F. A. Geis, Braddock; John Cleary, Pittsburg; Patrick Flannagan, recently arrived from Ireland; P. Fitzgibbons, Pittsburg; McKeesport; Peter Mundrey, Allegheny; John Mullen, Philadelphia; Lewis Wylie, Indiana, Pa.; James McCurdey, Canada; John E. Miller, front brakeman, Pittsburg; Peter Cavanaugh, Pittsburg; Edward Howard, Pittsburg; John Jackson, McKeesport; an unknown man, unconscious, fatally hurt.

A Scene of Indescribable Horror.

The conductor states that he is positive that thirty men are under the wreck. He was then at work at Derry station and just as *forty-two* men to the west coming to Pittsburg from Johnstown. After receiving his train orders the started west, and a great crash in the direction of Latrobe was heard. The last one to go over the bridge was loaded with lime, and it scattered all over the pile of wrecked cars, setting them and the bridge on fire. The scene of the wreck presented a view of the imprisoned men as terrible in the extreme. The cries, legs and bodies of victims can be seen protruding from the debris. Not a member of the crew, except the conductor, remains to tell the number of those who went down.

IN THE BASEBALL WORLD.

LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—
Indianapolis.....0 0 0 1 1 4 0 1 1—8
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
Batteries: Getzein and Daly, Clarkson and Sutcliffe.

At Chicago—
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 1—5
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 1—5
Batteries: Welch and Ewing; Krock, Tener and Farrell.

At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4—4
Washington.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Morris and Fields, O'Day and Daly.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
Philadelphia.....2 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 x—5
Batteries: Bakeley, Young, Sullivan and Clements.

ASSOCIATION.

At St. Louis—
St. Louis.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Stivetts and Boyle, Duryea and Keenan.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 2 1 0 0 1 0 0 1—5
Columbus.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Terry and Clark, Whitney and O'Connor.

At Kansas City—
Kansas City.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Louisville.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Swartwell and Donahue, Ramsey and Boyle.

At Philadelphia—
Baltimore game postponed; wet grounds.

At New Haven—
New Haven.....0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0—3
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Swartwood and O'Rourke, Lambreth and Ryan.

At Hartford—
Hartford.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Henry and Farrell, Caruthers and Daily.

At Lowell—
Lowell.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Wilmington.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Devaux and Murphy, Roach and Hanson.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Rochester.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: [illegible]

Now is the Time
to get a quantity of paper to take with you on your trip to the
Seaside or Mountain
We have various containing FIVE QUIRES of
GOOD LINEN PAPER
and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 10c. This is a variety of goods that will please you, being suitable for ladies' use, and has elegant finish, while the price is so low that we are thrilling out loaded cars at the Latrobe local works. The engineman, David Hanon, of the shifter, had gone to feed his engine, but as a heavy rain was falling at the time it is not known whether the engineer on the fast freight going west saw the signals or not. In any event, the fast freight crashed into the shifter, half its length, and had his signal been observed the engineer could not possibly have stopped his heavy train of forty-two cars on the down grade to check to avert the collision.
A. W. RAND,
34 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Front St. Place.

DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging.
P O Box 226

THE ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLY COMPANY, 26 Cortlandt St., N. Y.
Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms, Call Boxes, Lamps and Annunciators for Your Work or Repairs.
Plainfield office, 24 North avenue. Represented by F. S. Dunn.

PLAINFIELD IRON ANDBRASS
FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE SHOP
corner of Third st. & Liberty street, Plainfield April 1st, 1889. We are prepared to furnish Iron and Brass Castings for [illegible] building, machinery, gearing, screw and well [illegible] brass rod, rubber and steam packing, Babbit metal, Solder &c. Also Iron and Brass Work of every description. Many of the above are manufactured by us. We invite you to call and inspect and are prepared to furnish prices for any machinery built by the city or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairing a specialty.
C. E. KESTON

LADIES,
of course you are aware of the fact that the warm wave has struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Maybe you suppose something fluffy will meet with your approval; now what looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a
White Summer Suit?
and if you want such an article just drop in at
THE BEE HIVE
and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $3.50 to $10.
Then I have Children's fine White Dresses in Swiss, at from 50c to $2.50.
I can also show you a Blue Flannel Dress, $4.50, $7.50 and $7.50; I have just received a consignment of Boys' Knee Suits for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at $2.15 and up.
Children's Jersey Blouses, 50c and 65c.
Louis Callman,
38 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W. RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts.,
All goods
Reasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.
NOTICE TO PATRONS.
We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 9 o'clock p. m., as we intend hereafter to make it a rule to close our stores at that hour. Saturday evenings as heretofore. Saturday our store will remain open until 11 o'clock p. m. Store No. 25.
Grocer, corner of Duer and Emily Sts.

E. J. MARTIN,
Successor of
FRANCISCAL, BOOKBINDER,
REMOVED TO 325 AND 327 PARK PLACE.

THE MODERN MAIDEN.

When fair Aurora calls the Dawn
The golden Day to waken,
And robins on the verdant lawn
The early worms be taken,
And Sol begins to light the skies
And the day-beetles whiz,
My lady in her chamber lies
And—snoozes her quiz.

Oh, her dreams appear a chaos so fair
On snowy arms reposing,
And lips like pinks are parted there,
Two rows of pearls disclosing;
The light into her chamber streams,
In brick-dust colorings,
And she awakens from her dreams
To greet the golden morning

She springs from bed; how fair is she
All in her maiden glory,
Like Venus rising from the sea,
As told in classic story;
She opens her door, the charming sprite,
And calls her brother Freddy
To tell her ma the fire to light
And get the breakfast ready!

When she is dressed she runs down stairs,
And gives the cook some orders,
Then to the dining room repairs
To make the table borders
The breakfast over up she springs,
And tells her ma and Hannah
To wash the dishes while she sings
And hangs the grand piano!

—Boston Courier

To Keep Him Jolly.

Marshall P. Wilder has a friend who is an officer in one of the large electrical companies. Recently a phonograph was delivered at Mr. Wilder's rooms in the Algonquin, accompanied by the following note:

"MY DEAR WILDER: I will sell for the same olds within a few days. Won't you be so kind as to talk some of your latest stories into the phonograph? I want it to keep me jolly on the way over."—New York Sun.

Giving Fair Warning.

An elder sister had her little brother out for a walk the other day, and he proved somewhat unruly. She had evidently seen him before, for she gave him some little leeway when she laid down her commands.

"Meddie," she cried, "I shan't tell you more than three times more to stop hollering so!"—Boston Commonwealth.

A Question of Time.

Mr. Jones (to Mrs. Jones)—There is only one fault about that suit you bought for Johnny last week. He's already too big for it.

Mrs. Jones—That is a fault he will soon outgrow, my dear.—Detroit Tribune.

The Rest of Us Are More Fortunate.

"Is it not wonderful," said Mrs. Hardpounder, as she reluctantly left the remains of the piano, "that at the time he composed that wonderful symphony, Beethoven was stone deaf?" Chorus, in F minor—"Lucky man!"—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

He Was a Sleeper.

Miss Widgery—Come, Mr. Tollivant; you're delaying the game awfully.

Mr. Tollivant—Just a moment. (To himself.) I've got to get to change my improver maker. This one don't fit worth a guinea.—Judge.

On the "Pullman."

They | were bridegroom and bride,
We | And every one knew it;
They | carefully tried—
They | were bridegroom and bride—
We | Their relation to hide.
Our | So none would convince it.
They | were bridegroom and bride,
We | And every one knew it.
| nobody —Life

He'd Been There.

Bobby—Dodge never try to kill the bulls and bears on Wall street, papa?

Papa—Yes, they do kill them sometimes.

Bobby—With a gun?

Papa—No, they catch them in a trap and pinch them to death.—Burlington Free Press.

The Highest Homage.

"Every male child born in America," says a writer, "is entitled to the presidential chair of the United States." Is this all that the ambitious American youth may aspire to? What's the matter with his becoming a curve pitcher?—Chicago Herald.

The Usual Conditions.

Mamma—Bobby, I notice that your little sister took the smaller apple. Did you let her have it to spare her feelings?

Bobby—Yes; I told her she could have the little one or none, and she chose the little one.—Omaha World.

A Close Competition.

"My papa's got some new horses and a nice new brougham." "Well, my papa's going to buy a new yacht." "And my mamma's got a lovely new piano." "Well—well, my mamma's got a cook that has stayed two weeks."—Life.

Tel Tel

Spring Poet (handing a roll of paper to the editor)—There, sir; I think there's some stuff in that poem.

Editor (glancing at it)—There is indeed, my boy. It's all stuff. Good morning.—Troy Times.

Wanted a Change.

Waiter at club (embarrassed)—Really with your order, sah?

City Sportsman (back from a week's fishing)—Give me some fish; I'm tired to death of other things.—New York Weekly.

SUMMER TOPICS.

We never carry goods from one season to another, but rather sell them at a loss, and always have new goods to show, so that buyers will find many desirable bargains for the coming week in Summer goods of all kinds.

* * *

There are French Ginghams that cost the manufacturer 15c. Beautiful goods they are, and the price is only 12½; and for Buttons that sold early in the season for 20c and 25c our price now is 12 1-2c.

* * *

There are three special numbers in India Linen that were bought way below value: No. 1 at 15c, No. 2 at 18c, and No. 3 at 22c.

* * *

And then there is a line of extra-fine Field Balenoche at 15c per yard; the real value is 25c.

* * *

If you want a cool comfortable Corset for Summer-wear try the Zephyr. They are the best made, and extra-light weight. Price, 75c.

* * *

For the coming week we shall offer special bargains in full-width flouncing. We have cut the price on every piece of flouncing in the store, and if they are wanted come and see us.

* * *

We sell a genuine Mexican Grass Hammock, 14 feet long, at $1.15.

* * *

We are selling one of the best Window Screens made (fit any window); price only 27c.

* * *

You can find all qualities and all sizes in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Gauze Underwear. Ask to see our 25c Jersey Vest.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Wm A. Woodruff

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved Security.

Front street and Park avenue

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $3 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CARPETINGS.

W. & J. SLOANE

Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the

Spring Trade.

MOQUETTES, from $1.25 per yd. upward.
BODY BRUSSELS from 65c per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY from 50c per yd. upward.
INGRAINS, from 25c per yd. upward.
Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

FRENCH CHINA MATTING $2 per roll, 40 yards and upwards.

BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH ST

NEW YORK CITY.

NOTICE.

The books of the Overseers of the Poor, containing a list of the persons for sale, can be seen at the office of the undersigned, in Plainfield.

J. GALLERT BOEHM,
Overseer of Poor.

R. A. ROSS,

No. 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closet Saturdays.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near Depot Bridge, P. O. Box 1268. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,

Residence Front, P. O. Box 888.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & BURBARD,

Manufacturers of Sash and Blind stock, Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

28 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

TUNIS J. CAREY

81 WEST FRONT STREET,

All kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

Also, Furniture from other Mattresses and Sold at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

FOR

TIN WORK

PORTABLE and BRICKSET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

24 and 26 floors. Box 1269.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM.

Results as complete and costs and purifies the blood. MME. QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Peace. 15-19tf

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the Yeoman brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality at PRICES LOW. A full line of BROOMS, foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buchle

19 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTS and MOULDINGS

Brushes

AS USUAL

At ALLEN'S,

The Stationer,

You can find a large line

EASTER GOODS

in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc.

29 EAST FRONT STREET.

Terrill & Cole,

SUCCESSORS TO Ford & Hahn

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM

FITTERS.

PRACTICAL SANITARIANS.

No. 29 East Front street, Plainfield

H. H. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole

Telephone call 61.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND PIANOS MOVED

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 29 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

64 WEST FRONT ST., next to Post Office

JOS. SATTELE,

PIANO-MAKER,

Patent Sticker, re-pointing, action, and general repairing of pianos. Re-Covering, Lowest Prices. Build on 2 1-2 years' instalment plan. Do you want your Piano and Organ tuned or repaired? Give me a call. Do you wish a key re-bed? Call and see what I can offer. Jos. SATTELE Piano Maker, 23 East Front street.

$12 Photo Engravings or Water Supply, and 40 Page Catalogue Free. KALAMAZOO ENGRAVING CO., Kalamazoo, Michigan.

Window Screens

and

Door Screens

fitted complete in your house for 15c per square foot. At

30 SOMERSET STREET.

Special Sale.

Hats, Trunks, Shirts,

etc., at

U. B. CRANE'S, 19 Park ave.

Greatest bargains ever offered in this town.

Don't spoil your Feet with CHEAP SHOES! Wear the Burt & Packard "Korrect Shape."

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER

and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 26.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 69

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully given. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Opposite—Five-cent Savings Bank Hand Wood Work. P. O. Box 1244

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,

Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m.

E. R. VOORHEES, M. D.,

Has removed to 15 North avenue, Plainfield. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. REX,

Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 10 East Front street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 20 East Front street, Plainfield.

FRANCIS, SPRING PLANTS

Have removed to their new and commodious establishment, No. 34 West Front street. Main Landing's Intelligence office, same place.

JACKSON & COOPERTHWAITE,

Counselors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, etc. Office, Rooms 1 and 2, Court House, Plainfield, N. J.

CLARK & MARSH,

Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc. Office, Second National Bank Building.

CHARLES A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public, etc. Office, Second National Bank Building.

J. A. LEFEVRE,

Counselor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, etc. Office, No. 1 Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES E. PUTMAN,

Counselor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, etc. Office, No. 1 Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

BENJ. F. MOORE

Late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and Dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.,

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

NOW OPEN

at

24 North Avenue,

NEW FANCY CAKE BAKERY.

Fresh and American

ICE CREAM and WATER ICES

Catering in all its branches.

W. J. Stephenson.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Hats. Recommended by Burt & Telford and Adam, Merrill & Conklin.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.05, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48 a. m., 12.48, 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m. Sundays, 12.48 a. m., 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m.

Leave New York at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sundays, 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.05, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 a. m., 12.48, 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m. Sundays, 12.48 a. m., 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m.

Leave Newark at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sundays, 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 8.05, 9.48, 10.48 a. m., 12.48, 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m. Sundays, 12.48 a. m., 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sundays, 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.00 a. m., 12.05 p. m. Sundays, 11.59 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Bound Brook, Somerville, Allentown, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilmington and Bound Brook, 5.10, 8.00 a. m., 12.05 p. m. Sundays, 11.59 p. m.

For Bethlehem, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge, Lewiston, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Erie

WOMAN AND HOME.

IS THERE ANY WAY BY WHICH THIN WOMEN CAN BECOME FLESHY?

Woman's Intellectual Opportunities Limited—Living Love and Duty—What Constitutes a Perfect Woman?—Advice of Value to Mothers and Housekeepers.

At least one woman in this city who is lean had would be fat is trying the starch treatment. She knows a woman who fell a victim to one of those crazes of the palate that sometimes effect otherwise sane people, and who almost lived on starch for two or three months. She ate a pound a day, and carried it always with her, munching it on the sly if she thought people were not looking. During her morbid freak cushions of adipose tissue spread themselves over her anatomy, and rounded out her formerly angular figure in a way that excited the envy of all her thin friends.

So this young woman, being very tall and very thin, is heroically doing her best to live on starch. But the nauseating stuff has aroused in her inner economy so violent a repulsion that she is about to give up the attempt in despair. She has been trying it for three weeks, and has not yet gained a pound.

A press reporter talked with a physician of excellent standing about the matter, but was able to extract from his copious small comfort for lean women and faint hope for their progress in avoirdupois.

"Doctor, can a lean woman make herself plump by paying proper attention to her diet and her mode of living?"

"It may be possible sometimes for a thin woman to add something to her weight, but there are many women who could not be made stout, or even plump, by any treatment whatever.

"They are too nervously constituted. It is rarely a matter of nerves than it is of diet. If a woman wants to put on flesh she must first get her nervous system into a perfectly sound and healthy state. Even after this she may not find it possible to add to her weight if she is by nature highly nervous."

"Supposing her nerves do not stand in the way and are in a proper condition, what then?"

"She must have plenty of fresh air to give her a normal appetite and make her relish her food. Pure air is just as necessary as good food. Well intentioned people make an add once in a while about the pies and pickles that school girls and shop girls and other women who are much confined indoors are given to lunching on. But it is of no use. Their vitiated tastes are the result of vitiated air. Give them good ventilation and they will have normal appetites. They will crave bread and butter instead of pickles and cakes.

"And if women want to grow plump they must breathe pure air and plenty of it as a prerequisite to a good, healthy appetite. Then they must have outdoor exercise to tone up their systems, give them good digestions and keep all their organs in fine condition. The exercise must be such as will invigorate rather than debilitate.

"And after all this, what about their diet? Does it their food have an important effect upon their weight?"

"Each woman will have to suit her diet to her own particular case. Temperaments vary so much that it is impossible to lay down an unvarying rule. What would be the height of folly for one woman might not have the slightest effect upon another. A diet that is varied, palatable and nutritious is the best.

"In addition there are certain kinds of food, such as bread, potatoes, rice and other starchy articles, that are most apt to produce fleshy."

"Oh, possibly there are people who can be fattened, just as hogs are, by being shut up and fed on one kind of food. Yes, I suppose there are women who would put on flesh if they were to eat plentifully of the kind of food you mentioned and sit lastly about the house without taking any exercise. But such a course would make most women either bilious or dyspeptic, and there are precious few whom it wouldn't make stupid. The kind of flesh that is put on in that way, though, is not healthy flesh, and no sensible woman would wish to have it. For it means simply that a part of the natural process has been stopped, that a good portion of the food, instead of going on to make good rich blood, sound muscles and healthy nerves, has stopped on its way and been turned into fat. That is why delicate, sensitive women frequently look stout. Their apparent flesh, which is only fat, is really disease."—New York Press.

Woman's Scant Opportunities.

When we consider that of the 11,877,949 pupils in the schools of British India in 1877-8 less than 400,000 were girls, we have a fact which makes it seem as if the planet, whose sex is feminine, were the most unfit to be habitable for women. Then we must take further into view that in the presidency of Bombay the prime minister used to do the serving up of the food, and that the Hindoos have such passages as the following: "If the husband of a virtuous woman is angry or goat to her she must not speak to him in return, or if he should abuse her, should behave cruelly, should be deaf, hot-tempered, or unruly and vicious, a husband, or impudent, or addicted to women, or spend his time in drinking, she must bow down before him and with meek speech and patience. The wife who gives an angry answer to her husband will become a village parish dog; she will also become a female jackal, and live in an uninhabited desert. The woman who speaks disrespectfully to her husband will be dumb in the next incarnation. The woman who never her husband, if a gratification to come from birth to birth a murderer living in orders and filth."

We must remember that the marriages for which girls are provided are usually child marriages, made without the consent of the bride, we must remember that these prize books are distributed at the expense of the British government—and how vast is the abyss of ignorance and degradation in which these things show women as plunged! But that abyss was covered by the vast mass of the human race, and the teeming millions of China, Africa and Oceanica will show nothing much better.

The moral is that any intellectual opportunities given to woman, even in the most enlightened countries, are but exceptional and recent things. She enters every competition burdened with the record of her own cowardice and repression of her sex. The contest is with which she has to contend are not merely the obvious ones, but subtler ones. They are the persistent weight of a cosmic tradition behind them.—T. W. H. in Harper's Bazar.

Duties Element of Human Life.

The subject of the supreme and imperious love of woman and motherhood should not be touched with reverence. I yield to no one in appreciation of this, which, in its proper fulfillment, appears to me to be the one divine element of human life. It is by me the positive power of God, passing by direct inheritance to his children and everlasting in new generations of souls, thrown off from the parent stock in the manner as new systems and series of worlds are made to people space by the operation of the divine hand. Yet, as God himself works through established law, so I believe love the divinest feels its divinity when it is divorced from these sense of duty and obligation which God has made equally with love the foundation of the human heart.

It is the blame in its fullness and perfection which meets the needs of the immortal soul, not the isolated and, in the end, debasing joys of a passion which centers in itself. A great deal is said in these days about the fear of marrying for a home, but no little faith have I in a love that is not linked with duty, no abiding a sense of security in God's holy law and ordinances. That given a brother or marriageable age

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE FRIENDS OF A FREE PEOPLE ARE SURE TO BE PREJUDICIAL TO LIBERTY.—Washington.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 179; days to come, 186.

—If the weather to-morrow proves stormy the tennis tournament will be postponed until Monday.

—Ladies, if you wish a nice cool white dress for the Fourth of July, call at the Bee Hive. Mr. Callman says that he has a fine assortment at prices to suit everybody.

—The Kings' Daughters will hold a fair in aid of the Fresh Air Fund at No. 32 East Fifth street Saturday afternoon. The object is a most worthy one and deserves hearty patronage.

—A fair is being held this afternoon at the corner of Craig place and Somerset street for the benefit of the Fresh Air Fund. Another will be given at No. 32 East Fifth street Saturday afternoon.

—The nine unfinished brick dwellings situated at the corner of Grove street and Front-pleasant place are to be sold, with adjoining property, to-morrow afternoon, as advertised by the auctioneer. The location of the estate and its many conveniences as a building bargain will probably invite a large attendance of bidders.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Jack Frost, of Broadway, to-day left town to attempt the Yale entrance examinations.

Mrs. Clifton, of the corner of Madison avenue and Second street, will spend the Summer at Baton Rouge.

Mr. J. D. Spicer, of West Fifth street, took his invalid daughter in a special car to Ocean Beach yesterday.

Miss Emma Hudson, of Somerset street, North Plainfield, started to-day for Asbury Park. She will be gone two weeks.

Mr. Frank D. Randolph, of Madison avenue, is home for the Summer vacation from the Bethlehem, Pa., School for Civil Engineering.

Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Marchy, of New street, left Plainfield yesterday for Philadelphia for two weeks, when they will go to Buffalo for the Summer.

Mrs. Horace Kimball, President of the Children's Home, is spending a short vacation in search of rest at the Seaview House, Harwichport, Mass.

Messrs Edward Nelson, Geo. D. Rockfellow and Albertus Swaim spent yesterday at Lake Hopatcong. There had been a severe thunder-storm the day before, and the fish had retired into deep waters which the angelers' lines could not fathom.

Miss Emma West, a High School graduate of '88 who for the past year has been taking an extra course of studies in languages preparatory to entering Wellesley College, passed her examination successfully and in a few days will return to her home in Haverstraw-on-the-Hudson. She will not enter Wellesley the coming Fall. She has many friends in Plainfield who wish her all success in the future.

The pall-bearers at the funeral of the late Herbert W. Peck Wednesday afternoon were Messrs. Nell Bristol, Mortimer Day, Tieman Horn, Frank Newman, Louis Walz and John Goodrich. The ushers were Messrs. Dendel Adams, Frank Clawson, Frank Martin and Clarence Murphy, of Plainfield, and Messrs. Allen and Seybert, of New York city. The casket containing the remains of the deceased was covered with a profusion of flowers, and a carriage preceding the hearse was also filled with floral tributes.

The officers of the newly-constituted Trinity Commandery, Knights Templar, have been chosen as follows: Commander, Wm. H. Sebring; C. G., C. L. Goddard; Prelate, W. L. Gawett; S. W., F. O. Herring; J. W., B. F. Coriell; Treasurer, O. T. Waring; Recorder, T. A. Rogers; Standard Bearer, Jay Quigley; Sword Bearer, J. B. Probasco; Warden, John Chandler; Organist, E. Woltmann; Third Guard, J. G. Miller; Second Guard, C. H. Rapp; First Guard, Asa Collier; Sentinel, I. D. Tompkins.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Peck have received many letters of condolence at the death of their only son, the late Herbert W. Peck, and feel deeply grateful to the many friends who have tried expressions of sympathy in their hour of bereavement. At a recent communication of Anchor Lodge Mr. Peck's Masonic brethren adopted a resolution testifying to their profound sorrow at the decease at the untimely death which had brought a desolate home and crushed the fondest hopes of life. Messrs. W. Garwood, F. S. Rogers and R. C. Johnson constituted the Committee, by whom the testimonial is signed. The paper bears also the names of F. S. Rogers, Secretary, and C. M. Goddard, Worthy Master.

All the Ministers to be There.

The dedication jubilee at the new First Presbyterian church last evening will be presided over by the Rev. Wm. R. Richards. The programme will be as follows:

Organ Voluntary.
Te Deum—Crane.....Choir.
Invocation.
Hymn No. 651.
Scripture Lesson.
Prayer.
Addresses.....Rev. D. J. Yerbe, D. D., Rev. E. M. Bodman.
"Chivary"—Rodney.....Choir.
Addresses.....Rev. Corydon Scholes, Asa B. Pike, Charles L. Goodrich.
Hymn No. 651.
Addresses.....Rev. Wm. C. W. McCracken, W. D. Murray.
Collection.
"In Humble Faith and Holy Love"—S. M. Garrett.....Choir.
Hymn No. 651.
Doxology.
Benediction.

Tennis Tournament To-morrow.

All lovers of tennis and all interested in the Y. M. C. A. building project are urged to show by their attendance at to-morrow's tennis tournament their appreciation of the efforts of the Y. M. C. T. U. in seeking to sell a considerable amount at the building fund of the Association. The tournament will be held on the grounds of the Tennis Lawn Club, at the corner of Central avenue and Eighth street, to-morrow at 2 p. m. Admission, 25 cents.

A CLASS OF THIRTEEN.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES STEP OUT INTO THE WORLD.

An Ardent Plea for the Superposition of Public School Antiquities. — Christianism Distinctly Improved Over Pagan Educational Institutions. — A Living Example of the Mentors of Liberty.—The Freed Negro's Advancement.

A baker's dozen of young people last night received diplomas testifying to their satisfactory completion of the course of study prescribed for expectant graduates of the Plainfield High School, and thirteen were added to the honorable roll of alumni.

Stillman' Music Hall, where the exercises were held, was thronged with people. The stage was occupied by the graduates, of whom the female members were dressed in white, and by Miss Julia E. Bulkley, Principal, the Hon. Jacob Kirkner, President, Judge Louis F. Wadsworth, the Rev. C. L. Goodrich and Mr. F. X. Schoonmaker.

The names of the graduates and their essays are as follows:

MOTTO:—"LIVE UP TO THE BEST THAT IS IN YOU".

"Carcassonne"...Charlotte Marshall Beekman
"A Heroine"...Anne Louise Bloomer
"Fenimore Cooper"...Mary Emma Brush
"Pen Pictures from Milton"...Mary Malvina Price
"Gypsies"...Emma Frances Gillem
"Fanaticism"...Alfred Edward Holmes
"Uses of History"...Seven Characteristics
"The American Negro"...Maud E. Mitchell
"Mountains"...Lyle Wellington Moorehouse
"Literary Associations"...Louie B. Rogers
Undecided Coborn
"Love of Country"...Alice Mary Quinn
"Whist"...Louie B. Rogers
"Education for the Home"...Leora D. Wessel

In order to abbreviate the exercises only nine of the graduates' papers were read. The first was "Whist", by Louie B. Runyon, who advised the selection of the game for its usefulness rather than that of ease and luxury. Wasted opportunity would result in blight and disaster. It was far better to develop manhood and win the assurance of duty done.

To "The Uses of History" Teresa Genevieve Keenan attributed much of the advancement and refinement of the nineteenth century. By history the best customs and manners, with the arts and sciences, have been preserved. Our principles of common law are founded on the old Roman law. Our ideas of forming States were handed down to us by the Romans. Literary men and artists, old masters and sculptors by history have been made prolific of ennobling works. Sacred history was constant food for authors and poets.

"Mountains" afforded Lyle Wellington Moorehouse abundant opportunity for delightful word-pleasantry. The audience went journeying with him for rare pleasure, rest and recuperation, fishing, hunting and rambling amid the heights, drinking from cold springs or dashing rivulets. Mountains were useful in their stores of coal and iron, silver and gold. The smoke ascending amid their summits gave precious supply of water. In literature they were elevating, inspiring, ennobling, and to their fastnesses the great Patriots of all men used to repair in moments of weariness, perplexity or temptation. The mountains and liberty became synonymous with hardiness, courage, independence and love of liberty.

In "Gypsies" Emma Frances Gillem found much of romance and mystery to delight. Our own personal knowledge of them was unfavorable, but they had their good features as well as bad, and their origin and many positions were of weird and wonderful beauty.

"Fanaticism", treated by Alfred Edward Holmes, was an able essay; and its delivery, in a rich, powerful voice, made it a genuine oration. Of fanaticism practical common-sense was a deadly enemy.

"Whist", by Mary Emma Brush, dealt of the importance of the little things of life. Many a great discovery hinged on such a small occurrence as the falling of an apple or the swinging of a pendulum. A kind word or a gentle action was not much in itself, but its results were incalculable. Illness could not halt continuously for plants, animals and men, and a trifling kindly deed had affected John Gough's reformation.

"A Heroine" chosen by Anna Louise Bloomer in preference to all women was the ideal loving, beautiful, womanly princess of lowly soul, unostentatiously industrious, faithful, rather than the heroine of battles. Such women as these ennobled every day the grand philanthropies of the present hour.

"The American Negro", by Maud E. Mitchell, a daughter of the Rev. J. W. Mitchell, pastor of the St. Olive Baptist church, was a commendable, unbiased treatment of her own race. Two centuries and a half of serfdom held aloft the negro lower than if he had remained in his original heathendom. The immorality of the lower classes of the American negro was greatly due to the example of his white oppressors. He had been freed from a merciless bondage and had been made a citizen totally unqualified to accept the responsibilities involved. He was ignorant of the beliefs and of all forms of government. The wonder was that his moral and religious views were not worse. It was gradually came to know that the mental superiority of the Caucasian was owing to intellectual ability, and he came to seek for that power. The enemies of the negro had proposed that he would prove indifferent to himself and incapable of liberty. He had himself had shown the falsity of this claim by showing that he was capable of larger things, was desirous of remaining obedient to the law, was capable of statesmanship, was sincere and loyal to his country. Millions of dollars have been spent for the education and spiritual welfare, and the good results were everywhere apparent. Schools for negroes all over the country were turning out teachers, lawyers, physicians and ministers who gave great promise. The possibilities were limitless, as witness Frederick Douglass, Bishop Payne and Toussaint L'Ouverture. Let the negro be given a fair chance. In the decades that "liberty is the soul of will" and evident. His declamation, though short, was filled with bright thoughts and good common-sense ideas. He was heartily applauded. Next came a recitation, "Ben Hamed's Vision", by Miss Bertha M. Bonham. Both the recitation and the delivery were very good, and the young lady's efforts were greatly applauded. Miss Alice A. Cornell read an essay on "Whist", which was full of sound, practical advice. She advised the variety of music, from the grandest of Beethoven to the simplest of Sankey, to the end that the mind might not become wearied. Music was not only a recreation, but it was a study. Theodore Thomas had said that the study of the piano was the best mental gymnasium for young ladies. Miss Cornell's essay was full of good sense, and was well received. "Anchored" was the subject which came a recitation by Miss Ella H. Osborne, and was followed by Miss Lillian D. Garretson's essay on "Whist". Then came a recitation by Miss Florence L. Kyte, entitled "Cassabianca". Miss Kyte's delivery was good, and was applauded. Miss Florence E. Mills read a paper on "Our Critics". Miss Mills' delivery was good, and her essay was full of sound sense. Miss Mary E. Cory followed with a recitation, entitled "Dot". A song entitled "Our Class" was sung by the school. Then Miss Genevieve Crane read a very pretty story about a "Little Midshipmite". Miss Crane's delivery was good, and her story was full of interest. Miss Eleanor T. Harrison next gave a pathetic recitation entitled "Legend of St. Christopher". The recitation had its trials and hardships of the first Quakers. Walter F. Place then read an essay on "Whist", which was full of sound advice on the "Game". The school then sang a very stirring song, "The Little Midshipmite". Miss Mary E. Wells followed with a recitation, entitled "Legend of St. Christopher", and Miss May Thompson delivered an essay on "Among the Hills". Then came a song by a class of boys, singing "My Home is in the Highlands".

Part Second was begun by Phillip B. Wells with a selection from Kennedy's Fable for Critics. Miss Minnie M. Arnold followed with a recitation, entitled "Dot". A song entitled "Class Day" by the school was next. Little Miss Gertie Crane then told in a pretty childish way a new fairy story about "Little Red Riding Hood". The recitation delivered was well rendered. Miss Eleanor T. Harrison next gave a pathetic recitation entitled "Legend of St. Christopher", and Miss Mary Thompson delivered an essay on "Among the Hills". Miss Mary E. Wells, Phillip B. Wells, Linda Shepard, Bertha K. Denham, Augusta Wheeler, Ella M. Lewis, Frances A. Cory, Mary E. Wells, Phillip B. Wells, Lambert Bodine, Louise H. Lotsmann, Eleanor Dunnell Morrison, Margaret Shepherd, Ella W. Garretson.

The only disagreeable feature of the evening were the inappropriate and utterly uncalled for efforts of a number of persons in and around the doors and windows practically spoiling to those in the rear of the building the evening's enjoyment. The exercises were otherwise an entire success, the singing especially being worthy of praise.

The class leaders for the year were as follows:

FIRST RANK.

Maggie R. Cory, Eleanor T. Harrison, Marion B. Nevius.

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TEN HAPPY GRADUATES.

Westfield's High School Class Commencement.

WESTFIELD, N. J., June 28th.—The annual commencement of the Westfield High School was held in Arcanum Hall last evening. The salutatory was delivered by Carrie Harding Beebe, and the valedictory by Edwin Alexander Long. Music was furnished by Schoenacker's band. The diplomas were presented by R. L. Embree, President of the Board of Education, and the address to the graduates was delivered by Chauncey B. Ripley, LL. D. Those completing the course were as follows:

Carrie Harding Beebe, Helen Tift Beebe, Francis Eleanor Sansom, Lizzie Sanford, Anna Stiff Dewsnap, Edith Dorothea Clark, Jessie May Crouch, Sarah O. Doud, Chas. Edward Hathaway, Edwin Alexander Francis.

MOTTO—"PALMA NON SINE PULVERE".

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Sacred Part Song.....
Salutatory.....Miss Florence L. Kyte.
Essay.....Miss Eleanor Eugenia Sansom.
Essay.....Miss Carrie Harding Beebe.
Recitation.....
Essay.....Miss Edith Miller Clark.
Piano.....
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Essay.....Miss Helen Tift Beebe.
Chorus.....
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Valedictory.....
Song and Chorus.....
Presentation of Diplomas.....
Address to the Graduates.....
Class Song.....
Benediction.

Honorable Mention:

Florence L. Kyte.

FOR LANGUAGES.

[Offered by Mr. Ernest R. Ackerman.]

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Greek.....Edward C. Faris

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The graduates were then presented with their diplomas and were addressed by the Rev. C. L. Goodrich, who congratulated them on possessing that quality of character that chooses a good end and works on patiently and persistently until it has won. He hoped that though this accomplished purpose should drop out of their lives all purpose would not, as purposeless lives were worthless. They should choose other good purposes and objects. Purposeful lives were rich and full and sweet and strong. Differences in energy, not in talent, made the differences in people. Each should grasp a high, noble purpose, and pray that it so near to its heart that the mighty throbbings might be heard within.

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Louie N. Wood.

Mr. Kirkner addressed them briefly. They were of the Class of '89, and had been undergoing three years' training to become teachers. Now they were so well-equipped that they had been given an appointment in the primary class, where the best foundation-work was required.

At the close of the commencement exercises a reception was held in Assembly Hall, which was very prettily decorated and which presented an animated scene until an early morning hour.

DIPLOMAS FOR TWENTY-FIVE.

A Successful Commencement in the Bowling School.

The commencement exercises of the North Plainfield Public School were held in Warren Mission and last evening. The place was crowded to the doors, even the aisles being filled by friends and relatives of the pupils. The stage itself was occupied by the school children, the graduates, twenty-five in number, in the front on the left, and the President of the Board of Education, Dr. E. K. Corbin, on the right, with Misses George P. Byers, James Mellus and the principal of the school, Mr. C. E. Bose.

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AT WAR WITH THE POPE

A NEW JERSEY PLAN TO ABOLISH PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.

A Proposition to Amend the State Constitution So That the Head of the Roman Church Shall Be To American's Mare mundi.—An Appeal to Yankee "Manifest Opponent".

Upon war against the parochial school operations of the Roman Catholic church as they at present are practiced in this country has at last been declared by the public school system of the United States, and the preliminary skirmish comes last night in a surprise sortie by Mr. F. X. Schoonmaker at the graduating exercises of the Plainfield High School.

Mr. Schoonmaker, who was the orator of the occasion, had chosen for his theme the power of education, and was permitted to speak seated in a chair at the front of the stage.

In introducing him the Hon. Jacob Kirkner remarked that besides being fully satisfied that they had the best schools in the State the people of Plainfield would probably be glad to know Mr. Schoonmaker had graduated, that they had also the best member of the State Board of Education.

Opening with the statement that later in the evening he had to speak of a most important snub in the interests of the public school system, the speaker, a native citizen of Connecticut, Mr. Schoonmaker went on to show the immeasurable benefits that the public school system of the United States had brought to the people.

It was a centennial year—he said—with the Republic; and it was natural to be the fashion to decry modern times. The present, however, was an almost infinite improvement over even the recent past.

When he was a boy it would have been impossible to collect such an audience as this in any public interest or to produce in a single town so many specimens of such talent as appeared as graduates to-night. When he was a boy there was no such elocution, such oratory, such sound sentiment well uttered, among the younger generation. The schoolboys used to be taught a mechanical method of expression, so that if you forgot a phrase or two and remembered every stick-like gesture he found himself, at the end of his speech, a sentence short and a gesture long. When he was a boy the school teacher was a pedagogue by accident, and though he had some knowledge over and above that of others he had no developed skill in the art of teaching. Now perfection in educational methods reigned, and nowhere was it more supreme than in the city of Plainfield.

These old times better than the present? Pshaw! The progress during the interval was incalculable. When he was a boy there was only one silk dress in the family, and now silk had become so cheap that women no longer wear it because their servants can afford it. When he was a boy the shoemaker was an itinerant who boarded around in the homes while he shod the family. Shoes were so dear that frequently the children's feet were incased in wood. He had a sister who was a beautiful girl, though the audience looking at her might not believe it, she had been so distinguished by the proud possession of a pair of calfskin shoes with pegged soles that opened like the mouth of a shark when exposed to the action of water that she would walk four miles to church barefoot, the shoes in her hand, that she might get them fresh, bright and clean at the meeting-house threshold and wear them squeaking up the aisle. When he was a boy there was only one watch in the family. It was his father's. Its title was "bull's eye" or "turnip", which vegetable it resembled in size. To wind it was never to let go to use a mammoth key which was always getting lost and whose mouth had constantly to be cleaned of dust and dirt, and having wound it the only way he had of ascertaining how nearly correct was its time was by consulting the town clock as he went to school or to the village next week. The only hope the boy had of obtaining this encumbrance was by inheriting it, as watches were dear and scarce; but with the ensuing vast improvements in mechanics and wealth every boy developed a fondness for watches, and good watch better than his father ever dreamed of having. When he was a boy there was only one bromidrath cost in the village, but now—such had been the advancement, and improvement in the condition of the people—the town at which he was born had two, and better than did the leading citizens of former days.

Yes: the times were infinitely better. It was easier to be good when well clothed and well provided for. The policy of the American government had been to improve the material condition of our people, and their morals had been improved accordingly.

Something had occurred here to-night which drove home with irresistible force the claim that more to-day were not only better but better than formerly.

What boy was a boy he had been taught the rudiments than just fled and not persuaded America to be discovered? until each should have come to govern man for man, and mankind should be so enlightened as to make liberty perfect throughout the new order of things. The third century of the Republic handed on its inheritance, however, the people of the South flocked in holiday attire to see a woman offered for sale at public auction. To be sure, she was black, but God made her so, and he probably had lost as good a reason for doing it as he had for making one white. Yet the people of all the Christian nations allowed on their colonies "In God we trust" the inhuman traffic of a race whose heartstrings were as finely-spun as were our own were on. The eloquent girl who had just sung "Home, Sweet Home" was a living witness of the fact that this age had progressed so far above their predecessors that the present generation had righted the wrong, though at a cost of eleven millions of lives and four thousand millions of dollars, costing possibly far too much regard on the greatest scale for future commercial commerce.

Plainfield was a peculiar town. She had invented a gospel-car as a locomotive, and in other industries, and never had he seen so many people of the better class gathered together in such an area. Every had he seen the love of home more strongly developed; never more beautiful homes; nowhere else such a high appreciation of education. The public school system here was perfect, but of late there had been started a school (and here came a profound sensation) started avowedly in opposition. Already it had taken away several scores of children. It and its teachers employed were a menace to the public school system of the country and to the government of the nation. That it was determined to carry out the scheme was evidenced by the experience of Dr. McGlynn, who had been deposed from the head of a church containing 30,000 souls because he had refused to double-tax his parishioners by establishing a parochial which they should be compelled to support. His plea was that his people were poor, that the public schools were good and were conducted by professional educators, whose character had been developed to such an extent that their superiors could not be produced.

The State had no right to notice religion except to approve of it. The State wishes its people to be good and hence is prone to encourage all religion. This, however, was not a question of religion. The visible head of the Church of England was Queen Victoria, and if the Episcopal church in America were to ally herself to the Church of England and were to establish schools teaching that Queen Victoria was the power to which the people of the country owed allegiance the sense of the American rebellion would arise and annihilate it. Yet England had kinship to America, while Italy had not. The Papacy was the temporal power of the Roman Catholic church and of those parochial schools, and no one of the pupils were taught to bow to a foreign monarch so long had the State a right to interfere and to protect itself against the foreign invasion conflicting with the Constitution, the government and the rights of the American people. No power in the United States had a right to teach others to bestow temporal allegiance to any power but that of the United States, and it was time for our government to assert itself.

For the State Board of Education he had a proposal to make. It was now made public for the first time, and in Plainfield because it was originally a Plainfield idea.

A great many of the Roman Catholic priesthood themselves objected to the establishing of parochial Schools, yet they had to establish them because commanded to. They had taken a vow of obedience to the decrees of the church and were obliged to do what they were told so long as it was not illegal. If the maintenance of parochial schools were made illegal they would not be illegal. He, therefore, proposed to ask the State Board proposed to ask the New Jersey Legislature to submit to the people for their adoption an amendment to the Constitution forbidding the establishing of any school or system of schools that should take away from the public schools any of their pupils by any law compulsion or personal preferment would otherwise attend the public schools.

No public schools in any place could succeed as well as Plainfield's to-night, and he wanted the people of the city to give earnest and thoughtful consideration to this plan for forbidding the establishment of schools apart from the public schools and for the abolishing of all institutions whose object is to destroy the idea of the unity of the people. He did so well to-night are with their school-mates being taught wrong tenets and are loyal to a government alien to the Pope at Rome.

Mr. Schoonmaker was throughout at the height of his eloquence. The solemn silence which his words commanded reminded unbroken until the end, when he was given long-continued applause.

Special Notices.

THE MEMBERS of Elijah Lodge, No. 1, United Order of Independent Odd Ladies, attend their service thanks to the Plainfield Reform Club for the generous use of Reform Hall and to all others who assisted in making their recent entertainment for the benefit of the Johnstown sufferers a success. The entertainment netted $26.40. Mrs. J. C. DRAKE, Sec. *

PUBLIC SALE of REAL ESTATE

at PLAINFIELD, N. J., on the premises

Saturday, June 29th, at 5 p. m.

The valuable property situated corner of Grove street and Front-pleasant place, fronting on a large plot or plots of land with a dwelling with 16 rooms, with barn, also 2 unfinished dwellings on North Plainfield, at the entrance of Washington Park, within ten minutes' walk of the depot. Also block from Park avenue, fronting on Grove street and Front-pleasant place.

This property comprises over three acres, and is level as to lots, but will be offered for sale as a whole or in plots, as described on the map, affording an opportunity for a profitable investment or a great prospective value. Conditions of sale made known by WOOD, ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers. Information apply to A. D. HOPE, 121 Liberty street, New York.

Plainfield Council's Officers.

At a regular meeting of Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., held on state road last evening, the following officers were elected:

Councillor—Julius H. Smith.
Vice-Councillor—David S. Donovan.
Recording Secretary—Samuel Martin.
Assistant Recording Secretary—Chas. Green.
Financial Secretary—Charles F. Stephens.
Conductor—Gilbert S. Martin.
Warden—Horace D. Smith.
Inside Sentinel—John Buckman.
Outside Sentinel—William A. Wilson.
Treasurer—Bowers Bloomer.

A Mad Dog Runs A-Muck.

A mad dog ran through North Road school, Elizabeth, yesterday, and bit several school dogs and a cow, creating a panic among the people on the street. The dog fell down exhausted and died at the end of his run.

Grub-Work Column.

BOY twelve years of age wants work at 40 Manning street. 29-1

CELERY AND WINTER cabbage-plants at Dailey's Hillside avenue nursery. 29-2

FOR SALE—A good Buckeye mowing machine. Cost $85. Will be sold cheap. 29-2

FOR SALE—A bay horse. Apply to D. Herriger, No. 35 Somerset street. 29-2

FOR SALE—100 loads of manure. P. O. Box 699, Plainfield.

ROOMS TO LET at No. 7 Washington street, to a small family without children. Apply to Mrs. A. D. Moore, No. 90 East Front street. Reference required. 29-2

TO LET—Five pleasant rooms, to small family. Rent, $9. Inquire 20 East Second street. 29-2

TO LET—A nice 7-room cottage on Liberty street. Only three minutes' walk from post-office. Rent reasonable, possession given at once. Apply to Frank Miller, side shade, fruit, etc. Inquire on the premises, No. 36 Liberty street. This is an unusual chance, and the first comer gets the house. 29-2

WANTED—Useful man about store and stable; also single man for one of gentleman's place. 41 West Front street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 49 East Fifth street. *

WOMAN'S EXCHANGE will be opened to-morrow at 61 Park avenue. Fresh home-made cake, bread, rusk, etc.

WEDNESDAY,

JULY 3d.,

WILL BE THE LAST DAY OF

DR. E. KIMBELL,

THE CELEBRATED

CHIROPODIST,

IN PLAINFIELD.

AT THE CITY HOTEL HE IS HOURLY RECEIVING CALLS FROM THE ELITE OF THE CITY, AND IN EVERY CASE GIVES UNBOUNDED SATISFACTION.

People who desire the services of a skillful CHIROPODIST would better improve the opportunity and call at once, as his stay in Plainfield is limited.

Every form of disease of the feet is cured by him. Hours, 9 a. m. till 6 p. m.

Surrounds will be in waiting to conduct ladies and gentlemen to the Doctor's parlors at the CITY HOTEL, Plainfield, for A FEW DAYS LONGER.

MOLES AND WARTS OF THE FACE, NECK OR ANY PART OF THE BODY ARE REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN, AND WITHOUT CUTTING.

During the past six years Dr. Kimbell has treated 15,000 persons, ladies and gentlemen.

From many thousand testimonials in Dr. Kimbell's possession, he begs to submit the following Plainfield testimonials:

I, Jno. B. Probasco, M. D., have had personal experience with DR. KIMBELL'S skill in chiropody, and cheerfully recommend him to the citizens.

J. B. PROBASCO, M. D.,
61 East Front street.

From J. T. Fithian, No. 1 was pleasure recommend Dr. KIMBELL as a skillful Chiropodist.
J. T. FITHIAN, Jr.
Park avenue.

To whom it may concern: DR. KIMBELL has successfully removed two moles from my face.
Mrs. E. TEN BROOK.
Plainfield, May 28.

Dr. Kimbell's remedy for bad odor and excessive perspiration of the feet and armpits cures the worst cases in ten days. Try it.

All bad cases solicited.

"VACATION ARTICLES, CHEAP!"

FOR Men, Women and Children. Those who are preparing for "Vacation" and need anything of DRESS or TOILET will save time and trouble by a visit to our large and varied assortment.

SPECIAL LOT No 39, pure silk moire tail fancy-edge Ribbons in a full line of colors, at the worth 35c. " " "

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND REPORTER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 420 PARK AVENUE, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

BY W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TWO CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $1.00 PER YEAR.

The finest school library building in America will be that at Cornell university. Work has already been begun on it. The library was the original idea of Mrs. Jennie McGraw Fiske. Her plans will be completed by Mr. Henry W. Sage, of Ithaca.

How to Walk.

Women, bless them! are going in for gymnastics and athletic development with might and main. It is the best thing they can do, if they will only keep it up. There are certain sets of physical exercises which, if persevered in, will in a year or two transform a bad figure into a good, strong and graceful one unstringly. A female acrobat says this can be done, no matter how old the person is.

Of course there is no exercise like that taken in the open air. Of open air exercise nothing is better than simple walking—walking in the country upon the soft earth. Delsarte says that no woman knows how to walk. Following are his directions for doing the act properly. They are contained in an admirable little book called "Society Gymnastics," prepared by Genevieve Stebbins:

Stand erect, feet together, abdomen in, chest up and shoulders down. Advance the thigh, letting the leg from the knee hang loosely. Straighten the leg and plant the ball of the foot upon the ground in advance, with the toe turned out.

In walking, the forward motion should be made from the hip joint, not from the knee. Disregarding this direction most women, and men, too, move only the knee joint, and simply wabble, instead of walk. It is this false motion, walking from the knee instead of from the hip joint, that makes men's trousers baggy and untidy at the knees.

The direction to hold the chest upward and breathe deeply will in time correct hollow chest, round shoulders and too prominent stomach. Simply press the chest upward and forward and hold it so persistently, standing, walking or sitting.

All the desired good effects will follow—full chest, flat back, erect and dignified bearing. Miss Stebbins tells us that Delsarte divided the human body, torso, as artists call it, into zones. The chest portion of the torso represents the *nobler attributes and emotions of humanity*, while the body below the waist represents the animal propensities. According, therefore, as one's chest or stomach is more prominent in front of him when he walks, so would Delsarte decide that he was governed by his mental and moral attributes or by his physical nature.

The kick and forth upon tip toe is an excellent exercise for strengthening the strong muscles that do the walking. This may be done ten or a dozen times on rising in the morning.

The best time to walk is now early in the morning, very early. It is to be hoped that in another generation we shall have rotated back to the good habit of stepping in darkness and rising at daylight. It even now promises to become fashionable. A woman who begins gently and progresses gradually will soon be able to do three-seven miles at a stretch without fatigue. But she should dress very lightly, and leave all her limbs free for a full, elastic, swinging motion.

There are many sets of exercises laid down in "Society Gymnastics" adapted to freeing all the muscles of the body. The fault with most of our present gymnastic systems is that they cultivate strength regardless of grace and beauty. This fault Delsarte corrected, holding that for those who perfectly train the muscles gracefulness is no less to be regarded than strength.

Australian Ballot System.

At the foundation of ballot reform laws in most of the states where such bills have been under consideration is the Australian voting system. It has already been adopted in two states of the Union, and is being considered in others. The chief feature of this system is the secrecy the voter is able to maintain with regard to candidates who are his choice.

In the Australian method tickets are all printed by the state or government. The names of all the candidates for each office are printed upon the ballots in alphabetical order. The voter takes the ballot, retires alone to a place provided and makes a cross opposite the names of the candidates he chooses. Then he deposits the ticket, and when he votes for is known only to himself and his own conscience. Ticket peddling and buying cut sets of tickets are thus done away with. So also, it is hoped, are bribery and intimidation.

A new collegiate degree will be doubtless soon added to those conferred by institutions of learning, namely, that of E. E., or electrical engineer. Electricity has wrought such astounding changes in our industrial system, and is itself an agent whose working requires such knowledge and skill and mental power, that it must soon have a professorship all to itself in colleges that pretend to keep with the current. Columbia college, in New York city, proposes to be the first to establish the course of electrical engineering.

THE CORNELL CREW WON

Details of the Great Triangular Boat Race.

THE COLUMBIA CREW FAINTED

Upon Crossing the Line Behind Cornell

A Physician Was Called and the Men Put in Bed—Harvard Defeats Columbia, Too.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 21.—Graced with bowers choice from thousands of lusty throats, sixteen brawny arms shot the Cornell colors over the line, a winner in the great triangular college race, which will rowed on the Thames. It was a glorious contest. As the victorious boat swept over the mark the banks of the stream blossomed as if by magic with the winning college's colors, and hundreds of active fellow collegians, rushed for the boat and bore the victors away on their shoulders.

Columbia was second by more than a length, and the University of Pennsylvania last by an equal distance. Not a man in the Cornell boat showed any signs of distress. Sturdy little giants, with swelling muscles and great magnificent backs. They were in such perfect physical condition that the more easily to row that race for their very lives, if necessary. The great quality for long distance racing, the staying power, was admirably developed in the Cornell men. Their start indicated that; the finish proved it. At the three mile buoy they showed such an excellent form that, had the race been for six miles instead of three, they would have left their competitors too far in their wake to have been seen.

Six Columbia Men Faint.

The features of the races were the exciting contest between Cornell and Columbia and the sensational collapse of the Columbia crew the moment they crossed the line at the finish. When the crew stopped rowing six of the men, Bradley, No. 1; Middleham, No. 2; Roberts, No. 3; O'Gorman, No. 4; Kiney, No. 6, and Foote, No. 7, fell back in a dead faint from exhaustion. Five of the six men recovered consciousness in a few minutes, but the sixth, Middleham, remained unconscious half an hour.

A Physician Summoned.

As soon as his critical condition was observed by the officials, they summoned to the tug Wellington and brought off Dr. Appleton, of Boston, to attend him. The six men mentioned above were then lifted out of their shell and placed on board the Carrie Goodwin."

Two More Men Faint.

While these Saunders were being made the two other men in the Columbia boat—Tuttle, No. 5, and Pelton, stroke—also fainted and had to be assisted out of their boat. When the Columbia launch arrived at their quarters the entire Columbia crew was lifted out and carried to their rooms and put to bed. They had rowed to a standstill and were completely broken down. Tuttle was quite exhausted, and at times slightly delirious. Middleham and several others were slightly hysterical, and plainly showed the effects of the severe strain under which they had been rowing, and all of the Columbia crew were observed when they found themselves defeated.

A Badly Used Up Crew.

Jasper Goodwin, the famous Columbia oarsman, admitted that the men had overused up and were still under the weather, but said that there was nothing serious. From other sources it was learned that shortly after the race a boat from the tug Ivy came to the physician summoned. This doctor is now *with the men, and it is understood that he* remained with them all night. Many alarming reports are current about the collapse of two of the Columbias, but the Columbia men assert that they pulled an unusually hard race, were outrowed and exhausted, and gave up broken hearted over their defeat.

The Cornell Crew Bright and Jaunty.

The Cornell men, who pulled a wonderfully plucky race, are jaunty now, bright and genial. The details of the two races are as follows:

The Harvard-Columbia Race.

Shortly after 5 o'clock the Harvard and Columbia freshmen paddled down the river and backed into position, and were quickly sent away by the referee. Harvard caught the water first, and their shell at once went to the front, pulling a fine, lively stroke. Columbia started off with 38 strokes, splashing badly for several strokes. The Columbias were clearly outrowhted by the heavy crew from Boston, and the latter were ahead almost from after the first two minutes. At the quarter mile Harvard gained a boat of over a length, clear water showing between the boats.

At this point Harvard was pulling in nearly perfect form and their slow stroke was very effective. She dropped her strokes down to 32 and Columbia was here to do it. In the next half mile Harvard increased her lead, and at the mile flag had a lead of two lengths. This lead they maintained to the finish, having had a long and easy spell apparently not exerting themselves. In the Columbia's boat Nos. 1, 7 and 8 were pulling in poor form and there was a perceptible lagging in the boat after each spurt.

The following is the official time at each half mile post.- Harvard: 3:12, 6:12, 9:00, 12:01; Columbia: 3:16, 6:20, 9:14, 12:20. Strokes—Harvard: 34, 32, 32, 32, 33; Columbia: 38, 32, 32, 33, 35.

More About the Triangular Race.

The Cornell, Pennsylvania and Columbia crews rowed a three mile race for the Gold Challenge cup. When the word was given Pennsylvania caught the water first and gained a lead of half a length, but they could not hold and Cornell quickly dashed to the front, taking a lead of a full length. They managed to increase their lead to two lengths, holding it to the finish under easy conditions. For the last half mile Columbia's stroke had lost its power, and it was only by the most determined effort that they held second place.

Cornell's Remarkable Work.

Cornell's exhibition was remarkable and is the talk of the town. With the lightest crew on the boat, they averaged a stroke of 37 per minute for three miles. Columbia and Pennsylvania could not stand their strokes and were outrowed from start to finish. After the race the Cornells rowed back to their quarters, a distance of four miles. Cornell's time was 16:04.

THE NUMBER INCREASED.

Forty-two Lives Reported Lost in the Latrobe Wreck.

LATROBE, Pa., June 21.—The loss of life at the Latrobe freight wreck will be probably larger than was first reported, and the death list may reach forty-two.

Engine No. 1,313, which was supposed to be lying at the bottom of the Loyal Hanna river, was found resting on a box car which was supported by the wreckage of the bridge and engine 1,313 is probable that another of Indian will be found when the car is taken out.

CHANGES IN THE NAVY.

Secretary Tracy Has Issued a New Assignment and General Order.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Secretary Tracy has just issued an important general order directing a radical reorganization of the different bureaus of the navy department, which is to go into effect on July 1. This is a step which the secretary decided to take soon after he was placed at the head of the navy department. He discovered incongruities and divided responsibilities in the duties devolving upon the different bureau chiefs which he found to be a source of trouble. He also found it difficult, under the existing system of business, to arrange and classify the new supplies and sources of supply needed for the creation of new fleets, and to continue the work of increasing the navy.

His new order corrects the duties of the several bureaus. It simplifies and equalizes the work of some of the bureaus, and consolidates duties that in many cases are now scattered among several bureaus. In general terms the order places the control of the different bureaus that have to do with the preparation of material, yards and docks, ordnance, equipment, construction and steam engineering, to be specific a board for the design, construction and equipment of new ships. Practically one effect of the order will be to make the bureau of navigation second to none in importance, and in the war department, in the control of the entire personnel of the organization.

To the bureau of yards and docks is assigned all that relates to the construction and maintenance of dock-, slips, building within navy yards, the naval home, and generally about the same duties as it now discharges. The bureau of equipment and recruiting has the apprentice system and the enlistment of men, but gains the naval observatory, nautical almanac, hydrographic and compass offices, and the electric light system. In the case of the remaining bureaus, it is noticeable that all of them are to be relieved from jurisdiction over the buildings and plants assigned to their use in the navy yards after they have been constructed by the bureau of yards and docks. All of the bureaus also are supposed to purchase such stores, tools, plant and material as they may need.

Secretary Tracy has addressed the following letter to Commodore Greer, now on his way home from the European station:

SIR—You are hereby appointed president of a board to consider the question of steam organization, tactics and drill for the navy, rendered necessary by the advance in modern naval appliances.

The board will consist of yourself as president, and Capt. A. P. Cooke, Commander Henry Glass, Commander C. M. Chester, Lieut. Commander Thomas Perry, Lieut. J. P. Moss, Lieut. Duncan Kennedy and Lieut. Charles E. Colahan as members. The board will make its report direct to the secretary.

THE GRAND OLD MAN.

He Talks Plainly on the Subject of the Irish Union.

LONDON, June 21.—Mr. Gladstone has an article in the coming issue of The Nineteenth Century in which he indulges in a somewhat optionally plain speaking on the subject of the Irish union. He refers to Attorney General Webster's examination in Mr. William O'Brien's before the parnell commission, in the course of which Mr. Webster plainly intimated that grave charges would be proved against Mr. O'Brien's conduct. He then says that they regarded the English power as an alien power in Ireland. Speaking of Mr. O'Brien's evidence after the session, the attorney general said: "I should like to have asked Mr. O'Brien whether the Irish, as far as he knew, regarded the act of union as the result of the same moral authority as the laws against theft and murder, or whether he considered that they possessed any moral authority at all."

In this article Mr. Gladstone says undoubtedly Mr. O'Brien's answer to such a question would have been that he regarded the act as carrying with it no moral force, but merely a pro tantal obligation to conform to its provisions. Then follows a long series of quite calculated resistance even to immoral laws, but in such a case it is the miscalculation, not the resistance, which constitutes the immorality. Such opinion is that of those who worship the act of union with true piety or with superstition.

Fire at Montreal.

MONTREAL, June 21.—Fire was discovered in the Federal Telephone company's building on St. James street, and a serious fire was threatened to be a large conflagration. The flames spread to the Stock Exchange and other adjoining property. Some narrow escapes are reported. The loss is estimated at $50,000, of which the telephone company's loss is about $30,000, covered by insurance.

Was she Strangled to Death?

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—The body of a young woman of about 20 was found on Union avenue this morning. She lies on her back, her bonnet about the face and neck led to the belief that she was strangled to death. The name "Anna" was engraved on the handle of a stiletto found by her side. On being taken to the morgue it was found that the unfortunate woman was pregnant.

A Schooner Supposed to Be Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 21.—The schooner Annie left this port on Feb. 8 on a hunting and fishing trip to the Behring sea. As she had not been heard from for 120 days, fears have that she went down in one of the heavy gales that swept over this region soon after she left port. Her captain is John Jacobsen.

Sallie Stone's Son Arrested.

FORT SMITH, Ark., June 21.—Government officers have succeeded in capturing Ed Reed, the notorious son of the famous Belle Starr. Reed was arrested in a small town of Atoka Brown, and was arrested in a stall of a stable where the officers had been surrounded. He has always boasted that he would never be captured alive.

Injured in a Wreck.

DUBUQUE, Ia., June 21.—A wreck on the Dubuque and Minnesota road near Cascade, F. Kimball, grand chancellor of the K. of P. of New Hampshire; William Hilton and Charles Hilton, all of Dover, were injured. Kimball and Weeks at the head and back and Hilton internally. William Hoitz, of Malden, had his arm broken.

Hatter's Body Found.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The body of Ben Hatter, the missing broker, was found this morning on the premises of employers of the Johnstown Bank and Brokerage company. Coroner Jones found in Hatter's pocket a letter addressed to Mrs. Sally, the alleged sister here, in the Tombs.

Professional Appointment.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The president sends to the senate the following list of consular appointments: John L. Hawkinson, for the state of Connecticut; Isaac Rubel, for the state of Connecticut; Isaac Rubel, for the state of New Jersey.

DEATH'S PEDALIST PAID.

Tunis Labee Hanged by the Neck Till Dead.

THE WIFE SLAYER DIED HARD

Fourteen Cousins Join the House of the Executed—Labee Feared the Great Hereafter—A Brief Sketch of His Most Crime.

PATERSON, N. J., June 21.—Tunis Labee has been executed in the county jail yard at this place for the brutal murder of his hand some young wife, Feb. 28.

Labee Died Hard.

Sheriff Cadmus jerked the rope which dropped a weight of 200 pounds at 8:17 a. m. exactly, and in less than a minute Labee was dangling beneath the scaffold. Then the body dashed down again with a jerk, and for a few seconds remained quiet. The awful death struggle then ensued. The somber black rag concealed the face, but the bosom rose and fell convulsively, the clinched hands closed and opened violently, and so it went on for fifteen minutes before the physician pronounced him dead.

Some fears were entertained that he would break down at the scaffold and be nearly faintinal from expectations. He came out of his cell at 8:15 a. m. staggering, and only for the support of Sheriff Cadmus he would have fallen. His head was bowed and he wept freely. The Rev. Dr. Hois asked him if he had anything to say and he replied:

"Keep only way God's mercy on my soul. I expect salvation. I was not responsible for my crime."

Then the loop rigged by Hangsman Van Hise was sprung and the murderer was launched into eternity. At 5 o'clock in the morning Sheriff C. Cadmus went in to the condemned man's cell and touched him lightly on the shoulder. Labee was lying on his right side, and turned over, opening his eyes and groaning when the sheriff aroused him.

He Feared the Hereafter.

"Getting up to the last time," he said, will a smile, as he arose and went to the space both prepared for him. "It is not the pres ent I fear, but the great hereafter," Labee declared as he stepped on the trap.

Disposing of His Effects.

His little Bible, a present from his mother in childhood days, he gave to Warden Buckley, and the handkerchief, cigar holder, quid his colored by constant use since he has been in prison, he gave to Sheriff Cadmus. Police Sergeant Matthew McGirr received an original pen and ink picture drawn by Labee in his locked at himself through a looking glass.

Labee's Horrible Crime.

Labee had a very handsome young wife of whom he was insanely jealous. They quarreled and she left him. On the day of the murder Labee went to the house where she had gone and asked for his wife. She consented to see him and they had a long talk in the parlor, which ended in a violent quarrel. Labee became crazy with rage, and drawing a long, ugly looking knife he sprang upon the woman with the ferocity of a tiger and drew the sharp edge across her throat. She screamed loudly, but before any one could come to her assistance Labee had cut her throat from ear to ear. It could be shown by Dr. Boynton and wife of Griffin, Ga.; Maj. Edward C. Boynton, Newburg, N. Y.; Hon. Nathaniel A. Boynton, New York city; Rev. Alfred Boynton, Coatsbridge, Wis.; Charles H. Boynton, Plainfield, N. J., and George H. Boynton and Matthew Boynton, of Hartford, Conn. Dr. John Farshaul Boynton states that the genealogy of his family could be traced back for thirty generations without a break, to the time of Bartholomew de Boynton, of Boynton, England, who was a lord of the manor in 1067.

Trying to Form a Pig Tobacco Trust.

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—Pierre Lorillard has been in this city for three days trying to effect a pig tobacco combination. His scheme, as submitted to the Liggett & Myers and Drummond tobacco companies, of this city, was to consolidate with the Lorillard and Scrgs company, of Middletown, O., into one big company that would be run on a trust basis. The Drummond company refused to enter, but the negotiations have not been given up. Lorillard has returned to New York.

London Races.

LONDON, June 21.—At the Sandown parfirst summer meeting the Robert de Wittvile handicap of 500 sovereigns was won by Needles, with Sea Long second and Lucy Long third. The race for the Electric stakes of 2,000 sovereigns was won by Ilston, with Orman second and Pimpernel third. At the Newcastle meeting the race for the Seaton Delaval plate of 1,000 sovereigns was won by Loup, with Puma second and Dervilish third.

Pimple's Machines Seized.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 21.—G. Pimple, of Creston, Iowa, was in this city. On Tuesday two threshing machines of the Minneapolis Machine company, of Stillwater, Minn. The Deputies subsequent seized the machines and Pimple's team. Sympathy was aroused case, the Canadian government for $1,000 damages. The authorities are in doubt whether to destroy the machines or send them back to the United States.

Dr. Donovan Arrested.

HOWARD, June 21.—Dr. Edward G. Donovan, coroner for Union county and chief of surgeons at the leading hospital of the city has been arrested on charges of breach of promise and criminal assault. Miss Lizzie Gibbs, who charges $20,000 damages. He was released on $5,000 bail.

Stanley's Assistant Dead.

LONDON, June 21.—A letter from the lower Congo reports the death of Mr. Swinburne, Mr. Stanley's assistant in the previous expedition, but more recently assistant commissioner of the Congo Commercial company. He died of the fever May 21. He was a great favorite of Stanley's.

New Pension Bureau Fraud.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Application has been made by the surrogate for an order directing the executors of the will of Lucy C. Hammersley to pay to the Duchess of Marlborough $1,000 bequeathed to Sarah Jennings, a name of her late husband's estate, she being in need of the cash.

Widow Endangered Dangerous Retrenched.

LONDON, June 21.—The princess Metternich, daughter of the Prince of Wales, has been appointed lady of the bed chamber to the queen, in succession to the late Duchess of Buccleuch and Queensberry. The princess is well out of her sorrow, while the text is past it.

Woolliest Bridesmaid.

WOOSTER and Hall, with a last wave adcelebrating from the east.

MRS. J. M. DUNN,
FASHIONABLE MODISTES,
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS.
Fine Velvets, Plushes, Ribbons, Gloves, Also Feathers, Tips and Ribbons, Uprae and Infants' Caps a specialty. Finishing Combing and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned or Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

$10 Ten Dollars $10
Buy a man's genuine Middlesex blue suit Everybody knows that they are the best Ours is the best place to buy your suits. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received.
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 E. Front Street.

Fresh Garden Seeds,
Garden Tools,
RANGES, LAUNDRY, STOVES,
Cutlery, etc.
N. H. & J. J. HEIDELOFF,
13 Somerset street,

VERY TART AND POPULAR:
ORANGE,
LEMON,
RASPBERRY and
CHERRY PHOSPHATES.
Frosted Cream Soda,
the success of the season. Cold Knot Beer, unexcelled. Milk Shakes, very nutritious. Obtainable at the City Pharmacy.
Field & Randolph
PROPRIETORS,
81 WEST FRONT STREET
Plainfield, N. J.

Whipped Cream Soda
a new wonder
From the Wild West
A rich and delicious drink. All flavors.
REYNOLDS'
PHARMACY, Park and North avenues
N. B.—Exclusive House for Plainfield
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HOTEL NETHERWOOD
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences.
Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank E. Miller.
ALFRED D. COOK, ROBERT H. COOK
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LUMBER
and COAL,
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
Cannel Coal
a quality. Lumber and coal of all kinds. Telephone No. 28.

Special Sale.
Hats, Trunks, Shirts,
etc., at
U. H. CRANE'S, 23 Park ave.
Greatest bargains ever offered in this town.

THE BEES AND
the people swarm to
Howell, the Grocer
for the correct thing in
FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES.
GROCER TEA, COFFEE and SPICES.
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, NOTIONS.
NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot
Telephone Call 65.

Now is the Time
to get a quantity of coupons to take with you to the Seaside or Mountain
We have added considerably FIVE QUIRES of
GOOD LINEN PAPER
and five packages of envelopes to match which we are selling for 10c. This is a large quantity of paper and envelopes for 10c. enough or ordinary, heavy or light, ruled or plain.
A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and
Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 18 Front St. Plain.
DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging,
P O Box 522

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ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION
AND SUPPLY COMPANY,
F. S. KINSMAN, Gen'l Manager,
Office, 128 Madison Ave., New York.
Office, 128 Madison Ave., Plainfield.
Largest facilities for New York or Brooklyn.
Plainfield office, 28 North Avenue. Represented by F. S. Dunn.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
MACHINE SHOP
Corner of Third st. & Railroad avenue. Formerly owned April 1st. We are prepared to do all kinds of short notice, Castings for machinery, Lathes and Planers, Drill Presses, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Brass work, Gasfitters' work, Stove grates, Sinks, Iron fronts and various other castings. Also a full line of Stove Repairs always on hand. We have a large variety of patterns for Stove Repairs, and can duplicate and patterns for whatever might be called for. Orders by mail or telegraph will receive prompt attention. Jobbing in machinery repairs, etc.
C. H. KENYON

LADIES,
of course you are aware of the fact that the warm weather has struck us at last; and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Maybe I can suggest something that will meet with your approval; now what looks cooler and feels more comfortable than a
White Summer Suit?
and if you want such an article just drop in at
THE BEE HIVE
and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $5.50 to $10.
Those Linen Children's Blue White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $2.
I can also show you a Blue Flannel Dress, $2.25; and $4.50; I have just received a consignment of House Suits for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at $2.25 and up.
Children's Jersey Blouses, 25c and 50c.
Louis Callman,
38 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE Leading Grocers are R. W RICE & Co. of Duer and Emily Sts.,
All goods Reasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.
NOTICE TO PATRONS.
We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to October 1st to leave their orders by 9 a. m.; Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks the Summer evenings to themselves. Saturdays our store will remain open until 11 o'clock p. m.
Mrs. & Co.
Corner Duer and Emily Sts.

H. J. HARRIS,
28 Somerset st.
HARRISON HOUSE
opposite
H. J. HARRIS.

READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
Buy your Groceries at Cedar Cedar Hall Store and deliver. Excellent coffee, clear sugar and pleasant talks from the 25. Remember the place, Cedar Hall Store, corner Cedar and Second streets, Plainfield, N. J.
Lamps, lamps, lamps, and every article to all kinds. Electric Bells, Gas Fixtures, etc. Work done promptly and reasonably low. J. C. ALLEN, 24 W. Front street.

Some English Wills.

Among bulls of English parentage recently perpetrated are these: "After the death I writes a novelist who writes dead just now, 'a darkly fleet Hagar' came, and took her own head out instead the lamp." "The chariot of Bottlicia wrote an editorial author, "is rolling and lumbering to both as it rolls." "The charity bazaar," wrote a reporter, "has distributed twenty pairs of shoes among the poor which will dry up many a tear." "It was raining," wrote somebody, "and the lady before leaving a cup of coffee, when a gentle voice tapped me on the shoulder. I looked round and saw my old friend again." Boston Globe.

A Success.

Cholly—Be sure, dear boy, and make the same show

HOW THE CAKE SHOWED. —Life.

Only an Overgrown Village.

In the window of a New York club:

Doolittle—How long have you been back, Mlewild?

Mlewild—'Bout three hounds. And you?

Doolittle—I was hash an hounh before you came in. Lots of girls pawsing. By the way, the fellaws tell me you have been to Chicago lately.

Mlewild—Ya-as, went out thaah to look after some pwoperty left to me by my uncle Quash place, Chicago. Some fellaws want out thaah.

Doolittle—Naw.

Mlewild—Fact, deah chappie, wealthy. And you'll nevah believe me when I tell you that all the time I was thaah I nevah saw a single tarwy fellah sit in the club window and watch the girls fob meash than a half hour.

Doolittle—Ah, well; Chicago is only an overgrown village, after all.—America.

Lessons from Experience.

Anxious Mother—My son, that young lady you admire knows nothing about housekeeping.

Son—Well, mother, you know you don't either.

"True, my son. Your father's brother, however, married a girl who did, and the money she saved was invested in real estate, and they are now living in a brown stone palace."

"Oh, well, his fortune couldn't all have come from that."

"Maybe not; maybe not. But your father and I are living in a rented house, and one of our old servant girls owns it."—The Hatchet.

Offenders Revised and Enlarged.

The French conversation books will contain brief colloquies, such as this:

"Have you been to behold the long hair of William of the Buffalo?"

"Yes, and also I behold the shooting of the balls of glass. How superb was it?"

"The infants of the cow, did you not then ache me?"

"Of a truth. The entanglement of the steer with the rope was most skillful. Let us now of the absinthe to take a little."—Chicago News.

Up to Snuff.

Golucky—As I'm the special summer correspondent of The New York Daily Blowhard, I suppose your terms to me will be somewhat different from your terms to regular guests.

Summer Hotel Clerk (briskly)—Yes, sir; yes, sir; of course. Our terms to you will be cash in advance.—New York Weekly.

He Knows from Experience.

Old Man (at the head of the stairs at 3:30 a. m.)—Susie, what time is it?

Susie (with a second look at Reginald, who loosens his grip)—A few minutes past 10, papa.

Old Man—Don't forget to start the clock again when you go to bed.—Georgetown (Colo.) Courier.

How He Saved Money.

"Can't I take your name for this new encyclopedic dictionary?" asked the book agent. "It is an encyclopedia and a dictionary all in one."

"No, sir," said the man addressed, "I have no use for it whatever. You see, I married a Boston girl."—Somerville Journal.

The Meanest Man.

Nothing seems to be too mean for some men. There is an old fellow in Maine who is imposing on his hens in the most shameful manner. He has put an electric light in the henhouse, and the hens lay day and night.—Burlington Free Press.

Wholesale Theft.

"It's a wonder, John, that they don't arrest that man Blinker, the ball player."

"Why, Mary?"

"The paper says that during yesterday's game he stole thirteen bases."—Nebraska State Journal.

He Never Kends It.

"There are better fish in the sea than are now caught," says an exchange. Perhaps; but there are more any bigger than the fish the man keeps as he is about to land it.—Lawrence American.

No Engagement.

"I am like a toad," he observed, as the clock struck 11. "I am rooted as your side."

"Yes, but you never leave, do you?"

And then he "put forth."—Harper's Bazar.

Long Distance Vision.

He—May I see you home?

She—Is your eyesight good?—The Epoch.

Folly as It Flies.

Who is the youth who, when all danger's past,
Exclaims in his the fifth: "Alas, at last,
And taken the villain by the head-lock sghast!
The hero.

Who is the chemist cast in virtue's mold,
So steadily straight to his person old,
Rejects the villain, says: "I scorn thy gold!"
The hero (polished).

Who knows not conscience, law, nor etiquette;
Says of the heroine: "She'll be mine yet."
And generally cusses a cigarette?
The villain (polished).

Who are the low browed fools there, muttering;
Whose "weakly mouths" to the stage will betray;
Who "stink at nothing"—or at everything?
The critics "drowsy."

Who is the aged personage short of breath
Turned out of doors by when the villain saith,
Who always seems just at the point of death?
Our foreign father.

Who is it pays the cash, the theatre fills,
Whose whims to gratify, they with other fills
Those odious orders, birth marks and frogs?
The audience.
—Henry E. Smith in Argonaut.

SUMMER TOPICS.

We never carry goods from one season to another, but rather sell them at a loss, and always have new goods to show, so that buyers will find many desirable bargains for the coming week in Summer goods of all kinds.

* * *

There are French Ginghams that cost the manufacturer 15c. Beautiful goods they are, and the price is only 12c; and for Sateens that sold early in the season for 20c and 25c our price now is 12 1-2c.

* * *

There are three special numbers in India Linen that were bought way below value: No. 1 at 15c, No. 2 at 18c. and No. 3 at 22c.

* * *

And then there is a line of extra-fine Plaid Nainsooks at 15c per yard; the real value is 25c.

* * *

If you want a cool comfortable Corset for Summer-wear try the Zephyr. They are the best made, and extra-light weight. Price, 75c.

* * *

For the coming week we shall offer special bargains in full-width flouncing. We have cut the price on every piece of flouncing in the store, and if they are wanted come and see us.

* * *

We sell a genuine Mexican Grass Hammock, 14 feet long, at $1.15.

* * *

We are selling one of the best Window Screens made (fit any window): price, only 27c.

* * *

You can find all qualities and all sizes in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Gauze Underwear. Ask to see our Nic Jersey Vest.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Wm. A. Woodruff

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security

Front street and Park avenue

SPECIAL,

This Week Only

Gentlemen's

4-Ply Linen Cuffs, 13c

actually worth 25c.

4-Ply Linen Collars, 8c

real value, 15c. All good styles, and lowest prices ever heard of for these goods, at

H. A. POPE'S,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

B. T. BARNES

ICE CREAM

Delivered EVERY DAY in the week.

Orders P. O.

NOTICE.

The books of the Overseer of the Poor are now in the possession of the undersigned, and all persons having business with said office will please call at my office in the Park Block.

J. GALLOWAY,
Overseer of Poor.

R. A. ROSS,

No. 11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, is prepared to furnish carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near Depot, Bryam. P. O. Box 1203. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,

Residence Bryam. P. O. Box 360.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

26 NORTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

30 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

TUNIS J. CAREY

31 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first-class Mattresses, and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

FOR

TIN WORK

PORTABLE and BRICKSET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

31 and 33 floors. Box 1299.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRIC

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM

Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. KING QUICK'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Front. 10-15tf

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the popular brands of flour, SUCCESS, SORRY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality, PRICES LOW. Also a full line of HECKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

PAINTERS.

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37 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTS and BUTTERICK Bruhes

AS USUAL

At ALLEN'S,

The Stationer,

You can find a large line

EASTER GOODS

in Cards, Booklets, Novelties, etc.

38 EAST FRONT STREET.

Terrill & Cole,

successors to Ford & Stiles

UNDERTAKING AND

EMBALMING.

No. 29 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

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GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 24 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Madison avenue, North Plainfield.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jacks Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

41 WEST FRONT ST., (next door to Hotel

JOB BATTELL,

PIANO-MAKER,

Patent Sticking, 72 pounds, action, Best Repeater, Easiest to Operate, Longest Trigger. Sold on 2 1-2 years' time, or liberal discount for cash. Do you want your Piano and Organ tuned or repaired? Here are a few of the best in the city or rural Call and see what I can offer you. JOB BATTELL Piano Maker. 22 East Front street.

12 Photo Engravings

of

Water Supply,

and 40 Page Catalogue of

KALAMAZOO KILNS

Sent free. Kalamazoo Stove Co. Kalamazoo, Mich.

Window Screens

and

Door Screens

fitted complete in your house for 15c. per square foot. At

30 SOMERSET STREET.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $1 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

FIT FOR A KING!

KNAPP'S

ROOT

BEER

EXTRACT

IS THE

ORIGINAL

and most economical manufacturer of its kind. 25c. bottle makes 2 1-2 gallons. Full directions on can. Don't waste your money on worthless, refreshing imitations.

HOME DRINK!

For the ORIGINAL and best. Price 25c. Sold only by GROCERS AND GROCERS.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

Estimates for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grand view avenue. P. O. Box 87.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Satisfactory work guaranteed. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Home and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1545

Professional Cards.

DR. M. A. SIMPSON,

30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. R. VOORHEES, D. D. S.,

No. 20 Park avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. W. SEE,

Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Stelle building, corner Front and Park streets, Plainfield. 3y7

PANSIES, SPRING PLANTS

and Cut Flowers and grapevines at Liberty's, No. 23 North avenue. Send to Liberty's Intelligence office, same place. 4-11-1y

JACKSON & CORNELIUS,

CLARK & KIRBY,

CHARLES H. SHAW,

BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and Dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.,

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET,

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 121.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

NOW OPEN

at

24 North Avenue,

NEW FANCY CAKE BAKERY.

French and AMERICAN

ICE CREAM and WATER ICES

Catering to all its branches.

W. J. Stephenson.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD.

Try the Somerwick Ham. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Astor, Merrell & Conklin.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 12th, 1890:

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 5.48, 6.05, 6.30, 7.05, 7.30, 7.40, 8.05, 8.30, 8.37, 9.05, 9.30, 9.37, 10 00, 10.30, 11 00 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

Leave New York (foot of Liberty street) at 6.00, 6.45, 7.45, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK, P. —

Leave Plainfield at 5.58, 6.29, 6.59, 7.30, 8.00, 8.27, 8.58, 9.27, 9.58, 10.27, 10.58, 11.27, 11.58 a. m., 12.27, 12.58, 1.27, 1.58, 2.27, 2.58, 3.27, 3.58, 4.27, 4.58, 5.27, 5.58, 6.27, 6.58, 7.27, 7.58, 8.27, 8.58, 9.27, 9.58, 10.27, 10.58, 11.27, 11.58 p. m., 12.27 night.

Leave Newark at 6.25, 6.55, 7.25, 7.55, 8.25, 8.55, 9.25, 9.55, 10.25, 10.55, 11.25, 11.55 a. m., 12.25, 12.55, 1.25, 1.55, 2.25, 2.55, 3.25, 3.55, 4.25, 4.55, 5.25, 5.55, 6.25, 6.55, 7.25, 7.55, 8.25, 8.55, 9.25, 9.55, 10.25, 10.55, 11.25, 11.55 p. m., 12.25 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7.15, 8.45, 10.15, 11.45 a. m., 1.15, 2.45, 4.15, 5.45, 7.15, 8.45, 10.15 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.30, 8.00, 9.30, 11.00 a. m., 12.30, 2.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 9.40, 11.05 a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 5.40, 7.40, 9.40 p. m. Sunday at 4.05 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Scranton, Binghamton, Great Bend, Montrose, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, Bangor, Pen Argyl, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, Portland, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mount Carmel, Upper Lehigh, Hazleton, Beaver Meadow, Jeddo, Harrisburg, Reading, Pottsville, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Lehighton, Slatington, Bethlehem, Allentown

THE COUNTRY EDITOR.

A CITY PAPER'S DESCRIPTION PARTLY TRUE AND PARTLY NOT.

He Man Works Harder for Small Reward Than He—He Must Know Everybody and All the County's Affairs—But There Is a Bright Side to His Lot.

There must be a place of future rewards, otherwise the publisher of a country newspaper would be done an injustice. The country editor can get into more scrapes without meaning to do it, and can get out of them without knowing how he did it, than any one man known to fame. He can get up earlier in the morning and stay up later at night; he can give more free advertising for the privilege of being called a doubtful wiseacre than any man that has lied, and he can pay out more money for running expenses and get less returns in available cash than anybody not a magician.

The editor of a country paper can keep the press waiting longer to get in a four-line advertisement for some man who intends embarking in the business of hedge trimming, and yet start the press to run time to catch the train rushing to supply four subscribers in Stump Town, than any other man on earth, unless it be the editor of some other country paper. He can wear a hat longer and a coat shorter than most people, and he has to do this in order to keep an advertiser who wants to pay in goods. He can go all summer without shining his shoes, and he is expected to do so to be called "up" by the people who edit his torch of progress for him. He can bear with meekness the taunts of the collector of bill, the rebuffs of the peddler of books, the charge of the patent medicine man from the city and the visits from the cashier who holds his acceptance.

He can stand it to be cursed for his unclassified idiocy by every magnate in the town, and then, when his slanderers die, can write cliches like "jewels, five words long, that sparkle the stretched forefinger of all time sparkle forever." He can do all this and raise a big family, each year seeing the second boy succeed in the interest the first has outgrown; each year seeing the girls go to meeting in a last summer's hat because it is cheaper than wearing the fashion was young. And when the editor has tried for the last time to make $1 keep the promise made for three, he can die as easily and be buried as cheaply, and forgotten as quickly, as any vagrant that ever craved a drink.

SOME OF HIS TRIALS.

When the country editor washes the roller on Saturday night and locks the office door by setting a box of plates against it, he is the most thankful of mortals. He is glad to be alive; glad he got through a week when he hardly expected to; glad things have been no worse than they were, and glad to look forward to a whole day of idleness. Yet he must go to church, for the sewing circle will not consider it proper for a man to conduct this love of entertainment—the press—unless he has the appearance of piety. But if he goes to hear the Methodist minister the Baptists say he is partial. He is expected to contribute good hard cash to every scheme projected by the brethren and sisters, clerical or lay, in or out of churches, and then he can boom the barefaced fakir who comes to town on Monday night, when he lays away his boiled shirt for next Lord's day, he feels the approach of Monday with a sort of dread.

He pulls into work with an intention that some man will be in to cuss him about some item in last week's paper—has no idea which one—and dreams that he tried to run away, and couldn't possibly do it. When he goes to the office Monday he finds the roller has fallen down in the lye jar and is ruined, and he will have to buy a new one; the boys have climbed in through a window and mashed the only font of script trying to print visiting cards for their girls, and some clumsy meddler has piled the entire case of type he had distributed.

By the time he gets these little things straightened up a cash subscriber comes in and discontinues his paper because no notice was made of his wooden wedding. Then a boy comes in and orders Josh Hill's paper stopped on general principles, and the fact that some three years' subscription stands unliquidated on the books does not seem to disturb Josh in the least. Various other assignations from the expected sources, both because of what he didn't do and because of what he did, are handed at the editor during the forenoon, and then he is ready for work, still grateful that his miserable life is spared.

He is business manager, solicitor, reporter, editor and proofreader, and besides he does whatever general work the rest of the force may be indebted. He takes a pride in telling the visitors of his shops that he can "run off" faster, and quicker than any man he ever knew when it comes to setting type he doesn't "take" much pay for any of 'em."

HIS REWARD.

But long hours, poor pay, hard work, inadequate compensation and always work, inadequate alone the lot of the rural country are not a cloud hover even in imagination. He is not a cloud hover even in imagination. He is not a cloud hover even in imagination. He is

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS IS A NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5 CENTS A COPY, EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 5 SOMERSET STREET,

S. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

NATURE HAS MADE OCCUPATION A NECESSITY TO US; SOCIETY MAKES IT A DUTY; HABIT MAY MAKE IT A PLEASURE.—Capelle.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 180; days to come, 186.

—A W. Hand to-day tells readers of his advertisement Fourth of July facts.

—A regular meeting of the Plainfield Bowling Club will be held at Force's Hotel Wednesday evening.

—A regular meeting of the Plainfield Camera Club will be held Monday evening, July 1st, at eight o'clock.

—Vacation advice is given in Doane & VanArsdale's advertisement to-day, with information to be kept in reserved for answering other's questions.

—This year's excursion of the Methodist Sunday-school to Asbury Park and Ocean Grove will be held July 12th. The train will leave Plainfield at 7:30 in the morning.

—An important meeting of the Plainfield Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals will be held next Monday evening at eight o'clock at the office of Chief of Police Louis J. Carey.

—Capt. Hazel's track team ran away with a heavy truck this noon and caused considerable excitement on Second street. They were caught near Liberty. Beyond the wrecking of a few hitching posts no damage was done.

—The Commencement exercises of the Plainfield High School Thursday evening passed off in a manner entirely satisfactory, affording a perfectly commendable source of pride to Principal and preceptors, doing great credit to the graduates and affording an unalloyed pleasure to parents and friends. It is a matter for hearty congratulation that our city has a High School, and in fact a whole public school equipment, which in efficiency and results is second to none in the State. The Class of '89 fully and fairly represented its capabilities.

—The Plainfield High School graduates this year numbered thirteen. About this number there is popularly cherished considerable superstition. The belief that if thirteen persons sit at a table together the death of one of them is nigh owes its origin probably to the Lord's Supper, when He sat down with twelve disciples. Many incidents of great good fortune have been accompanied by the "unlucky" number. Thirteen colonies opened the new world to civilization. There were thirteen Articles of Confederation and afterwards thirteen States, and thirteen stars and stripes. The stripes still wave over a most glorious nation, and the number of stars—forgive us a Shakespeare is about to be increased to forty. It was the Thirteenth Amendment that brought about peace after a tremendous rebellion and civil war. In the number itself there is probably neither virtue nor fault. It signifies a baker's dozen, full measure, pressed down and running over. It has been the companion of good and evil alike.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Lewis H. Hutton, of Nannet, Rockland county, N. Y., is visiting Mrs. Whitman, of Fanwood.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Smith, of Brooklyn, are visiting Mr. Smith's sister, Mrs. U. S. Crane, of East Second street.

Messrs. J. Murray, Chas. Maltby, J. Saltzman and Roger Erickson, of this city, will leave town Monday for two or three weeks' outing at Lake Hopatcong. Their camps will be pitched on Mosquito Rock, Halsey Island.

The Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of the Trinity Reformed church, will preach to-morrow morning a sermon appropriate to the second anniversary of his pastorate. Next Tuesday he will sail by the steamship Arizona, of the Guion Line, for Europe, to be gone until the latter part of September.

Mr. Robt. G. Smith, whose home during the past few months has been on Broadway, Plainfield, was elected President of the Graduates' Association of the New Brunswick Public Schools at the annual meeting Thursday afternoon. Mr. Smith is a graduate of the Livingston avenue High School, Class of '82, and of the Stevens Institute, Class of '85. The Association which has given him this distinguished honor has over three hundred members.

The funeral of the late Rudolphus MacDonald was held at the residence of his son, at the corner of Front and Pence streets, yesterday afternoon. Remarks were made by the Rev. Dr. E. F. Ketchum and Rev. S. Richards. The closing prayer was by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck. Mrs. J. K. Myers, Miss Clara Dunn, Mr. E. E. Runyon and Mr. Arthur Freeman rendered vocal music. The pall-bearers were Directors of the City National Bank, Messrs. Chas. Hyde, J. K. Myers, P. Gardner, J. B. Coward, J. F. Hubbard and E. E. Pope.

To Make Roses Bloom.

The following in Vick's Magazine tells how rose and other plants should be pruned to make them bloom better: "The commonest mistake is the leaving of the older branching spray wood that has already flowered. Dwarf rose bushes at the beginning of the year generally send out several much-branched stems, which carried bloom in the previous Summer, and several strong, straight shoots springing from the base of the plant. In the case of hybrid perpetuals, these older branching stems should be cut completely out, leaving only the new shoots from the base, which themselves should then be considerably shortened."

SCHOONMAKER'S SPEECH

FATHER SMYTH ASKS FOR PROOF OF ITS STATEMENTS.

"Wherein Is Our Parochial System a Menace to the United States?"—Questions Concerning the Papacy Awaiting Answer.—A Plea for Sound Religious and Christian Charity.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I learned from THE NEWS of last evening that the Roman Catholic parochial school system had been publicly denounced at the High School Commencement in Music Hall Thursday evening. Reference was made also to St. Mary's parochial school, which I built and of which I have the honor to be Superintendent.

I would consider myself unworthy of my position did I permit the bitter attack of Mr. Schoonmaker to pass unnoticed. His assertions regarding the motives for instituting parochial schools were a gross misrepresentation of facts and a direct attack on the rights of almost two thousand law-abiding and industrious citizens of this locality. Abstracting from the bad taste of introducing such a subject in the presence of Catholic graduates and their parents who love their religion and revere its head, Mr. Schoonmaker as member of the State Board of Education is the servant of the people and placed in office to direct and not mislead them. He must have learned long before "he began traveling as a journalist and in other capacities" that assertions count for nothing unless accompanied by proofs. This is especially true when questions of importance are at issue.

I therefore demand in the cause of truth and justice that Mr. Schoonmaker prove the following statements made in his harangue before the High School graduates:

I. "St. Mary's parochial school of Plainfield was started avowedly in opposition to the public schools."

II. "It [St. Mary's school] and its sister institutions were a menace to the public school system of the country and to the government of the nation."

III. "The Papacy was the temporal power of the Roman Catholic church and of these parochial schools."

IV. That the relation of the Papacy to the parochial schools of America is a "foreign invade conflicting with the constitution, the government and the rights of the American people."

The speaker would have his audience believe that religious bigotry was not the moving principle in his attack; but is it not a significant fact that the Roman Catholic institutions are selected as the objects of his vile slander while no reference was made to the other schools of the city?

When Mr. Schoonmaker has proved the accusations enumerated above I will be very glad to give to the readers of THE NEWS the reasons which caused me to establish parochial schools and the special reasons for establishing one in Plainfield. And thus by a little sound reasoning and Christian charity we may avert that terrible "Plainfield idea" which like a devastating flood threatens next Winter to sweep the parochial system out of existence. Respectfully yours,

P. E. SMYTH.

St. Mary's Rectory, Plainfield, June 26th.

A BRIDAL ROMANCE.

How a Worcester Paper Views the Hatfield Wedding.

Under the caption "A Lucky Worcester Girl Marries a New Jersey Millionaire Lawyer" The Worcester, Mass., Daily Times of Wednesday, June 19th, contains the following:

"Miss Mary G. Regan, a young lady residing at the corner of Providence street and Worcester street, was quietly married at about four o'clock this afternoon at the parochial residence, St. John's church, on Temple street, by the Rev. Thomas F. Griffin, to Mr. Walter L. Hatfield, of Plainfield, New Jersey. The witnesses were Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McCardell.

"Mr. Hatfield is a millionaire in a yr, about thirty-two years of age, and his bride, who is a very handsome young lady, is about twenty-five. Quite a little romance is attached to their union. A year ago Miss Regan went to Plainfield on a visit to her sister, Mrs. McCardell, and while there she met the bridegroom of to-day. A firm friendship was soon established between the two, and when the lady returned to Worcester it was agreed that they should correspond. The result of their correspondence was the quiet little ceremony which was performed at St. John's this afternoon.

"The invitations to the wedding were issued a month ago, and were confined strictly to the relatives and close friends of the bride and bridegroom. Mr. Hatfield arrived in the city last evening for the ceremony, and was entertained at supper at the residence of his fiancee's mother. Rebbit supplied the supper, at which there were present Misses Clara and Minnie Regan, Nettie Steele, Nettie and Annie Amy, Miss Kate Boyce, Miss Troy, Miss Annie Quinn, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Fitzhen, Mr. Joseph Fitzhen, Jr., Mr. D. J. Ward and others. A very enjoyable evening was spent, and the health of the bride and bridegroom of to-day was drunk with enthusiasm.

"After the wedding this afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Hatfield left the city by the 5.05 train for New York on their honeymoon. On their return they will take up their residence in Plainfield."

ALL CHURCH FENCES DOWN.

Plainfield Pastors Join in a Happy Jubilee.

A large congregation attended the jubilee exercises at the First Presbyterian church last evening, and with brief, bright and happy speeches made by the Rev. W. R. Richards, who presided, the Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes, the Rev. E. M. Schoonmaker, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, the Rev. Asa B. Dille, the Rev. Charles L. Goodrich, Mr. James McGee, Mr. C. W. McCutchin and Mr. W. D. Murray the handsome new edifice was cordially welcomed to the circle of city churches. The occasion was a most felicitous one, and the speeches partook largely of the nature of congratulations to such a remarkable church-family. The Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketcham fittingly responded.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Plainfield Churches To-Morrow.

(Second Sunday after Trinity.)

TRUE FAST IS CHEERFUL AS THE DAY.
—Cowper.

The usual 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m. meetings will be held at Reform Hall.

The Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, of New York city, will preach for the Unitarians in that evening at eight o'clock.

In the Trinity Reformed church the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

The Gospel of the Grace of God will be preached at the Hall, No. 6 East Front street, over the Dime Savings Institution, at 7:45 p. m. All are cordially invited.

The Rev. Dr. Ketcham will officiate in the morning at St. John's church. Subject: "All Mankind Guilty before God." The Sunday-school will meet at 3:30 p. m. All will be welcome.

Services will be held in the Methodist Episcopal church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. There will be preaching by the Rev. C. H. Payne, D. D., Secretary of the Educational Society. The Sunday-school will meet at 9:30 a. m., and the Epworth League at 7 p. m. All are invited.

At the First Presbyterian church services will be held at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The morning subject of the pastor, the Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketcham, will be "The Centre of Church Life"; the evening subject, "The Secret of Church Power", addressed especially to young people. All will be welcome. This will be the first Sunday service in the new church.

The "First Church of Christ in Plainfield" will hold a meeting in Reform Hall at 10:30 a. m. By request Mr. Cleaver will discuss the questions: 1. Is the Holy Spirit an Influence or a Person? 2. Various Offices of The Holy Spirit. 3. Baptism of the Holy Spirit. At 7:45 p. m. "In Memory of Rev. Dr. Bliss," a Bible school. Social meetings will be held Wednesday and Friday evenings.

At the Plainfield Reform Club in the evening the speaker will be Wm. E. Hall, editor of The New York Christian, who will give his celebrated lecture entitled "John and Demijohn". Mr. Hall is a lecturer of rare ability. Whoever hears him will enjoy a rare treat. He has free admission to seven shows under one canvas. Mr. J. H. French will preside and may be relied on to expound, maintain and perpetuate the Constitution, Charter and By-Laws."

THE SHACKLETON SCANDAL.

How the Affair Is Treated at the Husband's Home.

[From The Bound Brook Chronicle.]

Sensational stories appeared in several city journals yesterday to the effect that President Joseph Shackleton, of the House and Car Heating Works in Bound Brook, has two wives, both of whom are now suing for a divorce. A reporter interviewed Mr. Shackleton at the Works and obtained from him an explanation, supported by letters and affidavits, the chief points of which are in brief as follows:

Mr. Shackleton's wife resides in Rahway. She has five children, all of them old enough to earn their own living, and he has been allowing her $20 a week for support until now, on her application for divorce, alimony and counsel fees, the Chancellor has ordered that temporarily she be paid $7 a week, with $25 to employ counsel to produce further evidence.

Claiment No. 2 is a Widow Sickell with whom Shackleton formerly boarded, who became reduced in circumstances and destitute of a home and came to Bound Brook hoping to open a boarding house; she could not get a house, and after living three weeks with Ellis Barnes at Martinville she returned to New York, and after award accepted $875 from persons unfriendly to Mr. Shackleton to pose as his neglected wife and endeavor to extort hush-money.

Mrs. Illsley, whose name appears in the story, is the issue of the Ellis Park hotel property (which belongs to her mother and on two occasions went with Mr. Shackleton to New Brunswick on business concerning the estate for five years of a right of way through that land. Her husband, Harry Illsley, of Scotch Plains, wrote to Mrs. Shackleton at Rahway she had "better watch her husband and Mrs. Illsley". These and other reports worked on the mind of the woman, and hence the suit, which is not decided.

—"Pointers" for the Fourth of July may be found in the advertisement of Allen, the stationer.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

June, 1889.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
Saturday	68	86	72
Sunday	68	84	70
Monday	68	86	72
Tuesday	70	88	74
Wednesday	70	90	74
Thursday	72	92	76
Friday	72	92	76
Saturday	72	92	76
Sunday	72	92	76
Monday	72	92	76
Tuesday	72	92	76
Wednesday	72	92	76

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. HOSKINS, MOTOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK,
OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE,
AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The actuary of the United States treasury is Mr. B. H. Elliott. His figures are accustomed to figuring out population statistics for so many years that his estimates are usually very nearly correct. He says that the census of 1890 will show a population of 64,476,000.

The New York Methodist conference has just passed a resolution which will be full of sweetness to young men whose best girls are at once pious and fond of ice cream. It was resolved that the conference deplored the custom of raising money by church festivals, fairs, bazars and suppers.

Retiring the Horse.

A law has been passed in New York allowing any street railway company to substitute electricity, cable traction, or any other force for horse power. The change is subject to consent of the property owners along the line, and also to the approval of the state railroad commissioners.

The law is the result of a long fight by a single railway company to run cable traction cars in crowded city streets. The horse will, therefore, soon be permanently retired from the tracks of at least that company. Should some other than a live stock motor be adopted generally in our cities, it will mean the release from bondage of at least 100,000 horses. The stabling, feed, etc., for all these will disappear. That means the abatement of a large amount of smells, dirt and nuisance. City streets will not be half so hard to keep clean, and stable smells will disappear from them. By as much room as every pair of horses occupies, by so much the streets will be less crowded. It is now certainly only a question of a little time.

Electricity is the main hope of those engaged in retiring the horse. Improvements of method are constantly making. In particular the method of propulsion by batteries on board the cars containing materials for generating electricity is having a series of thorough tests. Light seems to be breaking. It is said that the main objection, that of weight of the batteries, has been obviated. Thirty storage battery cars have been ordered for the Bourne horse car line in New York, a line owned by the Vanderbilts. The claim is made that these cars are run at the cost of two cents a mile each.

Henry George's Sermon.

In the old city of Glasgow Henry George, the single tax and land reformer, recently delivered a sermon one Sunday in the city hall, on the text "Thy kingdom come." Speaking of prayer, he remarked that the repeating of words would never help poverty out of the slums. "He who would pray with effect must work." He thought the sin against the Holy Ghost was that which kept apart idle acres on the one hand and starving millions on the other. Here is an extract from the sermon:

"Really, if you come to think of it, it is impossible to imagine heaven treated as we treat this earth, without seeing that, no matter how salubrious were the air, no matter how bright the lights that filled it, no matter how magnificent its vegetable growths, there would be poverty and suffering and a division of classes in heaven itself, if heaven were parceled out as we have parceled out the earth among individuals and nations. In that case there would be no brotherhood, no feeling that we were to act towards each other as we must suppose the inhabitants of heaven to do, would not that also be heaven? The kingdom of heaven is not to come unless there be a kingdom for which the prayer means neither more nor less than that it must be a kingdom of brotherhood, a kingdom of justice, of equality in condition, but of equality in opportunity. And no one can think of it without seeing that a very kingdom of God might be brought on this earth if men would but seek to do justice—if men would but acknowledge the fundamental principle of God's government, that of doing others as we would have others do to us—that of recognizing that we are all here equally the children of the one Father, equally entitled to share his bounty, equally entitled to live upon His earth and develop our faculties, and to engage for better or for worse in the material he has provided. Aye! and when a man sees that, then there arises that hope of the coming of the kingdom that carried its gospel through the streets of Rome, that carried it into pagan lands, that made it a power in the world, that overcame even the dominant religion of the world. Early Christianity did not mean, in its prayer for the coming of Christ's kingdom, a kingdom in heaven, but a kingdom on earth."

A Baptist preacher, Bayliss Cade, of North Carolina, has turned his eyes upon wordly affairs long enough to invent a method of telegraphing *from* railway trains while in motion. A set of wires is laid along the track, and connection is made with them by a drag beneath the car. A successful trial of the invention was recently made by the Raleigh and Gaston railroad upon a train going thirty miles an hour. It seems that it will not be long, therefore, until messages can be sent to and from moving trains as easily as from the stations. The track wires might also be used for all messages.

A curious fact has been noted in statistics of suicide. It is that only the fewest number of negro men or women ever commit suicide. They are like children in their careless nature, fearing hardly and none of the ills of life. As a black man, who earned about $200 a year all told, once put it: "I don't know what people want to kill themselves for. This world is good enough for me, and I'm goin' to stay here as long as I can. Yes, I feels bad sometimes, but I jist brace up again it. The trouble with people who kills theirselves is that when they feels bad they don't brace up again it."

June 28 the Mather school of Dorchester, Mass., celebrated the 250th anniversary of its foundation. It is the oldest public school on this continent.

America stands first in the production of gold and silver. Last year our mines put upon the world $83,175,000 in gold and $68,195,000 in silver. It was an increase of more than $6,000,000 over 1887.

The electrical companies are trying to show that electricity is not such a deadly agent, after all. For this reason they are fighting against execution by electricity. They fear it will injure their business. It is rather a curious phase for the question of methods of capital punishment to assume.

Mr. Labouchere in England has been trying for a number of years to abolish the house of lords. Following his lead some iconoclasts in this country begin to talk of abolishing the United States senate. They say all legislation should be committed to a single body elected by and directly responsible to the people. The senate, being elected for so long a term of years, does not respond quickly to political changes, and frequently survives as a spared monument to obstruct legislation, the abolishers declare.

The Sioux Reservation.

The tract of land for which the government is now negotiating with the Sioux Indians is in South Dakota. Its northern boundary is a line drawn east and west sixty miles below Bismarck. Its southern boundary is the Nebraska line. It extends from the Missouri river on the east to the Black Hills country on the west. The Winnebago and Crow Creek reservations east of the Missouri are also included in the tract. It contains about 22,000,000 acres of land and is inhabited by 25,000 Indians. They occupy and use 15,000 acres. The government is trying to make them live on farms and give up the rest of the land, for which the United States is to pay them $1.25 an acre. If they take farms the government will give them an outfit. They are gradually signing the agreement to give up their reservation. At present rates their keep costs the country $1,500,000 a year.

Why Pheylan Left His Wife.

Mr. Pheylan wooed and won a fair bride in Detroit. Not the least of her attractions was her curling golden hair. In point of fact that was partly why Mr Pheylan fell in love with her.

But soon after marriage Pheylan deserted his bride in the most inexplicable manner, nor prayers nor tears could bring him back.

After the allotted time provided by law had elapsed the broken hearted and deserted wife sued the heartless Pheylan for divorce. She resolved to have the law on him.

During the trial the mysterious reason why Pheylan left Mrs. P., was revealed. She was like ordinary wives in all respects save one. She was so coy that she would never allow her husband to put her on the head or to fondle with her golden curls. Nay, she would never even allow him to see her "do" her hair.

Being a man, Pheylan had no curiosity, but he determined to know the reason why. So he got a step ladder and peeped over the transom into the room where Mrs. P. was making her toilet. The secret was out. The golden curls were a wig, and hung upon a peg in the wall. The lady's head was as bald as the palm of his hand. Pheylan descended from his perch, raised a war whoop and swore by all the patriarchs in the Old Testament that he wouldn't live with a bald headed woman. That was how it happened.

The Children's Park.

In Franklin park, Boston, a space of thirty acres has been set off to itself. Above it, on an elevation, is a beautiful spot called Overlook, which commands a view of the space mentioned. The thirty acres have been duly and solemnly dedicated for all time to come as a playground for children. Its name is Playstead, and a beautiful spot it is.

To the Playstead the children of Boston city may go all the year round and run and play their fill. No sorrful signs of "Keep off the grass" will stare the poor young ones in the face. Upon the Overlook is a spacious shelter house, where ice cream and taffy and chewing gum are for sale, and where there are handsomely fitted up bath rooms. From the Overlook parents and nurses can survey the whole thirty acres and watch the movements of the children.

At the dedication of the Playstead the mayor, the governor of the state, and many school dignitaries were present. Over 6,000 public school children were there. Also among them a girls' gymnastic battalion, in a uniform of blue and white and gold. The band played patriotic airs. Fifteen thousand people, old and young, witnessed the jolly scene. The park commissioners announced that

> The Playstead is designed to supply to families living in the city during the summer, in the place of one degree that the space permits, somewhat the few benefits which some of wealth and leisure provide for their families in country residences or seaside and to offer to all the public the refreshing influences found in rural scenery of a broadly cultivated and agricultural character.

After the dedication ceremonies the children were turned loose in their own park to amuse themselves as they pleased, and they never had a better time in their lives. Just so, young folks will amuse themselves in the Playstead generation after generation. Happy Boston children!

YALE DEFEATS HARVARD.

Dark Blue Gets There by Six Boat Lengths.

YALE AN EASY WINNER IN 21:26.

Brilliant Close of the College Races on the Thames at New London, Conn.—Yale Men Happy at the Result—Details of the Race.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 27.—The four-mouth annual four mile, straight away, eight-oared race between Yale and Harvard crews was rowed last evening over the Thames river course from Winthrop's point to Gales' ferry, and was won by Yale by six boat lengths. Official time: Yale, 21:26; Harvard, 21:53. The series of races between these colleges now stands: Yale won eight, Harvard won six.

The crowd was unusually large, there being several thousand more strangers in town than for several years. Special excursion trains brought large numbers of people from Boston and New Haven. An observation train of thirty-four cars, carrying about 3,000 persons, followed the crews, while the new railroad bridge, Dead hill and all other desirable points along the course were packed with people. Bunting of every description was prominently displayed, and throughout the day the musical inclinations by the friends of the two crews was noisy and exciting to a high degree. The race was originally set for 11 a. m., but on account of very rough water at that hour it was postponed until evening. Tonight, Harvard rowing as strong 34 stroke, coming down the river at 6:25, and getting into their boat at 6:50.

The Word "Go" Given.

The Harvard crew were slow in getting to the post, and it was 7:20 when the word "go" was given. Harvard caught the water first and her shell forged ahead of Yale by half a length, Harvard rowing a strong 34 stroke and Yale a 33. Harvard still held her lead for about 150 yards, then Yale began to gain at every stroke, and at the quarter-mile buoy the crews were on even terms. Yale then took a lead of about ten feet. Both crews were in excellent form, and for the next quarter of a mile neither could gain an inch. Just at the half-mile flag Harvard worked her shell up on even terms with her opponent, and the flag pole was passed in 2:28, with the boats bow and bow, Yale pulling 30 and Harvard 32 strokes per minute. Just after passing the half mile flag Harvard took a lead of about ten feet. This lead Harvard held but a few seconds, the Yales spurting and running their stroke up to 33.

At the Mile Flag.

Yale then gained a lead of a quarter of a length, passing the mile flag in 4:47, with Harvard two seconds behind, pulling a 31 stroke. This spurt, by which Yale took the lead at the mile, settled the race, as Yale gradually increased her lead, being a length ahead at the mile and a half flag. Yale passed this point in 7:15, pulling 33, and Harvard in 7:19, pulling 30 strokes. Yale then dropped her stroke to 30, while Harvard increased hers to 32. The effects of the hard race for the one and a half miles was plainly visible on the Harvard boat. Finley (No. 5) and Tilton (No. 6) were losing form, and Finley was slow in getting his oar out of the water after each stroke. Yale, however, was rowing in perfect form, very near in the boat sliding as one man and lifting their oars in perfect time. At two miles Yale showed a boat's length of clear water, and the race was finished so far as Harvard's chances were concerned. At that point (two miles) Yale was pulling 32, and Harvard 29. After passing the two mile flag Nos. 5 and 7 in the Harvard boat splashed badly and their body movement was bad. Yale's long, sweeping stroke sent her farther and farther ahead and at the two and a half mile flag they had a lead of fully four lengths. From the two and a half mile flag to the three and a half mile flag the positions remained the same, both crews pulling 32 strokes a minute.

Yale Increases Her Lead.

After passing the three and a half mile flag Yale gradually increased their lead, pulling well within themselves and with no apparent effort. In the Harvard boat things were different. Finley and Tilton were slow with their backs, and each with a different body movement from the others. Finley looked very bad, showing that they were losing their power. At three miles and three-quarters Yale pulled 32 stroke, Harvard 30, under the bank, and two more lengths were quickly added to her lead. Harvard made a final effort to lessen the distance between the boats, but to no purpose, Yale crossed the line on easy winner by six lengths.

The Official Time.

The official time for each half mile was as follows:

YALE.		HARVARD.	
½	2:39	½	2:51
1	5:08	1	5:25
1½	7:15	1½	7:19
2	10:00	2	10:30
2½	12:37	2½	13:08
3	15:27	3	15:51
3½	18:20	3½	18:40
4	21:26	4	21:53

The strokes at each half were: Yale—30, 33, 32, 35, 31, 33, 32. Harvard—32, 31, 30, 32, 30, 32, 32, 32.

A Summary of the Race.

To summarize the event, Harvard made an excellent showing for half a mile, and did fairly well for the next half mile, but from that point to the finish their exhibition compared very unfavorably with the machine-like work of the men in the Yale boat. Harvard's defeat was due to poor rowing, as caught as the Yale boys, and because their stroke, even at the rate of 34, was not so effective as the Yale's at 30. At 30 the Harvard men could have pulled well, but when the stroke was run up to 34 several of the men were unable to hold their own and pulled with diminishing power.

After the race Coach Cook explained Harvard's delay of forty minutes by saying that they (Harvard) waited to wait the dark so that they would not see the course. After the finish the Yale crowd boarded the trains and boats for New Haven.

He Owns Half of Duluth.

ASHLAND, Wis., June 28.—Judge Parish, in the circuit court, has directed a verdict for the plaintiff in the case of Fred C. Prentice, the New York capitalist, who is asking for the possession of half of Duluth, against Mayor Ensign and others. Prentice bought the land from Martin Beaser, father of the defendant, over thirty years ago, and a deed was duly executed, but Butterfield was deprived of possession. The property is valued at $6,000,000.

Chicago's Big Fire.

CHICAGO, June 28.—The loss on the part of the Burton block, destroyed by fire, will not exceed $40,000. There were twenty-one fires burned out, and while the aggregate in every instance was a total loss, not $50,000 in all, with one exception are known to have a fair amount of insurance. It is now thought that the total loss will not exceed $100,000.

DEAD IN A PATERSON DIVE.

Six Degraded Women Die and Another Expected to Pass Away.

PATERSON, N. J., June 28.—A horrible discovery was made in a notorious dive at No. 47 Ryle avenue at about 9 o'clock. Four women and two men were found lying dead about the room. Their appearance was horrible. Their faces were distorted and their bodies were badly discolored.

Two other women were each about 30 years old. The fourth woman, a mere girl of 17, was writhing on a couch from which she had fallen to the floor. Her face was also horribly disfigured.

John Gottfried, the keeper of the dive, was lying on a cot with his mouth open and the tongue, which was seen in several times its normal size, protruding. His face was sodden and the body badly decomposed. He was also dead. A night watchman said that few could bear to go near. Gottfried was about 50 years old, and for more than a year past has used his dingy dwelling as a den for the vilest debauchery was nightly indulged in.

The other man appeared about 40 years old. He was found in a sitting position, with his head resting on a chair. He had shot Gottfried lay. Near him was the gas stove which had caused the tragedy. The spigot was still turned on when the house was entered, but the smell of gas was not overpowering. The gang was seen entering the house intoxicated about 10 o'clock on Wednesday night, and it is thought that they have been dead since Thursday morning.

Coroner Woodridge and the police are making an investigation. A surgical examination of the youngest girl showed her to have been in a delicate condition.

The women have been identified as Kate White, Emma Wright, Sarah and Kate McNally. The name of the seventh is undetermined to be an Italian.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

News Notes of Interest Carefully Condensed.

John Crouse, the wealthiest man in Syracuse, is dead. He leaves a fortune estimated at $7,000,000.

The Newcastle, the thirty-foot boat which sailed from Boston almost to the middle of May, has arrived at Havre. Capt. Lawler and his two companions are well.

The comptroller of the currency has authorized the First National bank, of Chattanooga, Tenn., to begin business with a capital of $150,000.

At the commencement exercises of Manhattan college at the Metropolitan Opera house, New York, Archbishop Corrigan presided.

Examinations for admission to Harvard college have been in progress at Cambridge, Andover and Quincy, Mass.; Exeter and Concord, N. H.; New York, Albany, Philadelphia, Cliftonnati, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco and Bonn, Germany. The total number of candidates is about 700, a greater number than in any previous year.

THE M'DOW CASE.

Appealing to the Sympathy of the Jurymen.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 29.—Asher D. Cohen and Judge Magrath addressed the jury in the McDow murder case in behalf of the prisoner. Both asked that their client be acquitted on the ground of self defense. Mr. Cohen asserted that the prisoner had already suffered sufficient punishment, and that he was a changed man. He besought the jury to let McDow return to his devoted wife, "so he baptized in the tears of their little girl into a nobler and better life."

The final speech for the prosecution will be made by Maj. Julian Mitchell, whose address is expected to be a very fine one. The case will then probably go to the jury.

JEALOUSY THE CAUSE.

Actor Seidemann Murders Rose Gessner, the Tenor.

LONDON, June 29.—An actor, named Seidemann arrived at Osterode, in Hanover, on the night express from Treves and drove direct from the station to the lodgings of the well known tenor, Hans Gessner.

He rushed up two flights of stairs, burst into the room where Gessner was still in a deep sleep, and without a moment's warning shot him dead. He then blew out his own brains.

The cause of the rash act was undoubtedly jealousy, the young actor in love with the same woman, an actress of some note, and the lady's partiality for the tenor drove Seidemann to desperation.

Twin Girls Inseparably Connected.

KOKOMO, Ind., June 28.—Mrs. Henry Jones, who lives twelve miles south of here, has given birth to five girls inseparably connected at the hips and lower abdomen. No vital organs are connected except the spinal column, which is continuous from one end to the other. The children are perfectly formed, independently of the other, and both are perfectly formed and have from use of their limbs. The infants are apparently as hearty as any children of their age.

Harvard's Blue for '90.

BOSTON, June 28.—Mr. P. K. Linz has been elected captain of the Harvard baseball nine for next year. He has played right field on the "Varsity nine for the past three years, and has made a fair showing on the field, and his batting record is especially good. J. C. McCoy, '90, has been elected president and J. T. Burnett, manager, of the Varsity baseball club for 1890.

Gen. Cameron's Funeral.

HARRISBURG, June 28.—The funeral of Gen. Cameron has occurred. In pursuance of his request the adjutant general's department the departments were closed, and the flags on the several armories throughout the state were displayed at half mast. The chief mourners were the widow and child. A letter of condolence has been received from the president.

Edisboro's Firebugs.

ERIE, Pa., June 28.—Three buildings at Edisboro were fired in such localities that, without fire protection, the town would have been destroyed. Last night the Normal school discovered the fire and extinguished them. A few weeks ago the Erskogo barked two large mills and built a fire in a valuable state building, but it was saved.

Planing Mills Burned.

ROCHESTER, June 28.—Parker, Jack Fleming, Hale & Co.'s planing mill was burned by Rochesterites this morning. The fire started at Hamilton & Moore's.

Carbonate Found Near.

PARIS, June 28.—Carbonate Field, the well known singer and sister of Madame Patti, is dead.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be warmer and fair.

FRED DOUGLASS TO HAYTI.

The President Makes His Minister to That Place.

OTHER LATE APPOINTMENTS.

Daniel M. Ransdell, Marshal for the District of Columbia.—J. G. Wright, Agent at the Rosebud Agency.—News from the Country's Capital.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The president has appointed Frederick Douglass, the well known colored politician and orator, minister to Hayti.

Frederick Douglass is perhaps the best known negro in the United States. He was born a slave in Maryland in 1817, and when 21 years of age fled to the north. He soon became known as a fluent public speaker on anti-slavery topics and lectured through the New England states, attracting large audiences. He also lectured on slavery in Great Britain and Ireland. During the war he was the assistant of colored troops, and, when the matter was determined on, actively engaged in recruiting colored troops. He has held several offices since the war and taken an active interest in politics. He has also written several books descriptive of his slavery experiences.

Depew Disappointed.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The treasury department has declined to waive the collection of duty on a portrait of Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt, imported from Paris by Hon. C. M. Depew, and returned to the artist, Louis Bongrin, for examination and re-touching. This action is in accordance with former decisions of the department.

The Law's Delays.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The hearing of the case of the complaint of the Independent Refiners' Association of Philadelphia and Camden against various railroads, alleging discrimination in rates on oil carried to the seaboard, has been postponed by the interstate commerce commission until October next.

United States District Attorney Matters.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The attorney general has appointed Mr. Thomas Nelson as assistant district attorney for the western district of Virginia. The resignation of W. B. Hoyt, the assistant district attorney for the northern district of New York, has been received at the department.

Other Presidential Preferments.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The president has appointed Daniel M. Ransdell, of Indiana, marshal for the District of Columbia, vice A. A. Wilson, resigned, and James G. Wright, of Dakota, Indian agent at the Rosebud agency in Dakota.

Capt. Meredith's Good Fortune.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The secretary of the treasury has appointed Capt. William M. Meredith, of Illinois, chief of the bureau of engraving and printing.

TONTI'S TREASURER SHORT.

Reported Defalcation of George W Wright, of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—George W. Wright, a well known business man of this city, and the supreme treasurer of the Order of Tonti, is reported to be $40,000 short in his account with that order, and a warrant for his arrest has been issued. Mr. Wright is also prominently connected with the Order of Fonte, and of the Iron Hall, and is the secretary of the Northwestern Storage company. It was reported that his accounts with the Storage company are all right.

The Trust, Safe Deposit and Surety company of Philadelphia, and the American Surety company of New York are on Mr. Wright's bond for $50,000, and will be called upon to make good his shortage to the Order of Tonti.

Cost of the Boodlers' Trial.

ALBANY, June 29.—Four days ago Comptroller Myers, of New York, rendered the claim of that city against the state for expenses incurred in the boodle aldermen trials, which was accompanied by an itemized account, with vouchers attached, and aggregated $59,000. Comptroller Wemple, Deputy Comptroller Westbrook, District Attorney Fellows, of New York city, and Auditor William J. Lyon, of the finance department of New York city, representing Comptroller Myers, went over the vouchers, and at the conclusion of their work Comptroller Wemple expressed himself as satisfied with the account, and directed the payment of $56,000 to the city of New York. The other claim of the city for some $17,000, which was also returned at the same time for an itemized statement, has not yet been sent back to Comptroller Wemple.

Lena Webber Will Die.

LACROSSE, Wis., June 29.—Time for the police have been unsuccessful in their efforts to fully clear up the mystery of the murderous burglar who entered the house of John Webber and so horribly stabbed Lena, one of his daughters. Of the number of persons who were arrested on suspicion, all have been held for examination. Among those arrested is one Ralph Bolling fellow, on whose worn hand is considered as fix and a handkerchief found in the apartment of Saylor have been identified as the bloody blade. The injured girl still lingers, but the doctors state that her death is only a question of a few hours. The excitement is very great, and lynching is freely talked of.

Starving Miners Strike.

ALTOONA, Pa., June 29.—A strike has been inaugurated in the Gallitzen and Ebensburg mountain sections. Four hundred and one miners met at Gallitzer last Monday to settle the price question and demand five cents per ton advance, their action is given the Bells Gap, Cresson, Coal Port, Clearfield and Punxsutawney fields. So far 6,500 miners are affected by the demand. The Fragaling company, in which Vice President Morton is interested, employs, within certain small operators, about 12,000. The men are only making ninety cents a day, and say they are down to starvation, and almost welcome.

O'Brien Would Not Answer.

LONDON, June 29.—Mr. James O'Brien M. P., was questioned before the Parnell commission to-day in connection with the Pigott forgeries. He refused to answer the letter read over page 4 number 2 in the Times' facsimile letters. He refused to divulge the facts. Parnell supported him on the question, refusing to answer on the subject upon the evidence.

Fenced Being Near the Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., June 28.—The body of an unknown man, weighing about 160 pounds, with dark hair and a very heavy mustache, has been found floating in the Niagara river. Part of the front teeth are filled with gold. The body is nude, but is in good state of preservation.

IN THE BASEBALL WORLD.

LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—
Indianapolis ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
New York ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 1—5
Batteries: Boyle and Myers, Welch and Brown.

At Boston—
Pittsburg ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Boston ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Batteries: Galvin and Miller, Clarkson and Quinn.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Washington ..... 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2
Batteries: Gruber and Zimmer, Ferson and ——.

At Chicago—
Chicago ..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Philadelphia ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Batteries: Clarkson and Daniels, Texas and Farrell.

ASSOCIATION.

At Baltimore—
Baltimore ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Columbus ..... 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—3
Batteries: Cunningham and Canis, Widner and Quinn.

At Kansas City (First game)—
Kansas City ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Cincinnati ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—2
Batteries: Sowders and Gunson, Hecker and Vaughn.

(Second game)—
Kansas City ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Louisville ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Stratton and Gunson, Ramsey and Vaughn.

OTHER GAMES.

At New Haven—
New Haven ..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0—3
Newark ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Doran and O'Rourke, Sullivan and Duffy.

At Hartford—
Hartford ..... 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0—3
Lowell ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Smith and Darby, Sullivan and Gosman.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse ..... 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—4
Buffalo ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Murphy and Walker, Chamberlain and Deal.

At Rochester—
Rochester ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1
Hamilton ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Toole and McKeogh, Gibbs and Bunting.

At Toledo—
Toledo ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1
Toronto ..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Batteries: Cushman and Sage, Sorad and Grim.

At Detroit—
Detroit ..... 2 0 0 3 1 3 1 0 0—9
Rochester ..... 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0—3
Batteries: Krauss and Goodfellow, Cain and Klegs.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Front St. Plainfield.

DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging.
P O Box 280

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AND SUPPLY COMPANY,
A. E. KIRKMAN, Gen'l Manager.
ELECTRIC LIGHTING,
Offices, Real Estate Exchange Building, Plainfield, N. J.
Largest Dealers in the New York & Boston Markets.

Plainfield office, 24 North avenue. Repairs carried by F. S. Dunn.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
and
MACHINE SHOP
corner of Third and Richmond streets. Telephone No. 4. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, castings of every description, such as gearing, brass work, machinery parts, stove grates, etc. Also, all kinds of machine work, such as lathe work, drilling, etc. Repairing of the above kind promptly attended to. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to duplicate any pattern or make new ones. Whatever might be called for in the line of iron or brass work, we are prepared to furnish. Also manufacturers of Improved Washing Machines. Orders solicited.
F. E. KENYON

LADIES,
of course you are aware of the fact that the years have been short 10 at last and probably you are thinking of the best way to keep cool. Maybe I can suggest something that will help you. Why not purchase a dress that looks nicer and feels more comfortable than a

White Summer Suit?

and if you want such an article just drop in at
THE BEE HIVE
and see my large assortment. I feel positive that I can suit you, as I have a splendid line, and the prices range from $3.50 to $10.
Then I have Children's fine White Dresses in Swiss or Cambric, from 50c to $3.
I can also show you a fine Flannel Dress, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.95; I have just received a consignment of Blouse Suits for Children from 4 to 14 years of age at $2.25 and up.
Children's Jersey Blouses, 50c and 65c.

Louis Callman,
38 WEST FRONT STREET.

$10 Ten Dollars $10
Buy a man's Jeannie Middleser blue suit
Everybody knows that they are the best
Ours is the best place to buy your hats. The latest styles in straw and light felt goods just received
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 E. Front Street.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckis
27 NORTH JAVENUE.
Painters and Paper hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTS AND SUPPLIES Strake

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM.
Breaks up coughs and colds and purifies the blood. RISE QUICKLY
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near Front. 10-12tf

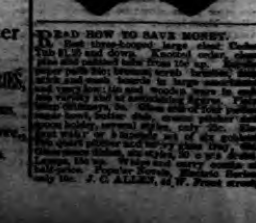
CARPETINGS.
W. & J. SLOANE
Have made a GREAT REDUCTION in prices for the
Spring Trade.
MOQUETTES, from $1.35 per yd. upward.
BODY BRUSSELS, from 85c per yd. upward.
TAPESTRY from 50c per yd. upward.
INGRAINS, from 40c per yd. upward.
Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.
FRENCH CHINA MATTING $2 per roll, 40 yards and upwards.
BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH ST
NEW YORK CITY.

Don't spoil your Feet with CHEAP SHOES! Wear Burt & Packard "Korrect Shape."
Special Sale.
Hats, Trunks, Shirts, etc., at
U. R. CRANE'S, 10 Park ave.
Greatest bargains ever offered in this town.

THE BEES AND
the people swarm to
Howell, the Grocer
for the correct thing in
FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,
COFFEE TEA, COFFEE and SPICES,
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,
NORTH AVENUE, opposite depot.
Telephone Call 32.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

THE Leading Grocers are
R. W. RICE & Co.
of
Duer and Emily Sts.,
All goods
Reasonable, Reasonable and First-class. The best Elgin and New York State Butter in the market.
NOTICE TO PATRONS.
We respectfully request patrons from June 1st to order groceries before 7 o'clock p. m. Saturdays excepted, to enable us to give our clerks a chance to enjoy the afternoons. Saturdays our store will remain open until nine o'clock p. m.
RICE & CO.
Grocers corner of Duer and Emily Sts.



READ HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
Best three-hooped large sized Cedar Tubs 65c; 2 for $1.25. Painted cedar, three-hooped pails 25c. Painted cedar, three-hooped washboards 25c. Large size Japanned tin pails 10c. Japanned tin wash boilers, large size, with cover and bail, $1.00. Large size Japanned tin pails and covers 15c. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard 35c. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, 50c. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, 60c. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, 75c. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, 85c. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, $1.00. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, $1.25. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, $1.50. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, $1.75. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, $2.00. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, $2.25. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, $2.50. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, and tin clothes line reel, $2.75. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, $3.00. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, $3.25. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, $3.50. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, $3.75. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, $4.00. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, $4.25. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, $4.50. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, and tin clothes line reel, $4.75. Large size Japanned tin pail and washboard, with cover and bail, and tin dipper, and tin soap dish, and tin soap shaker, and tin soap box, and tin clothes sprinkler, and tin clothes rack, and tin clothes basket, and tin clothes hamper, and tin clothes horse, and tin clothes line

A Fragment of Ancient History.

"Help," said Hannibal, as he whittled a stick into a shape resembling a Roman galley and then proceeded to scuttle it, "you have learned the art of war by watching me do up your armies in pie plates covered about beautiful Boona, as my friend Col. Elliott F. Shepard would say. But it seems to me you have—a good deal of Gaul to come down here into my country to study up your knowledge. If you don't go back and let perfidious Carthage doesn't go back on me again, perad-ventures I will drown you in the Rain Dey, where Stanley himself will never find you. It's a bad man, Scip."

"My dear Hannibal Rider Haggard," pleasantly responded Scipio Africanus, as he cut the heavy of a fresh magazine with a paper cutter made from the ivory of a captured Carthaginian elephant and glanced through the pages to see if the war-papers were still running, "give yourself no uneasiment on my account. Your foot may be on your native sand bank," he added (as we learn from Polybius), "but your name is Dennis. I will see you later, Hank."

And everybody knows the battle of Zama took place the next day, and was lost by Hannibal because the stingy Carthaginian dashers in pots and dried codfish hadn't furnished him enough Resistance.—Chicago Tribune.

His Feared Pun.

It was long ago decided that a pun had only to be bad enough and it thereby became very good, and in point is an instance which is told of a Boston artist resident abroad. He came home one night after his wife had retired, and in his endeavor to light the gas pulled off match after match, as he supposed, from a card of lucifers, scratching them without effect other than the loss of his temper. At length he gave it up and found a whole lot of matches, with which he succeeded in getting a light. In the morning his slumber was rudely broken by the voice of his better half, who had risen and was marking her toilet. "What in the world," she exclaimed, "have you been doing to my comb? You have broken more than half the teeth out of it." "Yes, my dear," he answered unabashed, "and that was because tooth was mightier than friction." It must be evident that there was nothing more to be said after that.—Boston Courier.

Two of Mr. Barnum's Stories.

Mr. Barnum's breezy conversation was interspersed at frequent intervals with witty anecdote and quaint sayings. He spoke of an old lady who was so deaf that, when some playful chaps fired a small cannon near the old lady's door, she merely said, "Come in." That was a pretty fair story when I heard it some time ago," said the veteran, "but I heard a good one a day or two since that beats it. Two gentlemen were walking along a highway near a railroad. One of the pedestrians was somewhat hard of hearing. Along came a train, and the engine emitted a frightful shriek. 'Hm,' said the deaf one, 'that's the first robin I've heard this spring.'"—Boston Herald.

No Miracle Here.

Grandma had taught our "3-year old" to answer a great many Bible questions, and was fond of "showing him off." On one of these occasions she asked him, "Who was put in the lion's den?"

"Daniel," was the prompt answer.

"Did the lions eat Daniel?"

"No."

"Why?" The answer should have been, "Because God shut their mouths," but the little fellow reflected a minute, and then said: "Cause Daniel wasn't dood to eat."—Detroit Tribune.

Fair Play.

Ah, husband, do not scold your wife
And make her poor heart ache,
Because she can't build pies like those
Your mother used to make.

That is, unless you're quite prepared
To see the whole thing through,
And buy her hats and dresses as
Her father used to do.

—Sipley Tribune.

An Excessive Person.

On one occasion a lady called and presented a check, which she wished cashed. As she was a perfect stranger to the paying teller, he said very politely: "Madam, you will have to bring some one to introduce you before we can cash this check."

Drawing herself up quite haughtily, she said frostingly: "But I do not wish to know you, sir!"—Richmond Dispatch.

Fast!

Pastor—How is your son coming on? I've not seen him lately.

Parent—Pretty well.

"I hope he is not showing any signs of becoming *fast*, as is so frequently the case with boys in large cities."

"Fast! Why, parson, he is a messenger boy."—Texas Siftings.

Some Other Day.

First Robber—I've found the dress the lady of the house does her shopping in. I suppose her purse is in the pocket.

Second Robber—Then we'll have to take the dress with me. We can hunt for the pocket when we have a whole day to spare.—New York Sun.

A Strong Foundation.

French pride has had a fall after all, for it has been discovered that a Hamburger cheese (German) was the only thing considered by the architect as strong enough to act as foundation for the Eiffel tower.—New York Herald.

How Time Assured.

Mrs. Jinks—Yes, I've sent Sissa, the colored man, for the doctor.

Mrs. Blinks—Send Sissy! Mercy me! He won't get there for two hours. He used to be a hotel waiter.—New York Weekly.

Visitor (at dairy farm)—Well, what kind of a season have you had in the milk business? Milkman—Oh, poor, poor; haven't had such a drouth in twenty years. Why, there was actually one spell when we had to ground on the cows to supply our customers.—Puck.

SUMMER TOPICS.

We never carry goods from one season to another, but rather sell them at a loss, and always have new goods to show, so that buyers will find many desirable bargains for the coming week in Summer goods of all kinds.

* * *

There are French Gingham that cost the manufacturer 15c. Beautiful goods they are, and the price is only 12½; and for flatness that sold early in the season for 20c and 25c our price now is 12 1-2c.

* * *

There are three special numbers in India Linen that were bought way below value: No. 1 at 15c, No. 2 at 18c, and No. 3 at 22c.

* * *

And then there is a line of extra-fine Plaid Nainsooks at 15c per yard; the real value is 20c.

* * *

If you want a cool comfortable Corset for Summer-wear try the Zephyr. They are the best made, and extra-light weight. Price, 75c.

* * *

For the coming week we shall offer special bargains in full-width flouncing. We have cut the price on every piece of flouncing in the store, and if they are wanted come and see us.

* * *

We sell a genuine Mexican Grass Hammock, 14 feet long, at $1.15.

* * *

We are selling one of the best Window Screens made (*Stacey window*); price, only 37c.

* * *

You can find all qualities and all sizes in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Gauze Underwear. Ask to see our 37c Jersey Vest.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

Wm. A. Woodruff

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Front street and Park avenue

SPECIAL,

This Week Only

Gentlemen's

4-Ply Linen Cuffs, 13c

actually worth 25c.

4-Ply Linen Collars, 8c

real value, 12c. All good styles, and lowest prices ever heard of for these goods, at

H. A. POPE'S,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

B. T. BARNES

ICE-CREAM

Delivered EVERY DAY in the week. Opposite P. O.

NOTICE.

The books of the Overseer of the Poor, containing a list of the residents for 1887, can be seen at the office of the undersigned, in Bellevue Block.

J. OAKLEY MOORE,
Overseer of Poor.

R. A. ROSS,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and all kinds of scroll and turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closet Saturdays.

R. V. SAUNS,

Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bound P. O. Box 1020. Jobbing promptly attended to. Work done cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,

Hamilton Place. P. O. Box 320.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,

Machine screens and Third street, Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CARPENTER

Ice Cream Dealer,

82 SOUTH AVENUE.

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choicest brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and BOSS. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of RICKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of WOODEN WARE.

TUNIS J. CAREY

81 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first-class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

FOR

TIN WORK

PORTABLE and BRICK-SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors. Box 1886.

KEEP COOL.

1,000 Coats and Vests, assorted patterns, at $1 a SUIT, at

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

No Chemicals,

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

Is Absolutely Pure, and It is Soluble.

To increase the solubility of the powdered cocoa, various expedients are employed, most of them being based upon the action of some alkali, potash, soda or even ammonia. Cocoa which has been prepared by the use of these alkalies is dark colored, is rendered insoluble, and is deficient in one of the most valuable elements of nutrition, owing to the destruction of its delicate aromatic flavor by the dissipating effect of the alkali. In the process of manufacturing Baker's Breakfast Cocoa, which is entirely free from alkali, no such destructive agency is employed, and the finest aroma of the cocoa is secured without the sacrifice of the attractive and beautiful red color which is characteristic of an absolutely pure and natural cocoa.

W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

is manufactured from the first stage to the last by the best mechanical processes, no chemical testing used in its preparation. By one of the most delicate of these mechanical processes the ground fibre of cocoa is entirely removed, thus rendering it more soluble and easy of digestion than cocoa which has not undergone this process.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Jackets Cut to a spring. Pinking, Stamping and Perforating. Dresses Dyed, Cleaned and Cured at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Terrill & Cole,

successors to Ford & Stiles

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PRACTICAL EMBALMERS

No. 20 East Front street, Plainfield

M. H. Terrill. Geo. W. Cole

Telephone call 44.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND PIANO MOVER

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered wagon.

Pianos Moved

Orders left at Conover's Residence, 10 Madison avenue, North Plainfield.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

SHIRTS, FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Collars, Cuffs, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM,

44 WEST FRONT ST., next door to Depot.

JOS. BATTELS,

PIANO-MAKER,

Formerly Battels & Co., Boston, Mass., Manufacturer of Square and Upright Pianos. Sold on 2 1-2 years' installments, plan. Do you want your Piano and Organ tuned or repaired? Give me a call. Do you wish a new or used one? Call and see what I can offer. JOS. BATTELS Piano Maker 32 East Front street.

12 Photo Engravings of Water Supply,

and 40 Fine Cuts of the

KALAMAZOO KILLER.

Sent free. Address Buck's Stove and Range Co., Kalamazoo, Mich.

Window Screens

and

Door Screens

fitted complete in your house for 15c. per square foot. At

30 SOMERSET STREET.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

FIT FOR A KING!

KNAPP'S ROOT BEER EXTRACT

IS THE ORIGINAL

HOME DRINK!

Try the original and best. Price 25c., 50c. and $1. At DRUGGISTS and GROCERS.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grand river avenue. P. O. Box 85.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing prompt. Orders promptly attended to. Corner River and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—Front-door work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1044

Professional Cards.

D. R. M. S. SIMPSON,

30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; after 6 p. m. 66-1y

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,

Late Veterinarian to No. 30 North Pearl street, Albany. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE,

Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 51 Wall street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 102 East Front street, Plainfield.

PANSIES, SPRING PLANTS

and a large assortment and proportions of Lindley's, No. 30 West Front street. Mrs. Lindley's Intelligence office, same place. 4-11-1y

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Counsellors at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Masters in Chancery, Commissioners of Deeds, corner of Park avenue and Second st., Plainfield.

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Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Real Estate and Insurance Broker, Plainfield, N. J. 1y

CHARLES E. HAINES,

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 15 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Maps of Union and Middlesex counties for sale.

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BENJ. F. MOORE

(Late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and Dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.,

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

NOW OPEN

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24 North Avenue,

NEW FANCY CAKE BAKERY.

French and AMERICAN

ICE CREAMS and WATER ICES

Catering to all its branches.

W. J. Stephenson.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

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Try the Brunswick Ham. Recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrall & Condit.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect May 15th, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.26, 5.45 a.m., 7.20, 7.45, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.30 noon, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 3.26, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave New York, Liberty street, at 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Sunday, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a.m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 3.26, 7.20, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 9.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30, 11.30 p. m.

EASTWARD CONNECTIONS.

At 5 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Lehigh Valley Junction, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Lehigh Valley Junction, Mau

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Colned Money—Its Origin—The Shekel and the Pound.

Colned money is a very ancient invention. There may have been a golden age when gold was altogether unknown, and people paid with cows, not with coins. When precious metals—gold, silver, copper or iron—began to be used for payment, they were at first simply weighed; but when still rude of a pound instead of a sovereign. The next step was to issue pieces of gold and silver properly weighed, and thus to mark the exact weight and value on each piece.

This was done in Assyria and Babylonia, where we find shekels or pounds of gold and silver. The commerce of the eastern nations was carried on for centuries by means of these weights of metal. It was the Greeks, the Greeks of Phocæa in Ionia, who in the Seventh century B. C. first conceived the idea of coining money, that is of stamping on each piece their city arms, the phoca or seal, thus giving the warranty of their state for the right weight and value of these pieces. From Greece the art of coining spread rapidly to the other Greek towns of Asia Minor, and was thence transplanted to Ægina, the island-mart of Athens, and the Greek colonies in Sicily and in Italy.

The weight of the most ancient gold coin in all these countries was originally the same as that of the ancient Babylonian gold shekel—only stamped with the arms of each country, which thus made itself responsible for its proper weight. And this gold shekel or pound, in spite of historical disturbances, has held its own through centuries. The gold coins of Croesus, Darius, Philip and Alexander have all about the same weights as the old Babylonian gold shekel, 60 of them going to 1 mina of gold; and, what is stranger still, a sovereign, or pound, or shekel, has nearly the same weight, 60 of these going to an old Babylonian mina of gold. In ancient times 30 silver drachmas or half shekels went to a gold shekel, just as in England 20 silver shillings are equivalent to a sovereign. This ancient shilling was again subdivided into 60 copper coins, 60 being the favorite Babylonian figure.

Knowing, therefore, the relative monetary value of a gold and silver shekel or half shekel, it is now easy to see how many silver shekels the ancient nations had to give for one gold shekel, it was possible by merely weighing the ancient coins to find out whether there was then already any fixed ratio between gold and silver. Thousands of ancient coins have thus been tested, and the result has been to show the ratio between gold and silver was fixed from the earliest times with the most exact accuracy. That ratio, as Dr. Brugsch has shown, was one to twenty and a half in Egypt; it was, as proved by Dr. Brandis, one to thirteen and one-third in Babylonia and in all countries which adopted the Babylonian standard.

The First Comets.

As long ago as the days of the Greeks and Romans a slight chance figure was admired, and stoutness looked upon as a deformity. Marshal Villeroi, Louis XIV.'s favorite, had large waists in the first rank of his remedies against love. Several means were tried then, as now, not only to restrain an expanding figure, but to enhance the beauties of a very slight one. But they were of a different kind from those with which we are familiar. Bandages were worn, with the generic name of fascinæ assumlinæ. These consisted of the strophium, the cloth worn round the breast; the tænia, a similar band below, and the zona, or waist belt.

When bandages failed, those who valued the beauty of their figure had recourse to a remedy prescribed by Serapio of Alexandria. They enveloped their bodies with plasters of ivy, which were thrown on the fire as soon as withdrawn, and afterward rubbed all the upper part of their figures either with goose fat mixed with warm millet or with the egg of a partridge. Much were as vain as the women, if we are to believe Aristophanes and other writers. The great comic dramatist mocked his contemporary, Cinesias, for wearing busks of linden wood, and Capitolinus, in his biography of the Emperor Maximinus, tells us that he also has recourse to them to compress his swelling figure.

Testimony is conflicting, however. Some contend that the ancients were veritable corsets, arguing that when Homer, in describing Juno's toilet when she wished to captivate Jupiter, speaks of her two girdles, he was really describing a Greek corset; and that the cestus of Minerva, which Virgil describes, is to be interpreted in the same manner. But this view is surely mistaken, for no moment, no artistic work, no evidence points to the use of stiff whalebone corsets, as worn today.

Patron Saints.

St. Joseph, spouse of the Blessed Virgin Mary, is the patron of the Universal church.
St. Pancras, patron of childhood.
St. Aloysius, patron of youth, purity and students.
St. Agnes, patron of maidens.
St. Monica, patron of matrons.
St. Maxima, patron of virgins and wives.
St. Vincent de Paul, patron of charities.
St. Camillus of Lellis patron of hospitals.
St. Sebius, invoked against gout and rheumatism.
St. Apollonia, invoked against toothache.
St. Benedict Joseph Labre, invoked against lightning.
St. Roch, invoked against contagious diseases.
St. Barbara, invoked for the last sacrament.
St. Blase prevents and cures sore throats.
St. Sebastian is the patron of soldiers.
St. Hubert is the patron of hunters.
St. Thomas Aquinas, patron of schools.

Sketch of "Boz."

It is generally believed that Charles Dickens wove many of the events and experiences of his own life into the story of "David Copperfield." Mr. Dickens was a newspaper reporter, his first engagement being with The True Sun and his next with The Morning Chronicle. He was also a dramatic critic the first appeared in the evening edition of the latter paper. They were subsequently collected under the title of "Sketches by Boz." Next came his "Pickwick Papers," in 1841 he visited America. In 1845 he was appointed principal editor of The Daily News, a paper of liberal politics. On his retirement from that paper he gave himself up entirely to the work of writing fiction. He conducted Household Words, and subsequently established All the Year Round. In 1867-68 he visited the United States and Canada, and gave public readings from his own works to large audiences. He was born at Landport, Portsmouth, England, in 1812, and died June 9, 1870.

A Custom House.

New Orleans boasts the largest custom house in the world. It was begun in 1848 and over thirty years elapsed before it was finished and ready for use. It is built of Quincy granite, the interior being finished in finest marble. It has 111 rooms, the height from the pavement to the top of the cornice is 80 feet, and to the top of the light on the dome 187 feet.

The dome itself is 49 feet square and 52 feet high; estimated total cost of building, $4,000,000.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Hints on Domestic Matters and Articles of Utility in the Household.

There is a way of making very pretty and inexpensive lamp shades. A wire foundation or frame must be procured, and four skeins of pink and three of white paper like that used in making paper flowers. These are crumpled lengthwise to make them look like crepe, the white and the pink being twisted and bidden in the crumpling. The pink is put over the white and the latter out a little the shorter. The top is tied with a metre ribbon, and a light transparent shade is thus cheaply made.

Very handsome are the little squares of light, transparent silk crepe in blue, pink, pale green or bluish rose which, thrown over glass globes, render the light subdued and soft.

Some shades are very large, made on a wire framework in form of an hourglass, the foundation being a very thin, transparent pink silk covered with soft, light muslin trimmed with lace and with little bows of moire or satin ribbon at the top. Or these shades light colors are used, but pink is prettiest and gives the best light, and the effect of these large pink umbrella shades in light is a glow of rose, a very agreeable, soft, rose colored light.

A cheap and serviceable fringe for bedroom lambrequins and other curtained decorations can be made by ravelling strips of square gray linen, and at short intervals sewing in strands of colored worsted, a heading is made by forming down the top of the wrong side, leaving a plain piece half an inch wide, which is covered with coarse herring bone stitched in crewel or wool.

To conceal a grate, in summer, cut the top of cornstalks with the leaves and tassels on and group them together, with a bed of dry moss to conceal the ends at the floor.

Savory Dishes.

Tongue Toast.—Grate finely the remains of a tongue and mix it with the yolk of an egg or a spoonful of cream, finely chopped parsley, and pepper and salt. Make it very hot (not boiling) and pour it on to fingers of well buttered hot toast, sprinkle thickly with fine bread crumbs and set it to brown before the fire.

Anchovy Toast.—Mix over the fire one ounce of butter with the well beaten yolks of two eggs, a teaspoonful of essence of anchovy and one of champagne. When quite hot and thick (it must not boil) pour it on some rather thick slices of hot toast and set it in the oven for two or three minutes to soak. Serve very hot.

Smoked Fish Fritters.—Have ready batter, flake some smoked fish (either salmon, haddock, herring or bloaters), dust the pieces lightly with cayenne, dip in the batter and fry till crisp in plenty of lard or oil; drain well, and serve piled up on a napkin.

Vanilla Ice Cream.

For vanilla ice cream beat the yolks of eight eggs with three-quarters of a pound of sugar. Flavor one and a half quarts of rich milk with a tablespoonful of powdered vanilla bean and scald well. Let it cool enough not to curdle, then stir it into the eggs. Set the pan in a kettle of boiling water, have a vessel of boiling water and stir constantly until it has thickened. Do not let it remain long enough to curdle. Take off the fire and add a pint of cream. When cold freeze. This will make a large half an hour in two tablespoonfuls of flake warm water near the fire. Cool the custard before putting it into the freezer. When in the freezer stir constantly till the mixture begins to set, then stir in lightly a pint of whipped cream. Put in a mold and return to a second relay of ice and salt.

Wine Stains on Table Linen.

To remove wine stains on table linen it is usual to soak them in milk. This method is well if done at once. But if the stains are of long standing it is best to use Javelle water or prepare the following bleaching liquid: Dissolve one-quarter pound each of chloride of lime and common washing soda in three quarts of boiling water in an earthenware basin; strain and bottle. Pour half a pint of this mixture into one basin and some boiling and soapy water into another. Dip the stained part of the cloth for a few seconds only in the bleach, then rinse it well in soapy water. If this is not entirely successful repeat the process until the stains disappear; but do not let the cloth lie in the bleach, or it will spoil it. The cloth should then be sent to the wash.

Window Screens.

Window screens inserted under the raised lower sash cause endless vexation in removing and replacing them whenever necessary to open a window. An arrangement much better is to nail or glue to each side of the window frame inside a narrow strip of wood, let the screen frame be provided with a small groove on each side, and fit on them to run up and down on the wooden strips, which should fit nicely in the grooves. Windows and blinds can then be opened as well by simply sliding the screen without removing it. The only disadvantage of this plan is that it is interfered with by some styles of window catches.

Green Gooseberry Jam.

Green gooseberry jam makes a change, and is thought by many finer than strawberry jam. Put a small teacupful of water in the preserving pan, then add the gooseberries and let the juice be drawn out a little, taking care they do not burn. When the fruit is warmed through add sugar, three-quarters of a pound to a pound of fruit, putting it in gradually and stirring to prevent burning. Cook from half to three-quarters of an hour.

A Convenient Clothes Bar.

The bars shown in the cut can be shut so as to occupy not more than a foot of space in width or spread out to hang a washing on.

A FOLDING CLOTHES BAR.

The bars are two inches wide by one inch thick. Four bars are three feet eleven inches long and four are one foot eleven inches. The ends are dressed out one inch square and of the following lengths: Four rods four feet long, two rods four feet two inches long, two rods three feet ten inches long, one rod four feet three inches long for the centre to project three inches at one end, another rod for the top four feet four inches long and to project two inches in order to receive the piece for regulating the height. A three-fourths inch auger should be used in making. Any one who can use a plane or auger can make them.

Summer Mince Pie.

One cupful of chopped raisins, one cupful of rolled crackers, one cupful of molasses, one cupful of brown sugar, one-half cupful of vinegar, one-half of a teaspoonful of cinnamon, one-half of a teaspoonful each of allspice and cloves, one-half of a nutmeg, one-fourth of a cupful of melted butter. Bake in two crusts.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

EXPERIMENTS, OBSERVATIONS AND NOTES OF PRACTICAL INTEREST.

The Snow Plant of the Sierras, Known to Botanists as the Satrodeal Sanguinea—It Is Somewhat Like a Rose and Grows Tinted Myseluch.

One thing that never fails to interest all who see it, when alone it is found on the mountain heights of the Sierras, is the snow plant, known to botanists as the Sarcodes sanguinea.

Imagine a rosy and snow tinted crowded hyacinth, from 8 to 20 inches in height, every multiplex bell wound about by a rosy and frosted silver ribbon, all topped by a huge head of sugarings to look frost and silver. The frosted papilla is very marked on every petal and bract. Though the whole translucent spike is flushed with rose and carmine, the petals are the deepest and most brilliantly colored parts of the flower, which is five parted, and each open one showing slightly the stamens and pistils. There have been seen specimens bearing eighty perfect flowers and a pseudo bulb 22 inches in circumference, brittle almost as spun glass, and although solid as a pineapple when first dug up, dried away to the size of the stem.

All attempts at cultivation have thus far failed, the best efforts to stand transplanting and the seeds to sprout. For the men who can discover the way to introduce this celebrated flower into gardens, and store, and what a glorious addition they will be to our early garden flora, says American Garden, in which the above illustrated description originally appeared. They have been gathered in their native wilds from May until past the middle of July, but even as honor are said to be ungrateful in growth. Localities where they abound one season may be without them the next. They are found as high as 9,000 feet above the sea level and not much below 4,000.

SNOW PLANT.

Hanging Doors and Blinds.

In hanging a number of doors which are of the same size, the time expended upon measuring the correct position of the hinges may be saved by the following device, as tried in a very simple manner. Take a lath and mark upon the top and bottom the exact position which the hinges should come, drive in at these marks two pointed brads, and you have a gauge which may be used in hanging all doors of the same size. In using it, all that is necessary is to place the brads on the edge of the door with the top of the lath on the level with the top of the door, give it a sharp tap of the hand, when the brads will mark the exact position of the hinges.

The same gauge lath may be used in marking out the position of the hinges of the stile of the door frame, excepting that a lath should be driven at the bottom of this, that there may be sufficient room left at the bottom to allow proper play of the door. The use of a gauge lath in the case referred to is an example of its use. It is of great utility in hanging many other pieces, such, for instance, as inside and outside blinds, shutters, etc.

One Way to Make Ground Glass.

A writer on this subject says: I desired to have some ground glass, and went to work to get some for pure. I first bought five cents' worth of emery and two plates of glass of the size required. Spoiled negatives will answer, if they are cleaned, which can be done with a strong solution of lye. I placed one of the glasses on a flat board, and sprinkled a small quantity of emery on it, which I wetted with water. Rocking the other glass on that, I ground them together, renewing the emery and water whenever necessary. In about one hour I had two of the finest quality of ground glass, fully as good as those I would have to pay seventy-five cents for, 6 by 10 size.

Pigeon Breeders in Session.

Among novel exhibitions to be held in Paris is that of the Colombophiles, or the pigeon breeders. As the Colombophiles are concerned only with pigeons considered as instruments and carriers in war time, they have decided to hold their meetings with the aeronauts, who are engaged in a similar pursuit. The meeting will be held at the end of July, and will be the occasion of interesting papers on matters, among which, says Popular Science News, are prominent the simultaneous accension of a number of balloons and the freeing of a hundred thousand pigeons—carriers, of course—which will fly to their respective stations.

Edison's Far Sight Machine.

The Electrical Review is authority for the statement that Mr. Edison hopes with one of his numerous inventions to be able to increase the range of vision by hundreds of miles, so that, for instance, "a man in New York could see the features of his friend in Boston with as much ease as he could see a performance on the stage." that "Edison says he will have a television worthy a prominent place in the world's fair, and I hope to have it perfected long before 1892."

Automatic Candles.

A new candle has been brought out which extinguishes itself in an hour. This it does by means of a tiny cylinder of clock work which is fastened in the wax by wire, and which effectually performs its task. The only necessary to remove the destructive extinguisher when the work is done, and the candle is again ready to burn another hour.

News in Brief.

The New London, (Conn.) double track railroad bridge, it is claimed, is the largest drawbridge in the world.

An international congress of agriculture and forestry will be held in Vienna during the summer of 1890.

Professor Wolfney, of Munich, is authority for the statement that electricity, whether under the form of continuous currents of different intensities or of alternating currents, exerts no influence on the vegetation of plants.

Some curious electrical experiments are being made at the summits of the Eiffel tower. The atmospheric round the tower at Chicago, ration is free from all impurities of the kind, so would be the case at the top of a mountain, and the air is in an extreme degree so free state of electricity.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Beneficial Use of Tuberculine as an Internal Remedy in the Treatment of Dyspepsia.

A notable instance of the use of tuberculine as an internal remedy is in the treatment of dyspepsia, in which it is said to be especially beneficial. The following method of administration is recommended by Dr. Wise: From two to twenty drops of tuberculine to be taken in a dry spoonful of sugar, before each meal, and at bedtime. After a few days the dose is gradually increased, followed by improvement.

For persistent dyspepsia with filthy stomach, Dio Lewis tells Lancet Clippings that one of the most successful remedies he has used is as follows: Chloroform water, tbe parts; orange flower water, 30 parts; water, 120 parts. One dessertspoonful to be taken in a wineglass of filtered infusion, until pain ceases.

Dr. Stopp, of Germany, has made extensive successful trials of chloroform used internally. In a few cases bismuth mixtures with great effect, which he believes to be due to its distracting, astringent and stimulating properties. In one case of chronic gastritis, thirst and vomit—as follicular pharyngitis, catarrh of the pharynx, pruritus and dipsthenia—swallow and gargle containing chloroform relieved at once. In one case of severe psoriasis of the mucous membrane of the mouth, which had been successfully treated by several medical men, chloroform water to be used as a gargle. Two cases of pneumonia, treated with chloroform, were remarkably satisfactory. Very encouraging results were obtained in six cases of typhoid treated with this remedy.

Periodic Headache.

The causes of many forms of headache are as yet little understood. It is claimed, however, by Dr. Hall, that a variety of periodic headache is directly due to the retention of uric acid in the system. He describes the usual sequence of events as follows:

There is first a period of two days of good general health, active nutrition and bodily activity, with free formation of uric acid and urea, and concomitant rise in acidity. An additional day or two of health is then passed, and as the end of four or five days several grains may be regarded as stored up in the liver and spleen. Then some dyspeptic, gastro-intestinal catarrh and bronchial congestion. These quickly result in general diminution of absorption and nutritive changes, with lessened formation of uric acid and urea and a fall in acidity; and lastly, as the result of this falling acidity, there comes a rush of the stored uric acid into the blood, and the headache begins.

Such a sequence explains the periodicity of this kind of headache and the way in which it comes to occur every week or ten days for many years, varying only in degree with the corresponding variations in nutrition. It is also evident that any causes which affect digestion will influence the attack in one of the above ways; while all causes of debility, by weakening the nerve center on which the uric acid acts, will render it more sensitive (the reverse of the action of bromided and other sedatives).

The good effects of salicylic acid and the salicylates—generally in this variety of headache are due to the circumstance that they facilitate the excretion of uric acid, and thus prevent the retention of excessive amounts within the body.

Simple Test for Drinking Water.

The following simple test of the purity of water for drinking purposes is commended by Professor Angell, of the Michigan university:

"Dissolve about half a teaspoonful of the purest white sugar in a pint bottle completely full of the water to be tested, and tightly stopped; expose it to daylight and a temperature up to 70 degs. F. After a day or two examine, holding the bottle against some white surface, for white floating specks, which will betray the presence of organic matter in considerable proportion."

The Means of Death.

There has long been a popular belief that the greatest number of deaths occur between 4 and 6 o'clock in the morning. Dr. Charles Mayo, of Rochester, Minn., has made the death hours of all patients dying in two Parisian hospitals during the last ten years. He found that there were rather fewer deaths between 4 and 11 o'clock in the morning than at any other time, but there was no special preponderance at any hour.

Protection Against Mosquitoes.

To clear a room of mosquitoes, take a small piece of gum camphor in a tin vessel and evaporate it over a flame, taking care it does not ignite. A sponge dipped in camphorated spirits and made fast to the top of the bedstead will be found serviceable in the sleeping room. Decoction of pennyroyal, applied to the exposed parts, will effectually keep off these troublesome insects.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Some Admirable Traits of Foreign Society Not Yet Quite Attained in America.

There is a simplicity and absence of self consciousness in the manners of foreigners, according to Mrs. Sherwood, which has not yet reached America. She advises that you will never see a bashful Frenchman. His aunt takes you to his wedding, his simple dinner or his little feast, offering you the best he has, and as he is not thinking of himself, but of you, as he is not ashamed of his poverty, but proud, makes you perfectly happy. Such a thing as a capricious hostess is known in America, but it is not known on the Continent.

The whole secret of the charm that she has noted you to dinner, who invites more people than she has room for, but who is so graceful and fascinating that you do not mind, nearly forgives her, is one of the agonies of society, for she makes every one uncomfortable and yet nobody can do without her.

Phyllis is my only joy,
Changeful as the winds of morning,
Sometimes wistful, sometimes coy,
All my vows and ragings scorning.
She'll say neither/ yes nor no,
Yet she never fails to please—
except when she laughs other people are put out by her little wiles.

A Society Man's Motto.

"The man who hesitates is conventionally lost." Never discard a friend as being too shrivelled, too obscure, too poor. Never be thought you have to return to it in default of a better, and your aids are thinks, if she is too kind to say, "Has he been all this time in thinking of that?" She is the secret of all success which sometimes transits very dull people. They have no sense of shame. There is no platitude too palpable for them to express, and they are rewarded by a full sowing with that pretty Miss Robbins, while you are silent and morose waiting for impromptus which never come.

Heavenly Pursuits.

Achieve slang sternly and upon principle. If for no other reason because it narrows your vocabulary. It is the favorite refuge of the dull and the indolent. If your thought does not come to a focus in Queen's English it is some basic block of your own brain.

COME OUT! COME OUT!

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